SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- () Final Specification

| Title 47.0" WUXGA TFT LCD | |
|---------------------------|--|
|---------------------------|--|

| BUYER | General |
|-------|---------|
| MODEL | |

| SUPPLIER | LG DISPLAY Co., Ltd. |
|----------|----------------------|
| *MODEL | LD470WUB |
| SUFFIX | SCA1(RoHS Verified) |

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE DATE | | | | | |
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| your signature and comments. | | | | | | |

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE DATE |
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RECORD OF REVISIONS

| Revision No. | Revision Date | Page | Description |
|--------------|-----------------|------|---|
| 0.0 | Jan. 14. 2010 | - | Preliminary Specification (First Draft) |
| 0.1 | Mar. 3. 2010 | 8 | Pin Configuration(Pin 7/8/9) |
| | - | 15 | Power Sequence(T3) |
| | - | 18 | Color Coordinates (R/G/B) |
| 0.2 | April. 6 . 2010 | 5 | Added contents about Panel surface in Notes |
| 1.0 | April. 7 . 2010 | - | Final Specification |
| | | 4 | OPC block is deleted. |
| | | 8 | Change in pin configurations |
| | | 17 | Change in Response Time |
| 1.1 | Jun. 01. 2010 | - | Final Specification |
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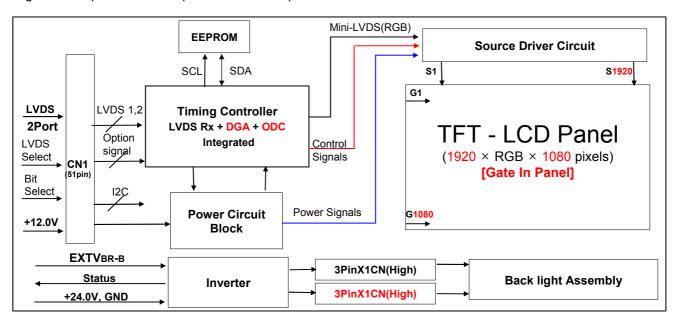
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1. General Description

The LD470WUB is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 46.96 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 1.07 Billion colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support Public Display where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

| Odilolai i dataloo | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Active Screen Size | 46.96 inch (1192.87mm) diagonal |
| Outline Dimension | 1068.0(H) x 613.2.0 (V) x 54.7 mm(D) (Typ.) |
| Pixel Pitch | 0.5415 mm x 0.5415 mm |
| Pixel Format | 1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement |
| Color Depth | 10Bit (D), 1.07 Billion colors |
| Luminance, White | 700 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.) |
| Viewing Angle (CR>10) | Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.)) |
| Power Consumption | Total 219.7W (Typ.) [Logic=6.7 W, Backlight=213W(V _{BR-A} =1.65V)] |
| Weight | 13.5 Kg (Typ.) |
| Display Mode | Transmissive mode, Normally black |
| Surface Treatment | Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 10%) |
| Possible Display Type | Landscape and Portrait Enabled |

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

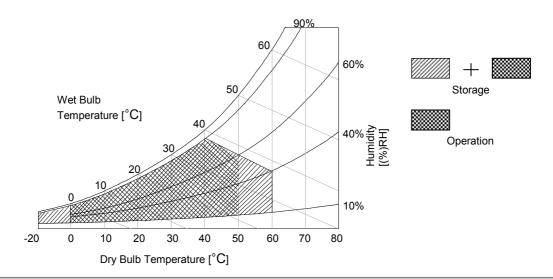
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | | Symbol | Symbol Value | | | Remark | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--------------|-------|------|--------------|--|
| Го | arameter | Syllibol | Min Max | | Unit | Remark | |
| Power Input | LCM | VLCD | -0.3 | +14.0 | VDC | at 25 ± 2 °C | |
| Voltage | Backlight inverter | VBL | -0.3 | +27.0 | VDC | | |
| ON/OFF Con | ON/OFF Control Voltage | | -0.3 | +5. 5 | VDC | | |
| Brightness C | Brightness Control Voltage | | 0 | +5.0 | VDC | | |
| Operating Te | Operating Temperature | | 0 | +50 | °C | | |
| Storage Tem | Storage Temperature | | -20 | +60 | °C | Note 1 | |
| Operating Ambient Humidity | | Нор | 10 | 90 | %RH | Note i | |
| Storage Hum | Storage Humidity | | 10 | 90 | %RH | | |

Notes 1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the CCFL backlight and inverter circuit.

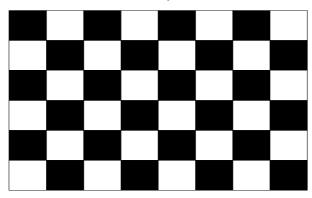
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter | Symbol | | Value | Unit | Note | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|------|-------|------|-----------------|-------|--|
| r arameter | | Min | Тур | Max | Onit | 14010 | |
| Circuit : | | | | | | | |
| Power Input Voltage | V _{LCD} | 11.4 | 12.0 | 12.6 | V _{DC} | | |
| Dower Input Current | I _{LCD} | 450 | 570 | 700 | mA | 1 | |
| Power Input Current | | 750 | 920 | 1070 | mA | 2 | |
| Power Consumption | P _{LCD} | - | 6.72 | - | Watt | 1 | |
| Rush current | I _{RUSH} | - | - | 5.0 | А | 3 | |

Notes: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 ± 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).

White: 1023Gray Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Notes | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|------|------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| r arameter | | | Syllibol | Min | Тур | Max | Offic | Notes | |
| Inverter : | | | | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Inp | out Voltage | | VBL | 22.8 | 24.0 | 25.2 | Vdc | 1 | |
| Power Supply Inp | out Voltage | Ripple | | - | - | 0.5 | Vp-p | 1 | |
| | Λ 64 σ. σ. δ σ. i.σ. σ | _ | IDI A | - | 8.9 | 10.3 | Α | VBR-A = 1.65V 1 | |
| Power Supply | After Aging | | IBL_A | - | 10.0 | 11.0 | Α | VBR-A = 3.3V 1 | |
| Input Current | Defens Asi | | IDI D | - | 11.0 | 12.0 | Α | V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 2 | |
| | Before Aging | | IBL_B | - | 12.0 | 13.0 | Α | VBR-A = 3.3V 2 | |
| Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush) | | Irush | - | - | 14.0 | А | V _{BL} = 22.8V V _{BR-B} = 3.3V V _{BR-A} = 1.65V | | |
| Power Consumpt | tion | | PBL | - | 213 | 250 | W | VBR-A = 1.65V 1 | |
| | Brightness | Adjust | V _{BR-A} | 0.0 | 1.65 | 3.3 | Vdc | | |
| Input Voltage for | rol System On/Off | On | V on | 2.5 | - | 5.0 | Vdc | | |
| Signals | | Off | V off | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.8 | Vdc | | |
| Brightn | | Adjust | V _{BR-B} | 0 | - | 3.3 | V | | |
| Lamp: | | | | | | | | | |
| Discharge Stabilization Time | | Ts | | | 3 | min | 3 | | |
| Life Time | | | | 50,000 | | | Hrs | 4 | |

Notes:

- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (VBR-A:1.65V & VBR-B:3.3V), it is total power consumption.
 - The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p. LPL recommend Input Voltage is $24.0V \pm 5\%$.
- 2. Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- 3. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%.
 TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.
 The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.
- 4. Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally. The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current (VBR-A : 1.65V & VBR-B :3.3V), on condition of continuous operating at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C
- 5. The duration of rush current is about 10ms.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics and Master 14-pin and Slave 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF or Equivalent, Refer to below table.
- Mating Connector: FI-RE51HL

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

| No | Symbol | Description | No | Symbol | Description |
|----|-------------|--------------------------------|----|---------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | GND | Ground | 27 | Bit Selection | 'L'=8bit,'H'=10bit (D) |
| 2 | NC | No Connection | 28 | RE0N | SECOND CHANNEL 0- |
| 3 | NC | No Connection | 29 | RE0P | SECOND CHANNEL 0+ |
| 4 | NC | No Connection | 30 | RE1N | SECOND CHANNEL 1- |
| 5 | NC | No Connection | 31 | RE1P | SECOND CHANNEL 1+ |
| 6 | NC | No Connection | 32 | RE2N | SECOND CHANNEL 2- |
| 7 | LVDS Select | 'H' =JEIDA , 'L' = VESA | 33 | RE2P | SECOND CHANNEL 2+ |
| 8 | NC | No Connection | 34 | GND | Ground |
| 9 | NC | No Connection | 35 | RECLKN | SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C- |
| 10 | NC | No Connection | 36 | RECLKP | SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C+ |
| 11 | GND | Ground | 37 | GND | Ground |
| 12 | RO0N | FIRST CHANNEL 0- | 38 | RE3N | SECOND CHANNEL 3- |
| 13 | RO0P | FIRST CHANNEL 0+ | 39 | RE3P | SECOND CHANNEL 3+ |
| 14 | RO1N | FIRST CHANNEL 1- | 40 | RE4N | SECOND CHANNEL 4- (For 10bit D) |
| 15 | RO1P | FIRST CHANNEL 1+ | 41 | RE4P | SECOND CHANNEL 4+ (For 10bit D) |
| 16 | RO2N | FIRST CHANNEL 2- | 42 | Reserved | No connection or GND |
| 17 | RO2P | FIRST CHANNEL 2+ | 43 | Reserved | No connection or GND |
| 18 | GND | Ground | 44 | GND | Ground |
| 19 | ROCLKN | FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C- | 45 | GND | Ground |
| 20 | ROCLKP | FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C+ | 46 | GND | Ground |
| 21 | GND | Ground | 47 | NC | No Connection |
| 22 | RO3N | FIRST CHANNEL 3- | 48 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V |
| 23 | RO3P | FIRST CHANNEL 3+ | 49 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V |
| 24 | RO4N | FIRST CHANNEL 4- (For 10bit D) | 50 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V |
| 25 | RO4P | FIRST CHANNEL 4+ (For 10bit D) | 51 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V |
| 26 | Reserved | No connection or GND | - | - | - |

Note

- 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
- 4. Specific pins(pin No. #2~#6) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. These pins should be no connection.
- 5. Specific pins(pin No. # 8~#10) are used for OPC function of the LCD module.

 If not used, these pins are no connection. (Please see the **Appendix III-4** for more information.)
- 6. LVDS pin (pin No. **#24,25,40,41**) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module. If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.
- 7. Specific pin No. **#47** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Master Slave

-Inverter Connector : S14B-PH-SMC (JST) -Inverter Connector : S12B-PH-SMC (JST)

or Equivalent or Equivalent

- Mating Connector: PHR-14 or Equivalent -Mating Connector: PHR-12 or Equivalent

Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

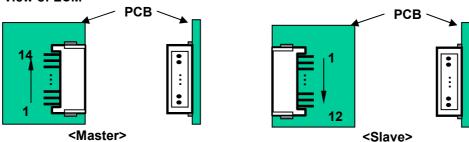
| Pin No | Symbol | Description | Master | Slave | Note |
|--------|---------|---|--------|------------|------|
| 1 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | VBL | |
| 2 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | VBL | |
| 3 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | VBL | |
| 4 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | VBL | |
| 5 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | VBL | |
| 6 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | GND | |
| 7 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | GND | |
| 8 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | GND | 1 |
| 9 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | GND | |
| 10 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | GND | |
| 11 | VBR-A | Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ : 1.65V) | VBR-A | Don't care | 2, 3 |
| 12 | Von/off | 0.0V ~ 5.0V | On/Off | Don't care | |
| 13 | VBR-B | Burst dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V | VBR-B | - | 3 |
| 14 | Status | Normal : Upper 3.0V Abnormal : Under 0.7V | Status | - | 4 |

Notes: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. If Pin #11 is open, V_{BR-A} = 1.65V. When apply over 1.65V(~ 3.3V) continuously, its luminance is increasing however lamp's life time is decreasing.

 It could be usable for boost up luminance when using DCR (=Dynamic contrast ratio) function only.
- 3. Minimum Brightness: VBR-B = 0V Maximum Brightness: VBR-B = 3.3V
- 4. Even though Pin #14 is open, there is no effect on inverter operating. The output terminal of inverter.
- 5. Each impedance of pin #11,12 and 13 is $140[K\Omega]$, $41[K\Omega]$, $125[K\Omega]$

◆ Rear view of LCM



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6-1. TIMING TABLE for NTSC (DE Only Mode)

| ı | TEM | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Note |
|------------|----------------|--------|------|-------|------|------|---------|
| | Display Period | tHV | - | 960 | - | tclk | |
| Horizontal | Blank | tнв | 100 | 140 | 240 | tclk | |
| | Total | tHP | 1060 | 1100 | 1200 | tclk | 2200/2 |
| | Display Period | tvv | - | 1080 | - | tHP | |
| Vertical | Blank | tvв | 11 | 45 | 69 | tHP | |
| | Total | tvp | 1091 | 1125 | 1149 | tHP | |
| | DCLK | fclk | 70 | 74.25 | 77 | MHz | 148.5/2 |
| Frequency | Horizontal | fн | 65 | 67.5 | 70 | KHz | |
| | Vertical | fv | 57 | 60 | 63 | Hz | |

Table 6-2. TIMING TABLE for PAL (DE Only Mode)

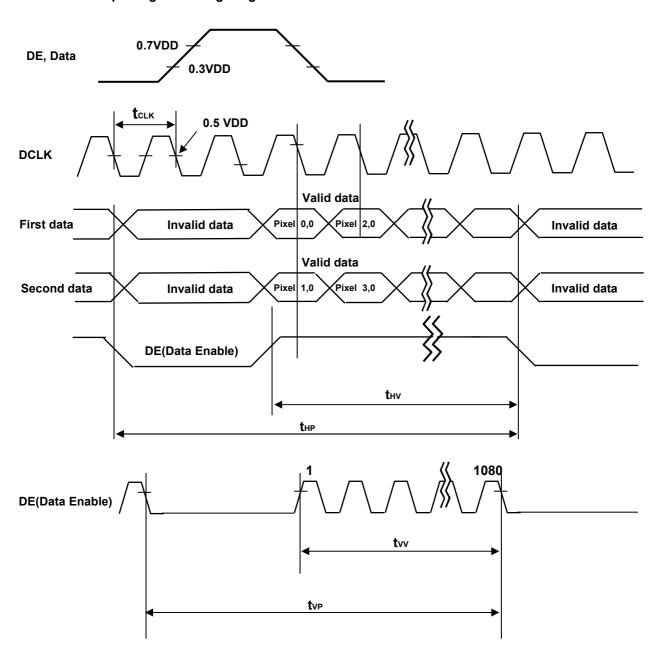
| I | TEM | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Note |
|------------|----------------|--------|------|-------|------|------|---------|
| | Display Period | tHV | - | 960 | - | tclk | |
| Horizontal | Blank | tнв | 100 | 140 | 240 | tclk | |
| | Total | tHP | 1060 | 1100 | 1200 | tclk | 2200/2 |
| | Display Period | tvv | - | 1080 | - | tHP | |
| Vertical | Blank | t∨B | 228 | 270 | 300 | tHP | |
| | Total | tvp | 1308 | 1350 | 1380 | tHP | |
| | DCLK | fCLK | 70 | 74.25 | 77 | MHz | 148.5/2 |
| Frequency | Horizontal | fH | 65 | 67.5 | 70 | KHz | |
| | Vertical | fv | 47 | 50 | 53 | Hz | |

Note The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.

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3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

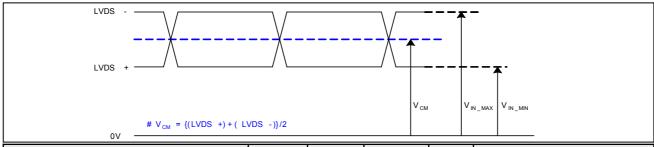
3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram



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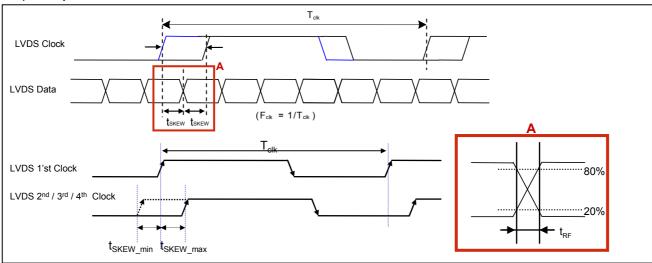
3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



| Description | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| LVDS Common mode Voltage | V _{CM} | 1.0 | 1.5 | V | - |
| LVDS Input Voltage Range | V _{IN} | 0.7 | 1.8 | V | - |
| Change in common mode Voltage | △VCM | | 250 | mV | - |

2) AC Specification

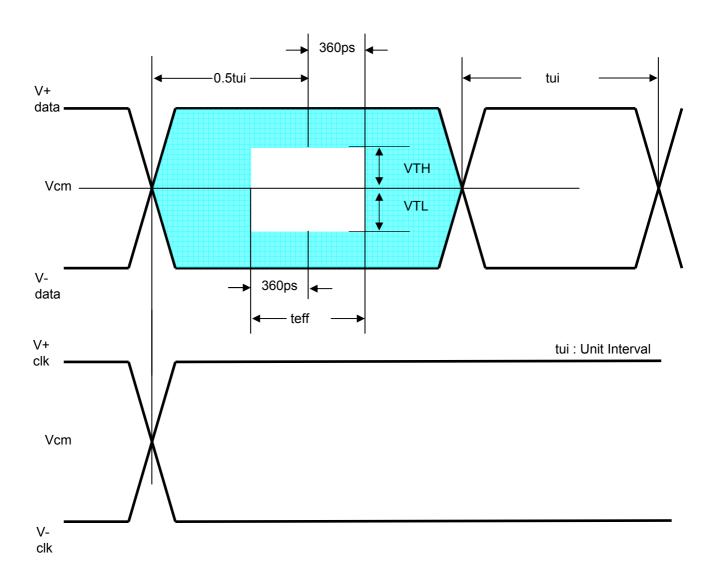


| Description | 1 | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|---|---------------------------|------------------|------|
| LVDC Differential Voltage | High Threshold | V_{TH} | 100 | 300 | mV | 2 |
| LVDS Dillerential Voltage | LVDS Differential Voltage Low Threshold | | | -100 | mV | J |
| LVDS Clock to Data Skew Ma | t _{SKEW} | | (<mark>0.25</mark> *T _{clk})/7 | ps | - | |
| LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Fall | ing time | t _{RF} | 260 | (0.3*T _{clk})/7 | ps | 2 |
| Effective time of LVDS | t _{eff} | ±360 | | ps | - | |
| LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Ma | LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd) | | | 1/7* T _{clk} | T _{clk} | - |

Note 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

- 2. If t_{RF} isn't enough, t_{eff} should be meet the range. 3. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within t_{eff}

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Inp | ou t | C | olc | or | Da | ta | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------|------------|-------|----------|------------|---|----------|----|------------|--------|-------|------------|-------|----------------|------------|--------|-------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|----|--------|--------|------------|-------|-------|------------|------------|
| Со | lor | MSB R9 F | R8 F | R7 R6 | | ED R4 | R3 | | SB R1 | R0 | MSI G9 | | G7 | 7 G6 | | REE | | G3 | G2 | L G1 | | MSE B9 | | В7 | B6 | | UE B4 | В3 | B2 | LSI B1 | |
| | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |) (| | • • • | • • • | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Red (1023) Green (1023) | | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | ' 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 0 1 | 0 1 | 1 | 0 1 | 0 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Basic Color | Blue (1023) Cyan | 0 0 | • • • | 0 0 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 1 | |) (| 0 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 | 0 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | RED (000) RED (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | ٠ | 0 | ••• | • • • | • • • | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ٠ | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RED | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | ٠ | | | | | | | ٠ | | | |
| | RED (1022) | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | (|) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (1023) | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (000) | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | | 0 | |) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | GREEN (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | |) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | GREEN (1022) GREEN | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | (1023) | | | 0 0 | | | 0 | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 ' | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | |
| | BLUE (000) BLUE (001) | 0 0 | | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ٠ | 0 | 0 | ••• |) () (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 |
| BLUE | BLUE (1022) | | | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | | | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | BLUE (1023) | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

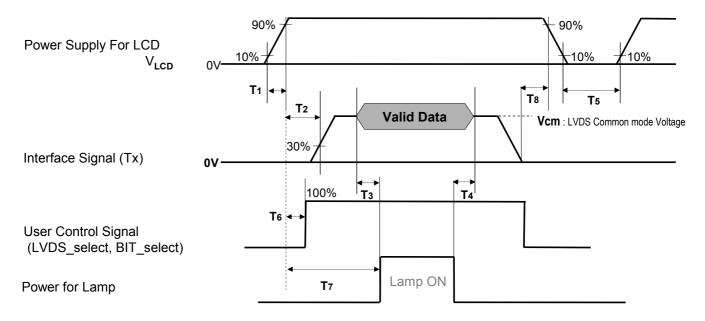


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

| Douguestou | | l lait | Notes | | |
|------------|-----|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
| T1 | 0.5 | - | 20 | ms | |
| T2 | 0 | - | - | ms | 4 |
| Т3 | 200 | - | - | ms | 3 |
| T4 | 200 | - | - | ms | 3 |
| T5 | 1.0 | - | - | s | 5 |
| T6 | - | - | T2 | ms | 4 |
| T7 | 0.5 | - | - | S | |
| Т8 | 100 | - | - | ms | 6 |

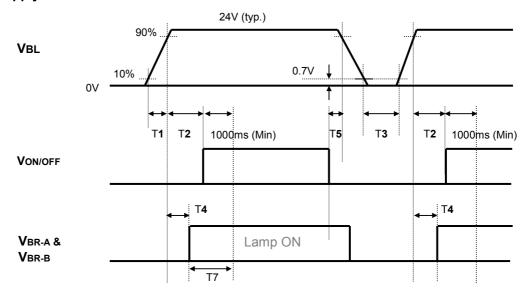
Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.
- 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When **T6** is NC status, **T6** doesn't need to be measured.
- 5. **T5** should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- 6. It is recommendation specification that **T8** has to be 100ms as a minimum value.

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3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter

Power Supply For Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

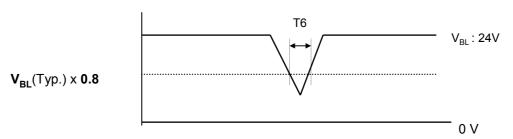


Table 10. Power Sequence for Inverter

| Parameter | | Values | | Units | Remarks |
|-----------|------|--------|-----|-------|---|
| Farameter | Min | Тур | Max | Units | Remarks |
| T1 | 20 | - | - | ms | 1 |
| T2 | 500 | - | - | ms | |
| Т3 | 200 | - | - | ms | |
| T4 | 0 | | - | ms | 2 |
| T5 | 10 | - | - | ms | |
| T6 | - | - | 10 | ms | V _{BL} (Typ) x 0.8 |
| Т7 | 1000 | - | - | ms | 3 |

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

- 2. T4(max) is less than T2.
- 3. In T7 section, VBR-B is recommended 3.3V & VBR-A = 1.65V

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at 25 \pm 2°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

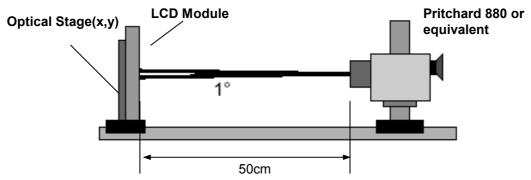


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD} =12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=148.5MHz VBR_A=1.65V, VBR-B=3.3V

| Table 11. OF 110 | ·- 0117 (1 (7 (0 1) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| Davassa | .to. | Compale at | | Value | | l lait | Niete |
| Parame | eter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Note |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | 1000 | 1200 | - | | 1 |
| Surface Luminance, | white | L _{WH} | 550 | 700 | - | cd/m ² | 2 |
| Luminance Variation | 1 | δ _{WHITE} 5P | - | - | 1.3 | | 3 |
| Response Time | Gray-to-Gray | G to G | - | 9 | 15 | ms | 4 |
| | RED | Rx | | 0.639 | | | |
| | RED | Ry | | 0.334 | | | |
| | GREEN | Gx | Тур | 0.290 | | | |
| Color Coordinates | GREEN | Gy | | 0.606 | Тур | | |
| [CIE1931] | BLUE | Bx | -0.03 | 0.146 | +0.03 | | |
| | BLUE | Ву | | 0.058 | | | |
| | WHITE | Wx | | 0.279 | | | |
| | VVHITE | Wy | | 0.292 | | | |
| Viewing Angle (CR> | 10) | | | | | | |
| x axis, | right(φ=0°) | θг | 89 | - | - | | |
| x axis, | left (φ=180°) | θΙ | 89 | - | - | 1 | _ |
| y axis, | up (φ=90°) | θu | 89 | - | - | degree | 5 |
| y axis, down (φ=270°) | | θd | 89 | - | - | | |
| Gray Scale | | | - | - | - | | 6 |

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Notes: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels

Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels

n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.

- 2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 60min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : $\delta \, \text{WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \text{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on1}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \mathsf{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}, \, \mathsf{L}_{\text{on5}}) \,$
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
 ※ G to G Spec is average of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 1023(White), 128 gray step).
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification
 Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

| Gray Level | Luminance [%] (Typ.) |
|------------|----------------------|
| LO | 0.07 |
| L63 | 0.27 |
| L127 | 1.04 |
| L191 | 2.49 |
| L255 | 4.68 |
| L319 | 7.66 |
| L383 | 11.5 |
| L447 | 16.1 |
| L511 | 21.6 |
| L575 | 28.1 |
| L639 | 35.4 |
| L703 | 43.7 |
| L767 | 53.0 |
| L831 | 63.2 |
| L895 | 74.5 |
| L959 | 86.7 |
| L1023 | 100 |

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Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

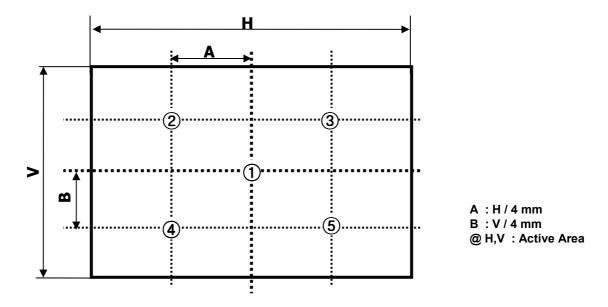


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

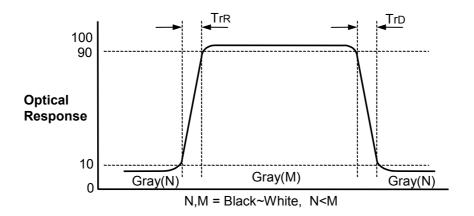


FIG. 3 Response Time

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Dimension of viewing angle range

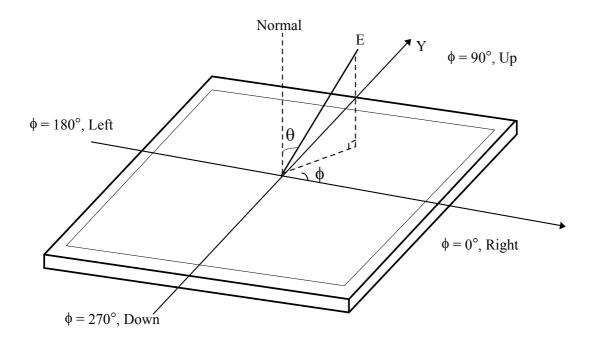


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

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5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 13 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

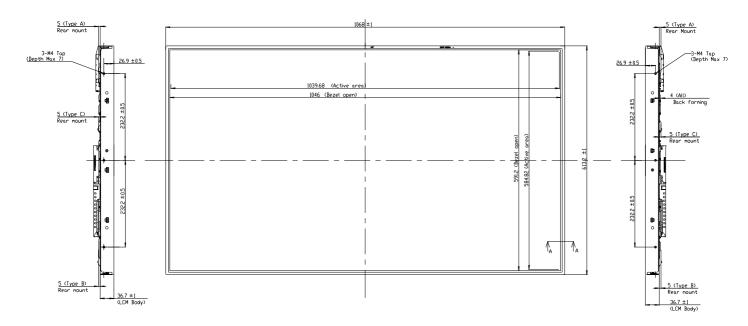
| Item | | Value | | |
|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | Horizontal | 1068.0 mm | | |
| Outline Dimension | Vertical | 613.2 mm | | |
| | Depth | 54.7 mm | | |
| Donal Aven | Horizontal | 1046 mm | | |
| Bezel Area | Vertical | 591.2 mm | | |
| Active Display Area | Horizontal | 1039.68 mm | | |
| Active Display Area | Vertical | 584.82 mm | | |
| Weight | 13.5 Kg (Ty | /p.), 15.0 Kg (Max.) | | |

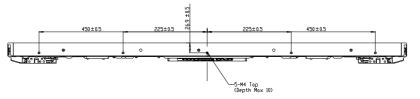
Note: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

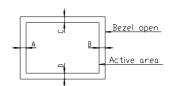
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<FRONT VIEW>

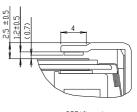








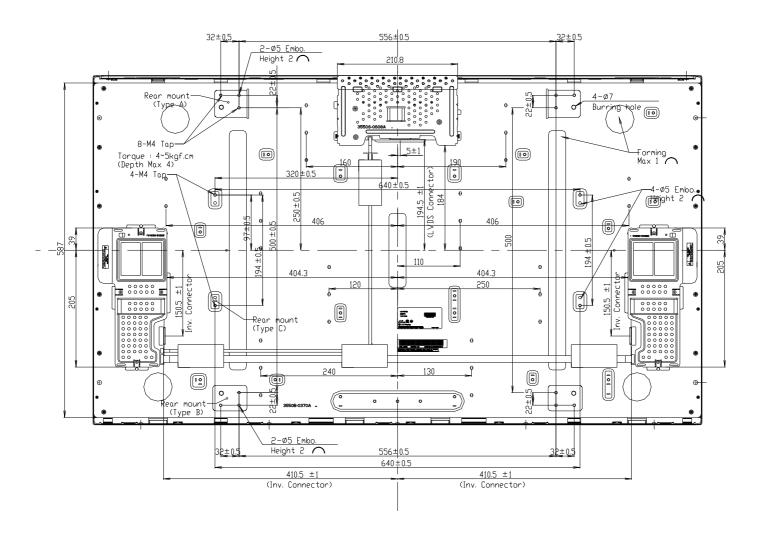
- NDTES 1. Unspecified tolerances are to be $\pm 1.0 \,\mathrm{mm}$.
- 2. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area are as following. (1) X-Direction : IA-BI \leq 1.5mm (2) Y-Direction : IC-DI \leq 1.5mm



DETAIL A

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<REAR VIEW>



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6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

| No. | Test Item | Condition | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta= 60°C 240h | | | | | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta= -20°C 240h | | | | | |
| 3 | High temperature operation test | Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h | | | | | |
| 4 | Low temperature operation test | Ta= 0°C 240h | | | | | |
| 5 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min One time each direction | | | | | |
| 6 | Shock test (non-operating) | Shock level :50G(X,Y axis) , 35G(Z axis) Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z One time each direction | | | | | |
| 7 | Humidity condition Operation | Ta= 40 °C, 90%RH | | | | | |
| 8 | Altitude operating storage / shipment | 0 - 15,000 feet 0 - 40,000 feet | | | | | |

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2001, First Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

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8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

| Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J | К | L | М |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

D : YEAR E : MONTH

F: PANEL CODE G: FACTORY CODE H: ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Mark | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 |

2. MONTH

| Month | ı | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|-------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mark | • | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | Α | В | С |

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet: 12 pcs

b) Pallet Size : 1220mm(W) X 1140mm(D) X 860mm(H)

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9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.
- (11) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5℃). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic

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9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7. Appropriate Condition for Public Display

- Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications (TV).

 Accordingly, a long-term display like in Public Display (PD) application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.
- 1. Normal operating condition
 - Temperature: 0 ~ 40 °C
 - Operating Ambient Humidity: 10 ~ 90 %
 - Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)

Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.

- 2. Operating usages under abnormal condition
- a. Ambient condition
 - Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up PD system.
- b. Power and screen save
 - Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.[3.2)]

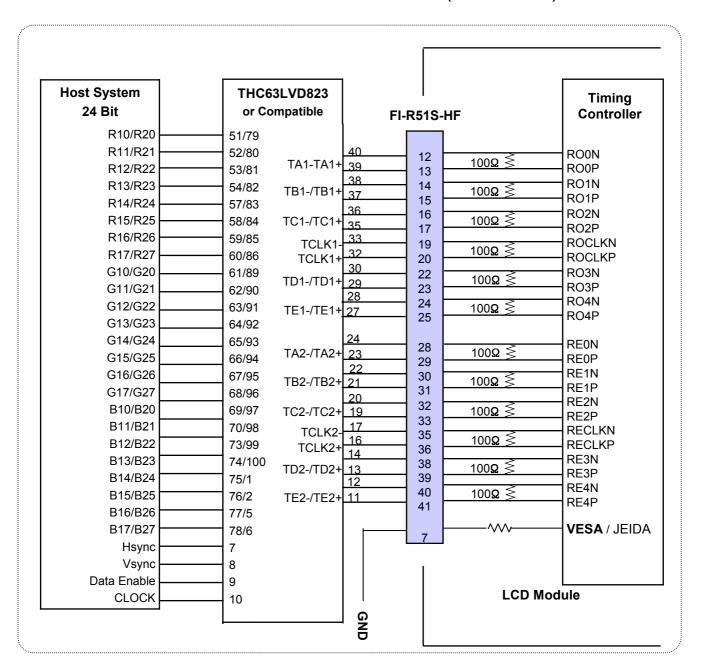
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- 3. Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
- a. Suitable operating time: under 18 hours a day.
- b. Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- c. Background and character (image) color change
- Use different colors for background and character, respectively.
- Change colors themselves periodically.
- d. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- 1) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.
- 2) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save.
- 4. Lifetime in this spec. is guaranteed only when PD is used according to operating usages.

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APPENDIX-I-1

■ REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin7="L or NC")



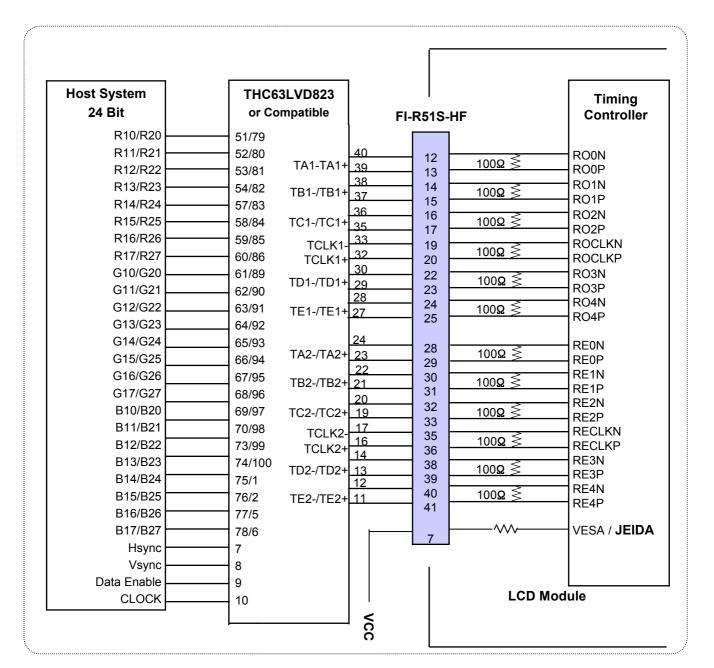
Notes :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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APPENDIX-I-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD823) Transmitter(Pin7="H")



Notes:

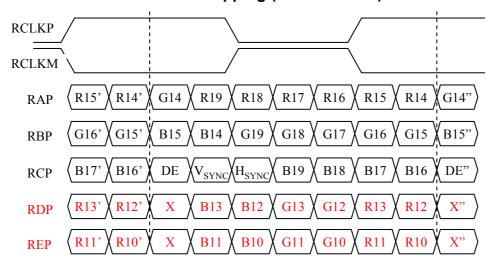
- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD823 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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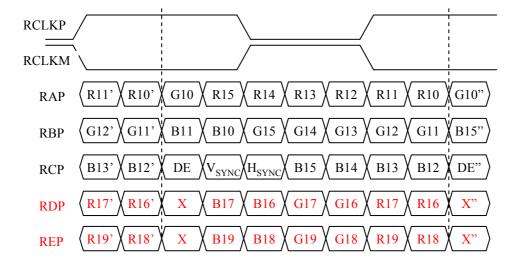
APPENDIX- II

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (10bit)

■ LVDS Select: "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



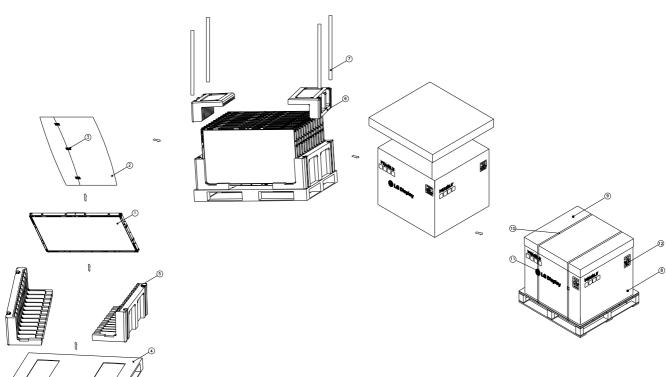
■ LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



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APPENDIX-II

■ Pallet Ass'y

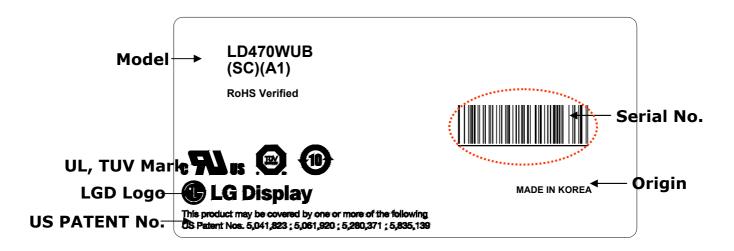


| NO. | DESCRIPTION | MATERIAL |
|-----|----------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | LCD Module | |
| 2 | BAG | 47INCH |
| 3 | TAPE | MASKING 20MMX50M |
| 4 | PALLET | PAPER 1300X1140X130MM |
| 5 | PACKING,BOTTOM | EPS |
| 6 | PACKING,TOP | EPS |
| 7 | ANGLE,POST | PAPER |
| 8 | ANGLE,PACKING | PAPER |
| 9 | BAND,CLIP | STEEL |
| 10 | BAND | PP |
| 11 | LABEL | YUPO 80G 100X100 |

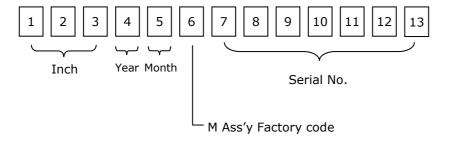
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APPENDIX- III

■ LCM Label



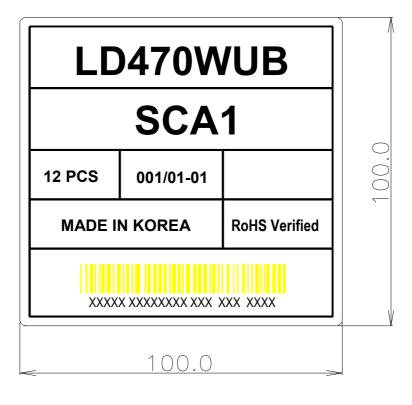
■ Serial No. (See CAS 24page for more information)



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APPENDIX- IV

■ Pallet Label

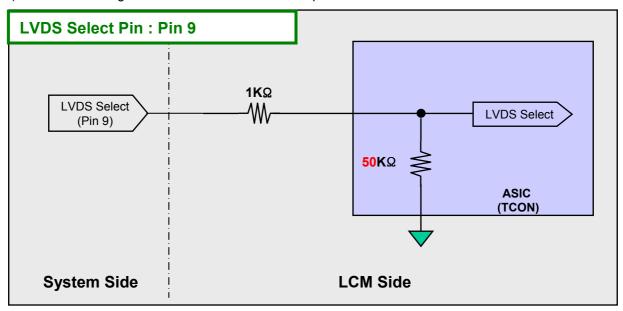


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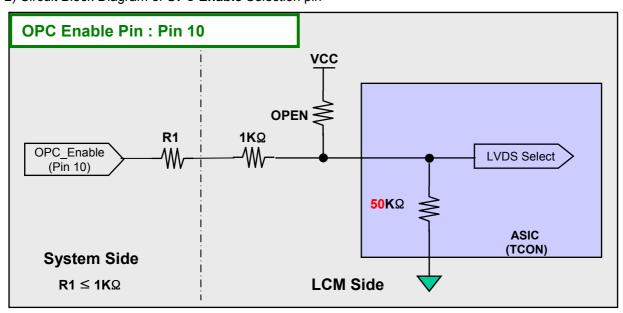
APPENDIX- III-3

■ Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



2) Circuit Block Diagram of OPC Enable Selection pin

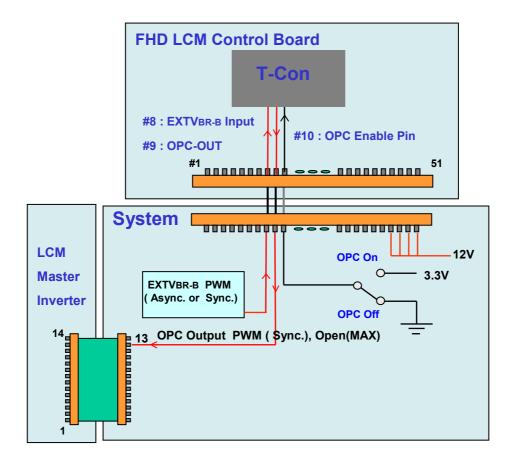


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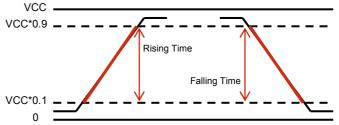
APPENDIX- III-4

■ EXTVBR-B & OPC Design Guide

- 1) When OPC Enable is "L", OPC Output = System Dimming.
- 2) OPC Output(PWM Signal) is synchronized with V-Sync Freq. of System in T-Con Board.
- 3) Regardless of OPC, System should always give dimming Signal (EXTVBR-B) to T-con.
- 4) PWM Specification (VCC = 3.3V) @ OPC
 - a) PWM High Voltage Range: 2.5 V ~ 3.6 V
 - b) PWM Low Voltage Range : 0.0 V ~ 0.8 V



| Input Frequency | MAX 1Khz (Recommendation: 50~300Hz) |
|--------------------|--|
| Rising Time | MAX 10.0 μs |
| Falling Time | MAX 10.0 μs |



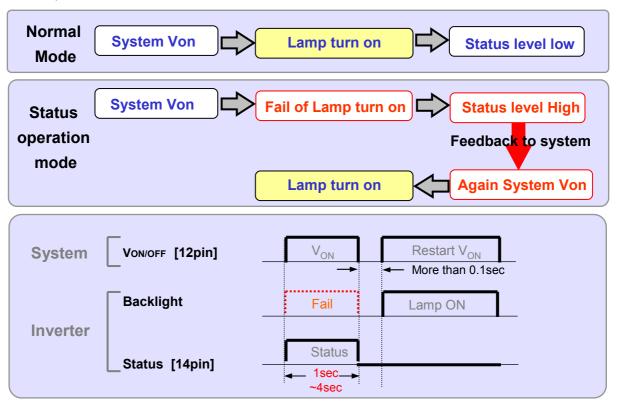
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APPENDIX- IV-1

■ Inverter 14th Pin (**Status**) Design Guide

- 1) Function of Status pin
- Purpose : Preventing of backlight off by restarting the inverter technically
- How to: When inverter is abnormal operation, TV system inputs the Von signal in the inverter once more to turn on the lamp safely
- Attention : Restart system's Von signal when status pin is high for some time (min:1sec , max:4sec). (The turn on time of lamp can be late such as the low temperature or the storage time)

2) Status operation modes in TV set



3) Inverter pin map

| Pin No | Symbol | Description | lnv. | | |
|--------|----------------------|---|--------------|--|--|
| 11 | NC | No Connection | NC | | |
| 12 | Von/off | 0.0V ~ 5.0V | On/Off | | |
| 13 | EXTV _{BR-B} | Burst Dimming Control PWM signal input | External PWM | | |
| 14 | Status | Normal : Under 0.7V / Abnormal : Upper 3.0V | status | | |

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