

Features

- Trench Field Stop Technology IGBT adopted
- Low turn-off losses
- Positive Temperature Coefficient
- Short tail current
- Free Wheeling Diodes with fast and soft switching
- Industrial Standard Package with insulated substrate
- Temperature Sensor included

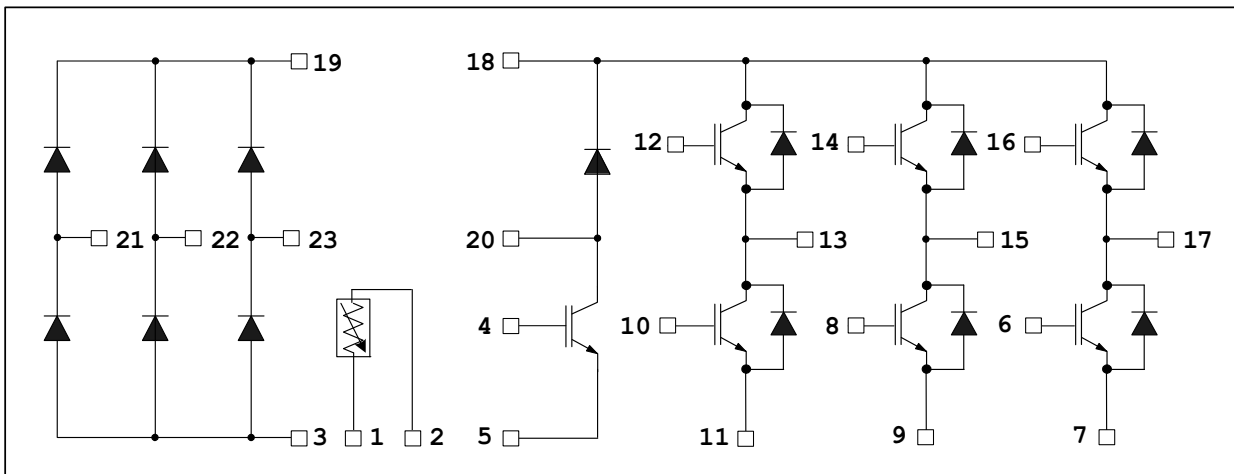
Applications

- Input from single or three phase grid
- Three Phase synchronous or asynchronous motor
- Dynamic Braking Operation

Preliminary Data



Internal Equivalent Circuit



Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Description
1, 2	TH1, TH2	NTC-, NTC+
3	N	Negative DC Link Input
4	GB	Gate Input for Braking IGBT
5	EB	Emitter Input for Braking IGBT
6, 8, 10	GWN, GVN, GUN	Gate Input for Low-side W Phase, V Phase, U Phase
7, 9, 11	WN, VN, UN	Negative DC Link output W Phase, V Phase, U Phase
12, 14, 16	GUP, GVP, GWP	Gate Input for High-side U Phase, V Phase, W Phase
13, 15, 17	U, V, W	Output for U Phase, V Phase, W Phase
18	DCP	Positive DC Link Output
19	P	Positive DC Link Input
20	B	Output for Braking
21, 22, 23	R, S, T	Input for R Phase, S Phase, T Phase

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Item	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Input Rectifier	V_{RRM}	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage		1600	V
	I_{FAV}	Forward Current per Diode	@ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	34	A
	I_{FSM}	Surge Forward Current	@ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$, half sine wave	200	A
	I^2t	I^2t - Value	@ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$, half sine wave	200	A^2s
	P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	@ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	50	W
	T_j	Operating Junction Temperature ^{*(1)}	-	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Transistor Inverter	BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_{CES} = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	V
	V_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Peak Voltage	-	± 20	V
	I_C	DC Collector Current	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	25	A
	I_{cpulse}	Repetitive Peak Collector Current	@ $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	50	A
	P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	65	W
	T_{SC}	SC Withstand Time (Chip level)	@ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 360\text{ V}$	6	μs
	T_j	Operating Junction Temperature ^{*(2)}	-	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Diode Inverter	V_{RRM}	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	-	600	V
	I_F	DC Forward Current	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	23	A
	I_{FRM}	Repetitive Peak Forward Current	@ $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	46	A
	P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	45	W
	T_j	Operating Junction Temperature ^{*(1)}	-	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Transistor Brake	BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_{CES} = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	V
	V_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Peak Voltage	-	± 20	V
	I_C	DC Collector Current	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	24	A
	I_{cpulse}	Repetitive Peak Collector Current	@ $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	48	A
	P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	55	W
	T_{SC}	SC Withstand Time (Chip level)	@ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 360\text{ V}$	6	μs
	T_j	Operating Junction Temperature ^{*(2)}	-	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Diode Brake	V_{RRM}	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	-	600	V
	I_F	DC Forward Current	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	26	A
	I_{FRM}	Repetitive Peak Forward Current	@ $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	52	A
	P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	@ $T_j = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $T_C = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	50	W
	T_j	Operating Junction Temperature ^{*(1)}	-	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Module	T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	-	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
	V_{iso}	Isolation Voltage	@ AC 1minute	2500	V
	W	Weight	-	30	g

(Note *1) The Maximum junction temperature of chip is $150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

(Note *2) The Maximum junction temperature of chip is $175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

LFC20G603

Electrical Characteristics $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Input Rectifier Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_F	Diode Forward Voltage	$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 20\text{ A}$	-	1.13	-	V
		$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 20\text{ A}$	-	1.07	-	V
V_{to}	Threshold Voltage (Chip level)	$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.8	-	V
I_R	Reverse Current (Chip level)	$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, V_{RRM}$	-	0.05	-	mA
r_t	Slope Resistance (Chip level)	$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	21	-	m Ω
$R_{th(J-C)}$	Thermal Resistance (DIODE Part)	Junction-to-Case	-	1.3	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Transistor-Inverter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate-Emitter threshold Voltage	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_{CE} = 20\text{ mA}$	-	6.2	-	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_{CE} = 20\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	-	1.6	-	V
		$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_{CE} = 20\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	-	2.0	-	V
I_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Cut-off Current	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	-	-	250	μA
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current	$V_{GE} = 20\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$ (Chip level)	-	-	150	nA
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}, T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1200	-	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		-	50	-	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	37	-	pF
$t_d(on)$	Turn-On Delay Time	$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, R_{G ON} = 16\text{ }\Omega$ $R_{G OFF} = 8.2\text{ }\Omega, L = 1\text{ mH}$ $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V} \sim 0\text{ V}$ $I_{CE} = 20\text{ A}$	-	30	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time		-	24	-	ns
$t_d(off)$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	220	-	ns
t_f	Fall Time		-	150	-	ns
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss		-	0.46	-	mJ
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss		-	0.57	-	mJ
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	-	1.03	-	mJ	
Q_G	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V} \sim 15\text{ V}$	-	125	-	nC
Q_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Charge		-	24	-	nC
Q_{GC}	Gate-Collector Charge		-	56	-	nC
$R_{th(J-C)}$	Thermal Resistance (IGBT Part)	Junction-to-Case	-	1.4	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Diode-Inverter Characteristics $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_F	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_F = 20\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.6	-	V
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$R_{G ON} = 16\text{ }\Omega$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $L = 1\text{ mH}$	-	135	-	ns
I_{RRM}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V} \sim 0\text{ V}$	-	34	-	A
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_{CE} = 20\text{ A}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1500	-	μC
E_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Energy	$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	330	-	μJ
$R_{th(J-C)}$	Thermal Resistance (DIODE Part)	Junction-to-Case	-	2.1	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Transistor- Brake Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate-Emitter threshold Voltage	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_{CE} = 20\text{ mA}$	-	6.2	-	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_{CE} = 20\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	-	1.7	-	V
		$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_{CE} = 20\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	-	2.0	-	V
I_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Cut-off Current	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	-	-	250	μA
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current	$V_{GE} = 20\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$ (Chip level)	-	-	150	nA
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}, T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1200	-	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		-	50	-	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	37	-	pF

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$t_d(\text{on})$	Turn-On Delay Time	$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $R_{G\text{ ON}} = 16\ \Omega$ $R_{G\text{ OFF}} = 8.2\ \Omega$, $L = 1\ \text{mH}$ $V_{CE} = 300\ \text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 15\ \text{V} \sim 0\ \text{V}$ $I_{CE} = 20\ \text{A}$	-	30	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time		-	28	-	ns
$t_d(\text{off})$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	210	-	ns
t_f	Fall Time		-	150	-	ns
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss		-	0.55	-	mJ
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss		-	0.56	-	mJ
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss		-	1.11	-	mJ
Q_G	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GE} = 0\ \text{V} \sim 15\ \text{V}$	-	123	-	nC
Q_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Charge		-	22	-	nC
Q_{GC}	Gate-Collector Charge		-	59	-	nC
$R_{\text{th(J-C)}}$	Thermal Resistance (IGBT Part)	Junction-to-Case	-	1.6	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Diode-Brake Characteristics $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_F	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_F = 20\ \text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0\ \text{V}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5	-	V
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$R_{G\text{ ON}} = 16\ \Omega$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $L = 1\ \text{mH}$	-	280	-	ns
I_{RRM}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$V_{CE} = 300\ \text{V}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\ \text{V} \sim 0\ \text{V}$	-	13	-	A
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_{CE} = 20\ \text{A}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1500	-	μC
E_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Energy	$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	300	-	μJ
$R_{\text{th(J-C)}}$	Thermal Resistance (DIODE Part)	Junction-to-Case	-	1.8	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

NTC thermistor Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
R_{25}	Resistance	$T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	22	-	k Ω
P	Power	$T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	210	-	mW
$B_{25/100}$	B Constant	$T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $\pm 3\%$ tolerance	-	4000	-	K

* This specifications may not be considered as an assurance of characteristics and may not have same characteristics in case of using different test systems from @LSIS. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our engineers.

LFC20G603

Input Rectifier

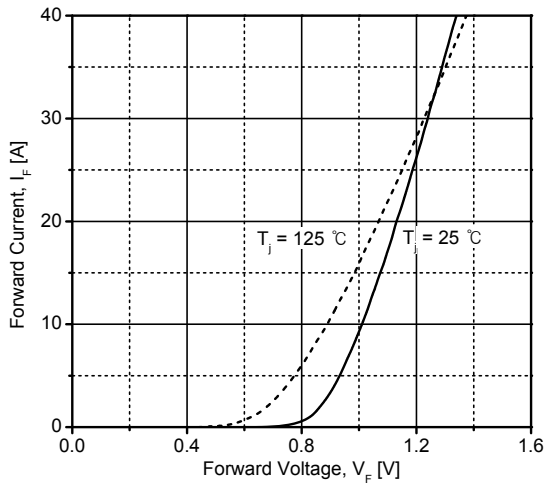


Fig 1. Typical Diode Forward Characteristics

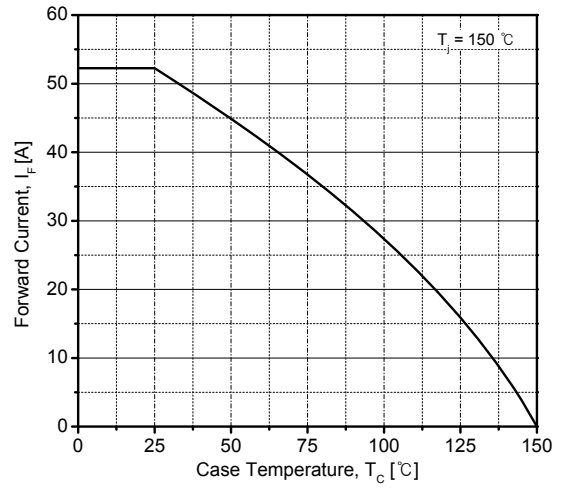


Fig 2. Case Temperature vs. Forward Current

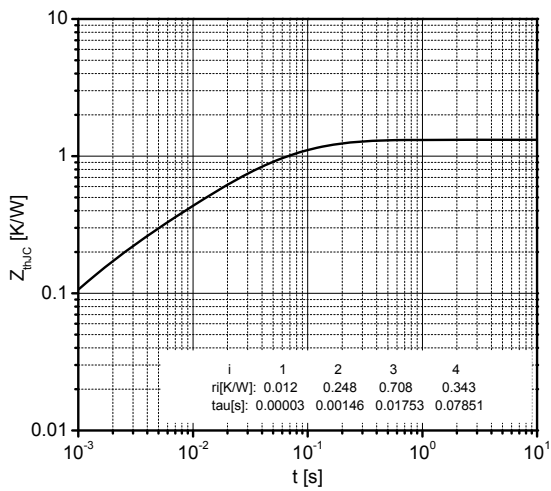


Fig 3. Typical Diode Thermal Impedance

Transistor-Inverter/Diode-Inverter

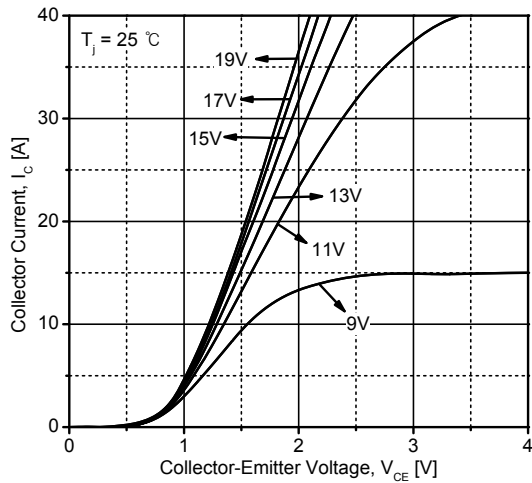


Fig 4. Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

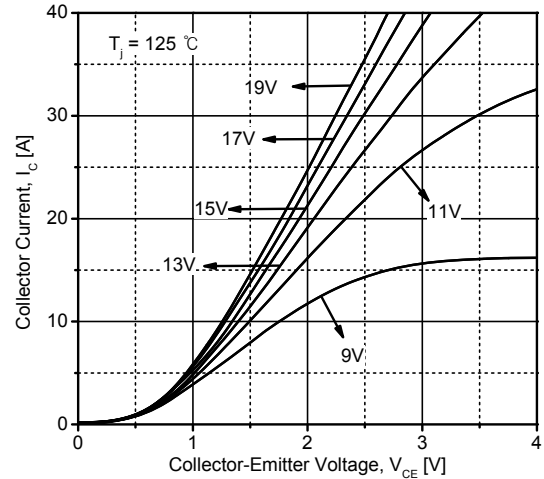


Fig 5. Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

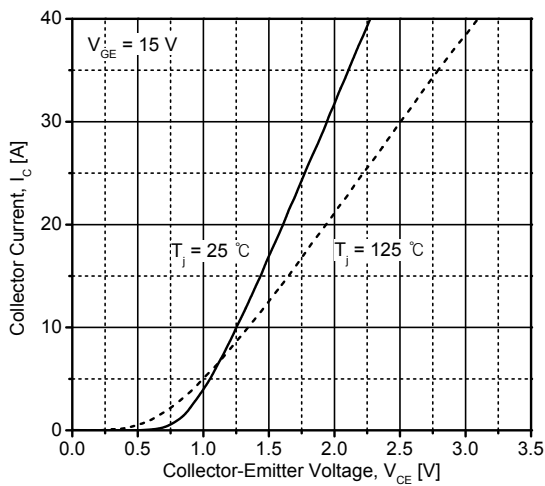


Fig 6. Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

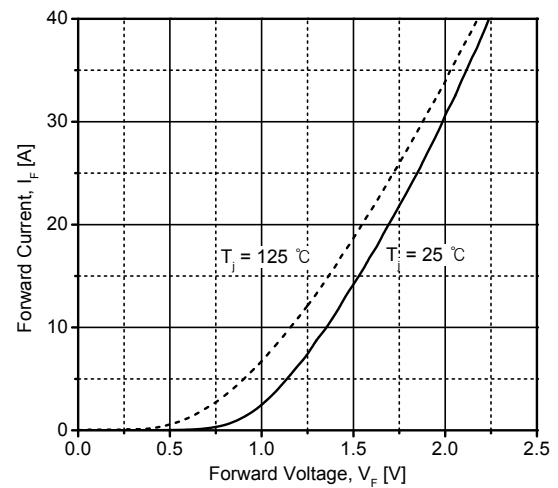


Fig 7. Typical Diode Forward Characteristics

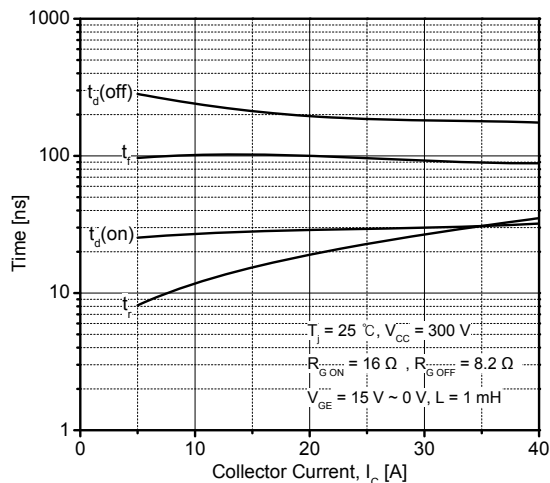


Fig 8. Typical Switching Time vs. Collector Current

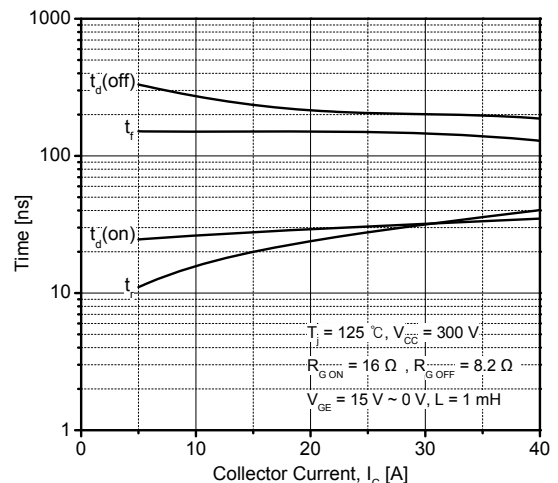


Fig 9. Typical Switching Time vs. Collector Current

LFC20G603

Transistor-Inverter/Diode-Inverter

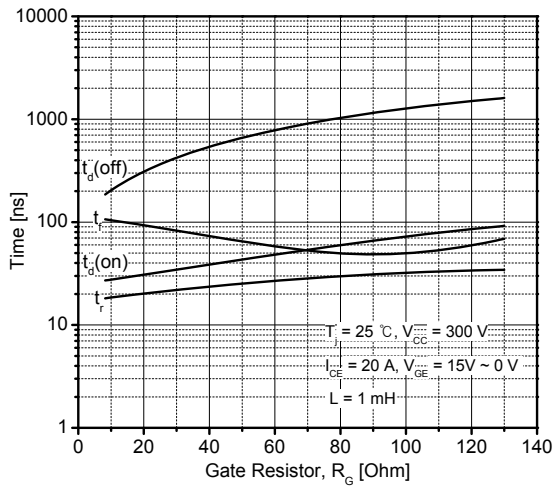


Fig 10. Typical Switching Time vs. Gate Resistor

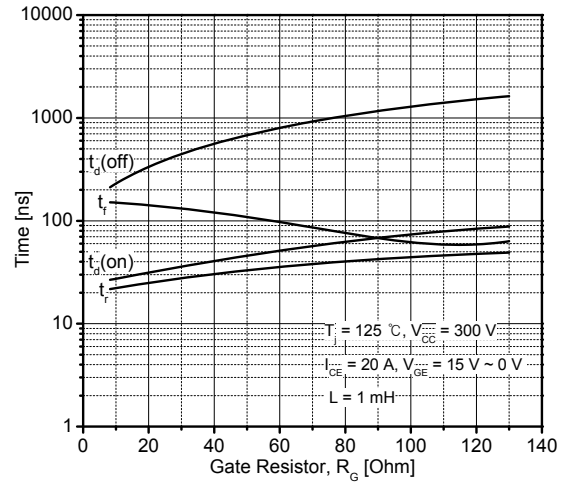


Fig 11. Typical Switching Time vs. Gate Resistor

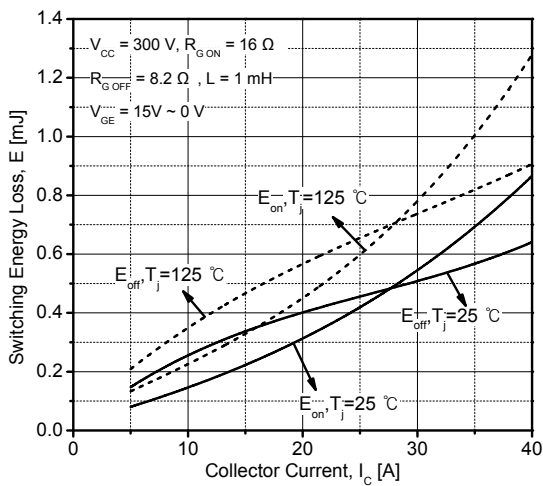


Fig 12. Typical IGBT Switching Loss

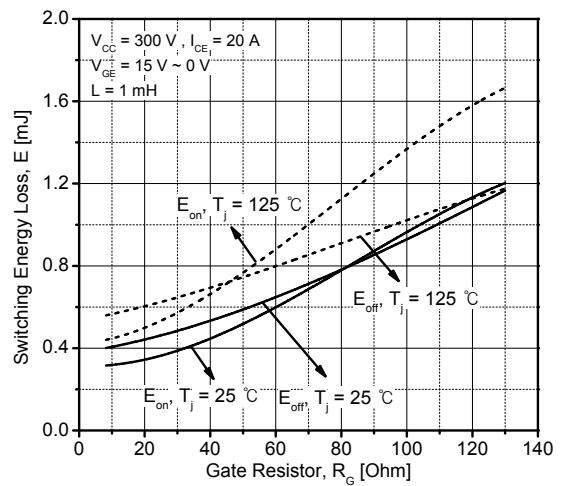


Fig 13. Typical IGBT Switching Loss

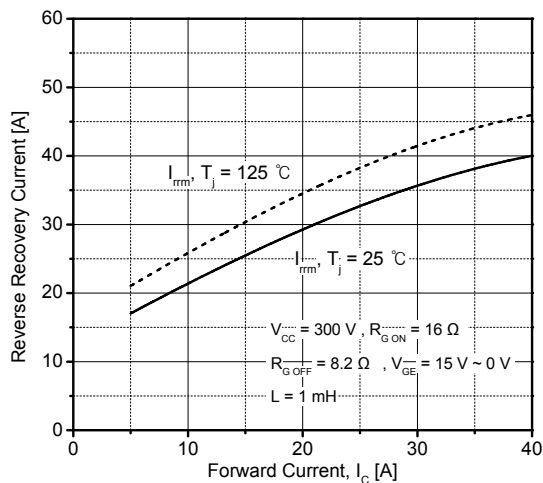


Fig 14. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

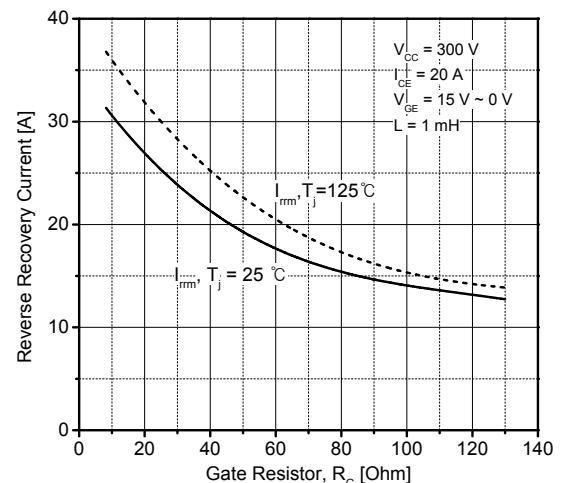


Fig 15. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

Transistor-Inverter/Diode-Inverter

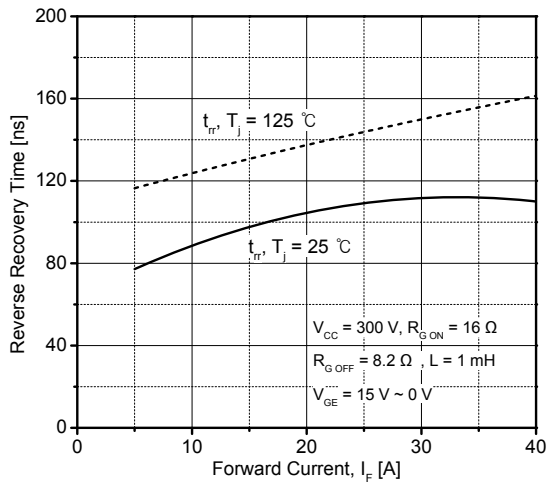


Fig 16. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

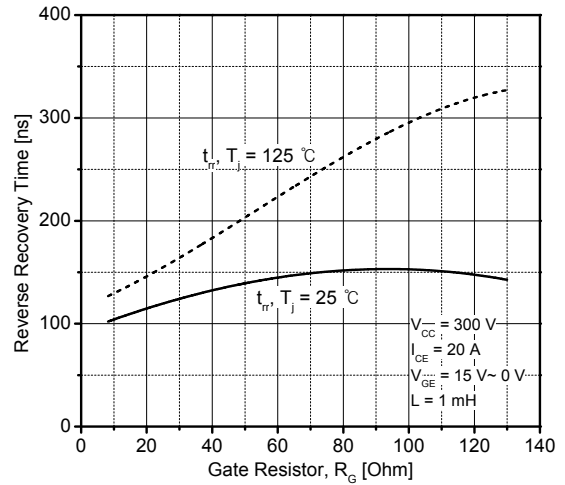


Fig 17. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

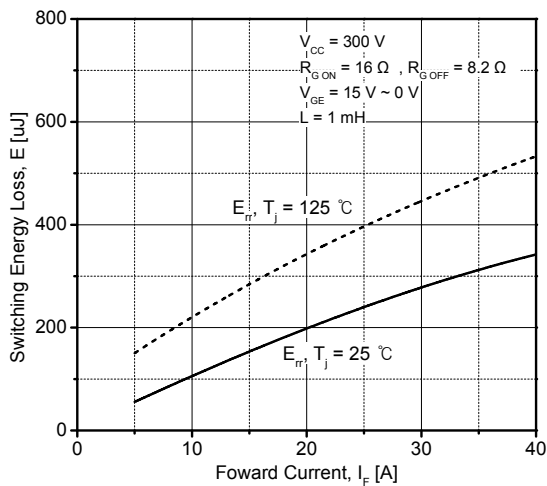


Fig 18. Typical Diode Switching Loss

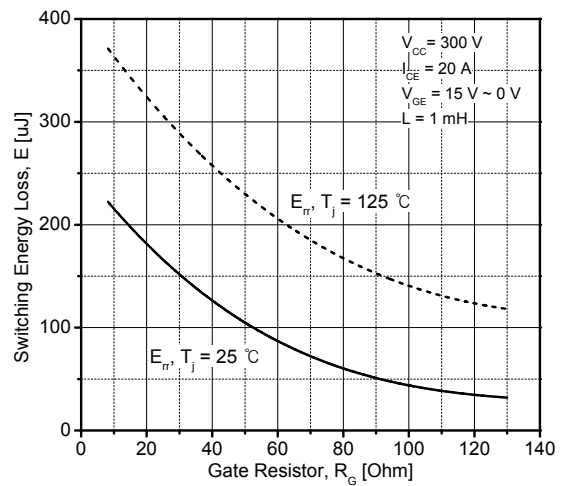


Fig 19. Typical Diode Switching Loss

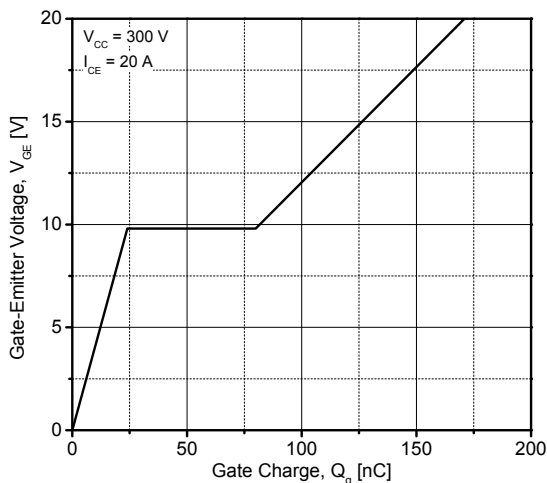


Fig 20. Typical Gate Charge Characteristics

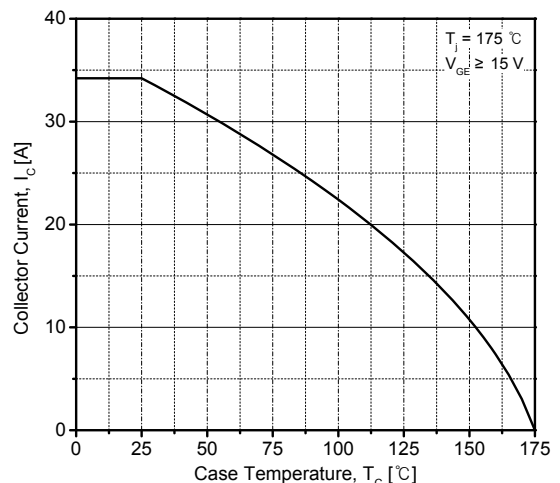


Fig 21. Case Temperature vs. Collector Current

LFC20G603

Transistor-Inverter/Diode-Inverter

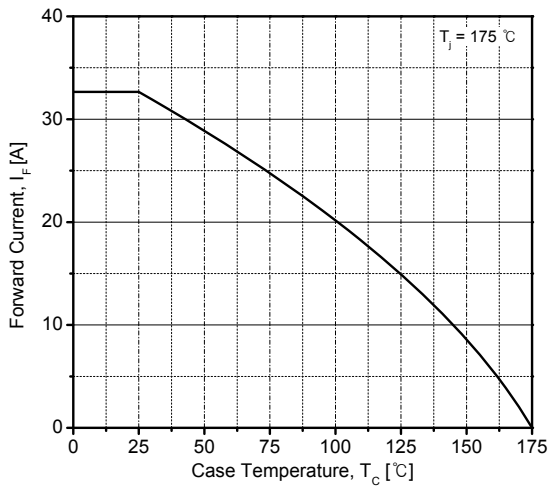


Fig 22. Case Temperature vs. Forward Current

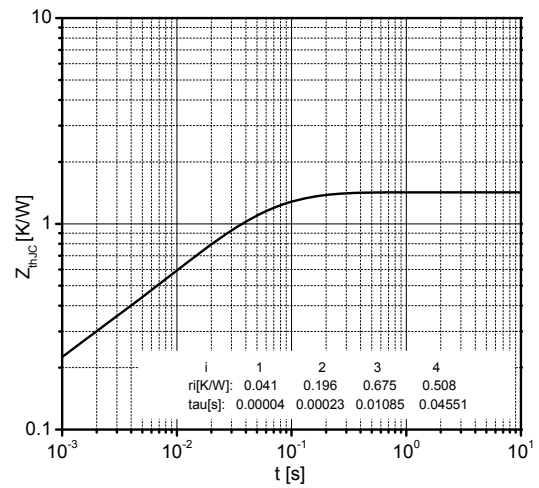


Fig 23. Typical IGBT Thermal Impedance

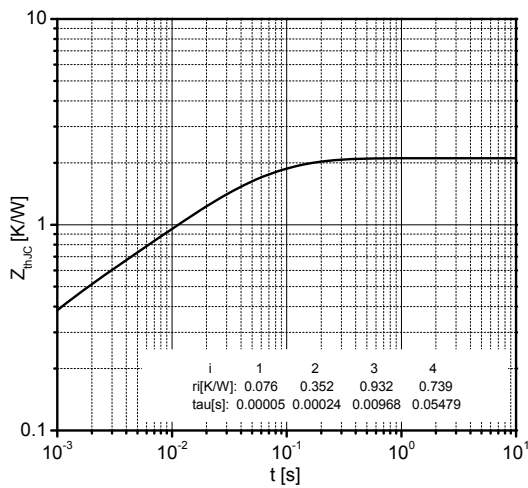


Fig 24. Typical Diode Thermal Impedance

Transistor-Brake/Diode-Brake

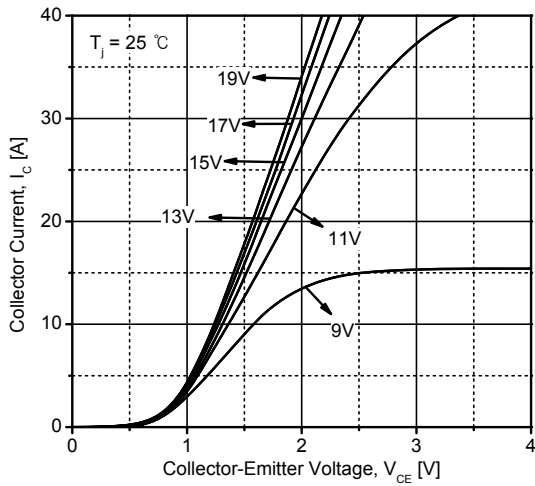


Fig 25. Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

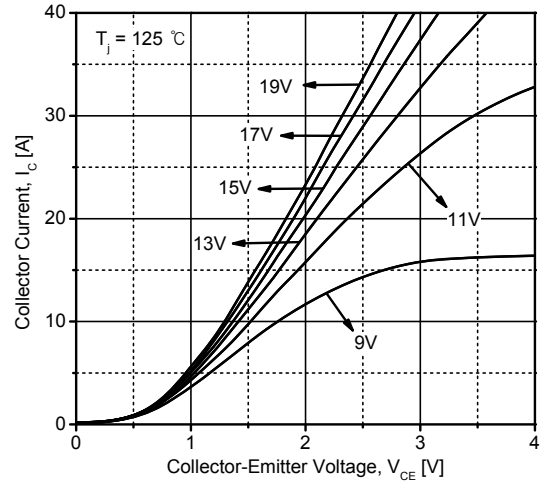


Fig 26. Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

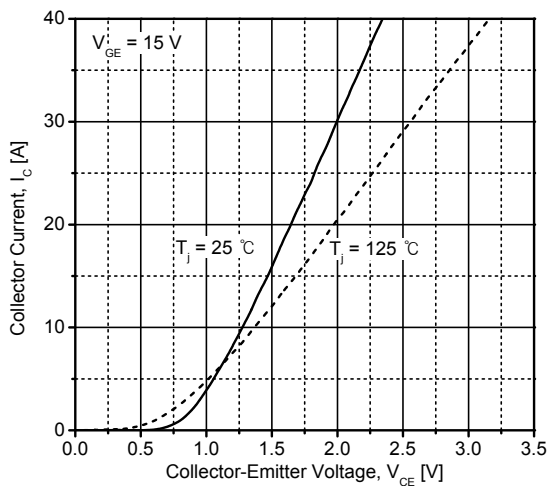


Fig 27. Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

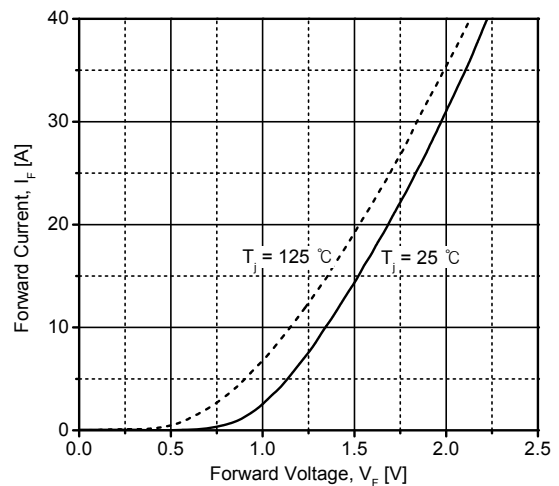


Fig 28. Typical Diode Forward Characteristics

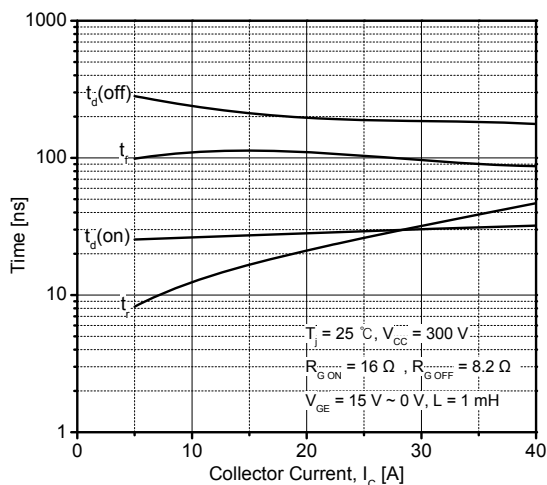


Fig 29. Typical Switching Time vs. Collector Current

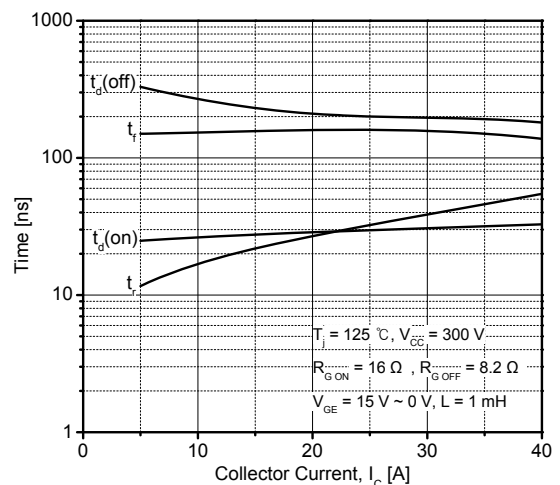


Fig 30. Typical Switching Time vs. Collector Current

LFC20G603

Transistor-Brake/Diode-Brake

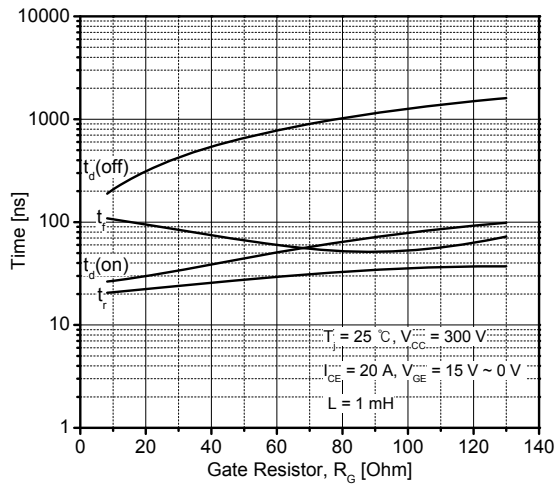


Fig 31. Typical Switching Time vs. Gate Resistor

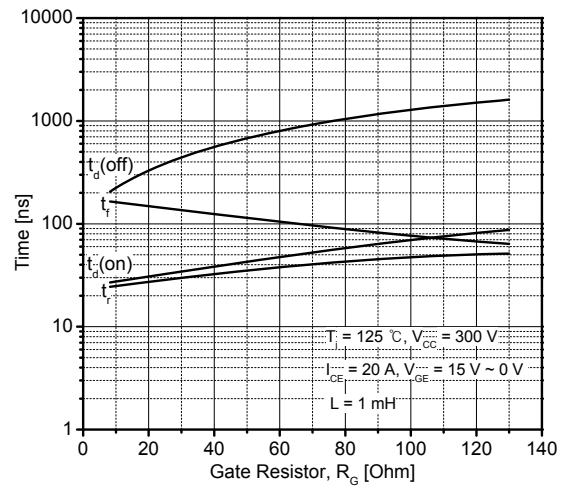


Fig 32. Typical Switching Time vs. Gate Resistor

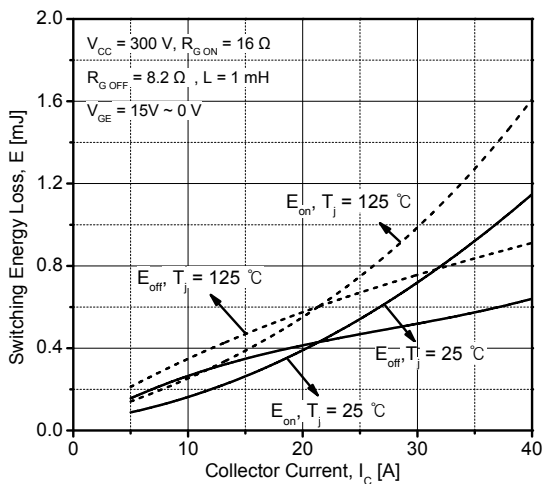


Fig 33. Typical IGBT Switching Loss

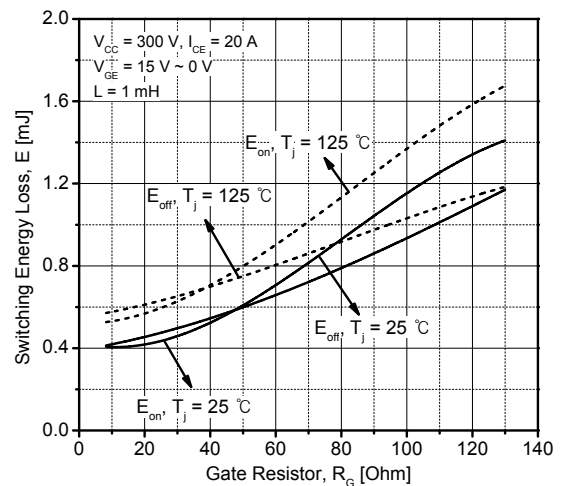


Fig 34. Typical IGBT Switching Loss

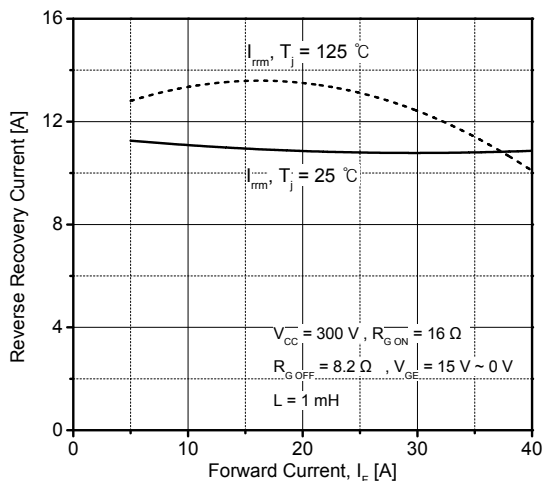


Fig 35. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

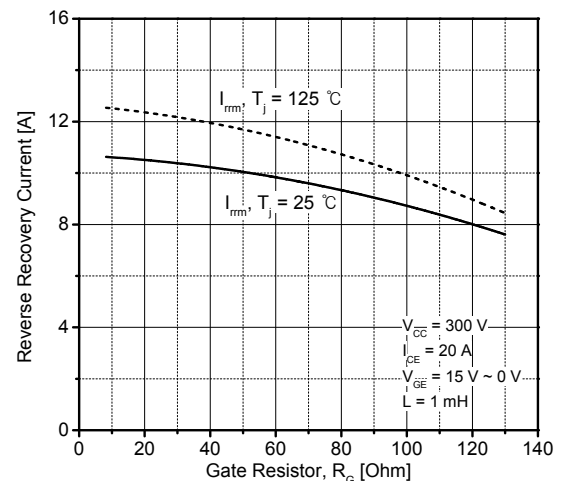


Fig 36. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

Transistor-Brake/Diode-Brake

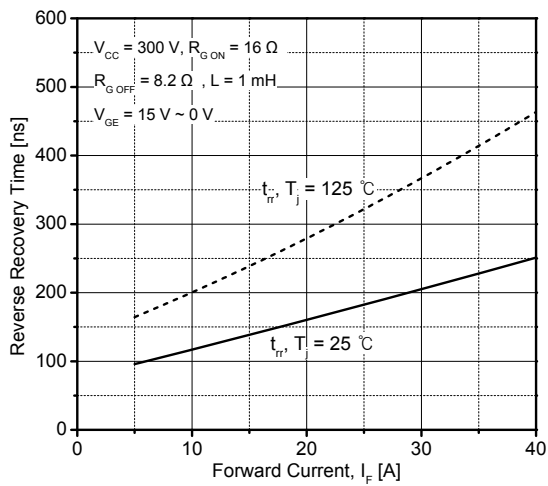


Fig 37. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

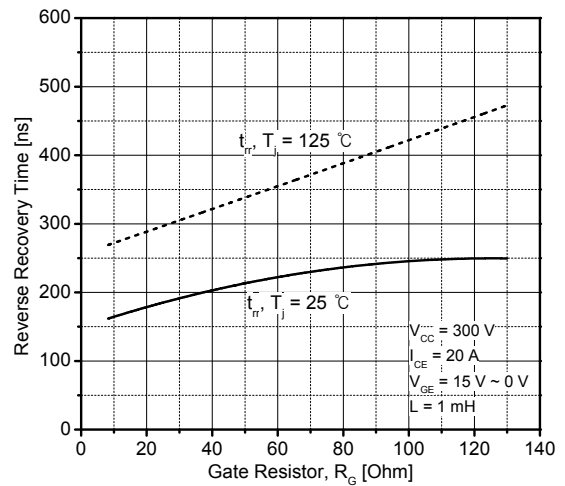


Fig 38. Typical Recovery Characteristics of Diode

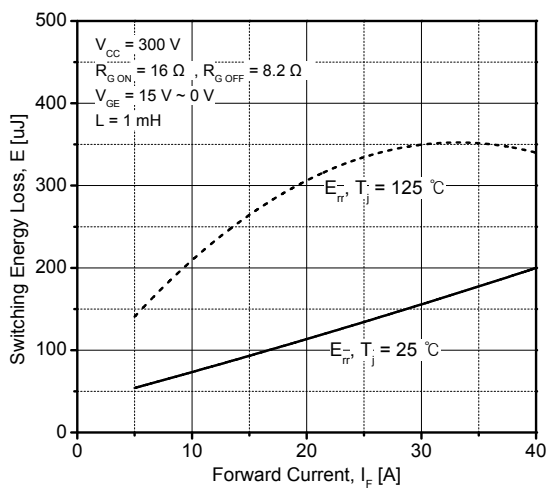


Fig 39. Typical Diode Switching Loss

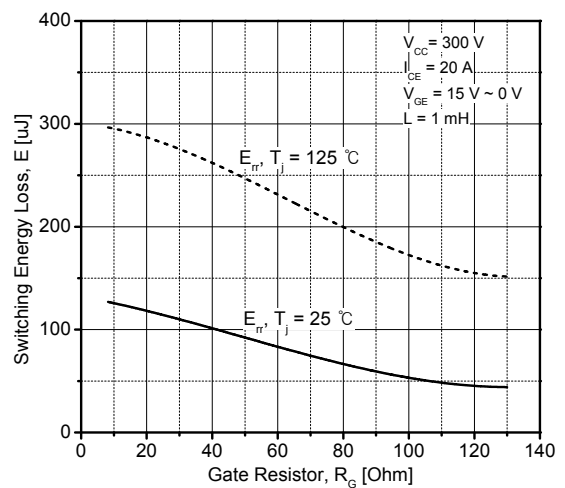


Fig 40. Typical Diode Switching Loss

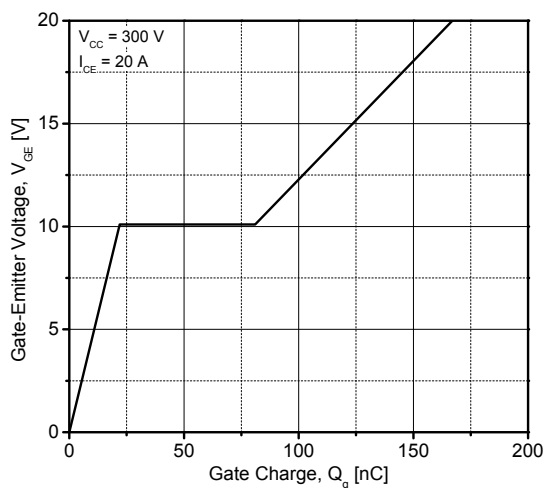


Fig 41. Typical Gate Charge Characteristics

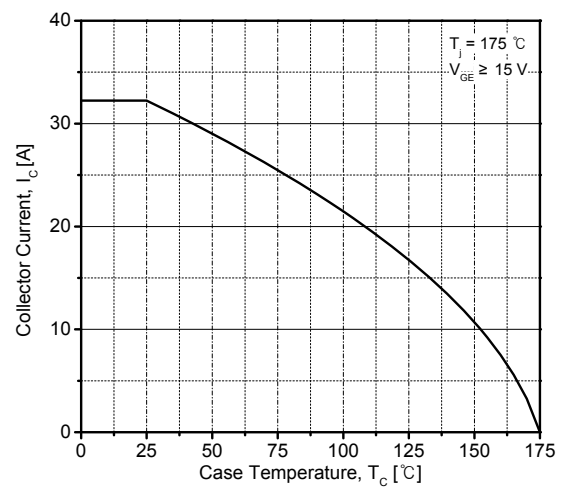


Fig 42. Case Temperature vs. Collector Current

LFC20G603

Transistor-Brake/Diode-Brake

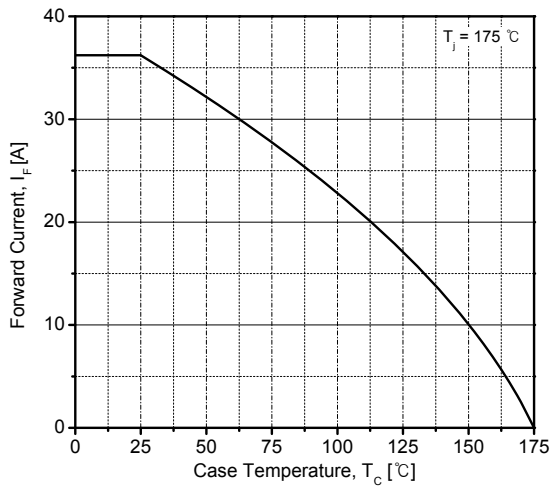


Fig 43. Case Temperature vs. Forward Current

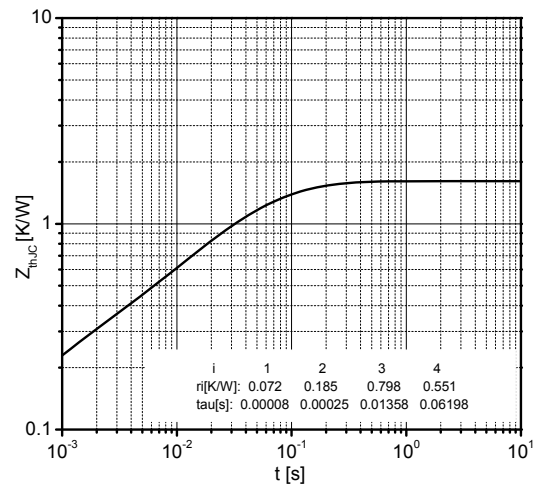


Fig 44. Typical IGBT Thermal Impedance

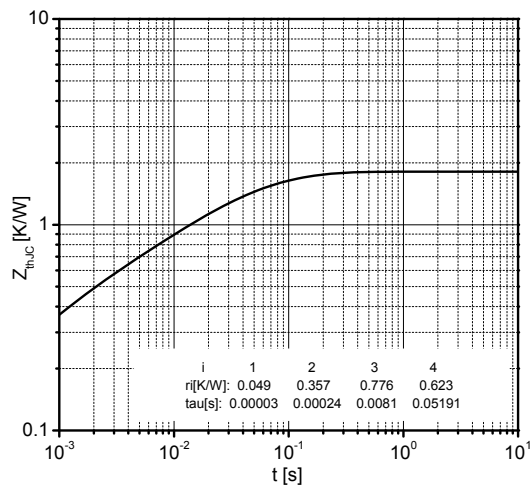


Fig 45. Typical Diode Thermal Impedance

NTC

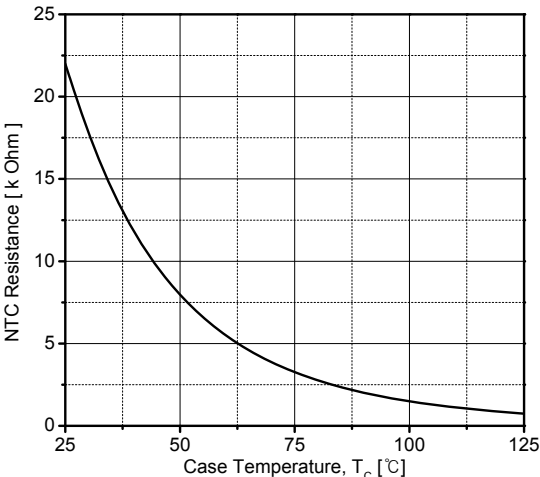


Fig 46. Typical NTC Characteristics

