LGE R4003(433.920MHz)

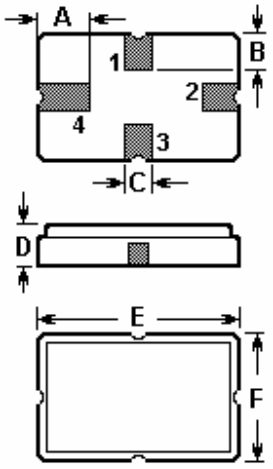
SAW Resonator

Features

- 1-port Resonator
- Provides reliable, fundamental mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators
- **S**urface **M**ounted **T**echnology (**SMT**)
- Lead-free production and RoHS compliance

Package Dimensions

Ceramic Package: **QCC4A**



Pin	Configuration
1	Input / Output
3	Output / Input
2/4	Case Ground

Sign	Data (unit: mm)	Sign	Data (unit: mm)
A	1.2	D	1.4
B	0.8	E	5.0
C	0.5	F	3.5

Marking

LGE R4003

Laser Marking

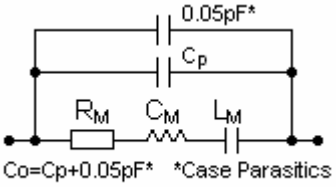
Top View, Laser Marking

"LGE": Manufacturer's mark

"**R**": SAW resonator

"**4003**": Part number

Equivalent LC Model



Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2009	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M
2010	N	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
2011	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	m
2012	n	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z

Maximum Ratings

Rating		Value	Unit
CW RF power dissipation	P	0	dBm
DC voltage between any terminals	V_{DC}	±30	V
Operating temperature range	T_A	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +85	°C

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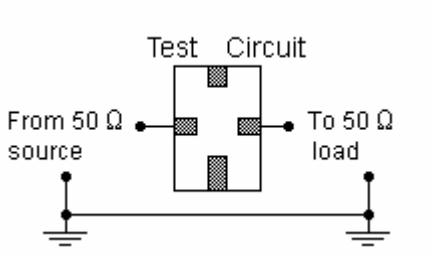
Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Center Frequency (+25℃)	Absolute Frequency	f_C	433.845		433.995	MHz
	Tolerance from 433.920 MHz	Δf_C		±75		kHz
Insertion Loss		I_L		1.5	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U		9,000		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L		1,500		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_0	25		55	℃
	Turnover Frequency	f_0		f_C		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/℃^{2}
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	|fA|		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance Between Any Two Terminals			1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M		19	26	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L_M		65.5042		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C_M		2.0559		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C_0	1.9	2.2	2.5	pF

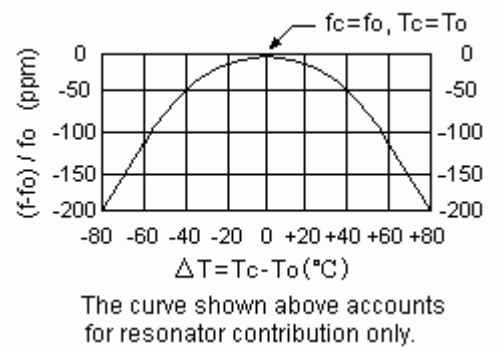
RoHS Compliant **Electrostatic Sensitive Device**

1. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature T_C = +25°C±2°C.
2. The center frequency, f_C, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point with the resonator in the 50Ω test system.
3. Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
4. Turnover temperature, T_O, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_O - T_C)^2]$.
5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_O is the static capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.

Test Circuit



Temperature Characteristics



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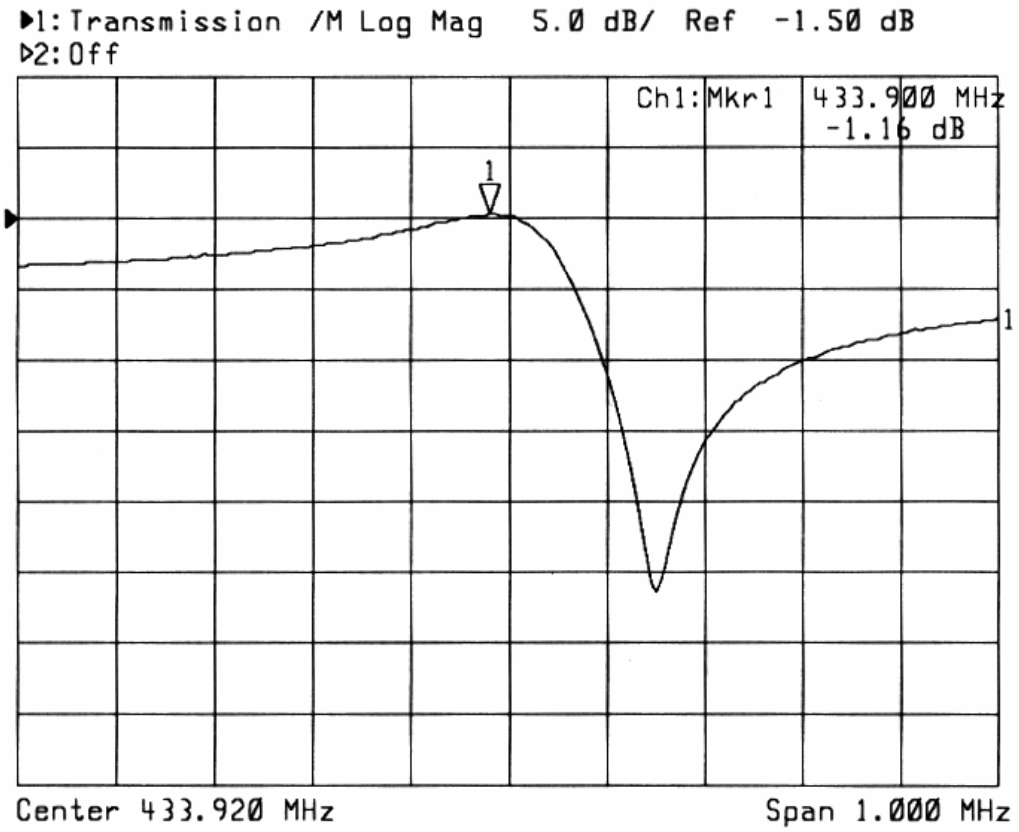
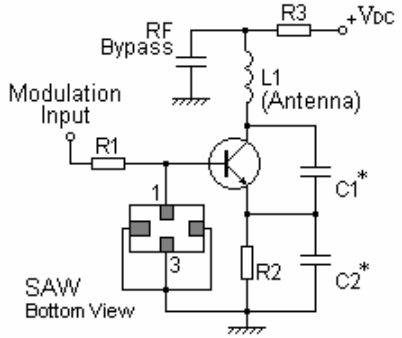
Typical Frequency Response

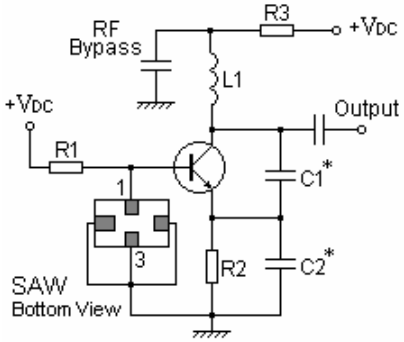


Typical Application Circuits

1) Low-Power Transmitter Application



2) Local Oscillator Application



Stability Characteristics

	Test item	Condition of test
1	Mechanical shock	(a) Drops: 3 times on concrete floor (b) Height: 1.0 m
2	Vibration resistance	(a) Frequency of vibration: 10~55Hz (b) Amplitude: 1.5 mm (c) Directions: X,Y and Z (d) Duration: 2 hours
3	Moisture resistance	(a) Condition: 40°C, 90~95% R.H. (b) Duration: 96 hours (c) Wait 4 hours before measurement
4	Climatic sequence	(a) +70°C for 16 hours (b) +55°C for 24 hours, 90~95% R.H. (c) -25°C for 2 hours (d) +40°C for 24 hours, 90~95% R.H. (e) Wait 4 hours before measurement
5	High temperature exposure	(a) Temperature: 70°C (b) Duration: 250 hours (c) Wait 4 hours before measurement
6	Thermal impact	(a) +70°C for 30 minutes ⇒ -25°C for 30 minutes repeated 3 times (b) Wait 4 hours before measurement

Requirements: The SAW resonator shall remain within the electrical specifications after tests.

Remarks

- SAW devices should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent, etc.
- Be certain not to apply voltage exceeding the rated voltage of components.
- Do not operate outside the recommended operating temperature range of components.
- Sudden change of temperature shall be avoided, deterioration of the characteristics can occur.
- Be careful of soldering temperature and duration of components when soldering.
- Do not place soldering iron on the body of components.
- Be careful not to subject the terminals or leads of components to excessive force.
- SAW devices are electrostatic sensitive. Please avoid static voltage during operation and storage.
- Ultrasonic cleaning shall be avoided. Ultrasonic vibration may cause destruction of components.