

LH28F640BFHE-PBTL70A

Flash Memory 64Mbit (4Mbitx16)

(Model Number: LHF64FG8

Spec. Issue Date: June 1, 2004 Spec No: EL166006



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To;

SPECIFICATIONS Product Type 64 M b i t F l a s h M e m o r y L H 2 8 F 6 4 0 B F H E — P B T L 7 0 A Model No. (LHF64FG8) If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order. * This specifications contains 42 pages including the cover and appendix. * Refer to LH28F640BF Series Appendix (FUM00701). **CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE** DATE: BY: **PRESENTED**

Dept. General Manager

REVIEWED BY: PREPARED BY:

Product Development Dept. I System-Flash Division **Integrated Circuits Group** SHARP CORPORATION



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CONTENTS

PAGE	PAGE
48-Lead TSOP Pinout	Extended Status Register Definition
Pin Descriptions	Partition Configuration Register Definition 16
Simultaneous Operation Modes Allowed with Four Planes	Partition Configuration
Memory Map 6	1 Electrical Specifications
Identifier Codes and OTP Address	1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings
for Read Operation 7	1.2 Operating Conditions
Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation on Partition Configuration 7	1.2.1 Capacitance
OTP Block Address Map for OTP Program 8	1.2.2 AC Input/Output Test Conditions 18
Bus Operation	1.2.3 DC Characteristics
Command Definitions	1.2.4 AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations
Functions of Block Lock and Block Lock-Down 12	1.2.5 AC Characteristics - Write Operations
Block Locking State Transitions upon Command Write	1.2.6 Reset Operations
Block Locking State Transitions upon WP# Transition	1.2.7 Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program and
Status Register Definition	OTP Program Performance
	2 Related Document Information
	3 Package and packing specification



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LH28F640BFHE-PBTL70A 64Mbit (4Mbit×16) Page Mode Dual Work Flash MEMORY

- 64M density with 16Bit I/O Interface
- High Performance Reads
 - 70/30ns 8-Word Page Mode
- Configurative 4-Plane Dual Work
 - Flexible Partitioning
 - Read operations during Block Erase or (Page Buffer)
 Program
 - Status Register for Each Partition
- Low Power Operation
 - 2.7V Read and Write Operations
 - V_{CCO} for Input/Output Power Supply Isolation
 - Automatic Power Savings Mode Reduces I_{CCR} in Static Mode
- Enhanced Code + Data Storage
 - 5µs Typical Erase/Program Suspends
- OTP (One Time Program) Block
 - 4-Word Factory-Programmed Area
 - 4-Word User-Programmable Area
- High Performance Program with Page Buffer
 - 16-Word Page Buffer
 - 5µs/Word (Typ.) at 9.5V V_{PP}
- Operating Temperature -40°C to +85°C
- CMOS Process (P-type silicon substrate)

- Flexible Blocking Architecture
 - Eight 4K-word Parameter Blocks
 - One-hundred and twenty-seven 32K-word Main Blocks
 - Bottom Parameter Location
- Enhanced Data Protection Features
 - Individual Block Lock and Block Lock-Down with Zero-Latency
 - All blocks are locked at power-up or device reset.
 - Absolute Protection with V_{PP}≤V_{PPLK}
 - Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Word Program Lockout during Power Transitions
- Automated Erase/Program Algorithms
 - 3.0V Low-Power 11µs/Word (Typ.) Programming
 - 9.5V No Glue Logic 9μs/Word (Typ.) Production Programming and 0.5s Erase (Typ.)
- Cross-Compatible Command Support
 - · Basic Command Set
 - Common Flash Interface (CFI)
- Extended Cycling Capability
 - Minimum 100,000 Block Erase Cycles
- 48-Lead TSOP
- ETOX^{TM*} Flash Technology
- Not designed or rated as radiation hardened

The product, which is 4-Plane Page Mode Dual Work (Simultaneous Read while Erase/Program) Flash memory, is a low power, high density, low cost, nonvolatile read/write storage solution for a wide range of applications. The product can operate at V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V and V_{PP} =1.65V-3.6V or 9.0V-10.0V. Its low voltage operation capability greatly extends battery life for portable applications.

The product provides high performance asynchronous page mode. It allows code execution directly from Flash, thus eliminating time consuming wait states. Furthermore, its newly configurative partitioning architecture allows flexible dual work operation.

The memory array block architecture utilizes Enhanced Data Protection features, and provides separate Parameter and Main Blocks that provide maximum flexibility for safe nonvolatile code and data storage.

Fast program capability is provided through the use of high speed Page Buffer Program.

Special OTP (One Time Program) block provides an area to store permanent code such as a unique number.

* ETOX is a trademark of Intel Corporation.



www.DataSheet4U.com A15 1 48 A16 A14 47 Vccq 2 46 **GND** A_{13} 3 45 **DQ**15 A12 4 5 44 DQ7 43 □ DQ14 A_{10} 6 42 DQ_6 **A**9 7 A_8 8 41 **DQ**13 9 40 DQ_5 A_{21} **48-LEAD TSOP** 10 39 **DQ**12 A_{20} WE# □ 11 38 DQ4 STANDARD PINOUT RST# □ 37 V_{CC} 12 12mm x 20mm 13 36 DQ11 V_{PP} **TOP VIEW** 14 35 WP# DQ_3 15 34 □ DQ10 A19 A_{18} 16 33 DQ_2 17 32 DQ9 **A**17 31 DQ_1 **A**7 18 19 30 DQ_8 A_6 A_5 20 29 DQ_0 21 28 OE# A_4 22 27 □ GND **A**3 A_2 23 CE# 26 A_1 24 25 A_0

Figure 1. 48-Lead TSOP (Normal Bend) Pinout



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Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Symbol	Type	Name and Function
A ₀ -A ₂₁	INPUT	ADDRESS INPUTS: Inputs for addresses. 64M: A ₀ -A ₂₁
DQ ₀ -DQ ₁₅	INPUT/ OUTPUT	DATA INPUTS/OUTPUTS: Inputs data and commands during CUI (Command User Interface) write cycles, outputs data during memory array, status register, query code, identifier code and partition configuration register code reads. Data pins float to high-impedance (High Z) when the chip or outputs are deselected. Data is internally latched during an erase or program cycle.
CE#	INPUT	CHIP ENABLE: Activates the device's control logic, input buffers, decoders and sense amplifiers. CE#-high (V_{IH}) deselects the device and reduces power consumption to standby levels.
RST#	INPUT	RESET: When low (V_{IL}) , RST# resets internal automation and inhibits write operations which provides data protection. RST#-high (V_{IH}) enables normal operation. After power-up or reset mode, the device is automatically set to read array mode. RST# must be low during power-up/down.
OE#	INPUT	OUTPUT ENABLE: Gates the device's outputs during a read cycle.
WE#	INPUT	WRITE ENABLE: Controls writes to the CUI and array blocks. Addresses and data are latched on the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first).
WP#	INPUT	WRITE PROTECT: When WP# is V_{IL} , locked-down blocks cannot be unlocked. Erase or program operation can be executed to the blocks which are not locked and not locked-down. When WP# is V_{IH} , lock-down is disabled.
V _{PP}	INPUT/SUPPLY	MONITORING POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE: V_{PP} is not used for power supply pin. With $V_{PP} \le V_{PPLK}$, block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program cannot be executed and should not be attempted. Applying $9.5V\pm0.5V$ to V_{PP} provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, V_{PP} is power supply pin. Applying $9.5V\pm0.5V$ to V_{PP} during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of $1,000$ cycles on each block. V_{PP} may be connected to $9.5V\pm0.5V$ for a total of 80 hours maximum. Use of this pin at $9.5V$ beyond these limits may reduce block cycling capability or cause permanent damage.
V _{CC}	SUPPLY	DEVICE POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.6V): With $V_{CC} \le V_{LKO}$, all write attempts to the flash memory are inhibited. Device operations at invalid V_{CC} voltage (see DC Characteristics) produce spurious results and should not be attempted.
V _{CCQ}	SUPPLY	INPUT/OUTPUT POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.6V): Power supply for all input/output pins.
GND	SUPPLY	GROUND: Do not float any ground pins.



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Table 2. Simultaneous Operation Modes Allowed with Four Planes $^{(1, 2)}$

		THEN THE MODES ALLOWED IN THE OTHER PARTITION IS:									
IF ONE PARTITION IS:	Read Array	Read ID/OTP	Read Status	Read Query	Word Program	Page Buffer Program	OTP Program	Block Erase	Full Chip Erase	Program Suspend	Hrase
Read Array	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X
Read ID/OTP	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X
Read Status	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Read Query	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X
Word Program	X	X	X	X							X
Page Buffer Program	X	X	X	X							X
OTP Program			X								
Block Erase	X	X	X	X							
Full Chip Erase			X								
Program Suspend	X	X	X	X							X
Block Erase Suspend	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	

NOTES:

- 1. "X" denotes the operation available.
- 2. Configurative Partition Dual Work Restrictions:

Status register reflects partition state, not WSM (Write State Machine) state - this allows a status register for each partition. Only one partition can be erased or programmed at a time - no command queuing. Commands must be written to an address within the block targeted by that command.



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	BLOCK NUMBER	ADDRESS RANGE
	134 32K-WORD	3F8000H - 3FFFFFH
	133 32K-WORD	3F0000H - 3F7FFFH
	132 32K-WORD	3E8000H - 3EFFFFH
	131 32K-WORD	3E0000H - 3E7FFFH
	130 32K-WORD	3D8000H - 3DFFFFH
	129 32K-WORD	3D0000H - 3D7FFFH
	128 32K-WORD	3C8000H - 3CFFFFH
	127 32K-WORD	3C0000H - 3C7FFFH
\odot	126 32K-WORD	3B8000H - 3BFFFFH
	125 32K-WORD	3B0000H - 3B7FFFH
4	124 32K-WORD	3A8000H - 3AFFFFH
Γ'	123 32K-WORD	3A0000H - 3A7FFFH
Ь	122 32K-WORD	398000H - 39FFFFH
PLANE3 (UNIFORM PLANE)	121 32K-WORD	390000H - 397FFFH
N.	120 32K-WORD	388000H - 38FFFFH
Ģ	119 32K-WORD	380000H - 387FFFH
	118 32K-WORD	378000H - 37FFFFH
	117 32K-WORD	370000H - 377FFFH
1)	116 32K-WORD	368000H - 36FFFFH
ω	115 32K-WORD	360000H - 367FFFH
胃	114 32K-WORD	358000H - 35FFFFH
	113 32K-WORD	350000H - 357FFFH
	112 32K-WORD	348000H - 34FFFFH
P	111 32K-WORD	340000H - 347FFFH
	110 32K-WORD	338000H - 33FFFFH
	109 32K-WORD	330000H - 337FFFH
	108 32K-WORD	328000H - 32FFFFH

320000H - 327FFFH

318000H - 31FFFFH

310000H - 317FFFH

107 32K-WORD

106 32K-WORD

105 32K-WORD

l	105	32K-WORD	310000H - 317FFFH
	104	32K-WORD	308000H - 30FFFFH
	103	32K-WORD	300000H - 307FFFH
			_
	102	32K-WORD	2F8000H - 2FFFFFH
	101	32K-WORD	2F0000H - 2F7FFFH
	100	32K-WORD	2E8000H - 2EFFFFH
	99	32K-WORD	2E0000H - 2E7FFFH
	98	32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH
	97	32K-WORD	2D0000H - 2D7FFFH
	96	32K-WORD	2C8000H - 2CFFFFH
	95	32K-WORD	2C0000H - 2C7FFFH
	94	32K-WORD	2B8000H - 2BFFFFH
E)	93	32K-WORD	2B0000H - 2B7FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE	92	32K-WORD	2A8000H - 2AFFFFH
	91	32K-WORD	2A0000H - 2A7FFFH
ΡI	90	32K-WORD	298000H - 29FFFFH
7	89	32K-WORD	290000H - 297FFFH
⋈	88	32K-WORD	288000H - 28FFFFH
lö	87	32K-WORD	280000H - 287FFFH
Ĕ	86	32K-WORD	278000H - 27FFFFH
IZ	85	32K-WORD	270000H - 277FFFH
15	84	32K-WORD	268000H - 26FFFFH
$\frac{1}{2}$	83	32K-WORD	260000H - 267FFFH
田田	82	32K-WORD	258000H - 25FFFFH
\mathbf{z}	81	32K-WORD	250000H - 257FFFH
Ą	80	32K-WORD	248000H - 24FFFFH
덛	79	32K-WORD	240000H - 247FFFH
_	78	32K-WORD	238000H - 23FFFFH
	77	32K-WORD	230000H - 237FFFH
	76	32K-WORD	228000H - 22FFFFH
	75	32K-WORD	220000H - 227FFFH
	74	32K-WORD	218000H - 21FFFFH
	73	32K-WORD	210000H - 217FFFH
	72	32K-WORD	208000H - 20FFFFH
	71	32K-WORD	200000H - 207FFFH

	BLC	OCK NUMBER	ADDRESS RANGE
	70	32K-WORD	1F8000H - 1FFFFFH
	69	32K-WORD	1F0000H - 1F7FFFH
	68	32K-WORD	1E8000H - 1EFFFFH
	67	32K-WORD	1E0000H - 1E7FFFH
	66	32K-WORD	1D8000H - 1DFFFFH
	65	32K-WORD	1D0000H - 1D7FFFH
	64	32K-WORD	1C8000H - 1CFFFFH
	63	32K-WORD	1C0000H - 1C7FFFH
lШ	62	32K-WORD	1B8000H - 1BFFFFH
(UNIFORM PLANE)	61	32K-WORD	1B0000H - 1B7FFFH
ĮĄ	60	32K-WORD	1A8000H - 1AFFFFH
ᅜ	59	32K-WORD	1A0000H - 1A7FFFH
17	58	32K-WORD	198000H - 19FFFFH
	57	32K-WORD	190000H - 197FFFH
ΙΉ	56	32K-WORD	188000H - 18FFFFH
lΞ	55	32K-WORD	180000H - 187FFFH
ΙĦ	54	32K-WORD	178000H - 17FFFFH
15	53	32K-WORD	170000H - 177FFFH
	52	32K-WORD	168000H - 16FFFFH
PLANE1	51	32K-WORD	160000H - 167FFFH
ΙZ	50	32K-WORD	158000H - 15FFFFH
ΙĄ	49	32K-WORD	150000H - 157FFFH
ΙÄ	48	32K-WORD	148000H - 14FFFFH
1"	47	32K-WORD	140000H - 147FFFH
	46	32K-WORD	138000H - 13FFFFH
	45	32K-WORD	130000H - 137FFFH
	44	32K-WORD	128000H - 12FFFFH
	43	32K-WORD	120000H - 127FFFH
	42	32K-WORD	118000H - 11FFFFH
	41	32K-WORD	110000H - 117FFFH
	40	32K-WORD	108000H - 10FFFFH
	39	32K-WORD	100000H - 107FFFH

	38	32K-WORD	0F8000H - 0FFFFFH
	37	32K-WORD	0F0000H - 0F7FFFH
	36	32K-WORD	0E8000H - 0EFFFFH
	35	32K-WORD	0E0000H - 0E7FFFH
	34	32K-WORD	0D8000H - 0DFFFFH
	33	32K-WORD	0D0000H - 0D7FFFH
	32	32K-WORD	0C8000H - 0CFFFFH
	31	32K-WORD	0C0000H - 0C7FFFH
	30	32K-WORD	0B8000H - 0BFFFFH
	29	32K-WORD	0B0000H - 0B7FFFH
$\overline{}$	28	32K-WORD	0A8000H - 0AFFFFH
PLANEO (PARAMETER PLANE)	27	32K-WORD	0A0000H - 0A7FFFH
\Rightarrow	26	32K-WORD	098000H - 09FFFFH
Ľ	25	32K-WORD	090000H - 097FFFH
Ы	24	32K-WORD	088000H - 08FFFFH
24	23	32K-WORD	080000H - 087FFFH
H	22	32K-WORD	078000H - 07FFFFH
Ξ	21	32K-WORD	070000H - 077FFFH
7	20	32K-WORD	068000H - 06FFFFH
4	19	32K-WORD	060000H - 067FFFH
2	18	32K-WORD	058000H - 05FFFFH
Ϋ́	17	32K-WORD	050000H - 057FFFH
(F	16	32K-WORD	048000H - 04FFFFH
0	15	32K-WORD	040000H - 047FFFH
岁	14	32K-WORD	038000H - 03FFFFH
7	13	32K-WORD	030000H - 037FFFH
Γ	12	32K-WORD	028000H - 02FFFFH
Ь	11	32K-WORD	020000H - 027FFFH
	10	32K-WORD	018000H - 01FFFFH
	9	32K-WORD	010000H - 017FFFH
	8	32K-WORD	008000H - 00FFFFH
	7	4K-WORD	007000H - 007FFFH
	6	4K-WORD	006000H - 006FFFH
	5	4K-WORD	005000H - 005FFFH
	4	4K-WORD	004000H - 004FFFH
	3	4K-WORD	003000H - 003FFFH
	2	4K-WORD	002000H - 002FFFH
	1	4K-WORD	001000H - 001FFFH
	0	4K-WORD	000000H - 000FFFH

Figure 2. Memory Map (Bottom Parameter)



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Table 3. Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation

	Code	Address [A ₁₅ -A ₀]	Data [DQ ₁₅ -DQ ₀]	Notes
Manufacturer Code	Manufacturer Code	0000Н	00B0H	1
Device Code	Bottom Parameter Device Code	0001H	00B3H	1, 2
Block Lock Configuration	Block is Unlocked		$DQ_0 = 0$	3
Code	Block is Locked	Block	$DQ_0 = 1$	3
	Block is not Locked-Down	+ Address + 2	$DQ_1 = 0$	3
	Block is Locked-Down		$DQ_1 = 1$	3
Device Configuration Code	Partition Configuration Register	0006Н	PCRC	1, 4
OTP	OTP Lock	0080Н	OTP-LK	1, 5
	OTP	0081-0088H	OTP	1, 6

NOTES:

- 1. The address A_{21} - A_{16} are shown in below table for reading the manufacturer code, device code, device configuration code and OTP data.
- 2. Bottom parameter device has its parameter blocks in the plane0 (The lowest address).
- 3. Block Address = The beginning location of a block address within the partition to which the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H) has been written. DQ₁₅-DQ₂ are reserved for future implementation.
- 4. PCRC=Partition Configuration Register Code.
- 5. OTP-LK=OTP Block Lock configuration.
- 6. OTP=OTP Block data.

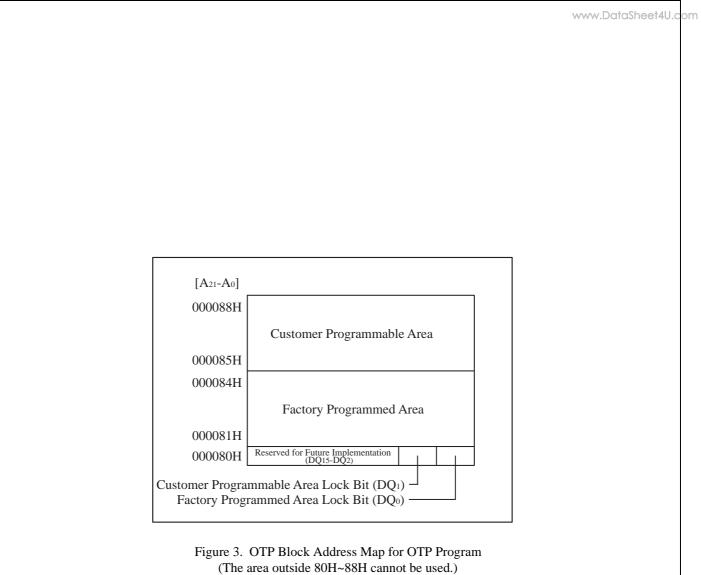
Table 5. Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation on Partition Configuration⁽¹⁾ (64M-bit device)

Partition Configuration Register (2)			Address (64M-bit device)
PCR.10	PCR.9	PCR.8	$[A_{21}-A_{16}]$
0	0	0	00H
0	0	1	00H or 10H
0	1	0	00H or 20H
1	0	0	00H or 30H
0	1	1	00H or 10H or 20H
1	1	0	00H or 20H or 30H
1	0	1	00H or 10H or 30H
1	1	1	00H or 10H or 20H or 30H

NOTES:

- 1. The address to read the identifier codes or OTP data is dependent on the partition which is selected when writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H).
- 2. Refer to Table 12 for the partition configuration register.





(The area outside 80H~88H cannot be used.)



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Table 6. Bus Operation^(1, 2)

Mode	Notes	RST#	CE#	OE#	WE#	Address	V_{PP}	DQ ₀₋₁₅
Read Array	6	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V _{IL}	V_{IH}	X	X	D _{OUT}
Output Disable		V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	X	X	High Z
Standby		V_{IH}	V_{IH}	X	X	X	X	High Z
Reset	3	V_{IL}	X	X	X	X	X	High Z
Read Identifier Codes/OTP	6	V _{IH}	$V_{\rm IL}$	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	See Table 3 and Table 4	X	See Table 3 and Table 4
Read Query	6,7	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	See Appendix	X	See Appendix
Write	4,5,6	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	X	X	D _{IN}

NOTES:

- 1. Refer to DC Characteristics. When $V_{PP} \le V_{PPLK}$, memory contents can be read, but cannot be altered.
- 2. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} for control pins and addresses, and V_{PPLK} or $V_{PPH1/2}$ for V_{PP} . See DC Characteristics for V_{PPLK} and $V_{PPH1/2}$ voltages. 3. RST# at GND±0.2V ensures the lowest power consumption.
- 4. Command writes involving block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program are reliably executed when $V_{PP}=V_{PPH\,1/2}$ and $V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V$. 5. Refer to Table 6 for valid D_{IN} during a write operation.
- 6. Never hold OE# low and WE# low at the same timing.
- 7. Refer to Appendix of LH28F640BF series for more information about query code.

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Table 7. Command Definitions⁽¹¹⁾

	Bus		I	First Bus Cycle			Second Bus Cycle		
Command	Cycles Req'd	Notes	Oper ⁽¹⁾	Addr ⁽²⁾	Data	Oper ⁽¹⁾	Addr ⁽²⁾	Data ⁽³⁾	
Read Array	1		Write	PA	FFH				
Read Identifier Codes/OTP	≥ 2	4	Write	PA	90H	Read	IA or OA	ID or OD	
Read Query	≥ 2	4	Write	PA	98H	Read	QA	QD	
Read Status Register	2		Write	PA	70H	Read	PA	SRD	
Clear Status Register	1		Write	PA	50H				
Block Erase	2	5	Write	BA	20H	Write	BA	D0H	
Full Chip Erase	2	5,9	Write	X	30H	Write	X	D0H	
Program	2	5,6	Write	WA	40H or 10H	Write	WA	WD	
Page Buffer Program	≥ 4	5,7	Write	WA	E8H	Write	WA	N-1	
Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Suspend	1	8,9	Write	PA	ВОН				
Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Resume	1	8,9	Write	PA	D0H				
Set Block Lock Bit	2		Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	01H	
Clear Block Lock Bit	2	10	Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	D0H	
Set Block Lock-down Bit	2		Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	2FH	
OTP Program	2	9	Write	OA	СОН	Write	OA	OD	
Set Partition Configuration Register	2		Write	PCRC	60H	Write	PCRC	04H	

NOTES:

- 1. Bus operations are defined in Table 5.
- 2. All addresses which are written at the first bus cycle should be the same as the addresses which are written at the second bus cycle.

X=Any valid address within the device.

PA=Address within the selected partition.

IA=Identifier codes address (See Table 3 and Table 4).

QA=Query codes address. Refer to Appendix of LH28F640BF series for details.

BA=Address within the block being erased, set/cleared block lock bit or set block lock-down bit.

WA=Address of memory location for the Program command or the first address for the Page Buffer Program command.

OA=Address of OTP block to be read or programmed (See Figure 3).

PCRC=Partition configuration register code presented on the address A_0 - A_{15} .

3. ID=Data read from identifier codes. (See Table 3 and Table 4).

QD=Data read from query database. Refer to Appendix of LH28F640BF series for details.

SRD=Data read from status register. See Table 10 for a description of the status register bits.

WD=Data to be programmed at location WA. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE# (whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.

OD=Data within OTP block. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE# (whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.

N-1=N is the number of the words to be loaded into a page buffer.

- 4. Following the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command, read operations access manufacturer code, device code, block lock configuration code, partition configuration register code and the data within OTP block (See Table 3 and Table 4). The Read Query command is available for reading CFI (Common Flash Interface) information.
- 5. Block erase, full chip erase or (page buffer) program cannot be executed when the selected block is locked. Unlocked block can be erased or programmed when RST# is V_{IH} .
- 6. Either 40H or 10H are recognized by the CUI (Command User Interface) as the program setup.
- 7. Following the third bus cycle, input the program sequential address and write data of "N" times. Finally, input the any valid address within the target block to be programmed and the confirm command (D0H). Refer to Appendix of



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LH28F640BF series for details.

- 8. If the program operation in one partition is suspended and the erase operation in other partition is also suspended, the suspended program operation should be resumed first, and then the suspended erase operation should be resumed next.
- 9. Full chip erase and OTP program operations can not be suspended. The OTP Program command can not be accepted while the block erase operation is being suspended.
- 10. Following the Clear Block Lock Bit command, block which is not locked-down is unlocked when WP# is V_{IL} . When WP# is V_{IH} , lock-down bit is disabled and the selected block is unlocked regardless of lock-down configuration.
- 11. Commands other than those shown above are reserved by SHARP for future device implementations and should not be used.



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			(5)	
Tabla 8	Functions	of Block I	$ock^{(3)}$ and	Block Lock-Down
Table 6.	Functions	OI DIOCK I	JUCK and	DIOCK LOCK-DOWII

		Cu	rrent State		(2)
State	WP#	DQ ₁ ⁽¹⁾	$DQ_0^{(1)}$	State Name	Erase/Program Allowed (2)
[000]	0	0	0	Unlocked	Yes
$[001]^{(3)}$	0	0	1	Locked	No
[011]	0	1	1	Locked-down	No
[100]	1	0	0	Unlocked	Yes
[101] ⁽³⁾	1	0	1	Locked	No
$[110]^{(4)}$	1	1	0	Lock-down Disable	Yes
[111]	1	1	1	Lock-down Disable	No

NOTES:

- DQ₀=1: a block is locked; DQ₀=0: a block is unlocked.
 DQ₁=1: a block is locked-down; DQ₁=0: a block is not locked-down.
- 2. Erase and program are general terms, respectively, to express: block erase, full chip erase and (page buffer) program operations.
- 3. At power-up or device reset, all blocks default to locked state and are not locked-down, that is, [001] (WP#=0) or [101] (WP#=1), regardless of the states before power-off or reset operation.
- 4. When WP# is driven to $V_{\rm IL}$ in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.
- 5. OTP (One Time Program) block has the lock function which is different from those described above.

Table 9. Block Locking State Transitions upon Command Write⁽⁴⁾

	Curren	t State		Result after Lock Command Written (Next State)			
State	WP#	DQ ₁	DQ_0	Set Lock ⁽¹⁾	Clear Lock ⁽¹⁾	Set Lock-down ⁽¹⁾	
[000]	0	0	0	[001]	No Change	[011] ⁽²⁾	
[001]	0	0	1	No Change ⁽³⁾	[000]	[011]	
[011]	0	1	1	No Change	No Change	No Change	
[100]	1	0	0	[101]	No Change	[111] ⁽²⁾	
[101]	1	0	1	No Change	[100]	[111]	
[110]	1	1	0	[111]	No Change	[111] ⁽²⁾	
[111]	1	1	1	No Change	[110]	No Change	

NOTES:

- 1. "Set Lock" means Set Block Lock Bit command, "Clear Lock" means Clear Block Lock Bit command and "Set Lock-down" means Set Block Lock-Down Bit command.
- 2. When the Set Block Lock-Down Bit command is written to the unlocked block (DQ $_0$ =0), the corresponding block is locked-down and automatically locked at the same time.
- 3. "No Change" means that the state remains unchanged after the command written.
- 4. In this state transitions table, assumes that WP# is not changed and fixed V_{IL} or V_{IH} .



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Table 10. Block Locking State Transitions upon WP# Transition⁽⁴⁾

Day in Grate		Current S	State		Result after WP# Transition (Next State)		
Previous State	State	WP#	DQ ₁	DQ_0	WP#=0→1 ⁽¹⁾	WP#= $1 \rightarrow 0^{(1)}$	
-	[000]	0	0	0	[100]	-	
-	[001]	0	0	1	[101]	-	
[110] ⁽²⁾	[011]	0	1	1	[110]	-	
Other than [110] ⁽²⁾					[111]	-	
-	[100]	1	0	0	-	[000]	
-	[101]	1	0	1	-	[001]	
-	[110]	1	1	0	-	[011] ⁽³⁾	
-	[111]	1	1	1	-	[011]	

NOTES:

- 1. "WP#=0 \rightarrow 1" means that WP# is driven to V_{IH} and "WP#=1 \rightarrow 0" means that WP# is driven to V_{II} .
- 2. State transition from the current state [011] to the next state depends on the previous state.
- 3. When WP# is driven to V_{IL} in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.
- 4. In this state transitions table, assumes that lock configuration commands are not written in previous, current and next state.



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Table 11. Status Register Definition

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
WSMS	BESS	BEFCES	PBPOPS	VPPS	PBPSS	DPS	R
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

SR.15 - SR.8 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

NOTES:

SR.7 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS (WSMS)

1 = Ready

0 = Busy

SR.6 = BLOCK ERASE SUSPEND STATUS (BESS)

1 = Block Erase Suspended

0 = Block Erase in Progress/Completed

SR.5 = BLOCK ERASE AND FULL CHIP ERASE STATUS (BEFCES)

1 = Error in Block Erase or Full Chip Erase

0 = Successful Block Erase or Full Chip Erase

SR.4 = (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM AND OTP PROGRAM STATUS (PBPOPS)

1 = Error in (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program

0 = Successful (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program

 $SR.3 = V_{PP} STATUS (VPPS)$

 $1 = V_{PP}$ LOW Detect, Operation Abort

 $0 = V_{pp} OK$

SR.2 = (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM SUSPEND STATUS (PBPSS)

1 = (Page Buffer) Program Suspended

0 = (Page Buffer) Program in Progress/Completed

SR.1 = DEVICE PROTECT STATUS (DPS)

1 = Erase or Program Attempted on a Locked Block, Operation Abort

0 = Unlocked

SR.0 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

Status Register indicates the status of the partition, not WSM (Write State Machine). Even if the SR.7 is "1", the WSM may be occupied by the other partition when the device is set to 2, 3 or 4 partitions configuration.

Check SR.7 to determine block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program completion. SR.6 - SR.1 are invalid while SR.7="0".

If both SR.5 and SR.4 are "1"s after a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, set/clear block lock bit, set block lock-down bit, set partition configuration register attempt, an improper command sequence was entered.

SR.3 does not provide a continuous indication of V_{PP} level. The WSM interrogates and indicates the V_{PP} level only after Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program command sequences. SR.3 is not guaranteed to report accurate feedback when $V_{PP} \neq V_{PPH1}$, V_{PPH2} or V_{PPLK} .

SR.1 does not provide a continuous indication of block lock bit. The WSM interrogates the block lock bit only after Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program command sequences. It informs the system, depending on the attempted operation, if the block lock bit is set. Reading the block lock configuration codes after writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command indicates block lock bit status.

SR.15 - SR.8 and SR.0 are reserved for future use and should be masked out when polling the status register.



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Table 12.	Extended	Status	Register	Definition

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
SMS	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

XSR.15-8 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

XSR.7 = STATE MACHINE STATUS (SMS)

1 = Page Buffer Program available

0 = Page Buffer Program not available

XSR.6-0 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

NOTES:

After issue a Page Buffer Program command (E8H), XSR.7="1" indicates that the entered command is accepted. If XSR.7 is "0", the command is not accepted and a next Page Buffer Program command (E8H) should be issued again to check if page buffer is available or not.

XSR.15-8 and XSR.6-0 are reserved for future use and should be masked out when polling the extended status register.



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Table 13. Partition Configuration Register Definition

R	R	R	R	R	PC2	PC1	PC0
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

PCR.15-11 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

PCR.10-8 = PARTITION CONFIGURATION (PC2-0)

000 = No partitioning. Dual Work is not allowed.

001 = Plane1-3 are merged into one partition. (default in a bottom parameter device)

010 = Plane 0-1 and Plane2-3 are merged into one partition respectively.

100 = Plane 0-2 are merged into one partition. (default in a top parameter device)

011 = Plane 2-3 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.

110 = Plane 0-1 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.

101 = Plane 1-2 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions. 111 = There are four partitions in this configuration. Each plane corresponds to each partition respectively. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.

PCR.7-0 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

NOTES:

After power-up or device reset, PCR10-8 (PC2-0) is set to "001" in a bottom parameter device and "100" in a top parameter device.

See Figure 4 for the detail on partition configuration.

PCR.15-11 and PCR.7-0 are reserved for future use and should be masked out when checking the partition configuration register.

PC2 PC1 PC0	PARTITIONING FOR DUAL WORK	PC2 PC1 PC0 PARTITIONING FOR DUAL WORK
0 0 0	PLANE3 0NOITITANA PLANE1 PLANE0	PARTITION2 PARTITION1 PARTITION0 0 1 1 BLANE PARTITION2 PARTITION PARTITION0 A PARTITION PAR
0 0 1	PLANE3 PLANE3 PLANE3 PLANE3	PARTITION2 PARTITION1 PARTITION0 1 1 0 LANGE PARTITION2 PARTITION1 PARTITION0 1 1 0
0 1 0	PLANE3 PLANE3 PLANE3 PLANE3	PARTITION2 PARTITION1 PARTITION0 1 0 1 PARTITION2 PARTITION1 PARTITION0 REAL PARTITION PARTIT
1 0 0	ONOITITAAA 1NOITITAAA BLANE3 BLANE3 BLANE3 BLANE3	PARTITION3 PARTITION2 PARTITION1 PARTITION0 1 1 1 1 EIGHT E

Figure 4. Partition Configuration



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1 Electrical Specifications

1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Operating Temperature

During Read, Erase and Program ...-40°C to +85°C (1)

Storage Temperature

During under Bias....-40°C to +85°C During non Bias...-65°C to +125°C

Voltage On Any Pin

(except V_{CC} and V_{PP}).....-0.5V to V_{CC} +0.5V (2)

 V_{CC} and V_{CCQ} Supply Voltage -0.2V to +3.9V $^{(2)}$

 V_{pp} Supply Voltage-0.2V to +10.0V (2, 3, 4)

Output Short Circuit Current 100mA (5)

*WARNING: Stressing the device beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operation beyond the "Operating Conditions" is not recommended and extended exposure beyond the "Operating Conditions" may affect device reliability.

NOTES:

- 1. Operating temperature is for extended temperature product defined by this specification.
- 2. All specified voltages are with respect to GND. Minimum DC voltage is -0.5V on input/output pins and -0.2V on V_{CC} and V_{PP} pins. During transitions, this level may undershoot to -2.0V for periods <20ns. Maximum DC voltage on input/output pins is V_{CC} +0.5V which, during transitions, may overshoot to V_{CC} +2.0V for periods <20ns.
- 3. Maximum DC voltage on V_{PP} may overshoot to +11.0V for periods <20ns.
- 4. V_{PP} erase/program voltage is normally 2.7V-3.6V. Applying 9.0V-10.0V to V_{PP} during erase/program can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. V_{PP} may be connected to 9.0V-10.0V for a total of 80 hours maximum.
- 5. Output shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.

1.2 Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Temperature	T_A	-40	+25	+85	°C	
V _{CC} Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	1
I/O Supply Voltage	V _{CCQ}	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	1
V _{PP} Voltage when Used as a Logic Control	V_{PPH1}	1.65	3.0	3.6	V	1
V _{PP} Supply Voltage	V _{PPH2}	9.0	9.5	10.0	V	1, 2
Main Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}		100,000			Cycles	
Parameter Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}		100,000			Cycles	
Main Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} , 80 hrs.				1,000	Cycles	
Parameter Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} , 80 hrs.				1,000	Cycles	
Maximum V _{PP} hours at V _{PPH2}				80	Hours	

NOTES:

- 1. See DC Characteristics tables for voltage range-specific specification.
- 2. Applying V_{PP} =9.0V-10.0V during a erase or program can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. A permanent connection to V_{PP} =9.0V-10.0V is not allowed and can cause damage to the device.



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1.2.1 Capacitance⁽¹⁾ (T_A =+25°C, f=1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	V _{IN} =0.0V		4	7	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}	V _{OUT} =0.0V		6	10	pF

NOTE:

1. Sampled, not 100% tested.

1.2.2 AC Input/Output Test Conditions

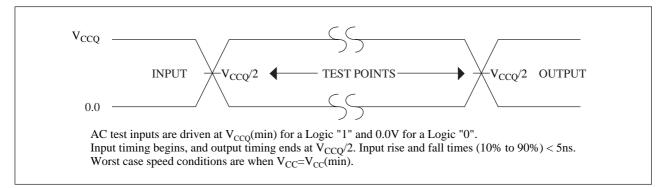


Figure 5. Transient Input/Output Reference Waveform for V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V

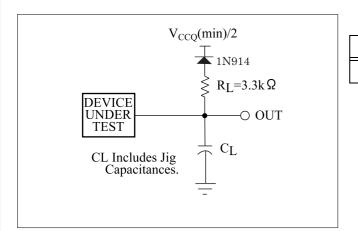


Figure 6. Transient Equivalent Testing Load Circuit

Table 14. Configuration Capacitance Loading Value

Test Configuration	C _L (pF)
V _{CC} =2.7V-3.6V	70



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1.2.3 DC Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 2.7 V - 3.6 V$

Symbol	Paran	neter	Notes	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
I_{LI}	Input Load Current		1	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ	V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max.,
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Cur	rent	1	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ	$V_{\rm CCQ} = V_{\rm CCQ} { m Max.}, \ V_{\rm IN} / V_{\rm OUT} = V_{\rm CCQ} { m or} \ { m GND}$
I _{CCS}	V _{CC} Standby Curren	t	1,8		4	20	μΑ	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}Max.,$ $CE\#=RST\#=$ $V_{CCQ}\pm0.2V,$ $WP\#=V_{CCQ} \text{ or GND}$
I _{CCAS}	V _{CC} Automatic Pow	er Savings Current	1,4,8		4	20	μΑ	V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max., CE#=GND±0.2V, WP#=V _{CCQ} or GND
I_{CCD}	V _{CC} Reset Current		1,8		4	20	μΑ	RST#=GND±0.2V
ī	Average V _{CC} Read Current Normal Mode		1,7,8		15	25	mA	V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max., CE#=V _{IL} ,
I_{CCR}	Average V _{CC} Read Current 8 Word Read 1,7,8 Page Mode	5	10	mA	OE#=V _{IH} , f=5MHz			
т	V (Dogo Buffan) Drogram Current		1,5,7,8		20	60	mA	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}
I_{CCW}	V _{CC} (Fage Bullet) F	CC (Page Buffer) Program Current			10	20	mA	V _{PP} =V _{PPH2}
т	V _{CC} Block Erase, Fu	ıll Chip	1,5,7,8		10	30	mA	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}
I_{CCE}	Erase Current		1,5,7,8		4	10	mA	V _{PP} =V _{PPH2}
I _{CCWS}	V _{CC} (Page Buffer) P Block Erase Suspend	-	1,2,7,8		10	200	μΑ	CE#=V _{IH}
I _{PPS} I _{PPR}	V _{PP} Standby or Read	d Current	1,6,7,8		2	5	μΑ	V _{PP} ≤V _{CC}
т	V (Paga Ruffor) P	rogram Current	1,5,6,7,8		2	5	μΑ	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}
I_{PPW}	V _{PP} (Page Buffer) Pr	logram Current	1,5,6,7,8		10	30	mA	V _{PP} =V _{PPH2}
т	V _{PP} Block Erase, Fu	ll Chip	1,5,6,7,8		2	5	μΑ	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}
I_{PPE}	Erase Current		1,5,6,7,8		5	15	mA	V _{PP} =V _{PPH2}
T	V _{PP} (Page Buffer) P	rogram	1,6,7,8		2	5	μΑ	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}
I_{PPWS}	Suspend Current		1,6,7,8		10	200	μΑ	V _{PP} =V _{PPH2}
T	V _{PP} Block Erase Sus	enand Current	1,6,7,8		2	5	μΑ	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1}
I_{PPES}	v pp Diock Erase Sus	spena Current	1,6,7,8		10	200	μΑ	V _{PP} =V _{PPH2}



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DC Characteristics (Continued)

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{V} - 3.6 \text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	5	-0.4		0.4	V	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	5	2.4		V _{CCQ} + 0.4	V	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	5			0.2	V	$\begin{aligned} &V_{CC} = &V_{CC}Min., \\ &V_{CCQ} = &V_{CCQ}Min., \\ &I_{OL} = &100\mu A \end{aligned}$
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	5	V _{CCQ} -0.2			V	$\begin{aligned} &V_{CC} = &V_{CC}Min., \\ &V_{CCQ} = &V_{CCQ}Min., \\ &I_{OH} = &-100\mu A \end{aligned}$
V _{PPLK}	V _{PP} Lockout during Normal Operations	3,5,6			0.4	V	
V _{PPH1}	V _{PP} during Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations	6	1.65	3.0	3.6	V	
V _{PPH2}	V _{PP} during Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations	6	9.0	9.5	10.0	V	
V_{LKO}	V _{CC} Lockout Voltage		1.5			V	

NOTES:

- 1. All currents are in RMS unless otherwise noted. Typical values are the reference values at V_{CC} =3.0V and T_A =+25°C unless V_{CC} is specified.
- 2. I_{CCWS} and I_{CCES} are specified with the device de-selected. If read or (page buffer) program is executed while in block erase suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I_{CCES} and I_{CCR} or I_{CCW} . If read is executed while in (page buffer) program suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I_{CCWS} and I_{CCR} .
- 3. Block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program are inhibited when $V_{PP} \le V_{PPLK}$, and not guaranteed in the range between V_{PPLK} (max.) and V_{PPH1} (min.), between V_{PPH1} (max.) and V_{PPH2} (min.) and above V_{PPH2} (max.).
- 4. The Automatic Power Savings (APS) feature automatically places the device in power save mode after read cycle completion. Standard address access timings (t_{AVQV}) provide new data when addresses are changed.
- 5. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 6. V_{PP} is not used for power supply pin. With $V_{PP} \le V_{PPLK}$, block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program cannot be executed and should not be attempted.

Applying $9.5V\pm0.5V$ to V_{PP} provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, V_{PP} is power supply pin and supplies the memory cell current for block erasing and (page buffer) programming. Use similar power supply trace widths and layout considerations given to the V_{CC} power bus.

- Applying $9.5V\pm0.5V$ to V_{PP} during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. V_{PP} may be connected to $9.5V\pm0.5V$ for a total of 80 hours maximum.
- 7. The operating current in dual work is the sum of the operating current (read, erase, program) in each plane.
- 8. For all pins other than those shown in test conditions, input level is V_{CCO} or GND.



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1.2.4 AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations⁽¹⁾

V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V, T_{A} =-40°C to +85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{AVAV}	Read Cycle Time		70		ns
t _{AVQV}	Address to Output Delay			70	ns
t _{ELQV}	CE# to Output Delay	3		70	ns
t _{APA}	Page Address Access Time			30	ns
t _{GLQV}	OE# to Output Delay	3		25	ns
t _{PHQV}	RST# High to Output Delay			150	ns
$t_{\rm EHQZ},t_{\rm GHQZ}$	CE# or OE# to Output in High Z, Whichever Occurs First	2		25	ns
t _{ELQX}	CE# to Output in Low Z	2	0		ns
t_{GLQX}	OE# to Output in Low Z	2	0		ns
t _{OH}	Output Hold from First Occurring Address, CE# or OE# change	2	0		ns
t _{AVEL} , t _{AVGL}	Address Setup to CE#, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register	4, 6	10		ns
t _{ELAX} , t _{GLAX}	Address Hold from CE#, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register	5, 6	30		ns
t _{EHEL} , t _{GHGL}	CE#, OE# Pulse Width High for Reading Status Register	6	15		ns

NOTES:

- 1. See AC input/output reference waveform for timing measurements and maximum allowable input slew rate.
- 2. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 3. OE# may be delayed up to t_{ELQV} t_{GLQV} after the falling edge of CE# without impact to t_{ELQV}.

 4. Address setup time (t_{AVEL}, t_{AVGL}) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or OE# (whichever goes low last).

 5. Address hold time (t_{ELAX}, t_{GLAX}) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or OE# (whichever goes low last).
- 6. Specifications t_{AVEL}, t_{AVGL}, t_{ELAX}, t_{GLAX} and t_{EHEL}, t_{GHGL} for read operations apply to only status register read operations.



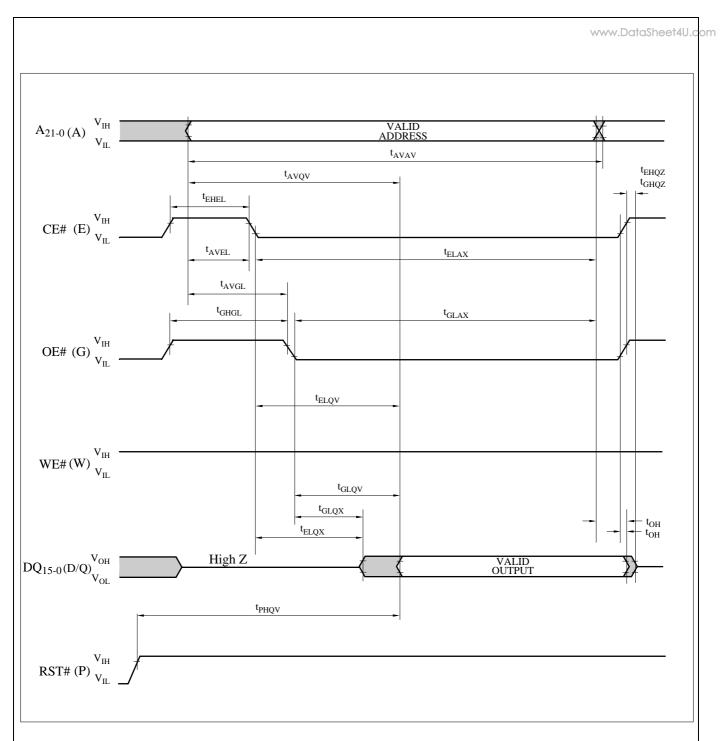


Figure 7. AC Waveform for Single Asynchronous Read Operations from Status Register, Identifier Codes, OTP Block or Query Code



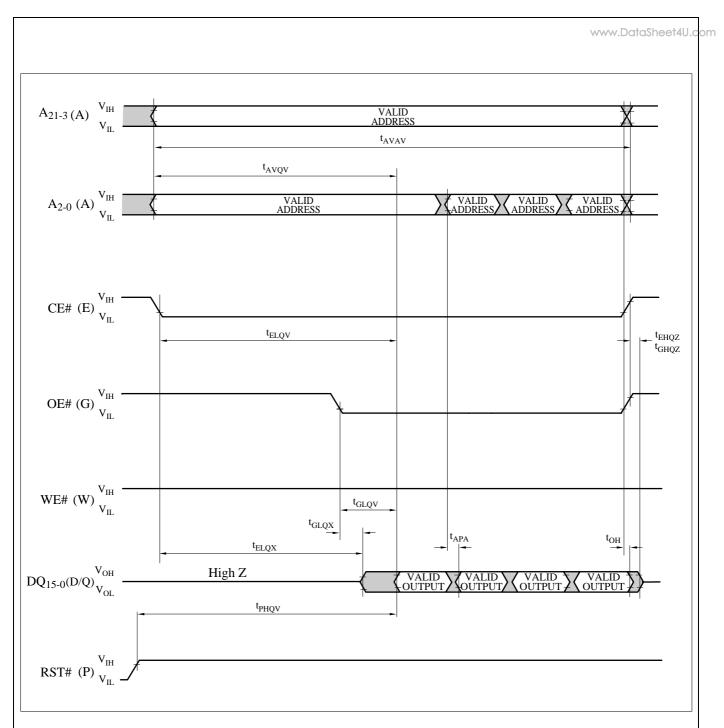


Figure 8. AC Waveform for Asynchronous 4-Word Page Mode Read Operations from Main Blocks or Parameter Blocks



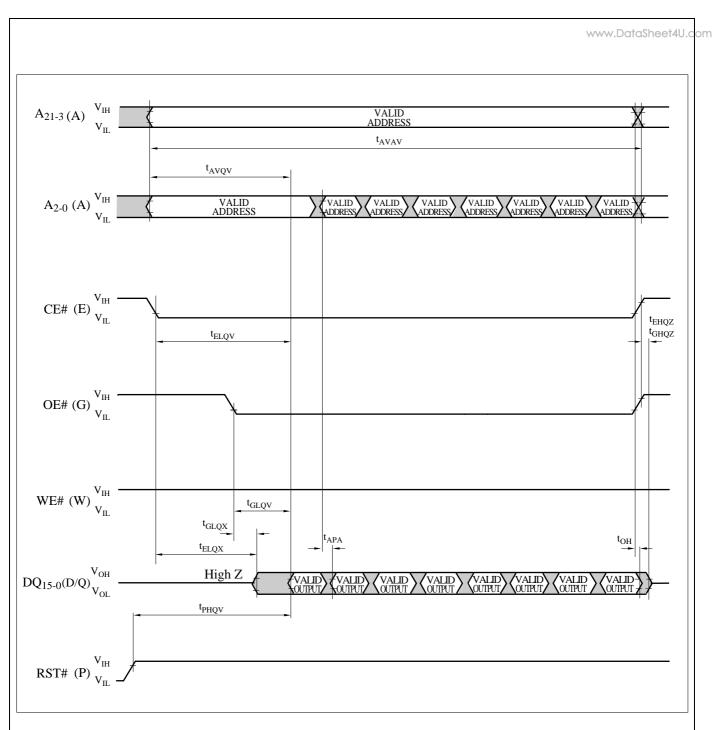


Figure 9. AC Waveform for Asynchronous 8-Word Page Mode Read Operations from Main Blocks or Parameter Blocks



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1.2.5 AC Characteristics - Write Operations^{(1), (2)}

V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V, T_{A} =-40°C to +85°C

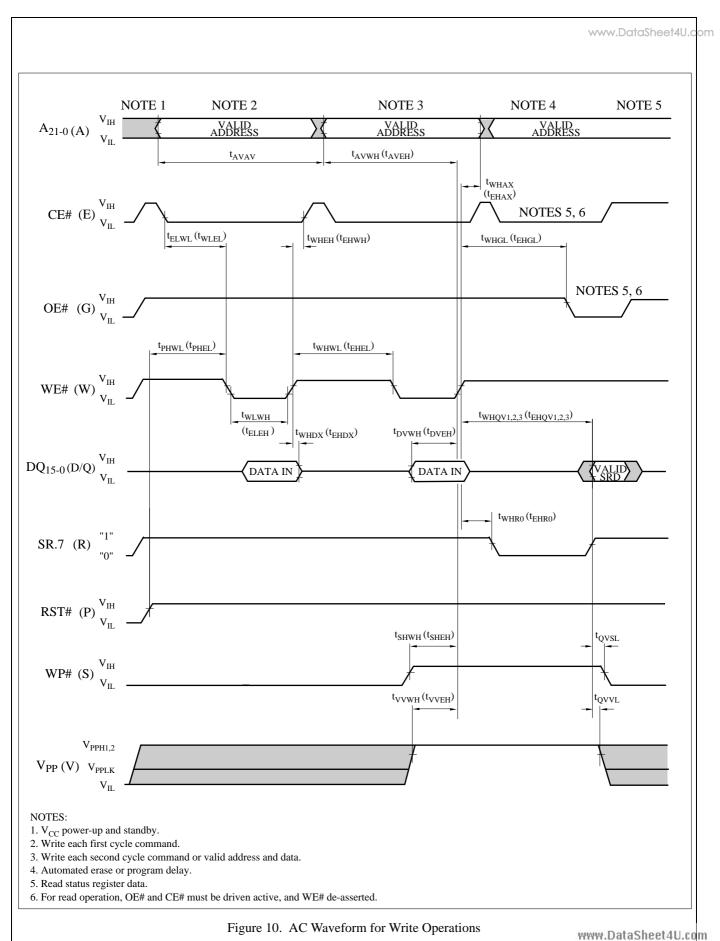
Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{AVAV}	Write Cycle Time		70		ns
t _{PHWL} (t _{PHEL})	RST# High Recovery to WE# (CE#) Going Low	3	150		ns
t _{ELWL} (t _{WLEL})	CE# (WE#) Setup to WE# (CE#) Going Low		0		ns
t _{WLWH} (t _{ELEH})	WE# (CE#) Pulse Width	4	55		ns
t _{DVWH} (t _{DVEH})	Data Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	8	40		ns
t _{AVWH} (t _{AVEH})	Address Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	8	55		ns
t _{WHEH} (t _{EHWH})	CE# (WE#) Hold from WE# (CE#) High		0		ns
t _{WHDX} (t _{EHDX})	Data Hold from WE# (CE#) High		0		ns
t _{WHAX} (t _{EHAX})	Address Hold from WE# (CE#) High		0		ns
t _{WHWL} (t _{EHEL})	WE# (CE#) Pulse Width High	5	15		ns
t _{SHWH} (t _{SHEH})	WP# High Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	3	0		ns
t _{VVWH} (t _{VVEH})	V _{PP} Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	3	200		ns
$t_{\mathrm{WHGL}} (t_{\mathrm{EHGL}})$	Write Recovery before Read		30		ns
t _{QVSL}	WP# High Hold from Valid SRD	3, 6	0		ns
t _{QVVL}	V _{PP} Hold from Valid SRD	3, 6	0		ns
$t_{\rm WHR0} (t_{\rm EHR0})$	WE# (CE#) High to SR.7 Going "0"	3, 7		t _{AVQV} + 50	ns

NOTES:

- 1. The timing characteristics for reading the status register during block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program operations are the same as during read-only operations. Refer to AC Characteristics for read-only operations.
- 2. A write operation can be initiated and terminated with either CE# or WE#.
- 3. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 4. Write pulse width (twp) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes low last) to the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first). Hence, $t_{WP} = t_{WLWH} = t_{ELEH} = t_{WLEH} = t_{ELWH}$.
- 5. Write pulse width high (t_{WPH}) is defined from the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first) to the falling
- edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes low last). Hence, t_{WPH}=t_{WHWL}=t_{EHEL}=t_{WHEL}=t_{EHWL}.

 6. V_{PP} should be held at V_{PP}=V_{PPH1/2} until determination of block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program success (SR.1/3/4/5=0).
- 7. t_{WHR0} (t_{EHR0}) after the Read Query or Read Identifier Codes/OTP command=t_{AVOV}+100ns.
- 8. Refer to Table 6 for valid address and data for block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, OTP program or lock bit configuration.





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1.2.6 Reset Operations

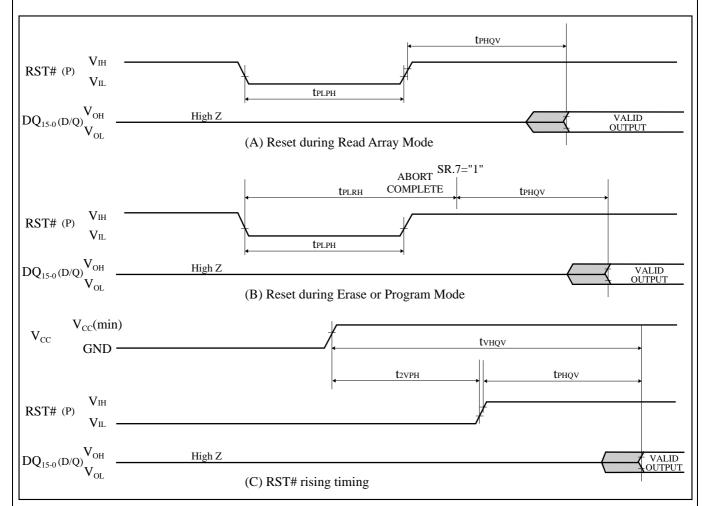


Figure 11. AC Waveform for Reset Operations

Reset AC Specifications (V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V, T_A =-40°C to +85°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{PLPH}	RST# Low to Reset during Read (RST# should be low during power-up.)	1, 2, 3	100		ns
t _{PLRH}	RST# Low to Reset during Erase or Program	1, 3, 4		22	μs
t _{2VPH}	V _{CC} 2.7V to RST# High	1, 3, 5	100		ns
t _{VHQV}	V _{CC} 2.7V to Output Delay	3		1	ms

NOTES:

- 1. A reset time, t_{PHQV} , is required from the later of SR.7 going "1" or RST# going high until outputs are valid. Refer to AC Characteristics Read-Only Operations for t_{PHQV} .
- 2. t_{PLPH} is <100ns the device may still reset but this is not guaranteed.
- 3. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 4. If RST# asserted while a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program operation is not executing, the reset will complete within 100ns.
- 5. When the device power-up, holding RST# low minimum 100ns is required after V_{CC} has been in predefined range and also has been in stable there.



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1.2.7 Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program and OTP Program Performance⁽³⁾

 V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V, T_A =-40°C to +85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Page Buffer Command is	V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} (In System)			V (In N	Unit		
			Used or not Used	Min.	Typ.(1)	Max. ⁽²⁾	Min.	Typ.(1)	Max. ⁽²⁾	
t_{WPB}	4K-Word Parameter Block	2	Not Used		0.05	0.3		0.04	0.12	S
WPB	Program Time	2	Used		0.03	0.12		0.02	0.06	S
tune	32K-Word Main Block	2	Not Used		0.38	2.4		0.31	1.0	S
t_{WMB}	Program Time	2	Used		0.24	1.0		0.17	0.5	S
t_{WHQV1}	Word Program Time	2	Not Used		11	200		9	185	μs
t_{EHQV1}	Word Frogram Time	2	Used		7	100		5	90	μs
$t_{\mathrm{WHOV1}}/$ t_{EHOV1}	OTP Program Time	2	Not Used		36	400		27	185	μs
t _{WHQV2} / t _{EHQV2}	4K-Word Parameter Block Erase Time	2	-		0.3	4		0.2	4	s
t _{WHQV3} / t _{EHQV3}	32K-Word Main Block Erase Time	2	-		0.6	5		0.5	5	s
	Full Chip Erase Time	2			80	700		65	700	S
t _{WHRH1} / t _{EHRH1}	(Page Buffer) Program Suspend Latency Time to Read	4	-		5	10		5	10	μs
t _{WHRH2} / t _{EHRH2}	Block Erase Suspend Latency Time to Read	4	-		5	20		5	20	μs
t _{ERES}	Latency Time from Block Erase Resume Command to Block Erase Suspend Command	5	-	500			500			μs

NOTES:

- 1. Typical values measured at V_{CC} =3.0V, V_{PP} =3.0V or 9.5V, and T_A =+25°C. Assumes corresponding lock bits are not set. Subject to change based on device characterization.
- 2. Excludes external system-level overhead.
- 3. Sampled, but not 100% tested.
- 4. A latency time is required from writing suspend command (WE# or CE# going high) until SR.7 going "1".
- 5. If the interval time from a Block Erase Resume command to a subsequent Block Erase Suspend command is shorter than t_{ERES} and its sequence is repeated, the block erase operation may not be finished.



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2	Related	Document	Inform	nation(1)
_	Refated	Document	ппош	nation

Document No.	Document Name
FUM00701	LH28F640BF series Appendix

NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales offices.



3 Package and packing specification

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[Applicability]

This specification applies to IC package of the LEAD-FREE delivered as a standard specification.

1. Storage Conditions.

- 1-1. Storage conditions required before opening the dry packing.
 - Normal temperature : 5~40°C
 - Normal humidity: 80% (Relative humidity) max.
 - *"Humidity" means "Relative humidity"

1-2. Storage conditions required after opening the dry packing.

In order to prevent moisture absorption after opening, ensure the following storage conditions apply:

- (1) Storage conditions for one-time soldering. (Convection reflow*1, IR/Convection reflow.*1, or Manual soldering.)
 - · Temperature : 5~25℃
 - · Humidity: 60% max.
 - · Period: 72 hours max. after opening.
- (2) Storage conditions for two-time soldering. (Convection reflow.*1, IR/Convection reflow.*1)
 - a. Storage conditions following opening and prior to performing the 1st reflow.
 - Temperature : 5~25℃
 - · Humidity: 60% max.
 - · Period: 72 hours max. after opening.
 - b. Storage conditions following completion of the 1st reflow and prior to performing the 2nd reflow.
 - Temperature : 5~25°C
 - · Humidity: 60% max.
 - Period: 72 hours max. after completion of the 1st reflow.

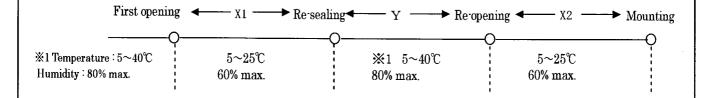
1-3. Temporary storage after opening.

To re-store the devices before soldering, do so only once and use a dry box or place desiccant (with a blue humidity indicator) with the devices and perform dry packing again using heat-sealing.

The storage period, temperature and humidity must be as follows:

(1) Storage temperature and humidity.

※1 : External atmosphere temperature and humidity of the dry packing.



- (2) Storage period.
 - X1+X2: Refer to Section 1-2(1) and (2)a, depending on the mounting method.
 - Y : Two weeks max.

^{*1:}Air or nitrogen environment.

31

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2. Baking Condition.

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- (1) Situations requiring baking before mounting.
 - Storage conditions exceed the limits specified in Section 1-2 or 1-3.
 - · Humidity indicator in the desiccant was already red (pink) when opened. (Also for re-opening.)
- (2) Recommended baking conditions.
 - · Baking temperature and period :

 120° C for $16\sim24$ hours.

- · The above baking conditions apply since the trays are heat-resistant.
- (3) Storage after baking.
 - · After baking, store the devices in the environment specified in Section 1-2 and mount immediately.
- 3. Surface mount conditions.

The following soldering condition are recommended to ensure device quality.

- 3-1. Soldering.
- (1) Convection reflow or IR/Convection. (one-time soldering or two-time soldering in air or nitrogen environment)
 - · Temperature and period:

A) Peak temperature.

250°C max.

B) Heating temperature.

40 to 60 seconds as 220℃

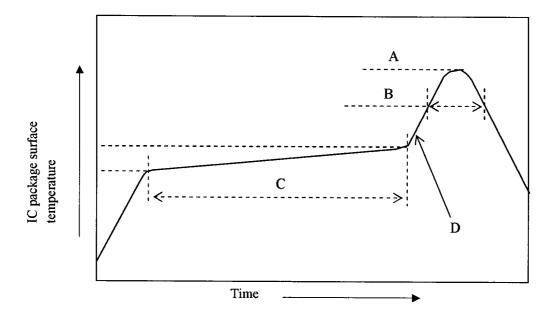
C) Preheat temperature.

It is 150 to 200°C, and is 120±30 seconds

D) Temperature increase rate.

It is 1 to 3°C/seconds

- Measuring point: IC package surface.
- · Temperature profile:



SHARP 32

(2) Manual soldering (soldering iron) (one-time soldering only) Soldering iron should only touch the IC's outer leads.

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· Temperature and period:

350℃ max. for 3 seconds / pin max.

(Soldering iron should only touch the IC's outer leads.)

Measuring point: Soldering iron tip.

4. Condition for removal of residual flax.

(1) Ultrasonic washing power: 25 watts / liter max.

(2) Washing time: Total 1 minute max.

(3) Solvent temperature: $15\sim40^{\circ}$ C

5. Package outline specification.

Refer to the attached drawing.

(Plastic body dimensions do not include burr of resin.)

The contents of LEAD-FREE TYPE application of the specifications. (*2)

6. Markings.

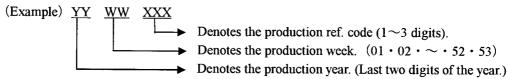
6-1. Marking details. (The information on the package should be given as follows.)

(1) Product name

: LH28F640BFHE-PBTL70A

(2) Company name : SHARP

(3) Date code



"JAPAN" indicates the country of origin.

6-2. Marking layout.

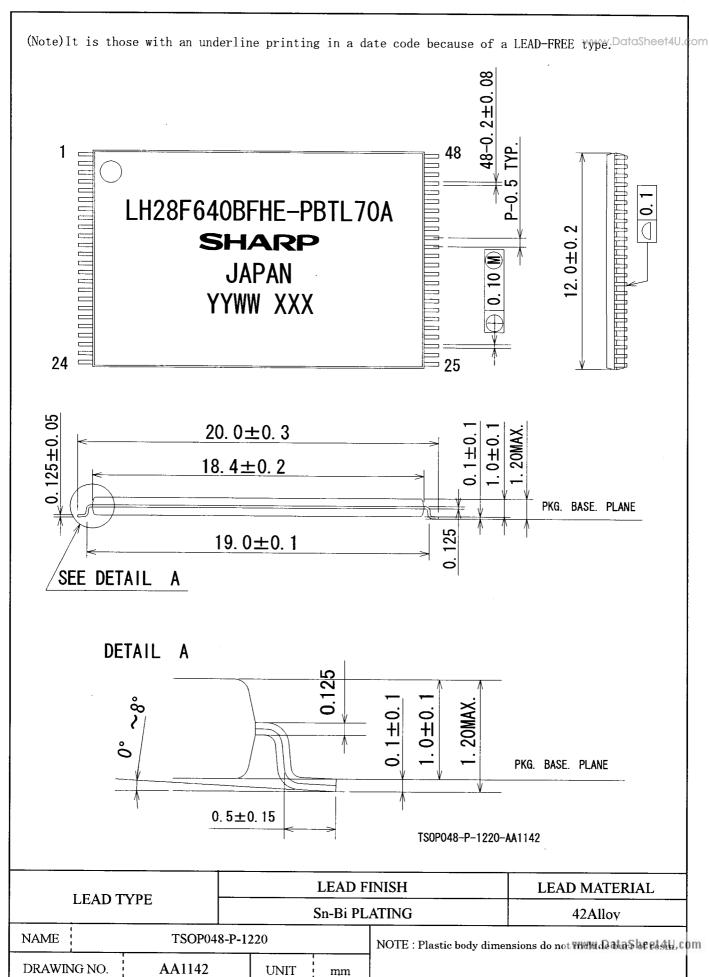
The layout is shown in the attached drawing.

(However, this layout does not specify the size of the marking character and marking position.)

*2 The contents of LEAD-FREE TYPE application of the specifications.

LEAD FINISH or BALL TYPE	LEAD-FREE TYPE (Sn-Bi)
DATE CODE	They are those with an underline under YYWW XXX
The word of " LEAD FREE" is printed on the packing label	Printed







 $7. Packing \ Specifications \ (Dry \ packing \ for \ surface \ mount \ packages.)$

7-1. Packing materials.

Material name	Material specifications	Purpose	
Inner carton	Cardboard (960 devices / inner carton max.)	Packing the devices. (10 trays / inner carton)	
Tray	Conductive plastic (96 devices / tray)	Securing the devices.	
Upper cover tray	Conductive plastic (1 tray / inner carton)	Securing the devices.	
Laminated aluminum bag	Aluminum polyethylene	Keeping the devices dry.	
Desiccant	Silica gel	Keeping the devices dry.	
Label	Paper	Indicates part number, quantity, and packed date.	
PP band	Polypropylene (3 pcs. / inner carton)	Securing the devices.	
Outer carton	Cardboard (3840 devices / outer carton max.)	Outer packing.	

(Devices must be placed on the tray in the same direction.)

7-2. Outline dimension of tray.

Refer to the attached drawing.

7-3. Outline dimension of carton.

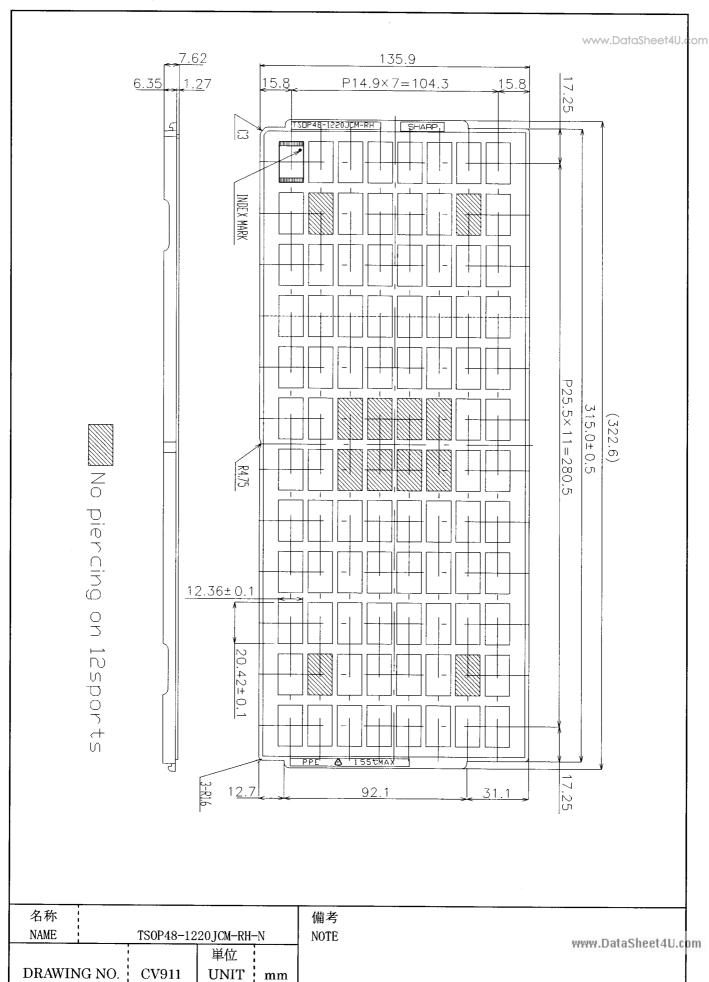
Refer to the attached drawing.

TYPE-A and TYPE-B exist as a packing-case.

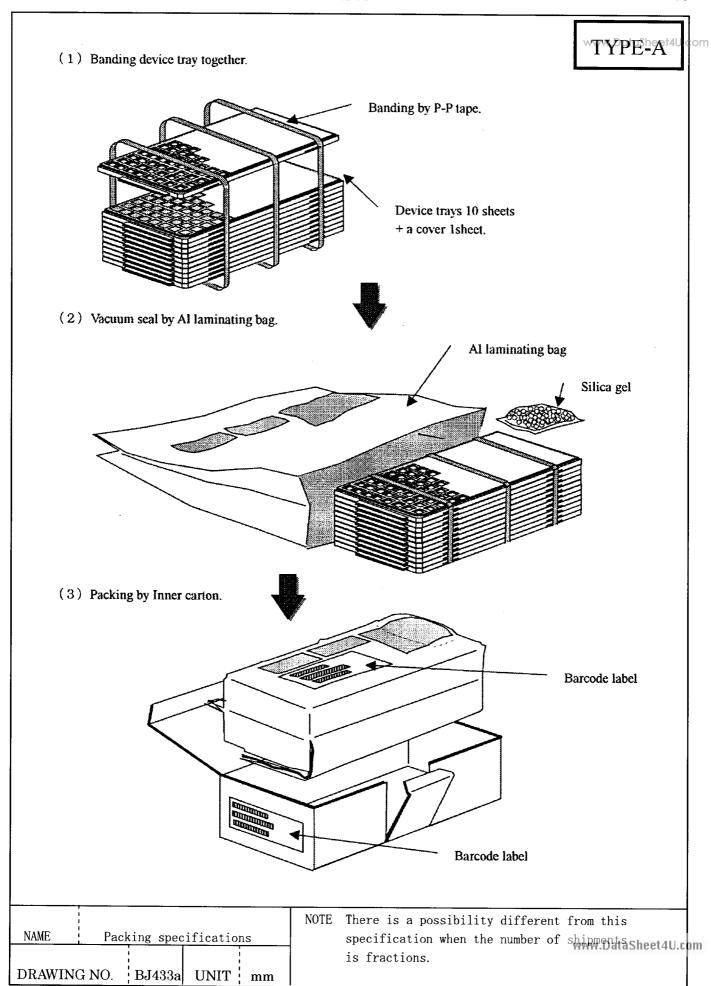
- 8. Precautions for use.
 - Opening must be done on an anti-ESD treated workbench.
 All workers must also have undergone anti-ESD treatment.
 - (2) The trays have undergone either conductive or anti-ESD treatment.

 If another tray is used, make sure it has also undergone conductive or anti-ESD treatment.
 - (3) The devices should be mounted the devices within one year of the date of delivery.

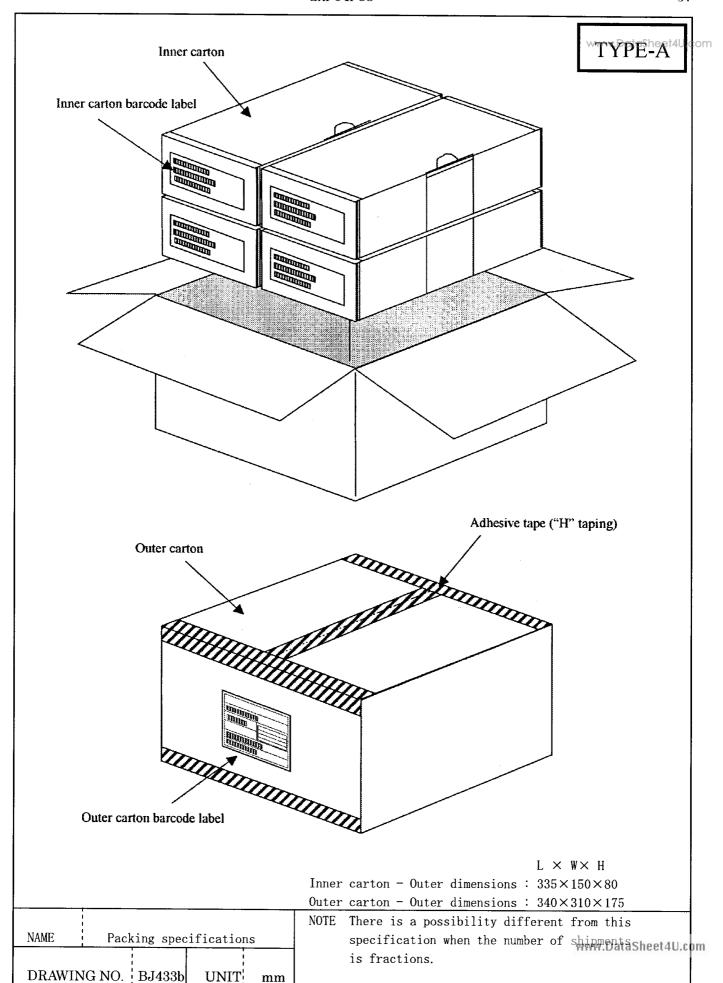




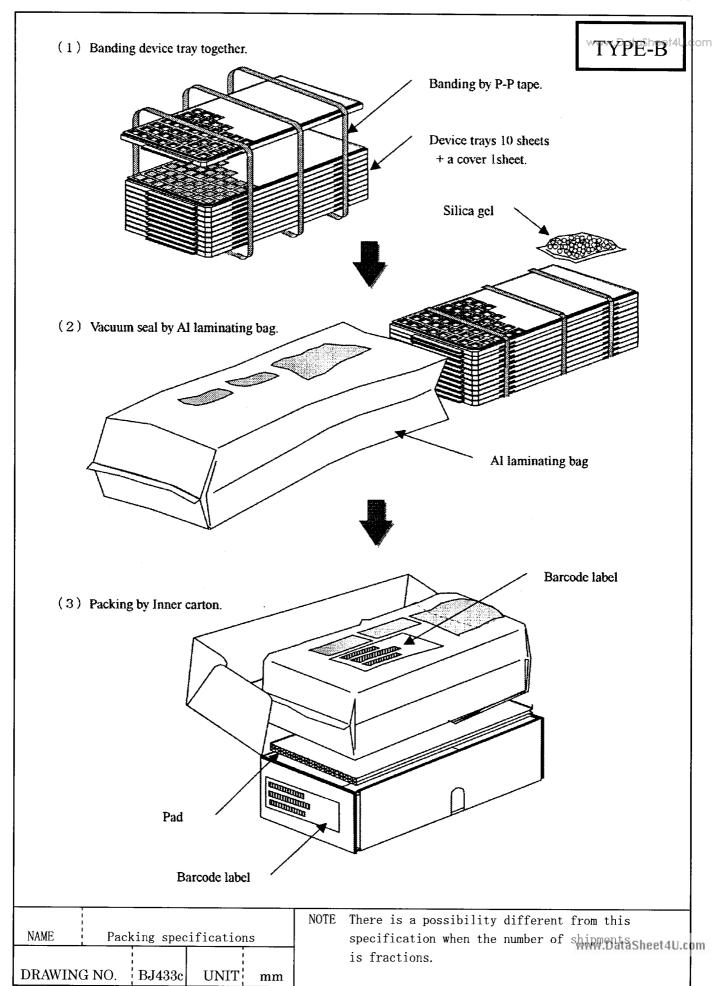




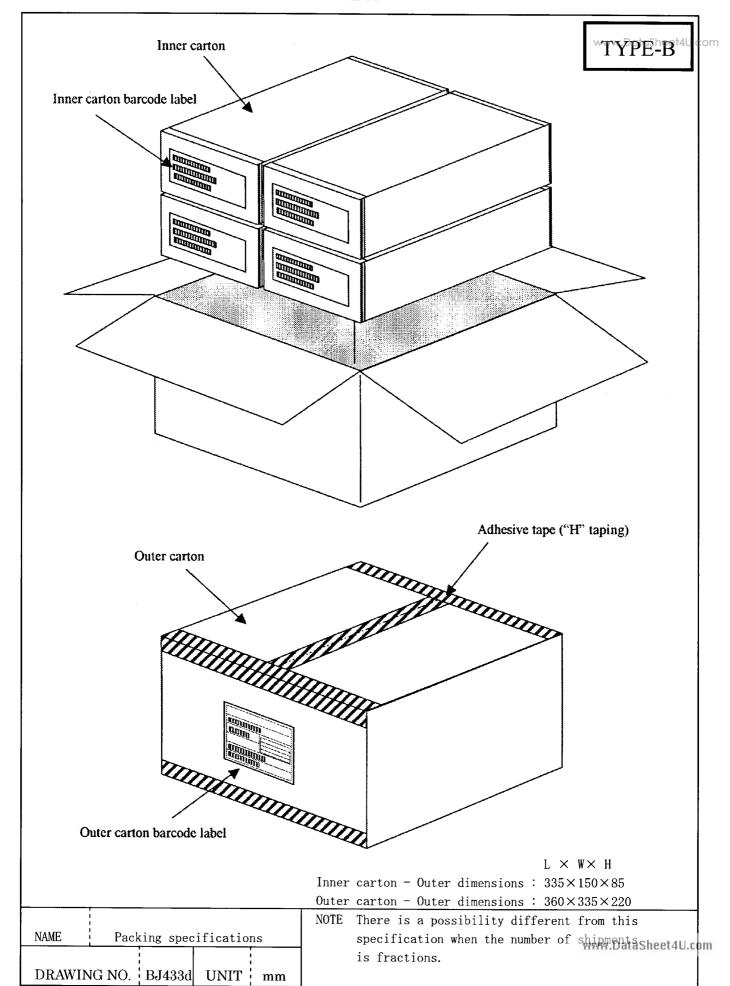




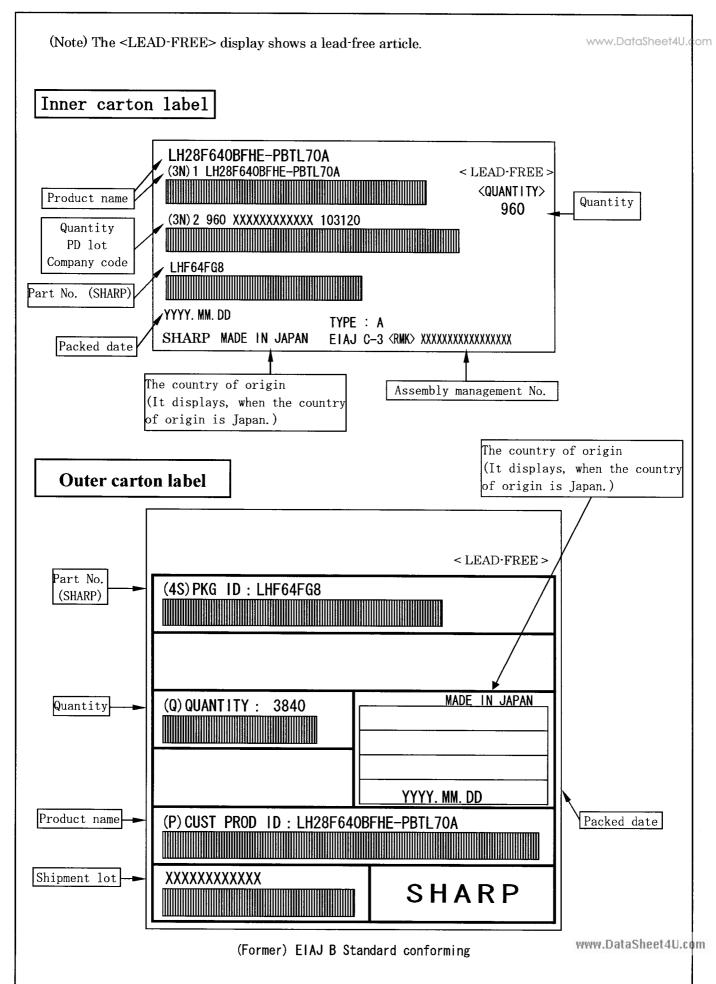














LH28F640BFXX-XXXXXX Flash MEMORY ERRATA

1. Electrical Specifications

PROBLEM

The table below summarizes the Operating Conditions.

Electrical Specifications - Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Max.	Unit
V _{CC} Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.3	V
I/O Supply Voltage	V _{CCQ}	3.3	V
V _{PP} Voltage when Used as a Logic Control	V _{PPH1}	3.3	V

WORKAROUND

 V_{CC} Supply Voltage, I/O Supply Voltage and V_{PP} Voltage when Used as a Logic Control should not be over 3.3V.

STATUS

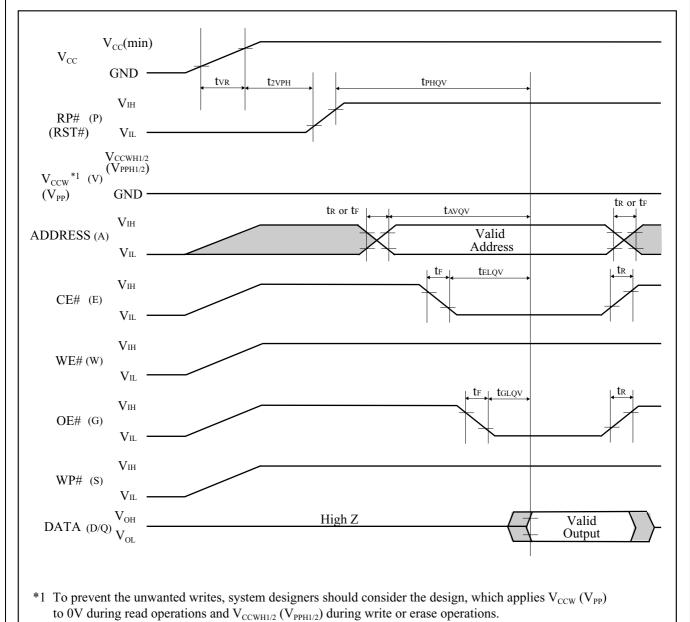
This is intended to be fixed in future devices.



A-1 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

A-1.1 At Device Power-Up

AC timing illustrated in Figure A-1 is recommended for the supply voltages and the control signals at device power-up. If the timing in the figure is ignored, the device may not operate correctly.



See the application note AP-007-SW-E for details.

Figure A-1. AC Timing at Device Power-Up

For the AC specifications t_{VR} , t_R , t_F in the figure, refer to the next page. See the "ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS" described in specifications for the supply voltage range, the operating temperature and the AC specifications not shown in the next page.





A-1.1.1 Rise and Fall Time

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{VR}	V _{CC} Rise Time		0.5	30000	μs/V
t _R	Input Signal Rise Time			1	μs/V
t _F	Input Signal Fall Time			1	μs/V

NOTES:

- 1. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 2. This specification is applied for not only the device power-up but also the normal operations.



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A-1.2 Glitch Noises

Do not input the glitch noises which are below V_{IH} (Min.) or above V_{IL} (Max.) on address, data, reset, and control signals, as shown in Figure A-2 (b). The acceptable glitch noises are illustrated in Figure A-2 (a).

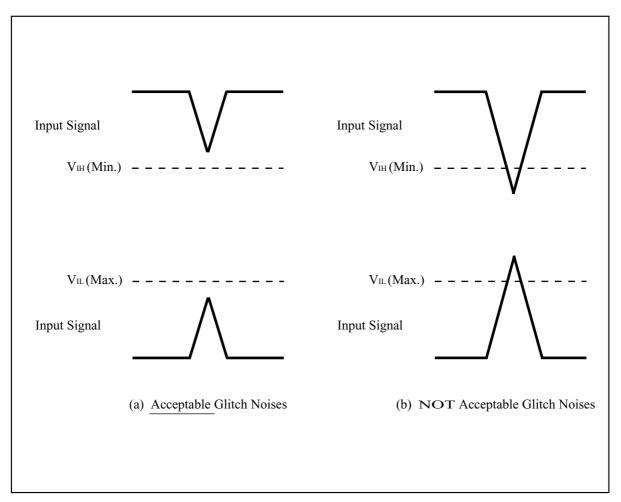


Figure A-2. Waveform for Glitch Noises

See the "DC CHARACTERISTICS" described in specifications for V_{IH} (Min.) and V_{IL} (Max.).



iv

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A-2 RELATED DOCUMENT INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

Document No.	Document Name	
AP-001-SD-E	Flash Memory Family Software Drivers	
AP-006-PT-E	Data Protection Method of SHARP Flash Memory	
AP-007-SW-E	RP#, V _{PP} Electric Potential Switching Circuit	

NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales office.



A-3 STATUS REGISTER READ OPERATIONS

If AC timing for reading the status register described in specifications is not satisfied, a system processor can check the status register bit SR.15 instead of SR.7 to determine when the erase or program operation has been completed.

Table A-3-1. Status Register Definition (SR.15 and SR.7)

$SR.15 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS: (DQ_{15})$

- 1 = Ready in All Partitions
- 0 = Busy in Any Partition

SR.7 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS FOR EACH PARTITION: (DQ₇)

- 1 = Ready in the Addressed Partition
- 0 = Busy in the Addressed Partition

NOTES:

SR.15 indicates the status of WSM (Write State Machine). If SR.15="0", erase or program operation is in progress in any partition.

SR.7 indicates the status of the partition. If SR.7="0", erase or program operation is in progress in the addressed partition. Even if the SR.7 is "1", the WSM may be occupied by the other partition.

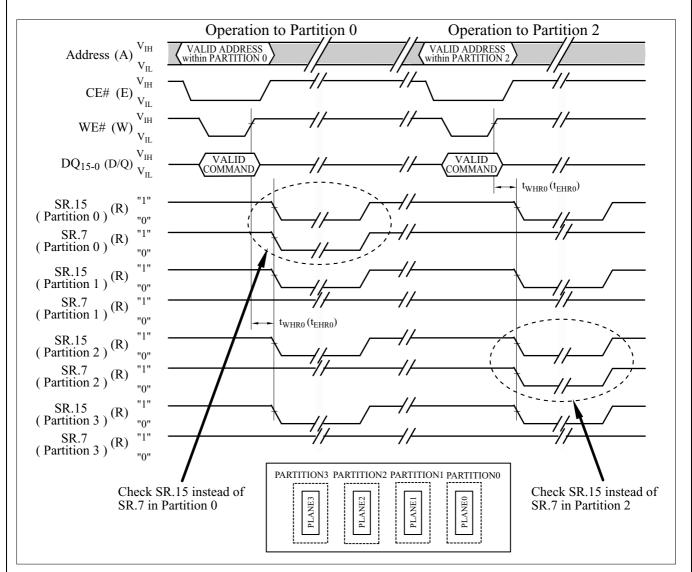


Figure A-3-1. Example of Checking the Status Register (In this example, the device contains four partitions.)

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