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		SHARP CORPORATION	AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY
		SPECIFICATION	GROUP

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

TFT-LCD module

MODEL No. LK315T3LZ93

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	
DATE	,
	PRESENTED
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	SHARP CORPORATION



RECORDS OF REVISION

 $MODEL\ No.: LK315T3LZ93$

SPEC No.: LD-19Z12

	o. : LD-19Z1				
DATE	NO.	REVISED No.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
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1. Application

This specification applies to the color 31.5" Wide XGA TFT-LCD module LK315T3LZ93.

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT ($\underline{\text{Thin }}\underline{\text{Film }}\underline{\text{T}}$ ransistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a $1366 \times \text{RGB} \times 768$ dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS ($\underline{\text{Low }}\underline{\text{V}}$ oltage $\underline{\text{D}}$ ifferential $\underline{\text{S}}$ ignaling) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit .In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

By using the captioned process, the image signals of this LCD module are being set so that image response can be completed within one frame, as a result, image blur can be improved and clear image performance can be realized.

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	
Display size	80.039 (Diagonal)	cm	
Display size	31.5 (Diagonal)	inch	
Active area	697.69 (H) x 392.26 (V)	mm	
Pixel Format	1366 (H) x 768 (V)	nivol	
Fixer Format	(1pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixel	
Pixel pitch	0.51075(H) x 0.51075 (V)	mm	
Pixel configuration	R,G, B vertical stripe		
Display mode	Normally black		
Unit Outline Dimensions (*1)	760.0(W) x 450.0(H) x 50.1(D)	mm	
Mass	6.5±0.5	kg	
Surface treatment	Anti glare		
Surface treatment	Hard coating: 3H		

^(*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT panel driving

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CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply) (Shown in Fig.1)

Using connector : FI-X30SSL-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.) or equivalent

Mating connector : FI-X30H/FI-X30HL, FI-X30C/FI-X30C2L

or FI-X30M (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Mating LVDS transmitter: THC63LVDM83R or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
4	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
5	GND	GND	
6	GND	GND	
7	GND	GND	
8	GND	GND	
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note 1]	Default : Pull down (L:GND) [Note 2]
10	Reserved	Not Available	
11	GND	Ground	
12	RIN0-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
13	RIN0+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
14	GND	Ground	
15	RIN1-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
16	RIN1+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
17	GND	Ground	
18	RIN2-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
19	RIN2+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
20	GND	Ground	
21	CLKIN-	Clock Signal(-)	LVDS
22	CLKIN+	Clock Signal(+)	LVDS
23	GND	Ground	
24	RIN3-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
25	RIN3+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
26	GND	Ground	
27	Reserved	Not Available	
28	Reserved	Not Available	
29	Reserved	Not Available	
30	Reserved	Not Available	

[Note]GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

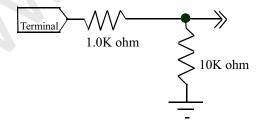
[Note 1]SELLVDS

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Transmitter		SELLVDS		
Pin No	Data	=L(GND) or Open	=H(3.3V)	
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	R2	
52	TA1	R1	R3	
54	TA2	R2	R4	
55	TA3	R3	R5	
56	TA4	R4	R6	
3	TA5	R5	R7(MSB)	
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	G2	
6	TB0	G1	G3	
7	TB1	G2	G4	
11	TB2	G3	G5	
12	TB3	G4	G6	
14	TB4	G5	G7(MSB)	
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	B2	
19	TB6	B1	В3	
20	TC0	B2	B4	
22	TC1	В3	B5	
23	TC2	B4	B6	
24	TC3	B5	B7(MSB)	
27	TC4	NA	NA	
28	TC5	NA	NA	
30	TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)	
50	TD0	R6	R0(LSB)	
2	TD1	R7(MSB)	R1	
8	TD2	G6	G0(LSB)	
10	TD3	G7(MSB)	G1	
16	TD4	B6	B0(LSB)	
18	TD5	B7(MSB)	B1	
25	TD6	NA	NA	

NA: Not Available

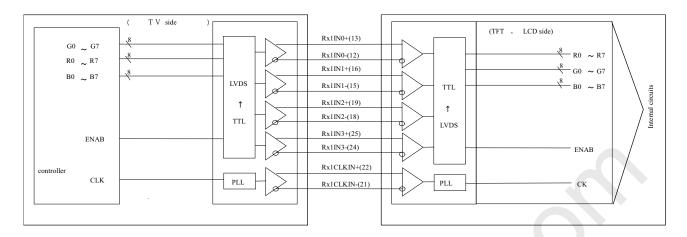
[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal

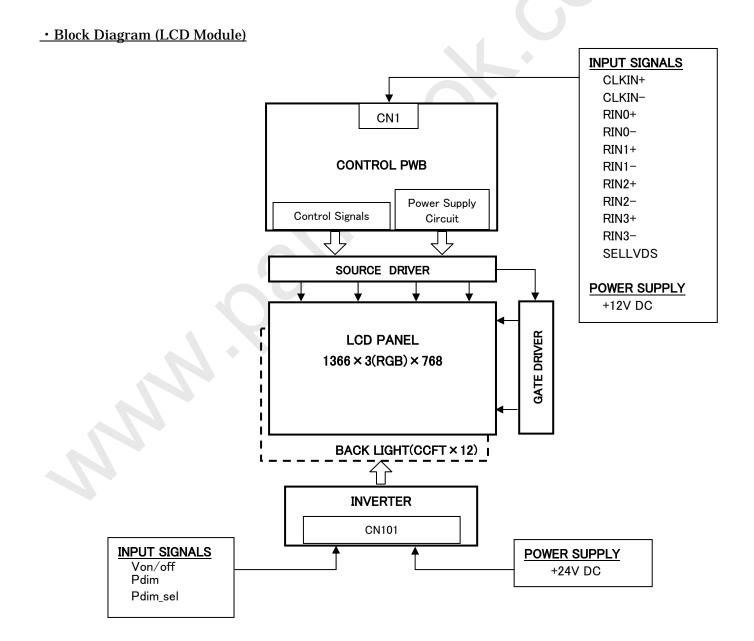


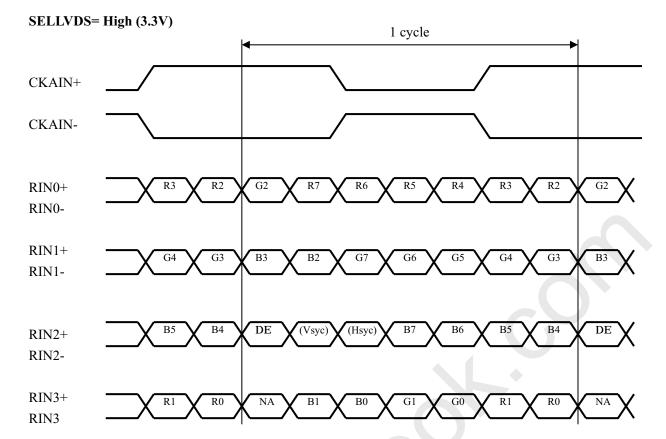
^(*) Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High."

· Interface block diagram

Corresponding Transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device

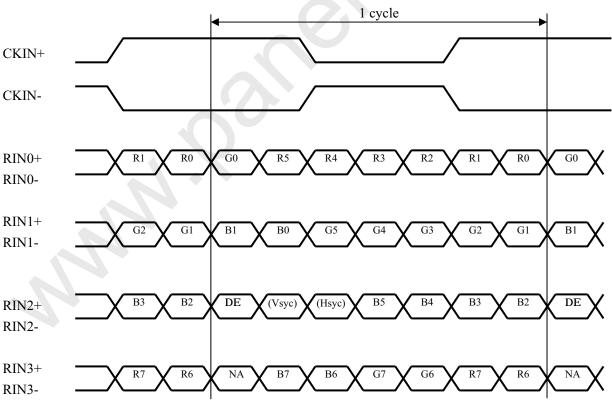






SELLVDS= Low(GND) or Open

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DE: Display Enable, Vsyc: Vertical Sync, Hsyc: Horizontal Sync

NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

4-2. Backlight driving

CN101 (Inverter control)

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Using connector: B14B-PH-SM3-TB(JST)

Mating connector: PHR-14 (JST)

		· /			
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default(OPEN)	Input Impedance	Remark
1	Vinv	+24V	-		
2	Vinv	+24V	-		
3	Vinv	+24V	-		
4	Vinv	+24V	-		
5	Vinv	+24V	-		
6	GND		-		
7	GND		-		
8	GND		-		
9	GND		-		
10	GND		-		
11	Reserved	OPEN			
12	Von/off	Inverter ON/OFF	3.3V : pull up Inverter ON 22k ohm		[Note 1]
13	Pdim	Brightness Control 2	3.3V : pull up Duty 100%	: pull up 100k ohm [N	
14	Pdim_sel	PWM selection	3.3V : pull up Selected Analog PWM	ap 60k ohm [No	

[Note 1] Inverter ON/OFF

Input voltage	Function
3.3V	Inverter: ON (Default)
0V	Inverter: OFF

[Note 2] PWM selection

Pin No.14 is used for the selection of dimming control for Pdim pin (Pin No.13).

Input voltage	Pdim	
0V	Pulse PWM	
3.3V	Analog PWM	

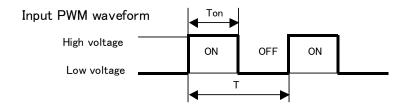
[Note 3]Brightness Control (Pulse PWM Dimming)

1. Pulse PWM Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the control of the PWM duty with input pulse from 100Hz to 350Hz.

Ta=25°C

Pulse signal			Function
MIN	TYP	MAX	DUTY(Ton/T) 30%: Dark - 100%: Bright
100	165	350	DOT 1 (10N/1) 30%: Dark - 100%: Bright



High: 2.3~3.3V / $Low: 0\sim1.0V$

[Reference] The characteristic of the pulse PWM duty vs dimming level

DUTY(T _{ON} /T)	Dimming level
	(luminance ratio)
30%	18%
40%	29%
50%	41%
60%	54%
70%	65%
80%	77%
90%	88%
100%	100%

Input Condition Pulse Signal=165Hz Ta=25°C

(*)Minimum dimming level defined according to acceptable uniformity.

Without this limitation, minimum acceptable duty cycle is 30%.

2. Analog PWM Dimming

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Pin No.13 is used for the dimming control with input voltage from 0 to 3.3V.

(when Analog PWM is selected with Pin 14.)

Ta=25°C

	MIN	TYP	MAX	Function
Input voltage [V]	0	<->	3.3	0V: Dark - 3.3V: Bright
Brightness ratio [%]	20	<->	100	

[Note] PWM frequency: 165±10Hz

4-3. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 12 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Life time	$T_{ m L}$	50000	60000	-	Hour	[Note]

[Note] • Lamp life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C and brightness control(V_{BRT}=3.3V).

• This definition is valid with the condition that the module is placed horizontally. (The wide side of the module should be parallel to the ground.)

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Control)	Vı	Ta=25 ℃	- 0.3 ∼ 5.0	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply voltage (for Control)	VCC	Ta=25 °C	0~+15	V	
Input voltage (for Inverter)	VBRT Von	Ta=25 °C	0~+6.0	V	
+24V supply voltage (for Inverter)	V_{INV}	Ta=25 ℃	0 ~ +29	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ∼ +60	$^{\circ}$	DI (21
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Topa	-	0 ~ +50	$^{\circ}$	[Note 2]

[Note 1]SELLVDS

[Note 2]Humidity 95%RH Max.($Ta \le 40^{\circ}$ C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less.(Ta>40 °C)

No condensation.



6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1. Control circuit driving

Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C

Pa	ramete	er	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Uniit	Remark
Supply voltage			Vcc	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply	Curre	nt dissipation	Icc	-	340	(600)	mA	[Note 2]
voltage			I_{RUSH}	-	2.1-	1	A	[Note 7]
			T_{RUSH}	-	0.4-	1	ms	[Note 7]
Permissible in	nput ri	pple voltage	V_{RP}	-	-	100	mV_{P-P}	Vcc = +12.0V
Differential i	nput	High	V_{TH}	-	-	100	mV	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$
threshold vol	tage	Low	V_{TL}	-100	-	-	mV	[Note 4]
Input I	Low vo	oltage	$V_{\rm IL}$	0	ı	0.7	V	[Note 3]
Input I	ligh v	oltage	V_{IH}	2.6	ı	3.3	V	[Note 3]
Input look	, ourro	nt (Low)	IIL			400	1	\square $V_I = 0V$
Input leak current (Low)			IIL	-	-	400	μΑ	[Note 3]
Input leak current (High)			Iін			100	^	$V_I = 3.3V$
input ieak	Culle	iii (11igii)	ин		-	100	μA	[Note 3]
Termi	nal res	sistor	RT	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input

 $[Note] V_{\text{CM}}\hbox{: } Common\ mode\ voltage\ of\ LVDS\ driver.$

[Note 1]

Input voltage sequences

 $0\!<\!t1\!\leqq\!10ms$

 $0 < t2-1 \le 20 \text{ms}$

t2-2≧10ms

t5≧200ms

 $0 < t3 \le 1s$

 $t4 \ge 1s$

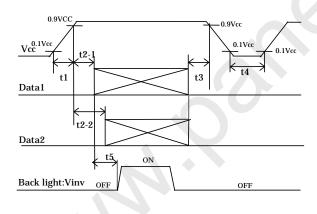
Dip conditions for supply voltage

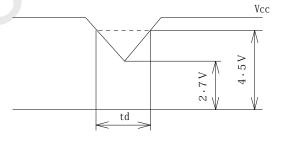
a)
$$9.1V \le Vcc < 10.8V$$

td≦10ms

b) Vcc < 9.1V

Dip conditions for supply voltage is based on input voltage sequence.

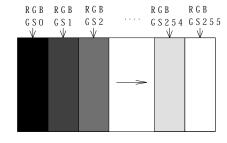




- \times Data1:CLKIN \pm ,RIN0 \pm ,RIN1 \pm ,RIN2 \pm ,RIN3 \pm
- Data2: SELLVDS
- * About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence.

When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2]Typical current situation: 256 gray-bar pattern (Vcc = +12.0V) The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.

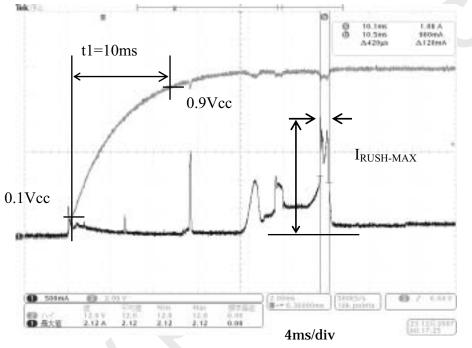


Vcc=+12.0VCK = 82.0MHzTh=20.67 μ s

[Note 3]SELLVDS

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[Note 4]CLKIN+/CLKIN-, RIN0+/RIN0-, RIN1+/RIN1-, RIN2+/RIN2-, RIN3+/RIN3-, [Note 5]The Rush current corrugation at the time of power on



Input voltage conditions Vcc=+12V

T1=10ms

 I_{RUSH} (500mA/div)

6-2. Inverter driving for back light

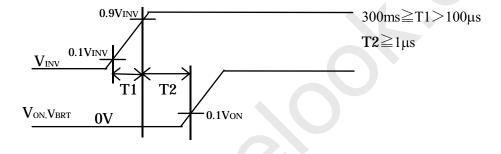
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The back light system is direct type with 12 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

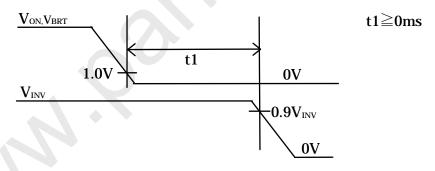
Ta=25°C

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	Current dissipation1	Inv 1	-	4.7	(5.7)	A	$V_{\rm INV} = 24V$
+24V	Current dissipation2	IINV 2		3.7	(4.3)	A	VBRT = 3.3V [Note 1,2]
	Supply voltage	Vinv	22.5	24.0	25.5	V	[1000 1,2]
Per	missible input ripple voltage	Vrf	-	-	(800)	mV_{p-p}	$V_{INV} = 24V$
Iı	nput voltage (Low)	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle m ONL}$	0	ı	1.0	V	Von
Ir	nput voltage (High)	V_{ONH}	2.3	Ī	3.3	V	VOII
Brig	htness control voltage		0	\rightarrow	3.3	V	
Brig	Brightness control voltage vs		0	\rightarrow	3.3	V	$ m V_{BRT}$
	Brightness level (Reference value)		20	\rightarrow	100	%	

[Note 1]1)VINV-turn-on condition



2) Vinv-turn-off condition



Current dissipation 1 : Definition within 60 minutes after turn on. (Rush current is excluded.) Current dissipation 2: Definition more than 60minutes after turn on.

[Note 3] The inverter unit is driving at the following drive frequency.

Lamp driving frequency: 41kHz Burst dimmer frequency: 165Hz

There is possibility that the display problem of the backlights such as flicker, blinking, etc by the interference of the above inverter driving frequency and the LCD driving frequency will occur.

In setting of a LCD driving frequency, we recommend to set for the no interference with the above frequency to occur.

7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7-1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	64	82	85	MHz
	Horizontal period	TH	1540	1696	1940	clock
	Horizontai period	111	20.2	20.67	-	μs
Data enable signal	Horizontal period (High)	THd	1366	1366	1366	clock
	Vertical period	TV	778	806	972	line
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	768	768	768	line

[Note] When vertical period is very long, flicker may occur.

Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.

As for the your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.

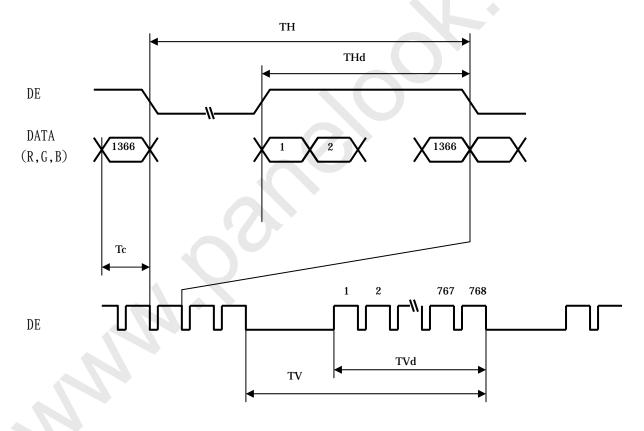
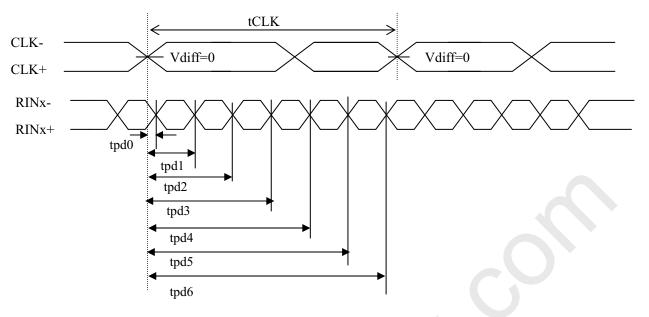


Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals

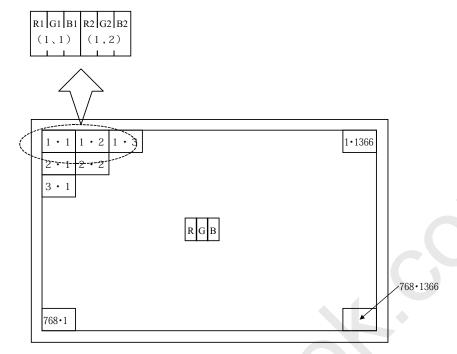
7-2 LVDS signal characteristics



	The item	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 0	tpd0	-0.25	0	0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 1	tpd1	1* t clk/7-0.25	1* t clk/7	1* t clk/7+0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 2	tpd2	2* t clk/7-0.25	2* t clk/7	2* t clk/7+0.25	
Data	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 3	tpd3	3* t clk/7-0.25	3* t clk/7	3* t clk/7+0.25	ns
position	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 4	tpd4	4* t clk/7-0.25	4* t clk/7	4* t clk/7+0.25	115
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 5	tpd5	5* t clk/7-0.25	5* t clk/7	5* t clk/7+0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 6	tpd6	6* t clk/7-0.25	6* t clk/7	6* t clk/7+0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 7	tpd7	7* t clk/7-0.25	7* t clk/7	7* t clk/7+0.25	

7-3. Input data signal and display position on the screen

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Display Position of Data (V,H)

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LD-19Z12-14

8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

0,12	iput Sigi	,		- 15 P	1003	0 010	15 40		22 43	~ ~ ~	.10 0			sign												
	Colors & Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0			G3		G5	G6	G7	В0	В1	B2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7
	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lor	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
; Co]	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Color	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fRe	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le oi	Û	\downarrow					L							1	1							`	V			
Gray Scale of Red	Û	\downarrow				\	/							\	L							`	V			
Gray	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ue	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gre	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	仓	V				1	L							1	L							`	V			
Scal	Û	\downarrow				\	L							1	l							•	V			
iray	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ē	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blu	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
le of	Û	V					L							1	L							`	V			
Gray Scale of Blue	Û	V				\	-							\	l							`	V			
ìray	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{0:} Low level voltage,

^{1:} High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical characteristics

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13	a=25 C, V	$cc = +12V$, V_{INV}	= +24 V,	Pdim=3.3	V, Pdim_s	sel=3.3 V,	Typ.	timing va	lue

Paran	neter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing angle	Horizontal	θ 21 θ 22	CR≧10	70	88	-	Deg.	Dista1 41	
range	Vertical	θ 11 θ 12	CR≦10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]	
Contras	st ratio	CRn		1500	2000	-		[Note2,4]	
Dagman	a tima	τd		-	6	-	ma	[Noto2 4]	
Respons	se time	τr		-	6	-	ms	[Note3,4]	
Chromatici	ty of white	X		0.242	0.272	0.302	-		
Cilioniatici	ly of wifite	y		0.247	0.277	0.307	-		
Chromatic	ity of red	X		0.610	0.640	0.670	-		
Cilioniatic	nty of fed	y		0.300	0.330	0.360	-	[Note 4]	
Chromatici	ty of green	X	$\theta = 0 \text{ deg.}$	0.250	0.280	0.310	-	[1000 4]	
Cilioniatici	ly of green	y		0.570	0.600	0.630	-		
Chromatic	ity of blue	X		0.120	0.150	0.180	-		
Cinomatic	ity of olde	y		0.030	0.060	0.090	-		
Luminance	white	Y_{L1}		400	500	-	cd/m ²	[Note 4]	
	black	Y_{L2}		-	0.42	0.65	cd/m ²	[11010 4]	
Luminance	white	δ w		-	-	1.25		[Note 5]	
uniformity	black	δ B		- 7		1.6			

Measurement condition : Set the value of V_{BRT} to maximum luminance of white.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

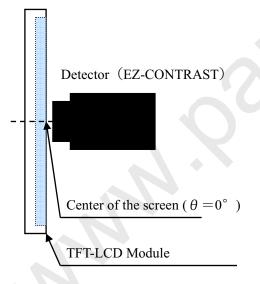


Fig.3-1 Measurement of viewing angle range.

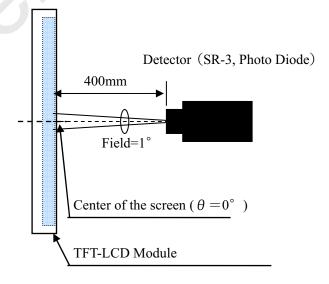
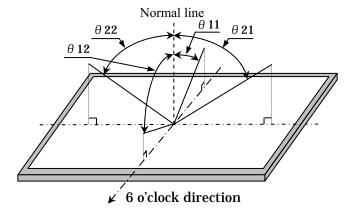


Fig.3-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity and Response time. (Contrast, Luminance and Chromaticity: SR-3, Response time: Photo Diode).

^{*}The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note 1]Definitions of viewing angle range :



$[Note\ 2] Definition\ of\ contrast\ ratio:$

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

[Note 3]Definition of response time

The response time (τd and τr) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)" and "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)".

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr: 0%-25%	tr: 0%-50%	tr: 0%-75%	tr: 0%-100%
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr: 25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td: 100%-75%	

t*:x-y...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

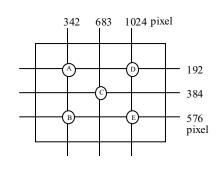
$$\tau \mathbf{r} = \Sigma(\text{tr:x-y})/10$$
, $\tau \mathbf{d} = \Sigma(\text{td:x-y})/10$

[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5]Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A \sim E)

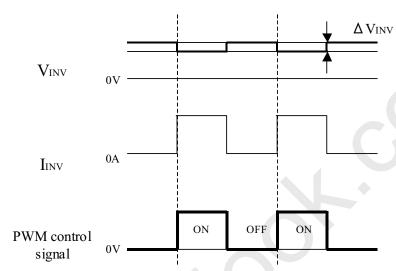
$$\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$



10. Handling Precautions of the module

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- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage. Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.
- c) Brightness control voltage is switched for "ON" and "OFF", as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching, $\Delta VINV$, may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.



Brightness control voltage. Fig.4

- d) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or
- e) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- f) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- g) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- h) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) Please consider to minimize the influence of EMI and the exogenous noise before designing the grounding of LCD module.
- k) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- 1) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- m) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc.. So, please avoid such design.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) Connect a module frame to GND.



11. Packing form

a) Piling number of cartons: 3 maximum

b) Packing quantity in one carton:10 pcs.

c) Carton size: 900 (W) \times 870 (D) \times 681 (H)

d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 95 kg(Max) $\,$

12. Reliability test item

	<u> </u>	
No.	Test item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25°C 240h
3	High temperature and high humidity	Ta=40℃;95%RH 240h
	operation test	(No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 240h
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h
	Vibration test	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm
6	(non-operation)	: 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s ²
0		Sweep time: 11 minutes
		Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)
	Shock test	Maximum acceleration: 490m/s ²
7	(non-operation)	Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave
	(non-operation)	Direction: +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z, once for each direction.
		* At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect
		operation and destruction.
		(1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge ±10kV
8	ESD	Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV
		(2)Operation Contact electric discharge ±8kV
		Non-contact electric discharge ±15kV
		Conditions: 150pF、330ohm

[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

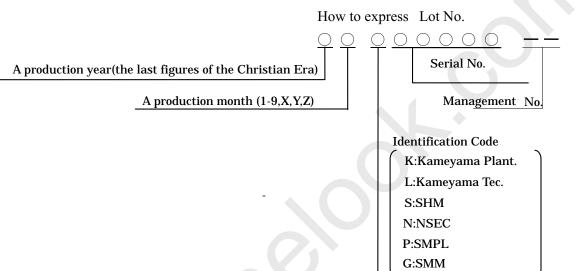
13. Others

1)Lot No. Label;

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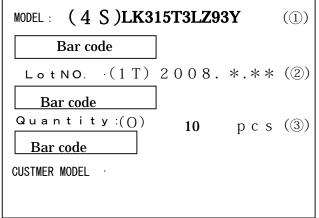
The label that displays SHARP, product model (LK315T3LZ93), a product number is stuck on the back of the module.





2) Packing Label





- ① Management No
- ② Lot No. (Date)
- 3 Quantity



- 3) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- 7) Label of material information

 The optical part material has been described to the module as shown in the figure below.
- 8) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. The below figure shows the label.



- 9) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.
- 10) This module is corresponded to RoHS.

14. Carton storage condition

Temperature 0°C to 40°C Humidity 95%RH or less

Reference condition : 20°C to 35°C , 85%RH or less (summer)

: 5° C to 15° C , 85° RH or less (winter)

• the total storage time ($40^{\circ}\text{C},95\%\text{RH}$) : 240H or less

Sunlight Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.

Atmosphere Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or

wires must not be detected.

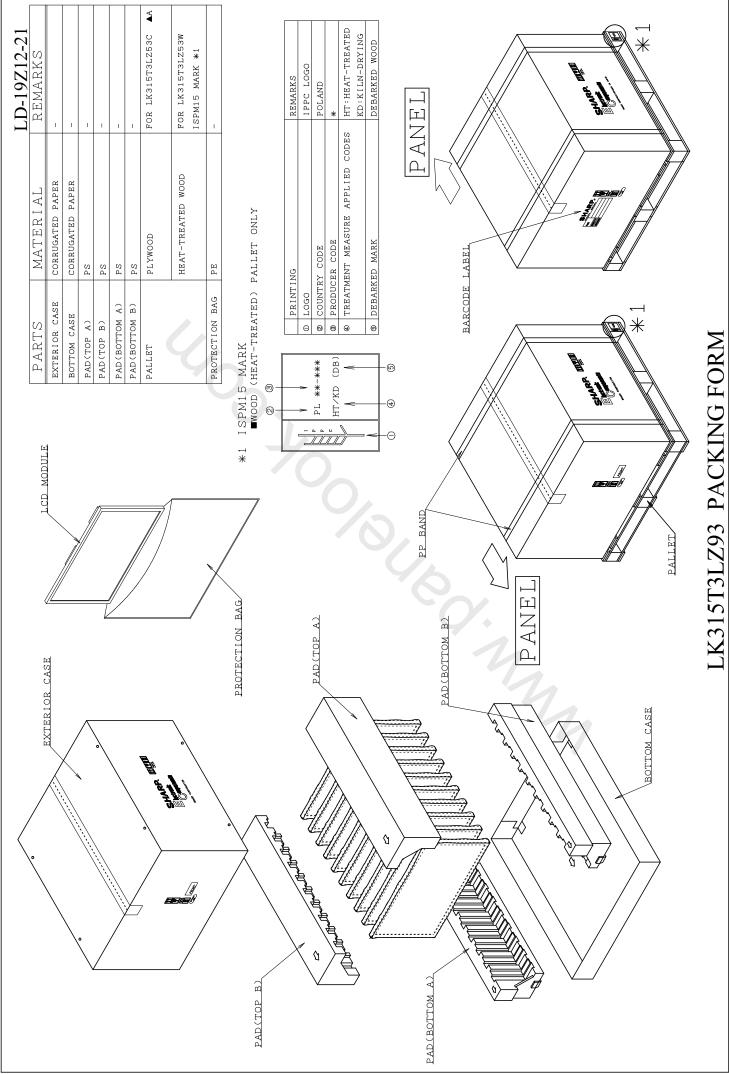
Notes Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with

removing from wall

Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control

changing temperature is within limits of natural environment

Storage life 1 year























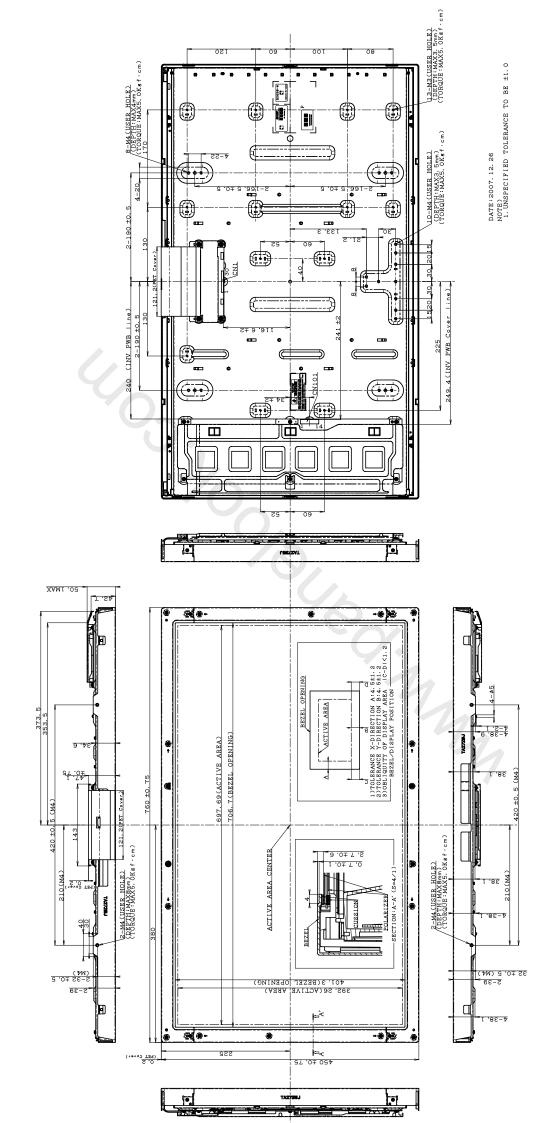












OUTLINE DIMENSIONS FIG.1 LK315T3LZ93

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