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		AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP SHARP CORPORATION SPECIFICATION	APPLICABLE GROUP AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

TFT - LCD module

 MODEL No. LK520D3LZ17

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE _____

BY _____

PRESENTED

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 AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP
 SHARP CORPORATION

1. Application

This specification applies to the color 52.0" TFT-LCD module LK520D3LZ17.

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1920 × RGB × 1080 dots panel with 650 million colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit. In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

With this technology, image signals can be set so that liquid crystal response completes within one frame. As a result, motion blur reduces and clearer display performance can be realized.

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	132.174 (Diagonal)	cm
	52.0 (Diagonal)	inch
Active area	1152.0(H) x 648.0 (V)	mm
Pixel Format	1920(H) x 1080(V) (1pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixel
Pixel pitch	0.600(H) x 0.600 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit Outline Dimensions (*1)	1219.0(W) x 706.7(H) x 64.6(D)	mm
Mass	21.0 ±1.0	kg
Surface treatment	Anti glare Hard coating: 2H	

(*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1 (excluding protruding portion)

4. Input Terminals

4.1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply) (Shown in Fig.1)

Using connector : FI-RE51S-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind. , Ltd.)

Mating connector : FI-RE51HL, FI-RE51CL (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind. , Ltd.)

Mating LVDS transmitter : THC63LVD1023 or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	Reserved		
2	TEST	Fix to Low level or open usually.	
3	TEST	Fix to Low level or open usually.	
4	Reserved		
5	R/L	Horizontal shift direction [Note1,2]	Pull down : (GND)
6	U/D	Vertical shift direction [Note1,2]	Pull down : (GND)
7	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note3,4]	Pull up : (3.3V)
8	TEST	Fix to Low level or open usually.	Pull down : (GND)
9	Reserved		
10	Reserved		
11	GND		
12	AIN0-	Aport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
13	AIN0+	Aport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
14	AIN1-	Aport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
15	AIN1+	Aport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
16	AIN2-	Aport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
17	AIN2+	Aport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
18	GND		
19	ACK-	Aport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
20	ACK+	Aport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
21	GND		
22	AIN3-	Aport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
23	AIN3+	Aport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
24	AIN4-	Aport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
25	AIN4+	Aport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
26	GND		
27	GND		
28	BIN0-	Bport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
29	BIN0+	Bport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
30	BIN1-	Bport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
31	BIN1+	Bport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
32	BIN2-	Bport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
33	BIN2+	Bport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
34	GND		
35	BCK-	Bport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
36	BCK+	Bport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
37	GND		
38	BIN3-	Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
39	BIN3+	Bport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
40	BIN4-	Bport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
41	BIN4+	Bport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
42	GND		
43	GND		
44	GND		

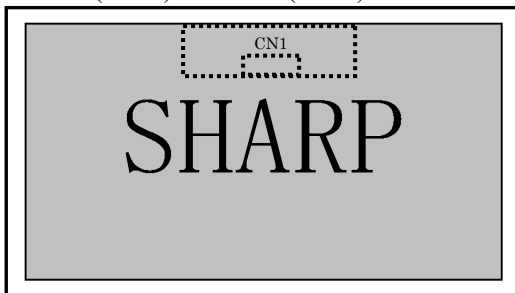
45	GND		
46	GND		
47	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
48	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
49	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
50	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
51	VCC	+12V Power Supply	

[note]GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

[Note 1] Display reversal function

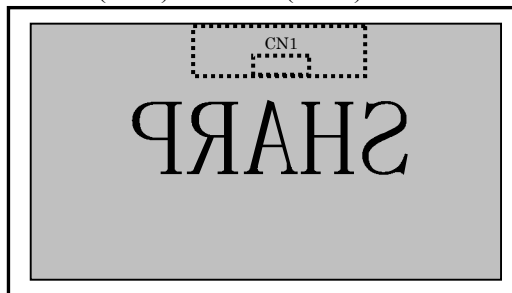
Normal (Default)

R/L : L (GND) U/D: L (GND)



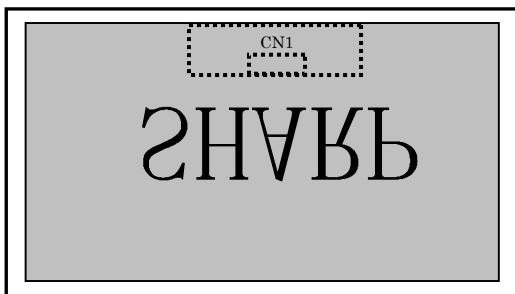
Horizontal reverse image

R/L : H (3.3V) U/D: L (GND)



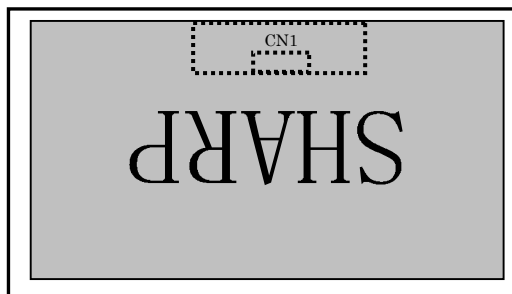
Vertical reverse image

R/L : L (GND) U/D: H (3.3V)

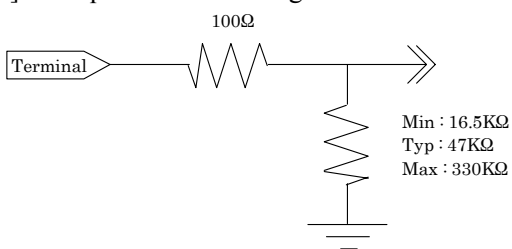


Horizontal and vertical reverse image

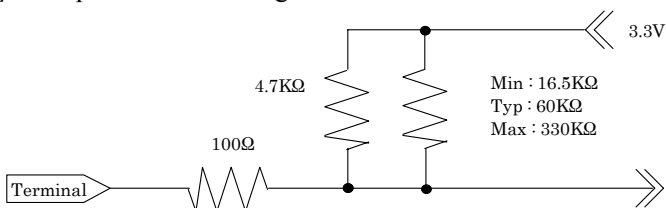
R/L : H(3.3V) U/D: H (3.3V)



[Note 2]The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



[Note 3]The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



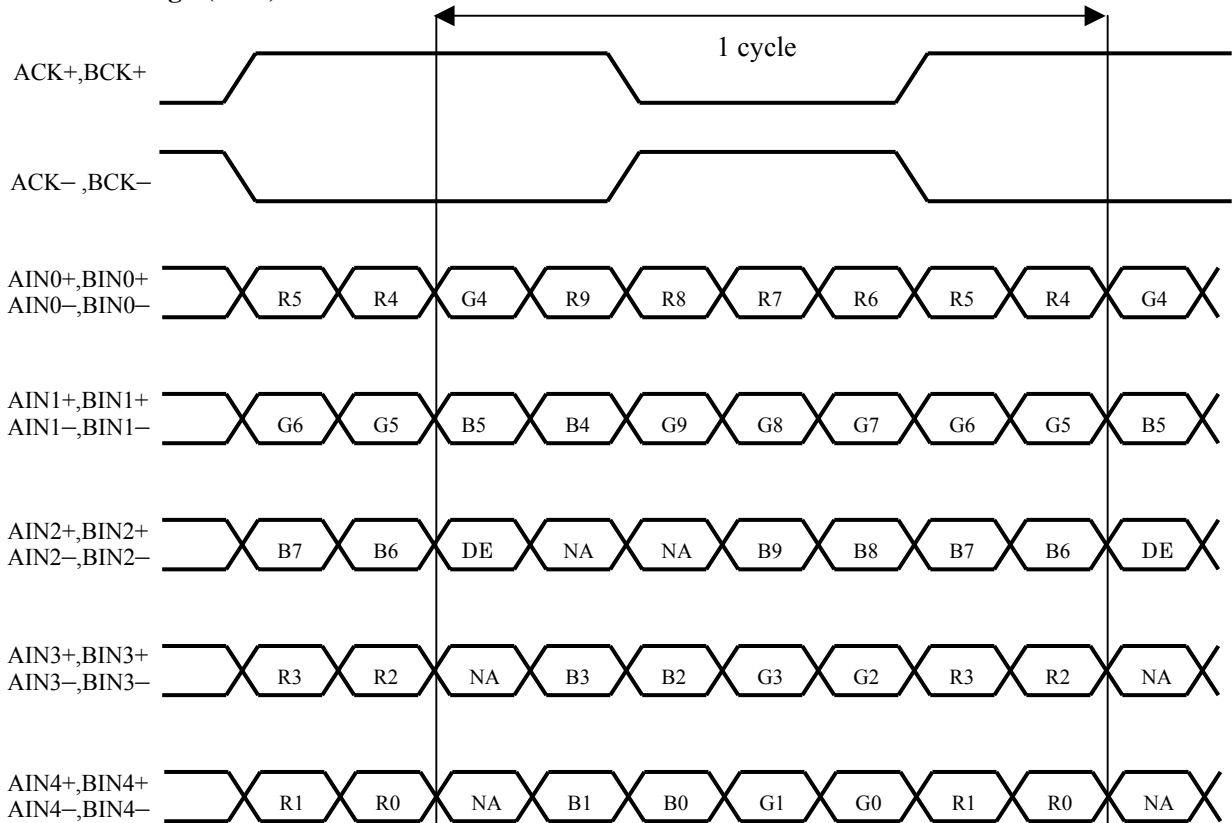
[Note 4] LVDS Data order

SELLVDS		
Data	L(GND)	H(3.3V) or Open
TA0	R2	R4
TA1	R3	R5
TA2	R4	R6
TA3	R5	R7
TA4	R6	R8
TA5	R7	R9(MSB)
TA6	G2	G4
TB0	G3	G5
TB1	G4	G6
TB2	G5	G7
TB3	G6	G8
TB4	G7	G9(MSB)
TB5	B2	B4
TB6	B3	B5
TC0	B4	B6
TC1	B5	B7
TC2	B6	B8
TC3	B7	B9(MSB)
TC4	NA	NA
TC5	NA	NA
TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)
TD0	R8	R2
TD1	R9(MSB)	R3
TD2	G8	G2
TD3	G9(MSB)	G3
TD4	B8	B2
TD5	B9(MSB)	B3
TD6	N/A	N/A
TE0	R0(LSB)	R0(LSB)
TE1	R1	R1
TE2	G0(LSB)	G0(LSB)
TE3	G1	G1
TE4	B0(LSB)	B0(LSB)
TE5	B1	B1
TE6	N/A	N/A

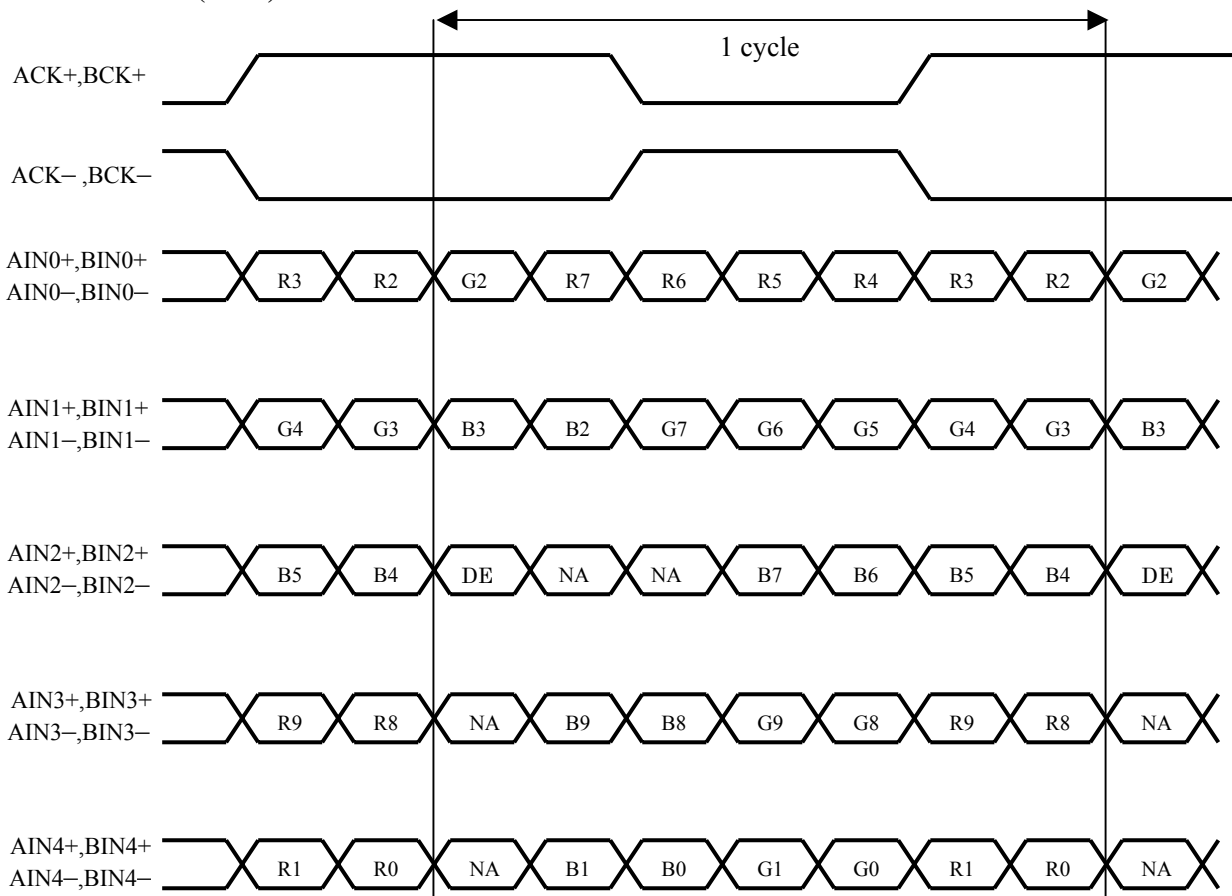
NA: Not Available

(*)Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE(Display Enable)signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High".

SELLVDS= High (3.3V) or OPEN



SELLVDS= Low (GND)



DE: Display Enable, NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

CN2 (O/S control) (Shown Fig 1)

O/S Driving Pin No and function

Using connector : SM07B-SRSS-TB-A (JST)

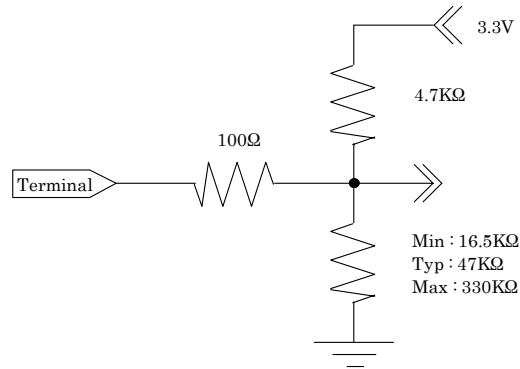
Mating connector : SHR-07V-S or SHR-07V-S-B (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default	Remark
1	FRAME	Frame frequency setting 1:60Hz 0:50Hz	Pull down :GND	
2	O/S set	O/S operation setting H:O/S_ON, L:O/S_OFF [Note 1]	Pull up 3.3V	[Note 2]
3	TEST	Not Available	Pull down :GND	
4	Temp3	Data3 of panel surface temperature	Pull up 3.3V	[Note 2]
5	Temp2	Data2 of panel surface temperature	Pull up 3.3V	[Note 2]
6	Temp1	Data1 of panel surface temperature	Pull up 3.3V	[Note 2]
7	GND	GND		

*L: Low level voltage (GND) H: High level voltage(3.3V)

[Note 1] In case of O/S set setting "L"(O/S_OFF), it should be set the TEMP1~3 to "L".

[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



According as the surface temperature of the panel, enter the optimum 3 bit signal into pin No.4, 5 and 6. Measuring the correlation between detected temperature by the sensor on PWB in user's side and actual surface temperature of panel at center, convert the temperature detected by the sensor to the surface temperature of panel to enter the 3 bit temperature data.

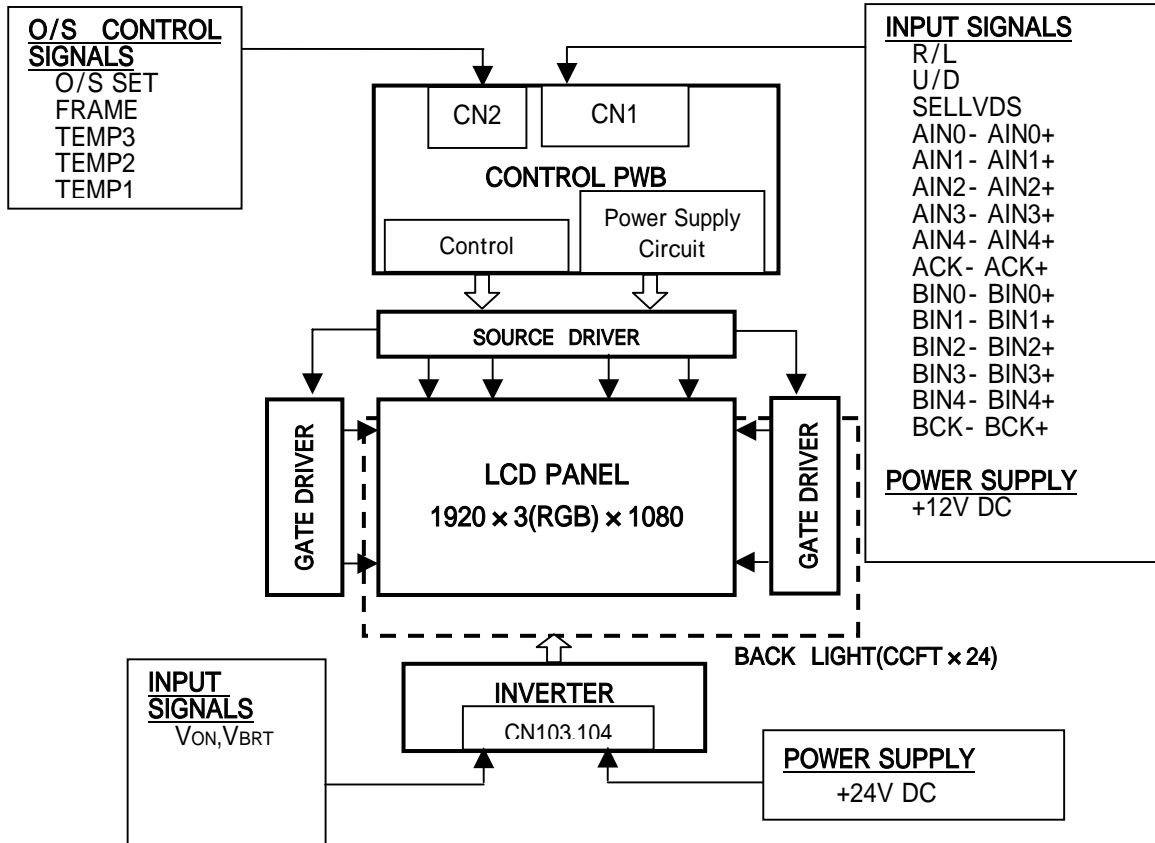
For overlapping temperatures (such as 5°C, 10°C, 15°C, 20°C, 25°C, 30°C, 35°C) select the optimum parameter, judging from the actual picture image.

Pin no.	Surface temperature of panel							
	0-5°C	5-10°C	10-15°C	15-20°C	20-25°C	25-30°C	30-35°C	35°C and above
4	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
5	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
6	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

*0: Low level voltage (GND) 1: High level voltage(3.3V)

*For overlapping temperatures (such as 5°C, 10°C, 15°C, 20°C, 25°C, 30°C, 35°C) select the optimum parameter, judging from the actual picture image.

4.2. Interface block diagram



4.3. Backlight driving

CN103 (+24V DC power supply and inverter control)

Using connector: S14B-PH-K-S (LF) (JST)

Mating connector: PHR-14 (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default(OPEN)	Input Impedance	Remark
1	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
2	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
3	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
4	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
5	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
6	GND		-		
7	GND		-		
8	GND		-		
9	GND		-		
10	GND		-		
11	Reserved	For LCD module internal usage, should be open			
12	V _{ON}	Inverter ON/OFF	GND : pull down Inverter OFF	22K ohm	[Note 1]
13	V _{BRT}	Brightness Control	3.3V : pull up Brightness 100%	950K ohm	[Note 3]
14	V _{BRT_sel}	Brightness Control selection	3.3V : pull up Selected Analog PWM	26.7K ohm	[Note 2]

*GND of an inverter board is not connected to GND of a module chassis and a liquid crystal panel drive part.

CN104(+24V DC power supply)

Using connector: S14B-PH-K-S(LF) (JST)

Mating connector: PHR-14 (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default(OPEN)	Input Impedance	Remark
1	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
2	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
3	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
4	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
5	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
6	GND		-		
7	GND		-		
8	GND		-		
9	GND		-		
10	GND		-		
11	Reserved	For LCD module internal usage, should be open			
12	Reserved	For LCD module internal usage, should be open			
13	Reserved	For LCD module internal usage, should be open	-		
14	Reserved	For LCD module internal usage, should be open	-		

[Note 1] Inverter ON/OFF

Input voltage	Function
0V	Inverter : OFF
3.3V	Inverter : ON

[Note 2] Brightness Control selection

Pin No.14 is used for the selection of dimming control for V_{BRT} pin (Pin No.13).

Input voltage	V _{BRT}
0V	Pulse dimming
3.3V	Analog dimming

[Note 3] Brightness Control

1. Analog Dimming

Brightness control is regulated by analog input voltage (0V to 3.3V).

Ta=25

	MIN	TYP	MAX	Function
Input voltage [V _{BRT}]	0V	<->	3.3V	0V: Dark - 3.3V: Bright
[Reference] Brightness ratio [%]	20	<->	100	

[Note] PWM frequency : 275±10Hz

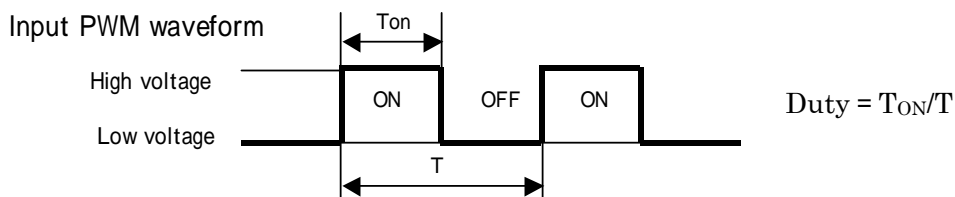
[Note] There is a case that lamp mura may happen, depending on ambient temperature and dimming.

Dimming level should be set according to your evaluation of actual display performance.

(Minimum input voltage 1.4V at below 15)

2. Pulse Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the control of the PWM duty with input pulse from 150Hz to 350Hz.



		MIN	TYP	MAX	Remark
Pulse signal	[Hz]	150	275	350	
DUTY(T_{ON}/T)	[%]	40	<->	100	Ta=25
Dimming level (luminance ratio)	[%]	20	<->	100	Ta=25

[Reference] The characteristic of the pulse PWM duty vs dimming level

DUTY(T_{ON}/T)	Dimming level (luminance ratio)
40%	20%
60%	45%
80%	70%
100%	100%

Input Condition
Pulse Signal=275Hz
Ta=25

[Note] There is a case that lamp mura may happen, depending on ambient temperature, in dimming. Minimum dimming level should be set according to your evaluation of actual display performance. (Minimum duty 60% at below 15)

[Note] In case of using Pulse Dimming, be careful so that the V_{BRT} signal (Pin 13) doesn't have glitch.

4.4. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 24 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table. The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Life time	T _L	-	60000	-	Hour	[Note]

[Note]

- Lamp life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25°C and brightness control(V_{BRT}=100%).
- Above value is applicable when the long side of LCD module is placed horizontally (Landscape position). (Lamp lifetime may vary if LCD module is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Control)	V _I	Ta=25 °C	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	[Note 1]
12V supply voltage (for Control)	VCC	Ta=25 °C	0 ~ + 14	V	
Input voltage (for Inverter)	V _{ON} V _{BRT} V _{BRT_sel}	Ta=25 °C	0 ~ + 6	V	
24V supply voltage (for Inverter)	V _{INV}	Ta=25 °C	0 ~ +29	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60	°C	[Note 2]
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Topa	-	0 ~ +50	°C	

[Note 1] SELLVDS, R/L, U/D, FRAME, O/S_set, TEMP1~3

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta 40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less.(Ta>40°C)

No condensation.

6. Electrical Characteristics

6.1. Control circuit driving

Ta=25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
+12V supply voltage	Supply voltage	V _{CC}	11.4	12	12.6	V [Note 1]	
	Current dissipation	I _{CC}	-	0.8	1.8	A [Note 2]	
	Inrush current	I _{RUSH}	-	2.0	-	A	[Note 7]
T _{RUSH}		-	0.1	-	ms		
Permissible input ripple voltage	V _{RP}	-	-	100	mV _{P-P}	V _{CC} = +12.0V	
Differential input threshold voltage	High	V _{TH}	-	-	100	mV	V _{CM} = +1.2V [Note 6]
	Low	V _{TL}	-100	-	-	mV	
Input Low voltage	V _{IL}	0	-	1.0	V	[Note 3]	
Input High voltage	V _{IH}	2.3	-	3.3	V		
Input leak current (Low)	I _{IL1}	-	-	400	μA	V _I = 0V [Note 4]	
	I _{IL2}	-	-	40	μA	V _I = 0V [Note 5]	
Input leak current (High)	I _{IH1}	-	-	40	μA	V _I = 3.3V [Note 4]	
	I _{IH2}	-	-	400	μA	V _I = 3.3V [Note 5]	
Terminal resistor	R _T	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input	

[Note] V_{CM}: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note 1]

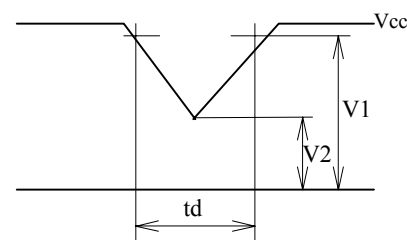
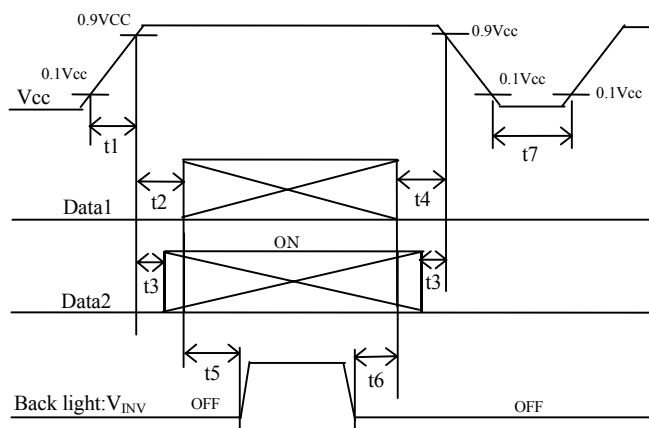
Input voltage sequences

- 0 < t₁ 20ms
- 10 < t₂ 20ms
- 10 < t₃ 50ms
- 0 < t₄ 1s
- t₅ 200ms
- t₆ 0
- t₇ 300ms

Dip conditions for supply voltage

- a) 6.5V V_{CC} < 10.8V
- t_d 10ms
- b) V_{CC} < 6.5V

Dip conditions for supply voltage is based on input voltage sequence.



V₁: 10.8V
V₂: 6.5V

Data1: ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, AIN4±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±, BIN4±

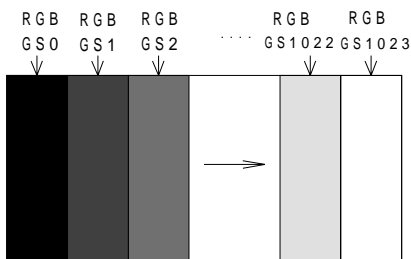
*V_{CM} voltage pursues the sequence mentioned above

Data2: R/L, U/D, SELLVDS, FRAME, O/S_SET, TEMP1, TEMP2, TEMP3

[Note] About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence. When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2] Typical current situation: 1023 gray-bar patterns. (Vcc = +12.0V)

The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



Vcc = +12.0V
 CK = 74.25MHz
 Th = 14.8μs

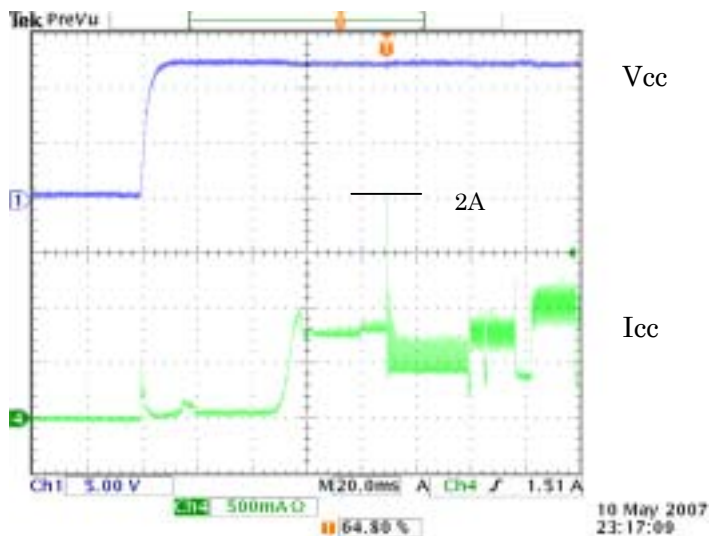
[Note 3] R/L, U/D, SELLVDS, FRAME, O/S_SET, TEMP1, TEMP2, TEMP3

[Note 4] SELLVDS, O/S_SET, TEMP1, TEMP2, TEMP3

[Note 5] R/L, U/D, FRAME

[Note 6] ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, AIN4±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±, BIN4±

[Note 7] Vcc12V inrush current waveform

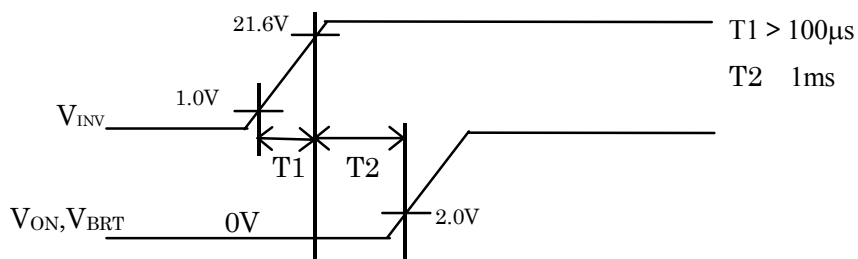


6.2. Inverter driving for back light

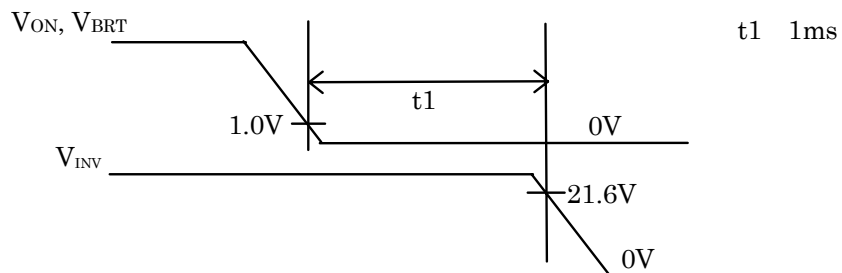
The back light system is direct type with 24 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
+ 24V	Current dissipation 1	I _{INV 1}	-	11.2	12.5	A	V _{INV} = 24V, Ta=25°C V _{BRT} = 3.3V [Note 1,2]
	Current dissipation 2	I _{INV 2}	-	10.3	11.5	A	
	Supply voltage	V _{INV}	22.8	24.0	25.2	V	
Permissible input ripple voltage	V _{RF}	-	-	300	mV _{p-p}	V _{INV} = +24.0V	
Input voltage (Low)	V _{ONL}	0	-	1.0	V	V _{ON} , V _{BRT} , V _{BRT_sel}	
Input voltage (High)	V _{ONH}	2.3	-	3.6	V		

[Note 1] 1) V_{INV}-turn-on condition



2) V_{INV}-turn-off condition



[Note 2] Current dissipation 1 : Definition within 60 minutes after turn on. (Rush current is excluded.)

Current dissipation 2 : Definition more than 60minutes after turn on.

7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7.1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	55	74.25	85	MHz	
Data enable signal	Horizontal period	TH	984	1100	1650	clock	
			12.0	14.8	-	μs	
	Horizontal period (High)	THd	960	960	960	clock	
	Vertical period	TV	1109	1125	1350	line	
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	1080	1080	1080	line	

[Note]-When vertical period is very long, flicker and etc. may occur.

- Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.
- Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.
- As for your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.

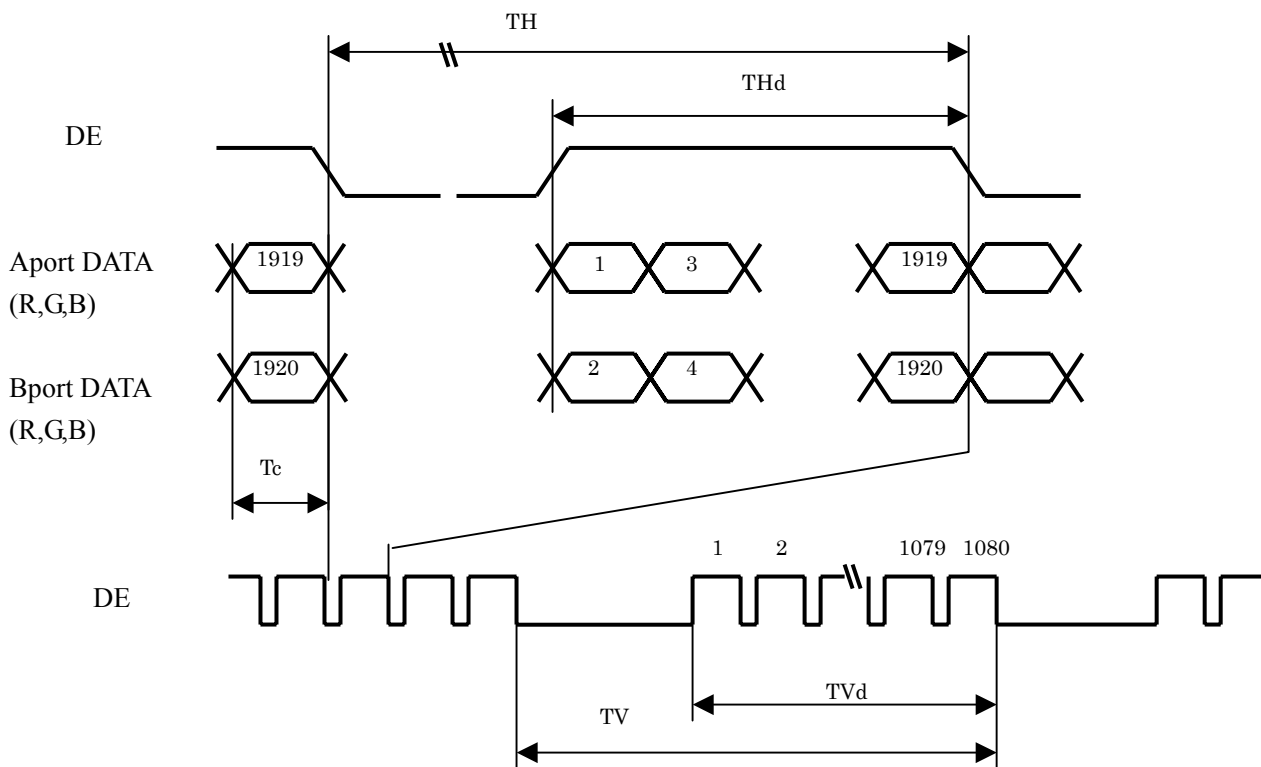
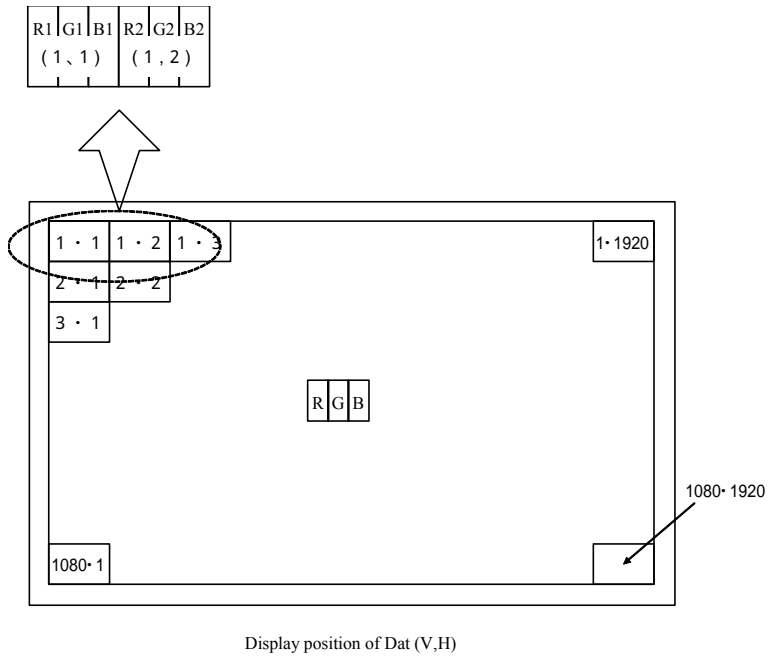


Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals

7.2. Input data signal and display position on the screen



8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

Colors & Gray scale	Data signal																														
	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	G8	G9	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9
Basic Color	Black	–	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	–	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	–	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	–	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	–	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	–	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	–	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	–	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	↓					↓							↓										↓							
	↓	↓					↓							↓										↓							
	Brighter	GS1021	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↓	GS1022	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red	GS1023	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	↓					↓							↓										↓							
	↓	↓					↓							↓										↓							
	Brighter	GS1021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↓	GS1022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green	GS1023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	↓	↓					↓							↓									↓								
	↓	↓					↓							↓									↓								
	Brighter	GS1021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	↓	GS1022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	Blue	GS1023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

0: Low level voltage, 1: High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 1024 gray scales from 10 bits data signals. According to the combination of total 30 bits data signals, the 650-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical characteristics

Ta=25°C, Vcc=12.0V, VINV =24.0V, VBRT=100% , Timing:60Hz(typ. value)

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle range	Horizontal	θ_{21} θ_{22}	CR 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]
	Vertical	θ_{11} θ_{12}		70	88	-	Deg.	
Contrast ratio		CRn	$\theta=0$ deg.	1000	1500	-		[Note2,4]
Response time		τ_r τ_d		-	6	-	ms	[Note3,4,5]
Chromaticity	White	x		0.242	0.272	0.302	-	[Note4]
		y		0.247	0.277	0.307	-	
	Red	x		0.610	0.640	0.670	-	
		y		0.300	0.330	0.360	-	
	Green	x		0.250	0.280	0.310	-	
		y		0.570	0.600	0.630	-	
	Blue	x		0.120	0.150	0.180	-	
		y		0.030	0.060	0.090	-	
Gamma		-	-	2.2	-	-		
Luminance	White	Y_L	360	450	-	cd/m ²		
Luminance uniformity	White	δw	-	-	1.25	-	[Note 6]	

Measurement condition: Set the value of V_{BRT} to maximum luminance of white.

*The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note]The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

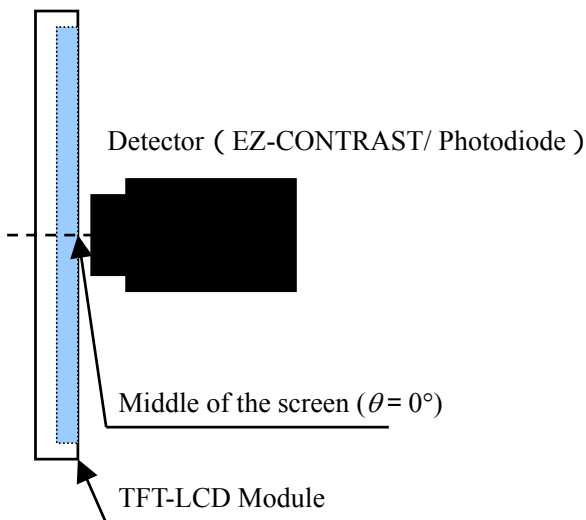


Fig.4-1 Measurement of viewing angle range and Response time.

Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST
Response time: Photodiode

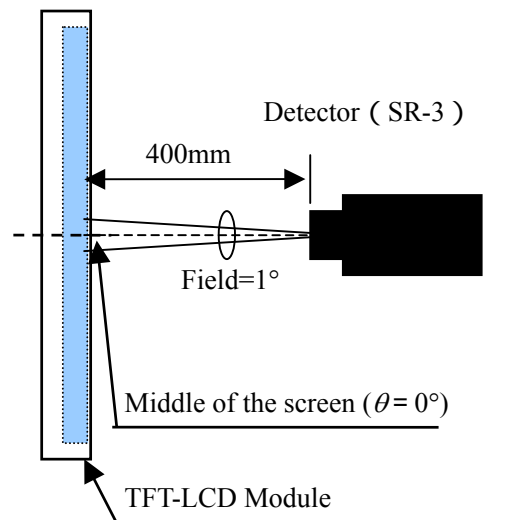
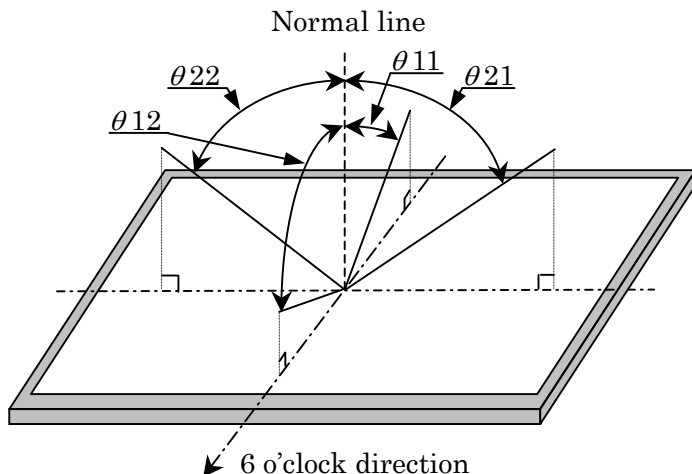


Fig.4-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity.

[Note 1]Definitions of viewing angle range :



[Note 2]Definition of contrast ratio :

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

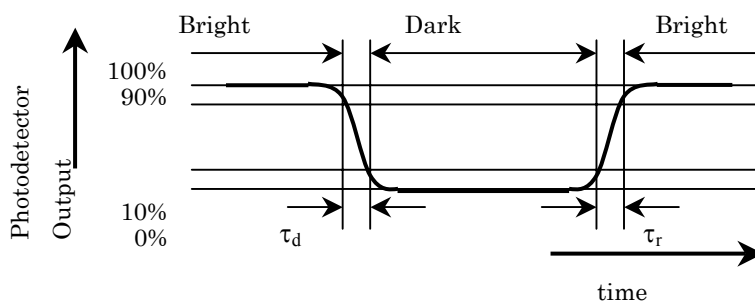
[Note 3]Definition of response time

The response time (τ_d and τ_r) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)” and “any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)”.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr:0%-25%	tr:0%-50%	tr:0%-75%	tr:0%-100%
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr:25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td:100%-75%	

t*:x-y...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

$$\tau_r = \Sigma(\text{tr}:x-y)/10, \tau_d = \Sigma(\text{td}:x-y)/10$$



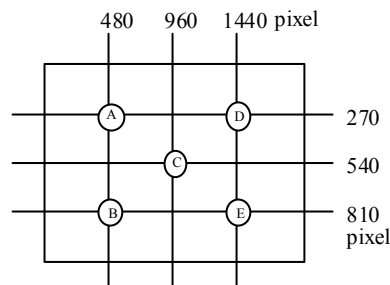
[Note 4]This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value.

[Note 6]Definition of white uniformity ;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A~E)

$$\delta_w = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$



10. Handling Precautions of the module

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage.

Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.

- c) Brightness control voltage is switched for “ON” and “OFF”, as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching, ΔV_{INV} , may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.

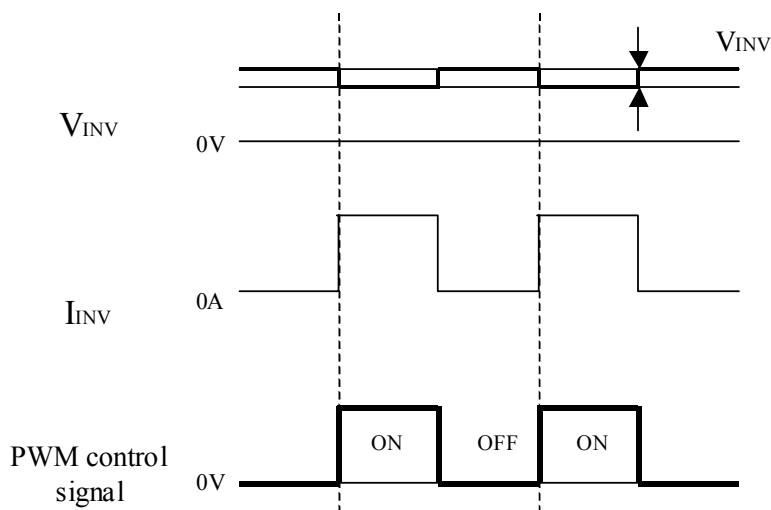


Fig.4 Brightness control voltage.

*Since inverter board's GND is not connected to the frame of the LCD module, please connect it with the Customer's GND of inverter power supply.

- d) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- e) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- f) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- g) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- h) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.

- i) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them from any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- k) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- l) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- m) When giving a touch to the panel at power on supply, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) This LCD module is designed to prevent dust from entering into it. However, there would be a possibility to have a bad effect on display performance in case of having dust inside of LCD module. Therefore, please ensure to design your TV set to keep dust away around LCD module.

11. Packing form

- a) Piling number of cartons: 2 maximum
- b) Packing quantity in one carton: 8 pcs.
- c) Carton size: 1320 (W) × 1110 (D) × 940 (H) (mm)
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 225kg (Max)

12. Reliability test item

No.	Test item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25°C 240h
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	Ta=40°C ; 95%RH 240h (No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 240h
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h
6	Vibration test (non-operation)	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm : 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s ² Sweep time: 11 minutes Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)
7	Shock test (non-operation)	Maximum acceleration: 294m/s ² Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave Direction: +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z, once for each direction.
8	ESD	* At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect operation and destruction. (1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge ±10kV Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV (2)Operation Contact electric discharge ±8kV Non-contact electric discharge ±15kV Conditions: 150pF, 330ohm

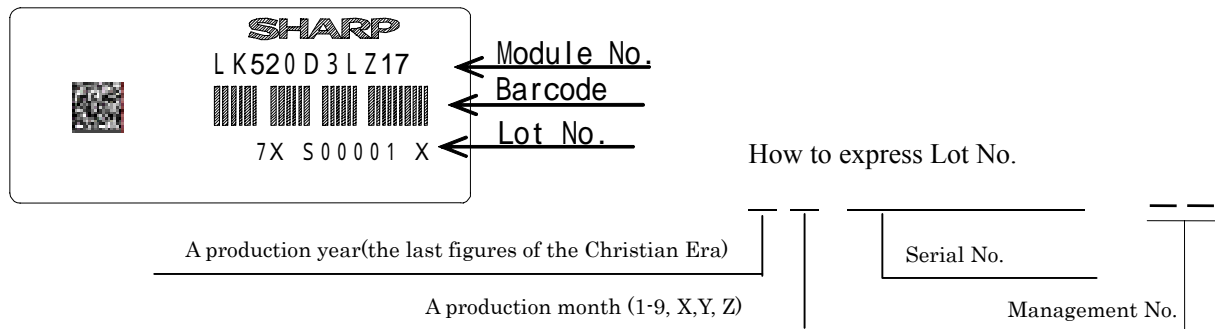
[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

13. Others

1) Lot No. Label ;

The label that displays SHARP, product model (LK520D3LZ17), a product number is stuck on the back of the module.



2) Packing Label

社内品番 (4 S) LK520D3LZ17 X ()	
Bar code	
Lot NO. (1 T) 2 0 0 7 . * . * * ()	
Bar code	
Quantity (Q)	8 pcs ()
Bar code	
ユーザ品番	
シャープ物流用ラベルです。	

Management No. (LK520D3LZ17X)

Lot No. (Date)

Quantity

3) Adjusting volume has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.

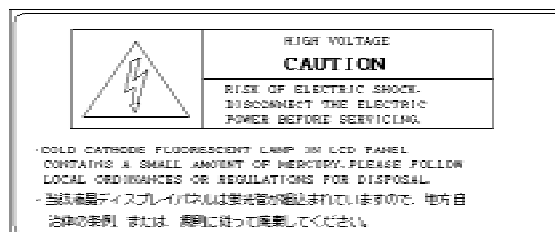
If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.

4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.

5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.

6) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.

7) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. This sentence is displayed on the backside of the module.

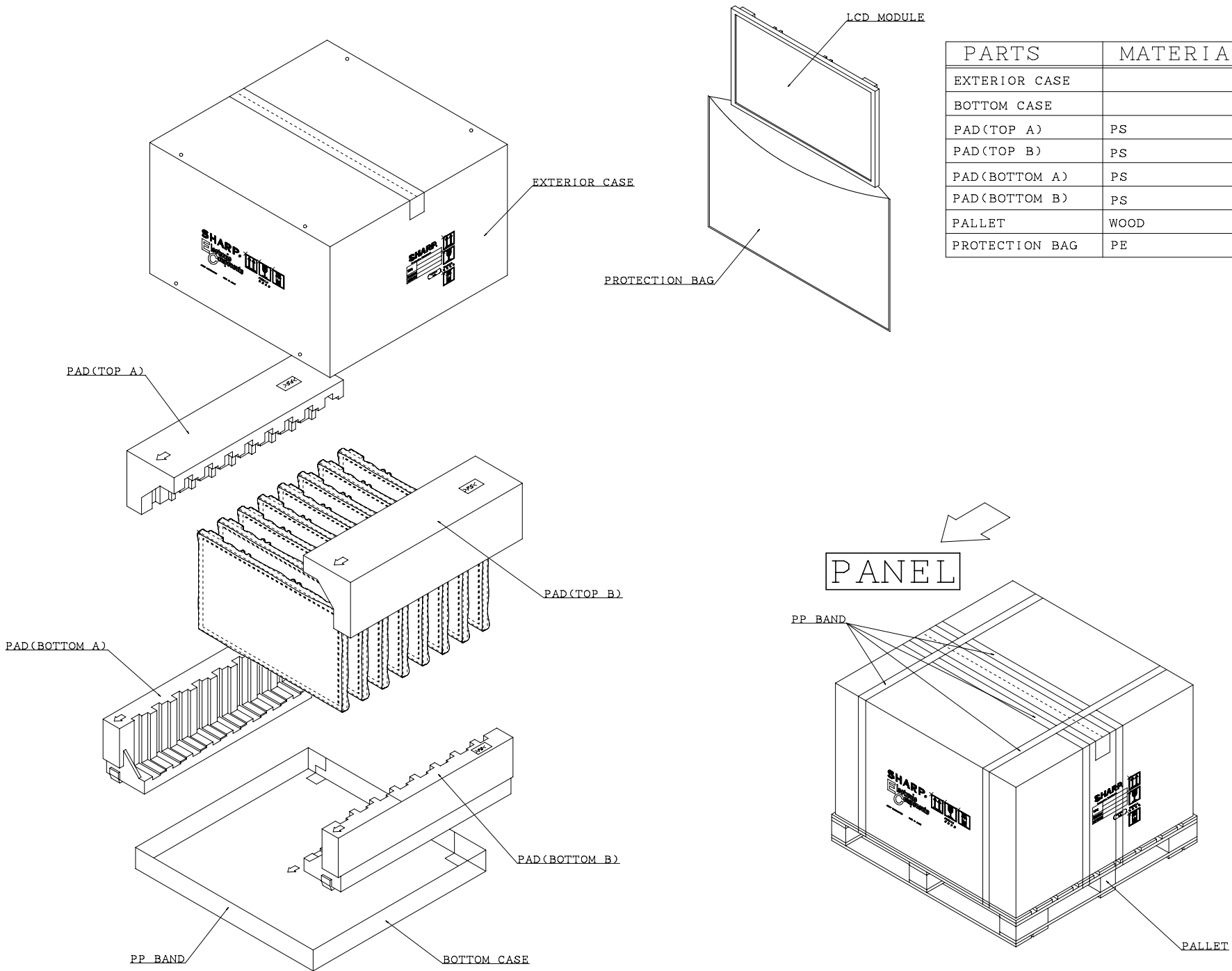


8) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

9) This module is corresponded to RoHS.

14. Carton storage condition

Temperature	0°C to 40°C
Humidity	95%RH or less
Reference condition	: 20°C to 35°C, 85%RH or less (summer) : 5°C to 15°C, 85%RH or less (winter) • the total storage time (40°C,95%RH) : 240H or less
Sunlight	Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.
Atmosphere	Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or wires must not be detected.
Notes	Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with removing from wall Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control changing temperature is within limits of natural environment
Storage life	1 year



PARTS	MATERIAL	REMARKS
EXTERIOR CASE		-
BOTTOM CASE		-
PAD(TOP A)	PS	-
PAD(TOP B)	PS	-
PAD(BOTTOM A)	PS	-
PAD(BOTTOM B)	PS	-
PALLET	WOOD	-
PROTECTION BAG	PE	-

Fig. 2 Packing Form

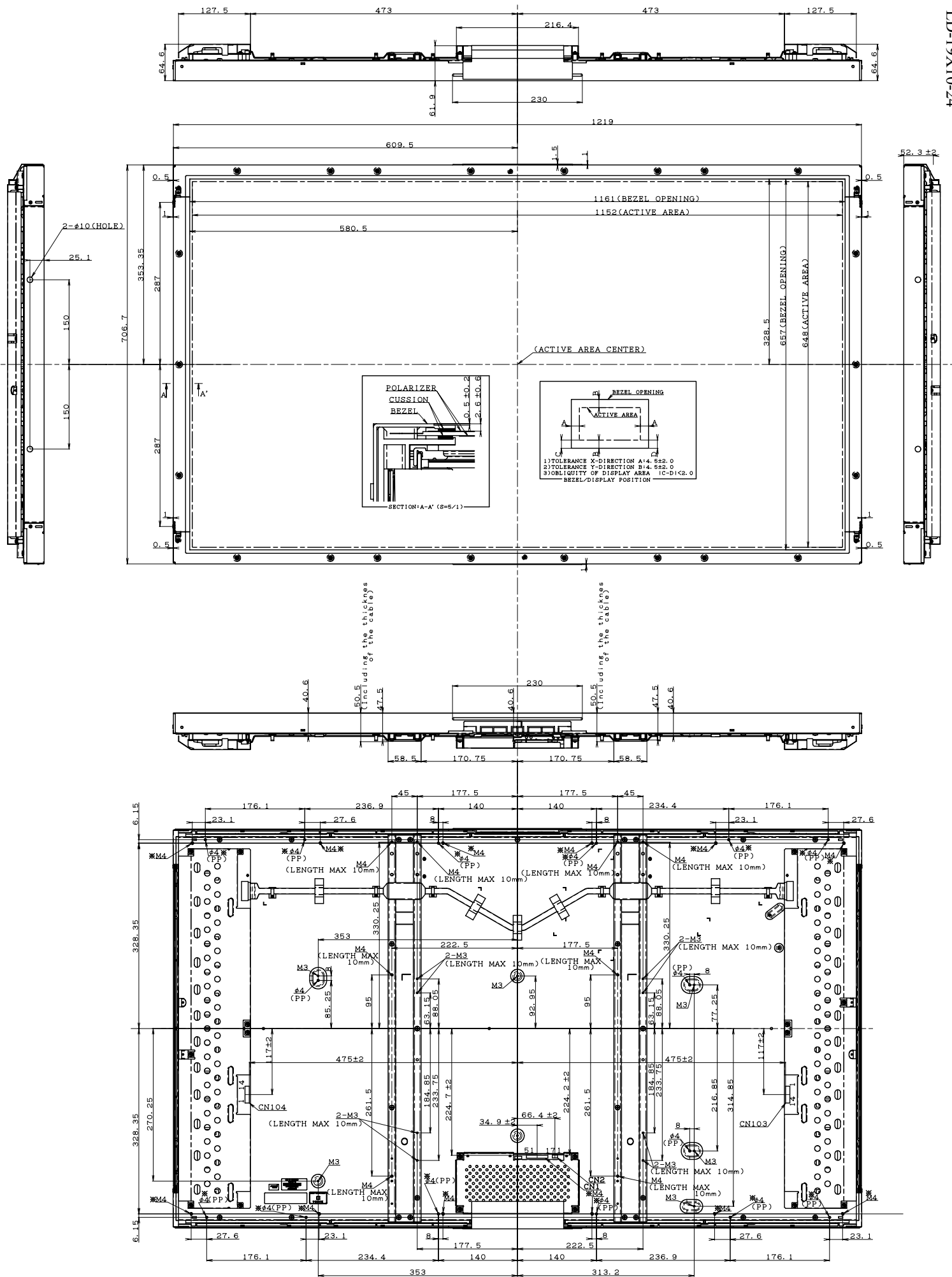


Fig.1 LK520D3LZ17
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

NOTE)
1. UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCE TO BE ±1.7
2. RIGHT AND LEFT SIDEPIECE IS SYMMETRIC SHAPE
* PP: A POSITIONING PROJECTION

Records of Revision

Standards No.	Revision Date	Rev. Mark	Contents of Revision
LDK-123E	29-Oct-07		- first Edition Model Addition : LK520D3LZ17



Applicable Model List

The grade inspection standard applies to the models as below

Applicable Model	Revision Mark
LK520D3LZ17	

Incoming Inspection for TFT-LCD Module

1. Scope

- These Incoming Inspection Standards shall apply to TFT-LCD Modules supplied by AVC LCD Group. Sharp Corporation to LG Electronics INC

2. Inspection Lot

- Quantity per shipment lot is ONE Inspection lot.

3. Incoming Inspection Condition

3.1 Condition of Lot Judgement

- Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the method of incoming inspection shall be in accordance with a sampling inspection based on ISO 2859-1
 - Sampling Table : Table in ISO 2859-1
 - Sampling Type : Single Sampling Plan
 - Inspection Level : Level II , Normal Inspection
 - Acceptable quality level (AQL) : Major defects: AQL: 0.4
: Minor defects: AQL: 1.0
- Defects are classified as major defect and minor defect according to Classification on Defects Minor & Majors of item# 6.
 - a) Major defect: Major defect is a defect that is likely to result in failure, or to reduce materially the usability of the product for its intended purpose.
 - b) Minor defect: Minor defect is a defect that is assumed to be little or no obstacle to usability of inspection unit, effective usage or operation of the product.

3.2 Operational Inspection Condition

- The inspection shall be conducted in the standard operative condition described in the specification.
- The external illumination on the Module: 300 ~ 700lx (Standard 500lx)
- The viewing distance between center of panel surface on the Module and the eyes of the inspector.
 - *Refer to Fig.1 and Fig.2 [Inspection :Viewing Angle from Left to Right ± 45 degrees]
- [1] Apply to Foreign material, Bright Dot and Black Dot.
- [2] Apply to defect concerned with Mura (Display Uniformity)
- Backlight Luminance: Based on value which is described in the specification.(Brightness Control : 100%)
- Ambient temperature: $24^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ in principle
- Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5\%$ RH in principle

Fig.1) Judgment position of Operational Inspection Inspector

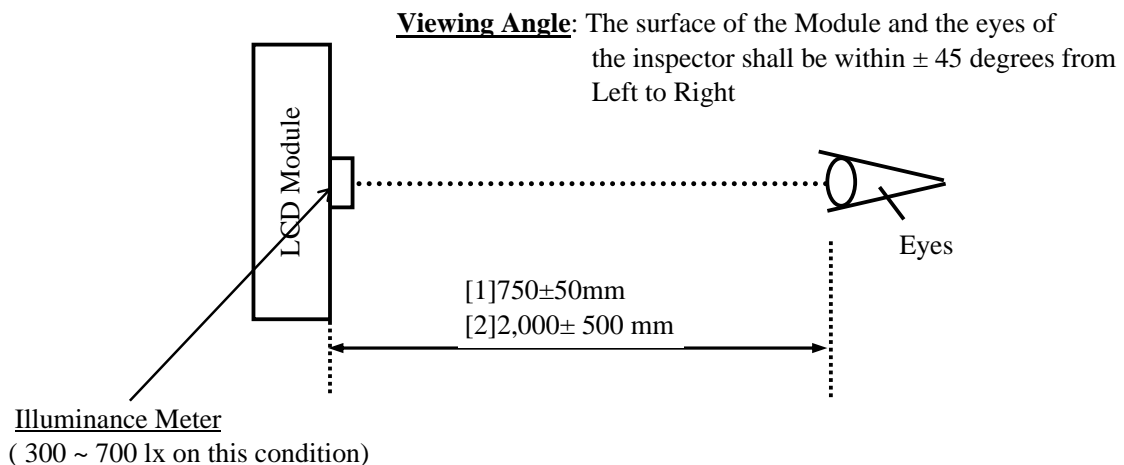
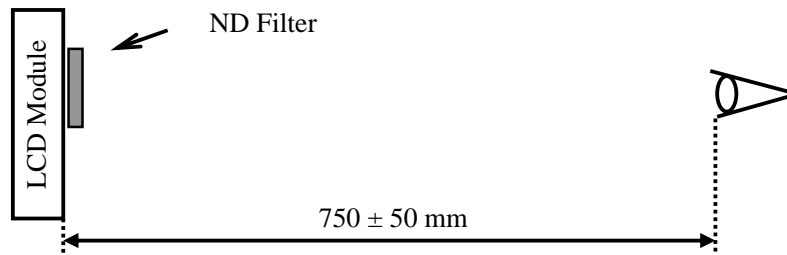
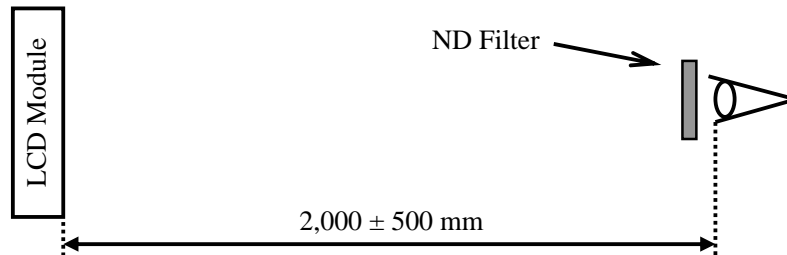


Fig.2) How to use ND Filter

[1] Apply to Bright Dot and Tiny Bright Dot (Small dots seem to be bright by foreign material)
 ND filter is moved to the panel side closer and judged.



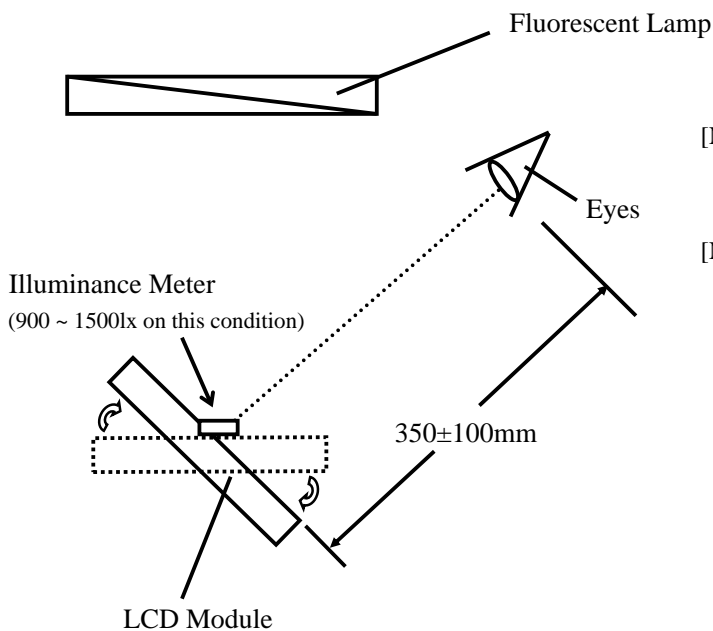
[2] Apply to defect concerned with Mura (Display Uniformity)
 ND filter is moved to the eyes closer and judged.



3.3 Appearance Inspection Condition

- *1: In the operational inspection condition, the distance between the Module and eyes of the inspector shall be 750mm or MORE. (Condition of lighting B/L and operating Module on White picture)
- *2: In the operational inspection condition, the distance between the Module and eyes of the inspector shall be 750mm or MORE. (Condition of lighting B/L and operating Module on Black picture)
- *3: The external illuminance of panel surface; 900-1500lx (Standard: 1200lx)
 Shall be conducted with fluorescent lamp lighting on working bench. [Refer to Fig.3]
 The visual observation shall be conducted with the judgement distance that is 350±100mm between the panel and the inspector's eyes. (Condition of Non-operating)

Fig.3) Judgement position of Appearance Inspection Inspector

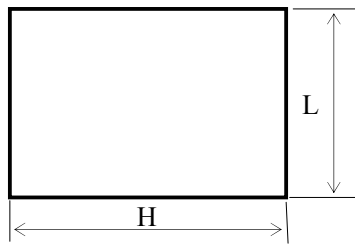


[Note] Applicable range of Appearance inspection is out side by 3.0 mm from the effective display area.

[Note] Scratch/Dent on the rear polarizer is not counted, if it is not found from the front side by B/L lighting condition.

4. Standards for Display Quality Inspection

4.1 Zone



• H and L are assumed all the effective display area.

4.2 Definition

a) Bright dot

Full-time lighting dot in the black display.

- Visible through 5% ND filter : Counted as Bright dot
- Not visible through 5% ND filter : Non count

b) Tiny bright dot

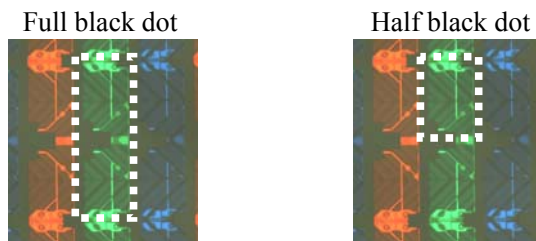
Small dots seem to be bright by foreign material

- Visible through 5% ND filter : Tiny bright dots(Counted as Bright dot)
- Not visible through 5% ND filter : Bright foreign material

c) Black dot

Dot which seems to come out in black on the white display and Red/Green/Blue monochromatic display. There are full-dot black dot and half-dot one due to the multi-pixel structure.

Fig.4) Example: Full black dot & Half black dot

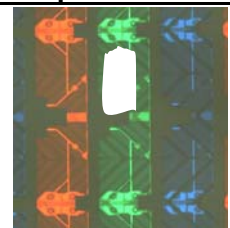


d) Scratches on color filter

*White dot on the Black display.

- Visible through 5% ND filter : Tiny bright dots(Counted as Bright dot)
- Not visible through 5% ND filter : Bright foreign material

Fig.5) Example: Torn color filter

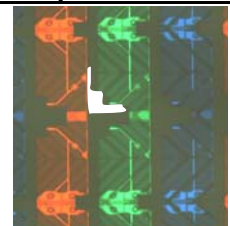


e) Scratches on black mask

*White dot around R/G/B dot (black mask part) on the black display.

- Visible through 5% ND filter : Tiny bright dots(Counted as Bright dot)
- Not visible through 5% ND filter : Bright foreign material

Fig.6) Example: Torn black mask



[Target Area]

Target area is from active area to 1.5mm (High density is NG)

f) Line defect (Vertical / Horizontal / Cross)

*All kinds of line defects such as Vertical, Horizontal or Cross are not allowed.

g) Display Mura (Non-Uniformity)

* Non-Uniformity of display brightness.

4.3 Bright dot

Check pattern	Acceptable total number of Bright dot
Black pattern (Refer to Item# 4.2)	0

4.4 Black dot

Check pattern	Acceptable total number of Black dot			
	Half Black dot(A)	Full Black dot(B)	Joined Black dots(C)	Total=1/2×(A)+(B)+2×(C)
White pattern and at each pattern of R, G and B (Refer to Item#4.2)	16	8	4	8

[Note] Flashing dot is counted as a Black dot

[Note] Joined Black dots shall be based on “Explanation for Black Dot criterion and Judgement method.”

[Note] Joined more than 3 Black dots by Horizontal or Vertical shall be judged NG.

4.5 Distance of Black Dot

- Full Black dot,Joined Black dots - Full Black dot,Joined Black dots : Acceptable if it is more than 15mm
- Half Black dot - Half Black dot : Acceptable if it is Max 3 dots within 5mm φ
- Full Black dot,Joined Black dots - Half Black dot : Acceptable if it is more than 15mm

5. Appearance Inspection Criterion

[Permissible Nnumber: N, Average Diameter(Fig.7): D (mm), Length(Fig.8): L (mm)]

Item		Judgment Criterion	Appearance Inspection Condition
Foreign material (in the polarizer / backlight / cell)	Circular	$0.3 \leq D \leq 0.8, N \leq 10$	Condition of operation (Refer to *1 of Item#3.3)
	Linear	$L \leq 3.0, N \leq 3$	Condition of operation (Refer to *1 & *2 of Item#3.3)
Bright Foreign material (in the polarizer / cell)		$0.1 \leq D \leq 0.5, N \leq 10$ Not visible through 5% ND filter.	Condition of operation (Refer to *2 of Item#3.3)
Scratches on the polarizer/glass		$L \leq 10.0, N \leq 4$	Condition of Non operation (Refer to *3 of Item#3.3)
Dents on the polarizer/glass		$0.3 \leq D \leq 0.8, N \leq 10$ $0.3 > D$: No count	

Fig.7) Average diameter : D

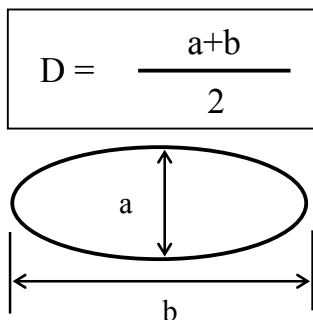
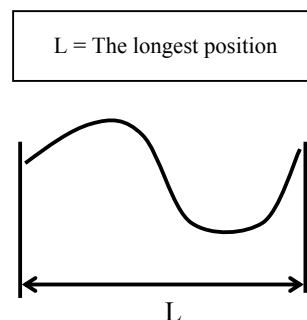
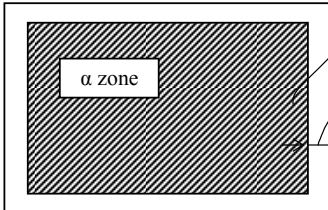
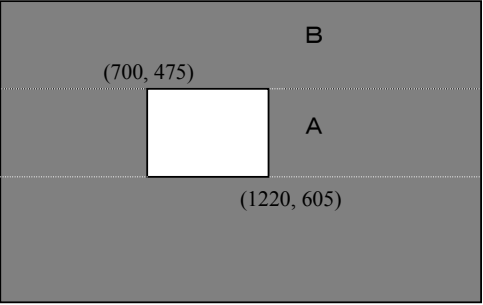


Fig.8) Length : L



6. Classification on Defects Minor & Majors

Classification	Inspection item	Criterion for defects / Judgment	Defect type	
Characteristic of electricity and mechanical	A power supply voltage shall be a standard value described in the specification.			
	Operating frequency	(1) Does not meet the specified range in the specification	Major	
	Current consumption	(2) Does not meet the specified range in the specification	Major	
	Contrast ratio	(3) Does not meet the specified range in the specification	Major	
	Display Inspection	(4) Correct pattern is not displayed when the display pattern is input.	Major	
		(5) Vertical line defect	Major	
		(6) Horizontal line defect	Major	
(7) Cross line defect		Major		
Criterion for External Quality	Scratches and dent on the polarizer	(8) Shall be accordance with the Item# "5.Appearance Inspection Criterion"		Minor
	Bubble in the polarizer	(9) Shall be accordance with the Item# "5.Appearance Inspection Criterion"		Minor
	Foreign material	(10) Shall be accordance with the Item# "5.Appearance Inspection Criterion"		Minor
	Bezel Appearance	(11) Irregular plating / Irregular Coating / Rust on the edge are ignored		Minor
	Damaged Part	(12) a)The lead wire is broken. b)Although the lead wire is not broken (not disconnected) and does not affect the operation and reliability of LCD module it has scratch. c)Failure is found concerning function or performance, or product value is impaired in appearance.	Major Major	Minor
Criterion for Display Quality	Bright dot	(13) Exceed permissible value		Minor
	Scratch on the color filter	(14) Exceed permissible value		Minor
	Scratch on the black mask	(15) Exceed permissible value		Minor
	Black dot	(16) Exceed permissible value (Flashing dot is classified as a black dot)		Minor
	Display Mura (Non-uniformity)	(17) There should not be Non-uniformity through 5%ND filter.		Minor
	Electric charge retention	(18) α zone shall not remain for more than 3seconds soon after cutting power supply (External illuminance condition : illuminance 300 ~ 700lx(standard 500lx))  Within 3 seconds [Inspection condition] -Signal power is off -B/L power is on		Minor

Classification	Inspection item	Criterion for defects /determinations	Defect type	
Criterion for Display Quality	PI Repellent	(19) One dot-shaped black stain is considered as “good product”.(But, if it seems to be bright dot when changing viewing angle, it’ll be counted as small bright dot)		Minor
	Long time afterimage	(20) Afterimage of the former pattern is not disappeared within 10 seconds when a pattern was displayed for 30 minutes and switch to another pattern.		Minor
	Short time afterimage	(21) After display same pattern for 5 seconds, the afterimage is not disappeared within 10 seconds.		Minor
	Shadowing	(22) The brightness difference between A section and B section is visible through 10%ND filter. 		Minor
Others	Outline dimensions	(23) Does not meet specified range in the specification	Major	
	Weight	(24) Does not meet specified range in the specification	Major	
	Rating label (Sealing/Display label)	(25) A) The one that is forgetting, misprinting or not-readable. (Readable one should be a good one.) B) As for the display label, peel-off is more than the degree of 1/10 of total area . (except for legible one among discoloration of display label.)	Major	Minor

[Note] Regarding the items to use limit samples, limit samples should have priority over others

7.Others

In case any doubts arise on the items, both Parties shall cooperate in an effort to settle it down.

Explanation for Black Dot criterion and Judgment method

Judgment Method	Example	Judgment Method	Example
A half dot not lit on each color screen of R, G or B is judged Half Black dot with one defect.	<p>R half black dot one defect G half black dot one defect B half black dot one defect</p>	Dots seemed continuous with Horizontal and Slant on each color screen of R, G or B is judged Full Black dot with one defect.	<p>Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect</p>
A one dot not lit on each color screen of R, G or B is judged Full Black dot with one defect.	<p>R full black dot one defect G full black dot one defect B full black dot one defect</p>		<p>Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect</p>
Dots seemed continuous with Horizontal and Slant on each color screen of R, G or B is judged Joined Black dots with one defect.	<p>Joined Black dots one defect Joined Black dots one defect Joined Black dots one defect</p>		<p>Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect</p>
A black dot within a pixel on each color screen of R, G or B (black mode opened one dot) is counted one defect. Distance between the black dots is not judged. 1 pixel = 1 dot each of R+G+B	<p>Joined Black dots one defect Joined Black dots one defect</p>		<p>Full black dot one defect Full black dot one defect</p>
Dots seemed joined with Vertical on each color screen of R, G or B are NG.	<p>NG NG NG</p>	Distance between the black dots exceeding one pixel on the white screen is rejected.	<p>Distance between the black dots is NG Distance between the black dots is NG</p>
Joined 3 dots on each color screen is judged of R, G or B are NG.	<p>NG NG NG</p>	Half black dot is within 3 pieces in the diameter of 5mm in a white picture	<p>Circle diameter of 5mm max 3 dots</p>
Distance between black dot "A" to black dot "B" is 15mm or more in a white picture	<p>More than 15mm</p> <p>Black dot [A] • Full Dot • Joined Dot</p> <p>Black dot [B] • Full Dot • Joined Dot • Half Dot</p>		<p>Distance between the black dots is OK Distance between the black dots is OK</p>
			<p>Distance between the black dots is OK Distance between the black dots is NG</p>