

AVC Liquid Crystal Displays Group

# LK645D3LZ29 TFT-LCD Module

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		SPECIFICATION	GROUP
		DEVICE SPECIFICATION FO	R
		TFT-LCD mod	ule

MODEL No. LK645D3LZ29

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE

PRESENTED

BY

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# RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No. : LK645D3LZ29

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#### **SHARP**. 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 64.5" TFT-LCD module LK645D3LZ29.

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#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $1920 \times \text{RGB} \times 1080$  dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit .In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

By using the captioned process, the image signals of this LCD module are being set so that image response can be completed within one frame, as a result, image blur can be improved and clear image performance can be realized.

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	163.9 (Diagonal)	cm
Display size	64.5 (Diagonal)	inch
Active area	1428.48(H) x 803.52 (V)	mm
Pixel Format	1920(H) x 1080(V)	pixel
Fixel Folliat	(1 pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixei
Pixel pitch	0.744(H) x 0.744 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit Outline Dimensions (*1)	1555.3(W) x 907.0(H) x 100.0(D)	mm
Mass	43.5 +/- 0.5	kg
Surface treatment	Anti glare, low reflection coating	
Surface treatment	Hard coating: 2H	

#### 3. Mechanical Specifications

(\*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1-1,1-2.

**4. Input Terminals** 4-1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals)	(Shown in Fig.1-2)
Using connector	: FI-RE

Mating connector

: FI-RE41S-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind. , Ltd.) : FI-RE41HL,FI-R41H (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind. , Ltd.)

Mating LVDS transmitter

:THC63LVDM83R(THine) or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function		Remark
1	GND	GND		
2	AIN0-	Aport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input		LVDS
3	AIN0+	Aport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input		LVDS
4	AIN1-	Aport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input		LVDS
5	AIN1+	Aport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input		LVDS
6	AIN2-	Aport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input		LVDS
7	AIN2+	Aport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input		LVDS
8	GND	GND		
9	ACK-	Aport LVDS Clock signal(-)		LVDS
10	ACK+	Aport LVDS Clock signal(+)		LVDS
11	AIN3-	Aport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input		LVDS
12	AIN3+	Aport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input		LVDS
13	NC	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)		
14	NC	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)		
15	GND	GND		
16	BIN0-	Bport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input		LVDS
17	BIN0+	Bport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input		LVDS
18	BIN1-	Bport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input		LVDS
19	BIN1+	Bport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input		LVDS
20	BIN2-	Bport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input		LVDS
21	BIN2+	Bport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input LVDS		LVDS
22	GND	GND		
23	BCK-	Bport LVDS Clock signal(-)		LVDS
24	BCK+	Bport LVDS Clock signal(+)		LVDS
25	BIN3-	Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input		LVDS
26	BIN3+	Bport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input		LVDS
27	NC	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)		
28	NC	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)		
29	GND	GND		
30	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note 1]	10k	Pull up :3.3V
31	R/L	Horizontal shift direction[Note 2]	10k	Pull Down :GND
32	U/D	Vertical shift direction [Note 2]	10k	Pull Down :GND
33	VBRT	Inverter Brightness Control (Analog Voltage:0-3.3V)		[Note 4]
34	Frame1	Frame frequency setting H:60Hz, L:50Hz	10k	Pull Down :GND
35	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)		
36	TEMP3	Data3 of panel surface temperature [Note3]	10k	Pull Down :GND
37	TEMP2	Data2 of panel surface temperature [Note3]	10k	Pull Down :GND
38	TEMP1	Data1 of panel surface temperature [Note3]	10k	Pull Down :GND
39	VON			Pull Down :GND
		Inverter ON/OFF setting H:ON, L:OFF [Note 4]	10k	
40	O/Sset	O/S operation setting H:O/S_ON, L:O/S_OFF	10k	Pull Down :GND
41	NC	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)		

[note] GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

[note] L,"0": Low level voltage (GND) H,"1": High level voltage(3.3V)

[note]In case of O/S set setting "0"(O/S\_OFF), it should be set the Temp1~3 to "0".

CN2 ( +12V DC power supply Shown in Fig.1-2 )

Using connector

: SM20B-SHLDS-G-TF(LF)(SN) (J.S.T. Mfg Co.,Ltd.)

Mating connector

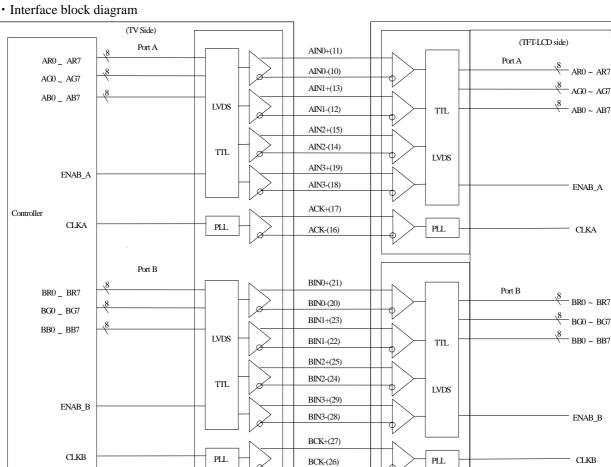
: SHLDP-20V-S-1 (connector) ( J.S.T. Mfg Co.,Ltd. )

SSHL-003GA1-P0.2	(Terminal) (	(J.S.T. Mfg Co.,Ltd.)
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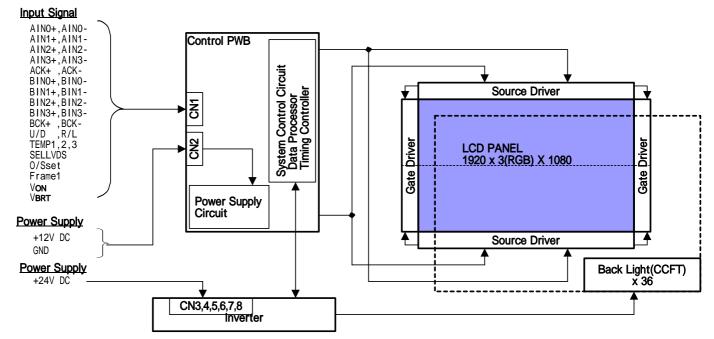
		: SSHL-003GA1-P0.2 (Terminal) ( J.S.T. Mfg Co	.,Ltd. )		
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark		
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply			
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply			
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply			
4	VCC	+12V Power Supply			
5	VCC	+12V Power Supply			
6	GND	GND			
7	GND	GND			
8	GND	GND			
9	GND	GND			
10	GND	GND			
11	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
12	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
13	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
14	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
15	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
16	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
17	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
18	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
19	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			
20	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection (OPEN)			

LCD Internal Circuit

# SHARP



Corresponding Transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device



#### Block Diagram (LCD Module)

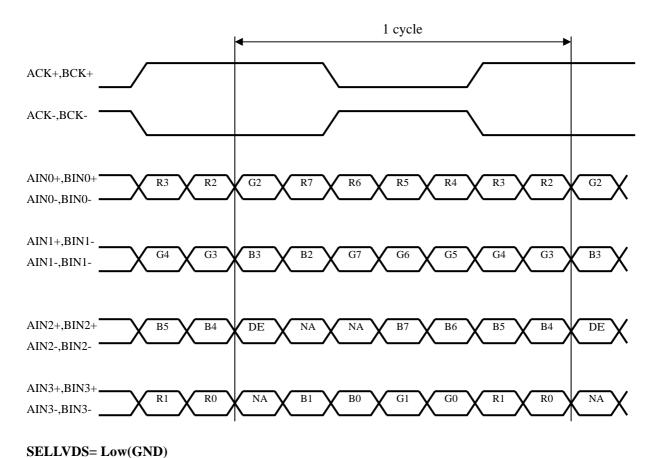
[Note 1]SELLVDS

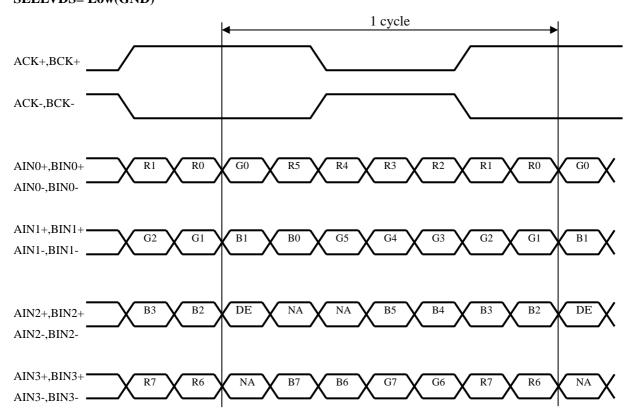
Transmitter		SELLVDS		
Pin No	Data	=L(GND)	=H(3.3V) or Open	
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	R2	
52	TA1	R1	R3	
54	TA2	R2	R4	
55	TA3	R3	R5	
56	TA4	R4	R6	
3	TA5	R5	R7(MSB)	
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	G2	
6	TB0	G1	G3	
7	TB1	G2	G4	
11	TB2	G3	G5	
12	TB3	G4	G6	
14	TB4	G5	G7(MSB)	
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	B2	
19	TB6	B1	B3	
20	TC0	B2	B4	
22	TC1	B3	B5	
23	TC2	B4	B6	
24	TC3	B5	B7(MSB)	
27	TC4	NA	NA	
28	TC5	NA	NA	
30	TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)	
50	TD0	R6	R0(LSB)	
2	TD1	R7(MSB)	R1	
8	TD2	G6	G0(LSB)	
10	TD3	G7(MSB)	G1	
16	TD4	B6	B0(LSB)	
18	TD5	B7(MSB)	B1	
25	TD6	NA	NA	

NA: Not Available

DE: Display Enable

(\*) Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High".

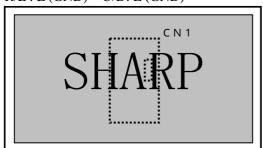




DE: Display Enable NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

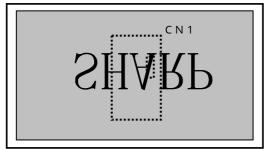
## [Note 2]Display reversal function Normal (Default)

R/L : L (GND) U/D: L (GND)

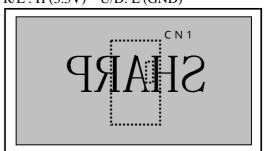


Vertical reverse image

R/L : L (GND)	U/D: H (3.3V)

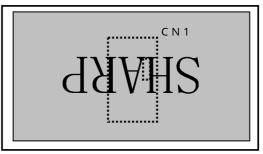


Horizontal reverse image R/L : H (3.3V) U/D: L (GND)



Horizontal and vertical reverse image





[Note 3] O/S Setting

According as the surface temperature of the panel, enter the optimum 3 bit signal into pin No.36,37,38. Measuring the correlation between detected temperature by the sensor on PWB in users side and actual surface temperature of panel at center, convert the temperature detected by the sensor to the surface temperature of panel to enter the 3 bit temperature data.

			Su	irface temp	erature of p	anel		
Pin no.	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35 and
								above
36	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
37	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
38	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

\*0: Low level voltage (GND) 1: High level voltage(3.3V)

\*For overlapping temperatures (such as 5 ,10 ,15 ,20 ,25 , 30 ,35 ) select the optimum parameter, judging from the actual picture image.

[Note 4]

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
39	Von	Inverter ON / OFF	[Note A]
33	V <sub>BRT</sub>	Brightness Control	[Note B]

\*GND of an inverter board is connected to GND of a module chassis and a liquid crystal panel drive part. [Note A] Inverter ON/OFF

Input voltage	Function
3.3V	Inverter: ON
0V	Inverter: OFF

[Note B] Brightness Control

PWM Brightness Control is regulated by analog input voltage (0V to 3.3V).

Input voltage	Function
0V	Brightness Control : (Dark :20%)
3.3V	Brightness Control : (Bright: 100%)

## 4-2. Backlight driving

CN3, CN4, CN5, CN6, CN7, CN8 (Inverter Power input Pin layout)

Using connector: B10B-PH-K-S(LF)(J.S.T. Mfg Co.,Ltd.)

Mating connector: PHR-10(J.S.T. Mfg Co.,I	Ltd.)
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Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	V <sub>INV</sub>	24V
2	V <sub>INV</sub>	24V
3	V <sub>INV</sub>	24V
4	V <sub>INV</sub>	24V
5	V <sub>INV</sub>	24V
6	GND	GND
7	GND	GND
8	GND	GND
9	GND	GND
10	GND	GND

\*GND of an inverter board is connected to GND of a module chassis and a liquid crystal panel drive part.

#### 4-3. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 36 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Life time	TL	-	60000	-	Hour	[Note]

[Note] • Lamp life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value

in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25 and brightness control( $V_{BRT}$ =3.3V).

• Above value is applicable when the long side of LCD module is placed horizontally

(Landscape position).

(Lamp lifetime may vary if LCD module is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

#### 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Control)	Vı	Ta=25	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	[Note 1]
12V supply voltage (for Control)	VCC	Ta=25	0 ~ + 14	V	
Input voltage (for Inverter)	Vbrt Von	Ta=25	0 ~ + 6	V	
24V supply voltage (for Inverter)	V <sub>INV</sub>	Ta=25	0 ~ +27	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60		
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Тора	-	0 ~ +50		[Note 2]

[Note 1]SELLVDS, R/L,U/D, Frame1,O/S set, Temp1, Temp2, Temp3

[Note 2]Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta 40 )

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 or less.(Ta>40 ) / No condensation.

#### **6. Electrical Characteristics**

6-1. Control circuit driving

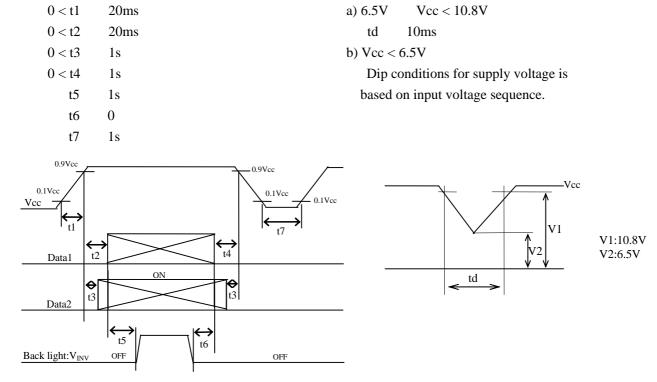
1. Control clicu	. Control circuit driving										
Para	ameter	r	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Uniit	Remark			
12V gupply	Supply voltage		Vcc	11.4	12.0	12.6	V	[Note 1]			
+12V supply voltage	0	Current	Icc	-	1.20	1.75	А	[Note 2]			
vonage			Iccs	0.3			А	[Note 7]			
Permissibl vo	e inpu Itage	it ripple	Vrp	-	-	100	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	Vcc = +12.0V			
Differential i	nput	High	VTH	-	-	100	mV	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$			
threshold vol	tage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	[Note 6]			
Input Lo	ow vo	ltage	VIL	-	-	0.8	V	[Note 3]			
Input Hi	igh vo	ltage	VIH	2.0	-	3.3	V				
Input leak	Input leak current (Low)			-	-	400	μΑ	$V_I = 0V$ [Note 4]			
Input leak current (High)			Іш	-	-	400	μΑ	VI = 3.3V [Note 5]			
Termin	al resi	istor	Rт	-	100	-		Differential input			

Dip conditions for supply voltage

[Note]VCM: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

#### [Note 1]

Input voltage sequences



Data1:ACK ± ,AIN0 ± ,AIN1 ± , AIN2 ± , AIN3 ± , BCK ± ,BIN0 ± ,BIN1 ± , BIN2 ± , BIN3 ± Data2:U/D,R/L,SELLVDS,Frame1,O/Sset,Temp1,2,3

About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence.

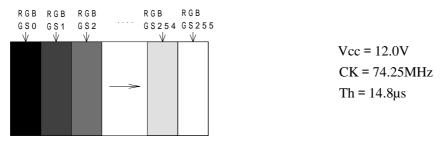
When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

 $T_{a-25}$ 

[Note 2] Maximum current situation: white (RGB GS255)

Typical current situation: 256 gray-bar pattern (Vcc = +12.0V)

The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



[Note 3] U/D,R/L, SELLVDS, Frame1,O/S set, Temp1, Temp2, Temp3

[Note 4] SELLVDS

[Note 5] U/D,R/L, Frame1,O/S set, Temp1, Temp2, Temp3

[Note 6] ACK  $\pm$  ,AIN0  $\pm$  ,AIN1  $\pm$  ,AIN2  $\pm$  ,AIN3  $\pm$  ,BCK  $\pm$  ,BIN0  $\pm$  ,BIN1  $\pm$  ,BIN2  $\pm$  ,BIN3  $\pm$ 

[Note 7] The minimum current value is a value when inputting only voltage (Vcc = +12V)

and cutting an incoming signal (CK,ENAB,DATA).

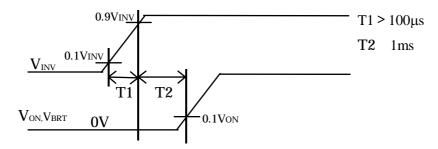
#### 6-2. Inverter driving for back light

The back light system is direct type with 36 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

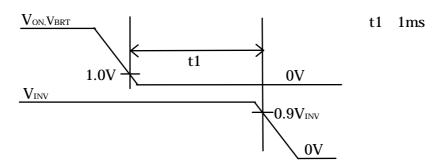
Ta=25

The	back light system is dire	ci type with	50 CCI 15 (		ruorescent	(uuc).	1a=23
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	Current dissipation		-	19.8	21.9	А	$V_{INV} = 24V$ $V_{BRT} = 3.3V$ ,
+ 24V		IINV 2	-	17.0	18.7	А	$V_{ON} = 3.3 V,$ V <sub>ON</sub> =3.3V
	Supply voltage	Vinv	23.0	24.0	25.0	V	[Note 1,3]
Per	Permissible input ripple voltage		-	-	200	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	$V_{INV} = +24V$
Iı	nput voltage (Low)	V <sub>ONL</sub>	0	-	1.0	V	Von [Note 1]
Ir	nput voltage (High)	V <sub>ONH</sub>	3.0	-	5.0	V	impedance=(3.5k)
Brig	Brightness control voltage		0		3.3	V	impedance=(45k)
	vs Brightness level (Reference value)	-	20		100	%	[Note 2]

[Note 1] 1)VINV-turn-on condition



 $2) V {\scriptstyle INV} - turn - off \ condition$ 



[Note 2] VBRT

[Note 3] Current dissipation 1 : The regulation value within 120 minutes after the turning on.

(\*It doesn't include Rush current.)

Current dissipation 2 : The regulation value since then of 120 minutes after the turning on.

[Note] The inverter unit is driving at the following drive frequency.

\*The lamp drive frequency: 36kHz +/- 1kHz

\*The burst Brightness control drive frequency: 165Hz +/-10 Hz

The above drive frequency and the module drive frequency are cause and there is possibility that the backlight display problem occurs. When setting the drive frequency of the module, the interference with the above frequency make not occur.

#### 7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7-1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

## 60Hz-mode

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	55	74.25	80	MHz	
	Horizontal period	TH	984	1100	1650	clock	
	Horizontai period	111	14.8	14.8	-	μs	
Data enable	Horizontal period (High)	THd	960	960	960	clock	
signal	Horizontal period(Low)	TH-THd	1.80	1.87	-	μs	
	Vertical period	TV	1096	1125	1350	line	
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	1080	1080	1080	line	

[Note] When vertical period is very long, flicker and etc. may occur.

Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral

multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.

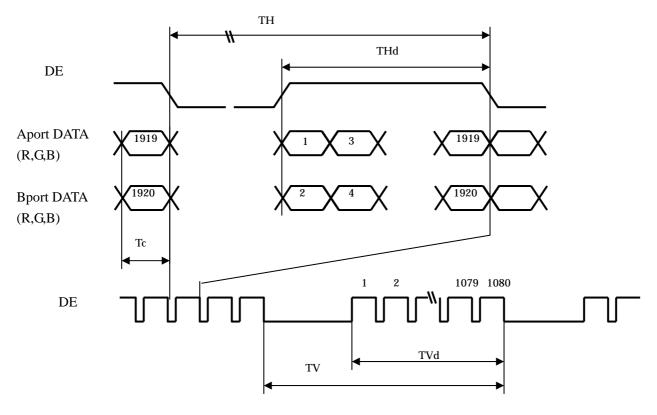
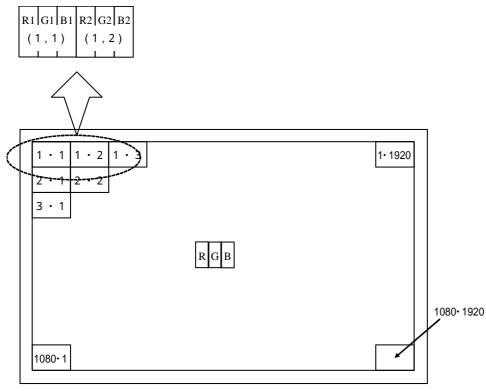


Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals

7-2. Input data signal and display position on the screen



Display position of Dat (V,H)

#### 8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

		iai, Da		-	-	010							Data	sign	nal											
	Colors & Gray scale	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7
	Gray scale	Scale																								
	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
or	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Col	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Color	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
щ	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
р	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale o	仓	$\checkmark$					r								r							`	Ł			
/ Sci	Û	$\checkmark$													r								r			
Gray	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
en	Ŷ	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gre	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le of	Ŷ	$\checkmark$					L I								r							`	r			
Sca	Û	$\checkmark$													r								Ł			
Gray Scale of Green	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ŭ	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Je	Ŷ	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale o	Ŷ	$\checkmark$					r								r								Ł			
, Scé	Û	$\checkmark$													ŀ								Ł			
Gray	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

#### 9. Optical characteristics

Ta=25	Vcc =	12.0V. VINV	= 24.0V ,60Hz-mode	
14 20	,	12.0 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2 1.0 · ,00112 111046	

Parar	neter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle	wing angle Horizontal		CR 10	80	88	-	Deg.	[Note1 4]
range	Vertical	11 12	CR 10	80	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]
Contra	st ratio	CRn		1000	2000	-		[Note2,4] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.3V
Respon	se time	r1 d1			6		ms	[Note3,4,5] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.3V
Luminanc	e of white	Х		0.257	0.287	0.317	-	
Lummane	e or white	у		0.265	0.295	0.325	-	
Luminan	as of rad	Х		0.619	0.649	0.679	-	
Luiiiiiaii	ce of feu	у	=0 deg.	0.308	0.338	0.368	-	[Note 4]
Luminanc	a of groop	Х		0.251	0.281	0.311	-	$V_{BRT}=3.3V$
Lummanc	e of green	у		0.580	0.610	0.640	-	
Luminon	Luminance of blue			0.111	0.141	0.171	-	
Lummand				0.045	0.075	0.105	-	
Luminanc	e of white	Y <sub>L1</sub>		360	450		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	VBRT=3.3V [Note 4]
Luminance	uniformity	W		-	-	1.25		[Note 6]

Measurement condition : Set the value of  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize BRT}}$  to maximum luminance of white.

\*The measurement shall be executed 120 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

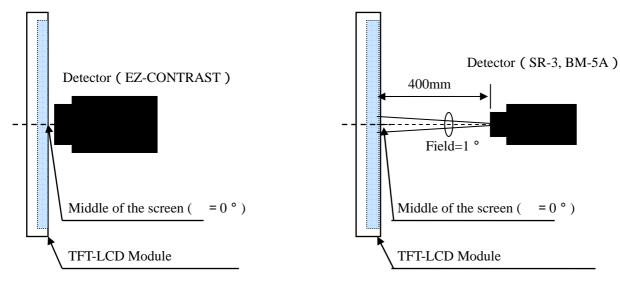
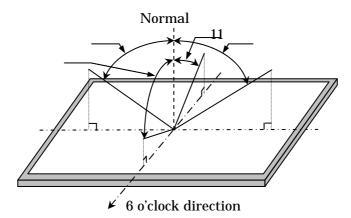


Fig.4-1 Measurement of viewing angle range.

Fig.4-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity and Response time. (Contrast, Luminance and Chromaticity: SR-3, Response time: BM-5A).

[Note 1]Definitions of viewing angle range :



[Note 2]Definition of contrast ratio :

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Contrast Ratio =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note 3]Definition of response time

3-1. Response time

The response time ( $\tau$ d1 and  $\tau$ r1) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "five luminance ratio(0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%)" and "five luminance ratio(0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%)".

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr:0%-25%	tr:0%-50%	tr:0%-75%	tr:0%-100%
25%	td:25%-0%		tr:25%-50%	tr:25%-75%	tr:25%-100%
50%	td:50%-0%	td:50%-25%		tr:50%-75%	tr:50%-100%
75%	td:75%-0%	td:75%-25%	td:75%-50%		tr:75%-100%
100%	td:100%-0%	td:100%-25%	td:100%-50%	td:100%-75%	

t\*:x-y...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

 $\tau r \mathbf{1} = \Sigma(\text{tr:x-y})/10$  ,  $\tau d \mathbf{1} = \Sigma(\text{td:x-y})/10$ 

[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5] Response time is the value when O/S driving is used at typical input time value .

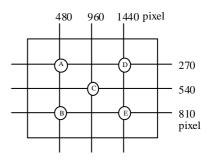
[Note 6]Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements.  $(A \sim E)$ 

Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)

w =

Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)



#### **SHARP**. 10. Handling Precautions of the module

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage. Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.
- c) Brightness control voltage is switched for "ON" and "OFF", as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching, VINV, may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.

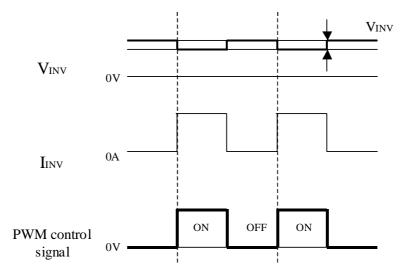


Fig.4 Brightness control voltage.

\*Since inverter board's GND is not connected to the frame of the LCD module, please connect it with the Customer's GND of inverter power supply.

- d) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- e) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- f) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- g) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- h) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- i) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- k) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- 1) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc.. So, please avoid such design.
- m) When giving a touch to the panel at power on supply, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.

- Lamps of the backlight are placed horizontally to the short side of LCD module. So make sure that the LCD module are placed horizontally (landscape position), as lifetime of backlight becomes shorter if placed at atilt.
- p) Make sure that the LCD module is operated within specified temperature and humidity.Measures against dust, water, vibration, and heat radiation, etc. are required at the cabinet or equipment side.And image retention may occur if same fixed pattern is displayed for a long time. In some cases, it may notdisappear.
  Please consider the design and operating environment

#### 11. Packing form

- a) Piling number of cartons: 2 maximum
- b) Packing quantity in one carton: 4 pcs.
- c) Carton size: 1654 (W) × 746 (D) × 1099(H)
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 198kg(typ)
- e) Packing Form are shown in Fig. 5

#### 12. Reliability test item

No.	Test item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25 240h
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	Ta=40 ; 95%RH 240h (No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50 240h
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0 240h
6	Vibration test (non-operation)	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm : 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> Sweep time: 11 minutes Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)
7	Shock test (non-operation)	Maximum acceleration: 490m/s <sup>2</sup> Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave Direction: +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z, once for each direction.
8	ESD	At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect operation and destruction. (1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge +/-10kV Non-contact electric discharge+/-20kV (2)Operation Contact electric discharge +/-8kV Non-contact electric discharge +/-15kV Conditions: 150pF、330ohm

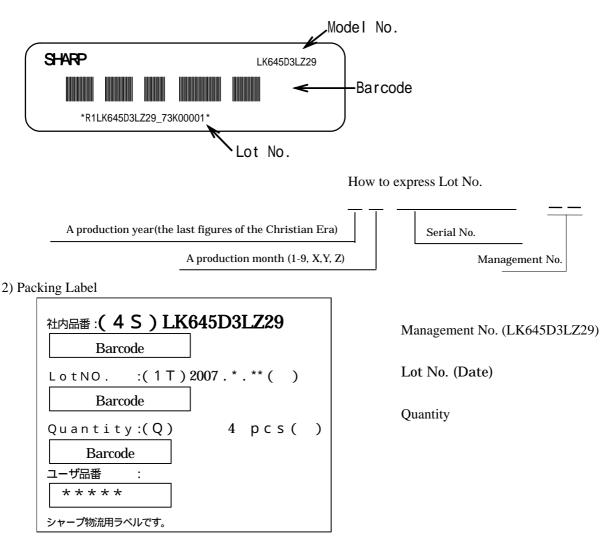
[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

## 13. Others

#### 1)Lot No. Label

The label that displays SHARP,product model(LK645D3LZ29),a product number is stuck on the back of the module.



- 3) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.
  - If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. It is displaying the label in the module back.

COLD CATHODE FLUORESCENT LAMP IN LCD PANEL CONTAINS A SMALL AMOUNT OF MERCURY, PLEASE FOLLOW LOCAL ORDINANCES OR REGULATION FOR DISPOSAL 当該液晶ディスプレイパネルは蛍光管が組み込まれていますので、地方自 冶体の条例、または、規則に従って廃棄ください。

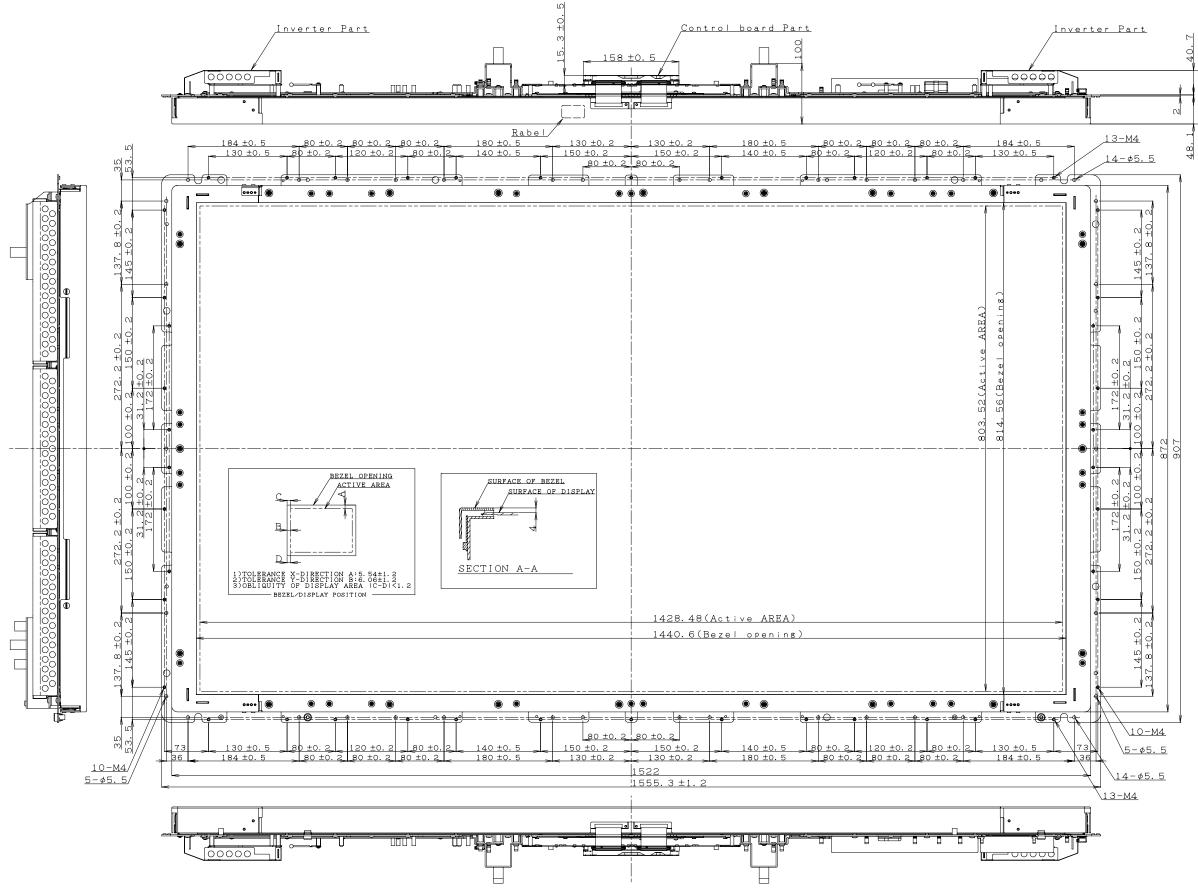
7) Lead-free soldering is applied.

8) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.

9) Appearance quality and standard are referred to the outgoing incoming inspections.

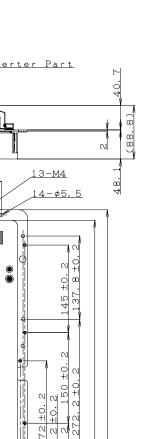
#### 14. Carton storage condition

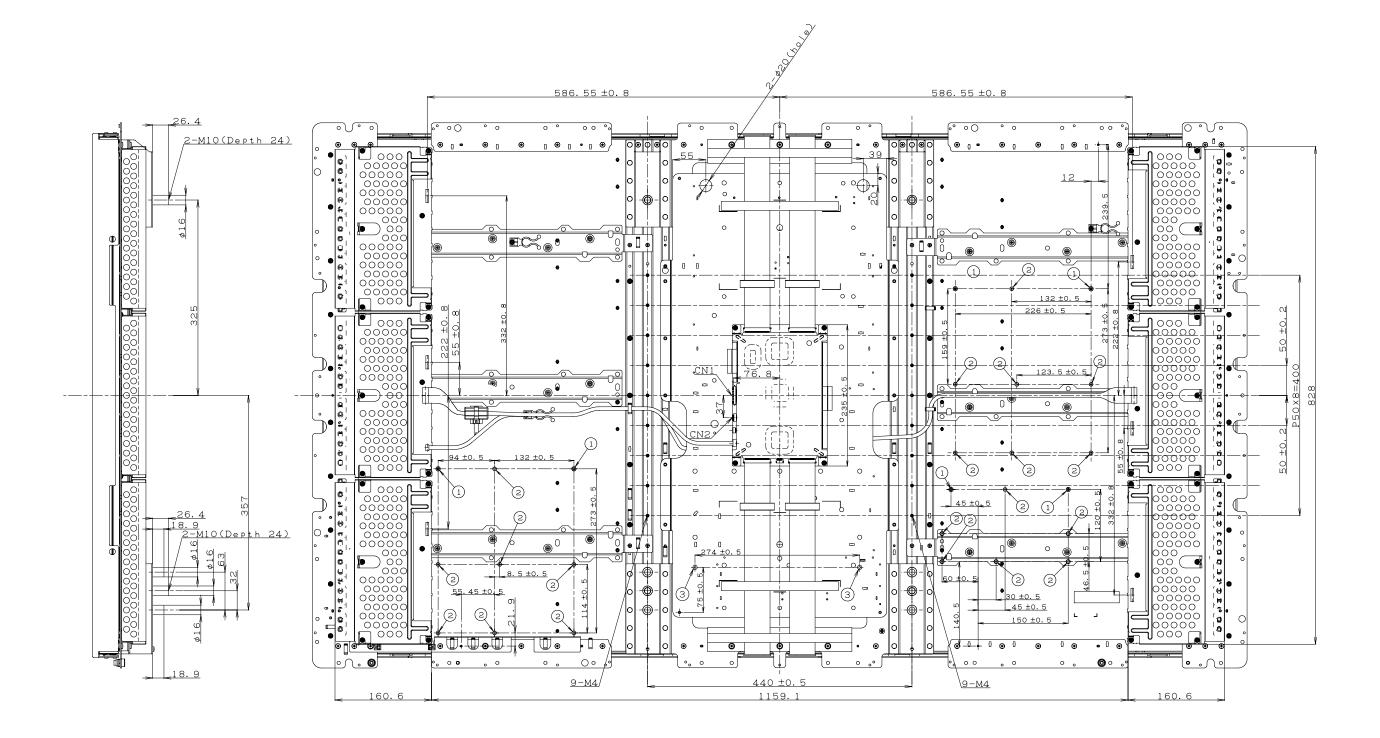
Temperature	0 to 40	
Humidity	95%RH or less	
Reference condition	on : 20 to 35 , 85% RH or less (summer)	
	: 5 to 15 , 85% RH or less (winter)	
• the total storage time (40 ,95% RH) : 240h or less		
Sunlight	Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.	
Atmosphere	Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or	
	wires must not be detected.	
Notes	Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with	
	removing from wall	
	Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control	
	changing temperature is within limits of natural environment	
Storage life	1 year	



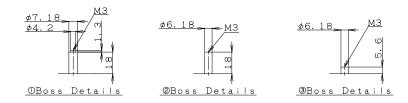
Note1)UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCE TO BE ±0.8mm

Fig. 1-1 Outline Dimensions

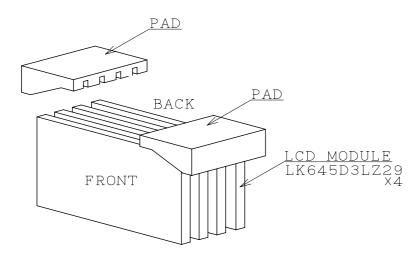


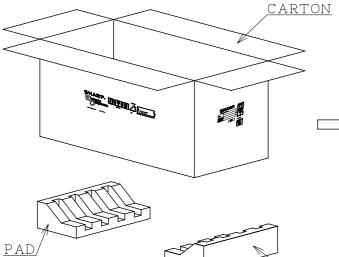


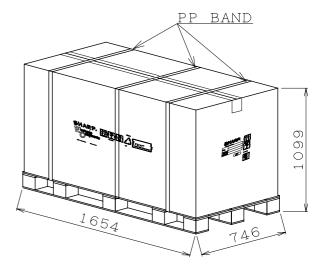
Note1)UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCE TO BE ±0.8mm

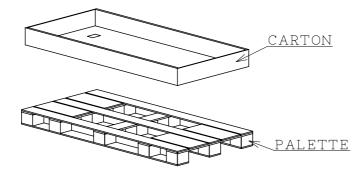


<u>Fig. 1-2 Outline Dimensions</u>









# Fig5. PACKING FORM

<u>pad</u>

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