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	DEVICE SPECIFICAT	TION FOR
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	LARGE LIQUID CR	YSTAL DISPLAY BUSSINESS GROUP
		SHARP CORPORATION



# **RECORDS OF REVISION**

MODEL No.: LK695D3LA08

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED No.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
LD-K23730	2011.8.8	-	-	-	1st ISSUE
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## 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 69.5" TFT-LCD Module LK695D3LA08.

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#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, LED drive circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1920×RGBY×1080 dots panel with one billion colors by using LVDS (<u>Low Voltage Differential Signaling</u>) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module includes the LED backlight system. (Typ. +183.1V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit. In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

With this technology, image signals can be set so that liquid crystal response completes within one frame. As a result, motion blur reduces and clearer display performance can be realized.

This LCD module also adopts 120Hz Frame Rate driving method.

With combination of these technologies, motion blur can be reduced and clearer display performance can be realized.



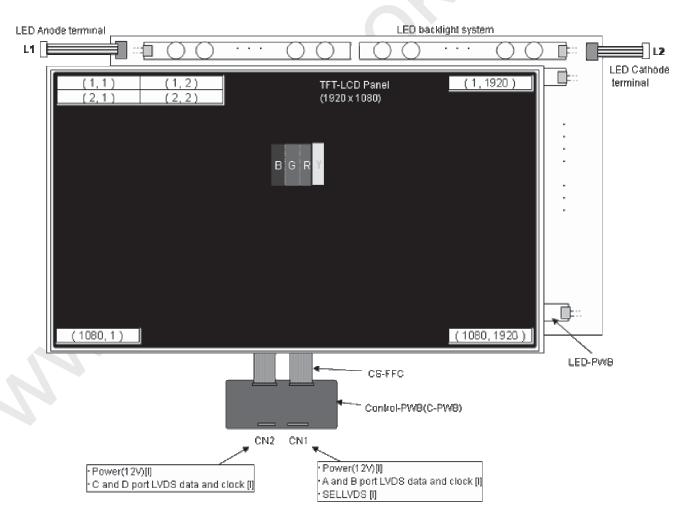
## 3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	
Display size	176.563 (Diagonal)	cm	
Display Size	69.513 (Diagonal)	inch	
Active area	1538.880 (H) x 865.620 (V)	mm	
Pixel Format	1920 (H) x 1080 (V)	pixel	
1 IXCI I Offilat	(1pixel = R + G + B + Y dot)	PIXEI	
Pixel pitch	0.802 (H) x 0.802 (V)	mm	
Pixel configuration	R, G, B, Y vertical stripe		
Display mode	Normally black		
Open Cell Outline Dimensions	1593.4(H) x 924.2(V) x 33.9(D)	mm	
Mass	$28.5 \pm 0.5$	kg	
Surface treatment	Low-Haze Anti glare		
Surface treatment	Hard coating: 2H and more		

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Outline dimensions are shown in p.19 (excluding protruding portion)

## 4. Input Terminals

#### **4.1.** Interface and block diagram



## 4.2. TFT panel driving

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply)

Using connector : 91213-0510Y (ACES)

Mating connector : 91214-05130 (ACES), FI-RNE51HL/FI-RNE51CL(JAE)

	DS transmitte		ice
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND		
2	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
3	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
4	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
5	FRAME	Frame frequency setting H:120Hz L: 100Hz	Pull down: (GND) [Note2]
6	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
7	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note3]	Pull down: (GND) [Note2]
8	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
9	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
10	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
11	GND		
12	AIN0-	Aport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
13	AIN0+	Aport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
14	AIN1-	Aport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
15	AIN1+	Aport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
16	AIN2-	Aport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
17	AIN2+	Aport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
18	GND	- ' '	
19	ACK-	Aport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
20	ACK+	Aport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
21	GND	Tipott EV BS Clock Signat(*)	/
22	AIN3-	Aport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
23	AIN3+	Aport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
24			
	AIN4-	Aport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
25	AIN4+	Aport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
26	GND		
27	GND		
28	BIN0-	Bport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
29	BIN0+	Bport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
30	BIN1-	Bport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
31	BIN1+	Bport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
32	BIN2-	Bport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
33	BIN2+	Bport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
34	GND		
35	BCK-	Bport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
36	BCK+	Bport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
37	GND		
38	BIN3-	Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
39	BIN3+	Bport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
40	BIN4-	Bport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input  Bport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
41	BIN4+	Bport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
42		Dport (±)Lv D3 Cπ4 differential data input	
	GND		
43	GND		
44	GND		
45	GND		
46	GND		
47	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
48	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
49	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
50	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
51	VCC	+12V Power Supply	

CN2 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply)

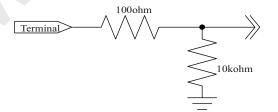
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Using connector : 91213-0410Y (ACES)

: 91214-04130 (ACES), FI-RNE41HL/FI-RNE41CL(JAE) Mating connector

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
4	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
5	Reserved		
6	Reserved		
7	Reserved		
8	Reserved		
9	GND		
10	CIN0-	Cport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
11	CIN0+	Cport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
12	CIN1-	Cport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
13	CIN1+	Cport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
14	CIN2-	Cport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
15	CIN2+	Cport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
16	GND		
17	CCK-	Cport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
18	CCK+	Cport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
19	GND		
20	CIN3-	Cport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
21	CIN3+	Cport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
22	CIN4-	Cport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
23	CIN4+	Cport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
24	GND		
25	GND		
26	DIN0-	Dport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
27	DIN0+	Dport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
28	DIN1-	Dport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
29	DIN1+	Dport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
30	DIN2-	Dport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
31	DIN2+	Dport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
32	GND		
33	DCK-	Dport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
34	DCK+	Dport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
35	GND		
36	DIN3-	Dport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
37	DIN3+	Dport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
38	DIN4-	Dport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
39	DIN4+	Dport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
40	GND	Dport ( 1) DV DS C114 differential data fliput	
41	GND		

[Note1] GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis. [Note2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal.



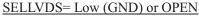


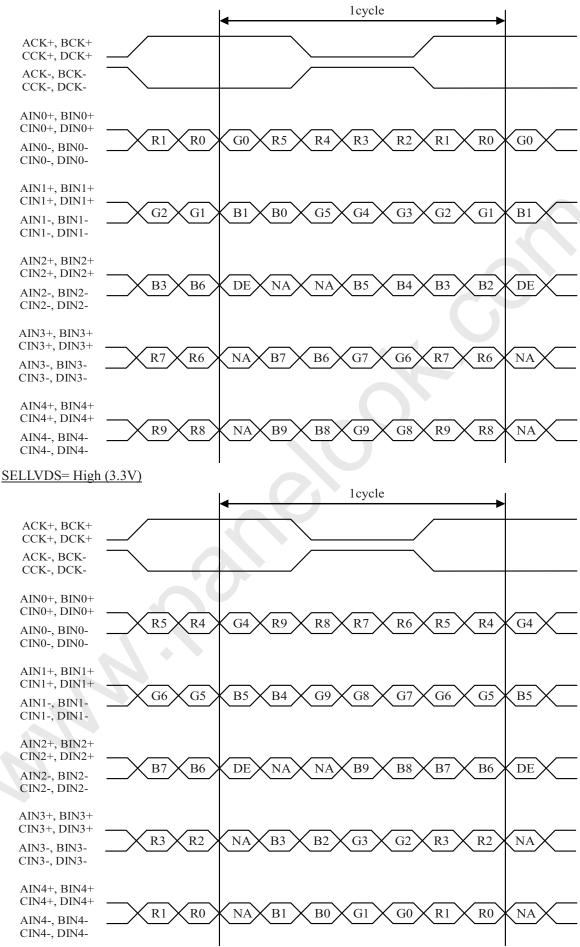
[Note3] LVDS Data order

[1,000]	SELLVDS						
Data	L(GND) or OPEN	H(3.3V)					
	[VESA]	[JEIDA]					
TA0	R0(LSB)	R4					
TA1	R1	R5					
TA2	R2	R6					
TA3	R3	R7					
TA4	R4	R8					
TA5	R5	R9(MSB)					
TA6	G0(LSB)	G4					
TB0	G1	G5					
TB1	G2	G6					
TB2	G3	G7					
TB3	G4	G8					
TB4	G5	G9(MSB)					
TB5	B0(LSB)	B4					
TB6	B1	B5					
TC0	B2	В6					
TC1	В3	B7					
TC2	В4	B8					
TC3	В5	B9(MSB)					
TC4	NA	NA					
TC5	NA	NA					
TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)					
TD0	R6	R2					
TD1	R7	R3					
TD2	G6	G2					
TD3	G7	G3					
TD4	В6	B2					
TD5	B7	B3					
TD6	N/A	N/A					
TE0	R8	R0(LSB)					
TE1	R9(MSB)	R1					
TE2	G8	G0(LSB)					
TE3	G9(MSB)	G1					
TE4	B8	B0(LSB)					
TE5	B9(MSB)	B1					
TE6	N/A	N/A					

NA: Not Available

<sup>(\*)</sup>Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE(Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High".





DE: Display Enable, NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

#### 4.3. Backlight driving

Using connector: SMH200-H20S (YEON-HO)
Mating terminal: YST200-C1 (YEON-HO)

L2 Using connector: SMH200-H18S (YEON-HO)
Mating terminal: YST200-C1 (YEON-HO)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	1	CATHODE	GND
2	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	2	CATHODE	GND
3	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	3	CATHODE	GND
4	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	4	CATHODE	GND
5	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	5	CATHODE	GND
6	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	6	CATHODE	GND
7	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	7	CATHODE	GND
8	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	8	CATHODE	GND
9	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	9	CATHODE	GND
10	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	10	CATHODE	GND
11	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	11	CATHODE	GND
12	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	12	CATHODE	GND
13	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	13	CATHODE	GND
14	ANODE	LED Anode terminal (DC 57mA)	14	CATHODE	GND
15	NC	N.C	15	NC	N.C
16	NC	N.C	16	NC	N.C
17	NC	N.C	17	NC	N.C
18	NC	N.C	18	NC	N.C
19	NC	N.C			
20	NC	N.C			

#### 4.4 The back light system characteristics

The characteristics of the LED are shown in the following table. The value mentioned below is at the case of One LED.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Life time	Tled	(-/	60,000	-	Hour	25°C [Note.1]

[Note1] LED life time is the expectation value calculated from lifetime data of maker report. It is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ .

#### 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for C-PWB)	Vı	Ta=25°C	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	[Note 1]
12V supply voltage (for C-PWB)	VCC	Ta=25°C	0~+14	V	
LED supply reverse voltage (for LED 1line)	$V_{LED}$	Ta=25 °C	150	V	
LED supply current (for LED 1line)	$I_{LED}$	Ta=25 °C	120	mA	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60	°C	D. 1 21
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Тора	-	0 ~ +50	°C	[Note 2]

[Note 1] SELLVDS, FRAME

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta≤40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less.(Ta>40°C)

No condensation.

#### 6. Electrical Characteristics

#### 6.1. Control circuit driving

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Ta=25 °C

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
	Su	ipply voltage	Vcc	11.4	12	12.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply	Curi	rent dissipation	Icc	-	0.75	2.0	A	[Note 2]
voltage	Inrush current		$I_{RUSH}$	-	4.4	5.5	A	t1=500us [Note 5]
Permissible	input	ripple voltage	$V_{RP}$	-	-	100	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	Vcc = +12.0V
Differential in	nput	High	$V_{TH}$	-	-	100	mV	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$
threshold vol	tage	Low	$V_{TL}$	-100	-	-	mV	[Note 4]
Input	Low	voltage	Vil	0	-	1.0	V	[Note 3]
Input	High	voltage	$V_{\mathrm{IH}}$	2.3	1	3.3	V	
Input leak current (Low)		IIL	-	ı	40	μΑ	$V_{I} = 0V$ [Note 3]	
Input leak current (High)		Іїн	-	ı	400	μΑ	$V_{I} = 3.3V$ [Note 3]	
Terminal resistor		esistor	RT	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input

[Note]Vcm: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

#### [Note1]

## <u>Input voltage sequences</u>

50us < t1 < 20ms

20 ms < t2 < 5 s

1s < t3 < 5s

0 < t4 < 1s

0 < t5 < 1s

1s < t6-1

1s < t6-2

0 < t7-10 < t7-2

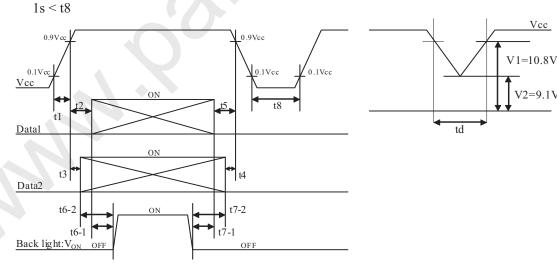
Dip conditions for supply voltage

a)  $V2 \leq Vcc < V1$ 

td < 10ms

b) Vcc < V2

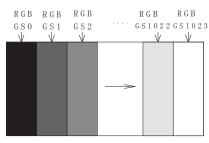
This case is based on input voltage sequences.



- X Data1: ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, AIN4±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±, BIN4±, CCK±, CIN0±, CIN1±, CIN2±, CIN3±, CIN4±, DCK±, DIN0±, DIN1±, DIN2±, DIN3±, DIN4± \*V<sub>CM</sub> voltage pursues the sequence mentioned above
- ※ Data2: SELLVDS, FRAME

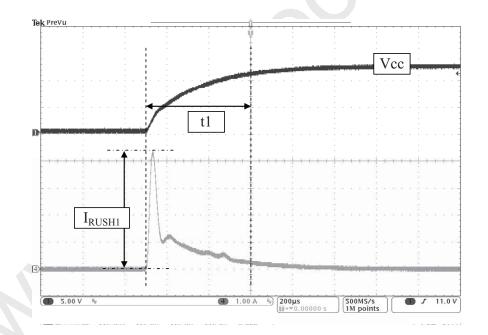
[Note] About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence. When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2] Typical current situation: 1024 gray-bar patterns. (Vcc = +12.0V) The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



[Note 3] SELLVDS, FRAME

[Note 4] ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, AIN4±,BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±, BIN4± CCK±, CIN0±, CIN1±, CIN2±, CIN3±, CIN4±,DCK±, DIN0±, DIN1±, DIN2±, DIN3±, DIN4± [Note 5] Vcc12V inrush current waveform





#### 6.2. LED driving for back light

The back light system is direct light type with LEDs.

Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED Operating Voltage	VLED	174.1	183.1	192.1	V	@ Iledi =57mA
LED Operating Current (LED 1line)	Iledi	-	57	-	mA	per LED 1 line [Note1]
LED Operating Current (Total input/ module)	Iled14	-	798	-	mA	57mA× LED 14 lines [None2]

[None1] Pin1, Pin2, Pin3, ..., Pin14 (L1 terminal)

 $I_{\text{LED1}}$  is a current per LED 1 line between L1 anode and L2 cathode.

Please keep  $85^{\circ}$ C or less the temperature of the terminal of LED.

[Note2] V<sub>LED</sub> is a potential difference between the anode and the cathode of each LED PWB.

Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C, Measurement after 100ms has passed since power supply was turned on.

\*The products are sensitive to the static electricity and care shall be fully taken when handling the products. Particularly in case that an over-voltage which exceeds the Absolute Maximum Rating of the products shall be applied, the overflowed energy may cause damages to, or possibly result in destruction of the products. Please take absolutely secured countermeasures against static electricity and surge when handling the products.

## 7. Timing characteristics of input signals

## 7.1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	69.0	74.25	80.0	MHz	
	Horizontal period	TH	525	550	650	clock	
	Horizontai period	111	7.1	7.41	8.0	μs	
Data enable	Horizontal period (High)	THd	480	480	480	clock	
signal	Vertical period	TV	1110	1125	1400	line	
	vertical period	1 V	94	120	122	Hz	
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	1080	1080	1080	line	

[Note]-When vertical period is very long, flicker and etc. may occur.

- -Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.
- -Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.
- -As for your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.

<sup>\*</sup>Please decrease LED heat enough when the LED current is increased more than TYP value.

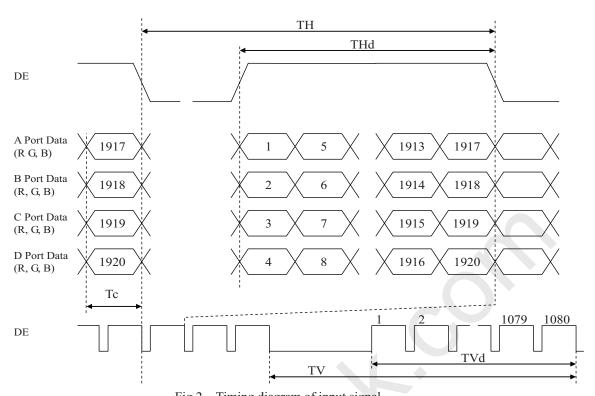
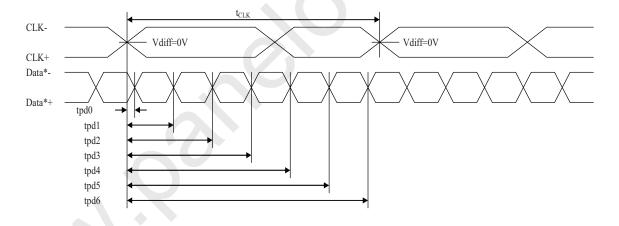


Fig.2 Timing diagram of input signal

#### 7.2. LVDS signal characteristics



Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 0	tpd0	-0.25	0	0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 1	tpd1	1*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7-0.25	1*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	1*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7+0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 2	tpd2	2*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7-0.25	2*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	2*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7+0.25	
Data position	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 3	tpd3	3*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7-0.25	3*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	3*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7+0.25	ns
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 4	tpd4	4*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7-0.25	4*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	4*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7+0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 5	tpd5	5*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7-0.25	5*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	5*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7+0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 6	tpd6	6*t <sub>CLK</sub> 7-0.25	6*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	6*t <sub>CLK</sub> /7+0.25	



## 8. Input signal, basic display colors and gray scale of each color

Colors & Gray Scale			Data signal R0 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 G0 G1 G2 G3 G4 G5 G6 G7 G8 G9 B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8																													
Colors & Gray Scare	'		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	G8	G9	B0	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	В7	В8	В9
Basic Color	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
																<u>.</u>																
																<u>.</u>												<u> </u>				
		GS1021	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS1022	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS1023	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS1		0						0					0		mign						0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
																												•				
		GS1021		0		0					0				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0			0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		0	•	0
		GS1022		0	0			0		0			0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0				0	0			•	0
	Green	GS1023	_	0	0	0		0	_	0		0	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	_	_	0		0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
												<u> </u>																•			•	
																															<u>.</u>	
		GS1021		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		GS1022		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS1023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

- 0: Low level voltage / 1: High level voltage
- Each basic color can be displayed in 1024 gray scales from 10 bits data signals. According to the combination of total 30 bits data signals, one billion-color display can be achieved on the screen.

#### 9. **Optical characteristics**

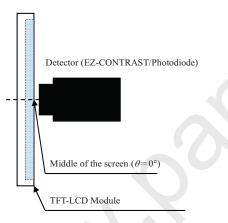
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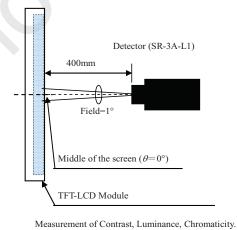
Ta=25°C, Vcc=12.V, VLED =+183.1V, LED current=798mA, Timing: 120Hz (typ. value)

Param	eter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle range	Horizontal	$\theta$ 21 $\theta$ 22	- CR≥10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]
	Vertical	$\theta$ 11 $\theta$ 12	CIC <u>=</u> 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[110101,4]
Contrast	ratio	CRn			5000	-	-	[Note2,4]
Respons	e time	τrd		-	4	-	ms	[Note3,4,5]
	White	X		Typ0.03	(0.280)	Typ.+0.03	-	
	vv inte	y		Typ0.03	(0.290)	Typ.+0.03	-	
	Red	X		Typ0.03	(0.651)	Typ.+0.03	-	
Chromoticity		у		Typ0.03	(0.335)	Typ.+0.03	- (	[Note41
Chromaticity	Green	X	$\theta$ =0 deg.	Typ0.03	(0.283)	Typ.+0.03	-	[Note4]
		у		Typ0.03	(0.696)	Typ.+0.03	-	
	Dlue	X		Typ0.03	(0.152)	Typ.+0.03	-	
	Blue	У		Typ0.03	(0.049)	Typ.+0.03	)) <b>-</b>	
Luminance	White	$Y_{L}$	Ī	300	350		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	
Luminance uniformity	White	δw		-	-	1.43		[Note6]

- Measurement condition: Set the value of backlight control voltage to maximum luminance of white.
- The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

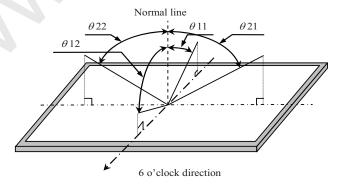




Measurement of viewing angle range and Response time.

- -Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST
- Response time: Photodiode

[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:





## [Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$Contrast \ Ratio = \frac{Luminance (brightness) \ with \ all \ pixels \ white}{Luminance (brightness) \ with \ all \ pixels \ black}$$

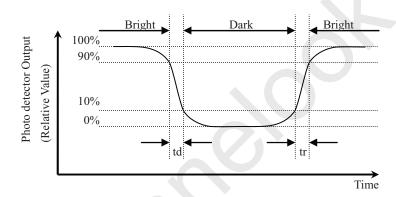
#### [Note3] Definition of response time

The response time  $(\tau_{\text{rd}})$  is defined as the following,

$$\tau_{\text{\tiny rd}} = \{\sum (tr:x-y) + \sum (td:x-y)\} \big/ 20$$

 $\tau_{rd}$  is the average value of the switching time from five gray levels (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%) to five gray levels (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%).

	Gray level of End (y)									
	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%					
0%		tr: 0%-25%	tr: 0%-50%	tr: 0%-75%	tr: 0%-100%					
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr: 25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%					
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%					
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%					
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td: 100%-75%						
	25% 50% 75%	0% 25% td: 25%-0% 50% td: 50%-0% 75% td: 75%-0%	0%         25%           0%         tr: 0%-25%           25%         td: 25%-0%           50%         td: 50%-0%         td: 50%-25%           75%         td: 75%-0%         td: 75%-25%	0%         25%         50%           0%         tr: 0%-25%         tr: 0%-50%           25%         td: 25%-0%         tr: 25%-50%           50%         td: 50%-0%         td: 50%-25%           75%         td: 75%-0%         td: 75%-25%         td: 75%-50%	0%         25%         50%         75%           0%         tr: 0%-25%         tr: 0%-50%         tr: 0%-75%           25%         td: 25%-0%         tr: 25%-50%         tr: 25%-75%           50%         td: 50%-0%         td: 50%-25%         tr: 50%-75%           75%         td: 75%-0%         td: 75%-50%         td: 75%-50%					



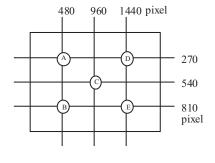
[Note4] This value shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value.

[Note6] Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A~E)

 $\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$ 





## 10. Reliability test item

No.	Test item	Condition						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25°C 240h						
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	Ta=40°C; 95%RH 240h (No condensation)						
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 240h						
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h						
6	Vibration test (non-operation)	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm : 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> Sweep time: 11 minutes Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)						
7	Shock test (non-operation)	Maximum acceleration: 294m/s <sup>2</sup> Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave Direction: Vertical direction in the front at once.						
8	ESD	* At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect operation and destruction.  (1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge ±10kV  Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV  (2)Operation Contact electric discharge ±8kV  Non-contact electric discharge ±15kV  Conditions: 150pF, 330phm						

[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

## 11. Packing form

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a) Piling number of cartons : 2 Maximum

b) Packing quantity in one carton : 8pcs

c) Carton size  $: 1772(W) \times 1140(D) \times 1166(H)$ 

d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules : 300kg

## 12. Carton storage condition

Temperature 0°C to 40°C Humidity 95% RH or less

Reference condition 20°C to 35°C, 85% RH or less (summer)

5°C to 15°C, 85% RH or less (winter)

the total storage time (40°C, 95% RH): 240h or less Be sure to shelter a production from the direct sunlight.

Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or Atmosphere

wires must not be detected.

Notes Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them

with removing from wall.

Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control

changing temperature is within limits of natural environment.

Storage life 1 year.

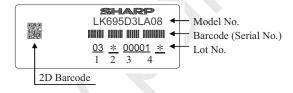
#### 13. Label

Sunlight

#### 13.1 Module Serial Label

a) Overview

This label is stuck on the backlight chassis.



## How to express Lot No.

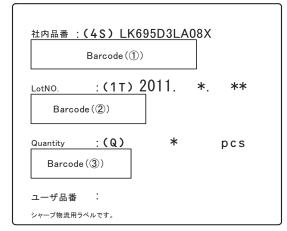
Model No.	1	2	3	4					
LK695D3LA08X	(03)	N	(00001)	X					
	1	-							
		1		Suffix Code					
		!	Serial No.						
	1	Factory Code							
		- N: NSEC							
	1	-							
	Production Year & Month								



#### 13.2. Packing Label

This label is stuck on the each packing box.

ex) LK695D3LA08X



- ① Model No.& Suffix Code
- ② Lot No.
- 3 Quantity

#### 14. Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- h) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- i) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- j) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- k) When giving a touch to the panel at power on supply, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- When handling LCD module and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- m) This LCD module is designed to prevent dust from entering into it. However, there would be a possibility to have a bad effect on display performance in case of having dust inside of LCD module. Therefore, please ensure to design your TV set to keep dust away around LCD module.
- n) This LCD module passes over the rust.
- o) Adjusting Vcom has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- p) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- q) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- r) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- s) In any case, please do not resolve this LCD module



- t) This module is corresponded to RoHS.
- u) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

