

SPECIFICATION FOR **APPROVAL**

() Preliminary Specification

() Final Specification

Title	15.1" XGA 1	15.1" XGA TFT LCD				
BUYER		SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.			
MODEL		MODEL	LM151X4-A3			

SIGNATURE	DATE		
<i>I</i>			
/			
/			
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.			

APPROVED BY	DATE			
S.H.Kang / G.Manager				
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RECORDS OF REVISIONS

Version No	Date	Page	DESCRIPTION
0.0	JUN. 1, 2000		First draft.

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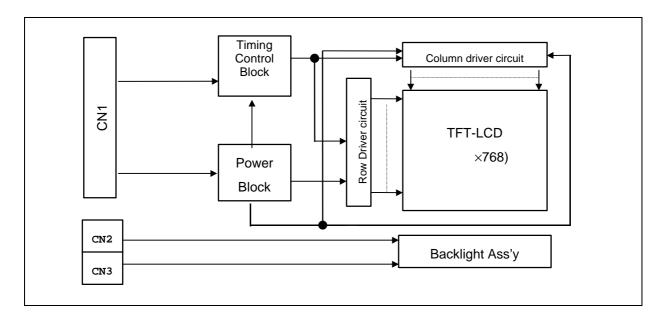


1. General Description

The LM151X4-A3 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has a 15.1 inchs diagonally measured active display area with XGA resolution(768 vertical by 1024 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LM151X4-A3 has been designed to apply the TTL interface method.

The LM151X4-A3 LCD is intended to support applications where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LM151X4-A3 characteristics provide an excellent flat panel display for office automation products such as monitors.



General Features

Active screen size	15.1 inches(307.2 x 230.4mm) diagonal
Outline dimensions	$352.0(H) \times 263.5(V) \times 16.0(D) \text{ mm}$ (typ) without user connector
Pixel pitch	0.300 mm × 0.300 mm
Pixel format	1024 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance,White	250 cd/m ² (typ)
Power Consumption	2.3Watts Logic / 9.7 Watts CCFL (typ. With 64 Gray pattern)
Weight	1500g (typ)
Display operating mode	transmissive mode, normally white
Surface treatments	hard coating(3H), anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	symbol	Va	lues	Units	Notes	
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	NOLES	
Power Input Voltage Operating Temperature Storage Temperature	V _{CC} T _{OP} T _{ST}	-0.5 0 -20	+3.6 +50 +60	Vdc °	at 25º 1,2 1,2	

Note: 1. Temperature at 5mm above display center of LCD Module.

- Ta 40°: 90%RH Max.
- Ta 40° : Absolute Humidity shall be less than Ta = $40^{\circ} 90\%$ RH.

These shall be no dew condensation.

2. Humidity Min. 5%RH, Max. 90%RH

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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LM151X4-A3 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Table 2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:							
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes	
	-	Min.	Тур.	Max.			
MODULE: Power Supply Input Voltage Power Supply Input Current Power Consumption Input Data Logic Voltage	V _{CC} I _{CC} P _c Vi	TBD - - TBD	3.3 TBD 2.1 3.3	TBD TBD 3.3 TBD	Vdc A Watts Vdc	1 1	
LAMP Operating Voltage Operating Current Established Starting Voltage at 25 at 0 Operating Frequency Power Consumption	V _{BL} I _{BL} V _{BS} f _{BL} P _{BL}	585(9mA) 3.0 - - 30 -	605(8mA) 8.0 - 50 9.7	720(3mA) 9.0 1020 1400 60 10.6	V _{RMS} mA V _{RMS} kHz Watts	2 3 4	
Life Time		30,000	-	-	Hrs	5 8mArms	

Table 2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Notes: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V , 25 , fv = 60Hz condition Power supply input current and Typ. Power consumption is measured while 64 gray pattern is displayed

The max. power consumption is measured while full black pattern is displayed.

- 2. The variance of the voltage is $\pm 10\%$.
- 3. The transformer output voltage in the inverter must be high considering to the loss of the ballast capacitor in the inverter.
- 4. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$.



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs three interface connections, a 41 pin connector is used for the module electronics and two connectors, a three pin connector, are used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model DF9B-41P-1V manufactured by Hirose. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below

Pin	Symbol	Description	Pin	Symbol	Description
1	GND	System Ground. Note 1	2	DCLK	Data Input Clock
3	GND	System Ground	4	H _{sync}	H _{sync} . Horizontal Sync Signal
5	V _{sync}	V _{sync} . Vertical Sync Signal	6	GŃD	System Ground
7	GND	System Ground	8	GND	System Ground
9	R0	Red data 0 (LSB)	10	R1	Red data 1
11	R2	Red data 2	12	GND	System Ground
13	R3	Red data 3	14	R4	Red data 4
15	R5	Red data 5 (MSB)	16	GND	System Ground
17	GND	System Ground	18	GND	System Ground
19	G0	Green data 0 (LSB)	20	G1	Green data 1
21	G2	Green data 2	22	GND	System Ground
23	G3	Green data 3	24	G4	Green data 4
25	G5	Green data 5 (MSB)	26	GND	System Ground
27	GND	System Ground	28	GND	System Ground
29	B0	Blue data 0 (LSB)	30	B1	Blue data 1
31	B2	Blue data 2	32	GND	System Ground
33	B3	Blue data 3	34	B4	Blue data 4
35	B5	Blue data 5 (MSB)	36	GND	System Ground
37	DE	Data Enable Signal	38	V _{DD}	Power Supply for LCD Module
39	V_{DD}	Power Supply for LCD Module	40	V_{DD}	Power Supply for LCD Module
41	V_{DD}	Power Supply for LCD Module			

Table 4 MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Notes: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

2. All V_{CC}(power input) pins should be connected together.

	\sim	
TOP SIDE	PIN 1	
		PIN 2
Back SIDE OF LCM		
BOTTOM SIDE	5.0.14	PIN 40
	PIN 41	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHR-03VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Lamp power input(High)	1
2	NC	No connect	
3	LV	Lamp power input(Low)	

Notes: 1. The input power terminal(High) is colored pink.

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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

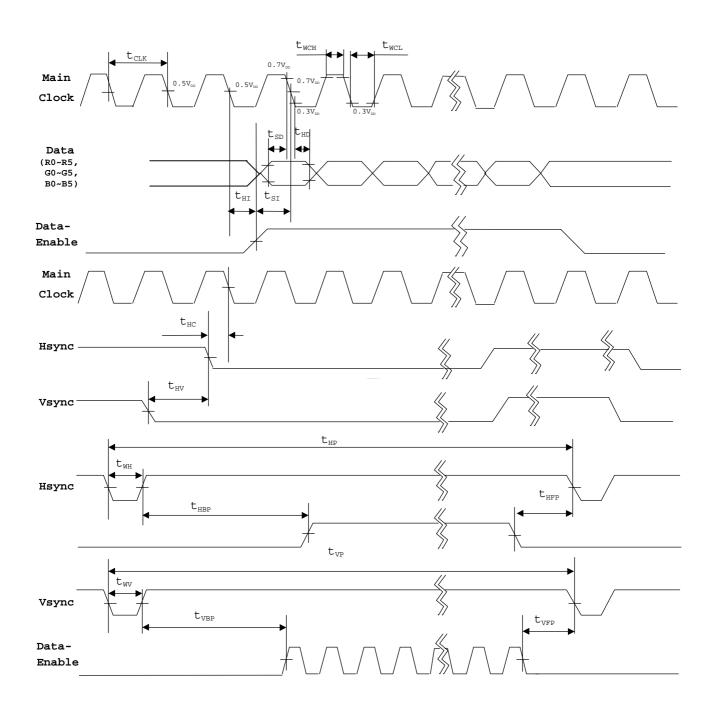
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 6 Timing Table							
	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Dclk	Frequency	t _{CLK}	-	65.0	78.75	Mhz	
	Width-Low	T _{WCL}	5	-	-	ns	
	Width-High	T _{WCH}	5	-	-	ns	
Hsync	Period	t _{HP}	1056	1344	-	t _{CLK}	
	Width-Active	t _{WH}	8	136	-		
	Setup time	t _{HC}	4	-	-	ns	For DCLK
Vsync	Period	t _{VP}	777	806	-	t _{HP}	
	Frequency	f _V	-	60	75	Hz	
	Width-Active	t _{WV}	1	-	-	t _{HP}	
DE	Horizontal Back Porch	t _{HBP}	8	-	-	t _{CLK}	
(Data	Horizontal Front Porch	t _{HFP}	8	-	-		
Enable)	Vertical Back Porch	t _{VBP}	1	-	-	t _{HP}	
	Vertical Front Porch	t _{VFP}	1	-	-		
	Set up time	t _{SI}	5	-	-	ns	For DCLK
	Hold time	t _{HI}	5	-	-	ns	For DCLK
DATA	Set up time	t _{SD}	3.5		-	ns	For DCLK
	Hold time	t _{HD}	3.5	-	-	ns	For DCLK

Table 6 Timing Table



3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5. Color Input Data Reference

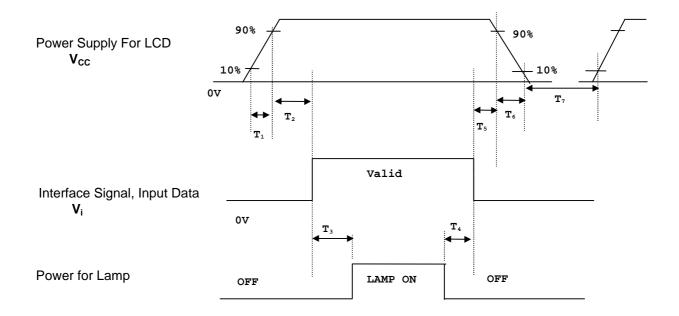
The brightness of each primary color(red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

								I	Inpu			Data		I					
	Color				ed					Gre							ue		
			MSE			LSB			MSE			LSB			MSE			LSB	
	•	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63) Bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63) Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63) Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 7 COLOR DATA REFERENCE



3-6. Power Sequence



Parameter		Values		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
$ \begin{array}{c} T_{1} \\ T_{2} \\ T_{3} \\ T_{4} \\ T_{5} \\ T_{6} \\ T_{6} \end{array} $	0.01 300 300 0.01 0.01	- - - - - - - -	15 50 - - 20 10	ms ms ms ms ms ms
T ₇	3	-	-	sec

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{CC} to 0V.

3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

4. Optical Specifications

4.1 Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 . The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° and aperture 1 degree. The test equipment is PhotoResearch Prichard SpectroRadiometer Model 1980B-SC or equivalent. The input signal voltage and timing specification are V_{DD} of 5.0Vdc, and VESA XGA @60Hz respectively. The input current of backlight is 8mA(F_{BL} = 50KHz) at the ground terminals.

Param	otor	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Farain	leter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	250	300	-		1
Luminance, white		SB _{WH}	200	250	-	cd/m ²	2
Lunminance Varia	tion	SBv	-	-	30	%	3
Luminance Unifor	mity(TCO'99)	L _R			1.7		4
Response Time	Rise Time Decay Time	Tr Tr _R Tr _D	-	45 10 35	55 15 40	ms	5
CIE Color Coordin	nates Red	X _R	0.610 0.310	0.640 0.340	0.670 0.370		
	Green	У _R Х _G Уg	0.310 0.275 0.580	0.305 0.610	0.335 0.640		
	Blue	х _в Ув	0.110 0.085	0.140 0.115	0.170 0.145		
	White	х _w Уw	0.283 0.299	0.313 0.329	0.343 0.359		
Viewing Angle by x axis, rig x axis, le			70 70	75 75	-	degree, ∘	6
y axis, up y axis, down	o(`=90°)		50 55	55 60	-	%	
Cross talk Horizont Vertical	al				2.5 2.5		7
Gray Scale			-	-	-		8

Table 3 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Notes 1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

(Surface Luminance with all white pixels)

(Surface Luminance with all black pixels)

Contrast ratio shall be measured at the center of the display (Location 1).

2. The Luminance is luminance value at center point with full white screen.

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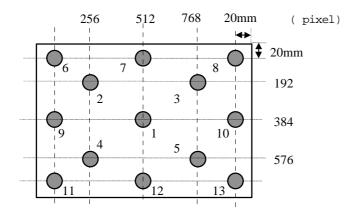
× 100(%)



Product Specification

3. The variation in surface Luminances, SB_V is defined as : Maxi

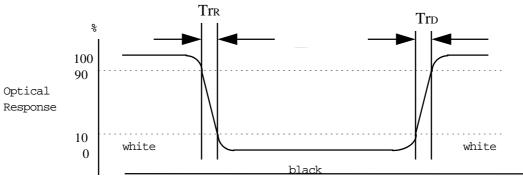
Where B1 to B13 are the Luminance with all pixels displaying white at 13 locations.



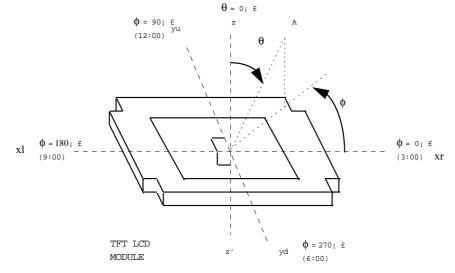
TCO' 99 Certification Requirements and test methods for environmental labelling of 4. Displays [Flat] Report No.2 (X1.5.2 Luminance Uniformity)

 $L_R = ((L_{max,+30deg}. / L_{min,+30deg}.) + (L_{max,-30deg}. / L_{min,-30deg}.)) / 2$

5. The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 5.





7. Cross talk shall be measured at one point.

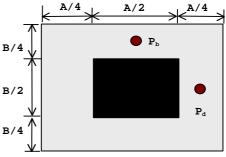
Vertical Crosstalk Ratio =100× $\frac{|Luminance at Position P_a - Luminance at Position P_b|}{Luminance at Position P_a}$

Horizontal Crosstalk Ratio =100× Luminance at Position P_c - Luminance at Position P_d Luminance at Position P_c

А

 \mathbf{P}_{c}

в/2



8. Gray Scale

в

		Relative Brightness(%)	
n	Gs(S)	typical	Remark
0	0	T.B.D	
1	7	T.B.D	
2	15	T.B.D	
3	23	T.B.D	
4	31	T.B.D	
5	39	T.B.D	
6	47	T.B.D	
7	55	T.B.D	
8	63	T.B.D	



5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LM151X4-A3. In addition, the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawings of the LCD.

Outside dimen	sions :		
Но	rizontal	352.0	
Ve	rtical	263.5	
De	pth	18.5	
Bezel area :			
Но	rizontal	311.2	
Ve	rtical	234.4	
Active Display area :			
Но	rizontal	307.2 mm	
Ve	rtical	230.4 mm	

Weight (approximate) :

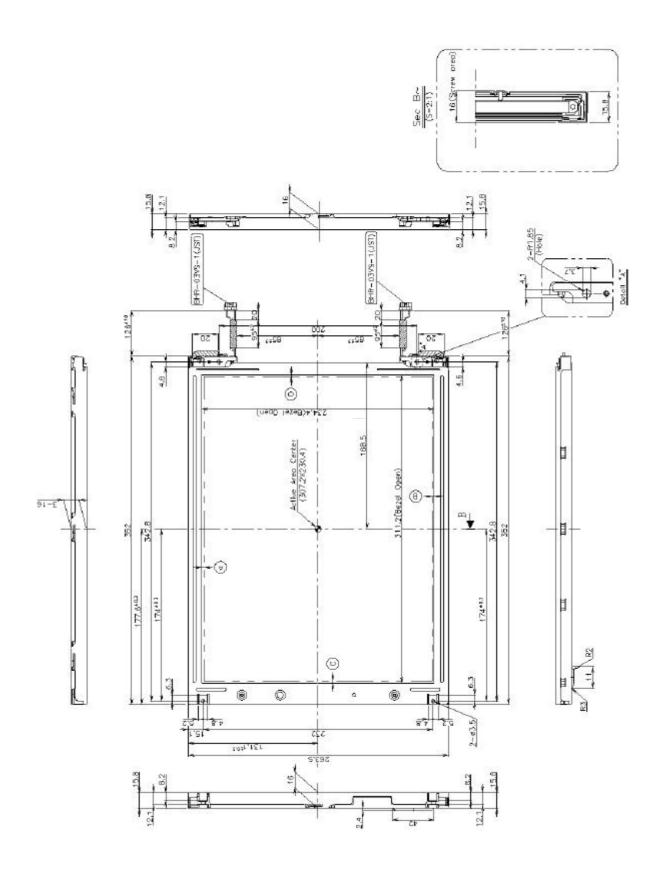
1500g (typ), 1600g(max)

Surface Treatment : Hard coating 3H.

Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

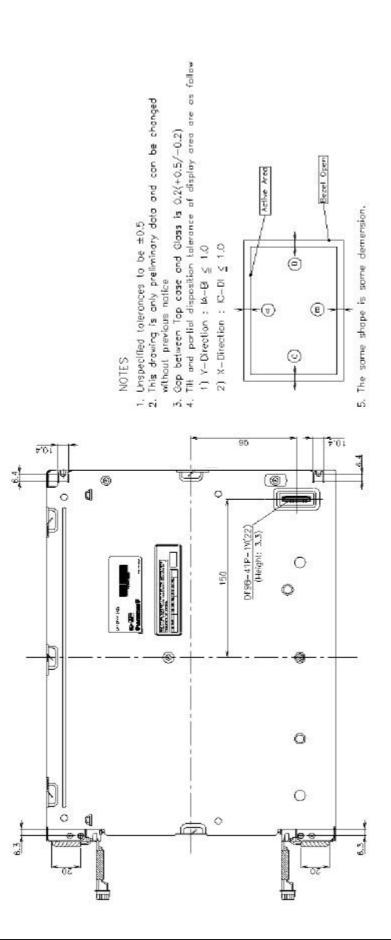


< FRONT VIEW >





<REAR VIEW>



6. Reliablity

- Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions	
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -20 240h	
3	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 50%RH 240h	
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0 240h	
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form:random Vibration level:1.0G RMS Bandwidth:10-500Hz Duration:X,Y,Z, 20 min One time each direction	
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level:120G Waveform:half sine wave, 2ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction	
7	Altitude	Storage :40,000ft	

{Result Evaluation Criteria}

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

- ON/OFF Cycle

: The display module will be capable of being operated over 24,000 ON/OFF cycles (Lamp power & Vcc ON/OFF)

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.
 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995. Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 1992 + A1 : 1993 + A2 : 1993 + A3 : 1995 + A4 : 1997 + A11 : 1997
IEC 950 : 1991 + A1 : 1992 + A2 : 1993 + A3 : 1995 + A4 : 1996
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz." American National Standards Institute(ANSI),1992.
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC),1988



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A, B, C : Inch CODE D:YEAR E : MONTH F,G : Panel Code H: Assemblely Code I, J, K, L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note : 1. YEAR

YEAR	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Mark	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

2. MONTH

MONTH	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jun.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

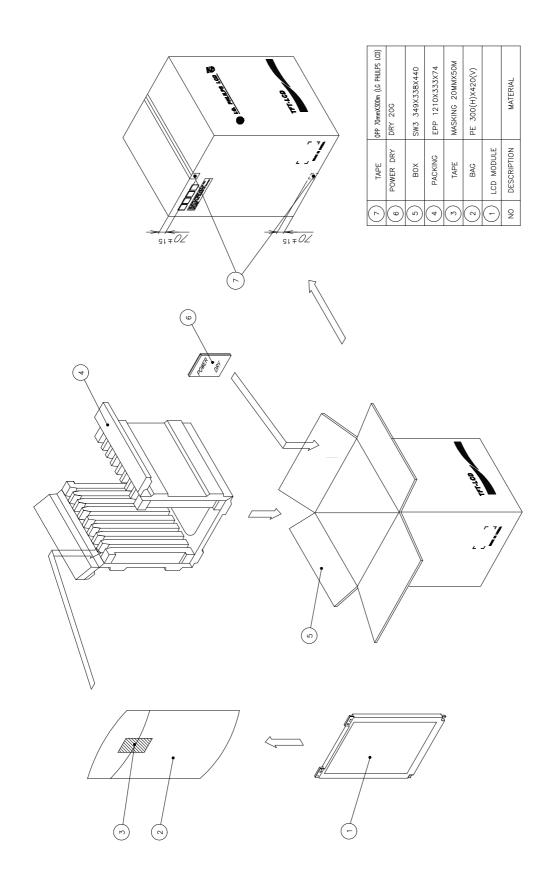
Serial NO. Is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 8 pcs

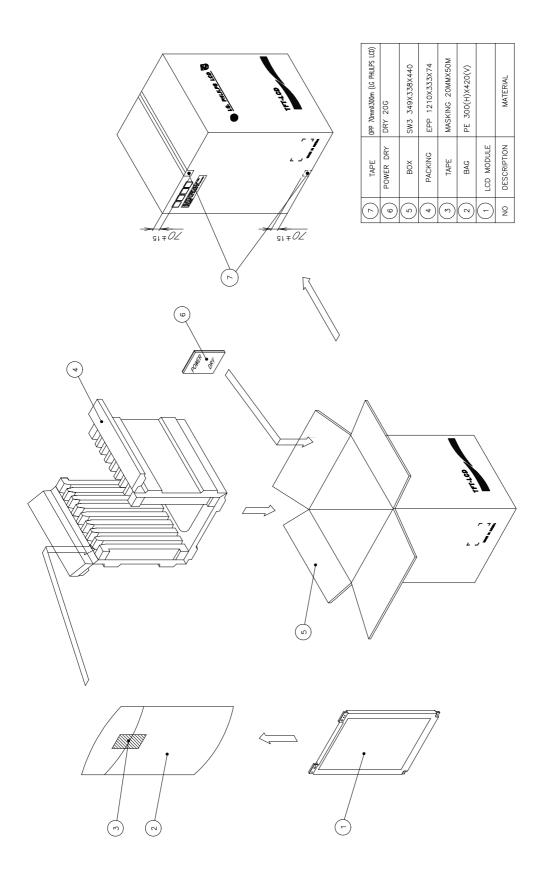
b) Box Size : 365mm×345mm×449mm





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9.PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9.1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to the module.

And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polalizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And Please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaked with petrolium benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluen and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V = \pm 200$ mV (Over and under shoot voltage).
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) A module has high frequency circuit. If you need to shield the electromagnetic noise, please do in yours. When a Back-light unit is operating, it sounds. If you need to shield the noise, please do in yours.



9.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9.5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 and 35 at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
 - It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion- blown equipment or in such a condition, etc..
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.