

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(●) Preliminary Specification

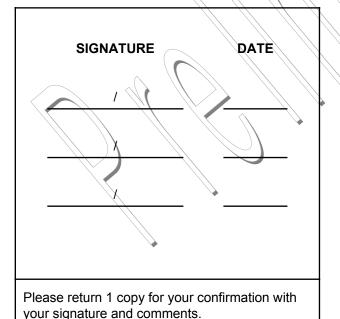
) Final Specification

Title

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BUYER		SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
MODEL	<u>\</u>	*MODEL	LM171W02
		MODEL	A4M1

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

17 1" TEX LCD



SIGNATURE

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

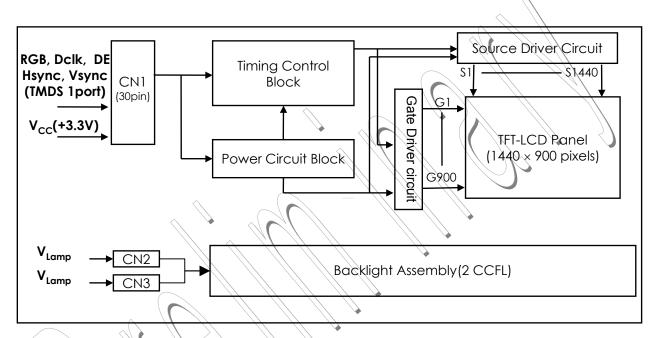
Revision No	Revision Date	Page	DESCRIPTION
0.1	Nov.01. 2002	-	First Draft (Preliminary)
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1. General Description

The LM171W02-A4M1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has a 17.1 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(900 vertical by 1440 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LM171W02-A4M1 has been designed to apply the 8Bit TMDS interface method. The LM171W02-A4M1 is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	17.1 inches(43.3019cm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	395(H) x 256.4(V) x 11(D)mm (Typ.)/11.5(D)mm(Max.)
Pixel Pitch	0.255mm x 0.255m
Pixel Format	1440 horiz. By 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	262,144 Colors (6bit)
Luminance, White	200 cd/m ² (Typ.)
Power Consumption	Total 11.5 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	1,250 g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer,

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

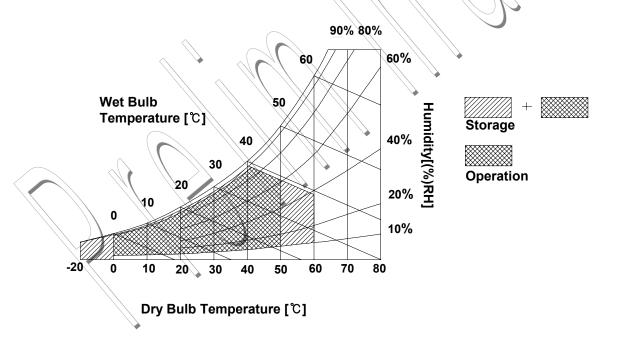
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units			
Power Input Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C		
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	_ 1		
Storage Temperature	Hst	-20	60	°C	1		
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH			
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1		

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.



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Hrs

8



Product Specification

3. Electrical Specifications

Life Time

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LM171W02-A4M1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Symbol Unit Notes Min Max Тур MODULE: Power Supply Input Voltage Vdc Vcc 3.15 3.3 3.5 Power Supply Input Current lcc 570 950 mA **Power Consumption** Рс 1.9 3.1 Watt LAMP: Operating Voltage VBL 580(9mA) 600(8mA) 785(2.5mA) 3 [▶]mA_{RMS} **Operating Current** 2.5 8.0 9.0 **I**BL Established Starting Voltage Vs at 25 °C 1,000 V_{RMS} at 0 °C 1300 V_{RMS} Operating Frequency **f**BL 40 60 80 kHz 5 3 6 Discharge Stabilization Time minutes Τs **Power Consumption** P_BL 9.6 10.6 Watt

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note. The inverter used in a system should meet above electrical specifications for LCM Assembly. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting,flicker,etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

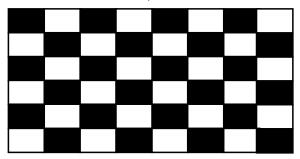
40,000

Note. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.



Notes:

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{CC} =3.3V, 25°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.



- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured from TMDST_X to the mating connector.
- 3. Operating voltage is measured at 25°C. The variance of the voltage is $\pm 10\%$.
- 4. The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.

The output voltage at the transformer in the inverter must be high considering to the loss of the ballast condenser in the inverter..

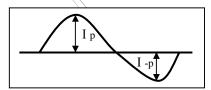
- 5. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 6. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
 T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
 The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter at 25°C. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 8. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25 \pm 2°C.

Note. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform (Asymmetry ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp.

It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter current and voltage waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the current and voltage waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$;
- c. The ideal sine current and voltage waveform shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.



- * Asymmetry rate = $|I_p I_{-p}| / I_{rms}$ * 100%
- * Distortion rate = I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}
- The inverter which is combined with this LCM, is highly recommended to connect coupling(ballast) condenser at the high voltage output side. When you use the inverter which has not coupling(ballast) condenser, it may cause abnormal lamp lighting because of biased mercury as time goes.



3-2. Interface Connections

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-XB30SL-HF10 (JAE) or equivalent - Mating Connector: FI-X30C21 (Level type) or Compatible

Table 3-1. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	GND	Ground
3	RX2+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 2(+)
4	RX2-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 2(-)
5	GND	Ground
6	RX1+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 1(+)
7	RX1-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 1(-)
8	GND	Ground
9	RX0+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 0(+)
10	RX0-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 0(-)
11	GND	Ground
12	RXC+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data C(+)
13	RXC-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data C(-)
14	GND	Ground
15	VEDID	DDC Power Supply 3.3V
16	NC \\	\\ \\ \\ \\ NC
17	CLK-EDID	DDC Clock
18	DATA-EDID	DDC Data
19	GND	Ground
20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	, Vec	Power Supply 3.3V
23	vcc	Power Supply 3.3V
24	VCC	Power Supply 3.3V
25	POWER-ON	Power Control
26	HSYNC	Hsync Output
27	VSYNC	Vsync Output
28	GND	Ground
29	NC	NC, Reserved for HDCP
30	NC	NC, Reserved for HDCP

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

2. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.



User Connector Diagram

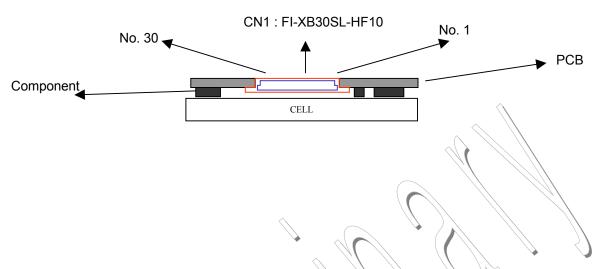
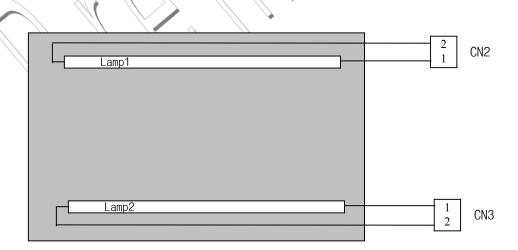


Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN2, CN3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (high)	1) LCD : BHSR-02VS-1 (JST)
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low)	2) System : SM02B-BHSS-1 (JST)

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink.

2. The low voltage side terminal is colored white.





3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 5. Timing Table

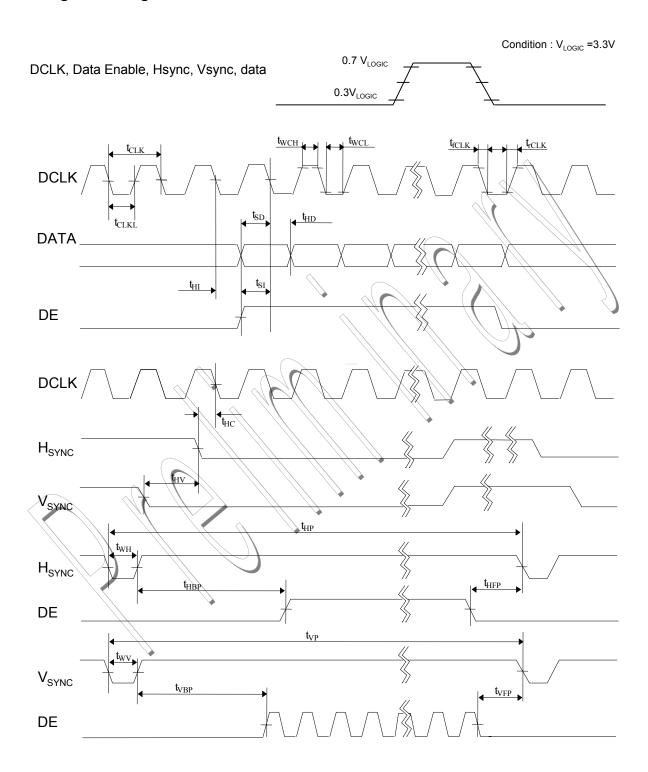
					1		1
ITME	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	96.21	96.21	96.21	MHz	
	Period	tclĸ	10.39	10.39	10.39	ns	
Hsync	Period	tHP	1760	1760	1760	tour	1
	Width-Active	twн	32	32	32	tclk	2
Vsync	Frequency	tvsy	59,939	59.939	59.939	Hz	3
	Period	tvp	912	912	912	tHP	
	Width-Active	twv	3 _	3	3		4
Data Enable	Horizontal back	thep	224	224	224	tclk	
	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	64	64	64	tclk	
	Horizontal active Data	thA	1440	1440	1440	tclk	
	Vertical back porch	tVBP	6	6	6	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	tvfp	3	3	3	tHP	
	Vertical active data	tva	900	900	900	tHP	

Notes: 1. Hsync period shall be a double number of 8

- 2. Horizontal sync shall be active high.
- 3. Vertical frequency is only 60Hz
- 4. Vertical sync shall be active high.



3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5. Color Input Data Reference

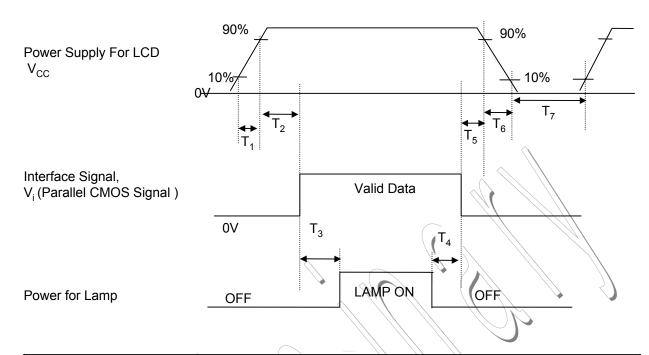
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	ut Co	lor D	ata							
	Color			RE	ED					GRE	EN					BL	JE		
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB	//				LSB
	Т	R 5	R 4	R 3	R2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1		B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	В0
	Black	0		0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0		\.\	0	0	0
	Red (63)	1	1	1			1	0			0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0		0	0	0	0	1		1	. (1	1.	1	0	0	0//	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0/	0	0	1	1	1	<u>\</u> \.		1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0/	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	À	[0]	> 0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	Ò	0	0	10	//0	0	0	0	0	0	• 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0/	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					· · · · · ·				\										
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	7	1	1/	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	9/	0	Ø	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	//0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	//			//	ν														
	GREEN (62)	Q	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	Ô	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE	🔪																		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6. Power Sequence



Parameter		Units		
Farameter	Min	Тур	Max	Offics
T1		\\\-	10	ms
T2	0.5	- -	50	ms
Т3	200		-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	_	50	ms
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		-	10	ms
T7	400	-	-	ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

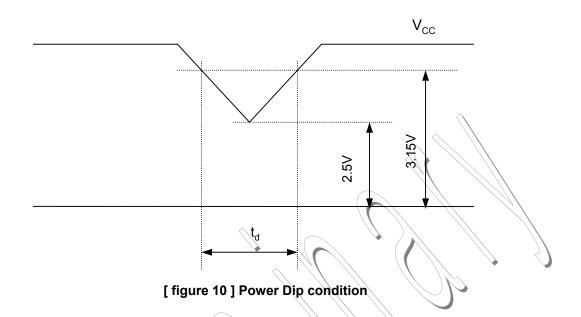
2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{CC} to 0V.

3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.



3-7. V_{CC} Power Dip Condition

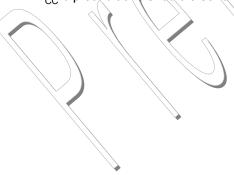
The V_{CC} dip condition is caused by the PWM IC initialization.



1) Dip condition

$$2.5V \le V_{CC} < 3.15V, t_{d} \le 20ms$$

 $V_{\rm CC}$ -dip conditions should also follow the Power On/Off conditions for supply voltage.





4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

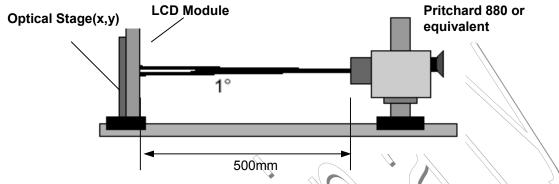


Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25 °C, V_{CC}=3.3V, fv=60Hz Dclk=96.2MHz, I_{BL}=8mA

Parameter	Cumbal		Values	Units	Notes	
Faiametei	Symbol	Min-	\\\ Typ\\	Max	Offics	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	350	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		1
Surface Luminance, white	LW4	170	200	<i>></i>	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ white		30	40	%	3
Response Time	/\tr		25	40	ms	4
Rise Time	TrR		7	15		
Decay Time	\\Tr _p \\		18	25		
Color Coordinates]	
RED	RX	0.596	0.626	0.656		
	RY	0.317	0.347	0.377		
GREEN	() GX	0.278	0.308	0.338		
	GY	0.558	0.588	0.618		
BLUE	BX	0.116	0.146	0.176		
	BY	0.079	0.109	0.139		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle]	
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θr	55	60		degree	5
x axis, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	55	60]	
y axis, up (φ=90°)	θυ	40	45			
y axis, down (φ=270°)	θd	40	45			
Gray Scale						6



Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at 5 points average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When I_{BL} =8mA, L_{WH} =170cd/m²(Min.) 200cd/m²(Typ.)

$$L_{WH} =$$
 Average[$L_{on}1, L_{on}2, L_{on}3, L_{on}4, L_{on}5$]

3. The variation in surface luminance , $\delta_{\text{ WHITE}}$ is defined as :

$$\delta_{\textit{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on13}}) - \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on13}})}{\text{Average}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on5}})} \times 100(\%)$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from to black(Rise Time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
/ro	0.17
L3/ //	0.22
L7 \\	0.51
L11	1.51
L15	3.39
L19	6.34
L23	10.0
L27	14.8
L31	20.0
L35	26.1
L39	33.1
L43	41.1
L47	50.5
L51	61.1
L55	72.2
L59	86.1
L63	100



FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

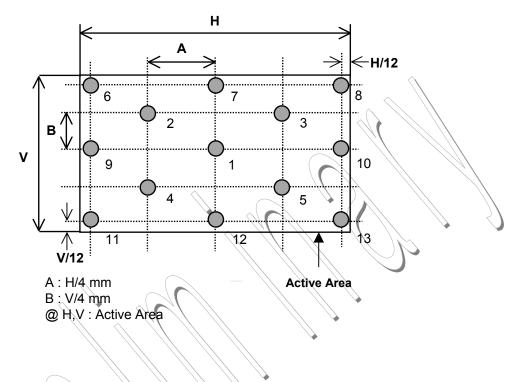


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

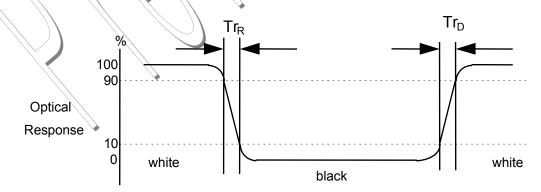
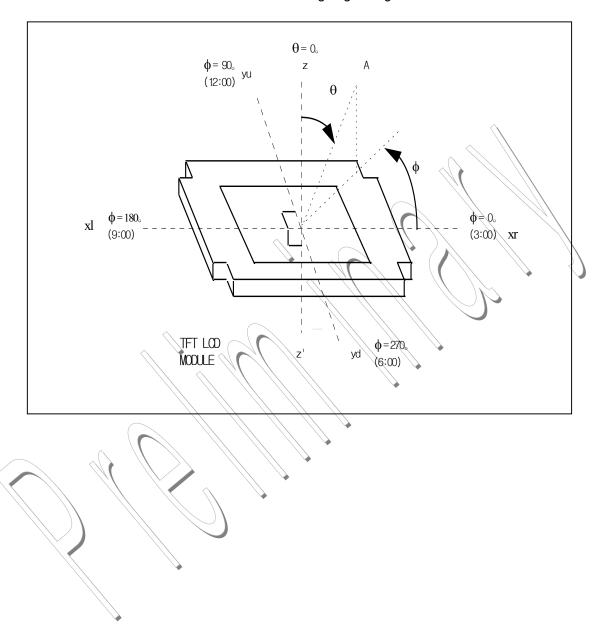




FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>

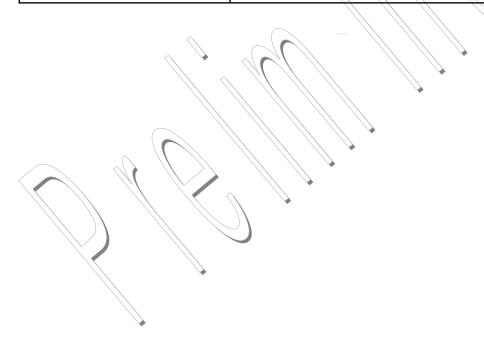




5. Mechanical Characteristics

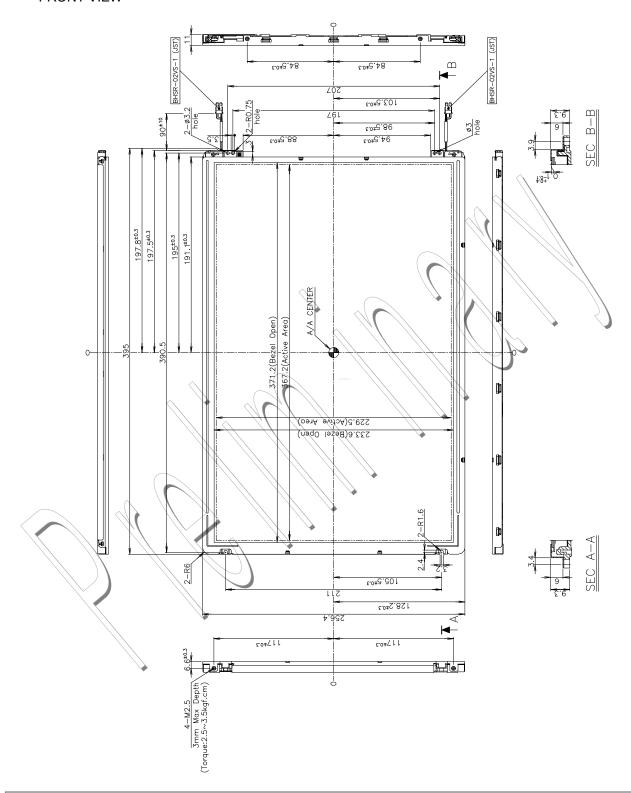
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LM171W02-A4M1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	395± 0.5mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	256.4 ± 0.5mm		
	Depth	11.0 ± 0.5 mm(Typ.)/ 11.5 ± 0.5 mm(Max.)		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	371.2 ± 0.5mm		
bezei Alea	Vertical	233.6 ± 0.5mm		
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	367.2mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	229.5mm		
Weight	1220g (Typ.)	1250g (Max.)		
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polariz	zer		

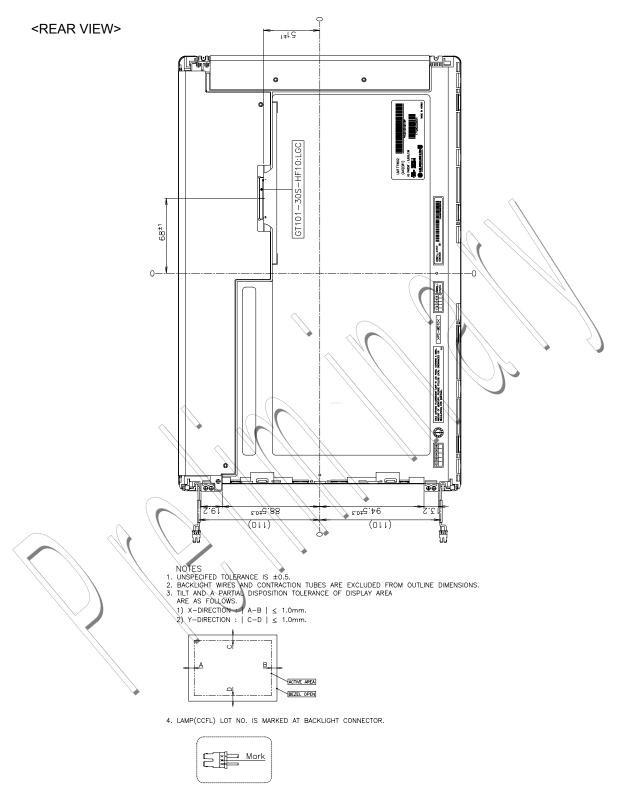




<FRONT VIEW>







5. DO NOT WIND CONDUCTIVE TAPE AROUND THE BACKLIGHT WIRES.



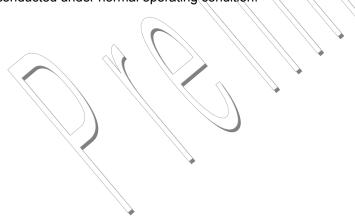
6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 20 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 120G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
	Altitude storage / shipment	0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.





7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950: 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

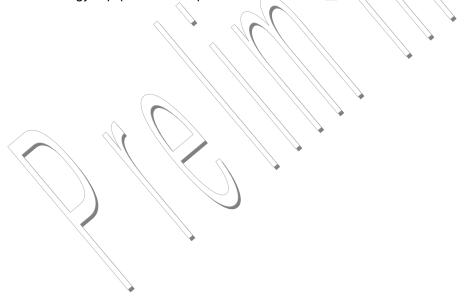
IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998





8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE D : YEAR E : MONTH

F,G: PANEL CODE H: ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

									-			
Yea	ar	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mai	rk	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

3. Serial No.

Year	1 ~ 99999	100000~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999,, Z9999

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO, is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

b) Box Size : 355mm × 344mm × 449mm



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification,
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200$ mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

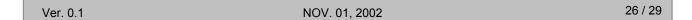
 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.

 When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.

 This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.





10. E-EDID DATA FOR LM171W02-A4M1

Byte#	Field Name	Comments	Value	Value
(HEX)			(HEX)	(BIN)
	Header		Ì	ĺ
00	00h		00	00000000
01	FFh		FF	11111111
02	FFh		FF	11111111
03	FFh		FF	11111111
04	FFh		FF	11111111
05	FFh		FF	11111111
06	FFh		FF	11111111
07	00h		00	00000000
	Vender/ Product ID			
08	ID Manufacture Name	"APP"	\\06	00000110
09	EISA 3-character ID		10	00010000
0A	ID Product Code	9C, 27	27	00100111
0B	-	* ///	9C/	10011100
0C	ID Serial Number	don't care	00	00000000
0D			00	00000000
0E	^	// //	00	00000000
0F		* / *	\00	00000000
10	Week of manufacture = don't care	don't care	00	00000000
11	Year of manufacture	2002	0C	00001100
	EDID Version/Revision		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
12	EDID Structure version #		01	00000001
13	EDID Revision #	// /3	03	00000011
	Basic Display Parameters / Features			00000011
14	Video input definition	Digital	80	10000000
15	Max Himage size (cm)	36.72cm	25	00100101
16	Max V image size (cm)	22.95cm	17	00010111
17	Display Transfer Characteristic (gamma)	2.2	78	01111000
18	Feature support	Active off, RGB Color	28	00101000
	Color Characteristics			
19	Red/Green low Bits		7E	01111110
1A	Blue/White Low Bits		70	01110000
1B	Red X	Rx = 0.626	A0	10100000
1C	Red Y	Ry = 0.347	58	01011000
10	Green X	Gx = 0.308	4E	01001110
1E\\	Green\Y	Gy = 0.588	96	10010110
1F	Blue X	Bx = 0.146	25	00100101
20	Blue Y	By = 0.109	1B	00011011
21	White X	Wx = 0.313	50	01010000
22	White	$W_V = 0.329$	54	01010100
	Established Timings	,		
23	Established Timing I	No	00	00000000
24	Established Timing II	No	00	00000000
25	Manufacturer's Timings	No	00	00000000
	Standard Timing Identification			
26	Standard Timing Identification 1	not used	01	00000001
27	Standard Timing Identification 1	not used	01	00000001
28	Standard Timing Identification 2	not used	01	00000001
29	Standard Timing Identification 2	not used	01	00000001



Byte#	Field Name	Comments	Value	
(HEX)			(HEX)	(BIN)
2A	Standard Timing Identification 3	not used	01	00000001
2B	Standard Timing Identification 3	not used	01	00000001
2C	Standard Timing Identification 4	not used	01	00000001
2D	Standard Timing Identification 4	not used	01	00000001
2E	Standard Timing Identification 5	not used	01	00000001
2F	Standard Timing Identification 5	not used	01	00000001
30	Standard Timing Identification 6	not used	01	00000001
31	Standard Timing Identification 6	not used	01	00000001
32	Standard Timing Identification 7	not used	01	00000001
33	Standard Timing Identification 7	not used	<u>\</u> 01	00000001
34	Standard Timing Identification 8	not used	\Q1	00000001
35	Standard Timing Identification 8	not used	7.0	00000001
	Detailed Timing Descriptor #1			
36	Pixel clock	96.21MHz	95	10010101
37	1440 X 900 @ 60		25	00100101
38	Horizontal Active	1440 Pixels	A0	10100000
39	Horizontal Blanking	320 Pixels	\\40	01000000
3A	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking		51	01010001
3B	Vertical Avtive	900 Lines	84	10000100
3C	Vertical Blanking	12 Lines	0C	00001100
3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking		3 0	00110000
3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset	64 Pixels	40	01000000
3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width =	32 Pixels	20	00100000
40	Vertical Sync. Offset: Vertical Sync Width	3 Lines	33	00110011
41	Horizontal, Vertical Sync Offset/Width		00	00000000
42	Horizontal Image Size	367.2 mm	6F	01101111
43	Vertical Image Size	229.5 mm	E5	11100101
44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size		10	00010000
45	Horizontal Border	0	00	00000000
46	Vertical Border	0	00	00000000
47	Flags(Non-interlaced, Normal Display, no stereo		18	00011000
	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2 or Monitor Description			
48			00	00000000
49			00	00000000
4A			00	00000000
4B\\			FE	11111110
4C			00	00000000
4D		L	4C	01001100
4E	\\	M	4D	01001101
4F		1	31	00110001
50		7	37	00110111
51		1	31	00110001
52	▼	W	57	01010111
53		0	30	00110000
55		2	32	00110010
55			00	00000000
56			00	00000000
57			00	00000000
58			00	00000000
59			00	00000000



Byte#	Field Name	Comments	Value	
(HEX)			(HEX)	(BIN)
(1 121 1)	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3 or Monitor Description		(1 1_1 1)	(=,
5A			00	00000000
5B			00	00000000
5C			00	00000000
5D			FE	11111110
5E			00	00000000
5F		L	4C	01001100
60		M	√4D	01001101
61		1	√ 31	00110001
62		7	\\37	00110111
63		1	31	00110001
64		W \\\	\57\	01010111
65		0	30///	00110000
66		2	32 \	00110010
67			00	00000000
68			//00	00000000
69	*		00	00000000
6A			00	00000000
6B			00	00000000
	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4 or Monitor Description			
6C)	00	00000000
6D			00	00000000
6E		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	00	00000000
6F		\\ \	FE	11111110
70			00	00000000
71		C	43	01000011
72		0	4F	01001111
73		L	4C	01001100
74 75		0	4F	01001111
		R	52	01010010
76 77		1	00 4C	00000000
78		C	43	010001100
79		D	43	01000011
79 7A		U	00	00000000
7B			00	00000000
7C			00	00000000
7D	\\ \ \\		00	00000000
10	Extension flag		- 00	00000000
7E	LATOHOLON HAS		00	00000000
/ _	Checksum		00	0000000
7F	5.15 5.15 G.11		27	00100111