



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification

(●) Final Specification

Title	20.1" WSXGA+ TFT LCD

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LM201W01
SUFFIX	STB1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
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Please return 1 copy for your o	confirmation with
your signature and cor	nments.

APPROVED E	SIGNATURE DATE				
S. G. Hong / G.Ma	nager				
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MNT Products Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd					

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	DESCRIPTION
1.0	Oct. 23, 2007	-	Final Specification
			*

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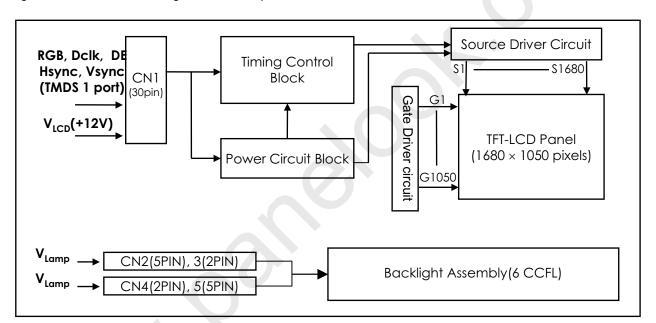
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1. General Description

LM201W01 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 20.1 inch diagonally measured active display area with WSXGA+ resolution (1050 vertical by 1680 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,7M(True) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8Bit 2 port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support displays where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	20.1 inches(511.133mm) diagonal (Aspect ratio 16:10)
Outline Dimension	459.4(H) x 296.4 (V) x 22.8(D) mm (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.258mm x 0.258mm
Pixel Format	1680 horiz. By 1050 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	8bit, 16,7 M colors
Luminance, White	280 cd/m² (5 points Avg.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing Angle Free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ))
Power Consumption	Total 39.05 Watt(Typ.) (6.08 Watt@VLCD, 32.97 Watt@300cd/[LAMP=7mA])
Weight	2,850 g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) & Anti-glare (Haze 25%) treatment of the front polarizer

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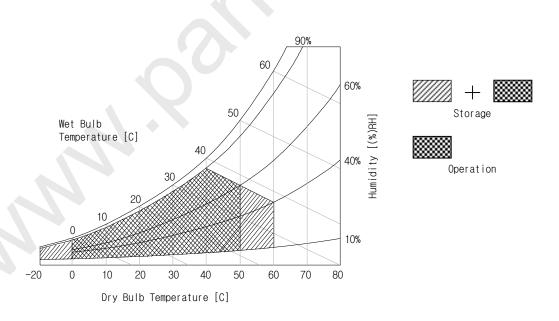
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Valu	ies	Units	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Utilis		
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	-0.3	14.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 2 °C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.







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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCDs.

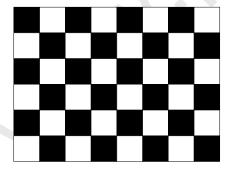
Table 2_1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
i arameter	Gymbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	140163
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	Vdc	
Permissive Power Input Ripple	VdRF			400	mV _{p-p}	
Power Supply Input Current	ILCD	-	507	583	mA	1
		-	663	862	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	6.08	7.00	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	3	А	3

Note:

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 ± 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms(min.).

White : 255Gray Black : 0Gray



Maximum current pattern



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

White Pattern

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Table 2 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
l ala	raiailletei		Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
LAMP :	,						
Operating Voltage	•	VBL	770(7.5mA)	785(7mA)	885(3mA)	V_{RMS}	1, 2
Operating Current	Operating Current		3.0	7.0	7.5	mA _{RMS}	1
Established Starting Voltage		Vs					1, 3
	at 25 °C				1300	V_{RMS}	
	at 0 °C				1600	V_{RMS}	
Operating Frequ	Operating Frequency		40	60	70	kHz	4
Discharge Stabilization Time		Ts			3	Min	1, 5
Power Consumption		PBL		32.97	36.27	Watt	6
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	1, 7

Note: The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.

When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD-Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 1. Specified values are for a single lamp.
- 2. Operating voltage is measured at 25 ± 2 °C. The variance of the voltage is ± 10 %.
- 3. The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. (Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp starting voltage.)
- Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 4. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 5. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%. $T_{\rm S}$ is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
- The used lamp current is the lamp typical current. ($P_{BL} = V_{BL} \times I_{BL} \times N_{Lamp}$)

 7. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25 \pm 2°C.

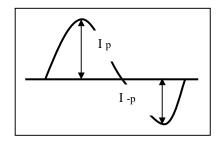




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- 8. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.
 - Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



- * Asymmetry rate: $|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} \times 100\%$ * Distortion rate
 - $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$
- 9. The inverter which is combined with this LCM, is highly recommended to connect coupling(ballast) condenser at the high voltage output side. When you use the inverter which has not coupling(ballast) condenser, it may cause abnormal lamp lighting because of biased mercury as time goes.
- 10.In case of edgy type back light with over 4 parallel lamps, input current and voltage wave form should be synchronized





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3-2. Interface Connections

- —LCD Connector(CN1): KDF71G-30S-1H (Manufactured by HIROSE) or FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE)
- -Mating Connector : FI-X30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

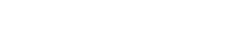
Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	GND	Ground
3	RX2+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 2(+)
4	RX2-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 2(-)
5	GND	Ground
6	RX1+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 1(+)
7	RX1-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 1(-)
8	GND	Ground
9	RX0+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 0(+)
10	RX0-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data 0(-)
11	GND	Ground
12	RXC+	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data C(+)
13	RXC-	TMDS Low Voltage Differential Signal Input Data C(-)
14	GND	Ground
15	VHDCP_VCC	HDCP VCC (5V)
16	NC	NC
17	NC	NC
18	NC	NC
19	GND	Ground
20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	VLCD	Power Supply 12.0V
23	VLCD	Power Supply 12.0V
24	VLCD	Power Supply 12.0V
25	POWER-ON	Power Control 3.3V(H:90%, L:10%)
26	HSYNC	Hsync Output
27	VSYNC	Vsync Output
28	GND	Ground
29	HDCP_CLK	HDCP DDC_CLK
30	HDCP_DATA	HDCP DDC_DATA

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. Input Level of TMDS signal is based on the Digital Visual Interface (DVI 1.0) Standard.

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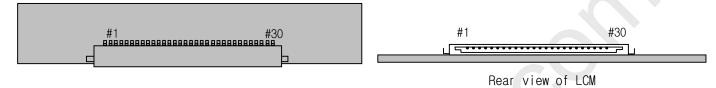




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User Connector Diagram



KDF71G-30S-1H (HIROSE) or FI-X30SSL-HF (JAE)

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Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2,CN3,CN4,CN5)

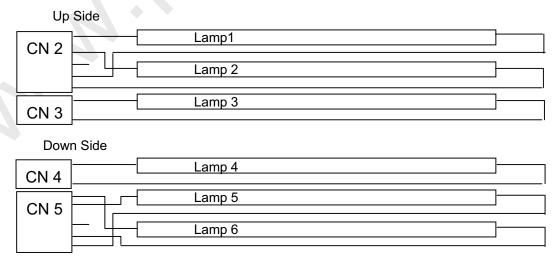
The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1(or 1674817-1:manufactured by AMP)(CN3/CN4) and BHR-05VS-1(CN2/CN5) manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number are SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(2pin), SM04(9-E2)B-BHS-1-TB(5pin) or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

No	Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
ONO	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 1(High voltage side) - White	1
CN2	2	HV	Power supply for lamp 2(High voltage side) – Gray	1
	3	NC	NC	
	4	LV	Power supply for lamp 1(Low voltage side) – White	2
	5	LV	Power supply for lamp 2(Low voltage side) – Black	2
CNI2	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 3(High voltage side) - Sky Blue	1
CN3	2	LV	Power supply for lamp 3(Low voltage side) - Blue	2
ONA	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 4(High voltage side) - Sky Blue	1
CN4	2	LV	Power supply for lamp 4(Low voltage side) - Blue	2
CN5	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 6(High voltage side) - White	1
CNS	2	HV	Power supply for lamp 5(High voltage side) - Gray	1
	3	NC	NC	
	4	LV	Power supply for lamp 6(Low voltage side) - White	2
	5	LV	Power supply for lamp 5(Low voltage side) - Black	2

Notes: 1. The high voltage power terminal is colored White, Sky Blue, Gray

2. The low voltage pin color is White, Blue, Black.

<BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR DIAGRAM>



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 5 1. Timing Table 1 (VESA COORDINATED VIDEO TIMING)

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
D0: 17	Period	tclk	8.40	8.40	8.40	ns	
DCLK	Frequency	-	119	119	119	MHz	
	Period	tHP	1840	1840	1840	tclk	
Hsync	Frequency	fH	64.674	64.674	64.674	KHz	
	Width	twн	32	32	32	tclk	
	Period	tvp	1080	1080	1080	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	fv	59.883	59.883	59.883	Hz	
	Width	tw∨	6	6	6	tHP	
	Horizontal Valid	thv	1680	1680	1680		
	Horizontal Back Porch	tнвр	80	80	80	ło, v	
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	48	48	48	tclk	
DE (Data	Horizontal Blank	-	160	160	160		
(Data Enable)	Vertical Valid	tvv	1050	1050	1050		
	Vertical Back Porch	tvbp	21	21	21	4	
	Vertical Front Porch	tvfp	3	3	3	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	-	30	30	30		

Notes: Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tclk. If the value is odd number times of tclk, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsyn, and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

- 1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.
- 3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of character number(8).
- 4. The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.

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Table 5_2. Timing Table 2

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DOLK	Period	tclk	10.554	10.554	10.554	ns	
DCLK	Frequency	-	94.75	94.75	94.75	MHz	
Hsync	Period	tHP	1840	1840	1840	tclk	
	Frequency	fн	51.495	51.495	51.495	KHz	
	Width	twн	32	32	32	tclk	
	Period	tvp	1074	1074	1074	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	fv	47.947	47.947	47.947	Hz	
	Width	twv	6	6	6	tHP	
	Horizontal Valid	tн∨	1680	1680	1680		
	Horizontal Back Porch	tнвр	80	80	80	.	
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	48	48	48	tclk	
DE (Data	Horizontal Blank		160	160	160		
(Data Enable)	Vertical Valid	tvv	1050	1050	1050		
	Vertical Back Porch	tvbp	15	15	15	4	
	Vertical Front Porch	tvfp	3	3	3	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	-	24	24	24		

Notes: Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tclk. If the value is odd number times of tclk, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsyn, and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

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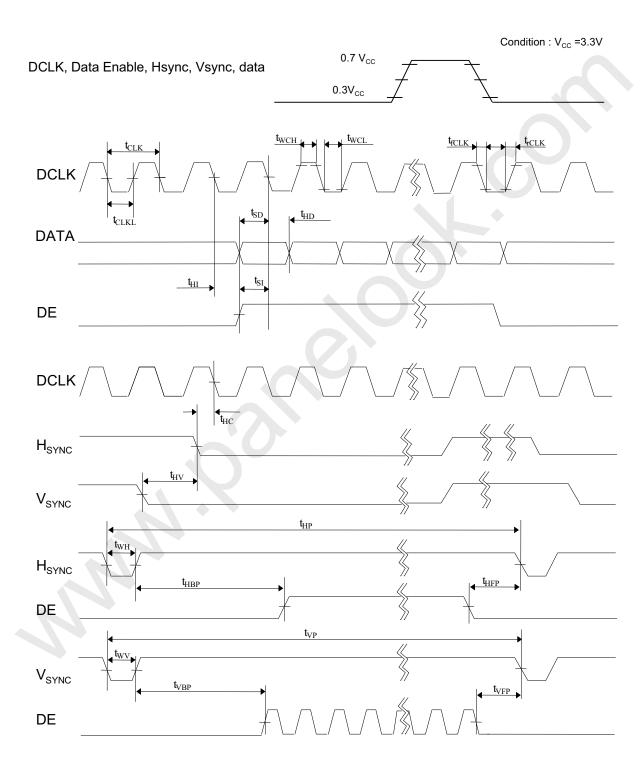
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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms







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3-5. Color Data Reference

The Brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

												Inpu	ut Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	D							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
			SB					LS	SB	MS	SB_					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1 F	₹0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	В4	В3	В2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					-																				
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

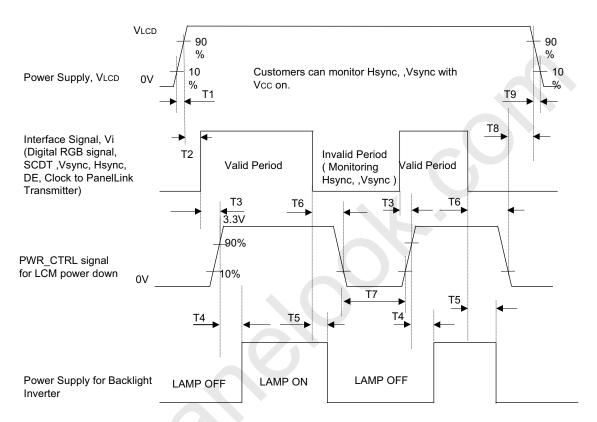
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3-6. Power Sequence



Parameter	Min	typical	Max	Units
T1	0.5	ı	10	ms
T2	0	ı	ı	ms
T3			300	ms
T4	100	ı	ı	ms
T5			80	ms
T6	1	ı	80	ms
T7	400			ms
T8	50	_	_	ms
T9			200	ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.





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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

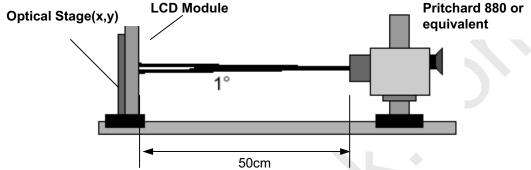


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25 °C, V_{LCD} =12.0V, f_V =60Hz Dclk=119MHz, I_{BL} =7mA

Table 3. Of HOAL CHARACTERISTICS					-0 0, · LCD .	,	IZ DCIK- I I SIVII IZ	., 102 71117 (
	Parame	ator	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes	
	Parame	eter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Contrast Ra	atio		CR	500	800	-		1	
Surface Lu	minance	e, 5pts ave	L _{WH}	230	280	-	cd/m ²	2	
Luminance	Variatio	on	δ_{WHITE}	-	-	35	%	3	
		Rise Time	Tr _R	-	7	10	ms	4	
D	Fi	Decay Time	Tr_D	-	7	14	ms	4	
Response Time		Gray To Gray	T_{GTG_AVR}	-	12	-	ms	5	
		Gray To Gray	T_{GTG_MAX}	-	16	-	ms	5	
		RED	Rx		0.640				
Color Coordinates	KED	Ry	Тур	0.340					
	GREEN	Gx		0.290					
	GREEN	Gy		0.615	Тур				
[CIE1931]		BLUE	Bx	-0.03	0.145	+0.03			
		BLUE	Ву		0.070				
		\\/\IITE	Wx		0.313				
		WHITE	Wy		0.329				
Color shift								6	
	Horizo	ntal	$\theta_{\text{CST_H}}$	-	176	-	degree		
	Vertica	al	$\theta_{CST_{LV}}$	-	176	-			
Viewing Ang	gle (CR>	·10)							
General	Horizo	ntal	θ_{H}	170	178	-	dograd	7	
General	Vertica	al	$\theta_{\sf V}$	170	178	-	degree	7	
Effective	Horizo	ntal	θ_{GMA_H}	-	176	-	dogra		
Ellective	Vertica	al	θ_{GMA_V}		176		degree	8	
Gray Scale					2.2			9	

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Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

2. **Surface luminance** is luminance value at 5 points average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. $L_{WH} = \text{Average} \begin{bmatrix} L_{on}1, L_{on}2, L_{on}3, L_{on}4, L_{on}5 \end{bmatrix}$

3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta_{\textit{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on13}) - \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on13})}{\text{Average}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on5})} \times 100(\%)$$

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

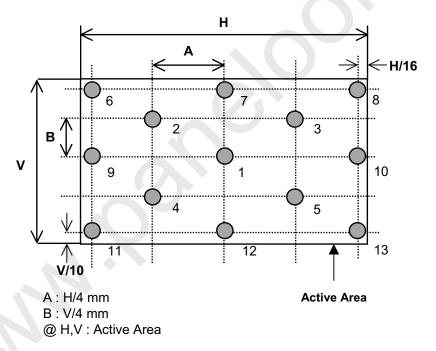


FIG. 2 Measure Point for Luminance





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4. **The response time** is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (Rise Time).

Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (Rise Time, TrR) and from white to black (Decay Time, TrD).

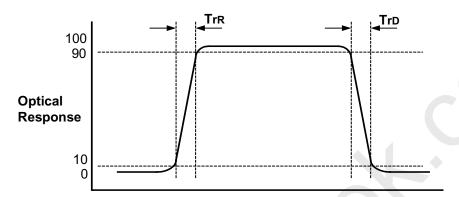


FIG. 3 Response Time

- 5. **The Gray to Gray response time** is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray To Gray".
 - Gray step: 5 Step
 - $T_{GTG\ AVR}$ is the total average time at rising time and falling time for "Gray To Gray".
 - $\rm T_{\rm GTG_MAX}$ is the max time at rising time or falling time for "Gray To Gray ".

Croy to C	Gray to Gray			Rising Time							
Glay to G	G255	G191	G127	G63	G0						
Falling Time	G255										
	G191										
	G127										
	G63			/							
	G0										





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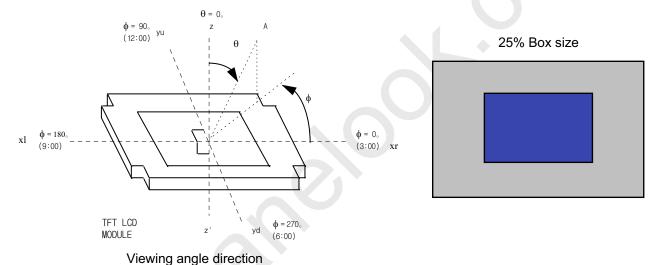
- 6. Color shift is the angle at which the color difference is lower than 0.04.
 - Color difference ($\Delta\,u'v')$

$$u' = \frac{4x}{-2x + 12y + 3} \qquad v' = \frac{9y}{-2x + 12y + 3}$$

$$\Delta u'v' = \sqrt{(u'_1 - u'_2)^2 + (v'_1 - v'_2)^2} \qquad u'1, v'1 : u'v' \text{ value at viewing angle direction}$$

$$u'2, v'2 : u'v' \text{ value at front } (\Theta = 0)$$

- Pattern size : 25% Box size
- Viewing angle direction of color shift : Horizontal, Vertical



viewing angle direction

Average RGB values in Bruce RGB for Macbeth Chart

	Dark skin	Light skin	Blue sky	Foliage	Blue flower	Bluish green
R	98	206	85	77	129	114
G	56	142	112	102	118	199
В	45	123	161	46	185	178
	Orange	Purplish blue	Moderate red	Purple	Yellow green	Orange yellow
R	219	56	211	76	160	230
G	104	69	67	39	193	162
В	24	174	87	86	58	29
	Blue	Green	Red	Yellow	Magenta	cyan
R	26	72	197	241	207	35
G	32	148	27	212	62	126
В	145	65	37	36	151	172
	White	Neutral 8	Neutral 6.5	Neutral 5	Neutral 3.5	black
R	240	206	155	110	63	22
G	240	206	155	110	63	22
В	240	206	155	110	63	22

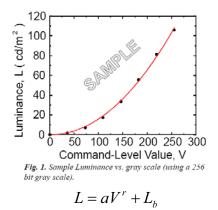
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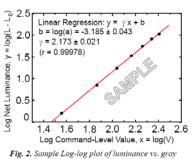


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- 7. Viewing angle(general) is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10.
- 8. Effective viewing angle is the angle at which the gamma shift of gray scale is lower than 0.3.





scale.

$$\log(L - L_b) = r\log(V) + \log(a)$$

Here the Parameter $\, \alpha \,$ and $\, \gamma \,$ relate the signal level V to the luminance L.

The GAMMA we calculate from the log-log representation (Fig. 2)

9. Gray scale specification

Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information see Table 8.

Table 8. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%] (Typ.)
0	0.12
31	1.20
63	4.57
95	11.3
127	21.4
159	35.2
191	52.8
223	74.4
255	100

10. TCO '03 item regarding Display characteristic is satisfied.

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5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	459.4mm					
Outline Dimension	Vertical	296.4mm					
	Depth	22.8mm					
Daniel Assa	Horizontal	438.4mm					
Bezel Area	Vertical	275.9mm					
Antina Diaglas Assa	Horizontal	433.44mm					
Active Display Area	Vertical	270.90mm					
Weight	2,850g (Typ.), 3,000g (Max.)						
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare(25%) treatment of the front polarizer						

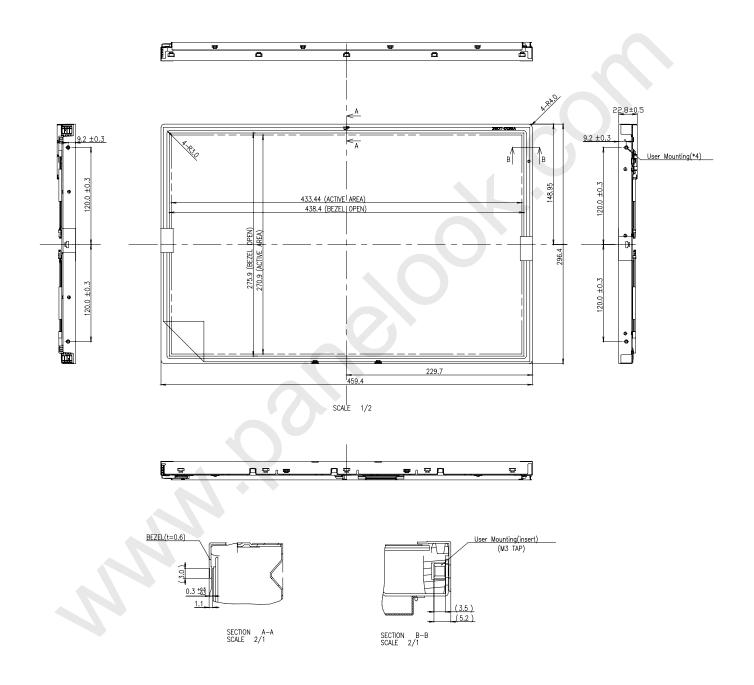
Notes: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.





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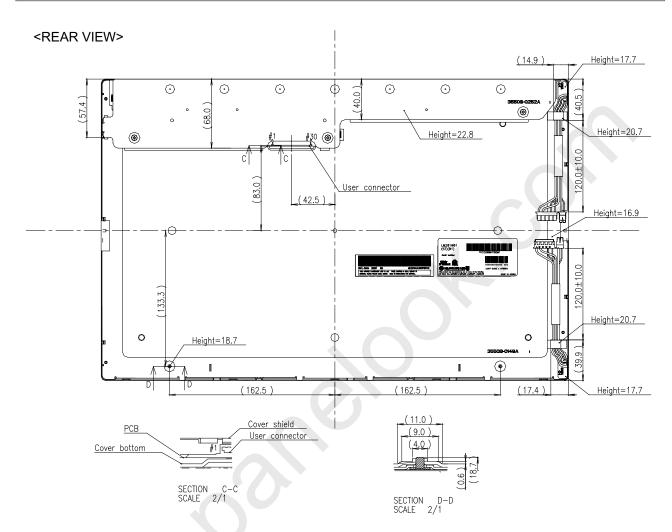
<FRONT VIEW>

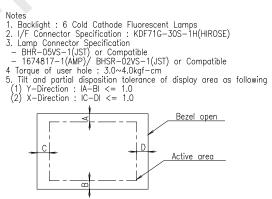






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- 6. Lamp(CCFL) lot No. is marked at backlight connector
- 7. Do not wind conductive tape around the backlight wires 8. Unspecified tolerances to be $\pm 0.5 \text{mm}$





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6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)					





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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

d) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI),
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)





Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 4pcs

b) Box Size : 233mm \times 381mm \times 556mm





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9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can not be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.





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9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.