



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(Preliminary Specification	r
	Final Specification	

litle		2/" Full HD TF	I LCD
BUYER	LG Electronics	SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL		*MODEL	LM270WF2
		CLIEETV	TLAF

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
/	
Diagon water was 1 approx for the	
Please return 1 copy for you your signature and	

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
J.H PARK / G.Manager	
REVIEWED BY	
H.S. KIM / Manager [C]	
S.Y. AN / Manager [M]	
D.H. Kang / Manager [P]	
PREPARED BY	
H.C. JUNG / Engineer	

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 1 / 31





Product Specification

Contents

No	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	6
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS	6
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	9
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	15
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	16
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE	17
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	18
3-7	VLCD POWER DIP CONDITION	19
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS	20
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	24
6	RELIABLITY	27
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	28
7-1	SAFETY	28
7-2	EMC	28
7-3	ENVIRONMENT	28
8	PACKING	29
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	29
8-2	PACKING FORM	29
9	PRECAUTIONS	30

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 2 / 31





Product Specification

RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Sep. 7. 2010	-	First Draft(Preliminary)
1.0	Dec. 13. 2010	4, 24	Modify the weight information of LCD Module
		8	Update the LED String Voltage (Min/Max) and power consumption
		8	Update the calculation formula of LED power consumption
		20	Modify the color coordinates of By and add ${\rm I}_{\rm BL}$ spec
		25, 26	Update the Mechanical drawing
		28	Update words of the safety and environment
1.1	Jan. 19. 2011	6	Modify the spec of current and power consumption

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 3 / 31





Product Specification

1. General Description

LM270WF2-TLA5 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (White LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. It has a 27 inch diagonally measured active display area with Full HD resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,7M colors with Advanced-FRC(Frame Rate Control). It has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. FPD Link or compatible must be used as a LVDS(Low Voltage Differential Signaling) chip. It is intended to support applications where thin thickness, wide viewing angle, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.

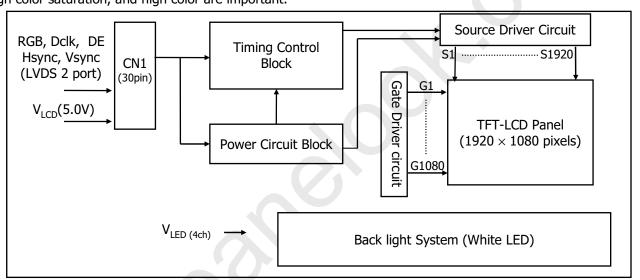


Figure 1. Block diagram

General Features

Hard coating(3H) & Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer			
Display Operating Mode Transmissive mode, normally White			
2930g (Typ.)			
Total 26.46 Watt (Typ.) (3.93 Watt @ VLCD, 22.53 Watt @250cd/ m²)			
View Angle Free (R/L 170(Typ.), U/D 160(Typ.))			
250 cd/m ² (Center 1 point)			
8-bit with A-FRC, 16,777,216 colors			
1920 horiz. By 1080 vert. Pixels RGB stripes arrangement			
0.3114 mm x 0.3114 mm			
630(H) x 368.2(V) x 14.5(D) mm(Typ.)			
27 inches(68.6cm) diagonal			





Product Specification

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol			Units	Notes	
raiametei	Symbol	Min	Max	Offics	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	-0.3	6.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 2℃	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	℃		
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	60	℃	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH		

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C Max, and no condensation of water.

2. Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition.

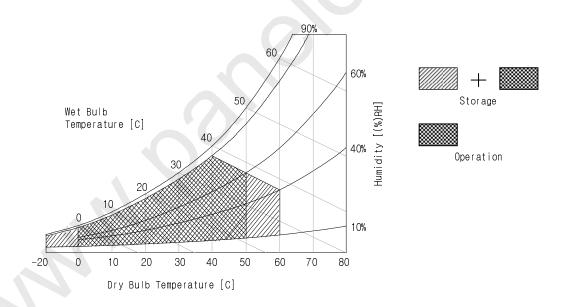


Figure 2. Temperature and relative humidity





Product Specification

3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by a LED Driver. The LED Driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

Table 2-1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Netes
	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE	:						
Power	Supply Input Voltage	VLCD	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc	
Permis	Permissive Power Input Ripple				200	mV _{p-p}	1
Differen	Differential Impedance		90	100	110	Ohm	
	Power Supply Input Current	ILCD	-	785	997	mA	2
Normal		ILCD	-	945	1200	mA	3
status			-	3.93	5.0	Watt	2
Power Consumption		Pc MAX	-	4.73	6.0	Watt	3
Rush c	urrent	Irush	-	-	3.0	А	4

Note:

- 1. Permissive power ripple should be measured under V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25 °C, fV(frame frequency)=60Hz condition and At that time, we recommend the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope is to be under 20Mhz. See the next page.
- 2. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25 \pm 2 C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern(8 X 6) is displayed and fv is frame frequency.
- 3. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25 \pm 2 °C,fV=60Hz condition whereas Full Black pattern is displayed and fv is frame frequency.
- 4. Maximum Condition of Inrush current:

The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of Input Voltage is 1ms(min.).

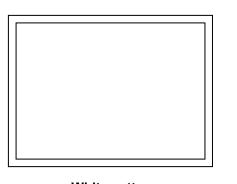
At any rising time of Input voltage, Keep the I2T Value by below Condition

Condition: I2T < 32*2ms





Product Specification

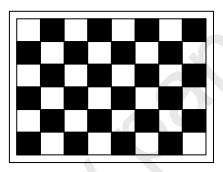


White pattern

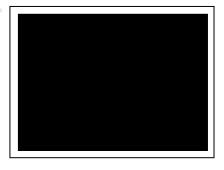


Black pattern

• Power consumption (V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25 °C, fV (frame frequency=60Hz condition)



Typical power Pattern



Black Pattern

Figure 3. Mosaic pattern & Black Pattern for power consumption measurement





Product Specification

Table 2_2. LED Bar ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Darameter	Cymbol	Condition		Values	Unit	Netes	
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	Notes
LED:							1,7
LED String Current	Is		-	110	120	mA	2,7
LED String Voltage	Vs		48.0	51.2	54.4	٧	3,7
Power Consumption	PBar		21.12	22.53	23.94	Watt	4,6,7
LED Life Time	LED_LT		30,000	-	- 1	Hrs	5,7

LED driver design guide

: The design of the LED driver must have specifications for the LED in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the LED in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the LED driver.

So all the parameters of a LED driver should be carefully designed and output current should be Constant current control.

Please control feedback current of each string individually to compensate the current variation among the strings of LEDs.

When you design or order the LED driver, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the LED and the LED driver (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs.

When you confirm it, the LCD module should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

Notes:

- 1. Specified values are for a single LED bar.
- 2. The specified current is input LED chip 100% duty current.
- 3. The specified voltage is input LED string and Bar voltage at typical 110mA 100% duty current.
- 4. The specified power consumption is input LED bar power consumption at typical 110mA 100% duty current.
- 5. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the LED is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical LED current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
- 6. The LED bar power consumption shown above does not include loss of external driver.
 - The used LED bar current is the LED typical current.
 - Min Power Consumption is calculated with PBar = $Vs(Min.) \times Is(Typ.) \times Nstring$ Max Power Consumption is calculated with PBar = $Vbar(Max.) \times Is(Typ) \times Nstring$
- 7. LED operating DC Forward Current must not exceed LED Max Ratings at 25 ± 2 ℃.





Product Specification

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs Two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics and a 10Pin Connector is used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): GT103-30S-HF15-E2500 (Manufactured by LSC) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector: FI-X30H and FI-X30HL (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

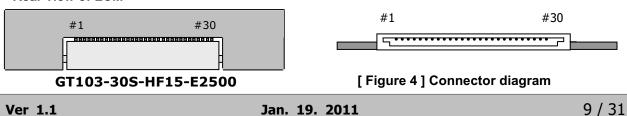
Table 3 MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

		_		
Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Symbol
FROM	Minus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS)	16	SR1P	Plus signal of even channel 1 (LVDS)
FR0P	Plus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS)	17	GND	Ground
FR1M	Minus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS)	18	SR2M	Minus signal of even channel 2 (LVDS)
FR1P	Plus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS)	19	SR2P	Plus signal of even channel 2 (LVDS)
FR2M	Minus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS)	20	SCLKINM	Minus signal of even clock channel (LVDS)
FR2P	Plus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS)	21	SCLKINP	Plus signal of even clock channel (LVDS)
GND	Ground	22	SR3M	Minus signal of even channel 3 (LVDS)
FCLKINM	Minus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS)	23	SR3P	Plus signal of even channel 3 (LVDS)
FCLKINP	Plus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS)	24	GND	Ground
FR3M	Minus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS)	25	NC	No Connection
FR3P	Plus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS)	26	NC	No Connection
SR0M	Minus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS)	27	PWM	Reference signal for LED Driver control
SR0P	Plus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS)	28	VLCD	Power Supply +5.0V
GND	Ground	29	VLCD	Power Supply +5.0V
SR1M	Minus signal of even channel 1 (LVDS)	30	VLCD	Power Supply +5.0V
	FROM FROP FR1M FR1P FR2M FR2P GND FCLKINM FCLKINP FR3M FR3P SR0M SR0P GND	FROM Minus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS) FROP Plus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS) FR1M Minus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS) FR1P Plus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS) FR2M Minus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS) FR2P Plus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS) GND Ground FCLKINM Minus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS) FCLKINP Plus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS) FR3M Minus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS) FR3P Plus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS) SR0M Minus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS) SR0P Plus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS) GND Ground	FROM Minus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS) 16 FROP Plus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS) 17 FR1M Minus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS) 18 FR1P Plus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS) 19 FR2M Minus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS) 20 FR2P Plus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS) 21 GND Ground 22 FCLKINM Minus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS) 23 FCLKINP Plus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS) 24 FR3M Minus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS) 25 FR3P Plus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS) 26 SR0M Minus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS) 27 SR0P Plus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS) 28 GND Ground 29	FROM Minus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS) 16 SR1P FROP Plus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS) 17 GND FR1M Minus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS) 18 SR2M FR1P Plus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS) 19 SR2P FR2M Minus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS) 20 SCLKINM FR2P Plus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS) 21 SCLKINP GND Ground 22 SR3M FCLKINM Minus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS) 23 SR3P FCLKINP Plus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS) 24 GND FR3M Minus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS) 25 NC FR3P Plus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS) 26 NC SR0M Minus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS) 27 PWM SR0P Plus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS) 28 VLCD GND Ground 29 VLCD

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. Input Level of LVDS signal is based on the EIA 664 Standard.
- 4. PWM is a reference signal for inverter control. This PWM signal is synchronized with vertical frequency. Its frequency is 3 times of vertical frequency, and its duty ratio is 50%. If the system don't use this pin, do not connect.

Rear view of LCM







Product Specification

Table 4. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR Flat Link (TI:SN75LVDS83) Transmitter

Pin#	Pin Name	Require Signal	Pin #	Pin Name	Require Signal
1	Vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	29	GND	Ground pin for TTL
2	D5	TTL Input (R7)	30	D26	TTL Input (DE)
3	D6	TTL Input (R5)	31	T _X CLKIN	TTL Level clock Input
4	D7	TTL Input (G0)	32	PWR DWN	Power Down Input
5	GND	Ground pin for TTL	33	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
6	D8	TTL Input (G1)	34	PLL Vcc	Power Supply for PLL
7	D9	TTL Input (G2)	35	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
8	D10	TTL Input (G6)	36	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
9	Vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	37	TxOUT3+	Positive LVDS differential data output 3
10	D11	TTL Input (G7)	38	TxOUT3-	Negative LVDS differential data output 3
11	D12	TTL Input (G3)	39	T _X CLKOUT+	Positive LVDS differential clock output
12	D13	TTL Input (G4)	40	T _X CLKOUT -	Negative LVDS differential clock output
13	GND	Ground pin for TTL	41	T _X OUT2+	Positive LVDS differential data output 2
14	D14	TTL Input (G5)	42	T _X OUT2 –	Negative LVDS differential data output 2
15	D15	TTL Input (B0)	43	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
16	D16	TTL Input (B6)	44	LVDS Vcc	Power Supply for LVDS
17	Vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	45	T _X OUT1+	Positive LVDS differential data output 1
18	D17	TTL Input (B7)	46	T _X OUT1 –	Negative LVDS differential data output 1
19	D18	TTL Input (B1)	47	T _X OUT0+	Positive LVDS differential data output 0
20	D19	TTL Input (B2)	48	T _X OUT0 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 0
21	GND	Ground pin for TTL Input	49	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
22	D20	TTL Input (B3)	50	D27	TTL Input (R6)
23	D21	TTL Input (B4)	51	D0	TTL Input (R0)
24	D22	TTL Input (B5)	52	D1	TTL Input (R1)
25	D23	TTL Input (RSVD)	53	GND	Ground pin for TTL
26	Vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	54	D2	TTL Input (R2)
27	D24	TTL Input (HSYNC)	55	D3	TTL Input (R3)
28	D25	TTL Input (VSYNC)	56	D4	TTL Input (R4)

Notes: Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions.

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 10 / 31

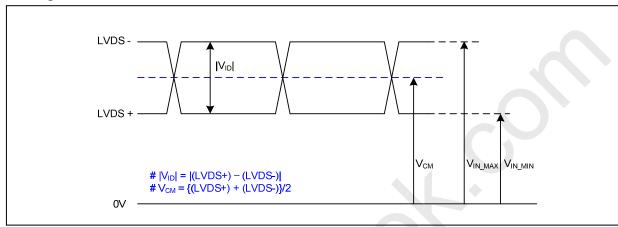




Product Specification

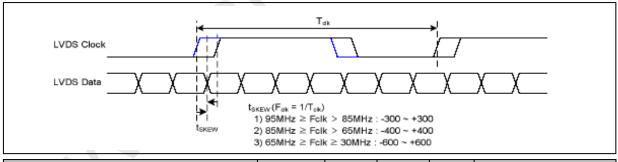
LVDS Input characteristics

1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.3	2.1	V	-

2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
	t _{skew}	-300	+ 300	Ps	95MHz > Fclk ≥ 85MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{skew}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
	t _{skew}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 30MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T_{clk}	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F _{DEV}	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F _{MOD}	-	200	KHz	-

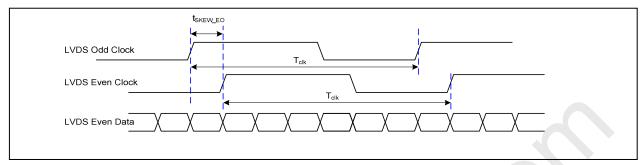
Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 11 / 31



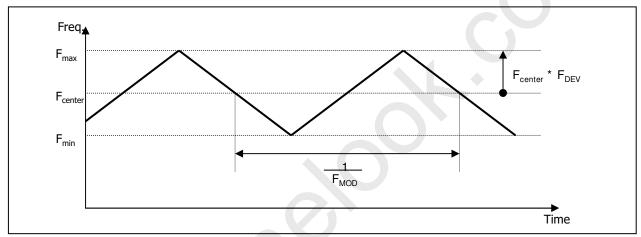
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

LM270WF2 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification



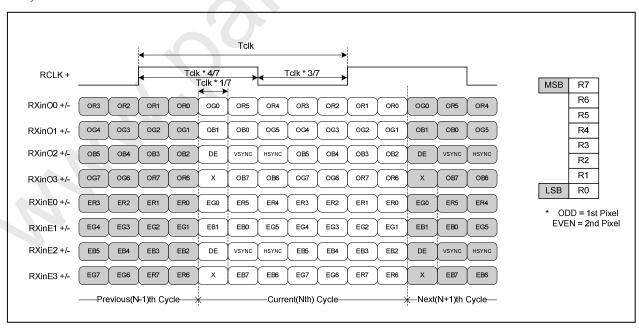
< Clock skew margin between channel >



3. Data Format

< Spread Spectrum >

1) LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

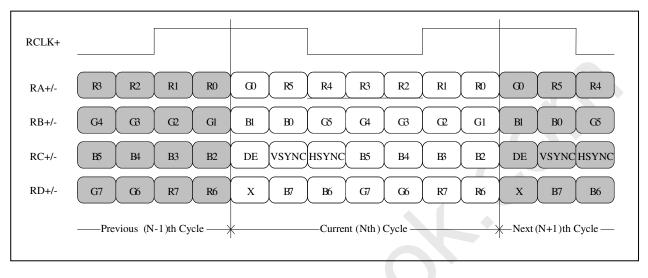
Ver 1.1 12 / 31 Jan. 19. 2011





Product Specification

2) LVDS 1 Port



Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 13 / 31





Product Specification

3-2-2. LED Interface

The LED interface connector is a model 10019HR-H06B manufactured by Yeonho.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 5. LED connector pin configuration

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes		
1	FB1	Channel1 Current Feedback			
2	FB2	Channel2 Current Feedback			
3	VLED	LED Power Supply			
4	VLED	LED Power Supply			
5	FB3	Channel3 Current Feedback			
6	FB4	Channel4 Current Feedback			

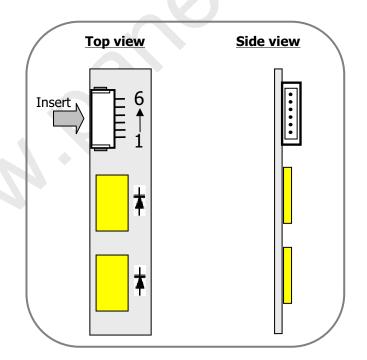


FIG. 5 Backlight connector view

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 14 / 31





Product Specification

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is signal timing required at the input of the TMDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLV	Period	tCLK	11.42	13.93	15.38	ns	
DCLK	Frequency	-	60.0	71.8	87.5	MHz	
	Period	tHP	1018	1088	1120		
	Horizontal Valid	tHV	960	960	960	tCLK	
	Horizontal Blank	tHB	58	128	160		
Hsync	Frequency	fH	64.3	66	82.5	KHz	
	Width	tWH	18	32	48		
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	20	48	64	tCLK	
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	20	48	48		
	Period	tVP	1090	1100	1160		
	Vertical Valid	tVV	1080	1080	1080	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	tVB	10	20	80		
Vsync	Frequency	fV	50	60	75	Hz	
	Width	tWV	2	4	16		
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	5	8	32	tHP	
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	3	8	32		

Note: Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tclk. If the value is odd number times of tclk, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsyn, and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

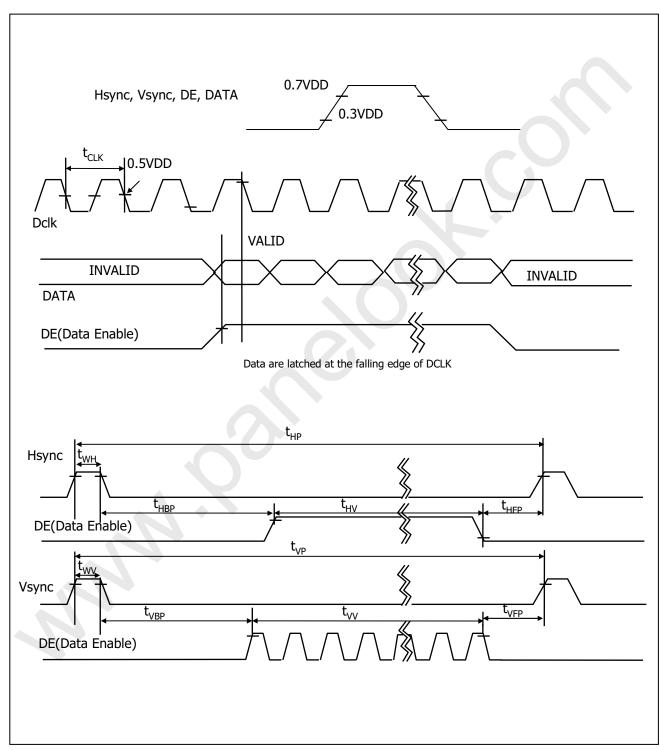
- 1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.
- 3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of of character number(8).
- 4. The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.





Product Specification

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 16 / 31





Product Specification

3-5. Color Data Reference

The Brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

													Inpu	ut Co	olor	Data	<u> </u>									
	Color					RE	D							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
	00.01		MS	B					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB
	1		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0		В6	В5	B4	В3	В2	B1	B0
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED						- /-																				
	RED (254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																										
	GREEN (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																										
	BLUE (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 17 / 31





Product Specification

3-6. Power Sequence

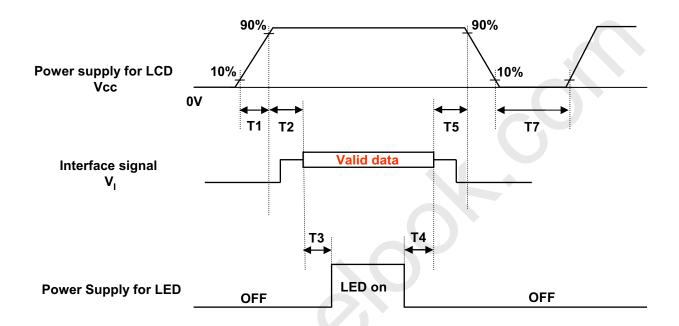


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Parameter		Units		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Offics
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0.01	-	50	ms
T3	500	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.01	-	50	ms
Т7	1000		-	ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. B/L power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

Ver 1.1	Jan. 19. 2011	18 / 31
---------	---------------	---------



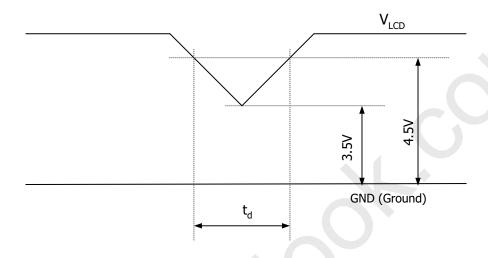


Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

LM270WF2 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

3-7. VLCD Power Dip condition



1) Dip condition

$$3.5V \le V_{LCD} < 4.5V$$
 , $t_d \le 20ms$

 V_{LCD} -dip conditions should also follow the Power On/Off conditions for supply voltage.





Product Specification

4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at $25\pm2\,$ °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 ° and aperture 1 degree.

FIG. 6 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

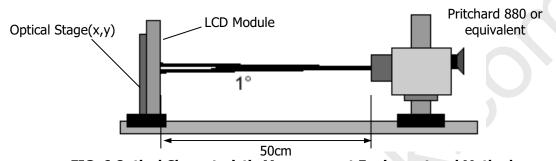


FIG. 6 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD}=5.0V, f_V=60Hz Dclk=143.6MHz, I_{BL}=110mA)

Table 9. C	PIICA	L CHARACTER	(1511C2	(1a=25 °C, '	$V_{LCD} = 5.0V, I_{V}$	/=60HZ DCIK	=143.6MHZ,	I _{BL} =110m
	Parame	tor	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
	Parame	iter	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio			CR	700	1000			1
Surface Lumi	nance, v	white	L_WH	200	250		cd/m ²	2
Luminance V	ariation		δ white	75			%	3
Doonanaa Tir		Rise Time	Tr _R	-	1	4	ms	4
Response Tir	ne	Decay Time	Tr _D	-	4	8	ms	4
		RED	Rx		0.642			
			Ry		0.335			
		GREEN	Gx	1	0.291			
Color Coordin	nates		Gy	Тур	0.636	Тур		
[CIE1931]	BLUE	Bx	-0.03	0.153	+0.03			
		Ву	1	0.043				
		WHITE	Wx	1	0.313			İ
			Wy	1	0.329			
Color Gamut			-	-	72	-	%	
Viewing Ang	le (CR>	5)		•			•	
	x axis,	right(φ=0°)	θr	75	88		Degree	7
	x axis,	left (φ=180°)	θΙ	75	88			
	y axis,	up (φ=90°)	θи	70	85			
	y axis,	down (φ=270°)	θd	70	85			
Viewing Ang				•				
	x axis,	right(φ=0°)	θr	70	85		Degree	7
	x axis,	left (φ=180°)	θΙ	70	85			
	y axis,	up (φ=90°)	θи	60	75			
		down (φ=270°)	θd	70	85		İ	
Gray Scale					2.2			8

Ver 1.1	Jan. 19. 2011	20 / 31
---------	---------------	---------





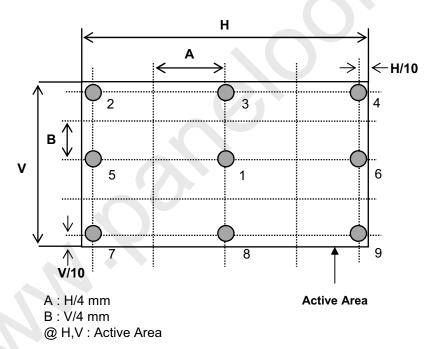
Product Specification

Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

- 2. **Surface luminance** is luminance value at No.1 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 6.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta_{\textit{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Minimum}(L_{\textit{on1}}, L_{\textit{on2}}, L_{\textit{on9}})}{\text{Maximum}(L_{\textit{on1}}, L_{\textit{on2}}, L_{\textit{on9}})} \times 100(\%) \qquad \text{By PR880}$$

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation



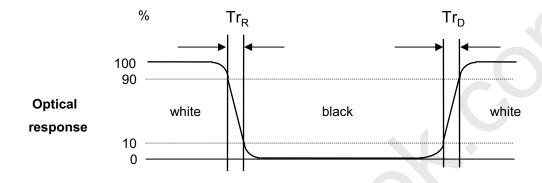
[FIGURE 7] Measure Point for Luminance





Product Specification

- 4. **The response time** is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".
 - Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rise Time, TrR) and from black to white (Decay Time, TrD).



[FIGURE 8] Response Time

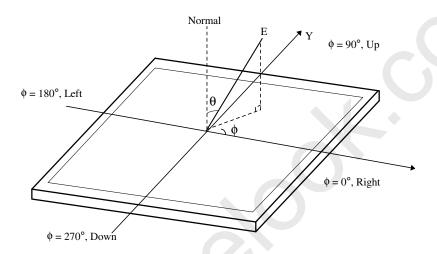




Product Specification

7. **Viewing angle** is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10 or 5. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG. 9.

<Dimension of viewing angle range>



[FIGURE 9] Viewing angle

8, Gray scale specification

Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information see Table 10

Table 10. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%] (Typ.)
0	0.10
31	1.10
63	4.83
95	12.25
127	23.45
159	37.30
191	54.55
223	76.00
255	100





Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	630mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	368.2mm		
	Depth	14.5mm		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	602mm		
bezei Area	Vertical	340.4mm		
Astiva Diaplay Avan	Horizontal	597.89mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	336.31mm		
Weight	Тур : 2930g, Мах : 3066g			
Surface Treatment	Surface Treatment Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer			

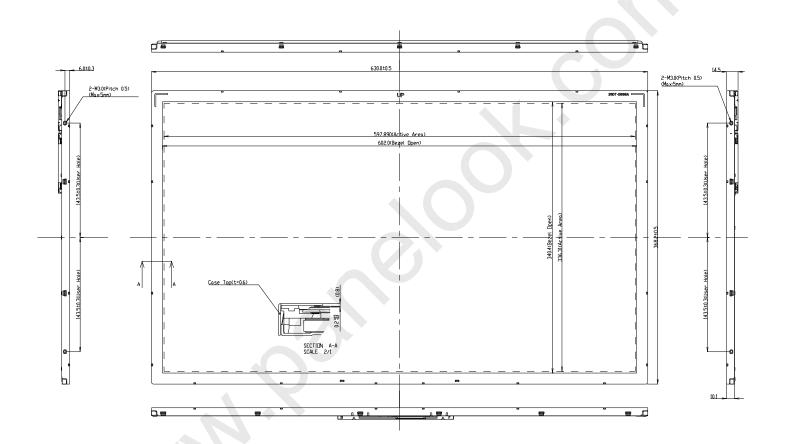
Notes: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.





Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>



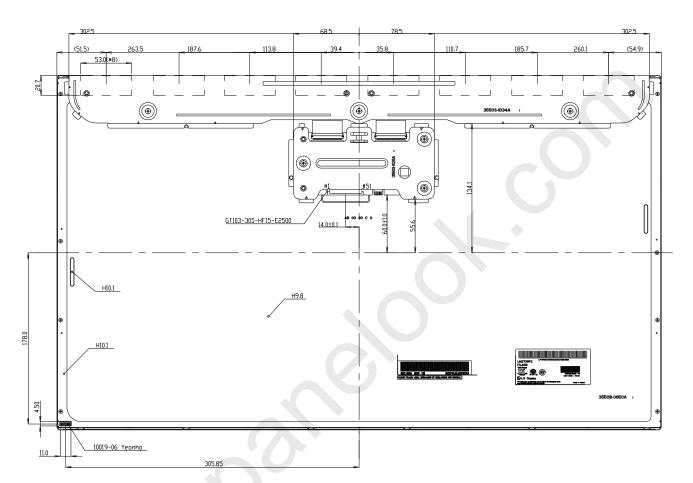
Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 25 / 31





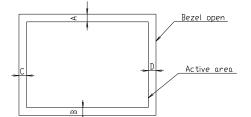
Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



Notes

- 1. Backlight has 1 LED PKG ASSY.
 2. I/F Connector Specification: ISD50-C51B-C39-A(UJU)
 ISD50-C41B-C39-A(UJU)
 3. LED Connector Specification: 10019HR-H06B (Yeonho)
- 4. Tilt and partial disposition tole rance of display area as following (1) Y-Direction: IA-BI <= 1.4
 (2) X-Direction: IC-DI <= 1.4



- 5. Torque of user hole: 2.5~3.5 kgf-cm
- 6. Unspecified tolerances to be $\pm 0.5 \text{mm}$
- 7. The D-IC area is weak & sensitive, so, please don't press the D-IC area

26 / 31 Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011





Product Specification

6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60℃ 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20℃ 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50℃ 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0℃ 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0Grms Bandwidth: 10-300Hz Duration: X,Y,Z, 10min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 ℃ ,90%RH
8	Altitude storage / shipment	0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)
9	Maximum Storage Humidity for 4 corner light leakage Mura.	Max 70%RH , Ta=40℃





Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Second Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition, Canadian Standards Association. Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2005, Second Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements. (Including report of IEC60825-1:2001 clause 8 and clause 9)

Notes

1. Laser (LED Backlight) Information

Class 1M LED Product IEC60825-1: 2001 Embedded LED Power (Class 1M)

- 2. Caution
 - : LED inside.

Class 1M laser (LEDs) radiation when open.

Do not open while operating.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz." American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

7-3. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003





Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

 $A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) \\ D: YEAR$

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10ea

b) Box Size: 747 X 335 X 466

1 LG Display



LM270WF2 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.

Ver 1.1 Jan. 19. 2011 30 / 31





Product Specification

9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5% and 35% at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.