

Low power quad operational amplifier

Features

■ Wide gain bandwidth: 1.3 MHz

■ Extended temperature range: -40°C to +150°C

 Input common-mode voltage range includes negative rail

■ Large voltage gain: 100 dB

Very low supply current: 0.7 mA

■ Low input bias current: 20 nA

■ Low input offset current: 2 nA

■ Wide power supply range:

Single supply: +3 V to +30 VDual supplies: ±1.5 V to ±15 V

■ Internal ESD protection:

- 250 V HBM

150 V MM

Applications

- Industrial
- Automotive

Description

This circuit consists of four independent, high-gain, internally frequency-compensated operational amplifiers, designed specifically for automotive and industrial control systems. It operates from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. The low power supply drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

oducile

Application areas include transducer amplifiers, DC gain blocks and all the conventional op-amp circuits, which can now be more easily implemented in single power supply systems.



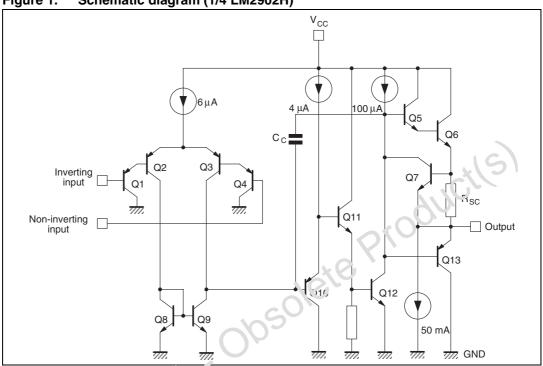
For example, the circuit can be directly supplied from a standard +5 V, which is used in logic systems, and will easily provide the required interface electronics without need for any additional power supply.

In linear mode, the input common-mode voltage range includes ground, and the output voltage can also swing to ground even though operated from a single power supply.

Schematic diagram LM2902H

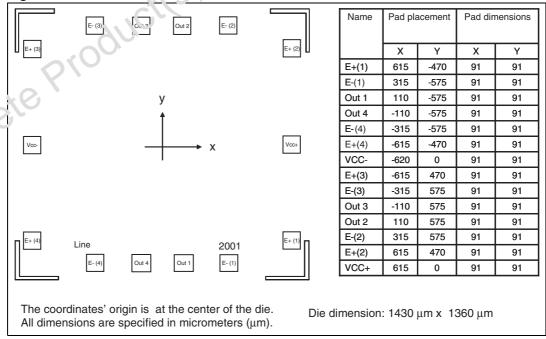
Schematic diagram 1

Figure 1. Schematic diagram (1/4 LM2902H)



Pad locations Figure 2.

2/13



2 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽¹⁾ (V _{CC} ⁺ - V _{CC} ⁻)	+32	V
V _{id}	Differential input voltage ⁽²⁾	+32	V
V _{in}	Input voltage	-0.3 to 32	V
	Output short-circuit to ground ⁽³⁾	20	mA
I _{in}	Input current ⁽⁴⁾ : V _{in} < V _{CC} ⁻ DC AC (duty cycle = 10 %, T = 1 s)	5 50	mA
T _j	Maximum junction temperature	150	°C
R _{thja}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient ⁽⁵⁾ SO-14	1)5	°C/W
R _{thjc}	Thermal resistance junction to case ⁽⁵⁾ SO-14	31	°C/W
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
	HBM: human body model ⁽⁶⁾	370	
ESD	MM: machine model ⁽⁷⁾	150	V
	CDM: charged device model ⁽³⁾	1500	

- 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages are with respect to ground terminal.
- 2. Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
- 3. Short-circuits from the current to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating. The maximum output current is approximately 20 m.N. Independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous size circuits on all amplifiers.
- 4. This input current only exists when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistor becoming forward-biased and thereby acting as input diode clamp. In addition to this diode action, there is NPN parasitic action on the IC chip. This transistor setion can cause the output voltages of the Op-amps to go to the V_{CC} voltage level (or to ground for a large certrive) for the time during which an input is driven negative.

 This is not destructive and normal output is restored for input voltages above -0.3 V.
- Short-circuits can cause excessive heating and destructive dissipation. Values are typical and for a single layer PCB.
- 6. Human body model: a 100 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged through a $1.5 k\Omega$ resistor between two pins of the device. This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.
- 7. Machine model: a 200 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5 Ω). This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while other pins are floating.
- 8. Charged device model: all pins plus package are charged together to the specified voltage and then discharged directly to the ground.

5/

Table 2. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage (V _{CC} ⁺ - V _{CC} ⁻)	3 to 30	V
T _{oper}	Operating free-air temperature range	-40 to +150	°C
V _{icm}	Input common-mode voltage range $(V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V})^{(1)}$ $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	0 to V _{CC} ⁺ -1.5 0 to V _{CC} ⁺ -2	٧

^{1.} The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 v. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V_{CC}*-1.5 V, but either or both inputs can go to +32 V without damage.

3 Electrical characteristics

Table 3. $V_{CC}^+ = 5 \text{ V}, V_{CC}^- = \text{ground}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Symbol	(unless otherwise specified) Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	- ,	Input offset voltage (1)		2	7	
	V_{io}	$T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		2	9	mV
	I _{io}	Input offset current $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		2	30 40	nA
	l _{ib}	Input bias current $^{(2)}$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		20	150 300	n A
	A _{vd}	Large signal voltage gain $\begin{aligned} &V_{CC}=15 \text{ V, } R_L=2 \text{ k}\Omega \text{, } V_o=1.4 \text{ to } 11.4 \text{ V} \\ &T_{min}\leq T_{amb}\leq T_{max} \end{aligned}$	50 2.5	100	MCC	V/mV
	SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ to } 30 \text{ V} \\ T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	65 65	110		dB
	I _{cc}	Supply current, all amps, no load $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V},$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		0.7	1.2 1.2	mA
		$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V},$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		1.5	3 3	
	CMR	Common-mode rejection ratio $T_{min} \le T_{a,nL} \le T_{max}$	70 60	80		dB
	I _{source}	Output source current $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, V_0 = 2 \text{ V}, V_{id} = 1 \text{ V}$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	20 10	40	60	mA
Obsole	I _{sink}	Output sink current $V_{O} = 2 \text{ V, } V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V, } V_{id} = 1 \text{ V}$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	10 5	20		mA
Ops	O.I.I.	$V_O = 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{id} = 1 \text{ V}$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	12 10	50		μΑ
	V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage (R _L = 10 k Ω) $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		5	20 20	mV
		High-level output voltage $\begin{split} &V_{CC}=30 \text{ V, } R_L=2 \text{ k}\Omega \\ &T_{min}\leq T_{amb}\leq T_{max} \end{split}$	26 26	27		
	V _{OH}	V_{CC} = 30 V, R_L = 10 k Ω $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	27 27	28		V
		$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	3 3.5			

Electrical characteristics LM2902H

Table 3. $V_{CC}^+ = 5 \text{ V}, V_{CC}^- = \text{ground}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$ (unless otherwise specified) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SR	Slew rate (unity gain) $ \begin{array}{l} \text{V}_{CC} = 15 \text{ V, Vi} = 0.5 \text{ to } 3 \text{ V, R}_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ C}_L = 100 \text{ pF} \\ T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max} \end{array} $	0.2	0.4		V/µs
GBP	Gain bandwidth product f = 100 kHz $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V, } V_{in} = 10 \text{ mV, } R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega \text{, } C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	0.7 0.5	1.3		MHz
THD	Total harmonic distortion $f = 1 \text{ kHz, } A_V = 20 \text{ dB, } R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega V_o = 2 V_{pp} \\ \text{,} C_L = 100 \text{ pF, } V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$		0.02		%
e _n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 1 \text{ kHz}, R_S = 100 \ \Omega \text{ V}_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$		55	UCL	nV/√Hz
V _{O1} /V _{O2}	Channel separation $^{(3)}$ 1 kHz \leq f \leq 20 kHz	0	(36)	<i>y</i> -	dB

^{1.} $V_O = 1.4 \text{ V}, 5 \text{ V} < V_{CC} < 30 \text{ V}, 0 \text{ V} < V_{icm} < {V_{CC}}^+$ -1.5 V.

6/13 Doc ID 16486 Rev 1

^{2.} The direction of the input current is *out* of the IC. This current is ascentially constant, independent of the state of the output, so there is no change in the loading charge on the input lines.

^{3.} Due to the proximity of external components, ensure that string capacitance does not cause coupling between these external parts. Typically, this can be detected because this type of capacitance increases at higher frequencies.

Figure 3. Large signal voltage gain

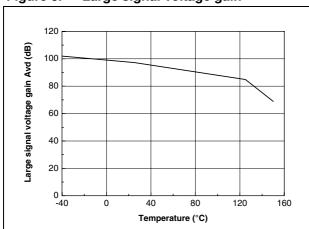


Figure 4. Large signal frequency response

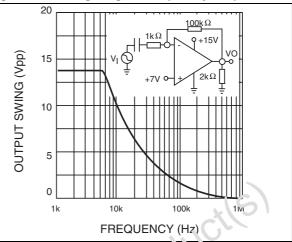


Figure 5. Voltage follower pulse response

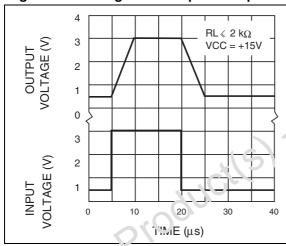


Figure 6. Input bias current

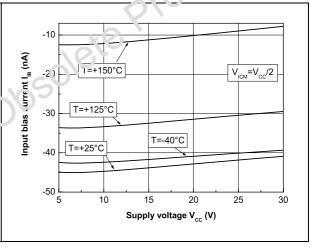


Figure 7. Scoply current

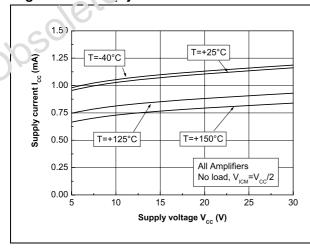
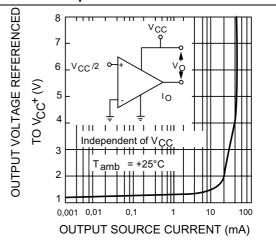


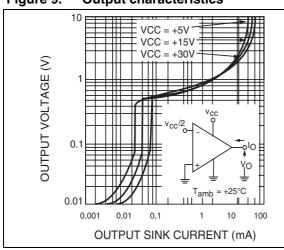
Figure 8. Output characteristics



Electrical characteristics LM2902H

Figure 9. Output characteristics

Figure 10. Output current vs temperature



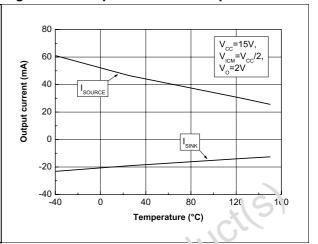
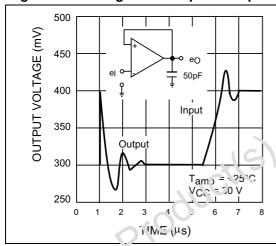


Figure 11. Voltage follower pulse response

Figure 12. Input voltage range



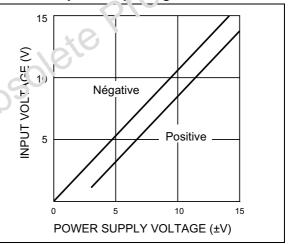
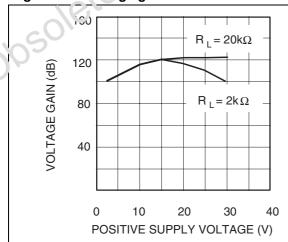


Figure 13. Voltage gain

Figure 14. Gain bandwidth product



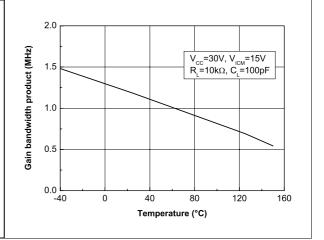


Figure 15. Supply voltage rejection ratio versus temperature

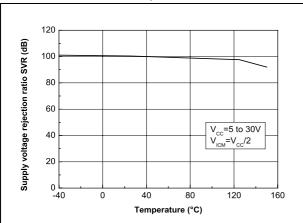


Figure 16. Common-mode rejection ratio versus temperature

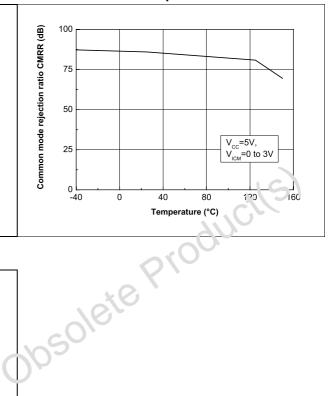
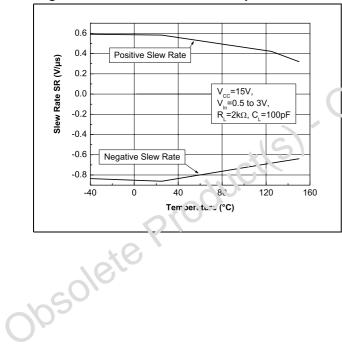


Figure 17. Slew rate versus temperature



LM2902H **Package information**

Package information 4

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

△ ddd C

Figure 18. SO-14 package mechanical drawing

Table 4. SO-14 package mechanical data

	Dimensions						
	Ref.	Millimeters			Inches		
	nei.	í⁄lin.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
	A	1.35		1.75	0.05		0.068
	A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.009
	A2	1.10		1.65	0.04		0.06
-105	В	0.33		0.51	0.01		0.02
Oh	С	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.009
	D	8.55		8.75	0.33		0.34
	E	3.80		4.0	0.15		0.15
	е		1.27			0.05	
	Н	5.80		6.20	0.22		0.24
	h	0.25		0.50	0.009		0.02
	L	0.40		1.27	0.015		0.05
	k			8°C (max.)		
	ddd			0.10			0.004

Ordering information 5

Table 5. **Order codes**

Order code	Temperature range	Package	Packing	Marking
JLM2902H-CD1		Wafer		
LM2902HYD ⁽¹⁾	-40° C, +150° C	SO-14	Tube or	2902HY
LM2902HYDT ⁽¹⁾		(automotive grade)	tape & reel	2902111
LM2902HYDT ⁽¹⁾ 1. Qualified and characteriz according to AEC Q001	& Q UU2 or equivale	on.	Produ	cils

Revision history LM2902H

6 Revision history

Table 6. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
05-Nov-2009	1	Initial release.



Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with ST products. STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidia, 'ec' ('ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and sen ice's described herein at any time, without notice.

All ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the ST products and solvices described herein, and ST assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the ST products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property Liq. is s granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by ST for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained in a line in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained in a line in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained in a line in a lin

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN ST'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE ST DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE ANCION SALE OF ST PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNE'SE FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION), OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY APPROVED IN VIRITING BY AN AUTHORIZED ST REPRESENTATIVE, ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED FOR USE IN MILITARY, AIR CRAFT, SPACE, LIFE SAVING, OR LIFE SUSTAINING APPLICATIONS, NOR IN PRODUCT'S OR SYSTEMS WHERE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR SEVERE PF OP ENTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE. ST PRODUCTS WHICH ARE NOT SPECIFIED AS "AUTOMOTIVE GRADE" MAY ONLY BE USED IN AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS AT USER'S OWN RISK.

Resale of S. p. or ucts with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any war and granted by ST for the ST product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liabi. f. C.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ST in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2009 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved

STMicroelectronics group of companies

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Philippines - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States of America

www.st.com

