Product Specification

SPECIFICATION
FOR
APPROVAL

(   ) Preliminary Specification
(●) Final Specification

Title	31.5" UHD TFT LCD

BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LM315WR1
SUFFIX	SSB1

*When you obtain standard approval,
 please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
_____/_____	_____
_____/_____	_____
_____/_____	_____

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation
With your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY **DATE**
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<u>RECORD OF REVISIONS</u>

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Jan. 24. 2017	-	First Draft, **Preliminary Specifications**

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1. General Description

LM315WR1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with a Light Emitting Diode (WLED) backlight system without LED driver. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 31.5 inch diagonally measured active display area with UHD resolution (3840 horizontal by 2160 vertical pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 1.07Billion colors with A-FRC (Advanced Frame Rate Control).
It has been designed to apply eDP(HBR2, 5.4Gbps) interface.
It is intended to support displays where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.
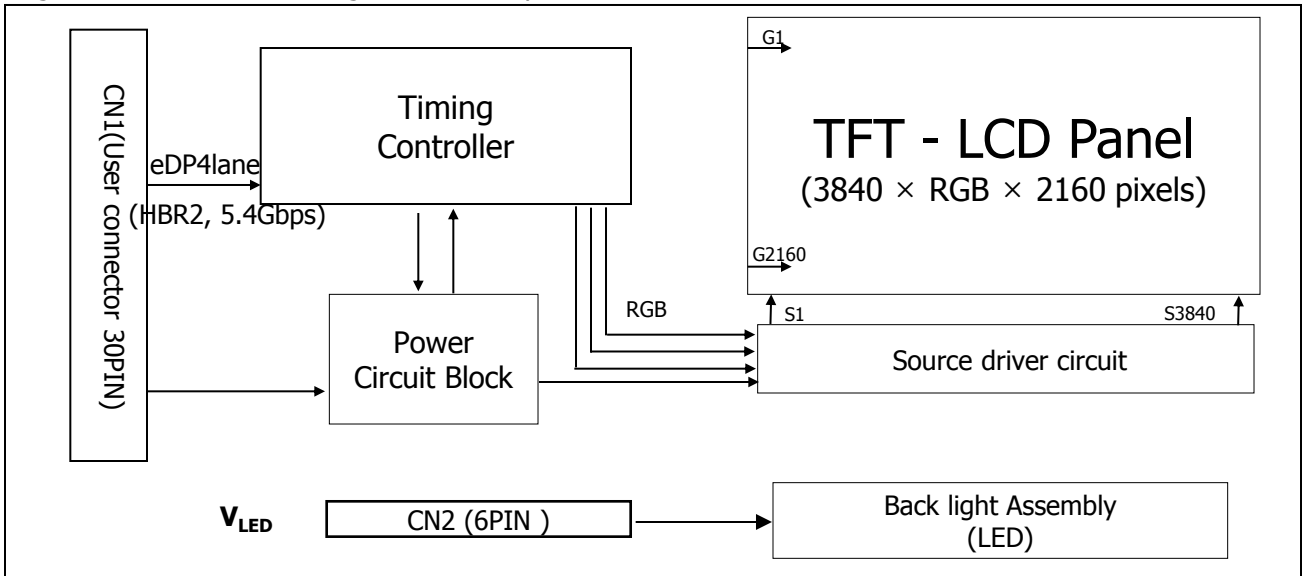
[FIG.1] Block diagram

General Features

Active Screen Size	31.5 inches(80.0051cm) (Aspect ratio 16:9)
Outline Dimension	709.2(H) x 405.55(V) x 14.0(D) mm (Typ.)
Sub Pixel Pitch	0.06053(H) x 0.18159(V) mm
Pixel Format	3840(H) x 2160(V) Pixels. Pixels RGB stripes arrangement
Color Depth	1.07 Billion colors, 10 Bit (8Bit + A-FRC)
Luminance, White	350 cd/m^2 (Center 1 Point, Typ.)
Viewing Angle(CR>10)	View Angle Free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total 31.2W(Typ.) (8.5W @ V$_{LCD}$ (22.7)W @ Is=(90)mA)
Weight	4,450g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Panel type	Reverse type
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 25%, 3H)

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	V_{LCD}	-0.3	12	Vdc	at $25 \pm 2°C$
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0	50	°C	
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H_{OP}	10	90	%RH	1, 2, 3
Storage Humidity	H_{ST}	10	90	%RH	
LCM Surface Temperature (Operation)	$T_{Surface}$	0	65	°C	1,4

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
　　　　　Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.
　　　2. Maximum Storage Humidity is up to 40℃, 70% RH only for 4 corner light leakage Mura.
　　　3. Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition
　　　4. LCM Surface Temperature should be Min. 0℃ and Max. 65℃ under the VLCD=10.0V,
　　　　fV=60Hz, 25℃ ambient Temp. no humidity control and LED string current is typical value.

FIG.2 Temperature and relative humidity
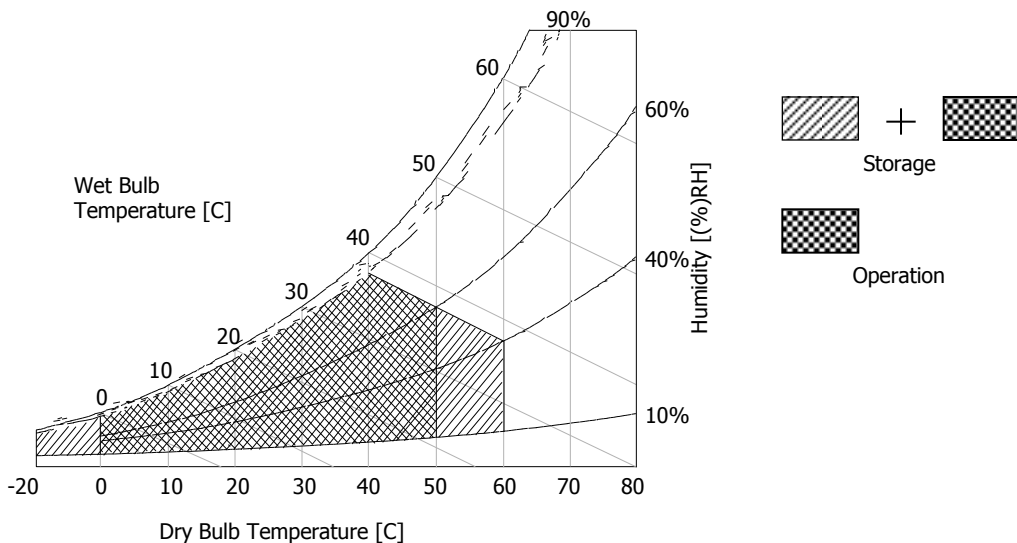
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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by a LED Driver.
The LED Driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

**Table 2-1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{LCD}	9.5	10.0	10.5	Vdc	5
Permissive Power Input Ripple	V_{dRF}			400	mVp-p	1
Power Supply Input Current	I_{LCD}	-	850	1060	mA	2
		-	1120	1400	mA	3
Power Consumption	$P_{C\ TYP}$	-	8.5	10.6	Watt	2
	$P_{C\ MAX}$	-	11.2	14.0	Watt	3
Rush current	I_{RUSH}	-		3	A	4

Note :
1. Permissive power ripple should be measured under V_{LCD}=10.0V, 25 $\pm$ 2°C, f_V=60Hz
   condition and at that time, we recommend the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope is
   to be under 20Mhz.
2. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=10.0V, 25 $\pm$ 2°C, f_V=60Hz
   condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
3. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
4. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms(min.).
5. VLCD level must be measured at two points on LCM PCB - between VLCD(test point) and LCM Ground.
   The measured results need to meet the Power supply input voltage spec.
   (Test condition : maximum power pattern , 25$\pm$ 2°C, fV=60Hz)

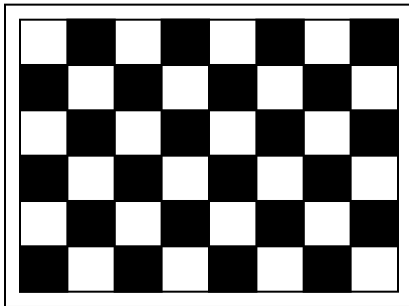• **Permissive Power input ripple (**V_{LCD} =10.0V, 25°C, fv (frame frequency)=Max. condition**)**
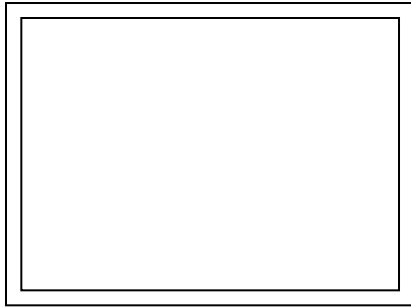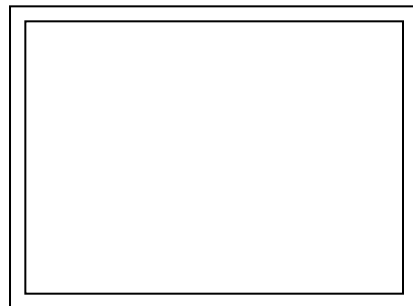

White pattern
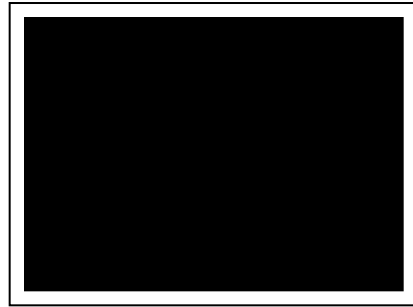
Black pattern

• **Power consumption (**V_{LCD} =10V, 25°C, fV (frame frequency=60Hz condition**)**

Typical power Pattern

Maximum power Pattern

FIG.3 Mosaic pattern & White Pattern for power consumption measurement

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Table 2-2. LED Bar ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED String Current	Is	-	(90)	(95)	mA	1, 2, 6
LED String Voltage	Vs	(29.3)	(31.5)	(33.7)	V	1, 3, 6
Power Consumption	PBar	-	(22.7)	(24.2)	Watt	1, 2, 5
LED Life Time	LED_LT	30,000	-	-	Hrs	4

Notes) The LED bar consists of 88 LED packages, 8 strings (parallel) x 11 packages (serial) x 1 bar

1. The specified values are for single LED bar.
2. The specified current is defined as the input current for single LED string with 100% duty cycle.
3. The specified voltage is the input LED string voltage at typical current 100% duty cycle.
4. The LED life time is defined as the time when the LED PKG brightness reach to the 50% of initial value
   under the conditions at Ta = 25 ± 2°C and typical LED string current.
5. The power consumption shown above does not include the loss of external LED driver.
   The typical power consumption is calculated as P_{Bar} = Vs(Typ.) x Is(Typ.) x No. of strings.
   The maximum power consumption is calculated as P_{Bar} = Vs(Max.) x Is(Typ.) x No. of strings.

Table 2-3. Absolute maximum value of LED bar

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit	Notes
LED String Current	Is	(160)	mA	1,2
Peak Luminance	Lp	(550)	nit	

Notes)1. LED string voltage at maximum current with 100% duty cycle is (33.4 ±2.2) V at Ta = 25 ± 2°C.
   2. Peak Luminance 550nit is achieved at (160)mA, while the specifications for guarantee remains under
      the normal operating condition specified in Table 2-2. Specifications and condition for evaluation
      test and mass production shall be applied with conditions specified in Table 2-2. .

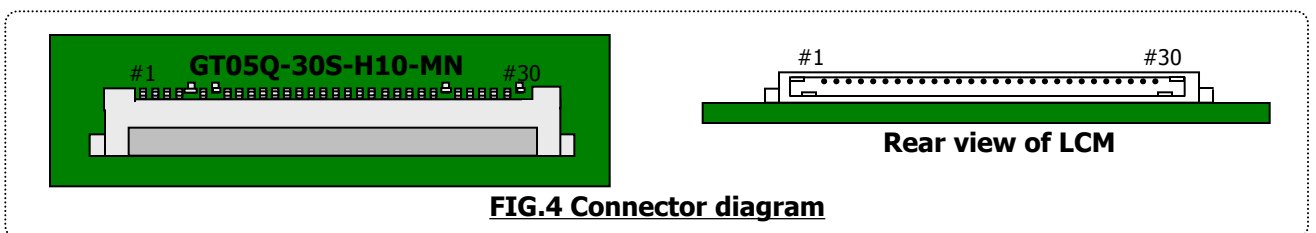| Product Specification |

3-2. Interface Connections

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1) : GT05Q-30S-H10-MN (LSMtron), HD2S030HA1 (JAE), KN38B-30S-0.5H(HIROSE)
  or Equivalent

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	VLCD	Power Supply +10.0V	16	Lane0P	True Signal for Main Link 0
2	VLCD	Power Supply +10.0V	17	Lane0N	Component Signal for Main Link 0
3	VLCD	Power Supply +10.0V	18	GND	Ground
4	VLCD	Power Supply +10.0V	19	Lane1P	True Signal for Main Link 1
5	VLCD	Power Supply +10.0V	20	Lane1N	Component Signal for Main Link 1
6	NC	No connection	21	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	22	Lane2P	True Signal for Main Link 2
8	NC	No Connection	23	Lane2N	Component Signal for Main Link 2
9	NC	No Connection	24	GND	Ground
10	GND	Ground	25	Lane3P	True Signal for Main Link 3
11	HPD	Hot Plug Detect Signal	26	Lane3N	Component Signal for Main Link 3
12	GND	Ground	27	GND	Ground
13	AUX_CHN	Component Signal for Auxiliary Channel	28	NC	No Connection
14	AUX_CHP	True Signal for Auxiliary Channel	29	NC	No Connection
15	GND	Ground	30	NC	No Connection

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.
2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
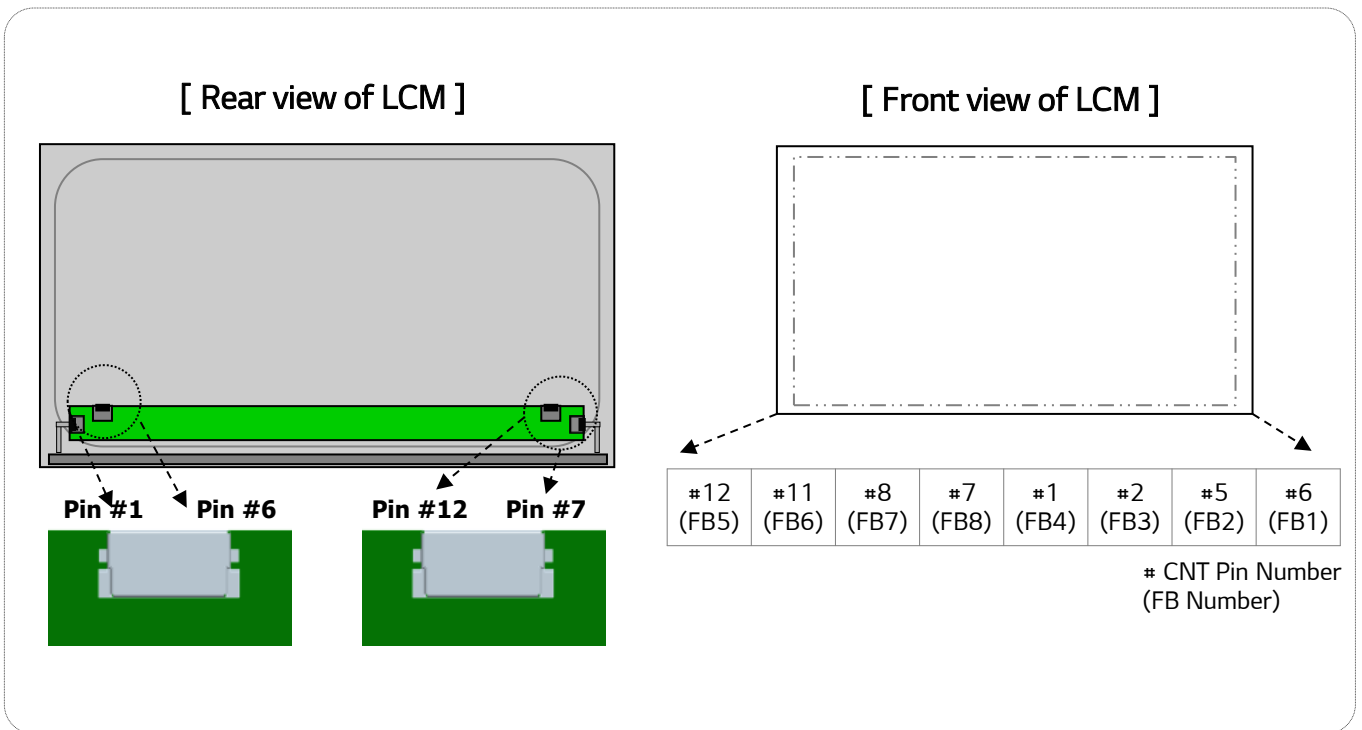

FIG.4 Connector diagram

3-2-2. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2)

The LED interface connector is a model SM06B-SHJH(HF)_Manufactured by JST or equivalent.
The mating connector is a SHJP-06V-S(HF), SHJP-06V-A-K(HF) or equivalent.
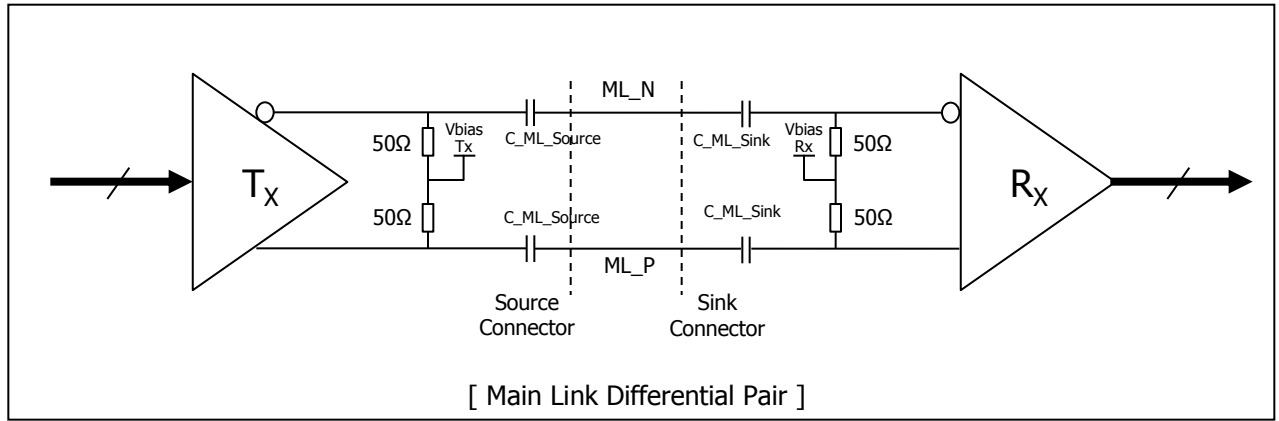The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3-1. LED CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin	Symbol	Pin-description	Remark	Pin	Symbol	Pin-description	Remark
1	FB4	Channel 4 current feedback	Right side in front view	7	FB8	Channel 8 current feedback	Left side in front view
2	FB3	Channel 3 current feedback		8	FB7	Channel 7 current feedback	
3	V LED	LED power supply (common anode)		9	V LED	LED power supply (common anode)	
4	V LED	LED power supply (common anode)		10	V LED	LED power supply (common anode)	
5	FB2	Channel 2 current feedback		11	FB6	Channel 6 current feedback	
6	FB1	Channel 1 current feedback		12	FB5	Channel 5 current feedback	

[Rear view of LCM]

[Front view of LCM]

Pin #1   Pin #6   Pin #12   Pin #7

| #12 (FB5) | #11 (FB6) | #8 (FB7) | #7 (FB8) | #1 (FB4) | #2 (FB3) | #5 (FB2) | #6 (FB1) |

CNT Pin Number
(FB Number)

[FIG. 5] Backlight connector view

3-3. eDP Signal Specifications

3-3-1. eDP Main Link Signal

[Main Link Differential Pair]

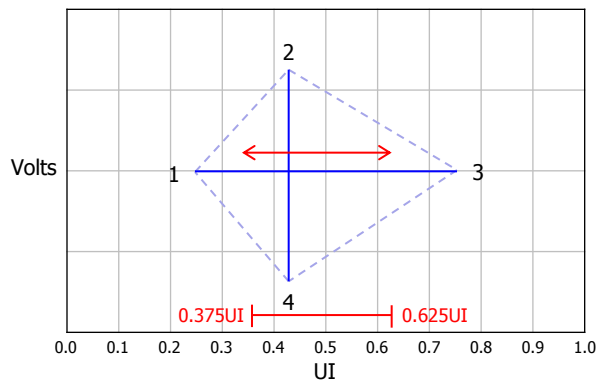| Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval for high bit rate (5.4Gbps / lane)	UI_HBR2	-	185	-	ps	
Link Clock Down Spreading	Amplitude	0	-	0.5	%	
	Frequency	30		33	kHz	
Differential peak-to-peak voltage at Sink side connector	$V_{RX-DIFFp-p}$	-	-	1.38	V	Note 6,7)
EYE width at Sink side connector	$T_{RX-EYE-CONN}$	0.38	-	-	UI	Note 6,7)
Lane-to-Lane skew	$L_{Rx-SKEW-INTER\_PAIR}$	-	-	4UI+ 500ps		
Lane intra-pair skew	$L_{Rx-SKEW-INTRA\_PAIR}$	-	-	50	ps	
AC Coupling Capacitor	$C_{SOURCE—ML}$	75		200	nF	Source side

Note)
1. Termination resistor is typically integrated into the transmitter and receiver implementations.
2. In cabled embedded system, it is recommended the system designer ensure that EYE width and voltage are met at the sink side connector pins.
3. Mismatched common mode voltage will occur abnormal display.
4. All eDP electrical spec is measured at sink connector side.
5. eDP cable Impedance should be 100ohm ± 5%.

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Note6) Definition of Differential Voltage

Common Mode Voltage

$V_{CM} = (V_{D+} + V_{D-}) / 2$

$V_{DIFF} = V_{D+} - V_{D-}$

$V_{DIFFp-p} = (2* \max | V_{D+} - V_{D-} |)$

V_{D+}

V_{CM}

V_{D-}

V_{DIFF}

V_{CM}

0 V

V_{DIFF}

$V_{DIFFp-p}$

[Definition of Differential Voltage]
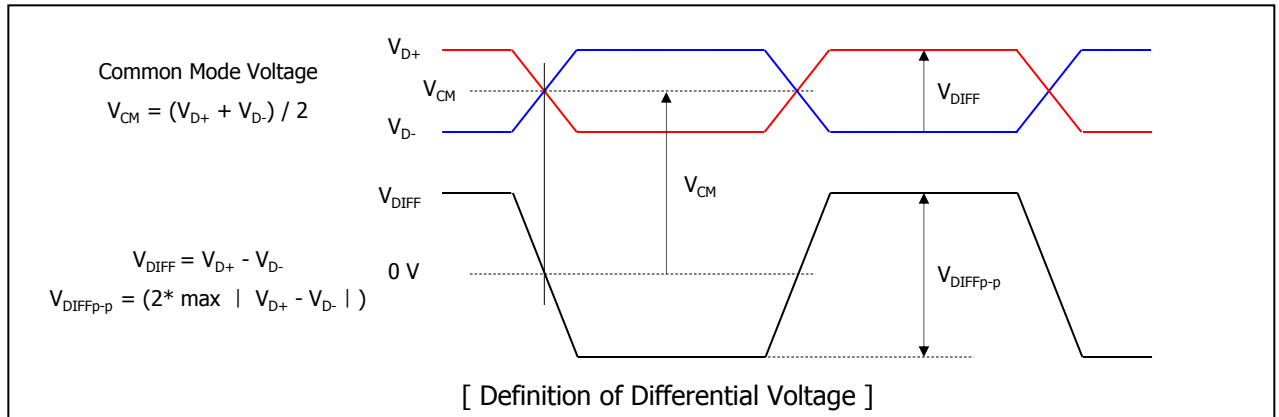
Note7) Main Link EYE Diagram

Volts

2

1

3

4

0.375UI   0.625UI

0.0   0.1   0.2   0.3   0.4   0.5   0.6   0.7   0.8   0.9   1.0
UI

Point	High Bit Rate 2 @ TP3 EQ	
	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)
1	Any UI location (x) where the eye width is open from x to x+0.38UI	**0.000**
2	Any passing UI location between 0.375UI-0.625UI	**0.045**
3	Point 1 + 0.38UI	**0.000**
4	Same as Point 2	**-0.045**

[EYE Mask Vertices at embedded DP Sink Connector Pins]

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3-3-2. eDP AUX Channel Signal

[Recommended eDP AUX Channel Differential Pair]
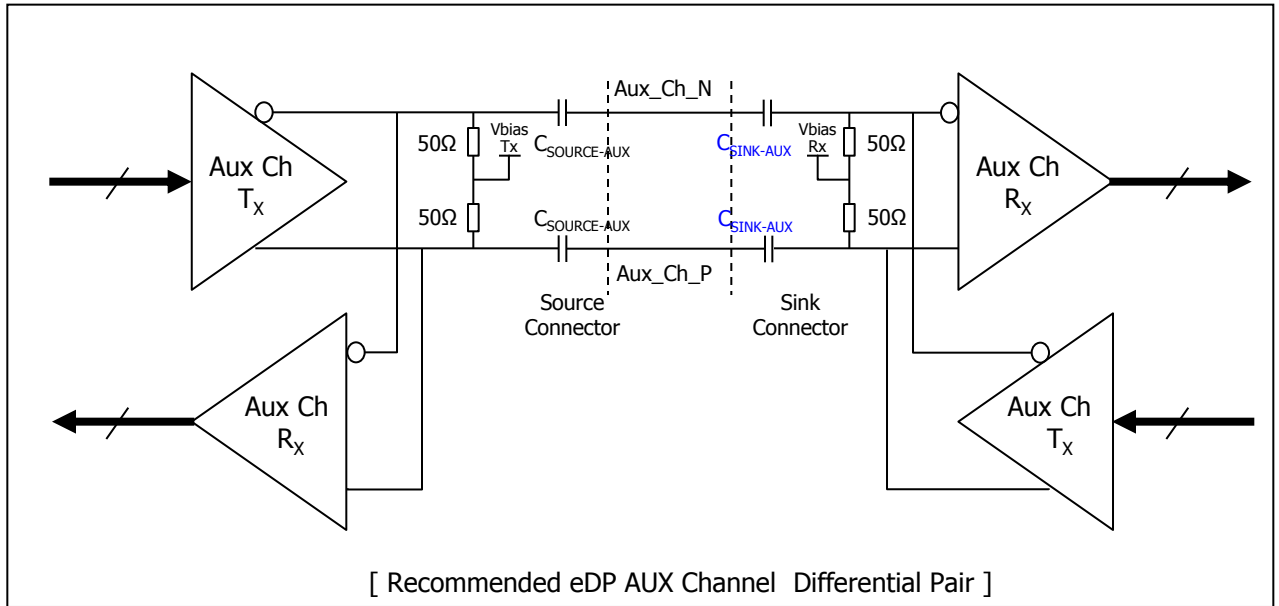
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
AUX Unit Interval	UI	0.4	-	0.6	us	
AUX Jitter at Tx IC Package Pins	T_{jitter}	-	-	0.04	UI	Equal to 24ns
AUX Jitter at Rx IC Package Pins		-	-	0.05	UI	Equal to 30ns
AUX Peak-to-peak voltage at Connector Pins of Receiving		0.32	-	1.36	V	
AUX Peak-to-peak voltage at Connector Pins of Transmitting	$V_{AUX-DIFFp-p}$	0.39	-	1.38	V	
AUX EYE width at Connector Pins of Tx and Rx		0.98	-	-	UI	
AUX DC common mode voltage	V_{AUX-CM_Rx}	-	0	2.0	V	
	V_{AUX-CM_Tx}	-	0.15	2.0	V	
AUX AC Coupling Capacitor	$C_{SOURCE-AUX}$	75		200	nF	Source side

Note)
1. Termination resistor is typically integrated into the transmitter and receiver implementations.
2. $V_{AUX-DIFFp-p} = 2* | V_{AUXP}-V_{AUXN} |$
3. Termination resistor should be ±50ohm at source side to AUX level.
4. At sink side AUX cap. are for protection ESD/EOS damage.
5. Mismatched common mode voltage will occur abnormal display.

3-3-3. eDP HPD Signal

[HPD Events]
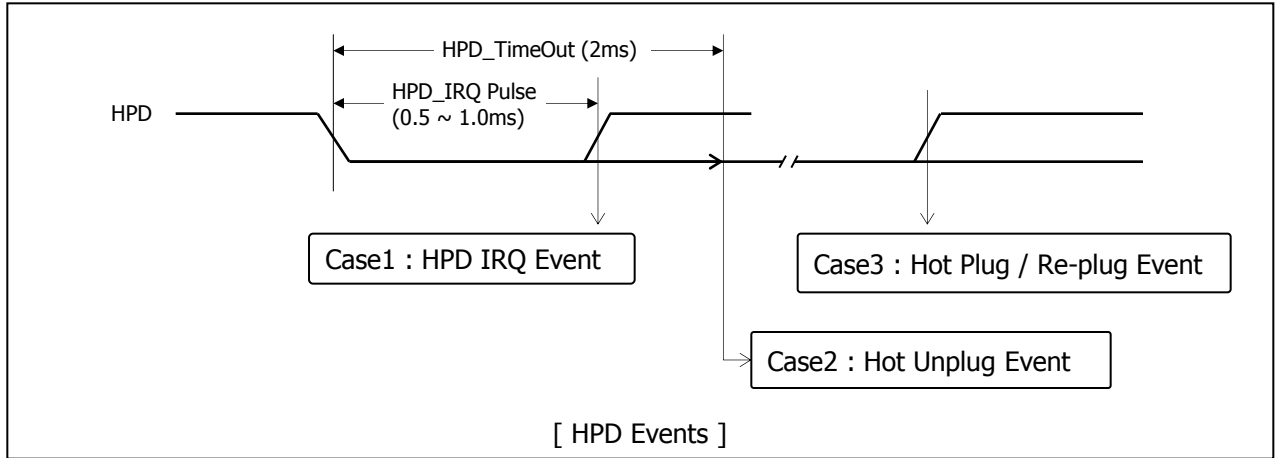
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
HPD Voltage		2.25	-	3.6	V	Sink side Driving
Hot Plug Detection Threshold	HPD	2.0	-	-	V	Source side Detecting
Hot Unplug Detection Threshold		-	-	0.8	V	
HPD_IRQ Pulse Width	HPD_IRQ	0.5	-	1.0	ms	
HPD_TimeOut		2.0	-	-	ms	HPD Unplug Event

Note)
1. HPD IRQ : Sink device wants to notify the Source device that Sink's status has changed so it toggles HPD line, forcing the Source device to read its Link / Sink Receiver DPCD field via the AUX-CH
2. HPD Unplug : The Sink device is no longer attached to the Source device and the Source device may then disable its Main Link as a power saving mode
3. Plug / Re-plug : The Sink device is now attached to the Source device, forcing the Source device to read its Receiver capabilities and Link / Sink status Receiver DPCD fields via the AUX-CH

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3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is signal timing required at the input of the TMDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.
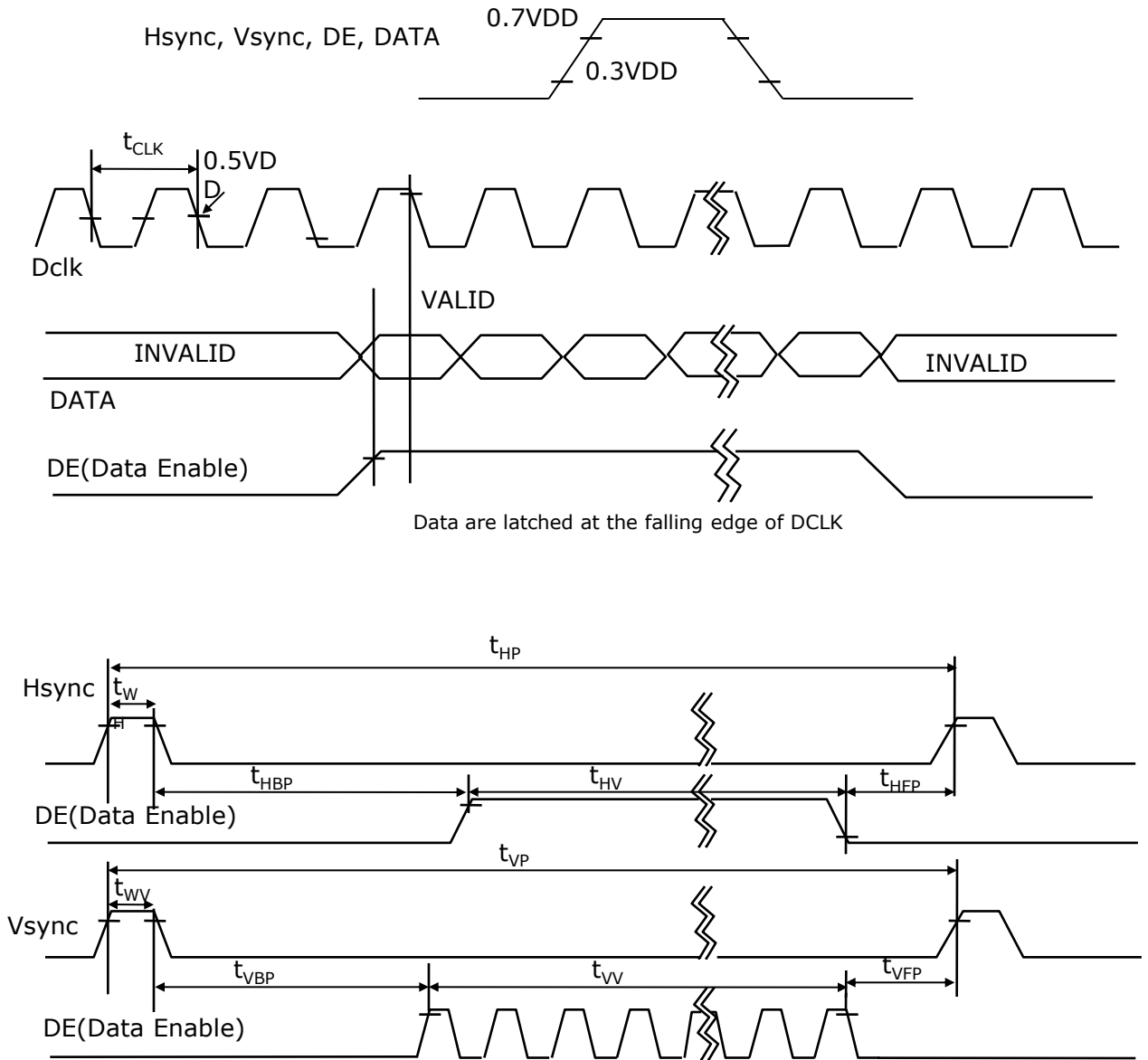
Table 4. TIMING TABLE

ITEM		SYMBOL	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tCLK	1.82	1.875	1.93	ns	
	Frequency	fCLK	527.92	533.25	538.58	MHz	-
Hsync	Period	tHP	4000	4000	4012	tCLK	
	Width-Active	tWH	32	32	32		
Vsync	Period	tVP	2220	2222	2268	tHP	
	Frequency	fV	59.397	59.997	60.597	Hz	
	Width-Active	tWV	5	5	5	tHP	
Data Enable	Horizontal Valid	tHV	3840	3840	3840	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	80	80	88		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	48	48	52		
	Horizontal Blank	-	160	160	172		tWH+ tHBP+ tHFP
	Vertical Valid	tVV	2160	2160	2160	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	52	54	100		
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	3	3	3		
	Vertical Blank	-	60	62	108		tWV+ tVBP+ tVFP

Note:
1. DE Only mode operation. The input of Hsync & Vsync signal does not have an effect on LCD normal operation.
2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
3. Horizontal period should be even.

3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms

Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA

0.7VDD

0.3VDD

t_{CLK}

0.5VDD

Dclk

VALID

INVALID

DATA

INVALID

DE(Data Enable)

Data are latched at the falling edge of DCLK

t_{HP}

Hsync t_{W}

t_{HBP}

t_{HV}

t_{HFP}

DE(Data Enable)

t_{VP}

t_{WV}

Vsync

t_{VBP}

t_{VV}

t_{VFP}

DE(Data Enable)

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3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The Brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data		
		RED MSB LSB R9 R8 R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0	**GREEN** MSB LSB G9 G8 G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0	**BLUE** MSB LSB B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
Basic Color	Black	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Red (1023)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Green (1023)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Blue (1023)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Cyan	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Magenta	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Yellow	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	White	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
RED	RED (000)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	RED (001)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	...	...	...	...
	RED (1022)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	RED (1023)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
GREEN	GREEN (000)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	GREEN (001)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	...	...	...	...
	GREEN (1022)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	GREEN (1023)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
BLUE	BLUE (000)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	BLUE (001)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
	...	...	...	...
	BLUE (1022)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
	BLUE (1023)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

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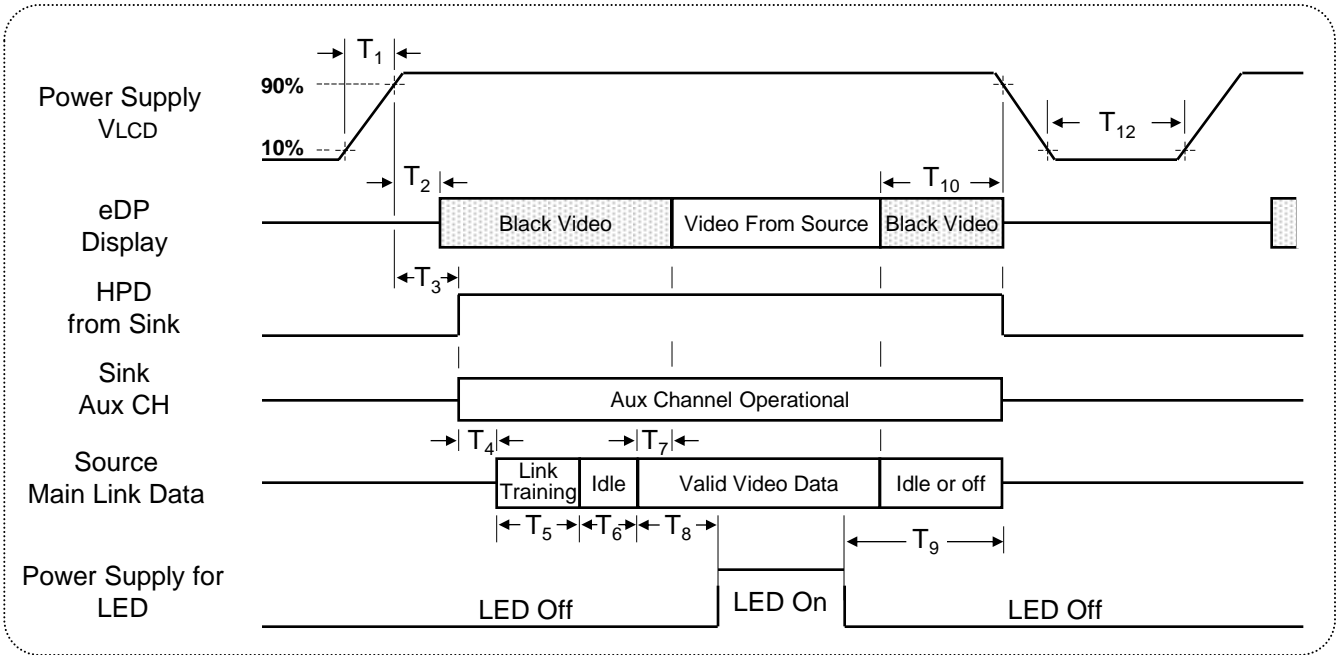
3-7. Power Sequence

3-7-1. Power Sequence

Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Timing	Required By	Limits Min	Limits Max	Units	Notes
T_1	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T_2	Sink	10	200	ms	-
T_3	Sink	15	200	ms	-
T_4	Source	-	-	ms	6
T_5	Source	-	-	ms	6
T_6	Source	-	100	ms	-
T_7	Sink	0	50	ms	-
T_8	Source	200	-	ms	
T_9	Source	200	-	ms	7

Timing	Required By	Limits Min	Limits Max	Units	Notes
T_{10}	Source	0	500	ms	-
T_{12}	Source	1000	-	ms	

Note) 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. Signal Timing Specifications"
3. When the Video signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VLCD to 0V.
4. The above power sequence should be satisfied the basic power on/off and resolution, timing transition.
5. LED power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and valid status of Video Signal.
6. Link training duration is dependent on the customer's system.
7. LED power must be turned off while Video data signal is valid

3-7-2. V~LCD~ **Power Dip Condition**
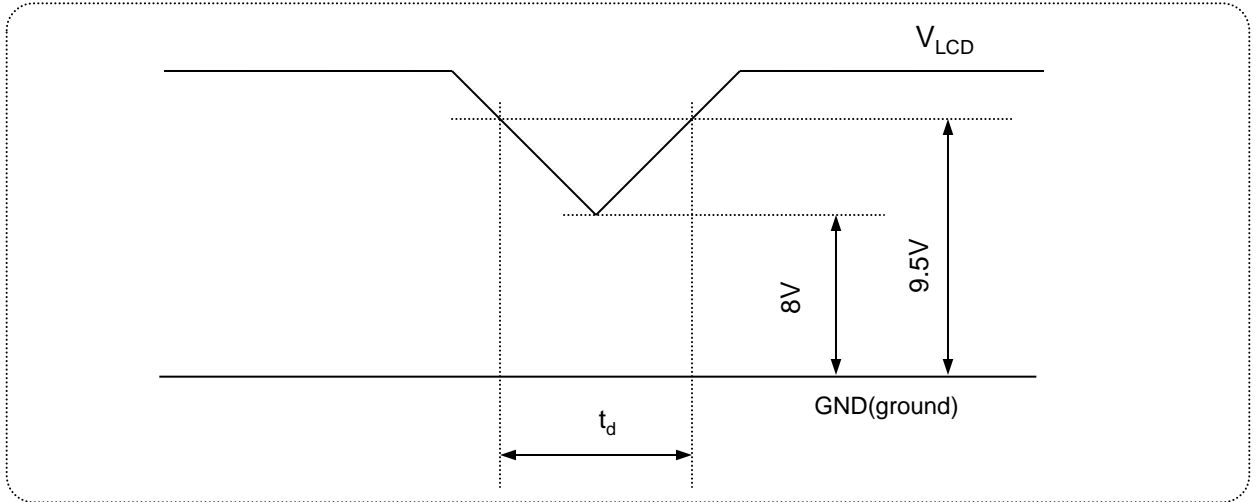
FIG.6 Power dip condition

1) Dip condition

$8V \leq V_{LCD} < 9.5V$, $t_d \leq 20ms$

2) $V_{LCD} < 8V$

V_{LCD}-dip conditions should also follow the Power On/Off conditions for supply voltage.

Product Specification

4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at $25\pm2°C$. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 ° and aperture 1 degree.
FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.
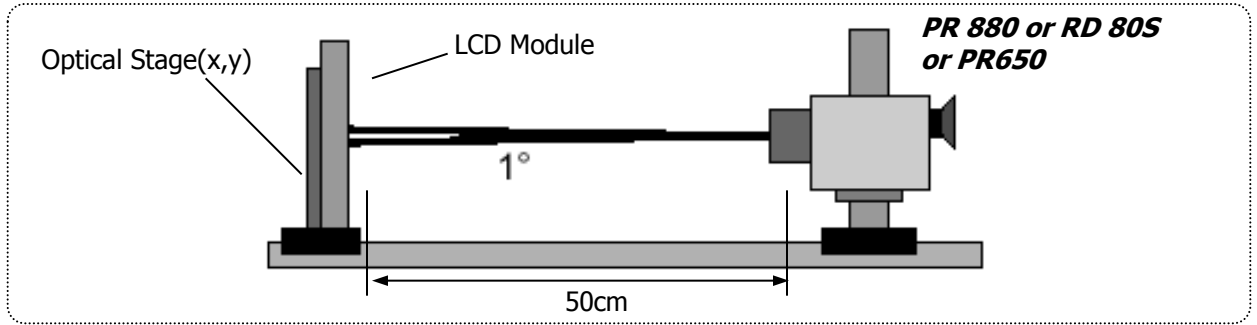
FIG.7 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS   (Ta=25 °C, V_{LCD}=10V, f_V=60Hz Dclk=144MHz, I_S=(90)mA)

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min	**Typ**	**Max**		
Contrast Ratio		CR	-	1300	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L_{WH}	280	350	-	cd/m²	2
Luminance Variation		δ_{WHITE}	75	-	-	%	3
Response Time	Gray To Gray	T_{GTG_AVR}	-	14	25	ms	4
Color Coordinates [CIE1931] **(By PR650)**	RED	Rx	Typ -0.03	0.674	Typ +0.03		
		Ry		0.314			
	GREEN	Gx		0.277			
		Gy		0.678			
	BLUE	Bx		0.154			
		By		0.053			
	WHITE	Wx		0.313			
		Wy		0.329			
Color Shift (Avg. Δu'v' < 0.02)	Horizontal	θ_{CST_H}	-	140	-	Degree	5
	Vertical	θ_{CST_V}	-	100	-		
Viewing Angle (CR>10)							
General	Horizontal	θ_H	170	178	-	Degree	6
	Vertical	θ_V	170	178	-		
GSR @ 60dgree (Gamma shift rate)	Horizontal	δ_{Gamma_H}	-	-	20	%	7
	Vertical	δ_{Gamma_V}	-	-	20		
WPT (White Point Tracking)			-	-300	G255 CCT	+700	K	8
Gray Scale			-	-	2.2	-		9

LG Display

Product Specification

Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as : **(By PR880)**

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

It is measured at center point(Location P1)

2. Surface luminance(L_{WH})is luminance value at Center 1 point(P1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG.8 (By PR880)

3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : **(By PR880)**

$$\delta_{WHITE} = \frac{\text{Minimum}(L_{P1}, L_{P2}, ...L_{P9})}{\text{Maximum}(L_{P1}, L_{P2}, ...L_{P9})} \times 100$$

Where L1 to L9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations.
For more information see FIG.8

4. Gray to gray response time is the time required for the display to transition from gray to gray. For additional information see Table 10. **(By RD80S)**

5. Color shift is the angle at which the average color difference for all Macbeth is lower than 0.02. For more information see FIG.9 **(By EZ Contrast)**
   - Color difference (Δu'v')

$$u' = \frac{4x}{-2x+12y+3} \qquad v' = \frac{9y}{-2x+12y+3} \qquad \Delta u'v' = \sqrt{(u'_1 - u'_2)^2 + (v'_1 - v'_2)^2}$$

$$Avg(\Delta u'v') = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{24}(\Delta u'v')i}{24}$$

u'1, v'1 : u'v' value at viewing angle direction
u'2, v'2 : u'v' value at front (θ=0)
i : Macbeth chart number (Define 23 page)

- Pattern size : 25% Box size
- Viewing angle direction of color shift : Horizontal, Vertical

6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG.10 **(By PR880)**

7. GSR is the rate of gamma shift at up, down, left and right 60 degree viewing angle compare with center gamma. For more information see FIG.11 and FIG.12 **(By EZ Contrast)**
   - GSR (δ_{Gamma}) is defined as :

.

$$GSR = \left(1 - \frac{\text{View angle Gamma Value (Up, Down, Reft, Light 60 Degree)}}{\text{Center Gamma Value (0 Degree)}}\right) \times 100$$

8. WPT (White Point Tracking) is the variation of color temperature between G255 and G63. **(By PR650)**

Product Specification

Notes 9. Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information see Table 11.

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.
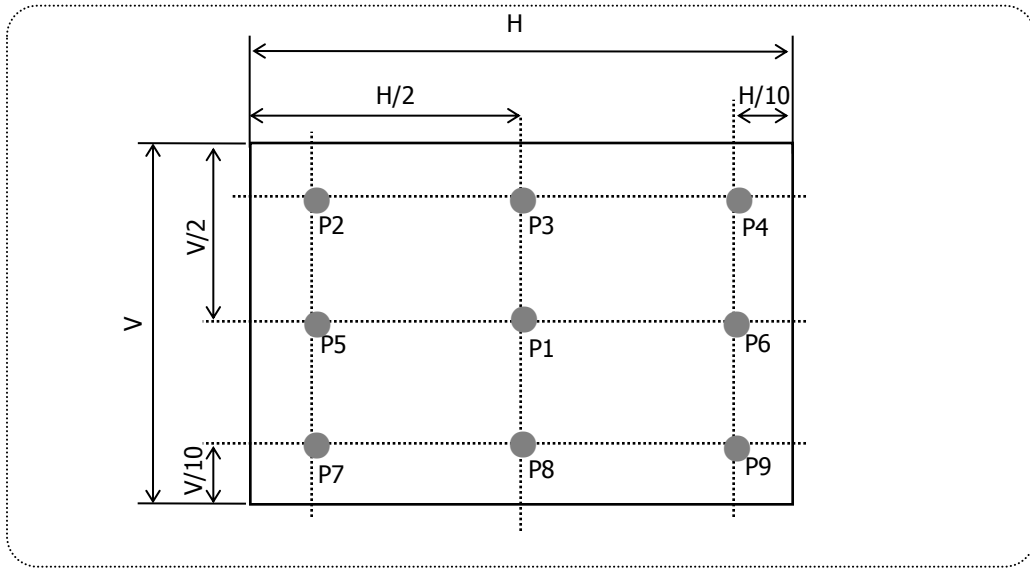
FIG.8 Measure Point for Luminance

The Gray to Gray response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray To Gray ".
- Gray step : 5 Step
- TGTG_AVR is the total average time at rising time and falling time for "Gray To Gray ".
- if system use ODC (Over Driving Circuit) function, Gray to Gary response time may be 5ms~8ms GtG
 * it depends on Overshoot rate.

Table. 10 GTG Gray Table

Gray to Gray		Rising Time				
		G255	G191	G127	G63	G0
Falling Time	G255					
	G191					
	G127					
	G63					
	G0					

Product Specification

G to G(BW) Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".
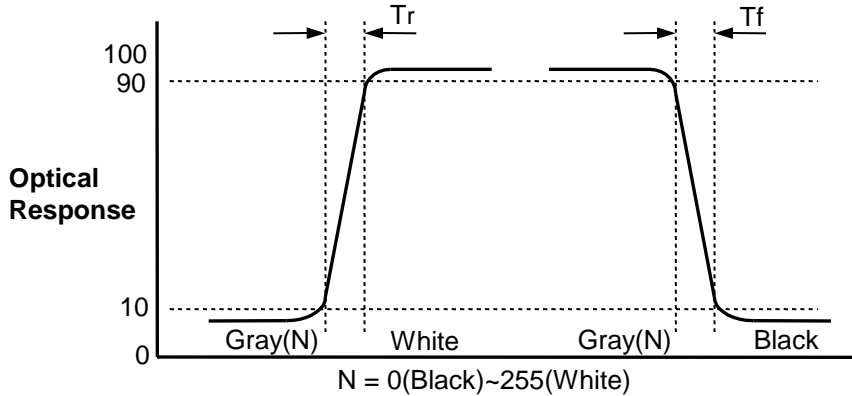
Color shift is defined as the following test pattern and color.

25% Box size
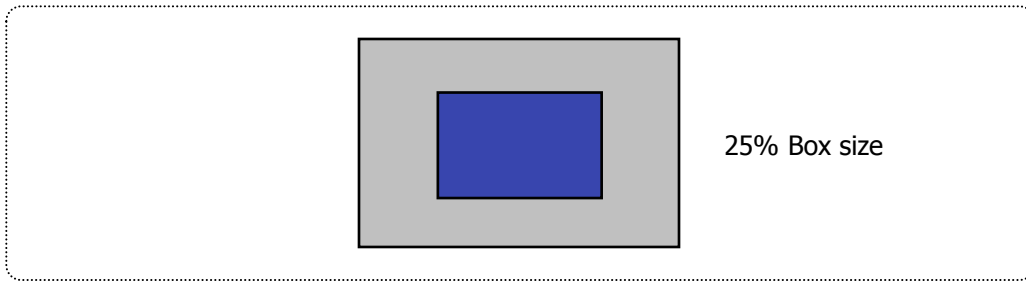
FIG.9 Color Shift Test Pattern

Average RGB values in Bruce RGB for Macbeth Chart

	Dark skin (i=1)	Light skin	Blue sky	Foliage	Blue flower	Bluish green
R	98	206	85	77	129	114
G	56	142	112	102	118	199
B	45	123	161	46	185	178
	Orange	**Purplish blue**	**Moderate red**	**Purple**	**Yellow green**	**Orange yellow**
R	219	56	211	76	160	230
G	104	69	67	39	193	162
B	24	174	87	86	58	29
	Blue	**Green**	**Red**	**Yellow**	**Magenta**	**Cyan**
R	26	72	197	241	207	35
G	32	148	27	212	62	126
B	145	65	37	36	151	172
	White	**Neutral 8**	**Neutral 6.5**	**Neutral 5**	**Neutral 3.5**	**Black**
R	240	206	155	110	63	22
G	240	206	155	110	63	22
B	240	206	155	110	63	22

Product Specification

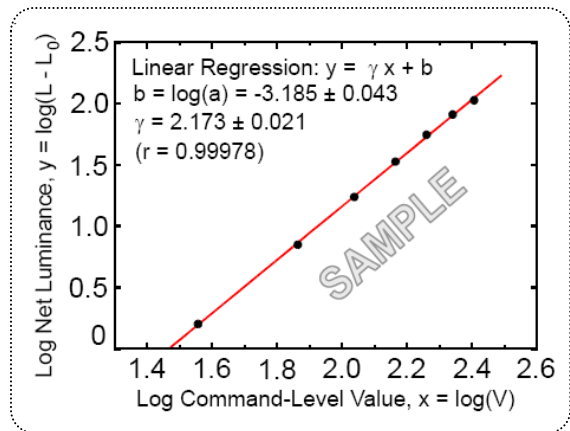Dimension of viewing angle range.
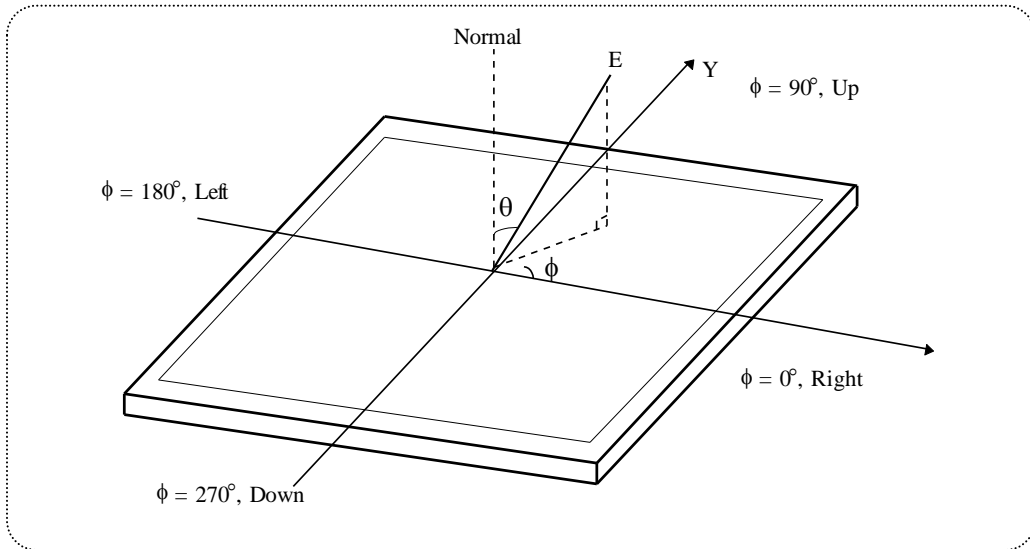
FIG.10 Viewing angle
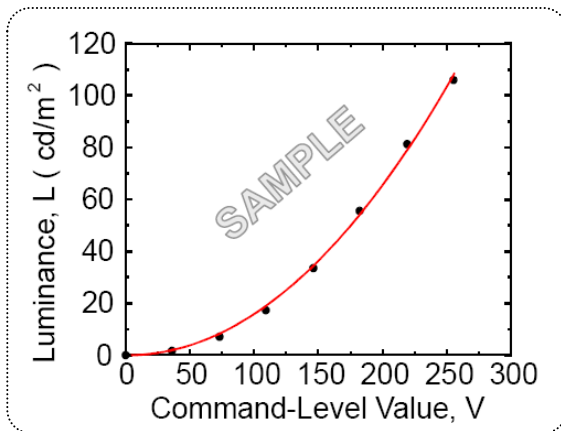
FIG.11 Sample Luminance vs. gray scale
(using a 256 bit gray scale)

$$L = aV^r + L_b$$

FIG.12 Sample Log-log plot of luminance
vs. gray scale

$$\log(L - L_b) = r\log(V) + \log(a)$$

Here the Parameter a and γ relate the signal level V to the luminance L.
The GAMMA we calculate from the log-log representation (FIG.11)

Product Specification

Table 11. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%] (Typ.)
0	0.11
31	1.08
63	4.72
95	11.49
127	21.66
159	35.45
191	53.00
223	74.48
255	100

Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.
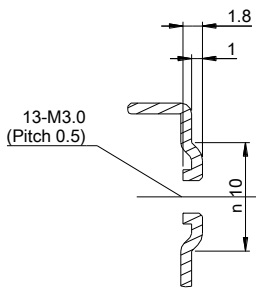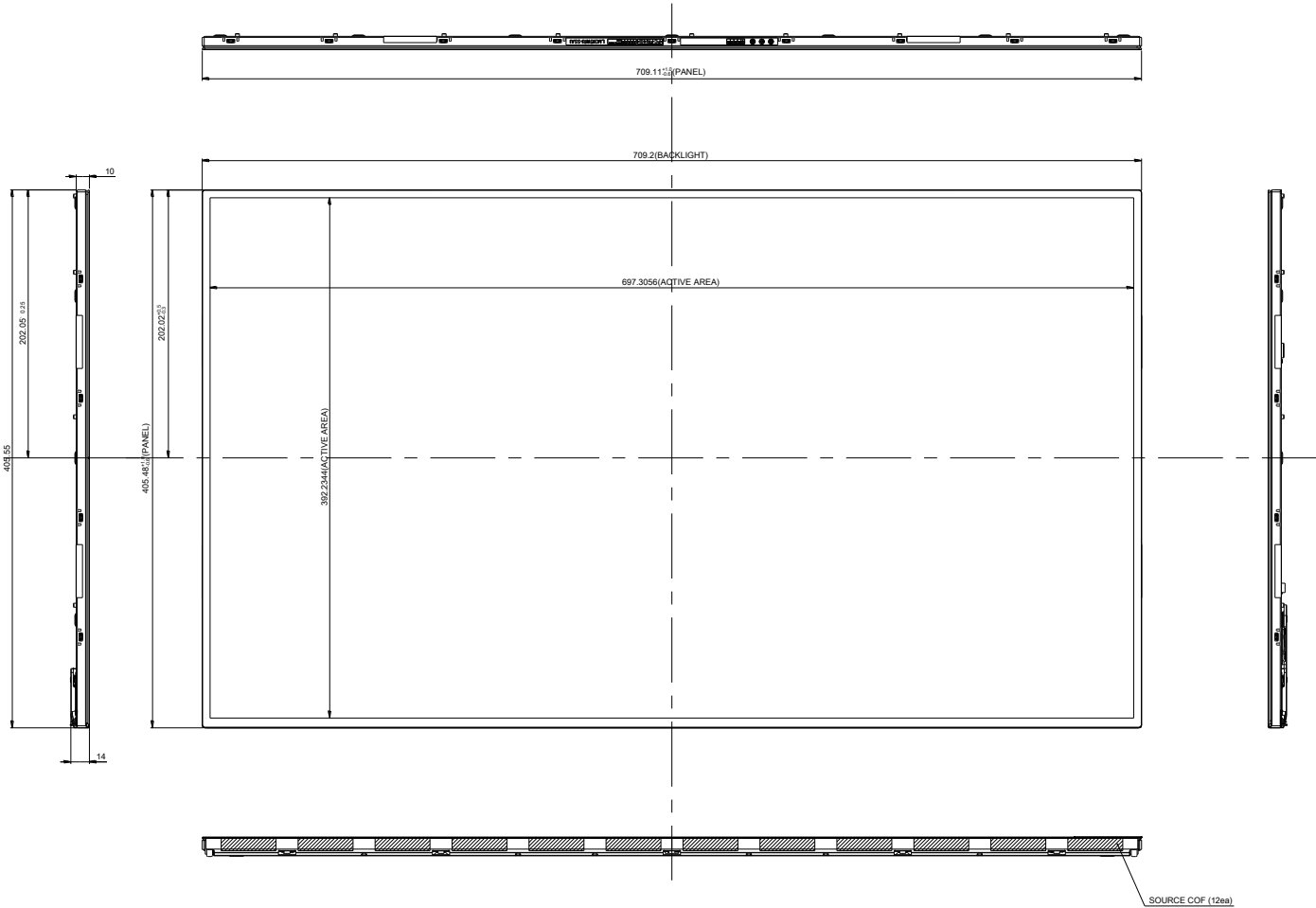
	Horizontal	709.2mm
Outline Dimension	Vertical	405.55mm
	Depth	14.0 mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	-
	Vertical	-
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.31mm
	Vertical	392.23mm
Weight	Typ : 4,450g , Max : 5,060g	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer	

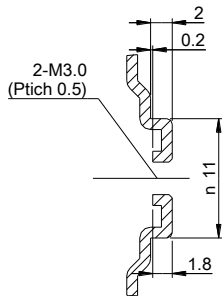Notes : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.
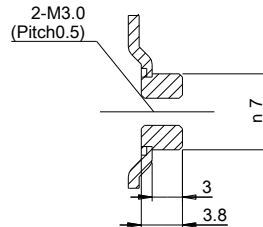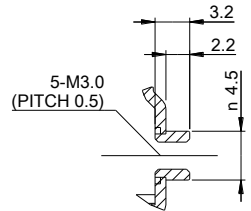
Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

Preliminary

709.11 (PANEL)

709.2(BACKLIGHT)

697.3056(ACTIVE AREA)

392.2344(ACTIVE AREA)

405.48(PANEL)

405.55

202.02(ACTIVE AREA)

202.05

10

14

SOURCE COF (12ea)

SECTION A-A
SCALE 2/1

13-M3.0
(Pitch 0.5)

1.8

1

n 10

SECTION B-B
SCALE 2/1

2-M3.0
(Ptich 0.5)

2

0.2

n 11

1.8

SECTION C-C
SCALE 2/1

2-M3.0
(Pitch0.5)

n 7

3

3.8

SECTION D-D
SCALE 2/1

5-M3.0
(PITCH 0.5)

3.2

2.2
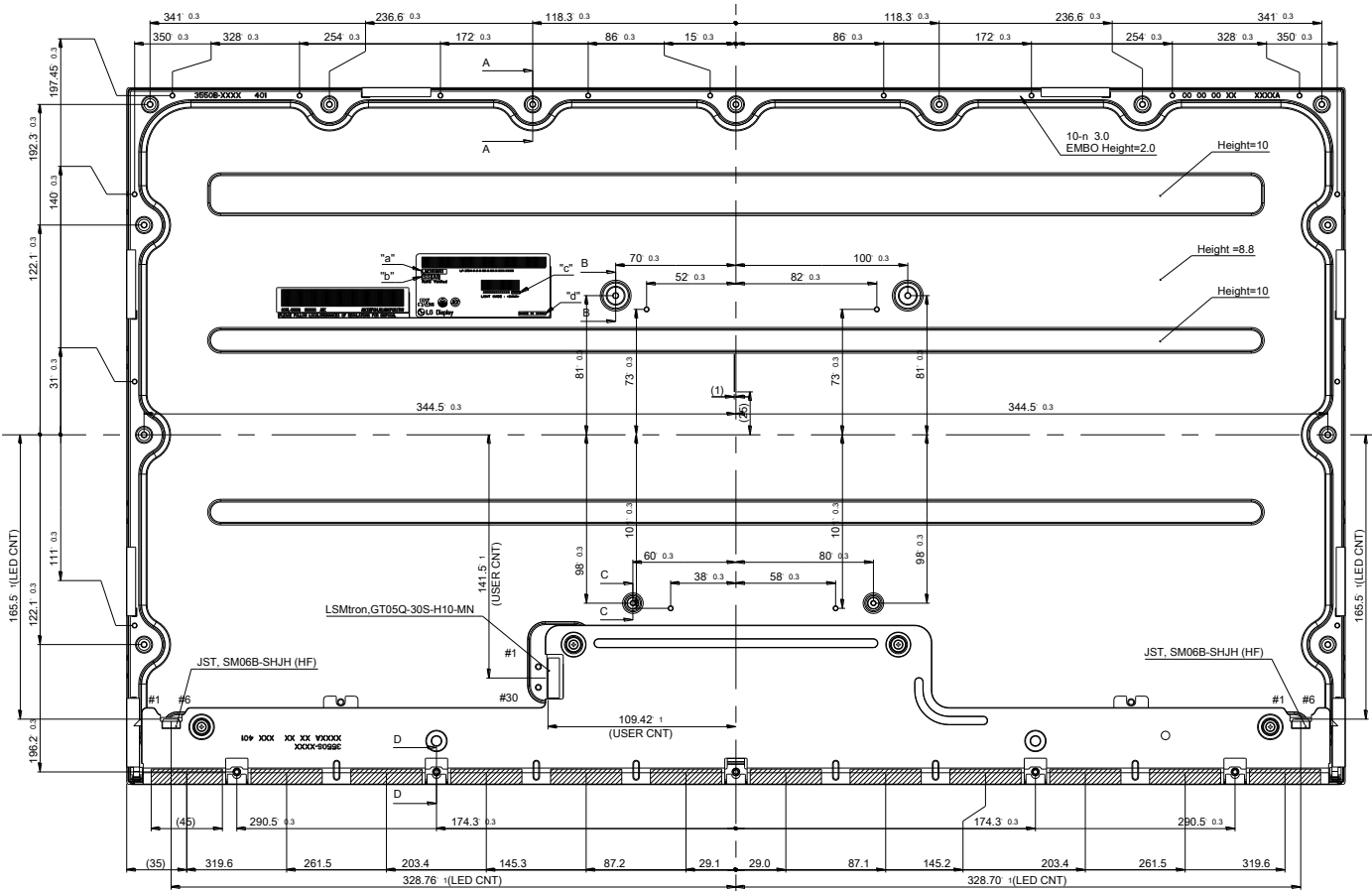
n 4.5

Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>

<u>Preliminary</u>   *** Reverse Panel**

Notes
1. I/F connector specification : LSMtron, GT05Q-30S-H10-MN or Equivalent.
2. LED connector specification: SM06B-SHJH (HF) (Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent
3. Torque of user hole: 3.0~4.0kgf·cm.
4. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area as following
   (1) Y-direction
       a. Upper side : -0.45<A<0.45, -0.45<B<0.45
       b. Lower side : -0.45<C<0.6, -0.45<D<0.6
   (2) X-direction : -0.45<E<0.45, -0.45<F<0.45
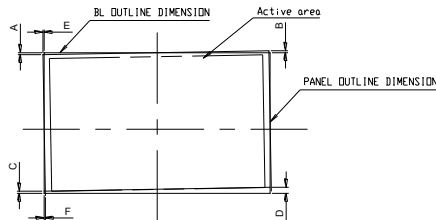
5. Unspecified tolerances to be ± 0.5
6. The LCM warp(warpage) is less than 1.0 on the surface plate
7. The COF area is weak & sensive, so please don't press the COF area

LGD Highly recommendation :
   As The IPS panel is sensitive & slim, please recommend the metal frame of the system supports the panel by the double side-mount.

6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h

5	Altitude
	     operating
	     storage / shipment
		0 – 16,400 feet(5,000m)
		0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)

Note 1. Result Evaluation Criteria:
    TFT-LCD panels test should take place after cooling enough at room temperature.
    In the standard condition, there should be no particular problems that may affect the display function.

※. T_a= Ambient Temperature

LG Display

Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

   a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
     Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
   b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association.
     Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
   c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC).
     Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
   d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).
     Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. EMC

   a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise
     Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz."
     American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
   b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limit and
     methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference
     (CISPR), 2005.
   c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment – Radio disturbance
     characteristics – Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio
     Interference (CISPR), 2006.

7-3. Environment

   a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M |

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)   D : YEAR
E : MONTH   F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note
  1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K

  2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 14 pcs (1 Module is packed in 1 Al Bag)
b) Box quantity in one pallet : 4 boxes
c) Box Size : 814 X 547 X 499

Product Specification

9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
(2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
(3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
(4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
(5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
(6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
(8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
(9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
(10) As The IPS panel is sensitive & slim, please recommend the metal frame of the system supports the panel by the double side-mount.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

(1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
(2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
(3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In Higher temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
(4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
(5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
(6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
(7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
(8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.
(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
(9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
(10) When LCMs are used for public display defects such as Yogore, image sticking can not be guaranteed.
(11) LCMs cannot support "Interlaced Scan Method"
(12) When this reverse model is used as a forward-type model (PCB on top side), LGD can not guarantee any defects of LCM.
(13) Please conduct image sticking test after 2-hour aging with Rolling Pattern and normal temperature.(25~40℃)

Product Specification

9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

(1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
(2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

(1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
  When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
  This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
(2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
(3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Product Specification

#APPENDIX

■ Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage
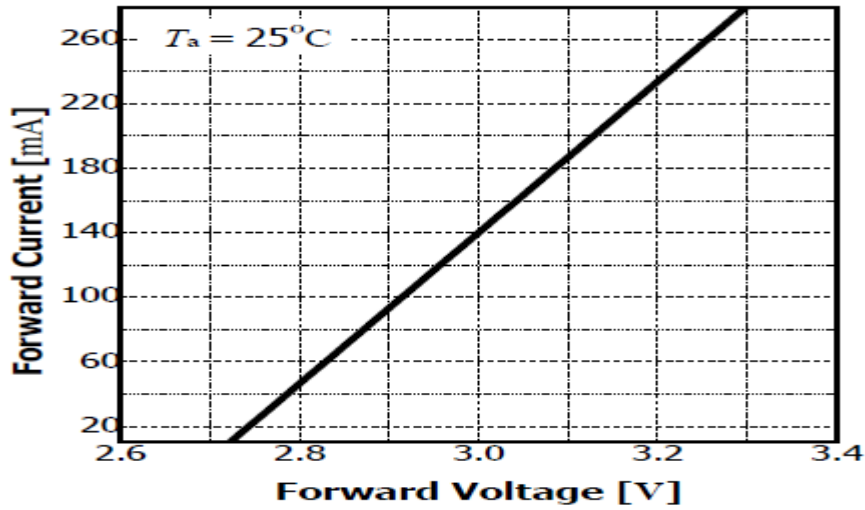
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage