

Watchdog Timer

M3708/LM3709 Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits with Low Line Output, Manual Reset and

# LM3708/LM3709 **Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits with Low Line Output, Manual Reset and Watchdog Timer**

### **General Description**

The LM3708/LM3709 series of microprocessor supervisory circuits provide the maximum flexibility for monitoring power supplies and battery controlled functions in systems without backup batteries. The LM3708/LM3709 series are available in a 9-bump micro SMD package.

National Semiconductor

Built-in features include the following:

Reset: Reset is asserted during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  is guaranteed down to  $V_{CC}$  of 1.0V.

Manual Reset Input: An input that asserts reset when pulled low.

Low Line Output: This early power failure warning indicator goes low when the supply voltage drops to a value which is 2% higher than the reset threshold voltage.

Watchdog Timer: The WDI (Watchdog Input) monitors one of the µP's output lines for activity. If no output transition occurs during the watchdog timeout period, reset is activated.

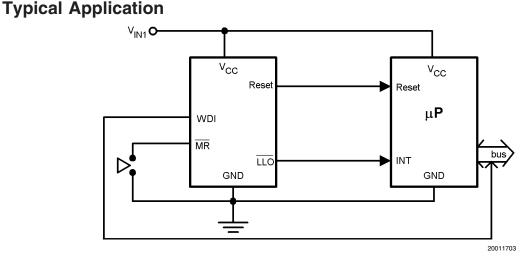
### Features

Standard Reset Threshold voltage: 3.08V

- Custom Reset Threshold voltages: For other voltages between 2.2V and 5.0V in 10mV increments, contact National Semiconductor Corp.
- No external components required
- Manual-Reset input
- RESET (LM3708) or RESET (LM3709) outputs
- Precision supply voltage monitor
- Factory programmable Reset and Watchdog Timeout Delays
- Available in micro SMD package for minimum footprint
- ±0.5% Reset threshold accuracy at room temperature
- ±2% Reset threshold accuracy over temperature extremes
- Reset assertion down to 1V V<sub>CC</sub> (RESET option only)
- 28 µA V<sub>CC</sub> supply current

# Applications

- Embedded Controllers and Processors
- Intelligent Instruments
- Automotive Systems
- Critical µP Power Monitoring



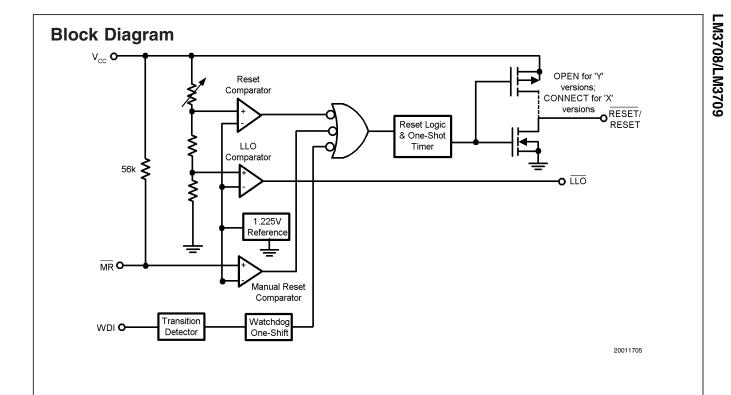
# **Connection Diagram**

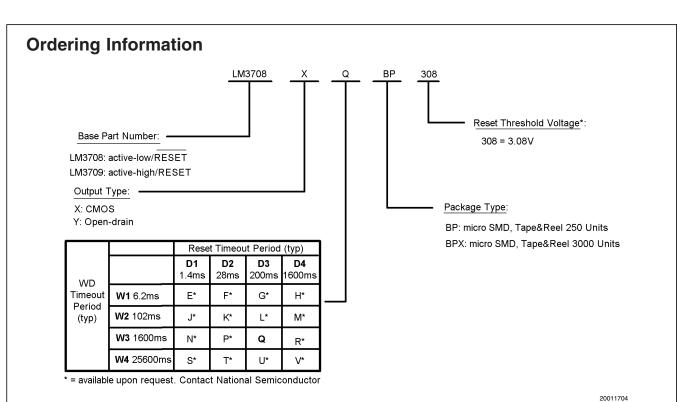
Top View (looking from the coating side) micro SMD 9 Bump Package BPA09

Reset	$V_{cc}$	MR	
C NC	C NC	Ċ NC	2
	C GND	ं WDI	3
С	В	А	
		2001	1701

# **Pin Descriptions**

Bump No.	Name	Function
A1	MR	Manual-Reset input. When MR is less than V <sub>MRT</sub> (Manual Reset Threshold)
		RESET/RESET is engaged.
B1	V <sub>cc</sub>	Power Supply input.
C1	RESET	Reset Logic Output. Pulses low for t <sub>RP</sub> (Reset Timeout Period) when triggered, and stays
		low whenever $V_{CC}$ is below the reset threshold or when $\overline{MR}$ is below $V_{MRT}$ . It remains low
		for $t_{RP}$ after either V <sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold, or after $\overline{MR}$ input rises above
		V <sub>MRT</sub> (LM3708 only).
	RESET	Reset Logic Output. RESET is the inverse of RESET (LM3709 only).
C3	LLO	Low-Line Logic Output. Early Power-Fail warning output. Low when V <sub>CC</sub> falls below V <sub>LLOT</sub>
		(Low-Line Output Threshold). This output can be used to generate an NMI (Non-Maskable
		Interrupt) to provide an early warning of imminent power-failure.
B3	GND	Ground reference for all signals.
A3	WDI	Watchdog Input Transition Monitor: If no transition activity occurs for a period exceeding
		t <sub>WD</sub> (Watchdog Timeout Period), reset is engaged.
A2, C2	NC	No Connect.
B2	NC	No Connect. Test input used at factory only. Leave floating.





\*For other voltages between 2.2V and 5.0V, please contact National Semiconductor sales office.

# LM3708/LM3709

Part Number	Output	Reset Timeout Period	Watchdog Timeout Period	Package Marking
LM3708XQBP-308	totem-pole	200ms	1600ms	%%l8
LM3708XQBPX-308	totem-pole	200ms	1600ms	%%l8
LM3709XQBP-308	totem-pole	200ms	1600ms	%%l9
LM3709XQBPX-308	totem-pole	200ms	1600ms	%%l9

%% is the datecode and will vary with time.

# **Table Of Functions**

Part Number	Active Low Reset	Active High Reset	Output (X = totem-pole) (Y = open-drain)	Reset Timeout Period	Watchdog Timeout Period	Manual Reset	Low Line Output
LM3708	x		X, Y*	Customized	Customized	х	x
LM3709		х	Х	Customized	Customized	х	x

\* = available upon request. Contact National

# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Power	Dissipation

(Note 3)

Operating Ratings (Note 1)

Temperature Range

 $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq 85^{\circ}C$ 

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	-0.3V to 6.0V
All Other Inputs	–0.3V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V
ESD Ratings (Note 2)	
Human Body Model	1.5kV
Machine Model	150V

# LM3708/LM3709 Series Electrical Characteristics

Limits in the standard typeface are for  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  and limits in **boldface type** apply over full operating range. Unless otherwise specified:  $V_{CC} = +2.2V$  to 5.5V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
POWER S	UPPLY			• •		
V <sub>CC</sub>	Operating Voltage	LM3708	1.0		5.5	
	Range: V <sub>CC</sub>	LM3709	1.2		5.5	- V
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	All inputs = $V_{CC}$ ; all outputs floating		28	50	μΑ
RESET TH	RESHOLD	I		11		_1
V <sub>RST</sub>	Reset Threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> falling	-0.5		+0.5	
			-2	V <sub>RST</sub>	+2	%
		$V_{CC}$ falling: $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$	-1.5	1	+1.5	1
V <sub>RSTH</sub>	Reset Threshold Hysteresis			0.0032•V <sub>RST</sub>		mV
t <sub>RP</sub>	Reset Timeout	Reset Timeout Period = E, J, N, S	1	1.4	2	
	Period	Reset Timeout Period = F, K, P, T	20	28	40	ms
		Reset Timeout Period = G, L, Q, U	140	200	280	1115
		Reset Timeout Period = H, M, R, V	1120	1600	2240	
t <sub>RD</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay	V <sub>CC</sub> falling at 1mV/µs		20		μs
RESET (LI	M3709)					
V <sub>OL</sub>	RESET	V <sub>CC</sub> > 2.25V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 900μA			0.3	
		$V_{\rm CC}$ > 2.7V, $I_{\rm SINK}$ = 1.2mA			0.3	V
		$V_{\rm CC} > 4.5V, I_{\rm SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4	1
V <sub>OH</sub>	RESET	$V_{CC} > 1.2V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 50\mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			
		$V_{\rm CC} > 1.8V, I_{\rm SOURCE} = 150\mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			1
		$V_{\rm CC}$ > 2.25V, $I_{\rm SOURCE}$ = 300µA	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			∣ v
		$V_{CC} > 2.7V, I_{SOURCE} = 500 \mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			
		$V_{CC} > 4.5V, I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$	V <sub>cc</sub> – 1.5V			1
I <sub>LKG</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$V_{\text{RESET}} = 5.5 \text{V}$			1.0	μΑ
RESET (LI				1		
V <sub>OL</sub>	RESET	$V_{\rm CC} > 1.0V, I_{\rm SINK} = 50\mu A$			0.3	
0L		$V_{\rm CC} > 1.2V, I_{\rm SINK} = 100\mu A$			0.3	-
		$V_{CC} > 2.25V, I_{SINK} = 900\mu A$			0.3	-
		$V_{\rm CC} > 2.7V, I_{\rm SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.3	-
		$V_{\rm CC} > 4.5V, I_{\rm SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4	- V
V <sub>OH</sub>	RESET	$V_{CC} > 2.25V, I_{SOURCE} = 300\mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			-
- OH		$V_{CC} > 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			-
		$V_{CC} > 4.5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$	V <sub>cc</sub> - 1.5V			-

LM3708/LM3709

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
WDI	1		1		1	1
WDI	Watchdog Input Current		-1		+1	μΑ
WDI <sub>T</sub>	Watchdog Input Threshold		0.2•V <sub>cc</sub>	1.225	0.8•V <sub>cc</sub>	v
t <sub>WD</sub>	Watchdog Timeout Period	Watchdog Timeout Period = E, F, G, H Watchdog Timeout Period = J, K, L, M Watchdog Timeout Period = N, P, Q, R Watchdog Timeout Period = S, T, U, V	4.3 71 1120 17900	6.2 102 1600 25600	9.3 153 2400 38400	ms
MR	•		•			
$V_{MRT}$	MR Input Threshold	MR, Low MR, High	2.0		0.8	v
V <sub>MRTH</sub>	MR Threshold Hysteresis	$\overline{\text{MR}}$ falling: $V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{RST MAX}}$ to 5.5V		0.0032•V <sub>RST</sub>		mV
$R_{MR}$	MR Pull-up Resistance		35	56	75	kΩ
t <sub>MD</sub>	MR to Reset Delay			12		μS
t <sub>MR</sub>	MR Pulse Width		25			μS
LLO	1		1			
V <sub>OL</sub>	LLO Output	$V_{\rm CC} > 2.25 V, I_{\rm SINK} = 900 \mu A$			0.3	
	Voltage	$V_{\rm CC}$ > 2.7V, $I_{\rm SINK}$ = 1.2mA			0.3	]
		$V_{\rm CC}$ > 4.5V, $I_{\rm SINK}$ = 3.2mA			0.4	v
V <sub>OH</sub>		$V_{CC} > 2.25V, I_{SOURCE} = 300 \mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			]
		$V_{CC} > 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$	0.8 V <sub>cc</sub>			1
		$V_{CC} > 4.5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$	V <sub>cc</sub> – 1.5V			
LLO OUTP	UT		_	_		_
V <sub>llot</sub>	LLO Output Threshold $(V_{LLO} - V_{RST}, V_{CC})$ falling)		1.01•V <sub>RST</sub>	1.02•V <sub>RST</sub>	1.03•V <sub>RST</sub>	V
V <sub>LLOTH</sub>	Low-Line Comparator Hysteresis			0.0032•V <sub>RST</sub>		mV
t <sub>CD</sub>	Low-Line Comparator Delay	V <sub>CC</sub> falling at 1mV/μs		20		μs

**Note 3:** The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature,  $T_J$ (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{J-A}$ , and the ambient temperature,  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated using:

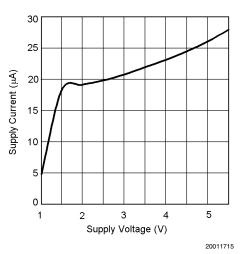
$$P(MAX) = \frac{T_J(MAX) - T_A}{\theta_{J-A}}$$

Where the value of  $\theta_{J\text{-}A}$  for the micro SMD package is 220°C/W.

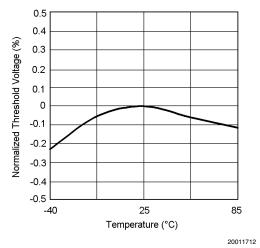


# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

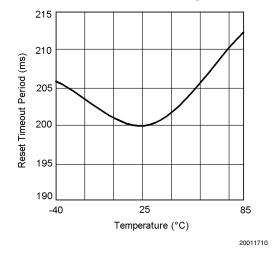
Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

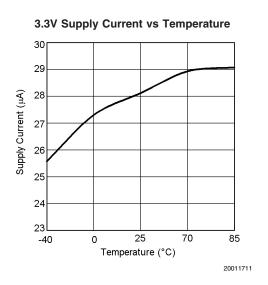


### Normalized Reset Threshold Voltage vs Temperature

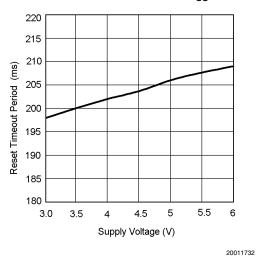


**Reset Timeout Period vs Temperature** 

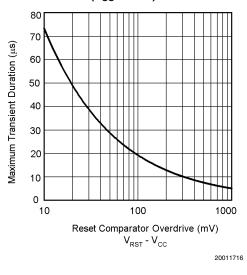




Reset Timeout Period vs V<sub>cc</sub>

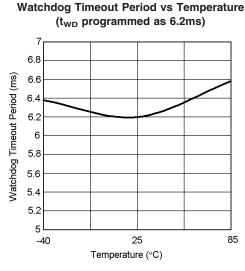


Max. Transient Duration vs Reset Comparator Overdrive ( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ )



# LM3708/LM3709

# Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



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# **Circuit Information**

### **Reset Output**

The Reset input of a  $\mu P$  initializes the device into a known state. The LM3708/LM3709 microprocessor supervisory circuits assert a forced reset output to prevent code execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.

RESET is guaranteed valid for  $V_{CC} > 1V$ . Once  $V_{CC}$  exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer maintains the output for the reset timeout period. After this interval, reset goes high. The LM3708 offers an active-low RESET; The LM3709 offers an active-high RESET.

Any time  $V_{\rm CC}$  drops below the reset threshold (such as during a brownout), the reset activates. When  $V_{\rm CC}$  again rises above the reset threshold, the internal timer starts. Reset holds until  $V_{\rm CC}$  exceeds the reset threshold for longer than the reset timeout period. After this time, reset releases.

The Manual Reset input  $(\overline{\text{MR}})$  will initiate a forced reset also. See the *Manual Reset Input* section.

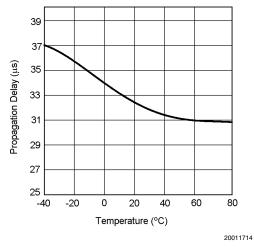
### **Reset Threshold**

The LM3708/LM3709 family is available with a reset voltage of 3.08V. Other reset thresholds in the 2.20V to 5.0V range, in steps of 10 mV, are available; contact National Semiconductor for details.

### Manual Reset Input (MR)

Many  $\mu P$ -based products require a manual reset capability, allowing the operator to initiate a reset. The  $\overline{MR}$  input is fully debounced and provides an internal 56 k $\Omega$  pull-up. When the  $\overline{MR}$  input is pulled below V\_{MRT} (1.225V) for more than 25  $\mu s$ , reset is asserted after a typical delay of 12  $\mu s$ . Reset remains active as long as  $\overline{MR}$  is held low, and releases after the reset timeout period expires after  $\overline{MR}$  rises above V\_{MRT}. Use  $\overline{MR}$  with digital logic to assert or to daisy chain supervisory circuits. It may be used as another low-line comparator by adding a buffer.

### Low-Line Comparator Propagation Delay vs Temperature



### Low-Line Output (LLO)

The low-line output comparator is typically used to provide a non-maskable interrupt to a  $\mu P$  when  $V_{CC}$  begins falling.  $\overline{LLO}$  monitors  $V_{CC}$  and goes low when  $V_{CC}$  falls below  $V_{LLOT}$  (typically 1.02 •  $V_{RST}$ ) with hysteresis of 0.0032 •  $V_{RST}$ .

### Watchdog Timer Input (WDI)

The watchdog timer input monitors one of the microprocessor's output lines for activity. Each time a transition occurs on this monitored line, the watchdog counter is reset. However, if no transition occurs and the timeout period is reached, the LM3708/LM3709 assumes that the microprocessor has locked up and the reset output is activated.

WDI is a high impedance input.

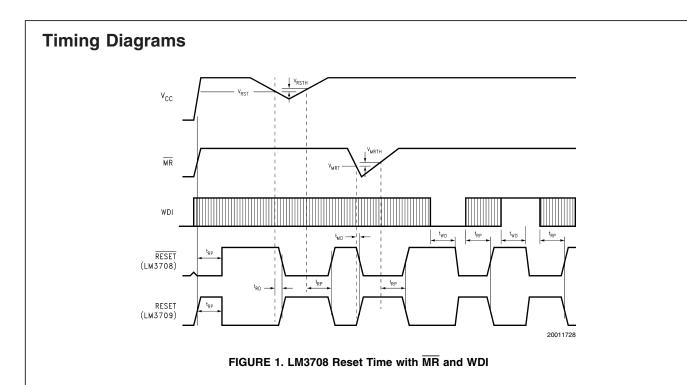
### Special Precautions for the micro SMD Package

As with most integrated circuits, the LM3708 and LM3709 are sensitive to exposure from visible and infrared (IR) light radiation. Unlike a plastic encapsulated IC, the micro SMD package has very limited shielding from light, and some sensitivity to light reflected from the surface of the PC board or long wavelength IR entering the die from the side may be experienced. This light could have an unpredictable affect on the electrical performance of the IC. Care should be taken to shield the device from direct exposure to bright visible or IR light during operation.

### **Micro SMD Mounting**

The micro SMD package requires specific mounting techniques which are detailed in National Semiconductor Application Note AN-1112. Referring to the section *Surface Mount Technology (SMT) Assembly Considerations*, it should be noted that the pad style which must be used with the 9-pin package is the NSMD (non-solder mask defined) type.

For best results during assembly, alignment ordinals on the PC board may be used to facilitate placement of the micro SMD device.



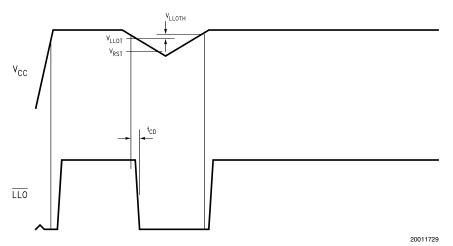
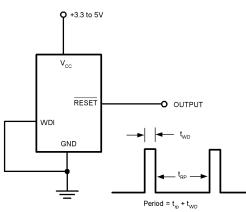


FIGURE 2. LLO Output

LM3708/LM3709

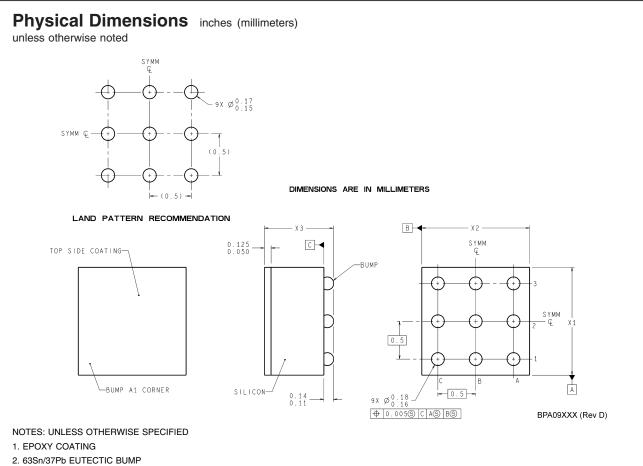
# **Typical Application Circuit**



20011740



LM3708/LM3709



3. RECOMMEND NON-SOLDER MASK DEFINED LANDING PAD.

4. PIN 1 IS ESTABLISHED BY LOWER LEFT CORNER WITH RESPECT TO TEXT ORIENTATION. REMAINING PINS ARE NUMBERED COUNTER CLOCKWISE.

5. XXX IN DRAWING NUMBER REPRESENTS PACKAGE SIZE VARIATION WHERE X1 IS PACKAGE WIDTH, X2 IS PACKAGE LENGTH AND X3 IS PACKAGE HEIGHT.

6.NO JEDEC REGISTRATION AS OF AUG.1999.

### 9 bump micro SMD Package NS Package Number BPA09FFB The dimensions of X1, X2 and X3 are given below X1 = 1.412mm X2 = 1.412mm X3 = 0.850mm

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