











LMK60E2-156M

SNAS718 - DECEMBER 2016

LMK60E2-156M High-Performance Low Jitter Oscillator

Features

- Low Noise, High Performance
 - Jitter: 150 fs RMS Typical Fout > 100 MHz
 - PSRR: -60 dBc, Robust Supply Noise **Immunity**
- Supported Output Format
 - LVPECL, LVDS and HCSL up to 400 MHz
- Total Frequency Tolerance of ±50 ppm (LMK60X2) and ± 25 ppm (LMK60X0)
- 3.3-V Operating Voltage
- Industrial Temperature Range (-40°C to +85°C)
- 7-mm x 5-mm 6-pin Package That is Pin-Compatible With Industry Standard 7050 XO Package

2 Applications

- High-Performance Replacement for Crystal-, SAW-, or Silicon-Based Oscillators
- Switches, Routers, Network Line Cards, Base Band Units (BBU), Servers, Storage/SAN
- Test and Measurement
- Medical Imaging
- FPGA, Processor Attach

3 Description

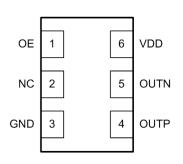
The LMK60E2-156M device is a low jitter oscillator that generates a commonly used reference clock. The device is pre-programmed in factory to support any reference clock frequency; supported output formats are LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL up to 400 MHz. Internal power conditioning provide excellent power supply ripple rejection (PSRR), reducing the cost and complexity of the power delivery network. The device operates from a single 3.3-V ±5% supply.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT FREQ (MHz) AND FORMAT	TOTAL FREQ STABILITY (ppm)	PACKAGE / SIZE
LMK60E2-	156.25	±50	6-pin QFM,
156M	LVPECL		7 mm × 5 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Pinout



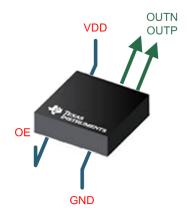






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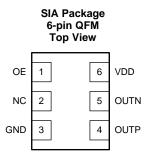
4 Revision History

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
December 2016	*	Initial release.

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DECORPTION			
NAME	E NO.		DESCRIPTION			
POWER	•	*				
GND	3	Ground	Device ground			
VDD	6	Analog	3.3-V power supply			
OUTPUT BLO	СК					
OUTP, OUTN	4, 5	Universal	Differential output pair (LVPECL, LVDS or HCSL).			
DIGITAL CON	TROL / INTERI	FACES				
NC	2	N/A	No connect			
OE	1	LVCMOS	Output enable (internal pullup). When set to low, output pair is disabled and set at high impedance.			

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
VDD	Device supply voltage	-0.3	3.6	V
V_{IN}	Output voltage for logic inputs	-0.3	VDD + 0.3	V
V_{OUT}	Output voltage for clock outputs	-0.3	VDD + 0.3	V
T_J	Junction temperature		150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-40	125	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
\/	Floatrootatio dioabarga	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	V
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500	V	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500 V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250 V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



TRUMENTS

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VDD	Device supply voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40	25	85	°C
T_J	Junction temperature			105	°C
t _{RAMP}	VDD power-up ramp time	0.1		100	ms

6.4 Thermal Information

		LMK60XX ^{(2) (3) (4)}		
THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		SIA (QFM)	UNIT	
		6 PINS	UNII	
		Airflow (LFM) 0		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	74.8	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	46.7	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	49.0	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	14.8	°C/W	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	48.7	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W	

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics - Power Supply (1)

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
IDD Device current consumption		LVPECL ⁽²⁾		95	110	
	Device current consumption	LVDS		85	100	mA
		HCSL ⁽³⁾		90	105	
IDD-PD	Device current consumption when output is disabled	OE = GND		70		mA

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Parameter Measurement Information for relevant test conditions.

6.6 LVPECL Output Characteristics (1)

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{OUT}	Output frequency ⁽²⁾				400	MHz
V_{OD}	Output voltage swing (V _{OH} – V _{OL}) ⁽²⁾		700	950	1200	mV
V _{OUT, DIFF, PP}	Differential output peak-to-peak swing			2 × V _{OD}		V
V _{OS}	Output common-mode voltage		VI	DD - 1.45		V
t_R / t_F	Output rise/fall time (20% to 80%) ⁽³⁾			260	350	ps
ODC	Output duty cycle (3)		45%		55%	

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Parameter Measurement Information for relevant test conditions.

Ensured by characterization.

The package thermal resistance is calculated on a 4 layer JEDEC board.

⁽³⁾ Connected to GND with 2 thermal vias (0.3-mm diameter).

⁽⁴⁾ yJB (junction to board) is used when the main heat flow is from the junction to the GND pad. Please refer to Thermal Considerations section for more information on ensuring good system reliability and quality.

⁽²⁾ On-chip power dissipation should exclude 40 mW, dissipated in the 150 Ω termination resistors, from total power dissipation.

⁽³⁾ Excludes load current.

⁽²⁾ An output frequency over f_{OUT} max spec is possible, but output swing may be less than V_{OD} min spec.

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6.7 LVDS Output Characteristics(1)

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{OUT}	Output frequency ⁽¹⁾				400	MHz
V _{OD}	Output voltage swing $(V_{OH} - V_{OL})^{(1)}$		300	390	480	mV
V _{OUT, DIFF, PP}	Differential output peak-to-peak swing			2 x V _{OD}		V
V _{OS}	Output common-mode voltage			1.2		V
t _R / t _F	Output rise/fall time (20% to 80%) ⁽²⁾			260	350	ps
ODC	Output duty cycle ⁽²⁾		45%		55%	
R _{OUT}	Differential output impedance			107		Ω

 ⁽¹⁾ An output frequency over f_{OUT} max spec is possible, but output swing may be less than V_{OD} min spec.
 (2) Ensured by characterization.

6.8 HCSL Output Characteristics⁽¹⁾

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
f _{OUT}	Output frequency			400	MHz
V _{OH}	Output high voltage		660	900	mV
V _{OL}	Output low voltage		-100	100	mV
V _{CROSS}	Absolute crossing voltage (2)(3)		250	475	mV
V _{CROSS-DELTA}	Variation of V _{CROSS} (2)(3)		0	140	mV
dV/dt	Slew rate (4)		1	3	V/ns
ODC	Output duty cycle ⁽⁴⁾		45%	55%	

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Parameter Measurement Information for relevant test conditions.

6.9 OE Input Characteristics

 $VDD = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V_{IH}	Input high voltage		1.4		V
V _{IL}	Input low voltage			0.6	V
I _{IH}	Input high current	V _{IH} = VDD	-40	40	μΑ
I _{IL}	Input low current	V _{IL} = GND	-40	40	μΑ
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			2	pF

6.10 Frequency Tolerance Characteristics (1)

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%$. $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
£	Total fragues au taloron co	LMK60X2: All output formats, frequency bands and device junction temperature up to 105°C; includes initial freq tolerance, temperature & supply voltage variation, solder reflow and 5-year aging at 40°C	-50	50	ppm
† _T	Total frequency tolerance	LMK60X0: All output formats, frequency bands and device junction temperature up to 105°C; includes initial freq tolerance, temperature & supply voltage variation, solder reflow and 5-year aging at 40°C	-25	25	ppm

(1) Ensured by characterization.

Measured from -150 mV to +150 mV on the differential waveform with the 300 mVpp measurement window centered on the differential zero crossing.

⁽³⁾ Ensured by design.

⁽⁴⁾ Ensured by characterization.



6.11 Power-On/Reset Characteristics (VDD)

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{THRESH}	Threshold voltage (1)		2.85		3	V
V_{DROOP}	Allowable voltage droop (2)				0.1	V
t _{STARTUP}	Start-up time (1)	Time elapsed from VDD at 3.135 V to output enabled			10	ms
t _{OE-EN}	Output enable time ⁽²⁾	Time elapsed from OE at V _{IH} to output enabled			50	μs
t _{OE-DIS}	Output disable time ⁽²⁾	Time elapsed from OE at V _{IL} to output disabled			50	μs

(1) Ensured by characterization.

(2) Ensured by design.

6.12 PSRR Characteristics(1)

 $VDD = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
	Sours induced by 50 mV	Sine wave at 50 kHz		-60			
	power supply ripple (2)(3) at	Sine wave at 100 kHz	-60			dD -	
	156.25-MHz output, all	Sine wave at 500 kHz		-60		dBc	
	output types	Sine wave at 1 MHz		-60			

(1) Refer to Parameter Measurement Information for relevant test conditions.

(2) Measured max spur level with 50 mVpp sinusoidal signal between 50 kHz and 1 MHz applied on VDD pin

(3) DJ_{SPUR} (ps, pk-pk) = $[2*10(SPUR/20) / (\pi*f_{OUT})]*1e6$, where PSRR or SPUR in dBc and f_{OUT} in MHz.

6.13 PLL Clock Output Jitter Characteristics (1)(2)

 $VDD = 3.3 V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
RMS phase jitter ⁽³⁾ (12 kHz – 20 MHz)	f _{OUT} ≥ 100 MHz, all output types		150	250	fs RMS

(1) Refer to Parameter Measurement Information for relevant test conditions.

(2) Phase jitter measured with Agilent E5052 signal source analyzer using a differential-to-single ended converter (balun or buffer).

(3) Ensured by characterization.

6.14 Additional Reliability and Qualification

PARAMETER	CONDITION / TEST METHOD
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213
Mechanical Vibration	MIL-STD-202, Method 204
Moisture Sensitivity Level	J-STD-020, MSL3

Product Folder Links: LMK60E2-156M

TRUMENTS



7 Parameter Measurement Information

7.1 Device Output Configurations

High impedance differential probe

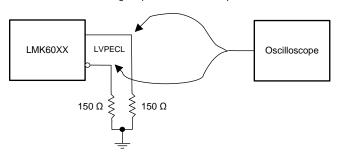


Figure 1. LVPECL Output DC Configuration During Device Test

High impedance differential probe

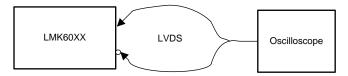


Figure 2. LVDS Output DC Configuration During Device Test

High impedance differential probe

LMK60XX HCSL Oscilloscope

50 Ω \$ 50 Ω

Figure 3. HCSL Output DC Configuration During Device Test (1)

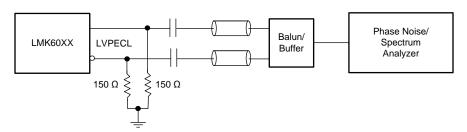


Figure 4. LVPECL Output AC Configuration During Device Test

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Device Output Configurations (continued)

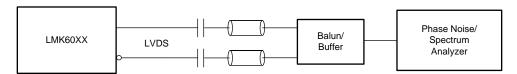


Figure 5. LVDS Output AC Configuration During Device Test

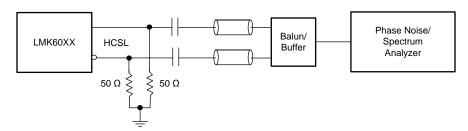


Figure 6. HCSL Output AC Configuration During Device Test

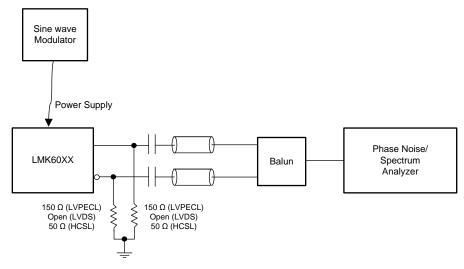


Figure 7. PSRR Test Setup

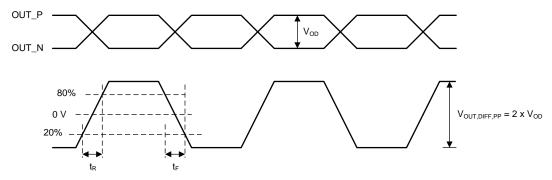


Figure 8. Differential Output Voltage and Rise/Fall Time

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8 Power Supply Recommendations

For best electrical performance of LMK60XX, it is preferred to utilize a combination of $10 \mu F$, $1 \mu F$ and $0.1 \mu F$ on its power supply bypass network. It is also recommended to utilize component side mounting of the power supply bypass capacitors and it is best to use 0201 or 0402 body size capacitors to facilitate signal routing. Keep the connections between the bypass capacitors and the power supply on the device as short as possible. Ground the other side of the capacitor using a low impedance connection to the ground plane. Figure 9 shows the layout recommendation for power supply decoupling of LMK60XX.

9 Layout

9.1 Layout Guidelines

The following sections provides recommendations for board layout, solder reflow profile and power supply bypassing when using LMK60XX to ensure good thermal / electrical performance and overall signal integrity of entire system.

9.1.1 Ensuring Thermal Reliability

The LMK60XX is a high performance device. Therefore careful attention must be paid to device configuration and printed circuit board (PCB) layout with respect to power consumption. The ground pin needs to be connected to the ground plane of the PCB through three vias or more, as shown in Figure 9, to maximize thermal dissipation out of the package.

Equation 1 describes the relationship between the PCB temperature around the LMK60XX and its junction temperature.

$$T_B = T_J - \Psi_{JB} * P$$

where

- T_R: PCB temperature around the LMK60XX
- T_{.I}: Junction temperature of LMK60XX
- Ψ_{IB}: Junction-to-board thermal resistance parameter of LMK60XX (48.7°C/W without airflow)
- P: On-chip power dissipation of LMK60XX

(1)

In order to ensure that the maximum junction temperature of LMK60XX is below 105°C, it can be calculated that the maximum PCB temperature without airflow should be at 87°C or below when the device is optimized for best performance resulting in maximum on-chip power dissipation of 0.36 W.

9.1.2 Best Practices for Signal Integrity

For best electrical performance and signal integrity of entire system with LMK60XX, it is recommended to route vias into decoupling capacitors and then into the LMK60XX. It is also recommended to increase the via count and width of the traces wherever possible. These steps ensure lowest impedance and shortest path for high frequency current flow. Figure 9 shows the layout recommendation for LMK60XX.

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Layout Guidelines (continued)

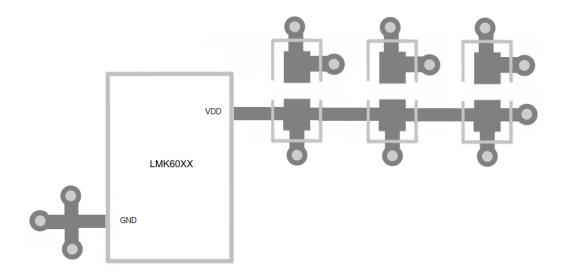


Figure 9. LMK60XX Layout Recommendation for Power Supply and Ground

9.1.3 Recommended Solder Reflow Profile

It is recommended to follow the solder paste supplier's recommendations to optimize flux activity and to achieve proper melting temperatures of the alloy within the guidelines of J-STD-20. It is preferable for the LMK60XX to be processed with the lowest peak temperature possible while also remaining below the components peak temperature rating as listed on the MSL label. The exact temperature profile would depend on several factors including maximum peak temperature for the component as rated on the MSL label, Board thickness, PCB material type, PCB geometries, component locations, sizes, densities within PCB, as well solder manufactures recommended profile, and capability of the reflow equipment to as confirmed by the SMT assembly operation.

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10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

10.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

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Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

10.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

10.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

10.5 Glossary

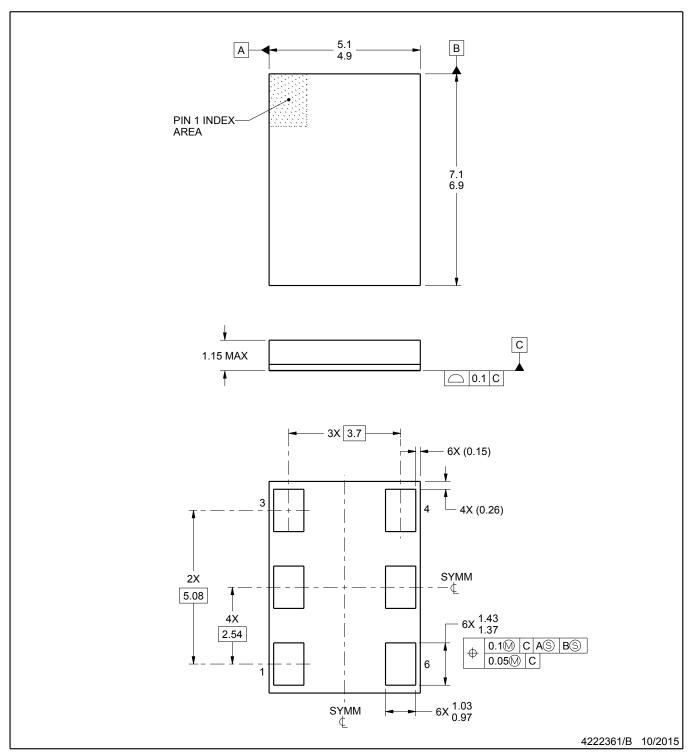
SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



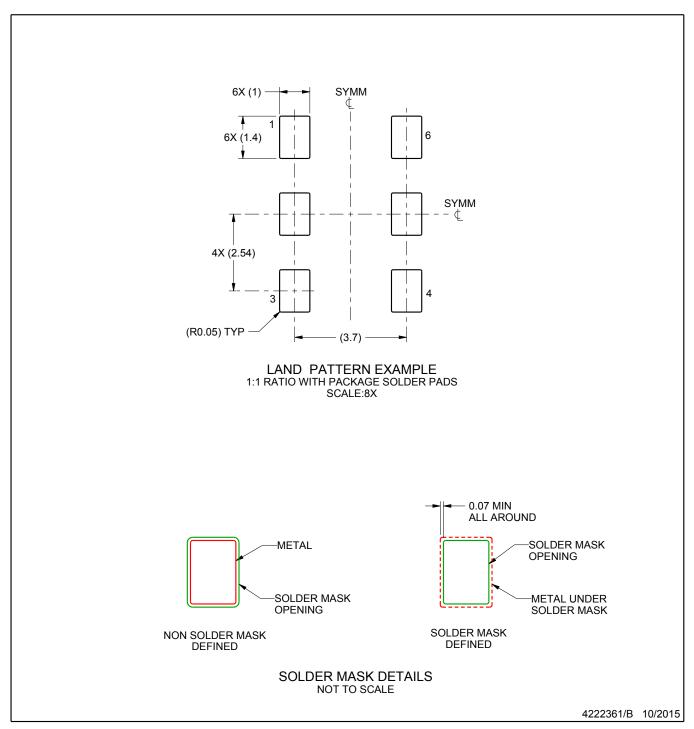


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

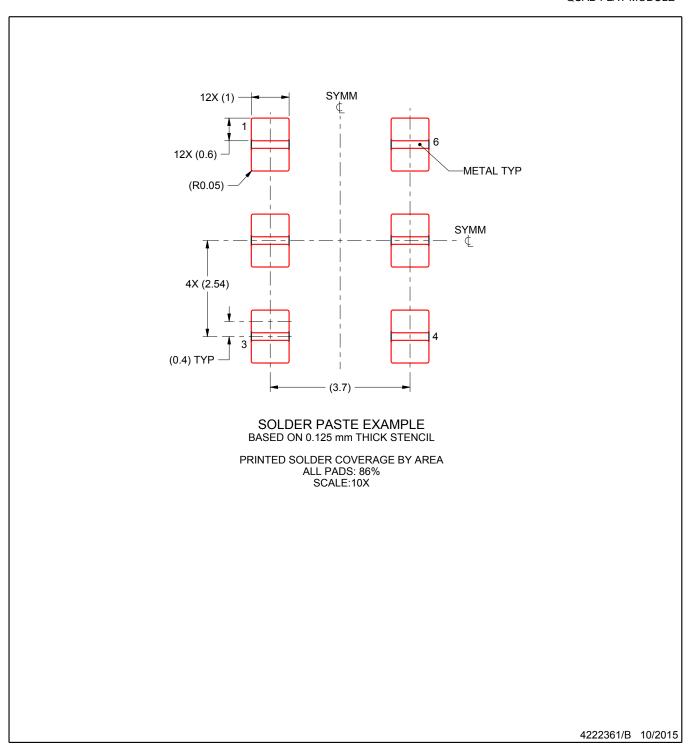




NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).





NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

20-Dec-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LMK60E2-156M25SIAR	ACTIVE	QFM	SIA	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI NIAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	LMK60E2 156M25	Samples
LMK60E2-156M25SIAT	ACTIVE	QFM	SIA	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI NIAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	LMK60E2 156M25	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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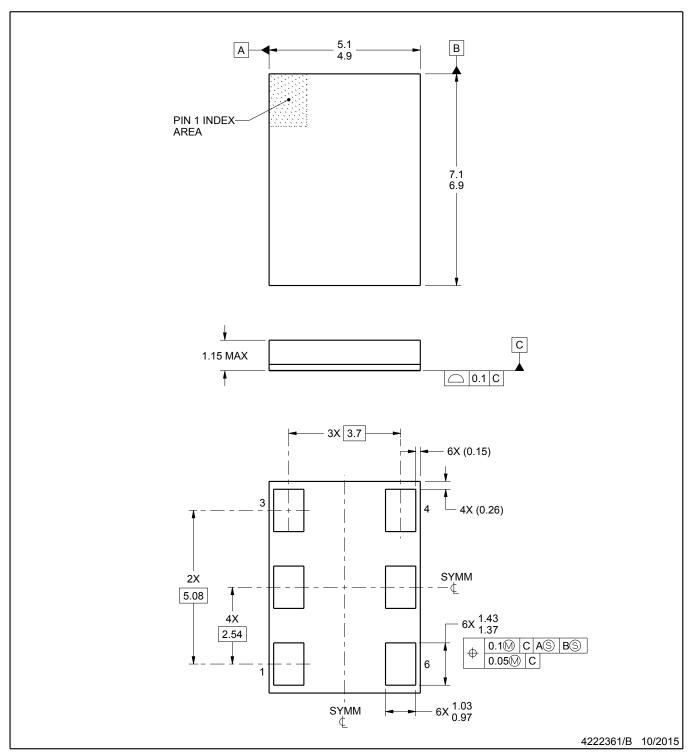


PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

20-Dec-2016

no event shall TI's liability arising out	of such information exceed the total purchase p	ice of the TI part(s) at issue in this docume	ent sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.
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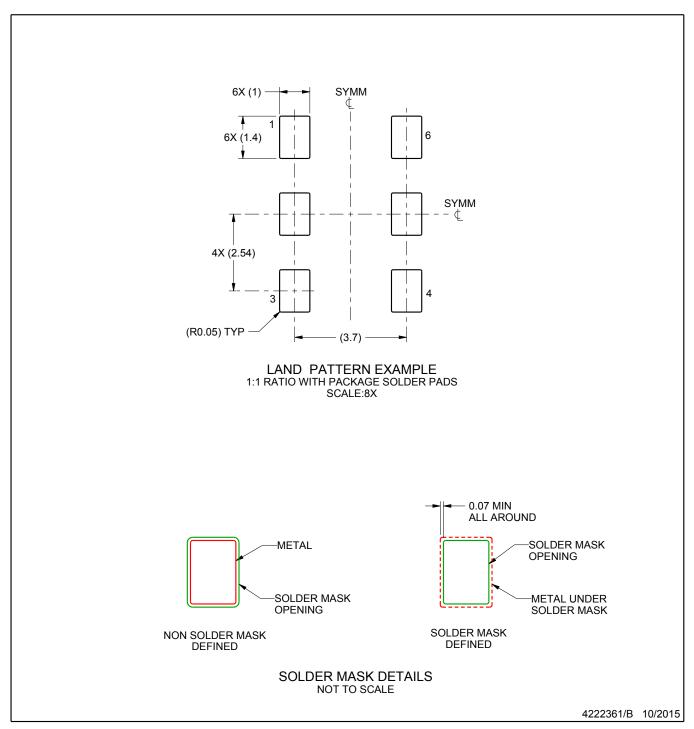


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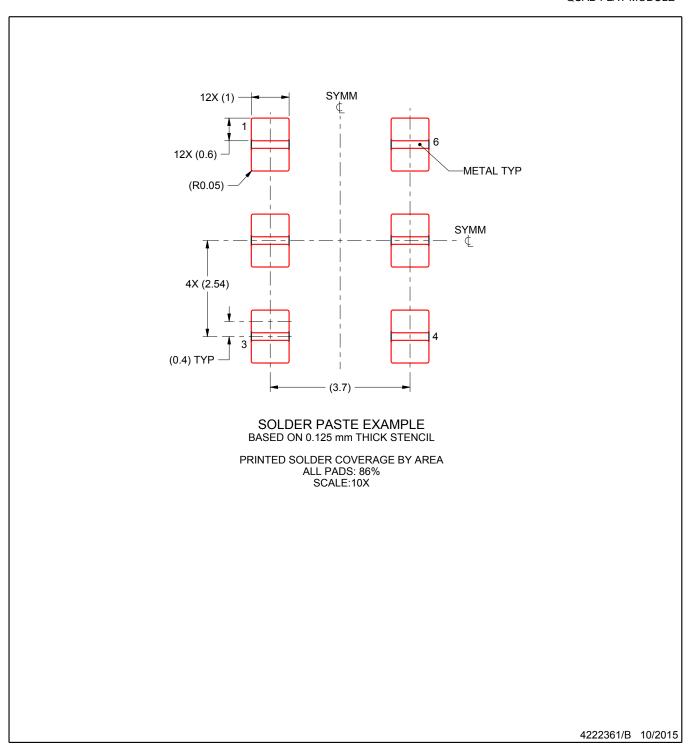




NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).





NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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