

LMT057DCDFWU-NNA

LCD Module User Manual

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|------------------|-------------|--------------|
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| Date: 2011-02-12 | Date: | Date: |

| Rev. | Descriptions | Release Date |
|------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 0.1 | Preliminary | 2011-02-12 |
| 0.2 | Update Optical characteristic | 2011-04-29 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

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1. General Specification

Screen Size(Diagonal): 5.7 inch

Number of dots : 640x 3 (RGB) x 480 Active Area : 115.2x86.40(mm)

Outline Dimension: 144.0x104.6x13.0 (mm) exclude Cable

(See attached drawing details)

Display Mode: Normal White mode / Transmissive / Wide view

Pixel Arrangement : R.G.B. Vertical Stripe
Pixel Size : 181.5x181.5 (um)

Color Depth: 262K Colors
Backlight Type LED Sidelight
Viewing Direction: 12 o'clock

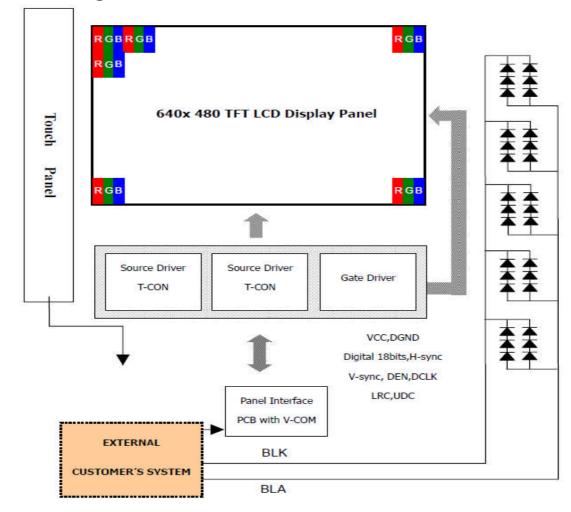
Touch Panel type: 4 wire Resistive

TP Surface Treatment: Anti-Glare

Input Interface: 18bit Parallel(R:G:B=6:6:6)

Operating Temperature : $-10 \sim +60$ °C Storage Temperature : $-20 \sim +70$ °C

2. Block Diagram



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3. Input/Output Terminals

TFT LCD Panel 3.1

| Pin No | . Pin Name | IO | Descriptions | Note |
|--------|------------|-------|---|------|
| 1 | DGND | Power | Ground | |
| 2 | DCLK | Input | Clock signal for sampling each data signal | |
| 3 | Hsync | Input | Horizontal synchronous signal (Negative) | |
| 4 | Vsync | Input | Vertical synchronous signal (Negative) | |
| 5 | GND | Input | GND | |
| 6 | R0 | Input | RED data signal (LSB) | |
| : | : | : | : | |
| 11 | R5 | Input | RED data signal (MSB) | |
| 12 | GND | Power | GND | |
| 13 | G0 | Input | GREEN data signal (LSB) | |
| : | : | : | : | |
| 18 | G5 | Input | GREEN data signal (MSB) | |
| 19 | GND | Power | GND | |
| 20 | B0 | Input | BLUE data signal(LSB) | |
| : | : | : | : | |
| 25 | B5 | Input | BLUE data signal(MSB) | |
| 26 | GND | Power | GND | |
| 27 | DEN | Input | Signal to settle the horizontal display position (Positive) | *1 |
| 28 | VCC | Power | 2.21/ novements | |
| 29 | VCC | Power | 3.3V power supply | |
| 30 | LRC | Input | Horizontal display mode select signal | *2 |
| 30 | LIC | | H: Normal; L: Left / Right reverse mode | |
| 24 | LIDC | Input | Vertical display mode select signal | *2 |
| 31 | UDC | | L: Normal; H: Up / Down reverse mode | |
| 32 | NC | | No Connection | |
| 33 | GND | Power | GND | |

3.2 **Backlight connector**

| Pin No. | Pin Name | 10 | Descriptions | Note |
|---------|----------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | BLA | Power | LED Backlight anode (high voltage) | Red |
| 2 | BLK | Power | LED Backlight cathode (low voltage) | White |

Connector: JST BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

3.3 **Touch Panel FPC**

| No. | Symbol | Ю | Descriptions | Note |
|-----|--------|---------|----------------------------|------|
| 1 | YU | Passive | Touch Panel Upper Terminal | |
| 2 | XR | Passive | Touch Panel Right Terminal | |
| 3 | YD | Passive | Touch Panel Down Terminal | |
| 4 | XL | Passive | Touch Panel Left Terminal | |

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^{*1:} The horizontal display start timing is settled in accordance with a rising timing of ENAB signal. In case ENAB is fixed "Low", the horizontal start timing is determined. Don't keep ENAB "High" during operation.

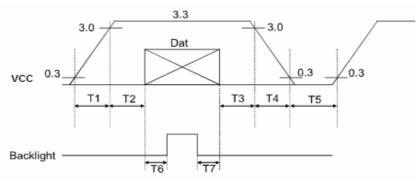
^{*2:} See Function Characteristics for Details.

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

GND=0V, TOP=25°C

| Items | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------|---------|------|-----------|
| Power Voltage | Vcc | -0.3 | +5.0 | V | *1 |
| Input Voltage | V_{IN} | -0.3 | Vcc+0.3 | V | *1 |
| Operating Temperature | T _{OP} | -10 | +60 | °C | *2,*3,*4 |
| Storage Temperature | T _{ST} | -20 | +70 | °C | *2 |

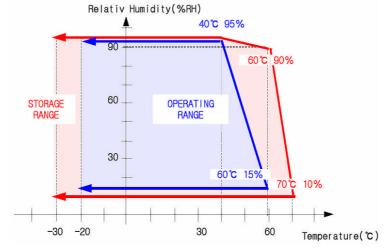
^{*1:} V_{IN} represent R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, DCLK, DE



Data: DCLK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, DE

T1≤10ms, 50ms≤T2, 0<T3≤50ms, 0<T4≤10ms, 1s≤T5, 200ms≤T6, 200ms≤T7

*2: 95 % RH Max. (40°C ≥Top). Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less. (Top > 40°C) No condensation.



*3: In case of below 0°, the response time of liquid crystal (LC) becomes slower and the color of panel becomes darker than normal one. Level of retardation depends on temperature, because of LC's character

*4: Only operation is guarantied at operating temperature. Contrast, response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25°C.

Electrical Characteristics 5.

DC Characteristics 5.1

GND=0V, Top=25°C

| Item | | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|-------------------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------|----------|--------|
| Power supply | | Vcc | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | Note 1 |
| Input Voltage for | H Level | Vih | 0.7Vcc | - | Vcc | V | |
| logic | L Level | VIL | 0 | - | 0.3Vcc | V | |
| Power Supply curr | ent | Icc | • | (120) | TBD | mA | Note 2 |

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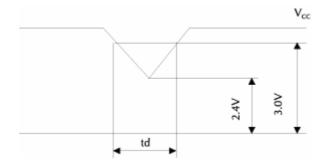
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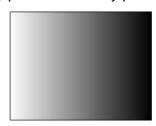
Note1: Vcc-dip conditions

Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the Vcc-turn-on conditions

Td ≤ 10ms



Note2: fv =60Hz , Top=25°C , Display pattern : 64 Gray pattern



5.2 Back-Light Characteristics

Top= 25°C

| Items | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------|--------|------|------|------|
| Current | lв | - | 200 | TBD | mA | *1 |
| Voltage Forward | VF | - | (9.6) | - | V | - |
| Power Consumption | P _{BL} | - | (1920) | - | mW | *2 |
| LED Life Time | - | (40000) | - | - | hr | *3 |

^{*1.}LEDS in 3 series x 10 parallel type

5.3 Touch Panel Characteristics

| Items | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note | |
|-----------------------|---|------|------|-------|--|--|
| Linearity | -1.5 | • | 2.0 | % | Analog X and Y directions | |
| Terminal resistance | 150 | ı | 800 | Ω | X (Glass side) | |
| Terrilliai resistance | 200 | ı | 800 | Ω | Y (Film side) | |
| Insulation resistance | 20 | ı | - | ΜΩ | DC 25V | |
| Voltage | - | 5.0 | 7.0 | V | DC | |
| Chattering | - | ı | 15 | ms | 100kÙ pull-up | |
| Activation force | - | - | 80 | g | *1 | |
| Hitting Test | 1,000,000 | • | - | times | *1 | |
| Surface hardness | 3 | ı | - | Н | 3H pencil, pressure 1N/45°,(JIS 5400) | |
| Joule impact | 9.0ФDia. Steel Ball, Height=60cm 1 time, no damage. [Impact at center area] | | | | | |

^{*1.}Input in Stylus: with R8.0mm silicone rubber,250g,3 times/sec

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^{*2.}Where $I_B = 200mA$, $V_F = 9.6$, $P_{BL} = V_F \times I_B$

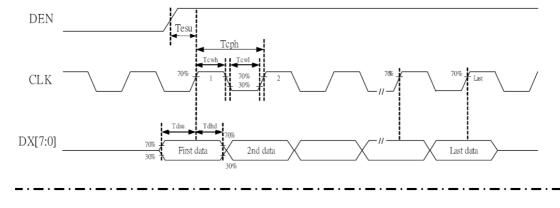
^{*3.}The environmental conducted under ambient air flow, at Top=25±2°C, RH 60%±5%

6. AC Characteristics

| Items | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-----------------|-----------------|------|--------|------|------|------|
| CLK frequency | Fсрн | | 25.175 | | MHz | |
| CLK period | Тсрн | | 39.7 | | ns | |
| CLK pulse duty | Тсwн | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | |
| HS period | Тн | | 800 | - | Тсрн | |
| HS pulse width | Тwн | 5 | 30 | | Тсрн | |
| HS-DEN time | T _{HS} | 112 | 144 | 175 | Тсрн | |
| DEN pulse width | T _{EP} | | 640 | - | Тсрн | |
| VS pulse width | Twv | 1 | 3 | 5 | Тн | |
| VS-DEN time | Тѕтѵ | | 35 | | Тн | |
| VS period | Tv | | 525 | - | Тн | |

Note: When SYNC mode is used, 1st data start from 144th CLK after HS falling (when STHD[5:0]=00000)

| Items | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| OEV pulse width | T _{CVE} | | 100 | | Тсрн | |
| CKV pulse width | Тски | | 96 | | Тсрн | |
| HS-CKV time | T_1 | | 52 | | Тсрн | |
| HS-OEV tim | T_2 | | 8 | | Тсрн | |
| HS-POL time | T ₃ | | 72 | | Тсрн | |
| STV setup time | Tsuv | | 46 | | Тсрн | |
| STV pulse width | Twstv | | 1 | | Тн | |



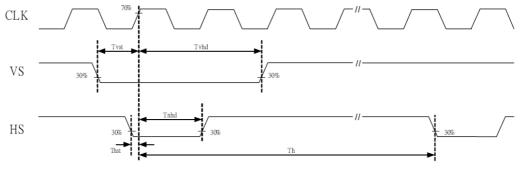


Figure 6-1-1 Clock and Data input waveforms

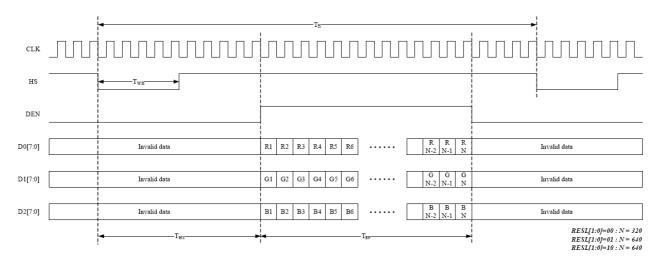


Figure6-1-2 Data input format for parallel RGB Mode

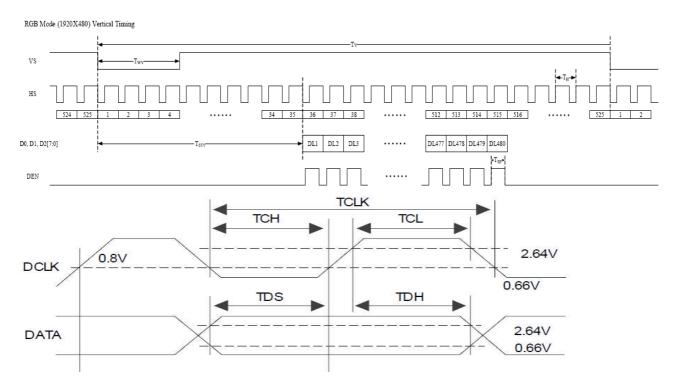


Figure 6-1-3 Digital RGB mode Horizontal timing for RESL[1:0]=10

7. Optical Characteristics

7.1 Optical characteristic of the LCD

The following items are measured under stable conditions. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state.

Measuring equipment: BM-5A, BM-7A

Top=25°C

| Items | | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note/Condition |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------------------------------|
| Brightness | | | 320 | 400 | | cd/m2 | |
| Response time | | Tr | | 15 | 20 | ms | θ=0° |
| | | Tf | | 25 | 35 | ms | |
| Contrast ratio | | CR | 300 | (450) | 1 | | At optimized viewing angle |
| Color Gamut | | NTSC % | | 50 | 1 | % | - |
| Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931) | Red | Rx | 0.565 | 0.615 | 0.665 | | θ=0° Normal Viewing Angle |
| | | Ry | 0.294 | 0.344 | 0.394 | | |
| | Green | Gx | 0.257 | 0.307 | 0.357 | | |
| | | Gy | 0.512 | 0.562 | 0.612 | | |
| | Blue | Bx | 0.090 | 0.140 | 0.190 | | |
| | | Ву | 0.080 | 0.130 | 0.180 | | |
| | White | Wx | 0.259 | 0.309 | 0.359 | | |
| | | Wy | 0.300 | 0.350 | 0.400 | | |
| Viewing Angle (12H) | Hor. | θ_{R} | 55 | 65 | 1 | Degree | CR≥10 |
| | | θ∟ | 55 | 65 | 1 | | |
| | Ver. | Фн | 55 | 65 | | | |
| | | Фι | 40 | 50 | | | |

Note:

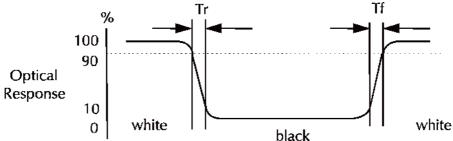
URL:

*1. Test equipment setup

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone shall be warmed up for the stable operation of LCM, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7A(fast) with a viewing angle of 2° at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.

*2.Definition of response time: Tr and Tf

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



*3. Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast Ratio (CR) =

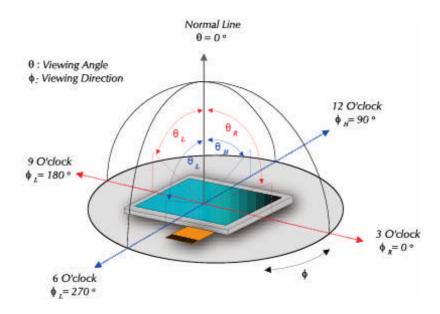
Brightness measured when LCD is at "white state"

Brightness measured when LCD is at "black state"

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*4. Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

*5. View Angle

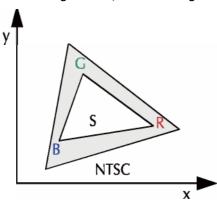


*6. **Definition of Luminance of White**: Luminance of white at the center points Light Source of Back-Light Unit: LED Type

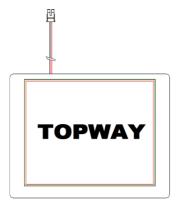
*7. Definition of White Uniformity

White Uniformity = Min. luminance of white among 9-points X 100% Max. luminance of white among 9-points

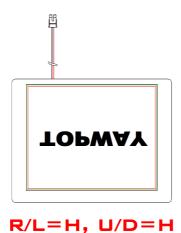
*8.The definition of Color Gamut -Color Chromaticity CIE 1931
Color coordinate of white & red, green, blue at center point.
Color Gamut: NTSC(%) = (RGB Triangle Area / NTSC Triangle Area) x 100

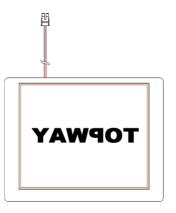


8. Function Characteristics

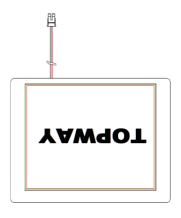












R/L=L, U/D=H

9. Precautions of using LCD Modules

Mounting

- Mounting must use holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- The mounting structure so provide even force on to LCD module. Uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) should not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- It is suggested to attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. It should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- The housing should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. Never rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics deteriorate the polarizer.)
- When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft
 materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for
 cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and
 alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer

Operating

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be within the ±200mV level (Over and under shoot voltage)
- Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference

Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they
 be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

Protection Film

- When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
 This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt tore main on the polarizer. Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Transportation

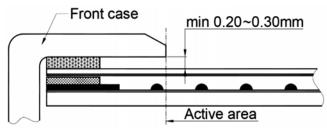
The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

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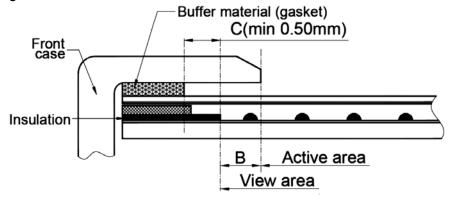
附录: Touch panel Design Precautions

1. It should prevent front case touching the touch panel Active Area (A.A.) to prevent abnormal touch.

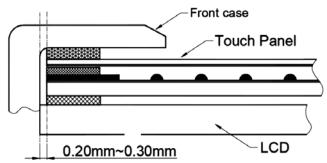
It should left gab (e.g. 0.2~0.3mm) in between.



Outer case design should take care about the area outside the A.A.
 Those areas contain circuit wires which is having different thickness. Touching those areas could deform the ITO film. As a result case the ITO cold be damaged and shorten its lifetime.
 It is suggested to protect those areas with gasket (between the front case and the touch panel).
 The suggested figures are B≥0.50mm; C≥0.50mm.



3. The front case side wall should keep space (e.g. $0.2 \sim 0.3$ mm) from the touch panel.



 In general design, touch panel V.A. should be bigger than the LCD V.A. and touch panel A.A. should be bigger than the LCD A.A.

