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SNWS009B - MARCH 2003-REVISED APRIL 2013

# LMX2522/LMX2532 PLLatinum™ Frequency Synthesizer System with Integrated VCOs

Check for Samples: LMX2522, LMX2532

## **FEATURES**

- Small Size
  - Small 5.0 mm x 5.0 mm x 0.75 mm 28-Pin WQFN Package
- RF/GPS Synthesizer System
  - Integrated RF VCO
  - Integrated GPS VCO
  - Integrated Loop Filter
  - Low Spurious, Low Phase Noise Fractional-N RF PLL Based on 11-bit Delta Sigma Modulator
  - 10 kHz Frequency Resolution
- IF Synthesizer System
  - Integer-N IF PLL
  - Programmable Charge Pump Current Levels
  - Programmable Frequencies
- Supports Various Reference Oscillator Frequencies
  - 19.20/19.68 MHz
- Fast Lock Time: 500 µs
- Low Current Consumption
  - 17 mA at 2.8 V
- 2.7 V to 3.3 V Operation
- Digital Filtered Lock Detect Output
- Hardware and Software Power Down Control

## **APPLICATIONS**

- Korean PCS CDMA Systems with GPS
- Korean Cellular CDMA Systems with GPS

## **DESCRIPTION**

LMX2522 and LMX2532 are highly integrated, high performance, low power frequency synthesizer systems optimized for Korean PCS (K-PCS) with GPS and Korean Cellular (K-Cellular) with GPS, CDMA (1xRTT, IS-95) mobile handsets. Using a proprietary digital phase locked loop technique, LMX2522 and LMX2532 generate very stable, low noise local oscillator signals for up and down conversion in wireless communications devices.

LMX2522 and LMX2532 include a RF voltage controlled oscillator (VCO), a GPS VCO, a loop filter, and a fractional-N RF PLL based on a delta sigma modulator. In concert these blocks form a closed loop RF and GPS synthesizer system. LMX2522 supports the Korean PCS band with GPS and LMX2532 supports the Korean Cellular band with GPS.

LMX2522 and LMX2532 include an Integer-N IF PLL also. For more flexible loop filter designs, the IF PLL includes a 4-level programmable charge pump. Together with an external VCO and loop filter, LMX2522 and LMX2532 make a complete closed loop IF synthesizer system.

Serial data is transferred to the device via a threewire MICROWIRE interface (DATA, LE, CLK).

Operating supply voltage ranges from 2.7 V to 3.3 V. LMX2502 and LMX2512 feature low current consumption: 17 mA at 2.8 V.

LMX2522 and LMX2532 are available in a 28-pin WQFN package.

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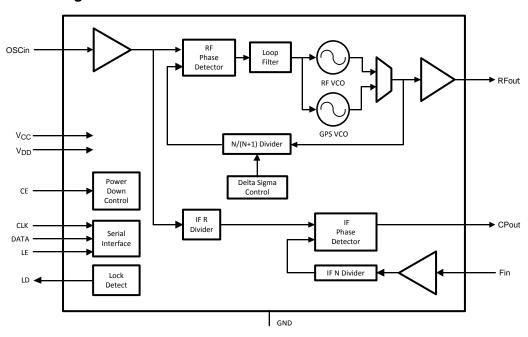
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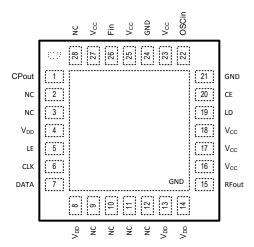
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## **Functional Block Diagram**



# **Connection Diagram**



NOTE: Analog ground connected through exposed die attached pad.

Figure 1. 28-Pin WQFN (NJB) Package



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## **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Pin Number	Name	I/O	Description
1	CPout	0	IF PLL charge pump output
2	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
3	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
4	$V_{DD}$	_	Supply voltage for IF analog circuitry
5	LE	1	MICROWIRE Latch Enable
6	CLK	I	MICROWIRE Clock
7	DATA	1	MICROWIRE Data
8	$V_{DD}$	_	Supply voltage for VCOs
9	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
10	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
11	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
12	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
13	$V_{DD}$	_	Supply voltage for VCOs
14	$V_{DD}$	_	Supply voltage for VCOs output buffer
15	RFout	0	Buffered VCO output
16	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Supply voltage for RF prescaler
17	$V_{CC}$	_	Supply voltage for charge pump
18	$V_{CC}$	_	Supply voltage for RF digital circuitry
19	LD	0	Lock Detect
20	CE	1	Chip Enable control pin
21	GND	_	Ground for digital circuitry
22	OSCin	I	Reference frequency input
23	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Supply voltage for reference input buffer
24	GND	_	Ground for digital circuitry
25	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Supply voltage for IF digital circuitry
26	Fin	I	IF buffer/prescaler input
27	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Supply voltage for IF buffer/prescaler
28	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.





These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)(3)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}, V_{DD}$	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Voltage on any pin	V <sub>I</sub>	-0. 3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
to GND		-0. 3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to 150	°C

- (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Recommended Operating Conditions indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits. For ensured specifications and test conditions, refer to the Electrical Characteristics section. The ensured specifications apply only for the conditions listed.
- (2) This device is a high performance RF integrated circuit with an ESD rating < 2 kV and is ESD sensitive. Handling and assembly of this device should be done at ESD protected work stations.
- (3) GND = 0 V.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Ambient Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-30	25	85	°C
Supply Voltage (to GND)	$V_{CC}, V_{DD}$	2.7		3.3	V

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}; \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
I <sub>CC</sub> PARAM	IETERS					
I <sub>CC</sub> + I <sub>DD</sub>	Total Supply Current	OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		17	19	mA
(I <sub>CC</sub> + I <sub>DD</sub> ) <sub>RF</sub>	RF PLL Total Supply Current	OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		16	18	mA
I <sub>PD</sub>	Power Down Current (1)	CE = Low or RF_EN = 0 IF_EN = 0			20	μА
REFEREN	CE OSCILLATOR	•		•	,	
f <sub>OSCin</sub>	Reference Oscillator Input Frequency	19.20 MHz and 19.68 MHz are supported	19.20		19.68	MHz
V <sub>OSCin</sub>	Reference Oscillator Input sensitivity			0.2	$V_{CC}$	V <sub>P-P</sub>

- (1) In power down mode, set DATA, CLK and LE pins to 0 V (GND).
- (2) The reference frequency must also be programmed using the OSC\_FREQ control bit. For other reference frequencies, please contact Texas Instruments.

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# **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}; \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
RF VCO			<u> </u>		1		
f <sub>RFout</sub>	Frequency Range (3)	LMX2522LQ1635	RF VCO	1619.62		1649.62	MHz
		LMX2532LQ0967		954.42		979.35	MHz
		LMX2532LQ1065		1052.64		1077.57	MHz
P <sub>RFout</sub>	RF Output Power	OB_CRL [1:0] = 11		-2	1	4	dBm
		OB_CRL [1:0] = 10		-5	-2	1	dBm
		OB_CRL [1:0] = 01		-7	-4	-1	dBm
		OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		-9	-6	-3	dBm
	Lock Time (4)	LMX2522LQ1635	30 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	μs
		LMX2532LQ0967	25 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	μs
		LMX2532LQ1065	25 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	μs
	Reference Spurs					-75	dBc
	RMS Phase Error	RF PLL in all band			1.3		degrees
L(f)	LN	LMX2522LQ1635	@100 kHz offset		-113	-112	dBc/Hz
			@1.25 MHz offset		-138	-136	dBc/Hz
		LMX2532LQ0967	@100 kHz offset		-117	-115	dBc/Hz
			@900 kHz offset		-139	-138	dBc/Hz
		LMX2532LQ1065	@100 kHz offset		-117	-115	dBc/Hz
			@900kHz offset		-139	-138	dBc/Hz
	2nd Harmonic Suppression					-25	dBc
	3rd Harmonic Suppress	sion				-20	dBc
GPS VCO	•		•	•	•	•	
f <sub>RFout</sub>	Operating Frequency	LMX2522LQ1635	GPS VCO		1355.04		MHz
		LMX2532LQ0967			1490.04		MHz
		LMX2532LQ1065			1391.82		MHz
PRFout	Output Power		OB_CRL [1:0] = 11	-2	1	4	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 10	-5	-2	1	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 01	-7	-4	-1	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 00	-9	-6	-3	dBm
	Lock Time (4)		From RF to GPS PLL		600	800	μs
	Reference Spurs					-75	dBc
	RMS Phase Error		RF PLL in all band		1.3		degrees
L(f)	Phase Noise		@100 kHz offset		-113	-112	dBc/Hz
			@1.25 MHz offset		-138	-136	dBc/Hz
	2nd Harmonic Suppres	sion				-25	dBc
	3rd Harmonic Suppress	sion				-20	dBc

<sup>(3)</sup> For other frequency ranges, please contact Texas Instruments.
(4) Lock time is defined as the time difference between the beginning of the frequency transition and the point at which the frequency remains within +/- 1 kHz of the final frequency.



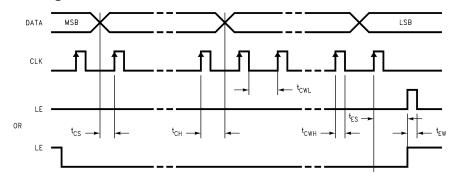
# **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

( $V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
IF PLL							
f <sub>Fin</sub>	Operating Frequency	LMX2522LQ1635	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 10, Default Value		440.76		MHz
		LMX2532LQ0967	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 00, Default Value		170.76		MHz
		LMX2532LQ1065	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 01, Default Value		367.20		MHz
$p_{Fin}$	IF Input Sensitivity			-10		0	dBm
$f_{\Phi IF}$	Phase Detector Freque	ency			120		kHz
I <sub>CPout</sub>	Charge Pump Current		IF_CUR [1:0] = 00		100		μΑ
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 01		200		μΑ
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 10		300		μΑ
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 11		800		μΑ
DIGITAL II	NTERFACE (DATA, CLK,	LE, LD, CE)					
$V_{IH}$	High-Level Input Voltage	je		0.8 V <sub>DD</sub>		$V_{DD}$	V
				0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{IL}$	V <sub>IL</sub> Low-Level Input Voltage			0		0.2 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
			0		0.2 V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-Level Input Curre	nt		-10		10	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-Level Input Currer	nt		-10		10	μΑ
	Input Capacitance				3		pF
$V_{OH}$	High-Level Output Volta	age		0.9 V <sub>DD</sub>			V
				0.9 V <sub>CC</sub>			V
$V_{\text{OL}}$	Low-Level Output Volta	age				0.1 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
						0.1 V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	Output Capacitance					5	pF
MICROWI	RE INTERFACE TIMING						
t <sub>CS</sub>	Data to Clock Set Up T	ïme		50			ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Data to Clock Hold Tim	ne		10			ns
t <sub>CWH</sub>	Clock Pulse Width High	າ		50			ns
t <sub>CWL</sub>	Clock Pulse Width Low	,		50			ns
t <sub>ES</sub>	Clock to Latch Enable	Set Up Time	_	50	_		ns
t <sub>EW</sub>	Latch Enable Pulse Wi	dth		50			ns

(5) Frequencies other that the default value can be programmed using Words R4 and R5. See Programming Description for details.

# **Serial Data Input Timing**



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#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

LMX2522/32 is a highly integrated frequency synthesizer system that generates LO signals for PCS, Cellular CDMA and GPS systems. These devices include all of the functional blocks of a PLL, RF VCO, prescaler, RF phase detector, and loop filter. The need for external components is limited to a few passive elements for matching the output impedance and bypass elements for power line stabilization.

In addition to the RF circuitry, the IC also includes IF frequency dividers, and an IF phase detector to complete the IF synthesis with an external VCO and loop filter. Table 4 summarizes the counter values to generate the default IF frequencies.

Using a low spurious fractional-N synthesizer based on a delta sigma modulator, the circuit can support 10 kHz channel spacing for PCS, Cellular CDMA and GPS systems.

The fractional-N synthesizer enables faster lock time, which reduces power consumption and system set-up time. Additionally, the loop filter occupies a smaller area as opposed to the integer-N architecture. This allows the loop filter to be embedded into the circuit, minimizing the external noise coupling and total form factor. The delta sigma architecture delivers very low spurious, which can be a significant problem for other PLL solutions.

The circuit also supports commonly used reference frequencies of 19.20 MHz and 19.68 MHz.

## FREQUENCY GENERATION

#### **RF-PLL Section**

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

LMX2522 - PCS CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{8 \text{ x RF\_B} + \text{RF\_A} + (\text{RF\_FN} / f_{OSC}) \text{ x } 10^4\} \text{ x } f_{OSC}$$

#### where

• (RF A < RF B)

LMX2532 - Cellular CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{6 \text{ x RF\_B} + \text{RF\_A} + (\text{RF\_FN} / f_{OSC}) \text{ x } 10^4\} \text{ x } f_{OSC}$$

#### where

- (RF A < RF B)
- f<sub>VCO</sub>: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- RF\_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter (2 ≤ RF\_B ≤ 15)
- RF\_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ RF\_A ≤ 7 for LMX2522 or 0 ≤ RF\_A ≤ 5 for LMX2532)
- RF\_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter (0 ≤ RF\_FN < 1920 for f<sub>OSC</sub> = 19.20 MHz or 0 ≤ RF\_FN < 1968 for f<sub>OSC</sub> = 19.68 MHz)
- f<sub>OSC</sub>: Reference oscillator frequency



#### **GPS-PLL SECTION**

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

LMX2522 – PCS CDMA:

 $f_{VCO} = \{6 \text{ x RF\_B} + \text{RF\_A} + (\text{RF\_FN} / f_{OSC}) \text{ x } 10^4\} \text{ x } f_{OSC}$ 

## where

(RF\_A < RF\_B)</li>

LMX2532 - Cellular CDMA:

 $f_{VCO} = \{8 \text{ x RF\_B} + \text{RF\_A} + (\text{RF\_FN} / f_{OSC}) \text{ x } 10^4\} \text{ x } f_{OSC}$ 

#### where

- (RF\_A < RF\_B)</li>
- f<sub>VCO</sub>: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- RF\_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter (2 ≤ RF\_B ≤ 15)
- RF\_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ RF\_A ≤ 5 for LMX2522 or 0 ≤ RF\_A ≤ 7 for LMX2532)
- RF\_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter (0 ≤ RF\_FN < 1920 for f<sub>OSC</sub> = 19.20 MHz or 0 ≤ RF\_FN < 1968 for f<sub>OSC</sub> = 19.68 MHz)
- f<sub>OSC</sub>: Reference oscillator frequency

PCS CDMA applications using the LMX2522, if the GPS frequency is 1355.04 MHz, Table 1 provides the proper register settings:

Table 1. Settings for GPS (1355.04 MHz) in LMX2522 PCS CDMA application

Reference Frequency	RF_B	RF_A	RF_FN
19.20 MHz	11	4	1104
19.68 MHz	11	2	1680

Cellular CDMA applications using the LMX2532, in which the GPS frequency is 1490.04 MHz, then Table 2 provides the proper register settings:

Table 2. Settings for GPS (1490.04 MHz) in LMX2532 Cellular CDMA application

Reference Frequency	RF_B	RF_A	RF_FN
19.20 MHz	9	5	1164
19.68 MHz	9	3	1404

Cellular CDMA applications using the LMX2532, in which the GPS frequency is 1391.82 MHz, then Table 3 provides the proper register settings:

Table 3. Settings for GPS (1391.82 MHz) in LMX2532 Cellular CDMA application

Reference Frequency	RF_B	RF_A	RF_FN
19.20 MHz	9	0	942
19.68 MHz	8	6	1422

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#### IF-PLL SECTION

 $f_{VCO} = \{16 \text{ x IF\_B} + IF\_A\} \text{ x } f_{OSC} / IF\_R$ 

#### where

- (IF\_A < IF\_B)</li>
- f<sub>VCO</sub>: Output frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- IF\_B: Preset divide ratio of the binary 9-bit programmable counter (1 ≤ IF\_B ≤ 511)
- IF\_A: Preset divide ratio of the binary 4-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ IF\_A ≤ 15)
- f<sub>OSC</sub>: Reference oscillator frequency
- IF R: Preset divide ratio of the binary 9-bit programmable reference counter (2 ≤ IF R ≤ 511)

From the above equation, the LMX2522/32 generates the fixed IF frequencies as summarized in Table 4.

**Device Type** IF B IF\_A fosc/IF\_R  $f_{VCO}$ (MHz) (kHz) LMX2522LQ1635 440.76 229 9 120 LMX2532LQ0967 170.67 88 15 120

4

Table 4. IF Frequencies

## **VCO FREQUENCY TUNING**

LMX2532LQ1065

The center frequency of the RF VCO is mainly determined by the resonant frequency of the tank circuit. This tank circuit is implemented on-chip and requires no external inductor. The LMX2522/32 actively tunes the tank circuit to the required frequency with the built-in tracking algorithm.

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## BANDWIDTH CONTROL AND FREQUENCY LOCK

367.20

During the frequency acquisition period, the loop bandwidth is significantly extended to achieve frequency lock. Once frequency lock occurs, the PLL will return to a steady state condition with the loop bandwidth set to its nominal value. The transition between acquisition and lock modes occurs seamlessly and extremely fast, thereby, meeting the stringent requirements associated with lock time and phase noise. Several controls (BW DUR, BW CRL and BW EN) are used to optimize the lock time performance.

## **SPURIOUS REDUCTION**

To improve the spurious performance of the device one of two types of spurious reduction schemes can be selected:

- A continuous optimization scheme, which tracks the environmental and voltage variations, giving the best spurious performance over changing conditions
- A one time optimization scheme, which sets the internal compensation values only when the PLL goes into a locked state.

The spurious reduction can also be disabled, but it is recommended that the continuous optimization mode be used for normal operation.



#### POWER DOWN MODE

The LMX2522 and LMX2532 include a power down mode to reduce the power consumption. The LMX2522/32 enters into the power down mode either by taking the CE pin LOW or by setting the power down bits in Register R1. Table 5 summarizes the power down function. If CE is set LOW, the circuit is powered down regardless of the register values. When CE is HIGH, the IF and RF circuitry are individually powered down by setting the register bits.

Table 5. Power Down Configuration<sup>(1)</sup>

CE Pin	RF_EN	IF_EN	RF Circuitry	IF Circuitry
0	X	X	OFF	OFF
1	0	0	OFF	OFF
1	0	1	OFF	ON
1	1	0	ON	OFF
1	1	1	ON	ON

<sup>(1)</sup> X = Don't care.

## LOCK DETECT

The LD output can be used to indicate the lock status of the RF PLL. Bit 21 in Register R0 determines the signal that appears on the LD pin. When the RF PLL is not locked, the LD pin remains LOW. After obtaining phase lock, the LD pin will have a logical HIGH level. The output can also be programmed to be ground at all times.

#### **Table 6. Lock Detect Modes**

LD Bit	Mode
0	Disable (GND)
1	Enable

Table 7. Lock Detect Logic Table (1)(2)(3)(4)(5)

RF PLL Section	LD Output
Locked	HIGH
Not Locked	LOW

- (1) LD output becomes low when the phase error is larger than t<sub>W2</sub>.
- (2) LD output becomes high when the phase error is less than t<sub>W1</sub> for four or more consecutive cycles.
- 3) Phase Error is measured on leading edge. Only errors greater than t<sub>W1</sub> and t<sub>W2</sub> are labeled.
- (4)  $t_{W1}$  and  $t_{W2}$  are equal to 10 ns.
- (5) The lock detect comparison occurs with every 64<sup>th</sup> cycle of f<sub>R</sub> and f<sub>N</sub>.

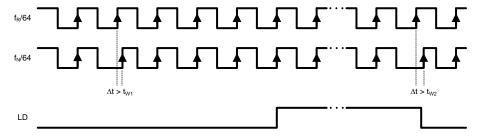


Figure 2. Lock Detect Timing Diagram Waveform



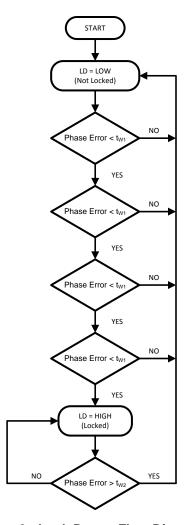


Figure 3. Lock Detect Flow Diagram

# **MICROWIRE INTERFACE**

The programmable register set is accessed via the MICROWIRE serial interface. The interface comprises three signal pins: CLK, DATA, and LE. Serial data (DATA) is clocked into the 24-bit shift register on the rising edge of the clock (CLK). The last bits decode the internal control register address. When the Latch Enable (LE) transitions from LOW to HIGH, data stored in the shift registers is loaded into the corresponding control register.



## **Programming Description**

## **CONTROL REGISTER CONTENT MAP**

The serial interface has a 24-bit shift register to store the incoming data bits temporarily. The incoming Data is loaded into the shift register from MSB to LSB. The Data is shifted at the rising edge of the Clock signal. When the Latch Enable signal transitions from LOW to HIGH, the data stored in the shift register is transferred to the proper register depending on the address bit settings. The selection of the particular register is determined by the control bits indicated in boldface text.

At initial start-up, the MICROWIRE loading requires 4 default words (registers R3, loaded first, to R0, loaded last). After the device has been initially programmed, the RF VCO frequency can be changed using a single register (R0). If an IF frequency other than the default value for the device is desired the SPI\_DEF bit should be set to 0, the desired values for IF A, IF B, and IF R entered and words R6 to R0 should be sent.

The control register content map describes how the bits within each control register are allocated to the specific control functions.

SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION LSB Register **MSB** 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 7 6 5 4 3 2 0 RF\_A RF SP RF B RF FN R0 SPI RF O O (Default) DEF UR [3:0] [2:0] [10:0] SE LD CR SPUR ΙF R1 OS 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 OB RF 0 1 1 FREQ (Default) **RDT** CRL ΕÑ [1:0] FR [1:0] [1:0] ΕN EQ R2 0 0 1 n 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 Λ 0 1 0 1 0 CUR[1:0] (Default) R3 BW BW 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 VCO\_ 0 1 1 DUR (Default) CRL W CUR ΕN [1:0] [1:0] [1:0] IF A 1 R4 0 0 0 0 0 IF B 0 1 1 0 [3:0] [8:0] R5 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 IF R 0 1 1 1 1 0 [8:0] 0 0 R6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1

**Table 8. Complete Register Map** 

NOTE: Bold numbers represent the address bits.



#### **R0 REGISTER**

The R0 register address bits (R0 [1:0]) are "00".

The SPI\_DEF bit selects between using the default IF counter values and user programmable values. The use of the default counter values requires that only words R0 to R3 (registers R3, loaded first, to R0, loaded last) be sent after initial power up.

The RF\_LD bit activates the lock detect output of the LD pin (pin 19). The lock detect mode shows the lock status of the RF PLL. The waveform of the lock detect mode is shown in Figure 2, in the Functional Description section on **LOCK DETECT**.

The SPUR\_CRL bit is set to 1 only in the GPS mode with the LMX2532LQ1065 when a 19.68 MHz reference oscillator is used.

The RF N counter consists of the 4-bit programmable counter (RF\_B counter), the 3-bit swallow counter (RF\_A counter) and the 11-bit delta sigma modulator (RF\_FN counter). The equations for calculating the counter values are presented below.

#### Table 9. R0 REGISTER

Register	MSB								S	HIFT	REG	ISTE	R BIT	LOC	CATIO	NC							LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	9   18   17   16   15   14   13   12   11   10   9   8   7   6   5   4   3   2														1	0		
		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	C	Data I	ield	•	•	•	•	*	•	•	•	•		ldress Field
R0 (Default)	SPI_ DEF	RF SE L	RF LD	SP UR CR L	RF_ [3:0]				RF_ [2:0]								RF_F [10:0					0	0

Name	Functions
SPI_DEF	Default Register Selection 0 = OFF (Use values set in R0 to R6) 1 = ON (Use default values set in R0 to R3)
RF_SEL	RF Select Configuration See Table 10. RF_SEL Configuration below
RF_LD	RF Lock Detect 0 = Hard zero (GND) 1 = Lock detect
SPUR_CRL	Spur Control 1 = LMX2532LQ1065 in GPS mode with 19.68 MHz reference oscillator only 0 = All other options
RF_B [3:0]	RF_B Counter 4-bit programmable counter 2 ≤ RF_B ≤ 15
RF_A [2:0]	RF_A Counter 3-bit swallow counter $0 \le RF_A \le 7$ for LMX2522 $0 \le RF_A \le 5$ for LMX2532
RF_FN [10:0]	RF Fractional Numerator Counter  11-bit programmable counter $0 \le RF_FN < 1920 \text{ for } f_{OSC} = 19.20 \text{ MHz}$ $0 \le RF_FN < 1968 \text{ for } f_{OSC} = 19.68 \text{ MHz}$



## Table 10. RF\_SEL Configuration

Device Type	RF_SEL = 0	RF_SEL = 1
LMX2522	GPS	K-PCS
LMX2532	K-Cellular	GPS

## RF N Counter Setting:

Counter Name	Symbol	Function
Modulus Counter	RF_FN	RF N Divider
Programmable Counter	RF_B	N = Prescaler x RF_B + RF_A + (RF_FN / $f_{OSC}$ ) 10 <sup>4</sup>
Swallow Counter	RF_A	

## Pulse Swallow Function:

 $f = \{Prescaler \ x \ RF\_B + RF\_A + (RF\_FN / f_{OSC}) \ x \ 10^4\} \ x \ f_{OSC} \ where \ (RF\_A < RF\_B)$ 

#### where

• f<sub>VCO</sub>: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)

## Prescaler Values:

Device Type	RF Prescaler	GPS Prescaler
LMX2522	8	6
LMX2532	6	8

- RF\_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter (2 ≤ RF\_B ≤ 15)
- RF\_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ RF\_A ≤ 7 for prescaler of 8 or 0 ≤ RF\_A ≤ 5 for prescaler of 6)
- RF\_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter (0  $\leq$  RF\_FN < 1920 for f<sub>OSC</sub> = 19.20 MHz; 0  $\leq$  RF\_FN < 1968 for f<sub>OSC</sub> = 19.68 MHz)
- f<sub>OSC</sub>: Reference oscillator frequency

NOTE: For the use of reference frequencies other than those specified, please contact Texas Instruments.



#### **R1 REGISTER**

The R1 register address bits (R1 [1:0]) are "01".

The IF\_FREQ bits selects the default IF frequency applicable to the specific CDMA system. For the LMX2522 the default IF frequency is 440.76 MHz, and for the LMX2532 the default IF frequencies are 367.20 MHz and 170.76 MHz, depending on variant.

Reference Frequency Selection bit (OSC\_FREQ) selects either 19.20 MHz or 19.68 MHz for the reference oscillator frequency.

The internal spurious reduction scheme is controlled by the SPUR\_RDT [1:0] bits. There are two different spur reduction schemes: a continuous tracking mode and a single optimization mode. The continuous tracking mode will adjust for variations in voltage and temperature. The single optimization mode fixes the internal compensation parameters only when the PLL goes into the locked state. The spur reduction can also be disabled, but it is recommended that the continuous mode be used for normal operation.

The OB\_CRL [1:0] bits determine the power level of the RF output buffer. The power level is set according to the system requirement.

The two bits, RF\_EN and IF\_EN, logically select the active state of the RF/GPS synthesizer system and the IF PLL, respectively. The entire IC can be placed in a power down state by using the CE control pin (pin 20).

SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION LSB Register **MSB** 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 7 6 5 3 2 0 **Data Field** Address Field os 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 SPUR 0 0 OB\_ RF 0 (Default) FREQ CRL **RDT** ΕN С FR ĒΝ [1:0] [1:0] [1:0] EQ

Table 11. R1 REGISTER

Name	Functions
IF_FREQ [1:0]	IF Frequency Selection 00 = 170.76 MHz (LMX2532LQ0967) 01 = 367.20 MHz (LMX2532LQ1065) 10 = 440.76 MHz (LMX2522LQ1635)
OSC_FREQ	Reference Frequency Selection 0 = 19.20 MHz 1 = 19.68 MHz
SPUR_RDT [1:0]	Spur Reduction Scheme  00 = No spur reduction  01 = Not Used  10 = Continuous tracking of variation (Recommended)  11 = One time optimization
OB_CRL [1:0]	RF Output Power Control 00 = Minimum Output Power 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum Output Power
RF_EN	RF Enable 0 = RF Off 1 = RF On
IF_EN	IF Enable 0 = IF Off 1 = IF On



## **R2 REGISTER**

The R2 Register address bits (R2 [1:0]) are "10".

The IF\_CUR [1:0] bits program the IF charge pump current. Considering the external IF VCO and loop filter, the user can select the amount of IF charge pump current to be  $100\mu$ A,  $200\mu$ A,  $300\mu$ A or  $800\mu$ A.

## Table 12. R2 REGISTER

Register	MSB SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION										LSB													
	23	22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1									1	0												
		Data Field											dress ield											
R2 (Default)	IF_ CUR[1	:0]	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0

Name	Functions
IF_CUR [1:0]	IF Charge Pump Current 00 = 100 μA 01 = 200 μA 10 = 300 μA 11 = 800 μA



#### **R3 REGISTER**

The R3 register address bits (R3 [2:0]) are "011".

Register R3 contains the controls for the phase lock bandwidth controls (BW\_DUR, BW\_CRL and BW\_EN). The duration of the digital controller portion of the bandwidth control is set by BW\_DUR [1:0]. The minimum time set with 00 and increasing durations to the maximum value set with 11. BW\_CRL [1:0] sets the phase offset criterion for the bandwidth controller. Once the phase offset between the reference clock and the divided VCO signal are within the set criterion, the bandwidth control stops. The maximum phase offset is set with 00 and decreases to the minimum value set with 11. BW\_EN enables the bandwidth control in the locking state.

The VCO dynamic current is also controlled in register R3 with VCO\_CUR [1:0]. The minimum value corresponds to 00 and increases to a maximum value set at 11.

Table 13. R3 REGISTER

Register	MSB								S	HIFT	REG	ISTE	R BIT	LOC	CATIC	ON								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field									,	ess Id												
R3 (Default)	BW_ DUR [1:0]		BW CRI [1:0]		B W_ EN	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	VCC CUF [1:0]	₹	0	1	1

Name	Functions
BW_DUR [1:0]	Bandwidth Duration 00 = Minimum value (Recommended) 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum value
BW_CRL [1:0]	Bandwidth Control 00 = Maximum phase offset (Recommended) 01 = 10 = 11 = Minimum phase offset
BW_EN	Bandwidth Enable 0 = Disable 1 = Enable (Recommended)
VCO_CUR [1:0]	VCO Dynamic Current 00 = Minimum value 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum value (Recommended)



#### **R4 REGISTER**

The R4 register address bits (R3 [3:0]) are "0111".

Register R4 is used to set the IF N counters if the default value is not desired. This register is only active if the SPI\_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

The IF N counter consists of the 9-bit programmable counter (IF\_B counter) and the 4-bit swallow counter (IF\_A counter). The equations for calculating the counter values are presented below.

## Table 14. R4 REGISTER

Register	MSB	MSB SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION								LSB										
	23	22	22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3									3	2	1	0					
									D	Data F	Field								ldres Field	s
R4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0			_A :0]				IF_B [8:0]			0	1	1	1

Name	Functions
	<b>IF A Counter</b> 4-bit swallow counter 0 ≤ IF_A ≤ 15
IF_B [8:0]	<b>IF B Counter</b> 9-bit programmable counter 1 ≤ IF_B ≤ 511

## IF Frequency Setting:

 $f_{VCO} = \{16 \text{ x IF\_B} + IF\_A\} \text{ x } f_{OSC} / \text{ R where } (IF\_A < IF\_B)$ 

## where

- f<sub>VCO</sub>: Output frequency of IF voltage controlled oscillator (IF VCO)
- IF\_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 9-bit programmable counter (1 ≤ IF\_B ≤ 511)
- IF\_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ IF\_A ≤ 15)
- IF\_R: Preset divide ratio of binary 9-bit programmable reference counter (2 ≤ IF\_R ≤ 511)
- f<sub>OSC</sub>: Reference oscillator frequency



#### **R5 REGISTER**

The R5 register address bits (R5 [4:0]) are "01111".

Register R5 is used to set the IF\_R divider if the default value is not desired. This register is only active if the SPI\_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

## Table 15. R5 REGISTER

Register	MSB	SB SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION LS												LSB										
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field Address Field																							
R5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0					IF_R [8:0]					0	1	1	1	1

Name	Functions
IF_R [8:0]	<b>IF R Counter</b> 9-bit programmable counter 2 ≤ IF_R ≤ 511

## **R6 REGISTER**

The R6 register address bits (R6 [5:0]) are "011111".

Register R6 is used for internal testing of the device and is not intended for customer use. This register is only active if the SPI\_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

## Table 16. R6 REGISTER

Register	MSB								S	HIFT	REG	ISTE	R BIT	LOC	CATIO	ON								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field Address Field																						
R6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1



# **REVISION HISTORY**

Cł	nanges from Revision A (April 2013) to Revision B	Pag	j€
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	1	Ę



# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

1-Nov-2013

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LMX2522LQ1635	NRND	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-30 to 85	25221635	
LMX2522LQ1635/NOPB	ACTIVE	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-30 to 85	25221635	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

1-Nov-2013

In no event shall TI's liability aris	sing out of such information exceed the total	purchase price of the TI part(s)	at issue in this document sold by	TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

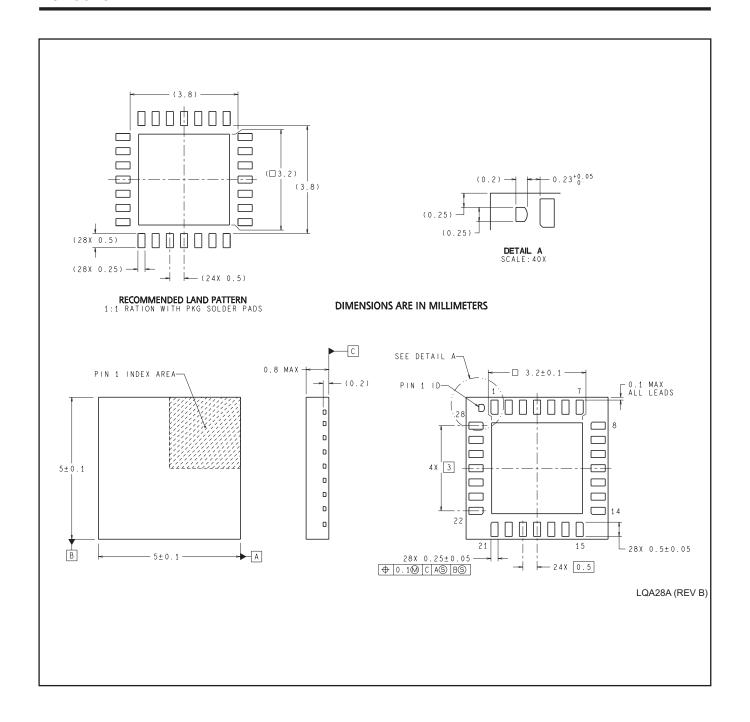
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMX2522LQ1635	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMX2522LQ1635/NOPB	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1

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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMX2522LQ1635	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LMX2522LQ1635/NOPB	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0



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