

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

( ) Preliminary	y Specification
-----------------	-----------------

## ( ♦ ) Final Specification

Title 14.0"W HD TFT LCD			CD	
Customer	ACED		QI IDDI IED	LG Display Co. Ltd

Customer	ACER
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP140WH1
Suffix	TLA2

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with

your signature and comments.

K. J. Kwon / S.Manager

REVIEWED BY

M. J. Lee / Manager

PREPARED BY

J.Y.Lee / Engineer
C.H.Lee / Engineer

C.H.Lee / Engineer
Dept.
LG Display Co., Ltd

Ver.1.0 May. 22, 2009 1 / 33



# **Contents**

No	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS	6
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	7
3-3	LVDS SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION	8-9
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	9
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	10
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE	11
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	12
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS	13-16
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	17-25
6	RELIABLITY	26
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	
7-1	SAFETY	27
7-2	EMC	27
8	PACKING	
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	28
8-2	PACKING FORM	28
9	PRECAUTIONS	29-30
А	APPENDIX. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data	31-33



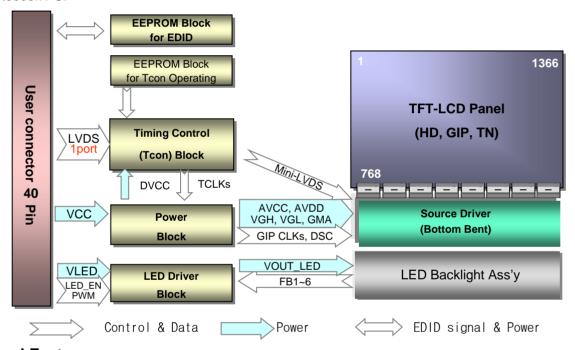
# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Mar. 16. 2009	-	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0
1.0	May. 22.2009	-	Final Specification	1.0



## 1. General Description

The LP140WH1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 14.0 inches diagonally measured active display area with HD resolution (1366 horizontal by 768 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP140WH1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP140WH1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the subpixels, the LP140WH1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	14.0 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	323.5(H, typ) × 192.0(V, typ) × 5.2(D,max) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.2265mm × 0.2265 mm
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	220 cd/m²(Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	Total 4.7W(Typ.) Logic: 1.5 W (Typ.@ Mosaic), B/L: 3.2W (Typ.@ VLED 12V)
Weight	350g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating(3H), Glare treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Comply	Yes



## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

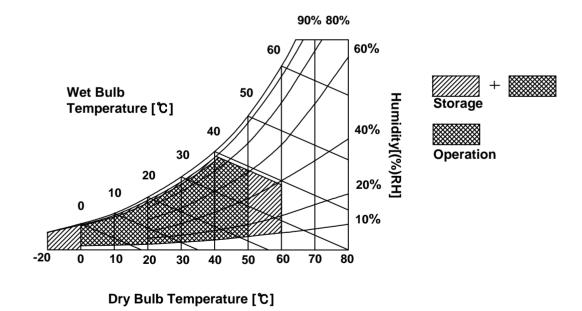
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Offics		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





# 3. Electrical Specifications

## 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP140WH1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second backlight is the input about LED BL with LED Driver.

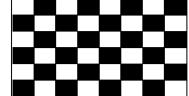
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARATERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
LOGIC :							
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Dower Cupply Input Current	Mosaic	Icc	-	465	540	mA	2
Power Supply Input Current	Black	ICC_max	-	640	740	mA	3
Power Consumption	•	Pcc	-	1.5	1.8	W	2
Power Supply Inrush Current		Icc_p	-	-	2000	mA	4
LVDS Impedance		ZLVDS	90	100	110	Ω	5
BACKLIGHT : ( with LED Drive	r)						
LED Power Input Voltage	LED Power Input Voltage		7.0	12.0	20.0	V	6
LED Power Input Current		ILED	-	265	285	mA	7
LED Power Consumption		PLED	-	3.2	3.4	W	7
PWM Duty Ratio			13	-	100	%	8
PWM Jitter		-	0	-	0.3	%	9
PWM Impedance		ZPWM	20	40	60	kΩ	
PWM Frequency		FPWM	120	1000	1100	Hz	10
PWM High Level Voltage		V <sub>PWM_H</sub>	3.0	-	5.3	V	
PWM Low Level Voltage		V <sub>PWM_L</sub>	0	-	0.5	V	
LED_EN Impedance		Zpwm	20	40	60	kΩ	
LED_EN High Voltage		VLED_EN _H	3.0	-	5.3	V	
LED_EN Low Voltage		VLED_EN _L	0	-	0.5	V	
Life Time			12,000	-	-	Hrs	11

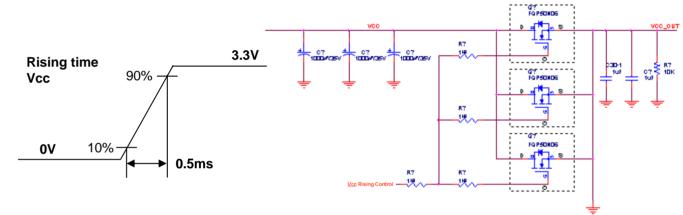


#### Note)

- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 ℃, fv = 60Hz, Black pattern.
- 2. The specified Icc current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.



- 3. This Spec. is the max load condition for the cable impedance designing.
- 4. The below figures are the measuring Vcc condition and the Vcc control block LGD used. The Vcc condition is same the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



- 5. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 6. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 ℃.
- 7. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the Vled = 12.0V, 25°C, Dimming of Max luminance whereas White pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 8. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 9. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum. It may cause flickering.
- 10. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 11 The life time is determined as the time at which the typical brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical LED current. These LED backlight has 6 strings on it and the typical current of LED's string is base on 20mA.



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 40 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model CABLINE-VS RECE ASS'Y manufactured by I-PEX.

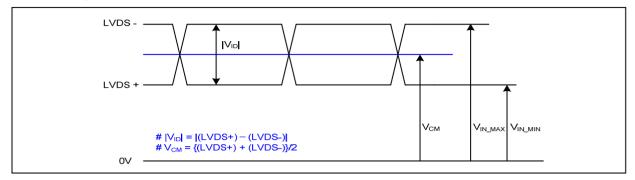
Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	NC	Reserved	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	,
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips 1.1 LCD: SW, SW0624 (LCD Controller)
5	NC	No Connection	including LVDS Receiver
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	1.2 System : THC63LVDF823A
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	or equivalent
8	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
9	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2. Connector
10	GND	Ground	2.1 LCD : CABLINE-VS RECE ASS'Y, I-PEX
11	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	or its compatibles 2.2 Mating: CABLINE-VS PLUG CABLE
12	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	ASS'Y or equivalent.
13	GND	Ground	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
14	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	10
15	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	40 1 ПП———ПП
16	GND	Ground	
17	Odd_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	Odd_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No Connection	3, Pin connection for LED IC 1.1 Pin #35 should not connect with Pin #36.
21	NC	No Connection	1.1 Pin #35 should not connect with Pin #36.
19	GND	Ground	
23	NC	No Connection	
24	NC	No Connection	
19	GND	Ground	
26	NC	No Connection	
27	NC	No Connection	
19	GND	Ground	
29	NC	No Connection	
30	NC	No Connection	
31	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
32	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
33	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
34	NC	Reserved	
35	PWM	PWM for luminance control(120Hz~480Hz)	
36	LED_EN	Backlight On/Off Control	
37	NC	No Connection (Reserved)	
38	VLED	LED Power Supply (7V-20V)	
39	VLED	LED Power Supply (7V-20V)	
40	VLED	LED Power Supply (7V-20V)	



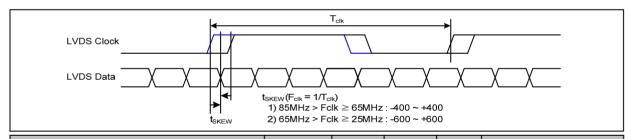
# 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

# 3-3-1. DC Specification



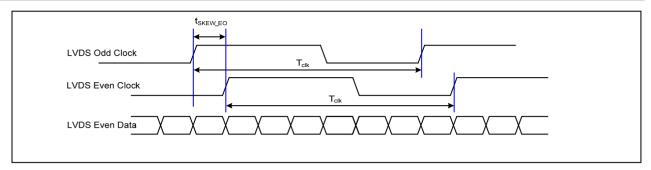
Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.3	2.1	٧	-

# 3-3-2. AC Specification

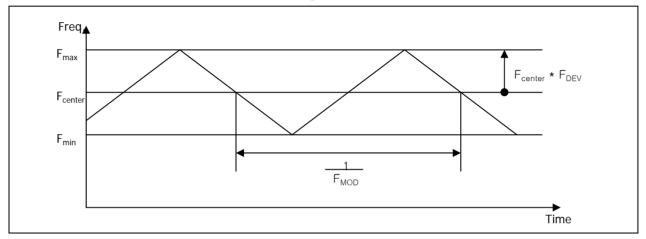


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>SKEW_EO</sub>	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T <sub>clk</sub>	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEV</sub>	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-





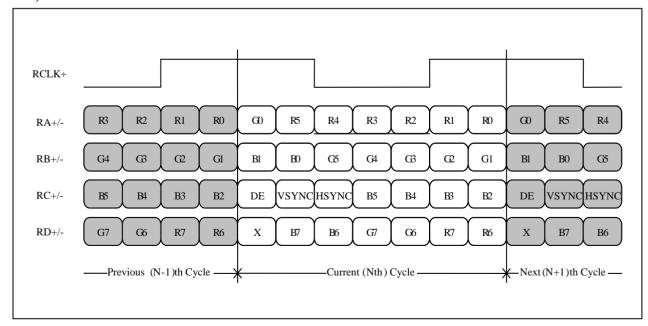
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

## 3-3-3. Data Format

## 1) LVDS 1 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

Condition: VCC =3.3V



## **Product Specification**

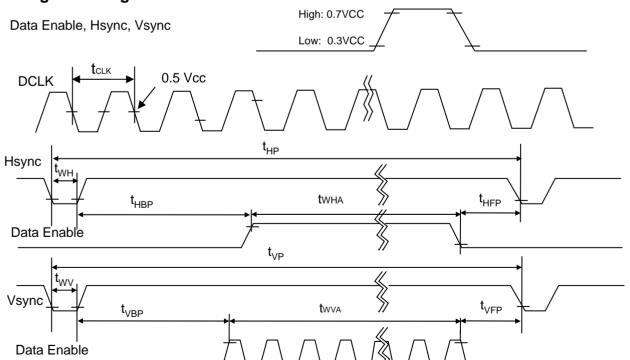
## 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**Table 4. TIMING TABLE** 

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	68.7	72.3	76.2	MHz	
	Period	t <sub>HP</sub>	1470	1526	1586		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	23	32	40	tCLK	
	Width-Active		1366	1366	1366		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	779	790	801	tHP	
Vsync	Width	t <sub>WV</sub>	2	5	8		
	Width-Active	t <sub>WVA</sub>	768	768	768		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	72	80	124	+CL IV	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	8	48	48	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	8	14	20	+I ID	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	1	3	5	tHP	

## 3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms





## 3-6. Color Input Data Reference

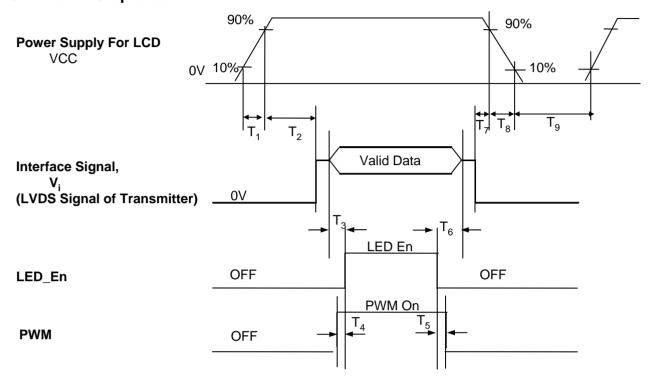
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
		MSE					LSB						LSB	MSE					LSB
	I	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5		G 3	G 2		G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN											•								
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



## 3-7. Power Sequence



- \* VLED(LED Power supply) should be turn on before PWM on signal and turn off after PWM off signal.
- \* PWM On signal should be fixed PWM duty or DC, not variable duty signal while PWM on.

Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	0	-	T <sub>3</sub>	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	T <sub>6</sub>	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	200	-	•	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>8</sub>	3	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>9</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

#### Note)

- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. LED power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

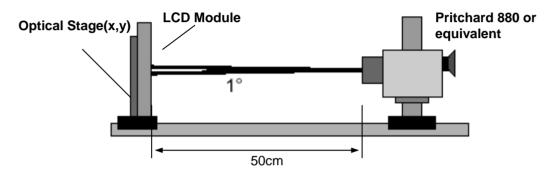


Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V,  $f_{V}$ =60Hz,  $f_{CLK}$ = 72.3MHz ,  $I_{LED}$ = 20 mA

					-0.01,11-001	12, ICLK - 1	2:311112 , 1 <sub>LED</sub> = 20 111A
	Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
	i arameter	Cyrribor	Min	Тур	Max	Office	Notes
Contrast Rat	tio	CR	500	-	-		1
Surface Lum	ninance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	190	220	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance \	/ariation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.4	1.6		3
Response T	ime	Tr <sub>R</sub> + Tr <sub>D</sub>	-	8	15	ms	4
Color Coordinates							
	RED	RX	0.588	0.618	0.648		
		RY	0.325	0.355	0.385		
	GREEN	GX	0.305	0.335	0.365		
		GY	0.554	0.584	0.614		
	BLUE	BX	0.120	0.150	0.180		
		BY	0.079	0.109	0.139		
	WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
		WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Ang	le						5
	x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	-	-	degree	
	x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40	-	-	degree	
	y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	10	-	-	degree	
	y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	30	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale							6



#### Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, ... L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr<sub>R</sub>) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

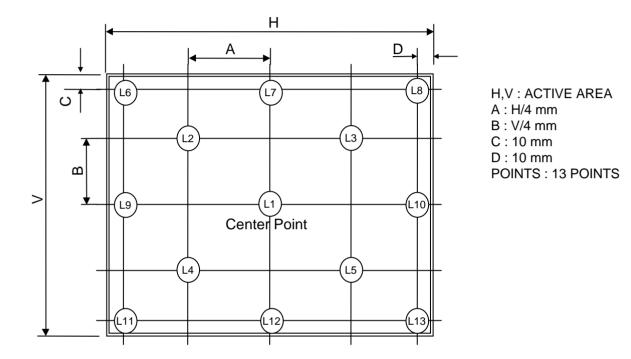
\* 
$$f_{V} = 60$$
Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.2
L7	1.5
L15	5.4
L23	12.2
L31	21.0
L39	34.8
L47	52.5
L55	74.2
L63	100



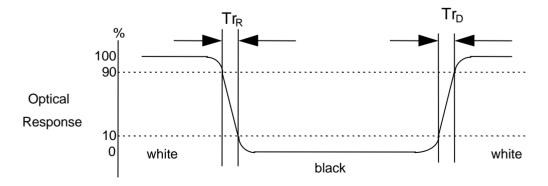
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



#### FIG. 3 Response Time

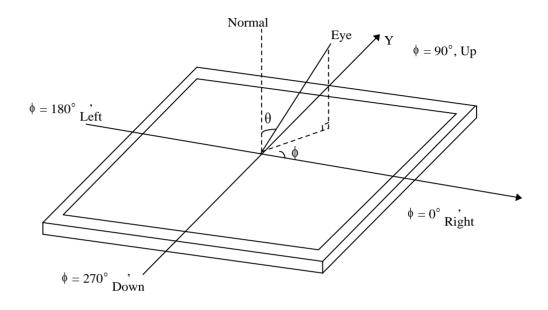
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





## FIG. 4 Viewing angle

## <Dimension of viewing angle range>





#### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

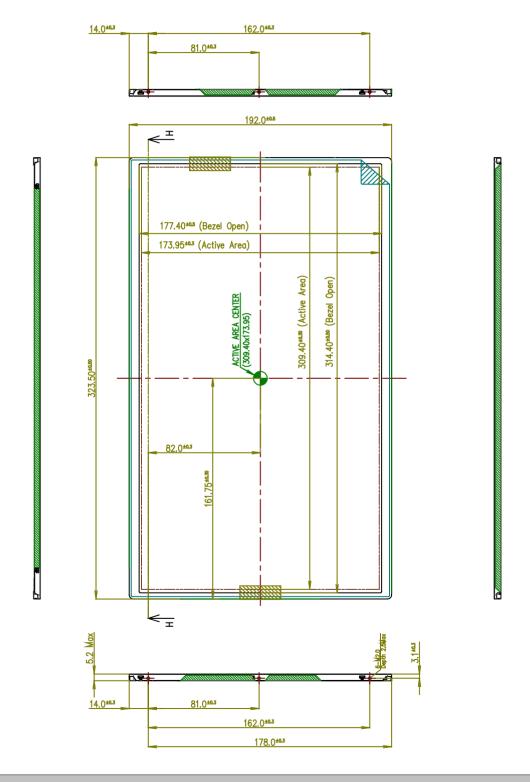
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP140WH1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	i e	
	Horizontal	$323.5 \pm 0.5 \text{mm}$
Outline Dimension	Vertical	192.0 ± 0.5mm
	Thickness	5.2mm (max)
Dozel Area	Horizontal	$314.4 \pm 0.5 \text{mm}$
Bezel Area	Vertical	177.4 ± 0.5mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	309.40 mm
Active Display Area	Vertical	173.95 mm
Weight	350g (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating(3H), Glare treatm	ent of the front polarizer
Mother Glass Thickness	Upper Glass (C/F Glass)	0.50 + 0.05 / -0.03 mm
Mother Glass Hilckness	Lower Glass (TFT Glass)	0.50 + 0.05 / -0.03 mm



<FRONT VIEW>

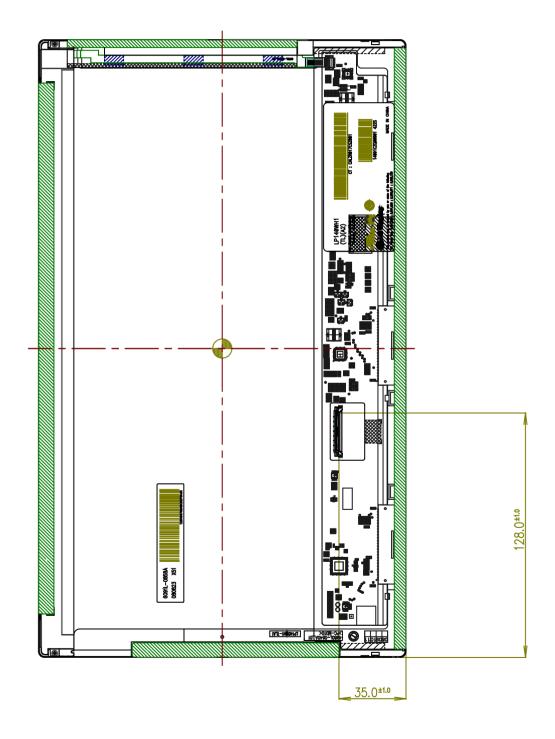
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

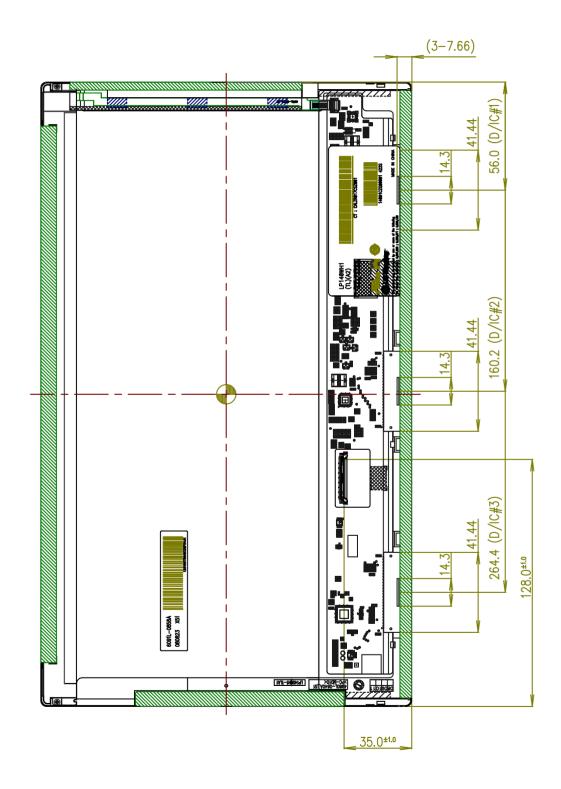
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





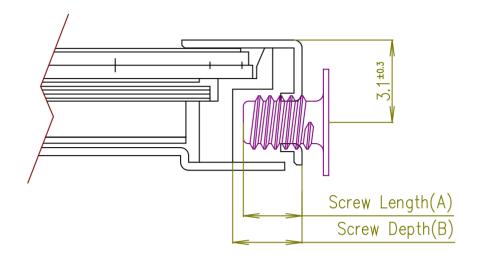
<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





#### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



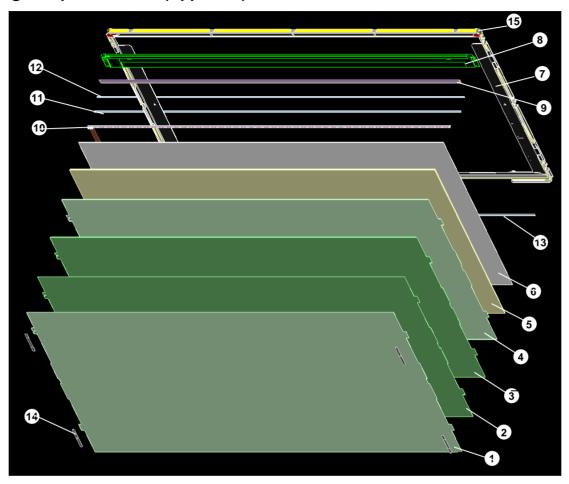
- \* Mounting Screw Length (A)
  - = 2.0(Min) / 2.5(Max)
- \* Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B) = 2.5(Min)
- \* Mounting hole location : 3.1(typ.)
- \* Torque : 2.0 kgf.cm(Max)

(Measurement gauge: torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.



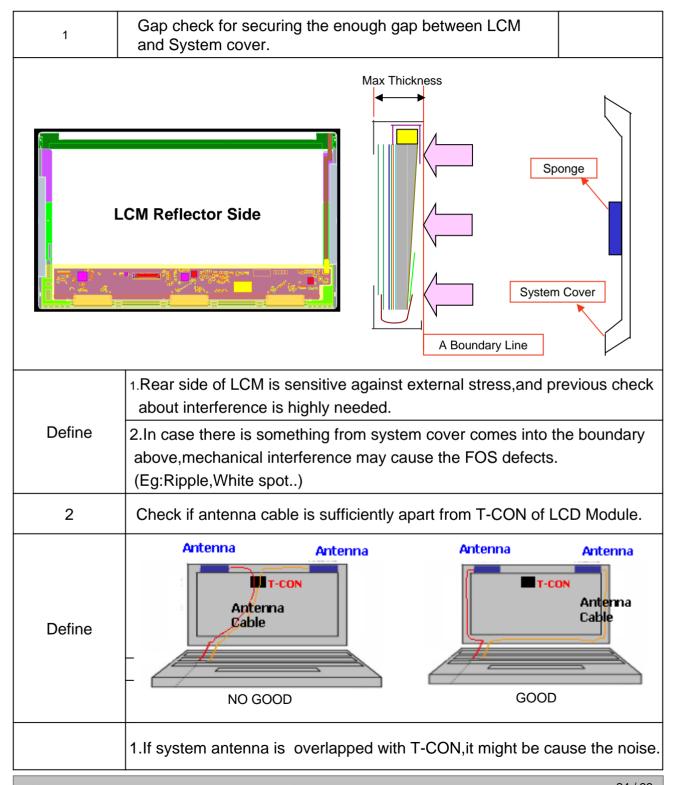
# **Backlight Exploded View. (Appendix)**



No	Part Name	No	Part Name
1	Diffuser Up Sheet	9	LED Housing
2	Prism Up Sheet	10	LED Array
3	Prism Down Sheet	11	Cover Bottom Fixing Double Tape
4	Diffuser Down Sheet	12	LGP Fixing Double Tape
5	Light Guide Panel	13	Panel Fixing Double Tape
6	Reflector	14	Sheet Fixing Pad (4pcs)
7	Supporter Main	15	Screw (2pcs)
8	Cover Bottom		

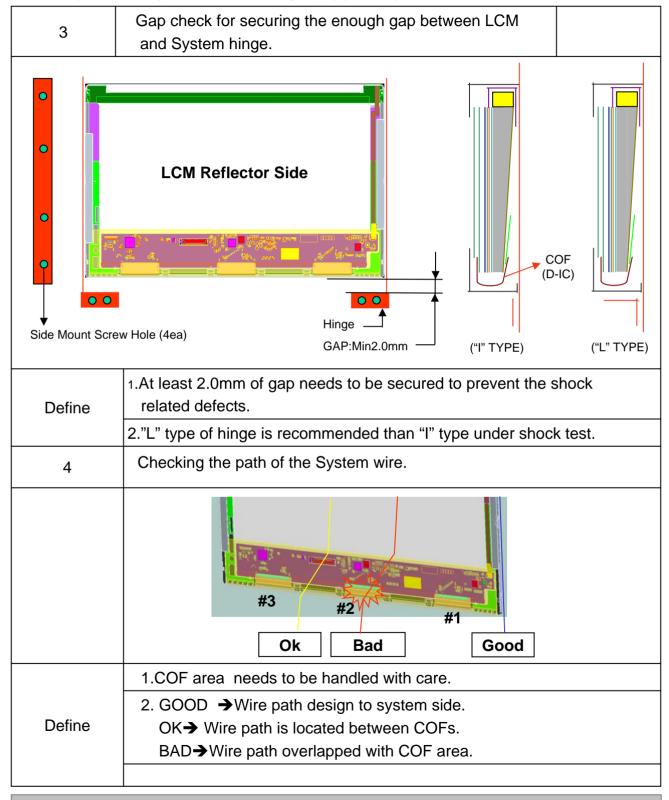


## LGD Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)



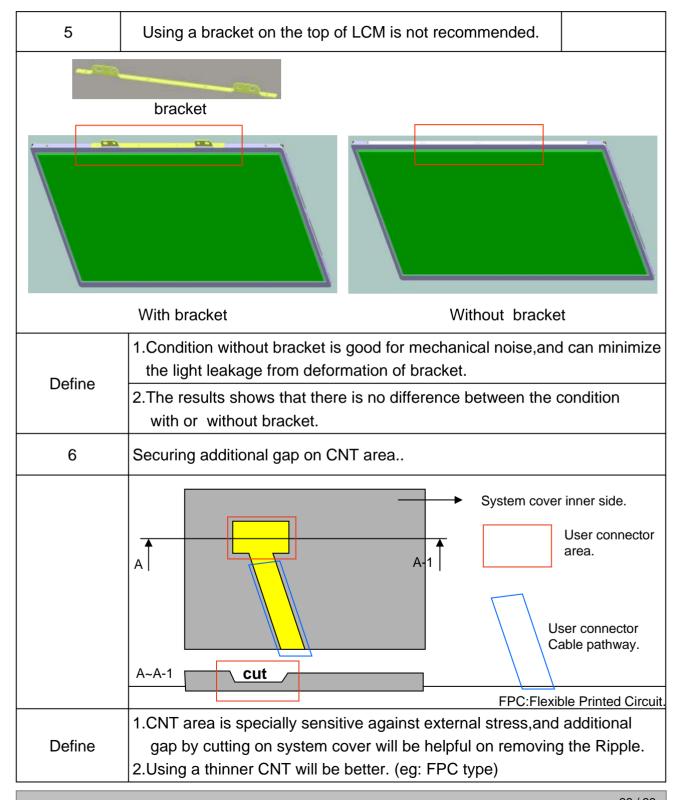


# LGD Proposal for system cover design. (Appendix)





## LGD Proposal for system cover design. (Appendix)





# 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



#### 7. International Standards

## 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



## 8. Packing

## 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

#### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

# 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 30 pcs

b) Box Size : 490 mm  $\times$  390 mm  $\times$  256 mm



#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental

to the polarizer.)

- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm~200mV$  (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3 Ver1,0 LP140WH1−TLA2 EDID Data 2009.05.22

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	۷a	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments	_	EX)	(binary)	
0	00	Header	0	0	0000 0000	
1	01	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
2	02	Header	F	F	1111 1111 1111 1111	
3	03	Header	F	F	1111 1111	Header
<u>4</u> 5	04	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
	05	Header	F	F.	1111 1111	
6	06	Header	"F	F	1111 1111	
7	07	Header	_		0000 0000	
8	08	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) = LGD	3	0	0011 0000	
9	09	Compressed ASCII	Ε	4	1110 0100	
10	0A	Product code	8	В	1000 1011	
11	OB	(Hex, LSB first)	0	1	0000 0001	
12	OC.	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used			0000 0000	Vender/
13	OD.	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used				Product ID
14	0E	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used		0	0000 0000	
15	0F	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used		0	0000 0000	
16	10	Week of Manufacture	0	0	0000 0000	
17	11	Year of Manufacture = 2008	1	2	0001 0010	
18	12	EDID Structure version # = 1	0	1	0000 0001	EDID Version/
19	13	EDID Revision # = 3	٥	3	0000 0011	Revision
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digital I/P,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000	
21	15	Max H image size(cm)=31cm	.1	F	0001 1111	Display
22	16	Max V image size(cm)=17cm	1	.1	0001 0001	Parameter
23	17	Display gamma =22	7	8	0111 1000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	Α	0000 1010	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	4	Ε.	0100 1110	
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	8		1000 0101	
27	1B	Red X = 0,618	9		1001 1110	
28	1C	Red Y = 0,355	5		0101 1011	0-1
29	1D	Green X = 0,335	5	5	0101 0101	Color   Characteristic
30	1E 1F	Green Y = 0,584	9			Cnaracteristic I
31 32	20	Blue X = 0,150 Blue Y = 0,109	2	6	0010 0110 0001 1100	
33	21	White X = 0,313	. <u>1</u> 5	0	0101 0000	
34	22	White Y = 0,329	5	4	0101 0100	
35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Established
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	,	o O	0000 0000	Timings
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(If not used)	0	<b></b>	0000 0000	3-
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used		1	0000 0001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used		1	0000 0001	
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	ŏ	1	0000 0001	
	2A	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	,			
42 43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	,	0000 0001 0000 0001	
	<b></b>	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used		1		Standard
44	2C			1	0000 0001	
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Timing ID
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	.1	0000 0001	
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	.1	0000 0001	
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

		A A. Ellianced Extended Display Identification			j ZiJ
Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments		Value	
(decimal)				(binary)	
54	36	1366×768 @60Hz mode pixel clock (LSB) => 72,3MHz		0011 1110	
55	37	(Stored LSB first)	1 C	0001 1100	
56	38	Horizontal Active = 1366 pixels (lower 8bits)	5 6	0101 0110	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking = 160 pixels (lower 8bits)	AO	1010 0000	
58	3A	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking (upper 4:4bits)		0101 0000	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 768 lines (lower 8bits)		0000 0000	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking = 22 lines (lower 8bits)		0001 0110	
61	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking (upper 4:4bits)		0011 0000	Timing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync, Offset = 48 pixels		0011 0000	
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels		0010 0000	#1
64				0010 0000	•
65	40	Vertical Sync Offset = 3 lines : Sync Width = 5 lines Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0		0011 0101 0000 0000	
	41		~~	0000 0000	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 309,399mm(309)	212	0011 0101	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 173,952mm(173)	A E	1010 1110	
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1 [ U	0001 0000 0000 0000	
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0		0000 0000	
70	46	Vertical Border = 0		0000 0000	
71	47	Non-Interlaced,Normal display,no stereo,Digital separate sync,H/V pol negatives	1 9	0001 1001	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2	0 0	0000 0000	
73	49			0000 0000	
74	4A			0000 0000	
75	4B		n n	0000 0000	
	4C			0000 0000	
76 77	4D			0000 0000	
			0 0	0000 0000	
78	4E			0000 0000	<b>_</b>
79	4F			0000 0000	Timing
80	50			0000 0000	Description
81	51		0 0	0000 0000	<b>\$</b> 2
82	52			0000 0000	
83	53			0000 0000	
84	54		0 0	0000 0000	
85	55		0 0	0000 0000	
86	56		0 0	0000 0000	
87	57			0000 0000	
88	58			0000 0000	
89	59			0000 0000	
90	5A	Datailed Timine Decements #0		0000 0000	
	•	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3		0000 0000	
91	5B			0000 0000	
92	5C			0000 0000 1111 1110	
93	5D				
94	5E		0 0	0000 0000	
95	5F	L	4 C	0100 1100	
96	60	G	4 7	0100 0111	
97	61		2 0	0010 0000	Timing
98	62	D	4 4	0100 0100	Description
99	63	i	6 9	0110 1001	#3
100	64	8	7 3	0111 0011	
101	65	D	7 0	0111 0000	
102	66		6 C	0110 1100	
103	67	A	6 1	0110 0001	
104	68	<u>a</u>		0111 1001	
	69	<u>V</u>		0000 1010	
105		LF	0 A		
106	6A		2 0	0010 0000	
107	6B		2 0	0010 0000	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va Zur		Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)		(HI	<u> </u>	(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4		<u></u>	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E		0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F		F	E	1111 1110	
112	70		0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	L	4	С	0100 1100	
114	72	Р	5	O	0101 0000	
115	73	1	3	1	0011 0001	Timing
116	74	4	3	4	0011 0100	Description
117	75	0	3	0	0011 0000	#4
118	76	W	5	7	0101 0111	
119	77	Н	4	8	0100 1000	
120	78	1	3	1	0011 0001	
121	79	-	2	D	0010 1101	
122	7A	Т	5	4	0101 0100	
123	7B	L	4	C	0100 1100	
124	7C	Ä	4	1	0100 0001	
125	7D	2	3	2	0011 0010	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	ō	ō	0000 0000	xtension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	E	В	1110 1011	