SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

()	Pre	limi	nary S	Speci	fication

) Final S∣	pecificatior
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Title	14.1" WXGA TFT LCD		

Customer	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.		
*MODEL	LP141WX1		
Suffix	TLC4		

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

DATE

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with

your signature and comments.

SIGNATURE	DATE				
S.C. Yun / G.Manager					
REVIEWED BY					
S.R. Kim / Manager					
PREPARED BY					
D. G. Choi / Engineer					
Products Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd					

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Apr. 30. 2007	-	First Draft	V0.0
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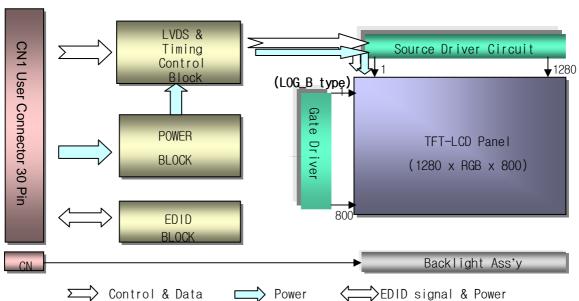


1. General Description

The LP141WX1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 14.1 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(800 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP141WX1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP141WX1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP141WX1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	14.1 inches diagonal			
Outline Dimension	320.0(H) × 206.0(V) × 5.3(D) [mm] (Max.)			
Pixel Pitch	0.2373 mm × 0.2373 mm			
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement			
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors			
Luminance, White	185 cd/m²(Typ.5 point)			
Power Consumption	Total 5.2 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.1Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.1Watt(Typ.)			
(Window Desk Top Pattern)	10ta 3.2 ***att(19p.) & Low Grount 1.1**vatt(19p.), D/L input 4.1**vatt(19p.)			
Weight	400g(Max.), 390g(Typ.)			
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white			
Surface Treatment	Haze44% (ARC150T)			
RoHS Comply	Yes			

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

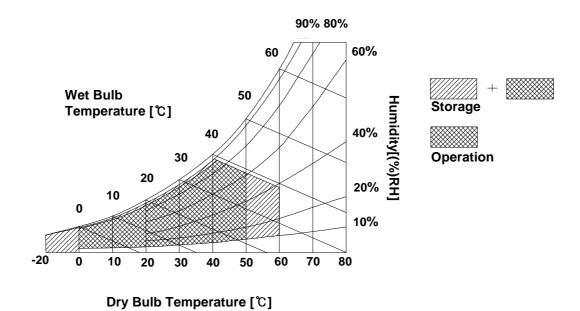
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	Values Units N		Notes	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min Max		Offics	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP141WX1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Unit Notes Symbol Min Тур Max MODULE: Power Supply Input Voltage VCC 3.0 3.3 3.6 $V_{\underline{DC}}$ Power Supply Input Current 390 445 mΑ I_{CC} (window Desk Top Pattern) (345)(395)**Power Consumption** 1.29 1.47 Рс 1 Watt (window Desk Top Pattern) (1.13)(1.30)Differential Impedance Zm 90 100 110 Ohm 2 LAMP Operating Voltage 640(7.0mA) 675(6.0mA) 880(2.0mA) V_{RMS} V_{BL} Operating Current 6.0 7.0 I_{BL} 2.0 mA_RMS Power Consumption PBL 4.1 4.5 65 80 Operating Frequency kHz f_{BL} 50 Discharge Stabilization Time Ts 3 Min 4 Life Time 15,000 Hrs 5 Established Starting Voltage at 25 ℃ V_{RMS} Vs 1180 at 0 ℃ 1400 V_{RMS}

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, $25^{\circ}C$, fv = 60Hz condition whereas full black pattern(Window Desk Top Pattern) is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
 Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.

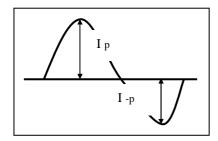
 T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.

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Note)

- 9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%. b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LGC.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	4 lutarface china
6	CIK EEDID	DDC Clock	1, Interface chips 1.1 LCD: THINE,
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	KE5M5U2654 (LCD Controller)
8	R _{IN} 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	including LVDS Receiver (LVDSRX_SPI_UMOD)
9	R _{IN} 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	1.2 System : it must include international
10	GND	Ground	standard LVDS Transmitter.
11	R _{IN} 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
12	R _{IN} 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2. Connector
13	GND	Ground	2.1 LCD : GT101-30S-HR11, LGC or
14	R _{IN} 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	its compatibles 2.2 Mating: FI-X30M or equivalent.
15	R _{IN} 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
16	GND	Ground	
17	CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	30 1
18	CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	<u> </u>
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No Connect	[LCD Module Rear View]
21	NC	No Connect	[LOD Module Real view]
22	GND	Ground	
23	NC	No Connect	
24	NC	No Connect	
25	GND	Ground	
26	NC	No Connect	
27	NC	No Connect	
28	GND	Ground	
29	NC	No Connect	
30	NC	No Connect	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

			. ,
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Pink and the low voltage side terminal is Blue.



3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

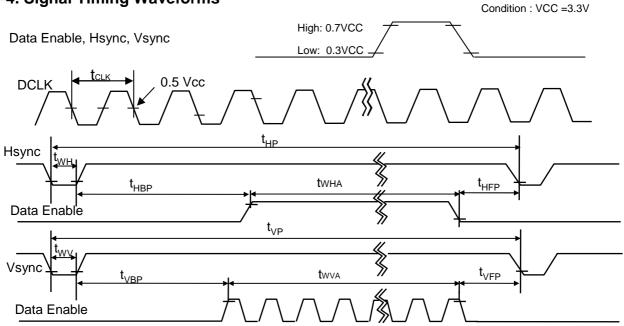
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	65.5	69.3	75.8	MHz	1
	Period	Thp	1352	1405	1488		
Hsync	Width	t _{wH}	16	32	48	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t _{WHA}	1280	1280	1280		
	Period	t _{VP}	808	822	849		
Vsync	Width	t _{wv}	2	6	8	tHP	
	Width-Active	t _{wva}	800	800	800		
	Horizontal back porch	t _{HBP}	40	45	104	tCLK	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t _{HFP}	16	48	56	ICLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t _{VBP}	5	13	35	+UD	
	Vertical front porch	t _{VFP}	1	3	6	tHP	

Note)

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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^{1.} In this documentation, all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP141WX1 has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate(eg. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving mode, whereas LP141WX1 is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40 Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (power save mode).



3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

		Input Color Data																	
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
`	30101	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	.1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																	· · · · · ·		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	 1	1	 1	1	1
	. , ,	1																	



3-6. Power Sequence

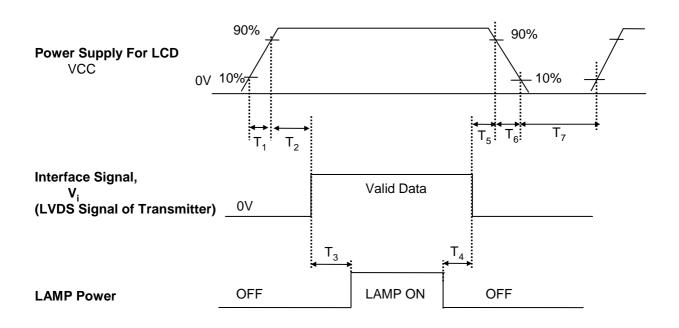


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	-	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	0	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	150	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

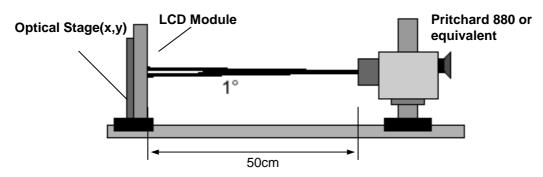


Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, f_{V} =60Hz, f_{CLK} = 69.3MHz, I_{BL} = 6.0mA

Parameter	Cymphol		Values	<u> </u>	Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	-	— 300	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	155	185	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation(5P)		75%	85%			3
Luminance Variation(13P)	δ_{WHITE}	60%				
Response Time						4
Rise Time	Tr _R		5.5	9	ms	
Delay Time	Tr_D	-	10.5	16	ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	0.554	0.584	0.614		
	RY	0.317	0.347	0.377		
GREEN	GX	0.294	0.324	0.354		
	GY	0.512	0.542	0.572		
BLUE	BX	0.128	0.158	0.188		
	BY	0.115	0.145	0.175		
WHITE	WX	0.285	0.313	0.341		+/- 0.028
	WY	0.309	0.329	0.349		+/- 0.020
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	45	-	degree	
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40	45		degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	15	20		degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	35	40		degree	
Gray Scale						6

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Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L_N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \ \dots \ \mathsf{L}_{13})}{\text{Maximum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \ \dots \ \mathsf{L}_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
 - 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
 - 6. Gray scale specification

*
$$f_V = 60Hz$$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.26
L7	1.74
L15	5.66
1.00	12.0
	20.4
L39	35.5
L47	56.5
L55	80.6
L63	100

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FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

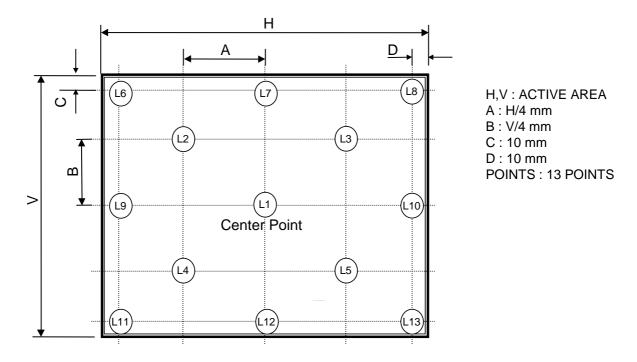
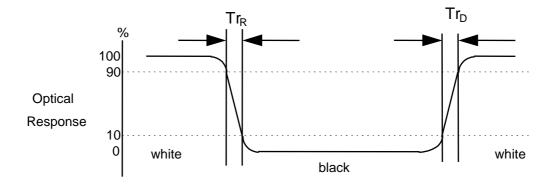


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

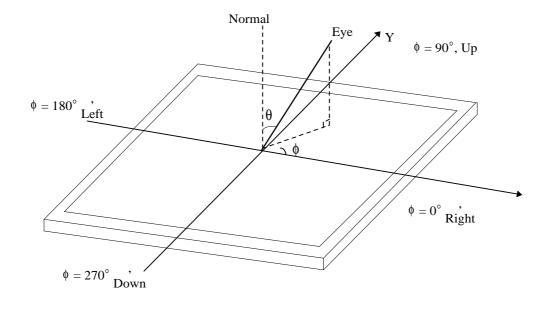


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FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>





5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP141WX1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

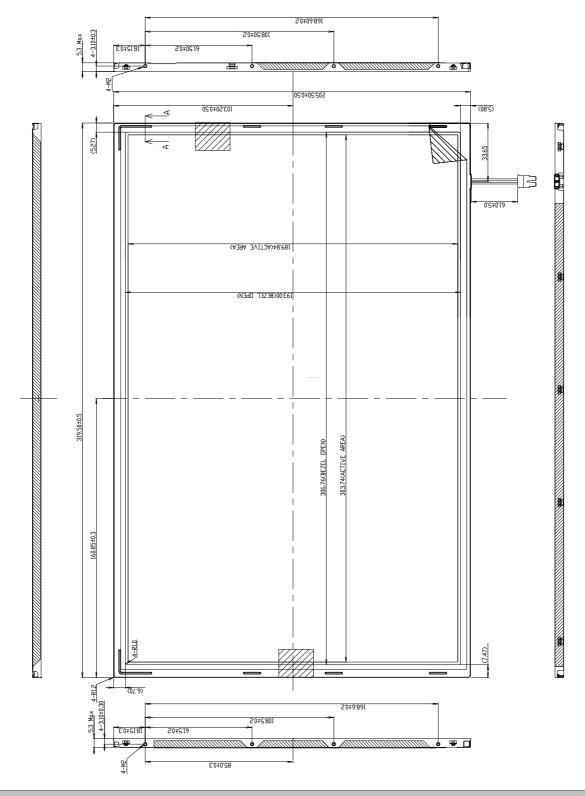
	Horizontal	319.5 ± 0.5mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	205.5 ± 0.5mm				
	Depth	5.3mm (Max.)				
Bezel Area	Horizontal	306.76 ± 0.5mm				
bezei Alea	Vertical	193 ± 0.5mm				
Active Display Area	Horizontal	303.74 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	189.84 mm				
Weight	390g (Typ.) 400g (Max.)					
Surface Treatment	Haze 44% (ARC150T)					

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<FRONT VIEW>

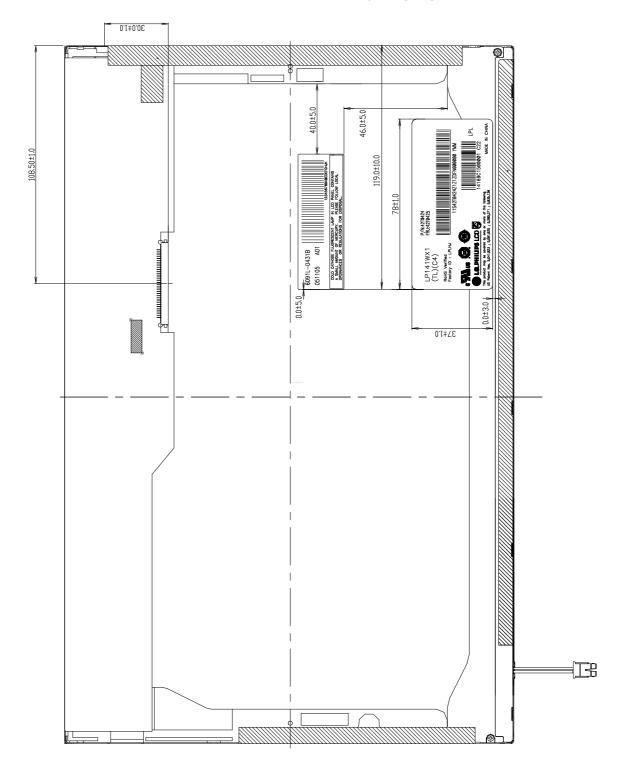
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





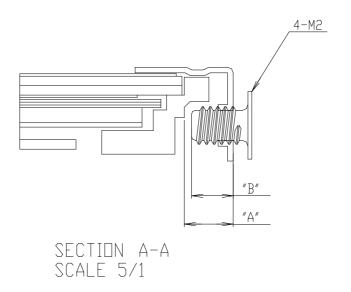
<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]



- *SCREW(8ea) TORQUE : 2.5kgf.cm Max
- *SCREW HOLE DEPTH("A") : Min 2.5mm
- *SCREW PENETRATION LENGTH("B") : Max 2.5, Min 2.3(LPL can't control)

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6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition

IEC 60950: 1999, Third Edition

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

 $A,B,C:SIZE(INCH) \\ D:YEAR$

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

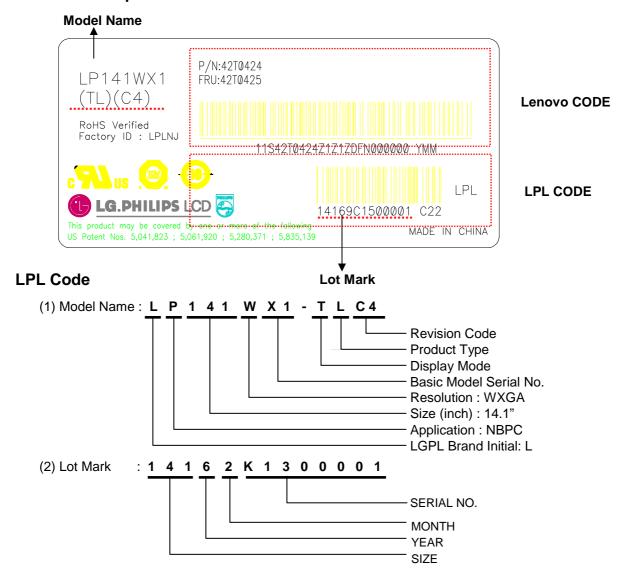
8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size: 430 X 334 X 287



8-3. Label Description



Lenovo Code

1)P/N : 42T0424

2)FRU: 42T0425



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
 - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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LP141WX1-TLC4 EDID Ver. 0.0

2007.04.30

Commons Comm	Byte#	Byte#		Val	ue	Value	
0			Field Name and Comments	(HE	X)	(binary)	Note
2	0		Header	0	0	0000 0000	
3	1	01	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
4	2	02	Header	_	F		
5							Header
6	_				_		
7					_		
8				_	_		
9	-			-	_		
10				•			
11				-			
12			-	•			
13				•			Vondor/
14				_			_
15	_			•			Product ID
16				-	_		
17				•	_		
18				-	_		
19	$\overline{}$			-	$\overline{}$		EDID 11' (
20				•	_		-
Display	$\overline{}$			-	-		nevision
Parameter	$\overline{}$			•	_		Nienlau
17				-	_		
24					_		r dramoto:
Color display, Imming #1)		10		1-1		1110 1010	
26	24	18	Color display, Timing #1) —		А	1110 1010	
27	25	19		-	_		
28				_	_		
29				-			
30				_	_		0-1
31				-			
32 20 Blue Y By = 0.145 2 5 0010 0101 33 21 White X Wx = 0.313 5 0 0101 0000 34 22 White Y Wy = 0.329 5 4 0101 0100 35 23 Established Timing II = 00h(If not used) 0 0 0000 0000 36 24 Established Timing II = 00h(If not used) 0 0 0000 0000 37 25 Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(If not used) 0 0 0 0000 0000 38 26 Standard Timing Identification ID1 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 39 27 Standard Timing Identification ID2 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 40 28 Standard Timing Identification ID2 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 41 29 Standard Timing Identification ID3 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 42 2A Standard Timing Identification ID3 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 43 2B Standard Timing Identification ID3 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 44 2C Standard Timing Identification ID4 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 44 2C Standard Timing Identification ID5 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 46 2E Standard Timing Identification ID5 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 47 2F Standard Timing Identification ID5 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 48 30 Standard Timing Identification ID6 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 49 31 Standard Timing Identification ID6 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 49 31 Standard Timing Identification ID6 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 49 31 Standard Timing Identification ID6 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 50 32 Standard Timing Identification ID7 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 51 33 Standard Timing Identification ID7 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 52 34 Standard Timing Identification ID8 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001				_	_		Characteristic
33 21 White X WX = 0.313 5					_		
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36 24 Established Timing II = 00h(If not used) 0 0 0000 0000 0000	34	22		5	4	0101 0100	
37 25 Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(lf not used) 0 0 0000 0000	35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Established
38 26 Standard Timing Identification ID1 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 39 27 Standard Timing Identification ID1 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 40 28 Standard Timing Identification ID2 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 41 29 Standard Timing Identification ID3 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 42 2A Standard Timing Identification ID3 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 43 2B Standard Timing Identification ID4 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 44 2C Standard Timing Identification ID4 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 45 2D Standard Timing Identification ID5 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 46 2E Standard Timing Identification ID5 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 47 2F Standard Timing Identification ID6 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 48 30 Standard Timing Identification ID7 (01h if	36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Timings
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52 34 Standard Timing Identification ID8 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001				•	_		
	$\overline{}$			•	-		
	53	35	Standard Timing Identification ID8 (01h if not used)	Ō	1	0000 0001	



Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments	Œ	EX)	(binary)	
54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 69.3 MHz @ 60 Hz	1	2	0001 0010	
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	1	В	0001 1011	
56	38	Horizontal Active 1280 pixels	0	0	0000 0000	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thbp) 125 pixels	7	D	0111 1101	
58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thbp)	5	0	0101 0000	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive 800 lines	2	0	0010 0000	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) 22 lines	1	6	0001 0110	
61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvbp)	3	0	0011 0000	Timing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 pixels	3	0	0011 0000	Descriptor
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width 32 pixels	2	0	0010 0000	# 1
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvbp) : Sync Width 3 lines : 6 lines	3	6	0011 0110	
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits	0	0	0000 0000	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size 303 mm	2	F	0010 1111	
67	43	Vertical Image Size 190 mm	В	Е	1011 1110	
68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001 0000	
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	0	0	0000 0000	
70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	0	0	0000 0000	
71	47	Illon-interlaced, Illormal, no stereo, separate sync, H/V pol negatives, DE only note: LSB is set to *1* if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	1	8	0001 1000	
72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 57.75 MHz @ 50 Hz	8	F	1000 1111	
73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	1	6	0001 0110	
74	4A	Horizontal Active 1280 pixels	0	0	0000 0000	
75	4B	Horizontal Blanking(Thbp) 125 pixels	7	D	0111 1101	
76	4C	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thbp)	5	0	0101 0000	
77	4D	Vertical Avtive 800 lines	2	0	0010 0000	
78	4E	Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) 22 lines	1	6	0001 0110	
79	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvbp)	3	0	0011 0000	Timing
80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 pixels	3	0	0011 0000	Description
81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width 32 pixels	2	0	0010 0000	# 2
82	52	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvbp) : Sync Width 3 lines : 6 lines	3	6	0011 0110	
83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits	0	0	0000 0000	
84	54	Horizontal Image Size 303 mm	2	F	0010 1111	
85	55	Vertical Image Size 190 mm	В	Е	1011 1110	
86	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001 0000	
87	57	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	0	0	0000 0000	
88	58	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	0	0	0000 0000	
89	59	Illon-interlaced, Illormal, no stereo, separate sync, H/V pol negatives, DE only note: LSB is set to *1* if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	1	8	0001 1000	
90	5A	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
91	5B	Flag	Ö	0	0000 0000	
92	5C	Flag	ň	n		
93	5D	Data Type Tag (Descriptor Defined by manufacturer)	ō	F	0000 1111	
94	5E	Flag	ŏ	Ö	0000 0000	
95	5F	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31 129	8	1	1000 0001	
96	60	Image Aspect Ratio(15:9) 16:10	ŏ	À	0000 1010	
97	61	Low Refresh Rate #1(50Hz) 50 Hz	3	2	0011 0010	Timing
98	62	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31 129	8	1	1000 0001	Description
99	63	Image Aspect Ratio(16:10) 16:10	ō	À	0000 1010	# 3
100	64	Low Refresh Rate #2(40Hz) 40 Hz	2	8	0010 1000	
101	65	Brightness(1/10nit) 185 nit	1	2	0001 0010	
102	66	Feature flag(TN mode)	0	1	0000 0001	
103	67	Reserved 00h	0	0	0000 0000	
104	68	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) LPL	3	2	0011 0010	
105	69	Compressed ASCII	0	С	0000 1100	
106	6A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code 0104	0	1	0000 0001	
107	6B	(Hex, LSB first)	0	4	0000 0100	



Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Tield Name and Comments		EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F	Data Type Tag (ASCII String)	F	П	1111 1110	
112	70	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	Panel supplier P/N #1 = L	4	0	0100 1100	
114	72	Panel supplier P/N #2 = P	5	0	0101 0000	
115	73	Panel supplier P/N #3 = 1	З	_	0011 0001	Timing
116	74	Panel supplier P/N #4 = 4	σ	4	0011 0100	Description
117	75	Panel supplier P/N #5 = 1	σ	1	0011 0001	#4
118	76	Panel supplier P/N #6 = W	5	7	0101 0111	
119	77	Panel supplier P/N #7 = X	5	8	0101 1000	
120	78	Panel supplier P/N #8 = 1	σ	1	0011 0001	
121	79	Panel supplier P/N #9 = -	2	D	0010 1101	
122	7A	Panel supplier P/N #10 = T	5	4	0101 0100	
123	7B	Panel supplier P/N #11 = L	4	0	0100 1100	
124	7C	Panel supplier P/N #12 = C	4	3	0100 0011	
125	7D	Panel supplier P/N #13 = 4	œ	4	0011 0100	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	2	F	0010 1111	Checksum