SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminai	y Specification
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() Final Specification

Title		15.4" WXGA TFT LCD		
		_		
BUYER	DELL		SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.

BUYER	DELL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LP154W01	
Suffix	TLF2	

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

	APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
_	/	
	1	
	1	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE		
J. H. Lee / S.Manager			
REVIEWED BY			
S.R.Kim / Manager			
PREPARED BY			
B.H.Kim / Engineer			
Product Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd			

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 1 / 27



Contents

No	ITEM		
	COVER	1	
	CONTENTS	2	
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3	
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4	
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5	
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS	6	
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	8	
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	9	
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	9	
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE	10	
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE		
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS	12	
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	16	
6	RELIABLITY	20	
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS		
7-1	SAFETY	21	
7-2	EMC	21	
8	PACKING		
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	22	
8-2	PACKING FORM	22	
9	PRECAUTIONS	23	
А	APPENDIX. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data	25	



RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Jun .26., 2006	-	First Draft	0.0
0.1	Oct. 02, 2006	18	Revision Explanation Added	
0.2	Jan.26, 2007	8,9,12,22,2 5~27	Update BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION, Timing, Color Coordinates, Packing, EDID	0.0
				
				<u> </u>
[<u> </u>
				[

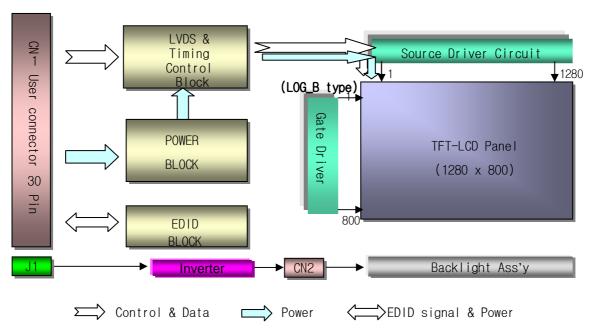


1. General Description

The LP154W01 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(1280 horizontal by 800 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154W01 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154W01 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154W01(TLF2) characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H) × 222.0 (V) × 6.5(D, max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.25875 mm × 0.25875 mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. by 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	200 cd/m ² (Min.) , 5 point
Power Consumption	Total 5.82 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.4Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.42 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	550g (Typ) w/o inverter
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Glare(2H)

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 4 / 27



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

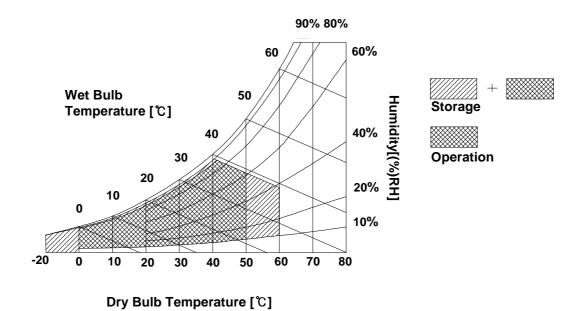
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Max	Offics	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 5 / 27



3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154W01(TLF2)requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Unit Parameter Symbol Notes Min Max Тур MODULE: Power Supply Input Voltage VCC 3.3 3.0 3.6 V_{DC} Power Supply Input Current 360 420 480 mΑ I_{CC} Watt **Power Consumption** Рс 1.4 1.6 1 Differential Impedance 100 110 Ohm 2 Zm 90 LAMP : 680 835 670 Operating Voltage V_{BL} 3 V_{RMS} (6.8mA) (6.5mA)(3.0mA) 3.0 6.5 6.8 **Operating Current** $\mathsf{mA}_{\mathsf{RMS}}$ 4 I_{BL} **Power Consumption** 4.42 4.73 P_{BL} 9 **Operating Frequency** 60 80 kHz 45 7 f_{BL} Discharge Stabilization Time 3 Min 5 Ts Life Time 15,000 Hrs 6 Established Starting Voltage 8 at 25 ℃ Vs 1170 V_{RMS} at 0 °C 1400 V_{RMS}

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, $25^{\circ}C$, fv = 60Hz condition whereas full black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is \pm 10%.
- 4. The typical operating current $\,$ is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
- 5. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 7. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.

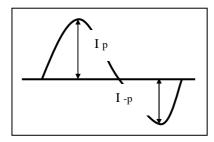
 Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 8. The voltage above VS should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 6 / 27



Note)

- Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 7 / 27



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model MDF76LBRW-30S-1H manufactured by Hirose.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	1.1 LCD: KE5M5U2518(LCD Controller) including LVDS Receiver
6	CIK EEDID	DDC Clock	1.2 System : THC63LVD63A or equivalent
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	* Pin to Pin compatible with S/W LVDS
8	R _{IN} 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2. Connector
9	R _{IN} 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.1 LCD : MDF76LBRW-30S-1H,Hirose or
10	GND	Ground	FI-XB30SRL-HF11, JAE
11	R _{IN} 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	equivalent. Locking design 2.2 Mating: FI-X30M or equivalent.
12	R _{IN} 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
13	GND	Ground	
14	R _{IN} 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	30 1
15	R _{IN} 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
16	GND	Ground	
17	CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
18	CLKIN+	Negative LVDS differential clock input	[LOD Woodle Real View]
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No connect	
21	NC	No connect	
22	NC	No connect	
23	NC	No connect	
24	NC	No connect	
25	NC	No connect	
26	NC	No connect	
27	NC	No connect	
28	NC	No connect	
29	NC	No connect	
30	NC	No connect	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

			. ,
Pin Symbol Description		Notes	
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Dark Gray and the low voltage side terminal is yellow.



3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

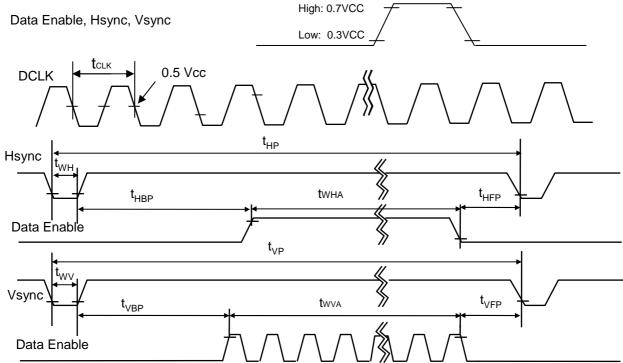
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	66.9	72.25	75.4	MHz	
	Period		1380	1440	1496		
Hsync	Width	twn	16	32	40	tclk	
	Active	twha	1280	1280	1280		
	Period	tvp	808	823	840		
Vsync	Width	tw∨	2	6	10	tHP	
	Active	twva	800	800	800		
	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	68	80	120	tour	
Data	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	48	56	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	tvbp	5	15	24	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	tvfp	1	2	6	I IHP	

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms

Condition : VCC =3.3V



Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 9 / 27



3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
`	Coloi		3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	.1	. 1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED		ļ									 						 		,
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN											 								
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE					• • • • • • •				• • • • •		 						 		• • • • •
	BLUE (62)	0	 0	0	0		0	 0	0	0	0	0		1	 1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	 0	 0					 0			ٽ	 0	0		 1	: 1	<u>:</u>	: 1	ĭ 1
	1 0 - (00)	<u> </u>						L											

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 10 / 27



3-6. Power Sequence

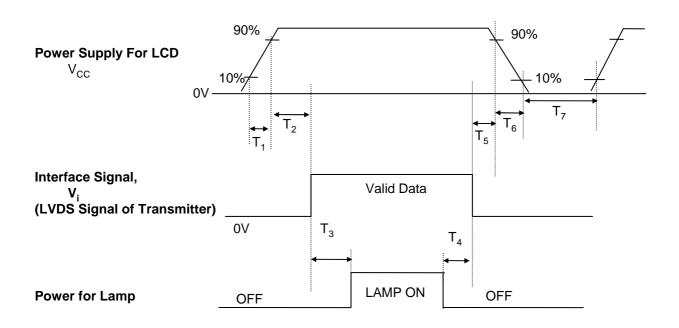


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min. Typ. Max.			
T ₁	0.5	•	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

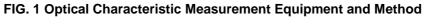
- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



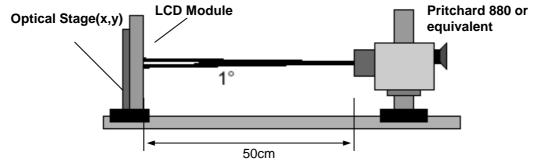


Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, f_{V} =60.9Hz, f_{CLK} = 72.25MHz, lout = 6.5mA

Parameter	Cumbal		Values		Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	-	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	200		[cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}	-	1.8	2.0		3
Response Time]					4
Rise Time+Decay Time	$Tr_{R+}Tr_{D}$		16	25	ms	
Color Coordinates]					±0.03
RED	RX	0.567	0.597	0.627		
	RY	0.317	0.347	0.377		
GREEN	GX	0.298	0.328	0.358		
	GY	0.520	0.550	0.580		
BLUE	BX	0.129	0.159	0.189		
	BY	0.108	0.138	0.168		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40			degree	
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40		-	degree	
y axis, up (Φ =90°)	Θu	15	-		degree	
y axis, down (Φ =270 $^{\circ}$)	Θd	30	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 12 / 27



Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the 5point (1~5) average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When I_{BL} = 6.5mA, L_{WH} =200cd/m²(min.)
- 3. Luminance % uniformity is measured for 13 point For more information see FIG 2. δ WHITE = Maximum(LN1,LN2, LN13) ÷ Minimum(LN1,LN2, LN13)
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

* f_{\/}=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.1
L7	1.66
L15	6.16
L23	13.2
L31	22.3
L39	35.6
L47	53.1
L55	74.4
L63	100



FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

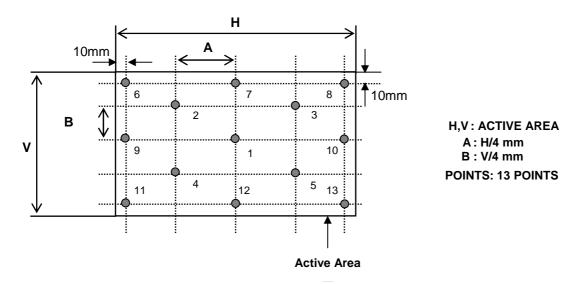
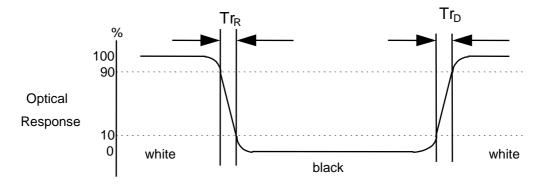


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

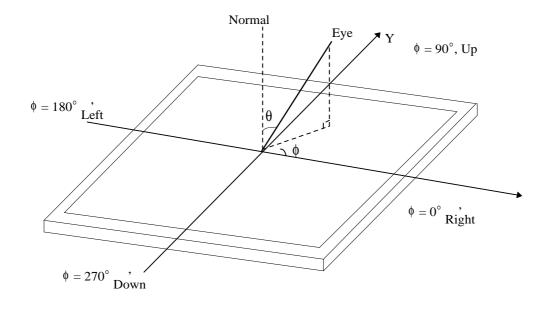


Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 14 / 27



FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>



Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 15 / 27



5. Mechanical Characteristics

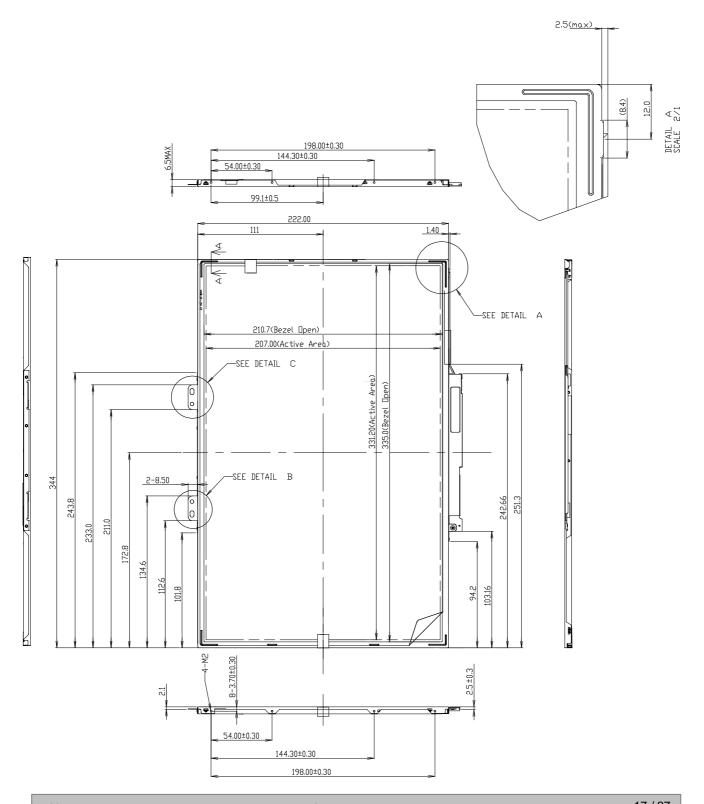
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154W01(TLF2). In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	222.0 ± 0.5mm			
	Depth	6.2 ± 0.3mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	335.0 ± 0.5mm			
bezei Alea	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.2 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.0 mm			
Weight	550g (Typ), 565(Max) w/o inverter				
Surface Treatment	Glare(2H)				



<FRONT VIEW>

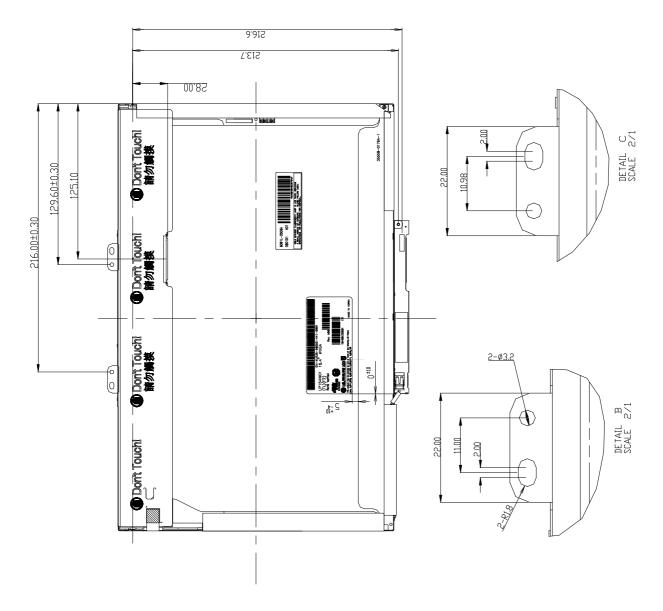
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm



*** PPID Label revision:**

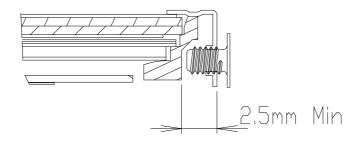
It is subject to change with Dell event. Please refer to the below table for detail.

Classification	SSI	PT	ST	QT
No Change	X00	X10	X20	A00
1st Revision	X01	X11	X21	A01
2nd Revision	X02	X12	X22	A02
3rd Revision	X03	X13	X23	A03

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 18 / 27



[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]



SECTION H1-H1

*SCREW(8EA) TORQUE: 2.5kgf.cm max *Screw Hole Depth: 2.5mm min *Screw Length: max 2.5, min2.0

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm

19 / 27 Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007



6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	- No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module - No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

[{] Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 20 / 27



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R. "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 22 / 27



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

Ver. 0.0 Jan, 26, 2007 23 / 27



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
 - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Ver. 0.0 Jan. 26, 2007 24 / 27



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

	L	.P154W01-TLF2 E-EDID DATA (ve	er0.0)			2006-09-19
Byte#	Byte#		1/2	lue	\/a	lue	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments	_	EX)		ary)	
0	00	Header	0	0	0000	0000	
1	01	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
2	02	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
3	03	Header	F	F	1111	1111	Header
4	04	Header	<u>F</u>	E	1111	1111	
5	05	Header	F	F.	1111	1111	
<u>6</u> 7	06 07	Header Header	F 0	F 0	0000	1111 0000	
8	08	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) = LPL	3	2	0011	0010	
9	09	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASCII)	0	C	0000	1100	
10	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	0	0	0000	0000	
11	0B	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	C	C	1100	1100	
12	OC	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Vender/
13	0D	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Product ID
14	0E	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	1.0000115
15	0F	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	
16	10	Week of Manufacture = 00	0	0	0000	0000	
17	11	Year of Manufacture = 2006	1	0	0000	0000	
18	12	EDID Structure version # = 1	0	1	0000	0001	EDID Version/
19	13	EDID Revision # = 3	0	3	0000	0011	Revision
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digital I/P,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000	0000	
21	15	Max H image size(cm) = 33.12cm(33)	2	1	0010	0001	Display
22	16	Max V image size(cm) = 20.70cm(21)	1	5	0001	0101	Parameter
23	17	Display gamma =2.2	7	8	0111	1000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	Α	0000	1010	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	0	F	0000	1111	
<u>26</u> 27	1A 1B	Blue/White Low Bits Red X = 0.590	1 9	<u>0</u> 7	0001 1001	0000 0111	
<u>21</u>	1C	Red Y = 0.344	5	8	0101	1000	
29	1D	Green X = 0.324	5	2	0101	0010	Color
30	1E	Green Y = 0.535	8	8	1000	1000	Characteristic
31	1F	Blue X = 0.157	2	8	0010	1000	
32	20	Blue Y = 0.138	2	3	0010	0011	
33	21	White X = 0.313	5	0	0101	0000	
34	22	White Y = 0.329	5	4	0101	0100	
35	23	Established timings 1 (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Established
36	24	Established timings 2 (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Timings
37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
39 40	27 28	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
40	28 29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
		Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used			0000		
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Ctonderd
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Standard
<u>45</u>	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Timing ID
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
50 51	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
51 50	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Value		Value		
(decimal)	(HEX)	TION THAT IS AND CONTINUE	(HEX)		(binary)		
54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB)	3	9	0011	1001	
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) / 1280 x 800 @ 60Hz pixel clock = 72	1	С	0001	1100	
56	38	Horizontal Active = 1280 pixels	0	0	0000	0000	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking = 160 pixels	Α	0	1010	0000	
58	3A	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking = 1280: 160	5	0	0101	0000	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 800 lines	2	0	0010	0000	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking = 23 lines	1	7	0001	0111	Detailed
61	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking = 800: 23	3	0	0011	0000	Timing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset = 48 pixels	3	0	0011	0000	Description
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2	0	0010	0000	#1
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset = 2 lines : Sync Width = 6 lines	2	6	0010	0110	
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 331.2mm	4	В	0100	1011	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 207.0mm	С	F	1100	1111	
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001	0000	
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V pol ne	1	9	0001	1001	
72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB)	3	9	0011	1001	
73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) / 1280 x 800 @ 60Hz pixel clock = 72	1	С	0001	1100	
74	4A	Horizontal Active = 1280 pixels	0	0	0000	0000	
75	4B	Horizontal Blanking = 160 pixels	Α	0	1010	0000	
76	4C	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking = 1280: 160	5	0	0101	0000	
77	4D	Vertical Avtive = 800 lines	2	0	0010	0000	
78	4E	Vertical Blanking = 23 lines	1	7	0001	0111	Detailed
79	4F	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking = 800: 23	3	0	0011	0000	Timing
80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset = 48 pixels	3	0	0011	0000	Description
81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2	0	0010	0000	#2
82	52	Vertical Sync Offset = 2 lines : Sync Width = 6 lines	2	6	0010	0110	
83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
84	54	Horizontal Image Size = 331.2mm	4	В	0100	1011	
85	55	Vertical Image Size = 207.0mm	С	E.	1100	1111	
86	56	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size		0	0001	0000	
87	57	Horizontal Border = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
88	58	Vertical Border = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
89	59	Module "A" Revision = 00	0	0	0000	0000	
90	5A	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
91	5 <u>B</u>	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
92	5C	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
93	5D	Dummy Descriptor	F	Ē	1111	1110	
94	5E	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
95	5F	Dell P/N 1st Character = X	5	8	0101	1000	
96	60	Dell P/N 2nd Character = U	5	5	0101	0101	Detailed
97	61	Dell P/N 3nd Character = 2	3	2	0011	0010	Timing
98	62	Dell P/N 4th Character = 3	3	3	0011	0011	Description
99	63	Dell P/N 5th Character = 5	3	5	0011	0101	#3
100	64	LCD Supplier EEDID Revision #= 0	0	0	0000	0000	
101	65	Manufacturer P/N = 1	3	1_	0011	0001	
102	66	Manufacturer P/N = 5	3	5	0011	0101	
103	67	Manufacturer P/N = 4	3	4	0011	0100	
104	68	Manufacturer P/N = W	5	7	0101	0111	
105	69	Manufacturer P/N = 0	3	0	0011	0000	
106	6A CD	Manufacturer P/N = 1	3	1	0011	0001	
107	6B	P/N(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remai	U	Α	0000	1010	



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments		lue	Value		
(decimal)	(HEX)	Flora Hairb and Commonic	(HEX)		(binary)		
108	6C	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
109	6D	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
110	6E	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
111	6F	Data Type Tag: ASCII String	F	Ε	1111	1110	
112	70	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
113	71	SMBUS Value = 10 nits	1	F	0001	1111	
114	72	SMBUS Value = 17 nits	2	D	0010	1101	Detailed
115	73	SMBUS Value = 24 nits	3	Α	0011	1010	Timing
116	74	SMBUS Value = 30 nits	4	5	0100	0101	Description
117	75	SMBUS Value = 60 nits	6	5	0110	0101	#4
118	76	SMBUS Value = 110 nits	8	С	1000	1100	
119	77	SMBUS Value = 150 nits	Α	В	1010	1011	
120	78	SMBUS Value = Max (Typically = FFh)	F	F	1111	1111	
121	79	Number of LVDS receiver chips = 1 or 2	0	1	0000	0001	
122	7A	BIST Enable: Yes = '01' No = '00'	0	1	0000	0001	
123	7B	char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char	0	Α	0000	1010	
124	7C	(If<13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah)	2	0	0010	0000	
125	7D	(If<13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah)	2	0	0010	0000	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000	0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	С	7	1100	0111	Checksum