

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	) Preliminary Specification
( •	) Final Specification

Title	15.4" WSXGA+ TFT LCD
ritie	

BUYER	LENOVO / COMPAL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD CO., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP154W02
SUFFIX	TL09

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
Please return 1 copy for your	confirmation with

your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE				
S.C.Yun / S.Manager					
REVIEWED BY					
Y.S.Ha / Manager					
PREPARED BY					
S.H.Jang / Engineer					
Product Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd					

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 1 / 29



NO.	ITEM			
-	COVER			
-	CONTENTS			
-	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3		
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4		
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5		
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS			
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	6		
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	8		
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	10		
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS			
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERENCE	12		
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	13		
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	14		
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	18		
6	RELIABILITY	22		
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS			
7-1	SAFETY	23		
7-2	EMC			
8	PACKING			
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	24		
8-2	PAKING FORM	24		
8-3	LABEL DESCRIPTION	25		
9	PRECAUTIONS	26		

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 2 / 29



## **RECORDS OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
1.0	Aug.08.2006	-	First Draft	0.0
2.0	Nov.15.2006	p.20	Change Lenovo ID Label Drawing	0.0
		p.25	Change Lenovo ID Label Description	0.0
ļ				
<b> </b>				
ļ				

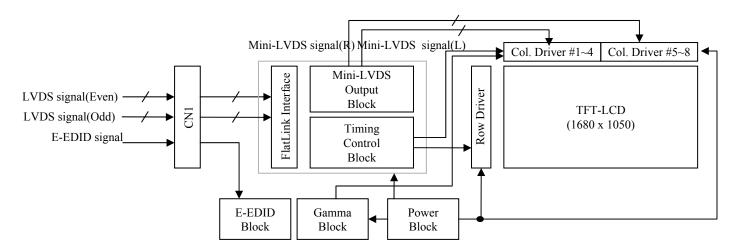


#### 1. General Description

The LP154W02(TL09) is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WSXGA+ resolution(1680 vertical by 1050 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154W02(TL09) has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. Flat Link must be used as a LVDS(Low Voltage Differential Signaling) chip.

The LP154W02(TL09) is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154W02(TL09) characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active screen size	15.4 inches diagonal			
Outline Dimension	344.0(H)[typ.] x 222.0(V)[typ.] x 6.5(D) mm[Max.]			
Pixel Pitch	0.19725 mm x 0.19725mm			
Pixel format	1680 horiz. By 1050 vert. Pixels RGB stripes arrangement			
Color depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors			
Luminance, white	180 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.), 5p average			
Power Consumption	5.85 (Typ.)			
Weight	560 g (Max.)			
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, normally white			
Surface treatments	Glare treatment of the front polarizer, HAZE(0%)			
I .	1			

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 4 / 29



### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

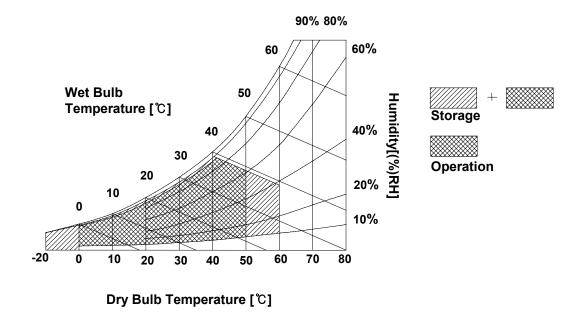
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause operation or damage to the unit.

**Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** 

Doromotor	ay mala al	Values		Linita	Notes	
Parameter	symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	At 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H <sub>OP</sub>	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	H <sub>ST</sub>	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.



Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 5 / 29



### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154W02(TL09) requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
raiailietei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Office	Notes
MODULE Power Supply Input Voltage Power Supply Input Current Differential Impedance Power Consumption	V <sub>cc</sub> I <sub>cc</sub> Zm P <sub>c</sub>	3.0 - 90	3.3 530 100 1.75	3.6 660 110 2.18	Vdc mA ohm Watts	1 2 1
LAMP Operating Voltage Operating Current Established Starting Voltage at 25 °C at 0 °C Operating Frequency Discharge Stabilization Time Power Consumption Life Time	V <sub>BL</sub> I <sub>BL</sub> V <sub>S</sub> f <sub>BL</sub> T <sub>S</sub> P <sub>BL</sub>	675 3.0 - - 40 - 12,000	690 6.0 - - 60 4.1 -	830 6.5 1200 1500 80 3 4.55	V <sub>RMS</sub> mA  V <sub>RMS</sub> V <sub>RMS</sub> kHz Minutes Watts Hrs	3 4 5 6 7 8

#### Note: The design of the inverter must have specification for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.

When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- 1. The specified typical current and power consumption are under the  $V_{CC}$ =3.3V, 25°C,fv=60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
  - The specified max current and power consumption are under the VCC=3.3V, 25°C,fv=60Hz condition whereas black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured from LVDS T<sub>x</sub> to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm$  10%.
- 4. The voltage above  $V_S$  should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.

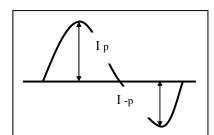
Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 6 / 29



- 5. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
  Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 6. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
  T<sub>S</sub> is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 8. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at  $25 \pm 2$ °C.
- 9. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
  If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 10. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.

It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
- \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



\* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_{p} - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

\* Distortion rate

$$I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 7 / 29



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

Interface chip must be used FlatLink, part No. THC63LVDF823A(Transmitter made by Thine Inc. or equivalence.

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30-pin-connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SR-HF11 manufactured by JAE or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(LVDS)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	GND Vcc Vcc VEDID NC CLKEDID DATAEDID Odd_A1M Odd_A1P GND Odd_A2P GND Odd_A3M Odd_A3P GND Odd_CLKM Odd_CLKP GND Even_A1M Even_A1P GND Even_A2P GND Even_A2P GND Even_A3M Even_A3P GND Even_A3M Even_A3P GND Even_A3M Even_A3P GND Even_CLKM	Ground Power(3.3V) Power(3.3V) DDC 3.3V Power No connect DDC clock DDC data Differential Signal Differential Signal Ground Differential Signal Differential Signal Ground Differential Signal	1. Interface chips 1.1 LCD : DTML012(LCD Controller)



The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible .

The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

#### **Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION**

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1 2	HV LV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side) Power supply for lamp	1 1
		(Low voltage side)	

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored White, The low voltage side terminal is blue.

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 9 / 29



## 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS Transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

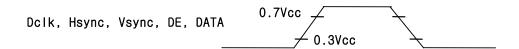
Table 6. Timing Table

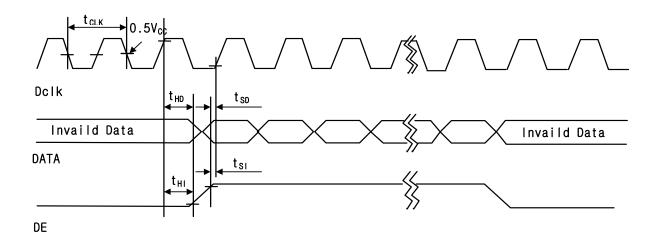
	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTES
	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	55	61	69	MHz	
Dclk	Width-Low	t <sub>WCL</sub>	3	-	-	ns	
DCIK	Width-High	t <sub>wch</sub>	3	-	-	ns	
	Duty		0.4	0.5	0.6		$D = t_{CLKH} / t_{CLK}$
	Period	t <sub>HP</sub>	864	952	1288		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>wH</sub>	8	-	-	t <sub>HP</sub>	
\/a	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	1057	1066	1082	t <sub>HP</sub>	
Vsync	Width active	t <sub>wv</sub>	1		-	t <sub>HP</sub>	
	Set up Time	t <sub>sı</sub>	3	-	-	ns	For Dclk
	Hold Time	t <sub>HI</sub>	3	-	-	113	
DE	Horizontal Back Porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	8	-	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
	Horizontal Front Porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	8	-	-		
	Vertical Back Porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	5	-	-	t <sub>HP</sub>	
	Vertical Front Porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	1	-	-		
DATA	Set up Time	t <sub>SD</sub>	3	-	-	ns	For Dclk
DATA	Hold Time	t <sub>HD</sub>	3	-	-	115	1 OI DOIK
Input	High	t <sub>rH</sub>	0.7Vcc				·
Voltage	Low	t <sub>rL</sub>			0.3Vcc		

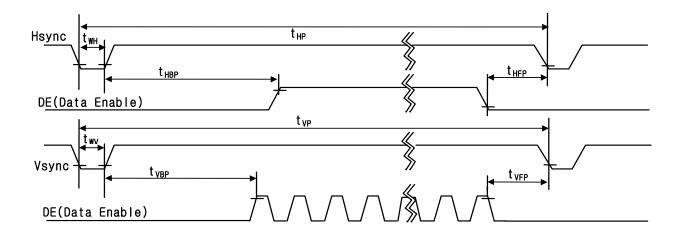
Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 10 / 29



## 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms







Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 11 / 29



## 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

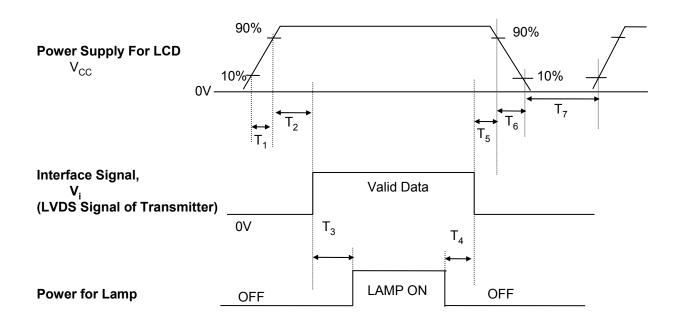
The brightness of each primary color(red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	ut Co	lor D	ata							
	Color	MSE	3	Re	ed		LSB	MSI	3	Gre	een		LSB	MSE	3	BI	ue		LSB
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	ВО
Basic Colors	Black Red(63) Green(63) Blue(63) Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0
Red	Red(00) Dark Red(01) Red(02) : Red(61) Red(62) Red(63) Bright	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0
Green	Green(00)Dark Green(01) Green(02) : Green(61) Green(62) Green(63)Bright	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0
Blue	Blue(00) Dark Blue(01) Blue(02) : Blue(61) Blue(62) Blue(63) Bright	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0 1									



### 3-6. Power Sequence



	Values		Units
Min. Typ.		Max.	Offics
-	-	10	ms
200	-	50 -	ms ms
200 0	- -	- 50	ms ms
- 400	- -	10 -	ms ms
	- 0 200 200 0 -	Min. Typ.  0 - 200 - 200 - 0	Min. Typ. Max.  10 0 - 50 200 200 0 - 50 - 10

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD  $V_{\rm CC}$  to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 13 / 29

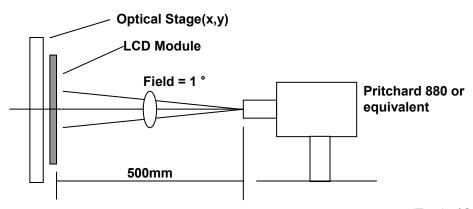


### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

### FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
raiailletei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offics	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	-	400	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	$L_WH$	150	180		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance % uniformity	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	-	2.0		3
Response Time	Tr					4
Rise Time + Decay Time	$Tr_{R+}Tr_{D}$	-	25	40	ms	
CIE Color Coordinates Red Green Blue White	XR YR XG YB XB YW YW	0.560 0.315 0.296 0.514 0.127 0.111 0.283 0.299	0.590 0.345 0.326 0.544 0.157 0.141 0.313 0.329	0.620 0.375 0.356 0.574 0.187 0.171 0.343 0.359		±0.03
Viewing Angle x axis, right(φ=0°) x axis, left (φ=180°) y axis, up (φ=90°) y axis, down (φ=270°)	θr θl θu θd	60 60 50 50			degree	5
Gray Scale	-	-	2.2	-		6

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 14 / 29



Notes: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- Surface luminance is the 5point (1~5)average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.
   When I<sub>BL</sub>= 6.0mA, L<sub>WH=</sub>180cd/m<sup>2</sup>(typ.)
- 3. Luminance % uniformity is measured for 13 point For more information see FIG 2. δ WHITE = Maximum(LN1,LN2, ..... LN13) ÷ Minimum(LN1,LN2, ..... LN13)
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black(Rise Time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

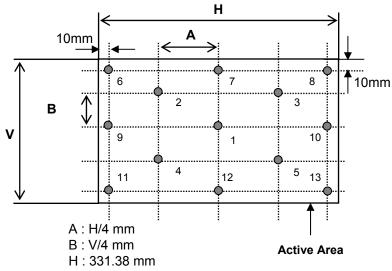
\* fv=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance(%) (Typ.)
L0	0.12
L7	0.98
L15	3.78
L23	9.95
L31	19.6
L39	32.8
L47	50.1
L55	71.8
L63	100



#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for luminance variation/surface luminance>

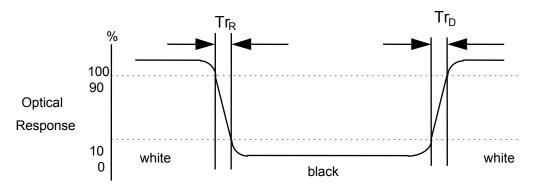


V: 207.11 mm

@ H,V: Active Area

#### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

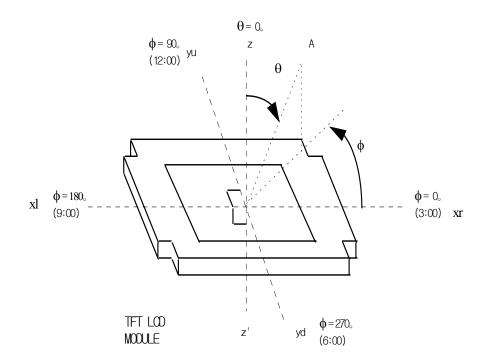


16 / 29 Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006



## FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<dimension of viewing angle range>



A: Eye of Observer



### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154W02(TL09). In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

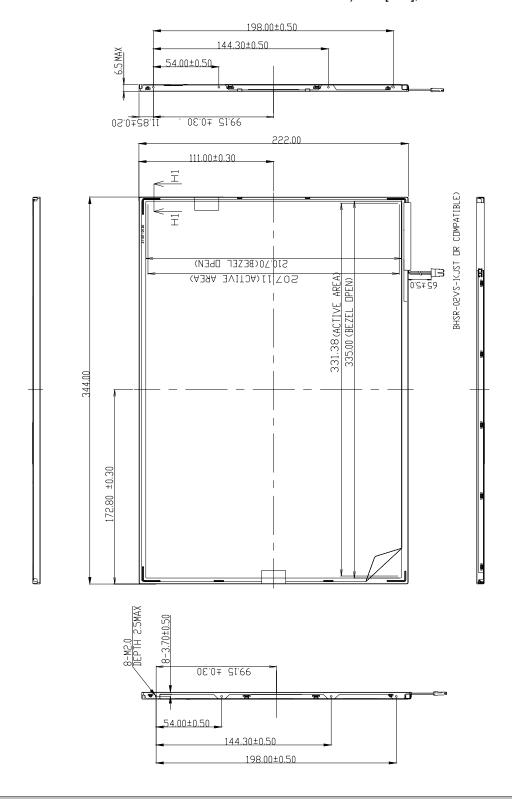
	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm			
Outside dimensions	Vertical	222.0 ± 0.5mm			
	Depth	6.2 <sup>mm</sup> (Typ), 6.5 <sup>mm</sup> (Max)			
Donal area	Horizontal	335.0± 0.5mm			
Bezel area	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm			
Active display area	Horizontal	331.38mm			
Active display area	Vertical	207.11mm			
Weight(approximate)	560g(Max)				
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer, HAZE(0%)				

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 18 / 29



<FRONT VIEW>

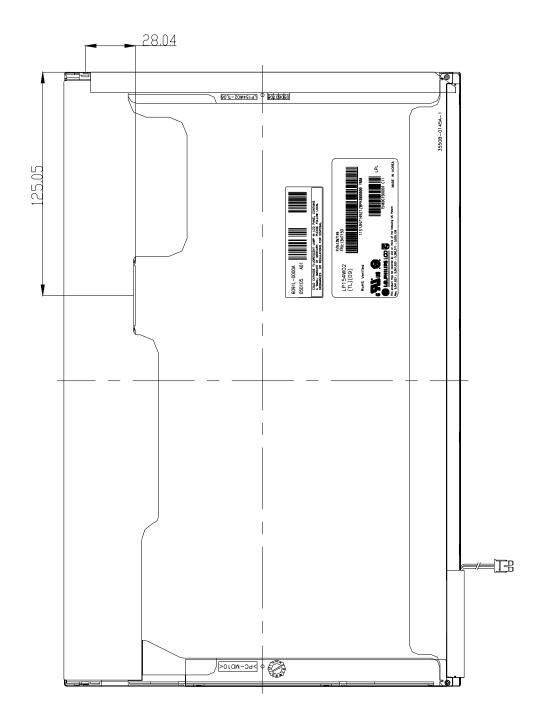
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





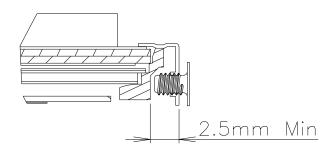
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm

<REAR VIEW>





#### <DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW>



SECTION H1-H1

\*SCREW(8EA) TORQUE : 2.5kgf.cm max

\*Screw Hole Depth: 2.5mm min

\*Screw Length: max 2.5, min2.0

Note. unspecified dimensional tolerance are +/-0.5mm

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 21 / 29



## 6. Reliability

### Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each face (i.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3,048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)

### { Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 22 / 29



#### 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R. "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 23 / 29



## 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C:SIZE(INCH) D:YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

### 8-2. Packing Form

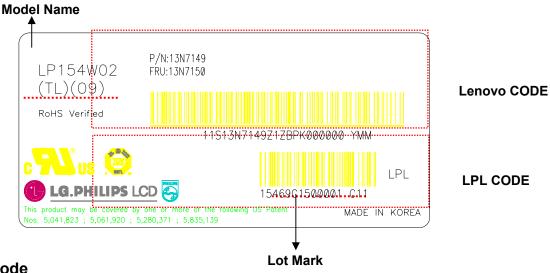
a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

b) Box Size: 441mm ×373mm × 348mm

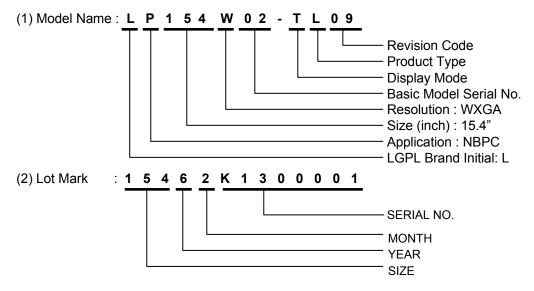
Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 24 / 29



### 8-3. Label Description



### **LPL Code**



#### **Lenovo Code**

1)P/N: 13N7149

2)FRU: 13N7150

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 25 / 29



#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
  - And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.

  Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 26 / 29



#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 27 / 29



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

Byte#	Byte#		Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments		ΞX)	(binary)	
0	00	Header	Ō	_	0000 0000	
1	01	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
2	02	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
3	03	Header	F	F	1111 1111	Header
4	04	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
5	05	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
6	06	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
7	07	Header	0	0	0000 0000	
8	08	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) = LPL	3	2	0011 0010	
9	09	Compressed ASCII	0	C	0000 1100	
10	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	7	9	0111 1001	
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)	1	4	0001 0100	
12	00	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Vender/
13	0D	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Product ID
14	0E	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
15	0F	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
16	10	Week of Manufacture = 00	0	0	0000 0000	
17	11	Year of Manufacture = 2005	0	F	0000 1111	
18	12	EDID Structure version #= 1	0	1	0000 0001	EDID Version/
19	13	EDID Revision #= 2	0	2	0000 0010	Revision
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digital I/P,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000	
21	15	Max H image size(cm)=33.138cm(33)	2	1	0010 0001	Display
22	16	Max V image size(cm)=20.711cm(21)	1	5	0001 0101	Parameter
23	17	Display gamma =2.2	7	8	0111 1000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	Α	0000 1010	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	1	9	0001 1001	
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	4	5	0100 0101	
27	1B	Red X = 0.590	9	7	1001 0111	
28	1C	Red Y = 0.345	5	8	0101 1000 0101 0011	Colon
29 30	1D 1E	Green X = 0.326 Green Y = 0.544	8	В	1000 1011	Color Characteristic
31	1F	Blue X = 0.157	2	8	0010 1000	Characteristic
32	20	Blue Y = 0.141	2	4	0010 0100	
33	21	White X = 0.313	5	0	0101 0000	
34	22	White Y = 0.329	5	4	0101 0100	
35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(lf not used)	ō	Ö	0000 0000	Established
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Timings
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(lf not used)	ō	0	0000 0000	39
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	ō	1		
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	o o	<u>:</u>   1	0000 0001	
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Standard
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Timing ID
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	<u>.</u> ' 1	0000 0001	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	<u>'</u>	0000 0001	
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	<u> </u> 1	0000 0001	
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	<u> </u>   1	0000 0001	
51	34		0		0000 0001	
		Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used		1		
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#		Mal	ue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments		EX)		
54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) => main clock = 122MHz	A	_	,	
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) / 1680 x 1050 @ 60 Hz pixel clock = 60.9 Mz	2	F	0010 1111	
56	38	Horizontal Active = 1680 pixels	9			
				0		
57	39	Horizontal Blanking = 224 pixels	Ē	0		
58	3A	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking	6	0	0110 0000	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 1050 lines	1	Α.	0001 1010	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking = 16 lines	1	0	0001 0000	
61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking	4	0		Timing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset = 32 pixels	2	0		Descriptor
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 64 pixels	4	0		#1
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset = 1 lines : Sync Width = 3 lines	1	3	0001 0011	
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0	0		
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 33.138cm(331)	4	В	0100 1011	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 20.711cm(207)	С	F	1100 1111	
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001 0000	
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	O	0	0000 0000	
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	O	0	0000 0000	
71	47	Non-interlaced,Normal display,no stereo,Digital separate sync,H/V pol negatives	1	9	0001 1001	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2	0	0		
73	49	Doming Property II	ō	ō		
74	4A		ŏ	ŏ	0000 0000	
75	4B		ō	ŏ	0000 0000	
76	4C		ō	Ö	0000 0000	
77	4D		Ö	ŏ		
78	4E		ö	0		
79	4F		ö	0		Timina
80	50		0	_		Timing
	51		_	0		Description
81			0	0		#2
82	52		0	0		
83	53		0	0		
84	54		0	0		
85	55		0	0		
86	56		0	0		
87	57		0	0	0000 0000	
88	58		0	0		
89	59		0	0		
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	0	0		
91	5B		0	0		
92	5C		0	0		
93	5D		F	Е		
94	5E		0	0	0000 0000	
95	5F	L -	4	<u>C</u>	0100 1100	
96	60	G	4	7		
97	61	P	5	0	0101 0000	Timing
98	62	h ·	6	8	0110 1000	Description
99	63	i	6	9	0110 1001	#3
100	64		6	<u> </u>	0110 1100	
101	65 66		6	9	0110 1001	
102	66	р	7	0	0111 0000	
103	67	S	7	3	0111 0011	
104	68	L	4	<u></u>	0100 1100	
105	69	C	4	3		
106	6A	D	4	4	0100 0100	
107	6B	LF	0	Α	0000 1010	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Tield Maille and Comments	Ξ	EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E		0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F		F	Е	1111 1110	
112	70		0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	L	4	С	0100 1100	
114	72	P	5	0	0101 0000	
115	73	1	3	1	0011 0001	Timing
116	74	5	3	5	0011 0101	Description
117	75	4	3	4	0011 0100	#4
118	76	W	5	7	0101 0111	
119	77	0	3	0	0011 0000	
120	78	2	3	2	0011 0010	
121	79	-	2	D	0010 1101	
122	7A	Т	5	4	0101 0100	
123	7B	L	4	С	0100 1100	
124	7C	0	3	0	0011 0000	
125	7D	9	3	9	0011 1001	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	9	5	1001 0101	Checksum

Ver. 2.0 Nov 15, 2006 30 / 29