

Non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver

#### Overview

LP2178AL is a high-efficiency and high-precision non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver chip. It is suitable for non-isolated Buck and Buckboost topologies with a full range of input voltages from 85VAC to 265VAC, and is especially suitable for driving power supplies such as small appliances and white appliances.

LP2178AL integrates high-voltage power tubes and adopts constant voltage control mode. The system can work in CCM and DCM modes. It adopts a unique PFM control method to improve audio characteristics.

Built-in unique peak current control, no CS resistor required; built-in startup circuit, no startup resistor required. Simple peripheral application and high reliability.

LP2178AL has multiple protection functions, including VCC clamping/undervoltage protection, output short circuit protection, inductor overcurrent protection and overtemperature protection.

#### Features

ÿ Integrated 750V power tube ÿ

Constant voltage control, fixed 5V output voltage ÿ

Built-in unique peak current control, no CS resistor required ÿ Built-in

startup circuit, no startup resistor required ÿ Excellent

dynamic performance ÿ Excellent

EMI characteristics ÿ Excellent

output load regulation rate ÿ Low standby

power consumption <75mW ÿ Excellent

audio characteristics in the full load range ÿ Multiple

protection functions

LP2178AL adopts SOP8L

Typical Applications

application

ÿ Open power supplies such as small appliances and white appliances

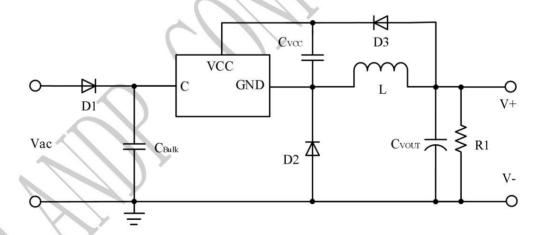


Figure 1 LP2178AL Buck Typical Application

## Ordering Information

Order model	Encapsulation	Packaging	seal
LP2178AL	SOP8L	Taping 4000 pcs/reel	LP2178 ALXXXX

\*XXXX: batch number

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### Pin package

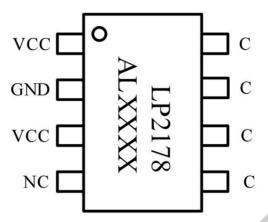


Figure 2 Pin package diagram

## Pin Description

serial number	Pin Name	describe
1ÿ3	VCC	Chip power supply and feedback signal detection
2	GND	Chip Ground
4	NC	Floating pin
5ÿ6ÿ7ÿ8	С	The collector C of the built-in power transistor

### Limit parameters (Note 1)

symbol	parameter	Parameter Ranç	je Unit
VCC power supply v	oltage and feedback signal detection pin power	-0.3~7	V
PDMAX	consumption (Note 2)	0.45	IN
ÿJA	Thermal resistance from PN junction to ambient	120	ÿ/W
TJ	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 150	ÿ
TSTG storage temperature range		-55 to 150	ÿ
ESD (Note 3)		ÿ2	KV

Note 1: The maximum limit value means that if the chip is beyond the working range, it may be damaged. The recommended working range means that within this range, the device functions normally, but it is not completely guaranteed.

Electrical parameters define the DC and AC voltage behavior of a device within its operating range and under test conditions that guarantee specific performance indicators.

Parameter specification. For parameters without upper and lower limits, the specification does not guarantee their accuracy, but their typical values reasonably reflect the device performance.

Note 2: The maximum power dissipation will decrease as the temperature rises, which is also determined by TJMAX, ÿJA, and the ambient temperature TA. The maximum allowable power dissipation is PDMAX = (TJMAX - TA)/ ÿJA or the lower value of the number given in the extreme range.

Note 3: Human body model, 100pF capacitor discharged through 1.5Kÿ resistor.

## Recommended working range

chip	parameter	Parameter Ra	nge Unit
LP2178AL	lo @Vo=5V	ÿ100	mA
	(Input voltage: 85VAC~265VAC@temperature riseÿTÿ30ÿ)	,	



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Electrical parameters (Note 4, 5) (Unless otherwise specified, VCC = 5V, TA = 25°C)

symbol	describe	condition	Min Typ Max	Unit		
Supply voltage						
VCC_ST	VCC startup voltage	VCC rises	3.60	4.10	4.60 V	
VCC_UVLO VCC u	ndervoltage protection threshold	VCC drops	2.20	2.55	2.90 V	
VCC_CLAMP	VCC clamp voltage	ICC=20mA	5.55	5.9	6.25 V	
IS	VCC startup current	VCC= VCC-ST- 0.5V		1	3	uA
ICC	VCC operating current	VCC=4.8V			1100 uA	
constant pressure control						
VCC_REG constar	t voltage feedback control		5.23	5.38	5.53	V
threshold peak current of	control				7.	
IPK_MAX Maxim	um peak current		240	260	280 mA	
IPK_MIN minim	ım peak current leading			80		mA
TLEB	edge blanking time		1	350		ns
Operating frequency	I.		17			
FSWMAX maxim	um operating frequency		38	44	50	KHz
FSWMIN minim	ım operating frequency	No load	)	2.5		KHz
JUDGE	Frequency jitter ratio	1/1 / L'		±7		%
Protection function						
VVCC_HICCUP out	put short circuit protection	Vo< VVCC_HICCUP&60mS		3.5		V
IL_OCP inducto	r over-current protection IL_OCF	>1.50* IPK_MAX&7 cycles output over-current		390		mA
IOCP		lo>IOCP, short circuit	130			mA
protection TON_M	AX maximum on-time maximum on	-time limit		18		us
DON_MAX	Maximum duty cycle	Maximum duty cycle limit			50 %	
TSD	Overheat protection temperature			150		ÿ
THYS	Overheat protection hysteresis			30		ÿ
Built-in power transistor						
VCBO	C, B voltage	IC=0.1mA	750			V
ICESAT	C, E Saturation current	IB = 40mA	1	300		mA

Note 4: Typical parameter values are measured at 25°C.

Note 5: The minimum and maximum specification ranges in the data sheet are guaranteed by testing, and the typical values are guaranteed by design, testing or statistical analysis

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Internal structure diagram

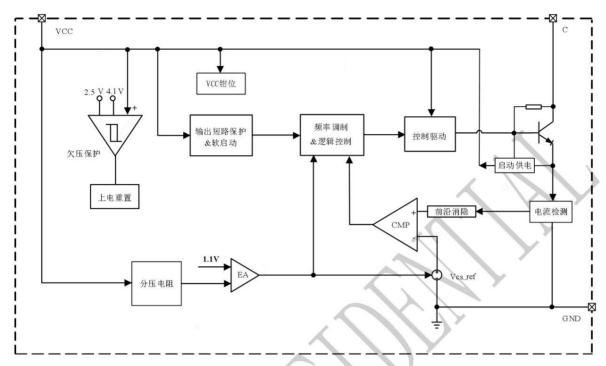


Figure 3 LP2178AL internal block diagram

## Application Information

LP2178AL is a high-efficiency and high-precision non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver chip. LP2178AL integrates high-voltage power tubes and adopts constant voltage control mode. The system can work in CCM and DCM modes. It adopts a unique PFM control method to improve audio characteristics. The peripheral application is simple and the reliability is strong.

### start up

The chip only needs 1uA startup current. After the system is powered on, the capacitor of VCC is charged through the internal startup power supply circuit. When the VCC voltage reaches the chip startup threshold, the internal control circuit of the chip starts to work; at this time, the startup power supply circuit will continue to maintain the power supply, so that the output voltage can rise and establish normally. When the output voltage rises and works stably, VCC is powered by the output voltage.

### Constant pressure control

The constant voltage control is set by the VCC constant voltage feedback control threshold, and the calculation formula is as follows:

Where VO is the output voltage, VCC\_REG is the VCC constant voltage feedback control threshold (typical value 5.38V), VD2 is the freewheeling tube voltage drop, and VD3 is the VCC feedback (power supply) diode voltage drop.

### PFM and peak current IPK control

PFM and peak current IPK control, as shown in Figure 4:

Phase 1: operating at the maximum peak current IPK\_MAX and the maximum operating frequency FSWMAX;

Phase 2: Working at the maximum peak current IPK\_MAX, and the operating frequency decreases from the maximum operating frequency FSWMAX to 30KHzv

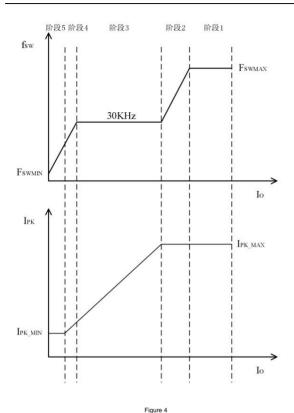
Stage 3: Working at 30KHz operating frequency, and the peak current gradually decreases from the maximum peak current IPK\_MAX as the load current decreases;

Stage 4: The peak current continues to decrease as the load current decreases, decreasing to the minimum peak current IPK\_MIN; the operating frequency gradually decreases from 30KHz as the load current decreases;

Phase 5: Working at the minimum peak current IPK\_MIN; the operating frequency continues to decrease as the load current decreases, decreasing to the minimum operating frequency FSWMINÿ

When no-load, it operates at the minimum peak current IPK\_MIN.

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### Soft Start

As shown in Figure 5, the VCC capacitor is charged through the startup circuit, VCC reaches the startup voltage VCC\_ST, and the chip outputs a PWM switching signal; at this time, the output voltage begins to rise, and because the output voltage is still small, the VCC voltage will drop to 3.5V, and VCC is maintained at 3.5V through self-power supply. The PWM switch signal goes through the following three stages, and the soft start ends. At the end of the soft start, the output voltage rises to VO\_MIN: if VO\_MIN>3.5V, the chip works normally; if VO\_MIN<3.5V, the chip output is short-circuit protected.

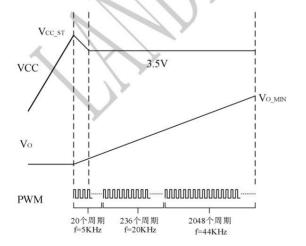


Figure 5

5V/100mA Buck System Parameter Recommendations

Lÿ1mH

D1ÿM7

D2ÿES1J

D3ÿM7

CVCC: 1uF/10V, SMD

R1ÿ1Kÿ

CVO>100uF/10V

CVIN>3.3uF/400V

Protection function

Including VCC clamping/undervoltage protection, output short circuit protection, inductor overcurrent protection and over-temperature protection.

PCB Design

When designing the LP2178AL PCB, the following guidelines need to be followed: VCC bypass capacitor CVCC:

CVCC needs to be close to the chip VCC and GND pins;

Power loop area

Reduce the area of the power loop, such as the loop area of the power inductor, power tube, bus capacitor, as well as the loop area of the power inductor, freewheeling diode, and output capacitor, to reduce EMI radiation.

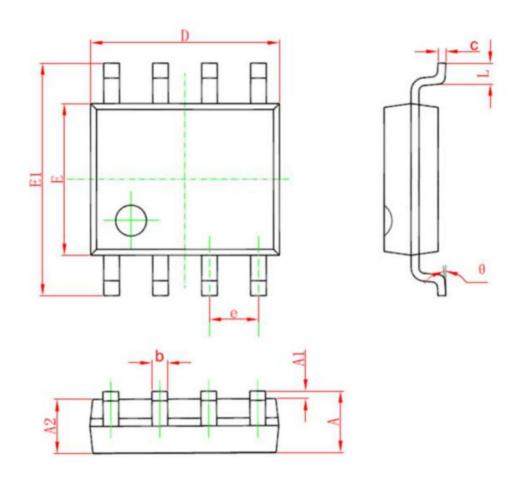
C Pin

Appropriately increase the copper area of the C pin to improve chip heat dissipation.



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Package information (SOP8L)



Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters		
A	1.35	1.75	
A1	0.05	0.25	
A2	1.30	1.50	
b	0.30	0.51	
С	0.10	0.25	
D	4.70	5.10	

Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters		
E1	5.80 6.20		
AND	3.80 4.05		
and	1.27BSC		
L	0.40	1.27	
i	00	8th	