

LP2188A

### Overview

LP2188A is a high-efficiency and high-precision non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver chip. It is suitable for non-isolated Buck and Buckboost topologies with a full range of input voltages from 85VAC to 265VAC, and is especially suitable for driving power supplies such as small appliances and white appliances.

LP2188A integrates high-voltage power tubes and adopts constant voltage control mode. The system can work in CCM and DCM modes. It adopts a unique PFM control method to improve audio characteristics.

Built-in unique peak current control, no CS resistor required; built-in startup circuit, no startup resistor required. Simple peripheral application and high reliability.

LP2188A has multiple protection functions, including VCC clamping/undervoltage protection, output short circuit protection, inductor overcurrent protection and overtemperature protection.

LP2188A adopts SOP7L

Typical Applications

Non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver

Features

ÿ Integrated 750V power tube ÿ

Constant voltage control, fixed 5V output voltage ÿ

Built-in unique peak current control, no CS resistor required ÿ Built-in

startup circuit, no startup resistor required ÿ Excellent

dynamic performance ÿ Excellent

EMI characteristics ÿ Excellent

output load regulation rate ÿ Low standby

power consumption <75mW ÿ Excellent

audio characteristics in the full load range ÿ Multiple

protection functions

application

ÿ Open power supplies such as small appliances and white appliances



Figure 1 LP2188A Buck Typical Application

Ordering Information

Order model	Encapsulation	Packaging	seal
LP2188A	SOP7L	Taping 4000 pcs/reel	LP2188 Axxx

\*xxxx: batch number





# Pin package



Seal Description:

X: The first letter represents the year, A: 2014, B: 2015, C: 2016, D: 2017... and so on in sequence

X: The second number or letter represents the week number. Week 1: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and so on to Week 9: 9. Starting from Week 10,

Capital letters AB C...Z, and so on. "Z" represents the 35th week. Starting from the 36th week, lowercase letters abcd...z are used, and so on.

Last week of the year.

XX: The third and fourth digits represent the internal serial number

## **Pin Description**

serial number Pin Name		describe			
1 VOUT feedback signal det		tection and power supply			
2	GND	Feedback			
3	NC	Dangling			
4	c	The collector C of the built-in power transistor			
5ÿ6	ICG	Chip Ground			
8	VCC	Chip power supply			





Limit parameters (Note 1)

symbol	parameter	Parameter Range Unit	
VCC power supply v	pltage and feedback signal detection pin power	-0.3~7	V
PDMAX	consumption (Note 2)	0.45	IN
ÿJA	Thermal resistance from PN junction to ambient	120	ÿ/W
TJ	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 150	ÿ
TSTG storage temperature range		-55 to 150	ÿ
	ESD (Note 3) Note 1:	ÿ2	КV

The maximum limit value means that if the chip is exceeded, it may be damaged. The recommended operating range means that within this range, the device functions normally, but it is not completely guaranteed.

Electrical parameters define the DC and AC voltage behavior of a device within its operating range and under test conditions that guarantee specific performance indicators.

Parameter specification. For parameters without upper and lower limits, the specification does not guarantee their accuracy, but their typical values reasonably reflect the device performance.

Note 2: The maximum power dissipation will decrease as the temperature rises, which is also determined by TJMAX, ÿJA, and the ambient temperature TA. The maximum allowable power dissipation is PDMAX = (TJMAX - TA)/

ÿJA or the lower value of the number given in the extreme range.

Note 3: Human body model, 100pF capacitor discharged through 1.5Kÿ resistor.

Recommended working range

chip	parameter	Parameter Ra	nge Unit
LP2188AA	lo @Vo=5V (Input voltage: 85VAC~265VAC@temperature riseÿTÿ55ÿ)	ÿ200	mA





## Electrical parameters (Note 4, 5) (Unless otherwise specified, VCC = 5V, TA = 25°C)

symbol	describe	condition	Minimum Ty	pical Value	maximum value	unit			
Supply voltage	Supply voltage								
VCC_ST	VCC startup voltage	VCC rises	3.60	4.10	4.60 V	3			
VCC_UVLO VCC un	dervoltage protection threshold	VCC drops	2.20	2.55	2.90 V				
VCC_CLAMP VCC	clamp voltage	ICC=20mA	5.55	5.9	6.25 V				
IS	VCC startup current	VCC= VCC-ST- 0.5V		4	3	uA			
ICC	VCC operating current	VCC=4.8V			1100 uA				
Constant pressure control				$\overline{)}$					
VCC_REG	Constant pressure feedback control threshold value		5.23	5.38	5.53 V				
Peak current control			1						
IPK_MAX Maximu	m peak current		370	395	415 mA				
IPK_MIN minimur	n peak current leading			120		mA			
TLEB	edge blanking time		$\langle \rangle$	350		ns			
Operating frequency									
FSWMAX maximu	m operating frequency		38	44	50 KHz				
FSWMIN minimur	n operating frequency	No load		2.5		KHz			
JUDGE	JUDGE Frequency jitter ratio			±7		%			
Protection function									
VVCC_HICCUP output short circuit protection Vo< VVCC_HICCUP&88mS				3.5		V			
IL_OCP inductor	over-current protection IL_OCF	P>1.50* IPK_MAX&7 cycles output over-current		580		mA			
IOCP	$\langle \rangle$	lo>IOCP, short circuit	260			mA			
protection TON_MA	X Maximum on-time Maximum or	-time limit Maximum duty cycle Maximum		18		us			
DON_MAX	duty cycle limit	2			50 %				
TSD	Overheat protection temperature			150		ÿ			
THYS	Over temperature protection hysteresis			30		ÿ			
Built-in power transistor									
VCBO	C, B voltage	IC=0.1mA	750			V			
ICESAT	C, E Saturation current	IB = 40mA		450		mA			

Note 4: Typical parameter values are measured at 25°C.

Note 5: The minimum and maximum specification ranges in the data sheet are guaranteed by testing, and the typical values are guaranteed by design, testing or statistical analysis.





Internal structure diagram



### Application Information

LP2188A is a high-efficiency and high-precision non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver chip. LP2188A integrates high-voltage power tubes and adopts constant voltage control mode. The system can work in CCM and DCM modes It adopts a unique PFM control method to improve audio characteristics. The peripheral application is simple and the reliability is strong.

### start up

The chip only needs 1uA startup current. After the system is powered on, the capacitor of VCC is charged through the internal startup power supply circuit. When the VCC voltage reaches the chip startup threshold, the internal control circuit of the chip starts to work; at this time, the startup power supply circuit will continue to maintain the power supply, so that the output voltage can rise and establish normally. When the output voltage rises and works stably, VCC is powered by the output voltage.

#### Constant pressure contro

The constant voltage control is set by the VCC constant voltage feedback control threshold, and the calculation formula is as follows:

#### Vo = V

Where VO is the output voltage and VCC\_REG is the VCC constant voltage feedback control threshold (typical value 5.38V).

## PFM and peak current IPK control

PFM and peak current IPK control, as shown in Figure 4:

Phase 1: operating at the maximum peak current IPK\_MAX and the maximum operating frequency FSWMAX;

Phase 2: Working at the maximum peak current IPK\_MAX, and the operating frequency decreases from the maximum operating frequency FSWMAX to

## 22KHzÿ

Stage 3: Working at 22KHz operating frequency, and the peak current gradually decreases

from the maximum peak current IPK\_MAX as the load current decreases;

Stage 4: The peak current continues to decrease as the load current decreases, and decreases to the minimum peak current IPK\_MIN; the operating frequency gradually decreases from 22KHz as the load current decreases:

Phase 5: Working at the minimum peak current IPK\_MIN; the operating frequency continues to decrease as the load current decreases, decreasing to the minimum operating frequency FSWMINÿ

### When no-load, it operates at the minimum peak current IPK\_MIN.

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### Soft Start

As shown in Figure 5, the VCC capacitor is charged through the startup circuit, VCC reaches the startup voltage VCC\_ST, and the chip outputs a PWM switching signal; at this time, the output voltage begins to rise, and because the output voltage is still small, the VCC voltage will drop to 3.5V, and VCC is maintained at 3.5V through self-power supply. The PWM switch signal goes through the following three stages, and the soft start ends. At the end of the soft start, the output voltage rises to VO\_MIN: if VO\_MIN>3.5V, the chip works normally; if VO\_MIN<3.5V, the chip output is short-circuit protected.



P2188A

Non-isolated step-down switching power supply constant voltage control driver

D1ÿM7

CVCC: 1uF/10V, SMD

## R1ÿ1Kÿ

CVO>220uF/10V CVIN>4.4uF/400V

Protection function

Including VCC clamping/undervoltage protection, output short circuit protection, inductor overcurrent protection and over-temperature protection.

## PCB Design

When designing the LP2188A PCB, the following guidelines need to be followed: VCC bypass capacitor CVCC:

CVCC needs to be close to the chip VCC and GND pins;

Power loop area

Reduce the area of the power loop, such as the loop area of the power inductor, power tube, bus capacitor, as well as the loop area of the power inductor, freewheeling diode, and output capacitor, to reduce EMI radiation.

C Pin

Appropriately increase the copper area of the C pin to improve chip heat dissipation.





Packaging information



Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters Symbol Dimensions		Dimensions in M	lillimeters		
A	1.35	1.75	Y	E1	5.80	6.20
A1	0.05	0.25		AND	3.80	4.05
A2	1.30	1.50		and	1.27BSC	
b	0.30	0.51		L	0.40	1.27
c	0.10	0.25		i	0°	8th
D	4.70	5.10			1	



