

**SHARP**

|      |                |
|------|----------------|
| No.  | LCY-02097A     |
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TECHNICAL LITERATURE  
FOR  
TFT - LCD module

MODEL No. LQ070T5CRQ2

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SHARP CORPORATION  
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT II  
MOBILE LCD DESIGN CENTER  
MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

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## (1) Introduction

The SHARP Color TFT-LCD module is an active matrix LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) produced by making the most of Sharp's expertise in liquid-crystal and semiconductor technologies.

The active device is amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). The module accepts full color video signal conforming to the NTSC(M) and PAL(B·G) system standards.

Module geometry(Mechanical specification): Table 1

## (2) Features

- Utilizes a panel with a 16:9 aspect ratio, which makes the module suitable for use in wide screen systems.
- By adopting an active matrix drive, a picture with high contrast is realized.
- Through the use of TN-normally white mode, an image with highly natural color reproduction is realized.
- The 7.0" screen produces a high resolution image that is composed of 112,320 pixel elements in a stripe arrangement.
- Built-in video interface circuit ( including chroma demodulator, picture tone ) and control circuit responsive to NTSC/PAL composite video signal and NTSC/PAL analog RGB signal.
- The inverter circuit having -within for the backlight lighting -up(dimming is available)
- An anti-glare and low-reflection (AG LR with wide viewing angle) surface polarization plate is used.
- Viewing angle: 12 o'clock
- An inverted video display in the vertical and horizontal directions is possible.

## (3) Construction and Outline

- Outline dimensions of TFT-LCD module : See Fig. 1
- The module consists of a TFT-LCD panel, drivers, control PWB mounted with electronic circuits, backlight, frame, front and rear shielding cases.

## (4) Module geometry(Mechanical specification)

Table 1

| Parameter                 | Specification                       | Unit   | Remarks    |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------------|
| Display format            | 112,320                             | Pixels |            |
|                           | 1440(H) × 234(V)                    | dots   |            |
| Active area               | 154.1 (H) × 87.0 (V)                | mm     |            |
| Screen size<br>(Diagonal) | 17.7 [ 7.0" ]                       | cm     |            |
| Dot pitch                 | 0.107(H) × 0.372(V)                 | mm     |            |
| Dot configuration         | R·G·B Stripe configuration          |        |            |
| Outline dimension         | (192.4)(W) × (109.5)(H) × (19.4)(D) | mm     | 【Note 4-1】 |
| Mass                      | 370(Max)                            | g      |            |

【Note 4-1】 This measurement is typical, and see Fig.1 for the details .

(5)Input / Output terminal  
5-1)TFT-LCD panel driving section

Table 2

## CN1

| Pin No. | Symbol | i/o | Description   | Remarks   |
|---------|--------|-----|---|-----------|
| 1       | VBS    | i   | Composite video signal                                    | 【Note5-1】 |
| 2       | GND1   | i   | signal GND  |           |
| 3       | GND1   | i   | signal GND  |           |
| 4       | NTP    | i   | Selection for NTSC or PAL                                 | 【Note5-1】 |
| 5       | VCC    | i   | power supply voltage (8~18V)                              |           |
| 6       | THM    | o   | Thermistor sensor output                                  |           |
| 7       | INV    | i   | Turning the direction of vertical and horizontal scanning | 【Note5-2】 |
| 8       | MODS   | i   | Selection for display mode                                | 【Note5-3】 |
| 9       | MODW   | i   | Selection for display mode                                | 【Note5-3】 |
| 10      | MODN   | i   | Selection for display mode                                | 【Note5-3】 |
| 11      | PWMI   | i   | Input signal for backlight dimming                        |           |
| 12      | VBL    | i   | power supply voltage for Back light                       |           |
| 13      | VBL    | i   | power supply voltage for Back light                       |           |
| 14      | GND2   | i   | Back light GND  |           |
| 15      | GND2   | i   | Back light GND  |           |

## CN2

| Pin No. | Symbol | i/o | Description                                      | Remarks     |
|---------|--------|-----|--|-------------|
| 1       | VR     | i   | video signal(Red)                                |             |
| 2       | VG     | i   | video signal(Green)                              |             |
| 3       | VB     | i   | video signal(Blue)                               |             |
| 4       | GND1   | i   | signal GND                                       |             |
| 5       | SYNC   | i   | Composite Sync for RGB Video                     | 【Note5-1,4】 |
| 6       | BRT    | i   | Brightness adjusting terminal                    | 【Note5-5】   |
| 7       | COLOR  | i   | Color adjusting terminal                         | 【Note5-5】   |
| 8       | TINT   | i   | Tint adjusting terminal                          | 【Note5-5】   |
| 9       | VSW    | i   | Selection video signal of Composite or RGB       | 【Note5-6】   |
| 10      | HSY    | i/o | Input/output horizontal sync. signal(low active) | 【Note5-7】   |
| 11      | VSX    | i/o | Input/output vertical sync. signal(low active)   | 【Note5-8】   |
| 12      | CLKC   | i   | Change the input/output direction of CLK,HSY,VSX | 【Note5-9】   |
| 13      | CLK    | i/o | Input/output clock signal                        | 【Note5-10】  |
| 14      | GND1   | i   | signal GND                                       |             |

'High' and 'Low' refer to table 5 [digital input voltage].

【Note5-1】 NTP="Hi" : NTSC system

NTP="Lo" : PAL system

When selected NTSC or PAL, supplied power for the module is OFF.

【Note5-2】 INV="Hi" : Regular video

INV="Lo" : Vertically and horizontal inverted video

【Note5-3】 Display mode settings are given in Table 3.

【Note5-4】 This terminal should be input composite sync. signal without Chroma/burst signal.

【Note5-5】 Adjusted by the DC voltage supplied to this terminal.

They are adjusted to the optimum value on shipping, but, they can be re-adjusted by external circuit.

TINT: adjustable(NTP="Hi" :NTSC), not adjustable(NTP="Lo":PAL).

When "NTP" terminal is "Lo", this terminal should be "OPEN".

【Note5-6】 Selects input signals, composite or analog RGB.

When VSW is "Lo", composite video signal is selected.(input terminal is CN1- No.1:VBS)

When VSW is "Hi", analog RGB signal is selected.(input terminal is CN2 -No.5:SYNC and CN2-No.1 to No.3:VR,VG,VB)

【Note5-7】 When CLKC="Hi", the output is a horizontal synchronizing signal synchronized by the SYN signal. When CLKC="Lo", the module is synchronized via the horizontal synchronizing signal input at this terminal.

**【Note5-8】** When CLKC="Hi", the output is a vertical synchronizing signal synchronized by the SYN signal. When CLKC="Lo", the module is synchronized via the vertical synchronizing signal input at this terminal.

**【Note5-9】** CLKC="Hi" : CLK,HSY and VSY terminals are in the output mode.

CLKC="Lo" : CLK,HSY and VSY terminals are in the input mode.

**【Note5-10】** When CLKC="Hi", the output level is low.

When CLKC="Lo", module operation is based on the input clock signal. This signal should correspond to sampling timing of the horizontal direction image. NTP,MODS,MODW and MODN should be "Hi" then CLKC="Lo".

Table 3 Display Method and Characteristics

| MODS | MODW | MODN | Display mode | Characteristics   | Source                                  | example |
|------|------|------|--------------|---|---|---------|
| H    | H    | H    | Full mode    | The picture is displayed with uniform enlargement in the horizontal direction, and the horizontal retrace line of the input signal cannot be seen. If the video sampling frequency of the image is fixed and a 4:3 video signal is displayed, the picture will be prominently oblong.   | 4:3 signal, avigation signal            | Fig.2-1 |
| H    | H    | L    | Wide mode 1  | A 4:3 video signal is displayed with less feeling of incongruity than that in the full screen mode. Since the video horizontal sampling frequency is modulated in the horizontal direction, the degree of perfect roundness in the center of the screen is improved over that of the full screen mode.  | 4:3 signal                              | Fig.2-2 |
| H    | L    | H    | Normal mode  | When displaying a 4:3 video signal, the displayed image is slightly less than perfectly round and the horizontal retrace line period is displayed at the two edges of the screen. With respect to the video horizontal sampling frequency, the center portion of the screen is slightly lower and the two edges become slightly higher. With respect to the horizontal retrace line period, a far better display is achieved than that of masking of the video signal by the VCS signal timing. | 4:3 signal                              | Fig.2-3 |
| H    | L    | L    | Cinema mode  | A letter-box type image (16:9 signal) is displayed over the central width of the screen. In the horizontal direction, full screen display is utilized. Due to the display being extended in the vertical direction, a slightly less than perfectly round image is displayed.  | letter box type wide signal(16:9signal) | Fig.2-4 |
| L    | H    | H    | Wide mode 2  | In the horizontal direction, the Wide 1 display mode is employed. Due to the display being extended in the vertical direction, the portion of the picture in the center of the screen is slightly less than perfectly round. Also due to extending in the vertical direction, the upper and lower portions of the image are not displayed.  | 4:3 signal                              | Fig.2-5 |
| L    | H    | L    | test         | This mode is unusable as it is the test mode.   | —                                       | —       |
| L    | L    | H    | test         | This mode is unusable as it is the test mode.   | —                                       | —       |
| L    | L    | L    | test         | This mode is unusable as it is the test mode.   | —                                       | —       |

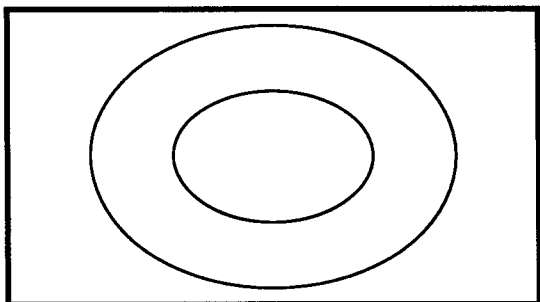


Fig.2-1 Full mode

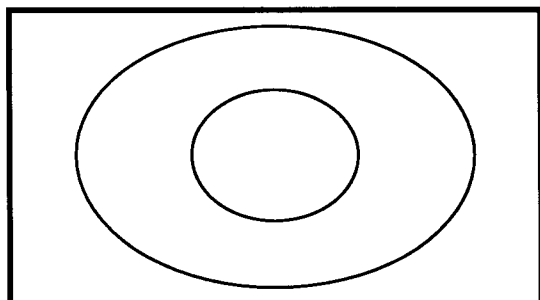


Fig.2-2 Wide 1 mode

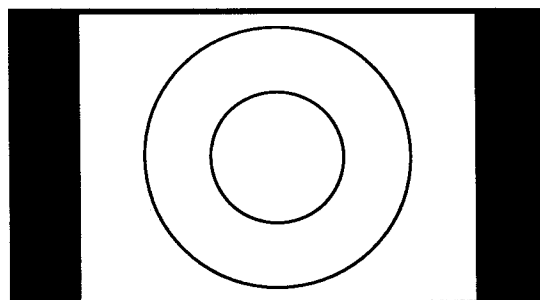


Fig.2-3 Normal mode

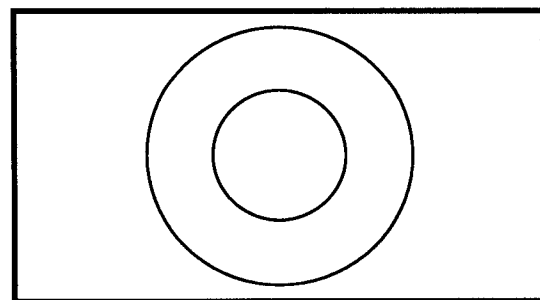


Fig.2-4 Cinema mode

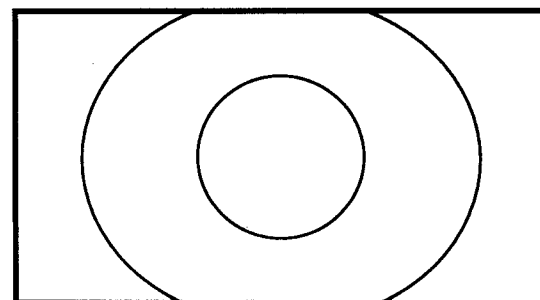


Fig.2-5 Wide 2 mode

## (6) Absolute maximum ratings

Table 4

GND=0V、T<sub>a</sub>=25°C±5°C

| Parameter                     | Symbol           | MIN  | MAX   | Unit             | Remarks    |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------|-------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Positive power supply voltage | V <sub>IN</sub>  | -1.0 | +24.0 | V                | 【Note 6-1】 |                  |
| Analog input signals          | V <sub>i</sub>   | -    | 2.0   | V <sub>p-p</sub> | 【Note 6-2】 |                  |
| Digital input signals         | V <sub>I</sub>   | -0.2 | +5.4  | V                | 【Note 6-3】 |                  |
| Adjusting terminal voltage    | V <sub>adj</sub> | -0.2 | +5.4  | V                | 【Note 6-4】 |                  |
| Storage temperature           | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40  | +85   | °C               | 【Note 6-5】 |                  |
| Operating Temperature         | Surface of panel | Top1 | -30   | +85              | °C         | 【Note 6-5, 6, 7】 |
|                               | Environment      | Top2 | -30   | +70              | °C         | 【Note 6-7, 8】    |

【Note 6-1】 +24V time duration is two(2) minutes.

【Note 6-2】 VBS, VR, VG, VB terminals (Video signal)

【Note 6-3】 NTP, HRV, VRV, MODS, MODW, MODN, CLKC, VSW terminals

【Note 6-4】 BRT, COLOR, TINT terminals

【Note 6-5】 The temperature of panel surface must not exceed this rating.

【Note 6-6】 Maximum wet-bulb temperature must be less than 58°C. No dew condensation.

【Note 6-7】 The operating temperature assure only driving. Contrast, response time, the other display quality is judgment at 25°C.

【Note 6-8】 The temperature around considering that the backlight lighting-up generates heat. (The reference value)



(7)Electrical characteristics  
7-1)Recommended operating conditions

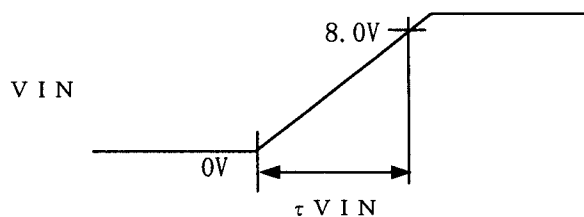
Table 5

GND=0V, Ta=25°C±5°C

| Parameter                        | Symbol         | MIN.        | TYP.         | MAX.     | Unit     | Remarks   |               |                        |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------|----------|-----------|---------------|------------------------|
| Power supply voltage             | VIN            | +8.0        | +13.8        | +18.0    | V        |           |               |                        |
| Power supply voltage rising time | $\tau$ VIN     |             |              | (80)     | ms       | [Note7-1] |               |                        |
| Analog input voltage             | VIDEO          | V1          | -            | 0.714    | -        | Vp-p      | [Note7-2]     |                        |
|                                  |                |             | -            | 0.700    | -        | Vp-p      | [Note7-4]     |                        |
|                                  | SYNC.          | V2          | 0.272        | 0.286    | 0.300    | Vp-p      | [Note7-2]     |                        |
|                                  |                |             | -            | 1.0      | -        | Vp-p      | [Note7-3]     |                        |
|                                  | Chroma/burst   | V3          | 0.272        | 0.286    | 0.300    | Vp-p      | [Note7-2]     |                        |
| DC component                     | Vidc           | -0.1        | 0            | +1.0     | V        | [Note7-5] |               |                        |
| Digital input voltage            | Hi             | Vih         | +4.0         | -        | +5.2     | V         | [Note7-6]     |                        |
|                                  | Lo             | Vil         | 0            | -        | +1.0     | V         |               |                        |
| Input horizontal sync. component | frequency      | NTSC        | fH(N)        | 15.00    | 15.73    | 16.50     | kHz           | CLKC="Hi"<br>[Note7-7] |
|                                  |                | PAL         | fH(P)        | 15.20    | 15.62    | 16.00     | kHz           |                        |
|                                  | pulse width    | NTSC        | $\tau$ HI(N) | 4.2      | 4.7      | 5.2       | $\mu$ s       |                        |
|                                  |                | PAL         | $\tau$ HI(P) | 4.2      | 4.7      | 5.2       | $\mu$ s       |                        |
|                                  | rising time    | $\tau$ rHI1 | -            | -        | 0.5      | $\mu$ s   |               |                        |
| falling time                     | $\tau$ fHI1    | -           | -            | 0.5      | $\mu$ s  |           |               |                        |
| Input vertical sync. component   | frequency      | NTSC        | fV(N)        | fH/284   | fH/262   | fH/258    | Hz            | CLKC="Hi"<br>[Note7-8] |
|                                  |                | PAL         | fV(P)        | fH/344   | fH/312   | fH/304    | Hz            |                        |
|                                  | pulse width    | NTSC        | $\tau$ VI(N) | -        | 3H       | -         | $\mu$ s       |                        |
|                                  |                | PAL         | $\tau$ VI(P) | -        | 2.5H     | -         | $\mu$ s       |                        |
|                                  | rising time    | $\tau$ rVI  | -            | -        | 0.5      | $\mu$ s   |               |                        |
| falling time                     | $\tau$ fVI     | -           | -            | 0.5      | $\mu$ s  |           |               |                        |
| Input clock                      | frequency      | fCLI        | -            | 9.5      | -        | MHz       | CLKC="Lo"     |                        |
|                                  | Hi pulse width | $\tau$ WH   | 20.0         | -        | -        | ns        |               |                        |
|                                  | Lo pulse width | $\tau$ WL   | 20.0         | -        | -        | ns        |               |                        |
|                                  | rising time    | $\tau$ rCLI | -            | -        | 10.0     | ns        |               |                        |
|                                  | falling time   | $\tau$ fCLI | -            | -        | 10.0     | ns        |               |                        |
| Input horizontal sync. signal    | frequency      | fHI         | fCLI/620     | fCLI/608 | fCLI/590 | kHz       | CLKC="Lo"     |                        |
|                                  | pulse width    | $\tau$ HI   | 1            | 5        | 9        | $\mu$ s   |               |                        |
|                                  | rising time    | $\tau$ rHI2 | -            | -        | 0.05     | $\mu$ s   |               |                        |
|                                  | falling time   | $\tau$ fHI2 | -            | -        | 0.05     | $\mu$ s   |               |                        |
| Input vertical sync. signal      | frequency      | fVI         | 50           | fHI/262  | fHI/258  | Hz        | CLKC="Lo"     |                        |
|                                  | pulse width    | $\tau$ VI   | 1H           | 3H       | 5H       | $\mu$ s   |               |                        |
| Data setup time                  | tSU1           | 25          | -            | -        | ns       |           |               |                        |
| Data hold time                   | tHO1           | 25          | -            | -        | ns       |           |               |                        |
| Data setup time                  | tSU2           | 1.0         | -            | -        | $\mu$ s  |           |               |                        |
| Data hold time                   | tHO2           | 1.0         | -            | -        | $\mu$ s  |           |               |                        |
| video adjustment                 | brightness     | Vbrt        | (0)          | (+2.7)   | (+5.0)   | V         |               |                        |
|                                  | tint           | Vtnt        | (0)          | (+2.8)   | (+5.0)   | V         |               |                        |
|                                  | color          | Vcol        | (0)          | (+1.9)   | (+5.0)   | V         |               |                        |
| B/L dimmer adjust                | voltage        | VPWM        | 0            | -        | 5.0      | V         | PWMI terminal |                        |
|                                  | frequency      | fPWM        | 145          | 150      | 155      | Hz        |               |                        |

Caution: Signals must input after power has been turned on.

【Note 7-1】



【Note7-2】 VBS terminal (composite video signal)

Input impedance : 75 Ω

【Note7-3】 SYNC terminals (Analog RGB)

【Note7-4】 VR,VG,VB terminals (Analog RGB)

【Note7-5】 VBS,VR,VG,VB terminals

【Note7-6】 HSY,VSY,NTP,HRV,VRV,MODS,MODW,MODN,CLKC,CLK,VSW terminals

Input impedance : >10kΩ

【Note7-7】 VBS (horizontal sync. component)

【Note7-8】 VBS (vertical sync. component)

7-2 )Power consumption

Table 6

Ta=25°C±5°C

| Parameter              | Symbol          | Voltage    | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit | Remarks     |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------|------|------|------|-------------|
| Supply current         | I <sub>cc</sub> | VIN=+13.8V | —    | 160  | 200  | mA   |             |
| Lamp power consumption | IL              | VIN=+13.8V | —    | 670  | 750  | mA   | Dimmer=100% |

7-3) Display time range

Displaying the following range within video signals.

(1) NTSC(M) mode (NTP='Hi',CLKC='Hi')

(a1) Horizontally : 13.0 ~ 63.3 μs from the falling edge of HSY. (full,wide1,2,cinema)

(a2) Horizontally : 7.6 ~ 68.8 μs from the falling edge of HSY. (normal)

(b1) Vertically : 20 ~ 253 H from the falling edge of VSY. (full,wide1,normal)

(b2) Vertically : 49 ~ 224 H from the falling edge of VSY. (cinema)

(b3) Vertically : 42 ~ 228 H from the falling edge of VSY. (wide2)

(2)PAL(B·G) mode (NTP='Lo',CLKC='Hi')

Displaying the following range within video signals.

(a1) Horizontally : 13.0 ~ 63.3 μs from the falling edge of HSY. (full,wide1,2,cinema)

(a2) Horizontally : 7.6 ~ 68.8 μs from the falling edge of HSY. (normal)

(b1) Vertically : 26~298 H from the falling edge of VSY. (full,wide1,normal)

However, the video signals of (14n+12)H,(14n+20)H/Even field.

(14n+17)H,(14n+23)H/Odd field (n=1,2···, 20)

are not displayed on the module.

(b2) Vertically : 40~284 H from the falling edge of VSY. (cinema)

However, the video signals of (42n )H,(42n+22)H/Even field.

(42n+13)H,(42n+35)H/Odd field (n=1,2···, 20)

are not displayed on the module.

(b3) Vertically : 35~289 H from the falling edge of VSY. (wide2)

However, the video signals of (22n+14)H,(22n+24)H/Even field.

(22n+21)H,(22n+31)H/Odd field (n=1,2···, 20)

are not displayed on the module.

(3) External clock mode (NTP='Hi',CLKC='Lo')

Displaying the following range within video signals.

(a) Horizontally : 103 ~ 582 clk from the falling edge of HSY.

(clk means input external clock.)

(b) Vertically : 20 ~ 253 H from the falling edge of VSY.

(8)Optical characteristics

Table 7

Ta=25°C±5°C

| Parameter           | Symbol             | Condition          | Min          | Typ    | Max   | Unit              | Remarks          |            |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------|-------|-------------------|------------------|------------|
| Viewing angle range | $\Delta \theta 11$ | CR $\geq$ 10       | (30)         | (40)   | -     | ° (degree)        | 【Note 8-1, 2, 3】 |            |
|                     | $\Delta \theta 12$ |                    | (50)         | (60)   | -     | ° (degree)        |                  |            |
|                     | $\Delta \theta 2$  |                    | (50)         | (60)   | -     | ° (degree)        |                  |            |
| Contrast ratio      | CRmax              | Optimal            | (100)        | (300)  | -     |                   | 【Note 8-2, 3】    |            |
| Response time       | Rise               | $\theta = 0^\circ$ | -            | (11)   | (40)  | ms                | 【Note 8-2, 4】    |            |
|                     | Fall               |                    | -            | (22)   | (72)  | ms                |                  |            |
| Luminance           | Y                  |                    | (450)        | (500)  | -     | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | 【Note 8-5】       |            |
| White chromaticity  | x                  | Dimmer=100%        | 0.263        | 0.313  | 0.363 |                   | 【Note 8-5】       |            |
|                     | y                  |                    | 0.279        | 0.329  | 0.379 |                   |                  |            |
| Lamp life time      | +25°C              | -                  | continuation | 10,000 | -     | -                 | hour             | 【Note 8-6】 |
|                     | -30°C              | -                  | intermission | 2,000  | -     | -                 | time             | 【Note 8-7】 |

【Note 8-1】 Viewing angle range is defined as follows.

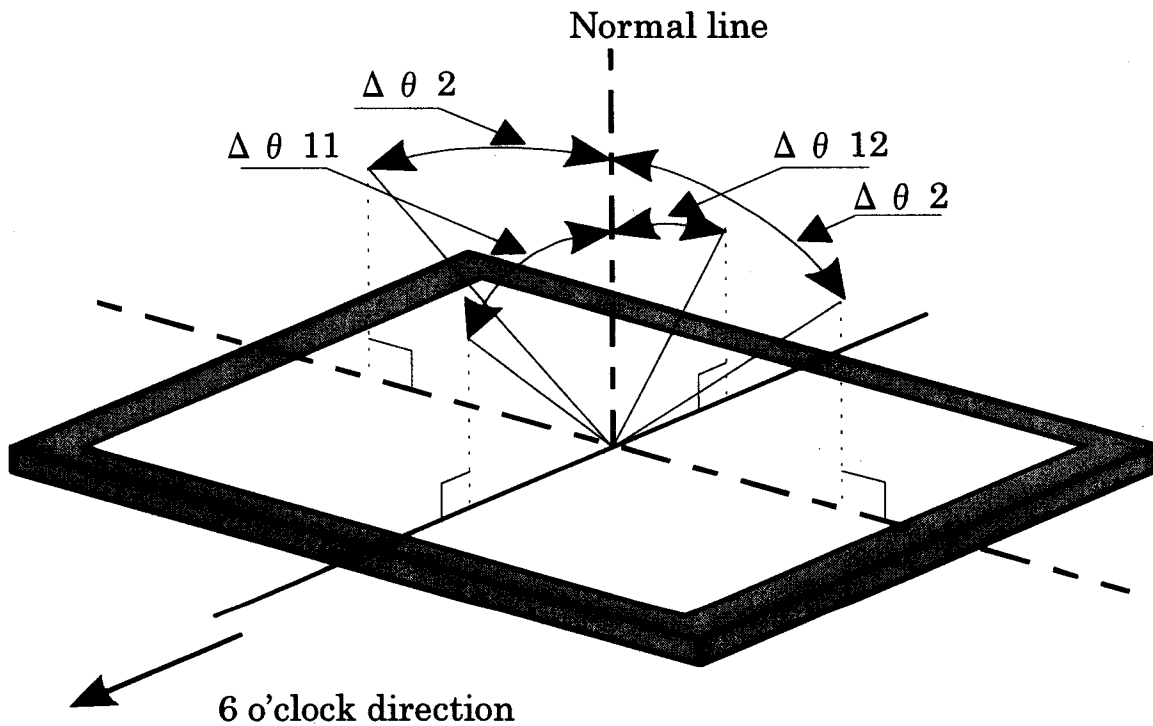


Fig. (i) definition for viewing angle

【Note 8-2】 Applied voltage condition:

- (1) VCDC is adjusted so as to attain maximum contrast ratio.
- (2) Adjusting voltage (BRT, CONT, COLOR, TINT) is open.
- (3) Input video signal of standard black level and 100% white level.

【Note 8-3】 Contrast ratio is defined as follows:

$$\text{Contrast ratio(CR)} = \frac{\text{Photo detector output with LCD being "white"}}{\text{Photo detector output with LCD being "black"}}$$

【Note 8-4】 Response time is obtained by measuring the transition time of photo detector output, when input signals are applied so as to make the area "black" to and from "white".

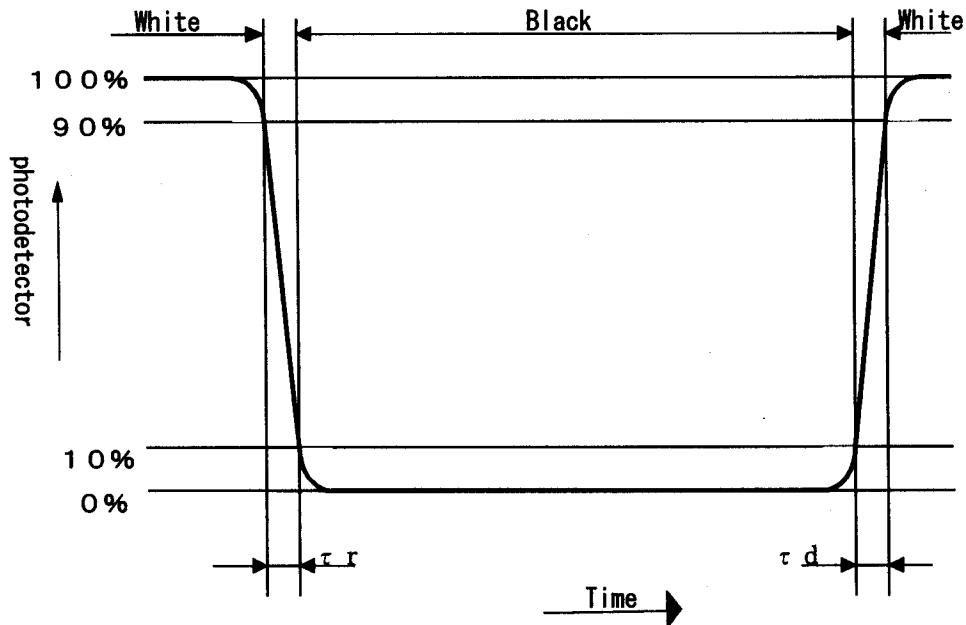


Fig. (ii)

【Note 8-5】 Measured on the center area of the panel at a viewing cone  $1^\circ$  by TOPCON luminance meter BM-7. (After 30 minutes operation)

【Note 8-6】 Lamp life time is defined as the time when the brightness of the panel not to become less than 50% of the original value.

(operation conditions)

Current dimming: PWM dimming 100%~5%

【Note 8-7】 The intermittent cycles is defined as a time when brightness not to become under 50% of the original value under the condition of following cycle. (See Fig. (iii).)

(condition)

Ambient temperature:  $-30^\circ\text{C}$

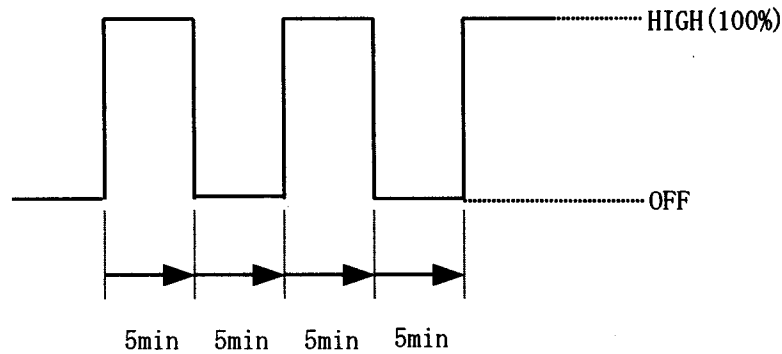


Fig. (iii)

(9) Mechanical characteristics

9-1) External appearance

Do not exist extreme defects. (See Fig. 1)

9-2) Panel toughness

The panel shall not be broken, when 19N is pressed on the center of the panel by a smooth sphere having 15 mm diameter.

Caution: In spite of very soft toughness, if, in the long-term, add pressure on the active area, it is possible to occur the functional damage.

9-3) Input/output connector performance

A) Input/output connectors for the operation of LCD module (15 pin and 14 pin)

Table 8. I/O connector of module driving

| Symbol | Used Connector | Manufacture |
|--------|----------------|-------------|
| CN1    | 53261-15       | Molex       |
| CN2    | 53261-14       | Molex       |

(10) Display quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the incoming Inspection Standard.

(11) Handling instructions

11-1) Mounting of module

The TFT-LCD module is designed to be mounted on equipment using the mounting tabs in the four corners of the module at the rear side.

On mounting the module, as the M2.5 tapping screw (fastening torque is 0.35 through 0.45N·m) is recommended, be sure to fix the module on the same plane, taking care not to wrap or twist the module.

To pushing module, (ex. touching switch etc.) causes disordered image.

So taking care not to conduct directly for LCD module.

Please power off the module when you connect the input/output connector.

11-2) Precautions in mounting

- ① Polarizer which is made of soft material and susceptible to flaw must be handled carefully.

Protective film (Laminator) is applied on the surface to protect it against scratches and dirt.

It is recommended to peel off the laminator immediately before the use, taking care of static electricity.

- ② Precautions in peeling off the laminator

A) Working environment

When the laminator is peeled off, static electricity may cause dust to stick to the polarizer surface. To avoid this, the following working environment is desirable.

- a) Floor: Conductive treatment of 1MΩ or more on the tile  
(conductive mat or conductive paint on the tile)
- b) Clean room free from dust and with an adhesive mat on the doorway
- c) Advisable humidity: 50%~70%      Advisable temperature: 15°C~27°C
- d) Workers shall wear conductive shoes, conductive work clothes, conductive gloves and an earth band.

B) Working procedures

- a) Direct the wind of discharging blower somewhat downward to ensure that module is blown sufficiently. Keep the distance between module and discharging blower within 20 cm. (See Fig. (iv).)
- b) Attach adhesive tape to the laminator part near discharging blower so as to protect polarizer against flaw. (See Fig. (iv).)
- c) Peel off laminator, pulling adhesive tape slowly to your side taking 5 or more second.
- d) On peeling off the laminator, pass the module to the next work process to prevent the module to get dust.
- e) Method of removing dust from polarizer
  - Blow off dust with N2 blower for which static electricity preventive measure has been taken.
  - Since polarizer is vulnerable, wiping should be avoided.

But when the panel has stain or grease, we recommend to use adhesive tape to softly remove them from the panel.

③When metal part of the TFT-LCD module (shielding lid and rear case) is soiled, wipe it with soft dry cloth. For stubborn dirties, wipe the part, breathing on it.

④Wipe off water drop or finger grease immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.

⑤TFT-LCD module uses glass which breaks or cracks easily if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.

⑥Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and earth your body when handling.

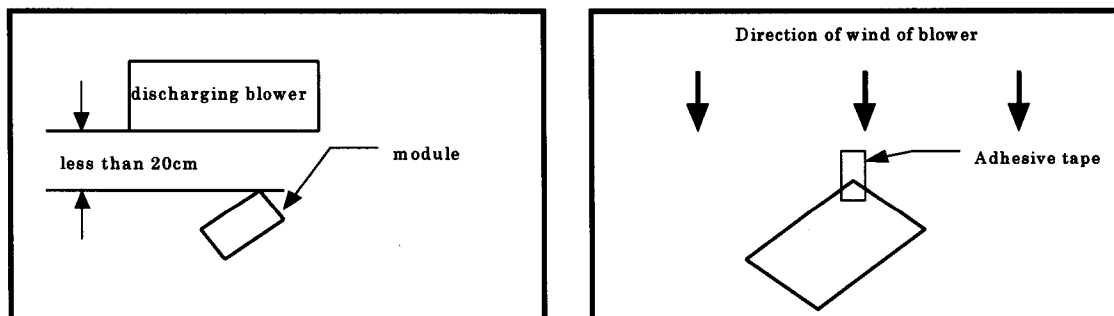


Fig . (iv)

11-3) Precautions in adjusting module

Adjusting volumes on the rear face of the module have been set optimally before shipment. Therefore, do not change any adjusted values.

If adjusted values are changed, the specifications described here may not be satisfied.

## 11-4) Caution of product design

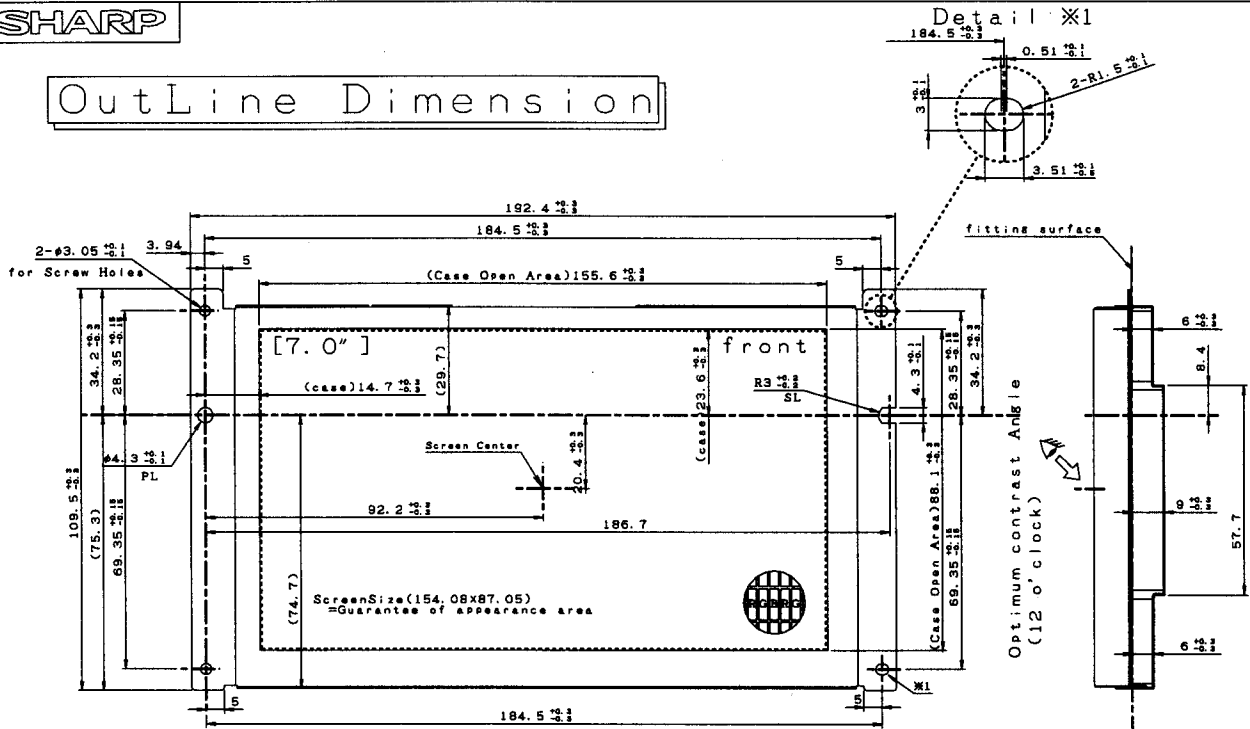
The LCD module shall be protected against water salt-water by the waterproof cover.  
Please take measures to interferential radiation from module,  
not to interfere surrounding appliances.

## 11-5) Others

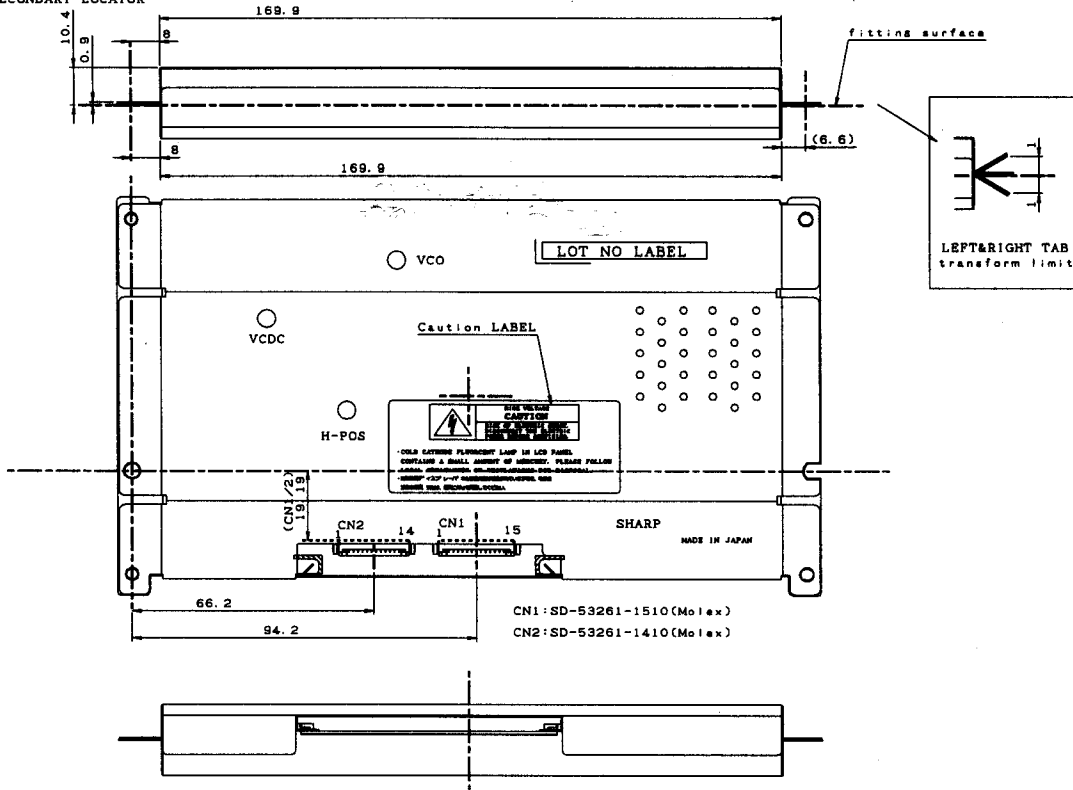
- ① Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or intensive ultraviolet rays for many hours; liquid crystal is deteriorated by ultraviolet rays.
- ② Store the module at a temperature near the room temperature. At lower than the rated storage temperature, liquid crystal solidifies, causing the panel to be damaged. At higher than the rated storage temperature, liquid crystal turns into isotropic liquid and may not recover.
- ③ The voltage of beginning electric discharge may over the normal voltage because of leakage current from approach conductor by to draw lump read lead line around. If LCD panel breaks, there may be a possibility that the liquid crystal escapes from the panel. Since the liquid crystal is injurious, do not put it into the eyes or mouth. When liquid crystal sticks to hands, feet or clothes, wash it out immediately with soap.
- ④ Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.

SHARP

Outline Dimension



PL: PRIMARY LOCATOR  
SL: SECONDARY LOCATOR



Take care in set design to hide the scratches and bubbles appeared on the polarizer or other frame area which is located outside of active area.

unit:mm

General tolerance is  $\pm 0.3$

Please do not copy this material and do not disclose this to third party.

|               |              |       |  |          |  |
|---------------|--------------|-------|--|----------|--|
| DATE          | 2003.03.20   | SCALE | free   |          |  |
| MODEL         | LCY070T5CRQ2 |       |  |          |  |
| DRAWING NO    | LCM-02078G   | size  | A4   | REVISION |  |
| SHARP CO. LTD |              |       | MOBILE LCD DESIGN CENTER<br>ENGINEERING DEPT. 11 |          |  |

Fig1. Out Line Dimension



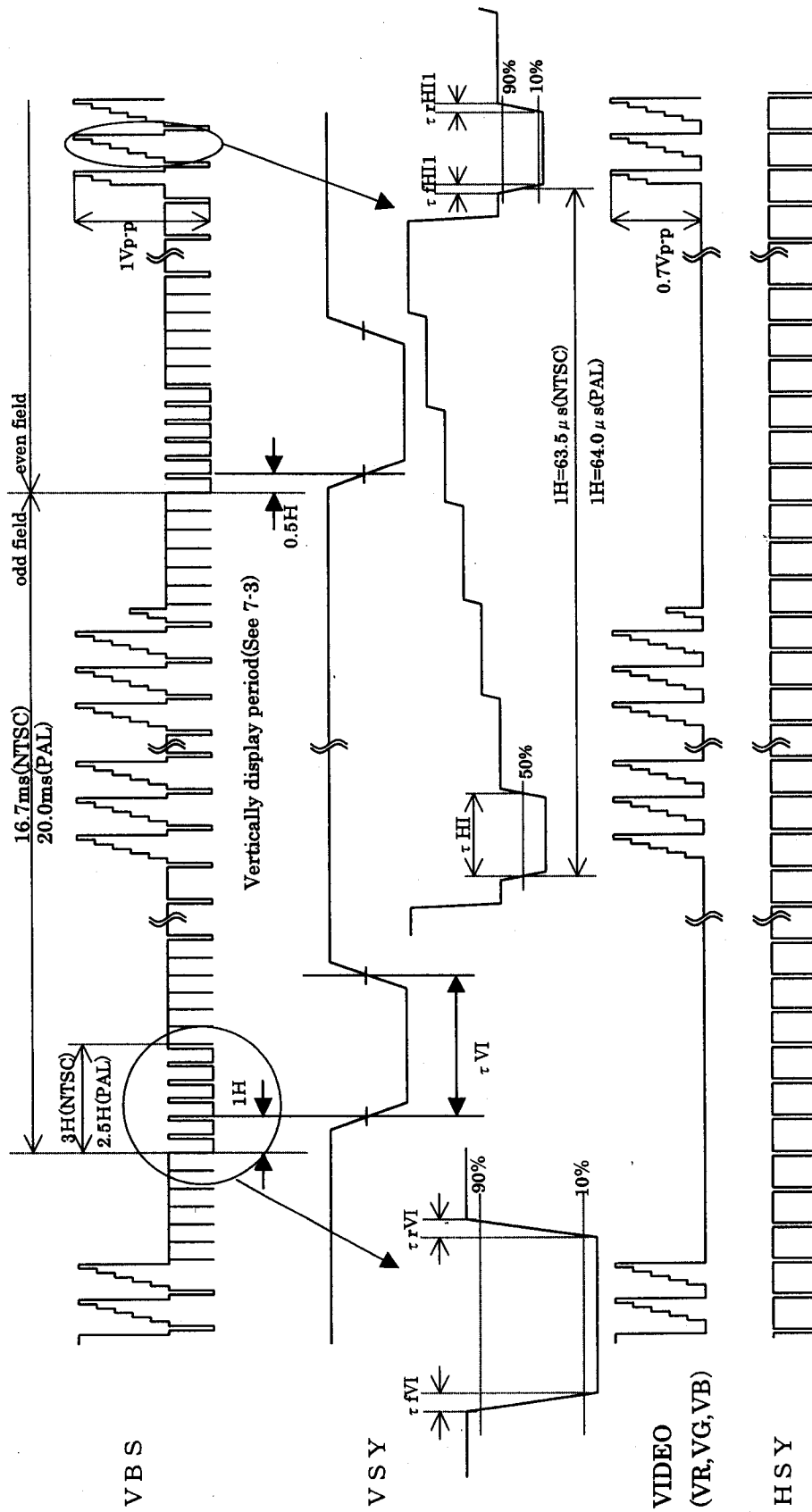


Fig. 3 Input signal waveforms

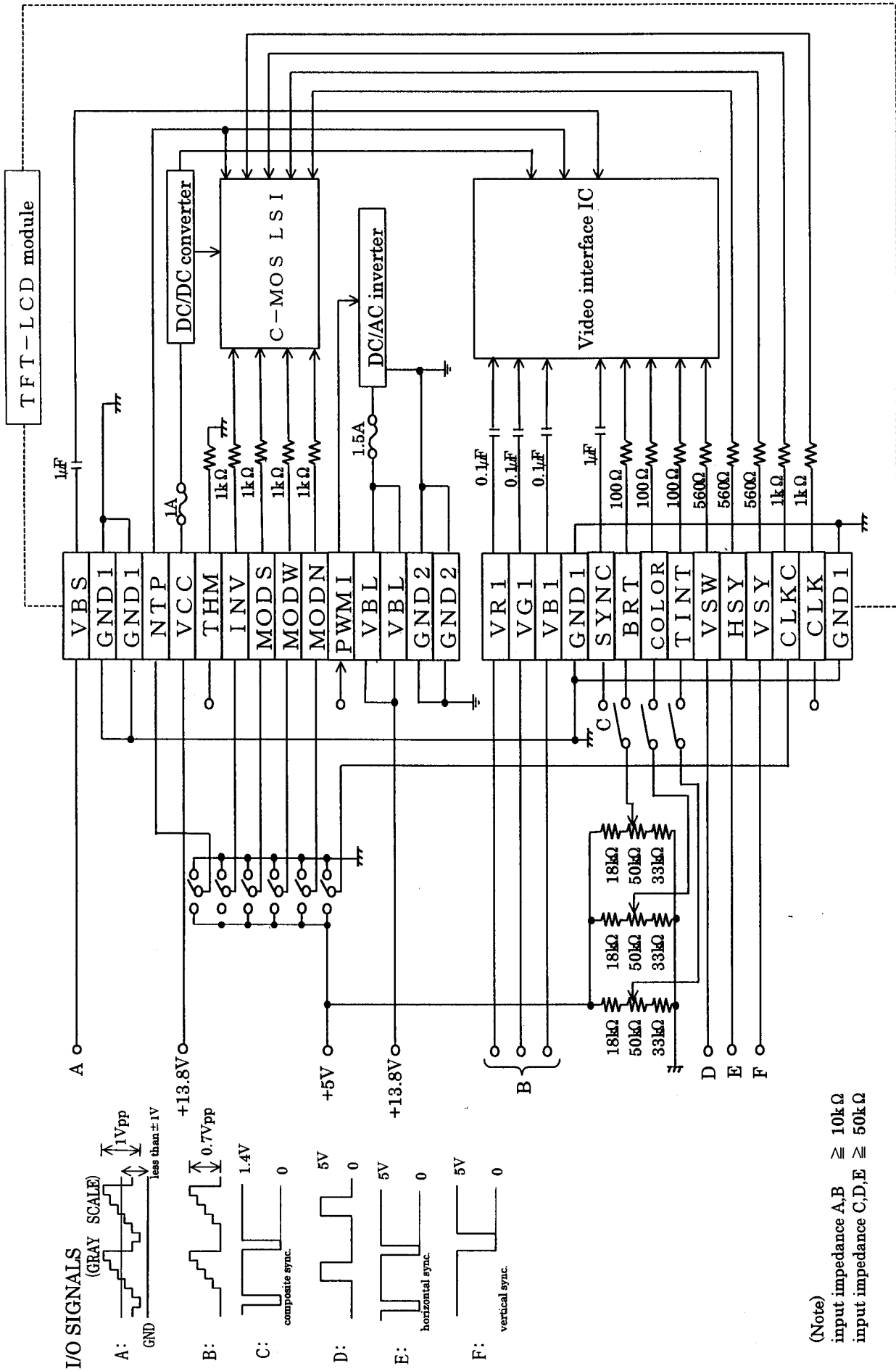


Fig.4 Recommended circuit of TFT-LCD module