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| SPECIFICATION | | |

REVISION: Sep. 25. 2008

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR
TFT-LCD Module
MODEL No.
LQ084V1DG41

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

CUSTOMER' S APPROVAL
BY _____

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1. Application

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ084V1DG41

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In case of using the device for applications such as control and safety equipment for transportation (aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.), rescue and security equipment and various safety related equipment which require higher reliability and safety, take into consideration that appropriate measures such as fail-safe functions and redundant system design should be taken.

Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment (trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

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Confirm "12. Handling Precautions" item when you use the device.

Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.

2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 640×3×480 dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying 18 bit data signal (6bit/color), four timing signals, +3.3V/5.0V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

Viewing angle is 12 o'clock direction.

Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

3. Outline specification.

| Parameter | Specifications | Unit |
|--|--|-------|
| Display size | 21 (8.4") Diagonal | cm |
| Active area | 170.9(H)×128.2(V) | mm |
| Pixel format | 640(H)×480(V) | pixel |
| | (1 pixel=R+G+B dots) | - |
| Number of colors (Number of gray scale level) | 262, 144 (64 gray scales per color) | - |
| Pixel pitch | 0.267(H)×0.267(V) | mm |
| Pixel configuration | R,G,B vertical stripe | - |
| Display mode | Normally white | - |
| Unit outline dimensions *1 | 221.0(W)×152.4 (H)×12.0 (D) | mm |
| Mass | Max.430 | g |
| Surface treatment | Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H (Haze value = $25 \pm 5\%$) | - |

*1: excluding backlight cables.

Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1

[Note 3]

R/L = High, U/D = High



R/L = Low, U/D = High



R/L = High, U/D = Low



R/L = Low, U/D = Low



4-2. Backlight driving

CN2 Used connector : BHR-03VS-1N (JST)

Corresponding connector : SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (JST)

| Pin no. | symbol | function | Color of cable |
|---------|--------|---|----------------|
| 1 | VHIGH | Power supply for lamp (High voltage side) | Pink |
| 2 | NC | OPEN | - |
| 3 | VLOW | Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side) | White |

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Ratings | Unit | Remark |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------|
| Input voltage | V_I | $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ | $-0.3 \sim V_{CC}+0.3$ | V | 【Note1】 |
| Supply voltage | V_{CC} | $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ | $0 \sim +6.0$ | V | |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | — | $-30 \sim 70$ | $^\circ\text{C}$ | 【Note2】 |
| Operating temperature (Ambient) | T_{opa} | — | $-10 \sim 65$ | $^\circ\text{C}$ | 【Note3】 |

【Note1】 CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D

【Note2】 Humidity : 95%RH Max. at $T_a \leq 40^\circ\text{C}$.Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at $T_a > 40^\circ\text{C}$. (No condensation.)【Note3】 Under the environment between 65°C and 70°C , it may cause display non-uniformity issue, etc.

6. Recommended operation condition

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|----------------|-----------|------|-----------|----------|------------------|---------|
| Input voltage | V_I | 0 | | V_{CC} | V | [Note1] |
| Supply voltage | V_{CC} | +3.0 | +3.3/+5.0 | +5.5 | V | [Note2] |
| Temperature | T_{opa} | 0 | | +55 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | [Note3] |

【Note1】CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D

[Note2]

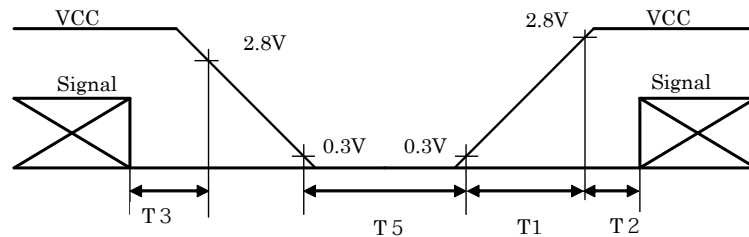
Vcc-turn-on conditions

$$0.3\text{ms} < t_1 \leq 15\text{ms}$$

$$0 < t_2 \leq 20\text{ms}$$

$$0 < t_3 \leq 1\text{s}$$

$$1\text{s} < t_4$$



Vcc-dip conditions

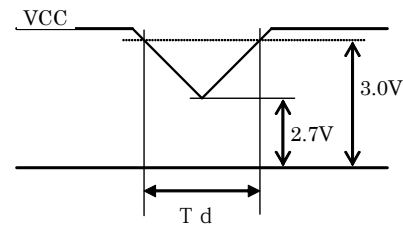
$$1) \quad 2.5\text{V} \leq V_{\text{cc}} < 3.0\text{V}$$

$$t_d \leq 10\text{ms}$$

$$2) \quad V_{\text{cc}} < 2.7\text{V}$$

Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the

Vcc-turn-on conditions



[Note3]

Humidity: 95%RH Max. at $T_a \leq 40^\circ\text{C}$.Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at $T_a > 40^\circ\text{C}$.

No condensation.

7. Electrical Characteristics

7-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

 $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|------|---------------|-----------------|
| Current dissipation | $V_{\text{cc}}=3.3\text{V}$ | I_{cc} | - | 240 | 340 | mA | [Note1] |
| | $V_{\text{cc}}=5.0\text{V}$ | I_{cc} | - | 155 | 210 | mA | |
| Permissive input ripple voltage | | VRP | - | - | 100 | mVp-p | |
| Input voltage | Low | V_{IL} | - | - | 0.8 | V | [Note2] |
| Input voltage | High | V_{IH} | 2.1 | - | - | V | |
| Input current 1 | Low($V_{\text{I}}=0\text{V}$) | I_{OL1} | -10.0 | - | 10.0 | μA | [Note3],[Note5] |
| | Hogh($V_{\text{I}}=V_{\text{cc}}$) | I_{OH1} | -10.0 | - | 10.0 | μA | |
| Input current 2 | Low($V_{\text{I}}=0\text{V}$) | I_{OL2} | -800 | - | - | μA | [Note4],[Note5] |
| | Hogh($V_{\text{I}}=V_{\text{cc}}$) | I_{OH2} | -10.0 | - | 10.0 | μA | |

[Note1] Typical current situation : 16-gray-bar pattern.

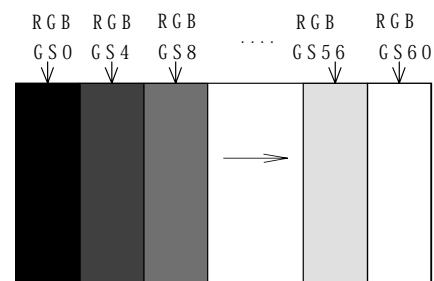
(480Line Mode, $V_{\text{cc}}=+3.3\text{V}/+5.0\text{V}$)

[Note2] CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB,

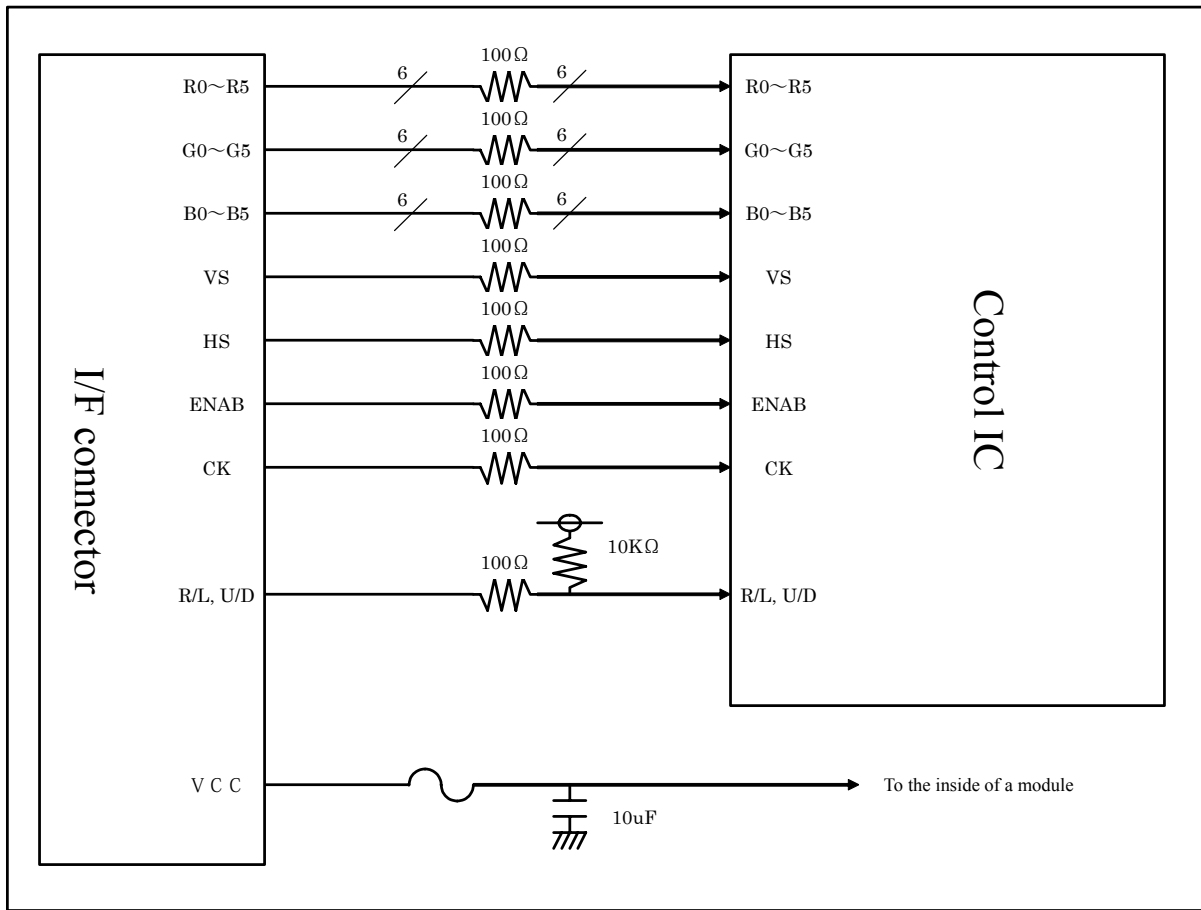
R/L, U/D

[Note3] CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB,

[Note4] R/L, U/D



[Note5] See below block diagram of input interface.



7-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

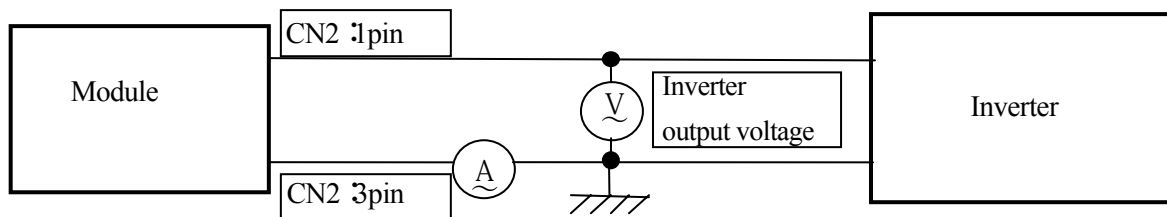
The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following table.

(It is usually required to measure under the following condition.

condition: $I_L=6.0\text{mA}$, $T_a=25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $FL=45\text{kHz}$.)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|------------------------|--------|------|------|------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Lamp current | I_L | 3.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | mA rms | [Note1] |
| Lamp voltage | V_L | - | 680 | - | | |
| Lamp power consumption | P_L | - | 4.1 | - | W | [Note2] |
| Lamp frequency | FL | 35 | 45 | 70 | kHz | [Note3] |
| Kick-off voltage | V_s | - | - | 1500 | V rms | $T_a=-10^\circ\text{C}$ [Note4] |

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.



[Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation. ($I_L \times V_L$)

The data don't include loss at inverter. ($I_L=6.0\text{mA rms}$)

[Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.

[Note4] The open output voltage of the inverter shall be maintained for more than 1s; otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

[Note5] Lamp is consumables. In the following condition, the life time is 50,000 hour as the reference value and it is not guaranteed in this specification sheet by SHARP.

Above value is applicable when lamp is placed horizontally.

Lamp life time is defined that it applied either ① or ② under this condition
(Continuous turning on at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_L=6.0\text{mA rms}$)

① Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.

② Kick-off voltage at $T_a=-10^\circ\text{C}$ exceeds maximum value, 1500Vrms.

Lamp life time shortens according to the state of mounting and use.

In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower. (Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp check and exchange is recommended.

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. when you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

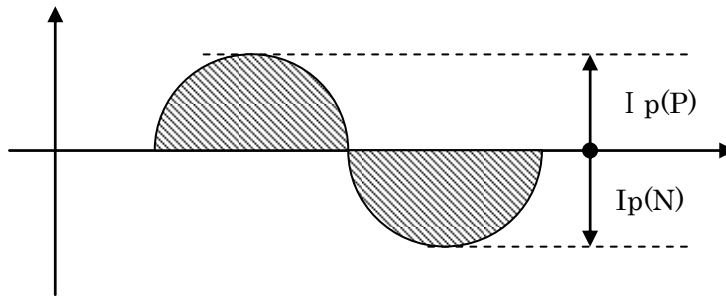
Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform.

[Note7] It is required to have the inverter designed so that to allow the impedance deviation of the CCFT lamp and the capacity deviation of barast capacitor.

[Note8] Under the environment of 10lx or less, miss-lighting delay may occur.

[Note9] A lamp waveform should satisfy the following conditions.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Wave efficiency :} & \quad 1.20 \leq I_p(P) / I_{rms} \text{ or } I_p(N) / I_{rms} \leq 1.63 \\ \text{Imbalanced value:} & \quad 0.95 \leq I_p(P) / I_p(N) \leq 1.05 \end{aligned}$$



8. Timing Characteristics of input signals

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

8-1. Timing characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------------|
| Clock | Frequency | 1/Tc | - | 25.18 | 28.33 | MHz | - |
| | High time | Tch | 5 | - | - | ns | - |
| | Low time | Tcl | 10 | - | - | ns | - |
| | Duty ratio | Th/T | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | - |
| Data | Setup time | Tds | 5 | - | - | ns | - |
| | Hold time | Tdh | 10 | - | - | ns | - |
| Horizontal sync. signal | Cycle | TH | 30.00 | 31.78 | - | μs | - |
| | | | 750 | 800 | 900 | clock | - |
| | Pulse width | THp | 2 | 96 | 200 | clock | - |
| Vertical sync. signal | Cycle | TV | 515 | 525 | 560 | line | 480line mode |
| | | | 446 | 449 | 480 | line | 400line mode |
| | | | 447 | 449 | 510 | line | 350line mode |
| | Pulse width | TVp | 1 | - | 34 | line | - |
| Horizontal display period | | THd | 640 | 640 | 640 | clock | - |
| Hsync-Clock phase difference | | THc | 10 | - | Tc-10 | ns | - |
| Hsync-Vsync phase difference | | TVh | 0 | - | TH-THp | clock | - |

[Note] In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

8-2. Horizontal display position

The horizontal display position is determined by ENAB signal and the input data corresponding to the rising edge of ENAB signal is displayed at the left end of the active area.

| Parameter | | symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------|------|------|--------|-------|--------|
| Enable signal | Setup time | Tes | 5 | - | Tc-10 | ns | - |
| | Pulse width | Tep | 2 | 640 | 640 | clock | - |
| Hsync-Enable signal phase difference | | THE | 44 | - | TH-664 | clock | - |

[Note] When ENAB is fixed "Low", the display starts from the data of C104(clock) as shown in Fig.2-①~③.

When the phase difference is below 104 clocks, keep the "High" level of ENAB signal longer than 104-THE clocks. If it will not be kept, the display starts from the data of C104(clock).

Be careful that the module does not work when ENAB is fixed "High".

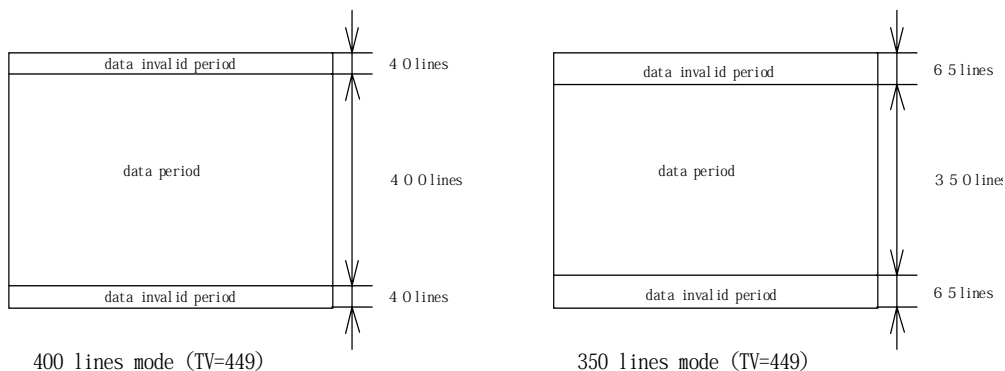
8-3. Vertical display position

The vertical display position is automatically centered in the active area at each mode of VGA ,480-,400-,and 350-line mode. Each mode is selected depending on the polarity of the synchronous signals described in 4-1(Note1).

In each mode, the data of TVn is displayed at the top line of the active area. And the display position will be centered on the screen like the following figure when the period of vertical synchronous signal (TV) is typical value.

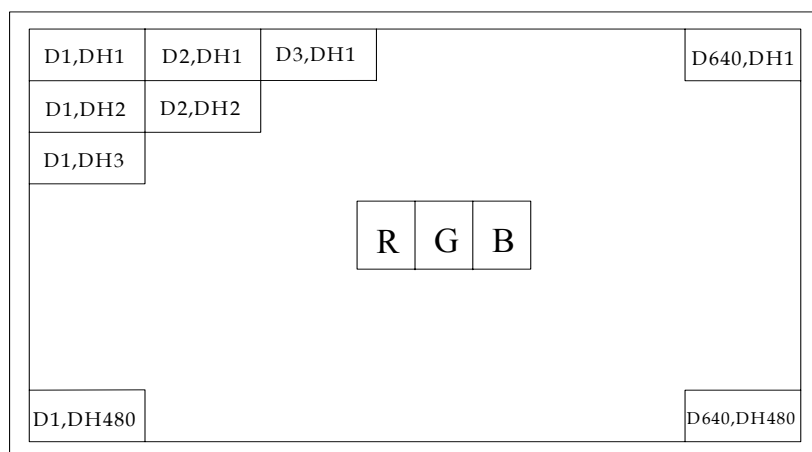
In 400-, and 350-line mode, the data in the vertical data invalid period is also displayed, so, inputting all data "0" is recommended during vertical data invalid period. ENAB signal has no relation to the vertical display position.

| Mode | V-data start(TVs) | V-data period(TVd) | V-display start(TVn) | V-display period | Unit | Remark |
|------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|------|--------|
| 480 | 34 | 480 | 34 | 480 | line | - |
| 400 | 34 | 400 | 443-TV | 480 | line | - |
| 350 | 61 | 350 | 445-TV | 480 | line | - |



8-4. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Display position of input data (480 line mode)
(H, V)



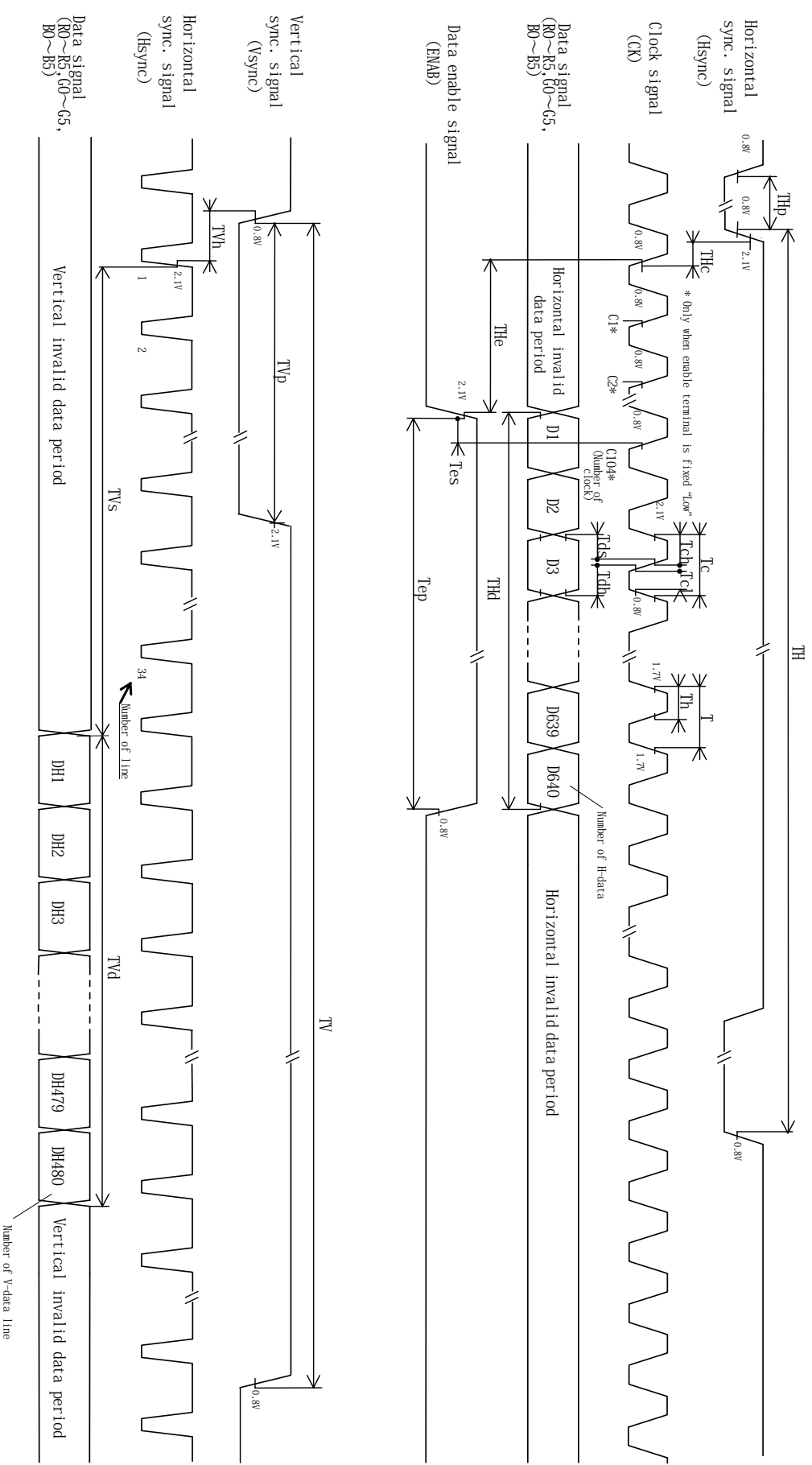


図 2-① Input signal waveforms (480 Line mode)

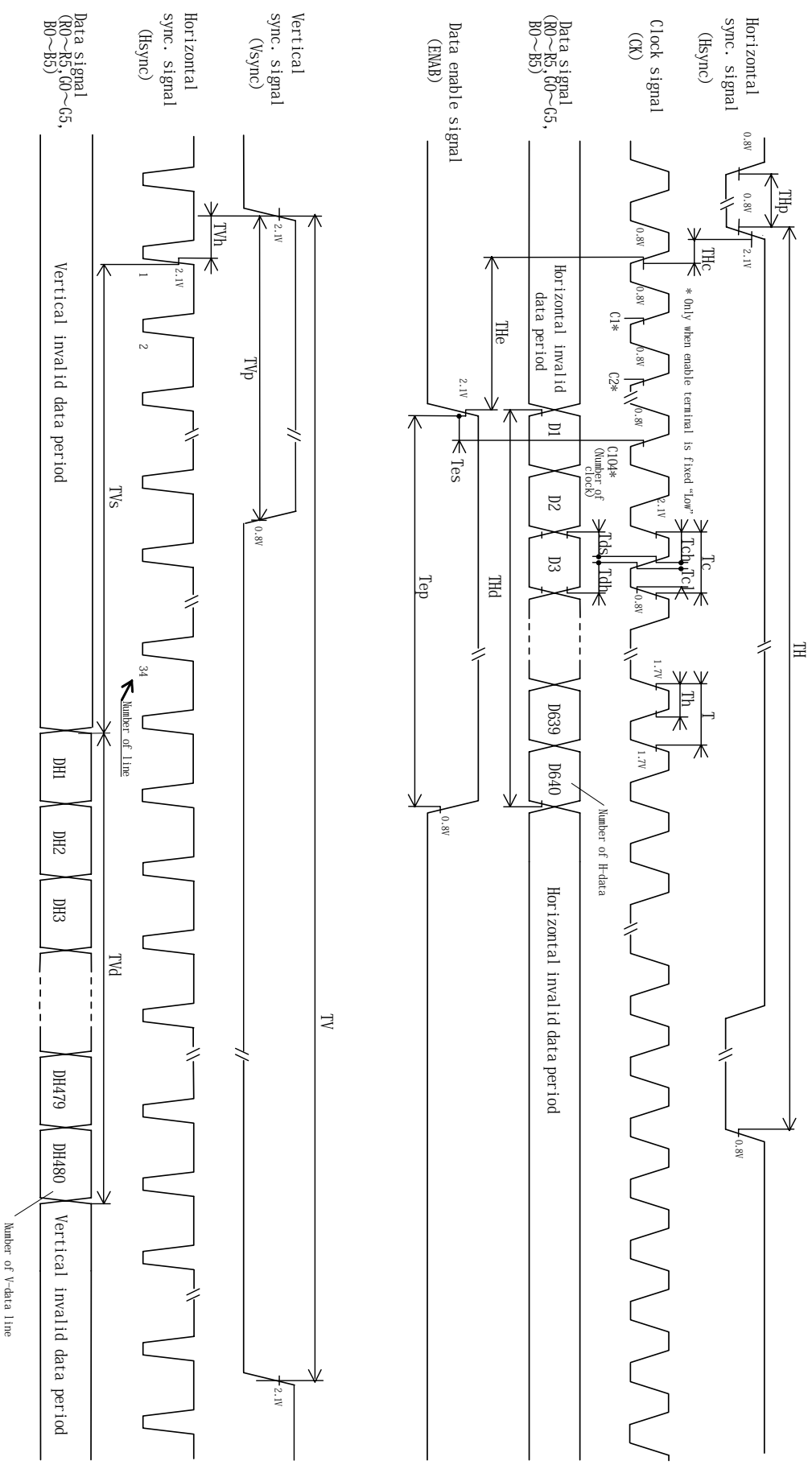


図 2-② Input signal waveforms (400 line mode)

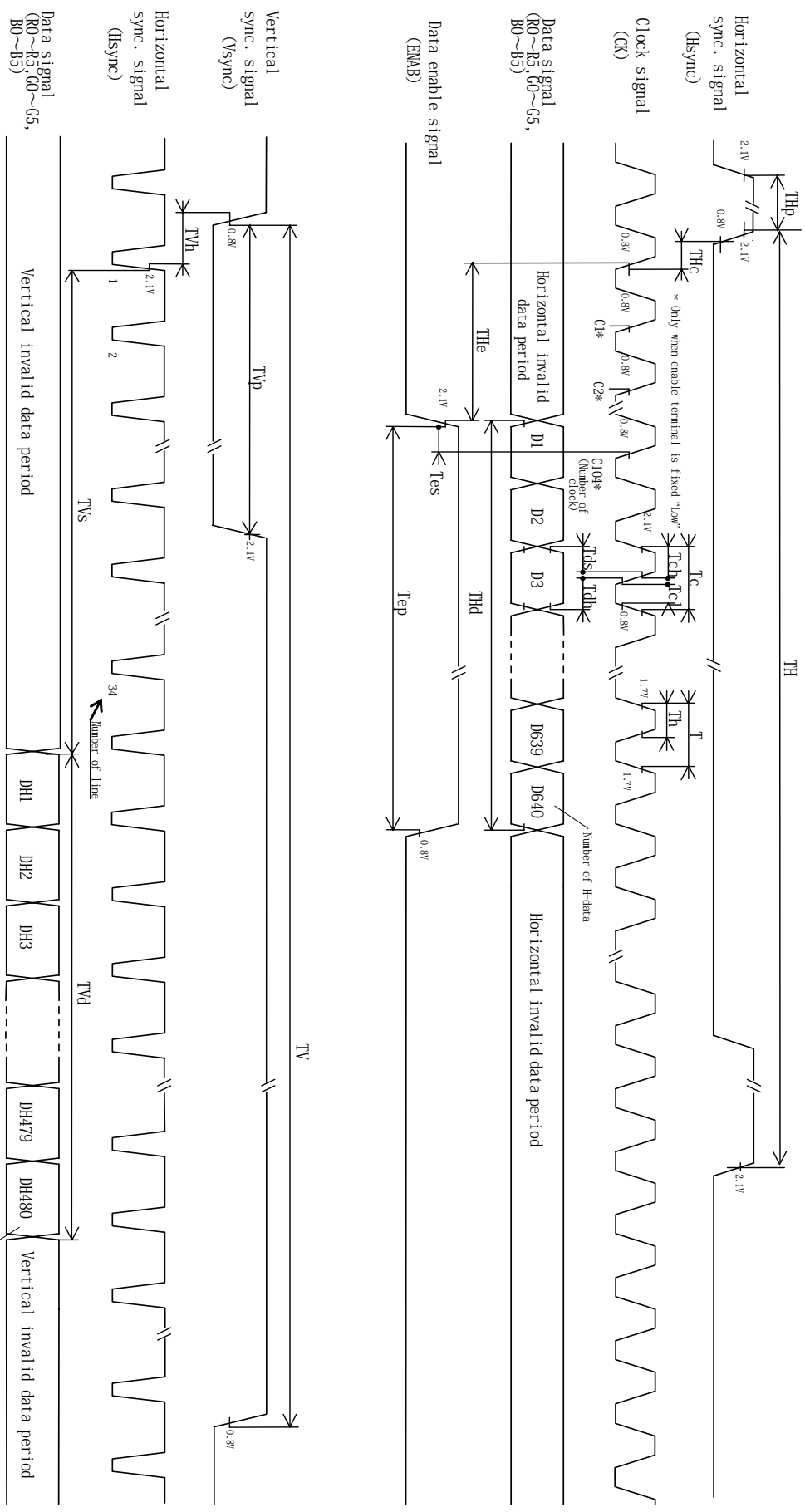


図 2-③ Input signal waveforms(350 1 line mode)

9. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

| | Colors & Gray scale | Data signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | Gray Scale | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 |
| Basic Color | Black | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Green | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Cyan | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Red | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Magenta | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Gray Scale of Red | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↑ | GS1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↑ | ↓ | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | |
| | ↓ | ↓ | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | |
| | Brighter | GS61 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↓ | GS62 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | GS63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Green | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↑ | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↑ | ↓ | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | |
| | ↓ | ↓ | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | |
| | Brighter | GS61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↓ | GS62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | GS63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Blue | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↑ | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ↑ | ↓ | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | |
| | ↓ | ↓ | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | |
| | Brighter | GS61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | ↓ | GS62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Blue | GS63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

0 :Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

10. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C, Vcc=+3.3V / +5.0V

| Parameter | | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Viewing angle range | Horizontal | θ_{21}, θ_{22} | CR>10 | 55 | 70 | - | Deg. | [Note1] |
| | Vertical | θ_{11} | | 50 | 60 | - | Deg. | [Note4] |
| | | θ_{12} | | 40 | 50 | - | Deg. | [Note4] |
| Contrast ratio | | CR | Optimum viewing angle | - | 600 | - | | [Note4] |
| Response time | Rise | τ_r | $\theta = 0^\circ$ | - | 10 | - | ms | [Note3] |
| | Decay | τ_d | | - | 25 | - | ms | [Note4] |
| Chromaticity of white | | x | | 0.263 | 0.313 | 0.363 | | [Note4] |
| | | y | | 0.279 | 0.329 | 0.379 | | IL=6.0mA rms FL=45kHz |
| Luminance of white | | Y_L | | 240 | 300 | - | cd/m ² | |
| White Uniformity | | δW | | - | - | 1.45 | | [Note5] |
| Viewing Angle | | - | - | 12 | | | o'clock | [Note6] |

[Note] The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below. (condition:IL=6.0mA rms, FL=45kHz)

Photodetector

Viewing angle/Response time : BM-5A (TOPCON)

Contrast ratio/Luminance of white/Chromaticity : SR-3(TOPCON)

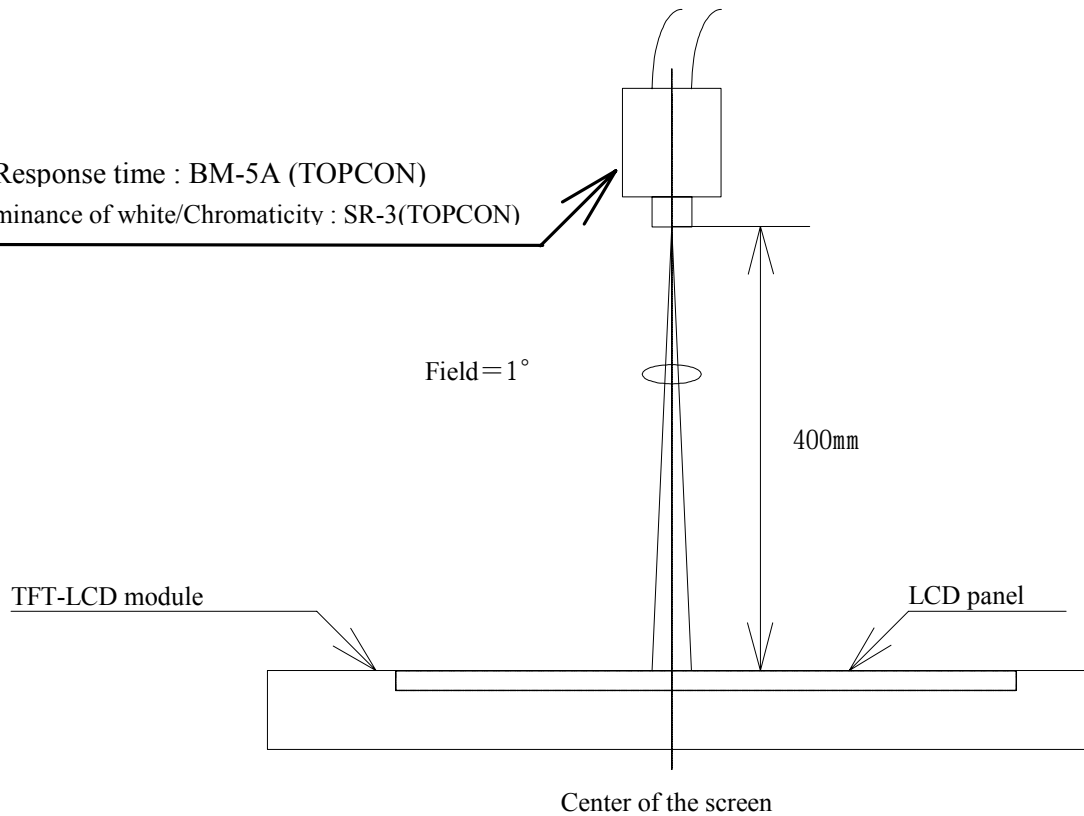
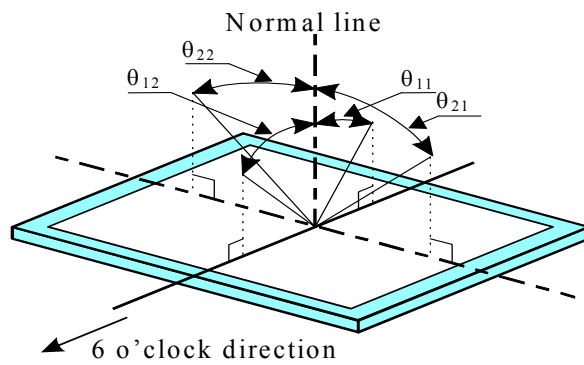


Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



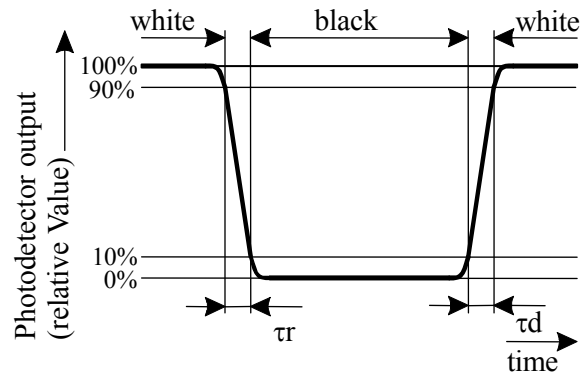
[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

[Note3] Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

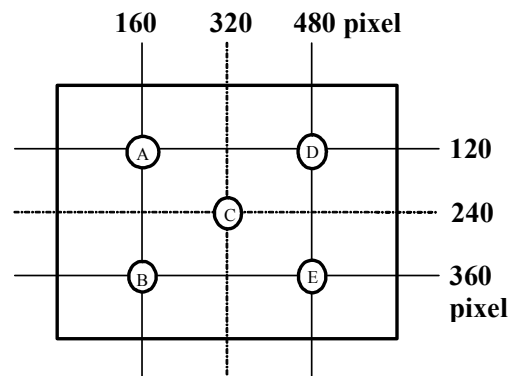


[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements (A~E).

$$\delta_w = \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$



[Note6] The optimum viewing angle of this module (θ_{\max}) is slightly leaned to 12 o'clock from normal line.

Where $\theta_{12} > \theta_{\max}$, gray scale is reversed partially.

Where $\theta_{12} < \theta_{\max}$, or 6 o'clock direction, gray scale isn't reversed.

11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

12. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling.
Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly.
Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched .
Peel the film off slowly , just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades display quality.
- k) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environment.
- l) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- m) There are high voltage portions on the backlight. It is very dangerous to touch carelessly.
It may lead to electrical shock. When exchanging lamps or getting service, turn off the power without fail.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be avoid that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.
- p) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.
- q) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, please tighten with “torque=0.294±0.02N•m(3.0±0.2kgf•cm)”
Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
- r) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- s) Notice:Never dismantle the module , because it will cause failure.
Please don't remove the fixed tape, insulating tape etc. that was pasted on the original module.
(except for protection film of the panel and the crepe tape(yellow tape) of fixing lamp cable temporarily.)
- t) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage.
(Please use a screen saver etc., in order to avoid an afterimage.)
- u) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.
If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- v) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display non-uniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.
- w)The lamp used for this product is very sensitive to the temperature.
Luminance decreases rapidly when it is used for a long time or repeatedly under the environment of the low temperature or the module is being cooled.
Please avoid the continuous or repeating use of it under such an environment.
It may decrease up to 50% of the initial luminance in about one month under the low temperature environment.
Please consult our company when it is used under the environment like the above mentioned.

13. Packing form

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------|
| Product countries | JAPAN | CHINA |
| Piling number of cartons | MAX. 8 | |
| Package quantity in one carton | 20pcs | |
| Carton size | 477(W)×267(H)×326(D) mm | |
| Total mass of one carton filled with full modules | 11kg | |
| Packing form is shown | Fig.4 | |

14. Reliability test items

| No. | Test item | Conditions | Remark |
|-----|---|--|-------------------|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta=70°C 240h | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta= -30°C 240h | |
| 3 | High temperature & high humidity operation test | Ta=40°C ; 95%RH 240h (No condensation) | |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | Ta=65°C 240h | |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | Ta= -10°C 240h | |
| 6 | Vibration test (non- operating) | Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side) : 0.076mm : 57~500Hz/Gravity : 9.8m/s ² Sweep time : 11 minutes Test period : 3 hours (1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z) | |
| 7 | Shock test (non- operating) | Max. gravity : 490m/s ² Pulse width : 11ms, half sine wave Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z once for each direction. | |
| 8 | ESD test | Contact discharge (150pF 330Ω) non-operating = ±10kV, operating = ±8kV Atmospheric discharge (150pF 330Ω) non-operating = ±20kV, operating = ±15kV | |
| 9 | EMI | Measurement in 10m site Display position on the screen = "H" (full-screen), GND to 4 place = un-connect, Vcc / Vsignal = typ. | VCCI (Class B) |

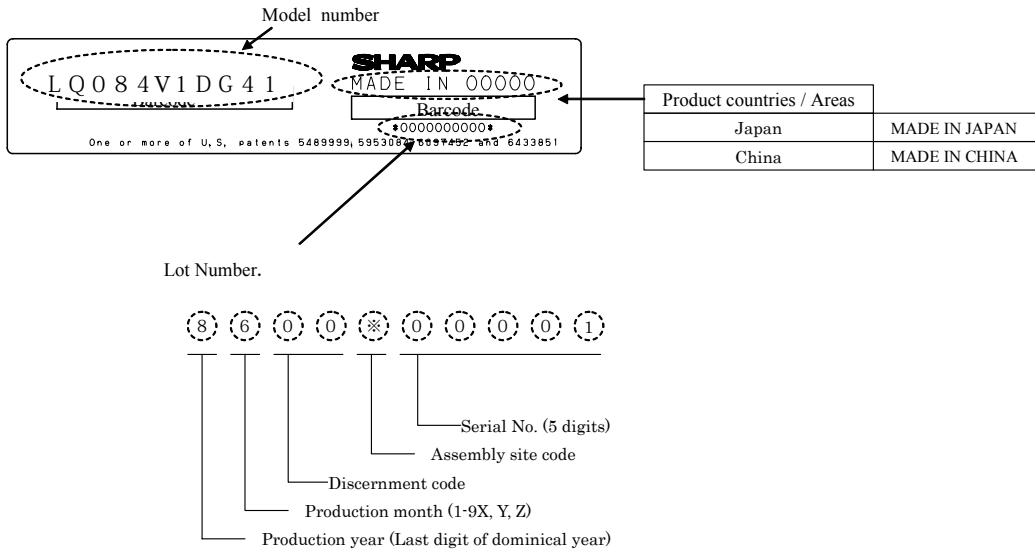
[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

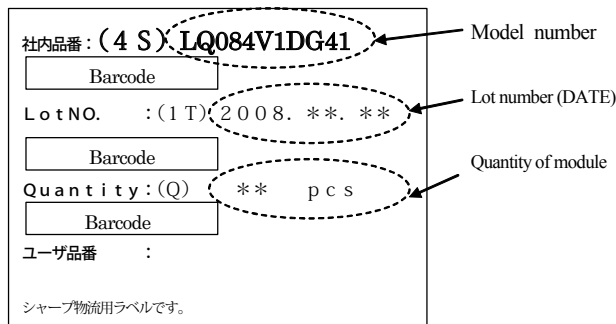
(normal operation state : Temperature:15~35°C, Humidity:45~75%, Atmospheric pressure:86~106kpa)

15.Others

15-1 Lot No. Label:



15-2 Packing box Label:



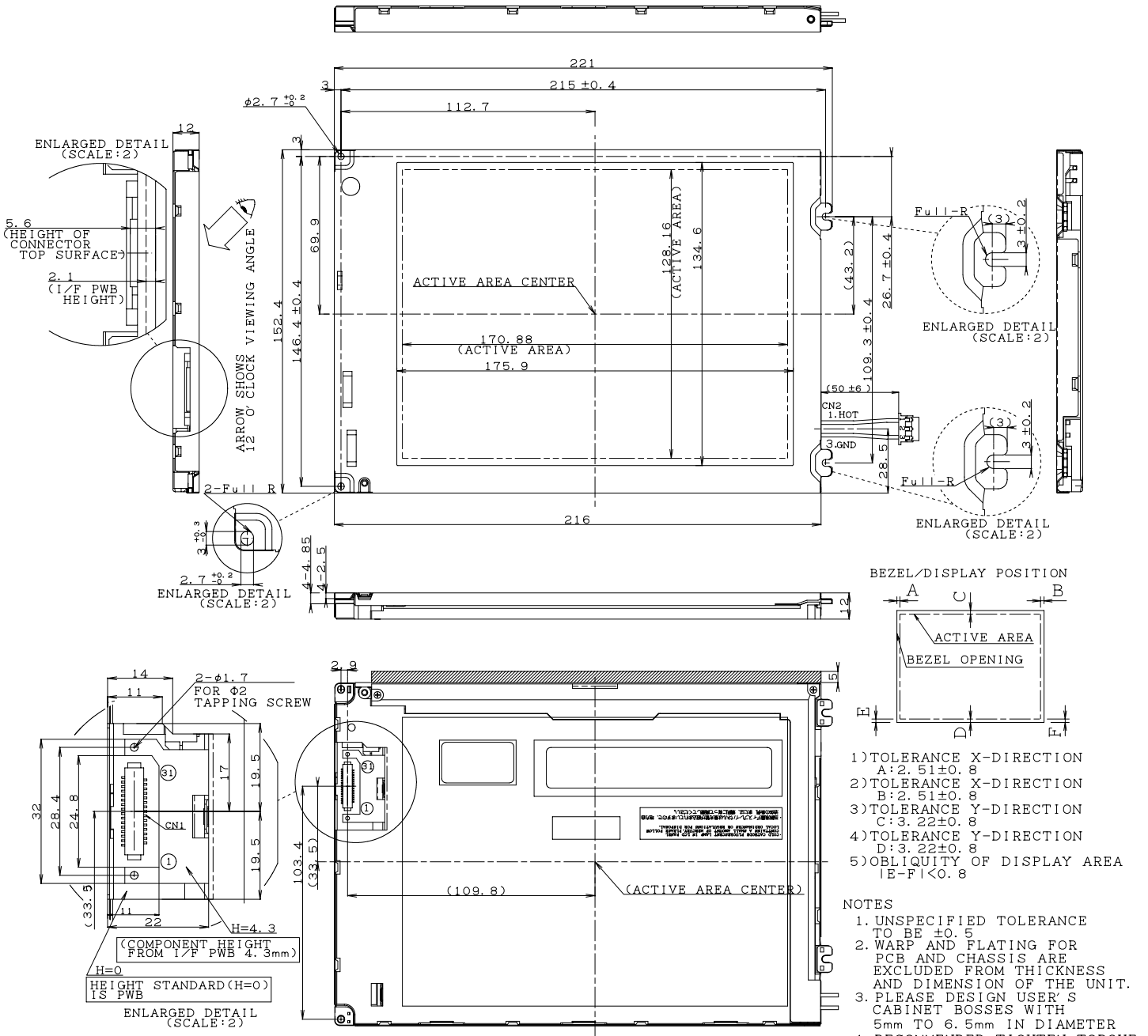
Internal Use Only
R. C.

※R.C. (RoHS Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

15-3 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification , it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

16. Carton storage condition

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Temperature | 0°C to 40°C |
| Humidity | 95%RH or less |
| Reference condition : | 20°C to 35°C , 85%RH or less (summer) : 5°C to 15°C , 85%RH or less (winter) • the total storage time (40°C,95%RH) : 240H or less |
| Sunlight | Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight. |
| Atmosphere | Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or wires must not be detected. |
| Notes | Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with removing from wall Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control changing temperature is within limits of natural environment |
| Storage period | 1 year |



INTERFACE CONNECTOR

CN1: DF9MA-31P-1V (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

| pin | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|-----|-----|----|-------|-------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| | GND | CK | Hsync | Vsync | GND | RO | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| R5 | GND | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | GND | B0 | B1 |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | |
| B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | GND | ENAB | Vcc | Vcc | R/L | U/D | |

CORRESPONDING CONNECTOR: DF9-31S-1V, DF9A-31S-1V, DF9B-31S-1V, DF9C-31S-1V

CCFT CONNECTOR

CN2: BHR-03VS-1 (JST)
 PIN LAYOUT

| | |
|---|------|
| 1 | High |
| 2 | NC |
| 3 | GND |

FIG1. OUTLINE DEMENSIONS
 LQ084V1DG41

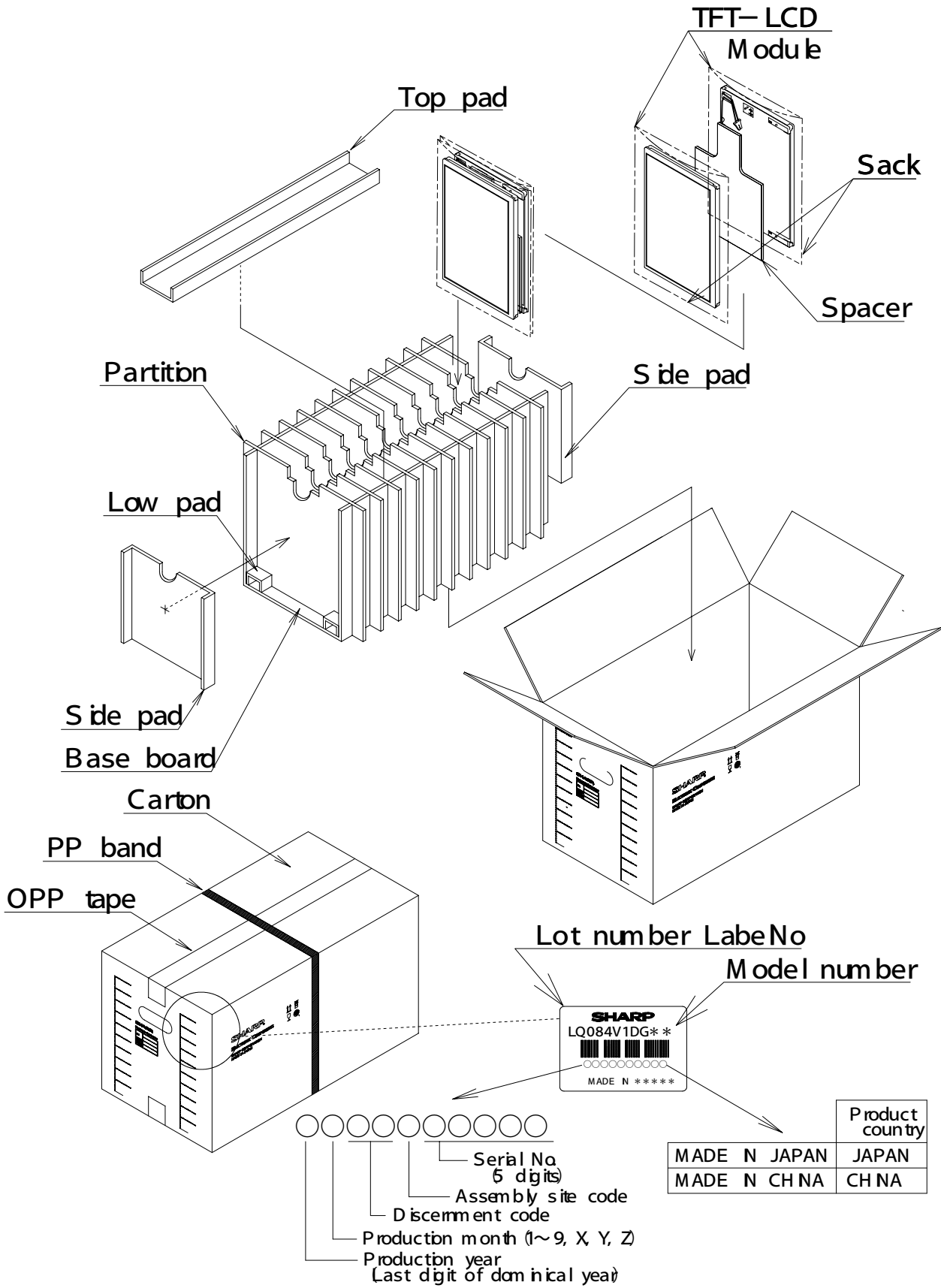


Fig4. Packing Form