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DISPLAY DEVICE BUSINESS GROUP
SHARP CORPORATION

SPECIFICATION

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DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

TFT-LCD Module

MODEL No.

LQ121S1DG81

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

☐ CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

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DISPLAY DEVICE DIVISION III

DISPLAY DEVICE BUSINESS GROUP

SHARP CORPORATION



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RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No. LQ121S1DG81

| | | REVI | 1 | T | |
|-----------|------------|---------|-------|--|------|
| SPEC No. | DATE | SED | PAGE | SUMMARY | NOTE |
| LD-24X03A | 2012/10/25 | No _ | I AGE | _ | |
| LD-24X03B | 2012/12/12 | Δ1 | _ | | |
| LD 24X00D | 2012/12/12 | | 3 | Update Page No in correction | |
| | | | 3 | correction of erroneous description | |
| | | | | (×)NC ⇒ (O) ENAB | |
| | | | 5 | Update [*2] in 5.Absolute Maximun Ratings | |
| | | | 7 | Update Timing characteristions "6.2 LED backlight" | |
| | | | | Changed VBR active timing (t11) | |
| | | | 8 | Added VBR(PWM) regulater values and Remark [*7] | |
| | | | 9 | Update Timing characteristions input signal | |
| | | | | Added CLK Transition Time and Duty time | |
| | | | 10 | Update Input signal timing in Fig2. | |
| | | | | Added CLK Transition Time and Duty time | |
| | | | 12 | Amendment ovwelapped "Fig.2" | |
| | | | | (×) Fig2 Optical characteristics measurement method | |
| | | | | (O) Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method | |
| | | | 14 | Update 10. Handling Precauions | |
| | | | 19 | Added PET TAPE Standard to Fig 1. | |
| LD-24X03C | 2013/7/12 | Δ2 | 6 | [*1] correction of erroneous description | |
| | | | | added Timing "t7" | |
| | | | | Change of the "t2" stating point | |
| | | | | (×)Back light ⇒ (O) Back light state | |
| | | | | Updata "6−1. TFT−LCD panel driving" | |
| | | | | VIH : max is VCC | |
| | | | | VIL : min is 0v (GND) | |
| | | | | Amendment Ramark of "6-1. TFT-LCD panel driving" | |
| | | | | Input voltage $(\times)[*4] \Rightarrow (\bigcirc)[*3]$ | |
| | | | 7 | [*1] correction of erroneous description | |
| | | | | Change of the "t12" stating point | |
| | | | | (×) Back light ⇒ (O) Back light state | |
| | | | | [*3] [*4] correction of erroneous description | |
| | | | | [*3] (\times) pull-down \Rightarrow (\bigcirc) pull-up | |
| | | | | $(\times) 10k\Omega \Rightarrow (\bigcirc) 100k\Omega$ | |
| | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | [*4] (×) pull-down \Rightarrow (O) pull-up | |
| | | | - | Chane of Life time (50,000h ⇒ 70,000h) | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |



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PACKING FORM



1. Application

This specification applies to the color TFT-LCD module LQ121S1DG81.

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The device listed in this specification was designed and manufactured for use in general electronic equipment.

In case of using the device for applications such as control and safety equipment for transportation (controls of aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.), rescue and security equipment and various safety related equipment which require higher reliability and safety, take into consideration that appropriate measures such as fail-safe functions and redundant system design should be taken.

Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment (trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

SHARP assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the device which does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this specification.

Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.



2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit and a White-LED Backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 800 × RGB × 600dots panel with 262144 colors by using CMOS(Complementary MOS) and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

The maximum viewing angle is in the 6o'clock direction.

The 12o'clock direction is difficult to reverse the grayscale.

The LED driver circuit is built into the module.

3. Mechanical technical literatures

| Parameter | technical literatures | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Display size | 31 (12.1inch) Diagonal | cm |
| Active area | 246 (H) × 184.5 (V) | mm |
| Divid former | 800 (H) × 600 (V) | a bara I |
| Pixel format | (1pixel=R+G+B dot) | pixel |
| Aspect ratio | 4:3 | |
| Pixel pitch | 0.3075 (H) × 0.3075 (V) | mm |
| Pixel configuration | R,G,B vertical stripe | |
| Display mode | Normally white | |
| Unit outline dimensions [*1] | 276.0 (W) × 209.0 (H) × 11.0(D) | mm |
| Mass(MAX.) | 650 | g |
| Surface treatment | Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H | |

[*1] Excluding the protrusion of the connector cover from thickness.

Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1.



4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +3.3V power supply)

Using connectors: DF9MA-41P-1V(32) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

Corresponding connectors: DF9-41S-1V(32), DF9A-41S-1V(32) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

:DF9B-41S-1V(32), DF9M-41S-1V(32) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

| Pin | Symbol | Function | Remark |
|-----|--------|---|----------|
| 1 | GND | GND | |
| 2 | CK | Clock signal for sampling each data signal | |
| 3 | GND | GND | |
| 4 | Hsync | Horizontal synchronous signal | Negative |
| 5 | Vsync | Vertical synchronous signal | Negative |
| 6 | GND | GND | |
| 7 | GND | GND | |
| 8 | GND | GND | |
| 9 | R0 | RED data signal(LSB) | |
| 10 | R1 | RED data signal | |
| 11 | R2 | RED data signal | |
| 12 | GND | GND | |
| 13 | R3 | RED data signal | |
| 14 | R4 | RED data signal | |
| 15 | R5 | RED data signal(MSB) | |
| 16 | GND | GND | |
| 17 | GND | GND | |
| 18 | GND | GND | |
| 19 | G0 | GREEN data signal(LSB) | |
| 20 | G1 | GREEN data signal | |
| 21 | G2 | GREEN data signal | |
| 22 | GND | GND | |
| 23 | G3 | GREEN data signal | |
| 24 | G4 | GREEN data signal | |
| 25 | G5 | GREEN data signal(MSB) | |
| 26 | GND | GND | |
| 27 | GND | GND | |
| 28 | GND | GND | |
| 29 | В0 | BLUE data signal(LSB) | |
| 30 | B1 | BLUE data signal | |
| 31 | B2 | BLUE data signal | |
| 32 | GND | GND | |
| 33 | В3 | BLUE data signal | |
| 34 | B4 | BLUE data signal | |
| 35 | B5 | BLUE data signal(MSB) | |
| 36 | GND | GND | |
| 37 | ENAB | Signal to settle the horizontal and vertical display position | |
| 38 | NC | No Connect (Please be sure to open) | 1 |
| 39 | Vcc | +3.3V power supply | |
| 40 | Vcc | +3.3V power supply | |
| 41 | SCAN | Horizontal/Vertical display mode select signal | [*1] |

Δ1



[*1] RL/UD = LOW



RL/UD = HIGH



4-3. LED backlight

LED backlight connector

CN2 Used connector : SM06B-SHLS-TF (J.S.T. Mfg. Co. Ltd)

Corresponding connector : SHLP-06V-S-B (J.S.T. Mfg. Co. Ltd)

| Connector No. | Pin No. | symbol | function |
|---------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|
| | 1 | VDD | +12V power supply |
| | 2 | VDD | +12V power supply |
| ONO | 3 | GND | GND |
| CN2 | 4 | GND | GND |
| | 5 | XSTABY | Backlight ON/OFF signal |
| | 6 | VBR | PWM signal |



5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

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| Parameter | Parameter Symbol | | Pin | Ratings | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---------|----------------|----------------------|----------|----------|
| Supply voltage | Vcc | Ta=25°C | VCC | −0.3 ~ +4.0 | V | [*1,2] |
| Supply Voltage | VDD | Ta=25°C | VDD | −0.3 ~ +15.0 | ٧ | 【*1,2】 |
| | | | R0-5,G0-5,B0-5 | | | |
| Innut valtare | $V_{\mathrm{I}1}$ | Ta=25°C | CK,Hsync,Vsync | -0.3∼Vcc+0.3 | V | |
| Input voltage | | | ENAB,SCAN | | | |
| | V _{I 2} | Ta=25°C | XSTABY, VBR | -0.3∼V _{DD} | V | |
| Storage temperature | T_{STG} | _ | _ | −30 ~ +80 | °C | [*1] |
| Operating temperature | T _{OPA} | _ | _ | −30 ~ +80 | °C | [*1,3,4] |

Humidity: 95%RH Max.(Ta≤40°C) Note static electricity. [*1]

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less. (Ta>40°C) No condensation.

【*2】 The Vcc power supply capacity must use the one of 2A or more.

The V_{DD} power supply capacity must use the one of 3A or more.

There is a possibility of causing smoking and the ignition without fusion of LCD fuse when abnormality occurs when the current capacity is smaller than regulated values.

Please install the sprotection function in which the overcurrent and the excess voltage are controlled to the set side when you design the lower current supply.

- **[***3] There is a possibility of causing deterioration in the irregularity and others of the screen and the display fineness though the liquid crystal module doesn't arrive at destruction when using it at $65 \sim 80^{\circ}$ C.
- **[***4] In the operating temperature item, the low temperature side is the ambient temperature regulations. The high temperature side is the panel surface temperature regulations.



6. Electrical Characteristics

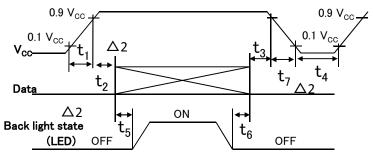
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

6-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

$$T_a = +25^{\circ}C$$

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|------|------|------------|--------------------------|---|
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} | | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | 【*1】 | |
| Current dissipation | I_{CC} | Vcc=3.3V | _ | 400 | 500 | mA | 【*2】 | |
| Permissive input ripple voltage | V_{RP} | | _ | _ | 100 | mV_{P-P} | Vcc = 3.3V | |
| Inner de constitue and | V_{IH} | | 2.1 | _ | Vcc | V | [*3] | |
| Input voltage | V_{IL} | | 0.0 | _ | 0.8 | V | | 4 |
| Tomost week accurate | I_{OH} | | _ | _ | 400 | μΑ | $V_{12} = +3.3V[*3]$ | |
| Input reak current | I _{OL} | | -400 | _ | _ | μΑ | V ₁₂ =0V [*3] | |

[*1] On-off conditions for supply voltage



< t₃ ≦ 1s 300ms ≦ $200 \text{ms} \leq t_6$ 20ms \leq t⁷ \leq 200ms

 $< t_2 \leq 20 ms$

 $20 \,\mu\,\mathrm{s} < \mathrm{t_1} \leq 10 \mathrm{ms}$

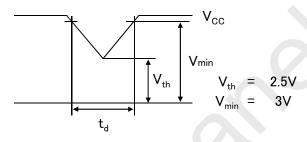
 Δ 2

 $V_{th} < V_{CC} \leq V_{min}$ $t_d \leq 10 ms$

 V_{CC} < V_{th}

Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the On-off conditions for supply voltage

Vcc-dip conditions

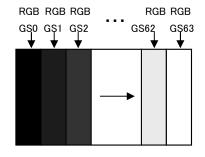


- Hsync/Vsync need not be input so that this model may drive only by the ENAB signal. Even if Hsync/Vsync is input, it doesn't become a malfunction.
- The relation between the data input and the backlight lighting will recommend the above-mentioned input sequence. When the backlight is turned on before the panel operates, there is a possibility of abnormally displaying. The liquid crystal module is not damaged.

[*2] Current dissipation

Typical current situation: 64-gray-bar pattern (Vcc=+3.3V, fck = 40MHz, Ta=25°C)

[*3] R0-5, G0-5, B0-5, CK, Hsyn, Vsync, ENAB, SCAN



6-2. LED backlight

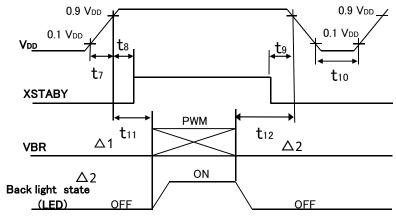
Ta=+25°C

| Р | arameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|------------|----------------------|---------|------|----------------------|------|-------|---------------------|
| Sup | ply voltage | VDD | 10.2 | 12.0 | 13.8 | V | [*1] |
| Cuma | nt dissination | IDD1 | - | 400 | 600 | mA | 【*2】 |
| Gurre | nt dissipation | IDD2 | - | - | 10.0 | μΑ | |
| Permissive | input ripple voltage | VRP_BL | 1 | 1 | 200 | mVP-P | VDD=+12.0V |
| XSTABY | High voltage | VIH_BL1 | 9.0 | - | VDD | V | 【*3】 |
| VOLVE | Low voltage | VIL_BL1 | - | - | 0.4 | V | 【*3】 |
| VBR | High voltage | VIH_BL2 | 9.0 | - | VDD | ٧ | 【*4】 |
| VDK | Low voltage | VIL_BL2 | - | - | 0.4 | V | [*4] |
| | Frequency | fpwm | 200 | - | 1k | Hz | 【*4,5】 |
| PWM | Duty | Dрwм | 10 | - | 100 | % | 【*4,5】 |
| PVVIVI | Pulse width (Lo) | LPWM | - | - | 4.5 | ms | 【*5,7】 |
| | Pulse width (Hi) | HPWM | 0.1 | - | - | ms | 【*5】 |
| Life time | | L | - | (70,000) (Module) | - | h | 【Reference】 【*6】 |

Δ1 Δ1

Δ2

[*1] On-off conditions for supply voltage



 $20 \,\mu\,\mathrm{s} \le t_7 \le 200 \mathrm{ms}$

 $0ms \le t8$

 $0ms \le t9$

200mms ≤ t₁₀

 $0 \text{ms} \leq t_{11} \quad \Delta 1$

 $0ms \leq t_{12}$

[*2] Current dissipation

Typ. value: V_{DD}= +12V, Duty=100%

Max. value: V_{DD}= +10.2V, Duty=100%

[*3] XSTABY is connected by the pull-up resistor of 100k $\Omega\,.$

Δ2

[*4] VBR is connected by the pull-up resistor of $10k\,\Omega\,.$

 Δ 2

LD-24X03C-8

[*5] PWM

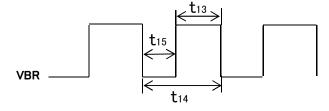
 $f_{PWM} = 1/t_{14}$ DPWM = t13 / t14

Duty 10%: Min. Luminance Duty 100%: Max. Luminance

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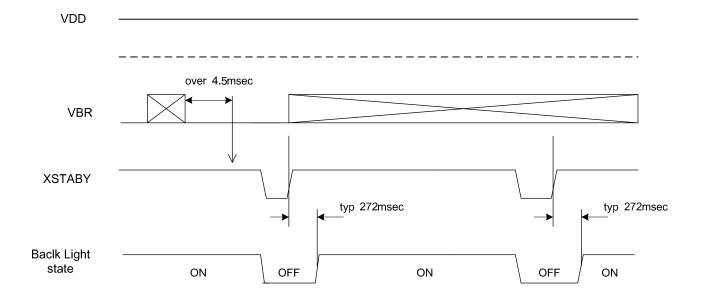
Luminance changes in proportion to the duty ratio. (t13 \geq 500 μ s)

When the frequency slows, the display fineness might decrease.



- [*6] Luminance becomes 50% of an initial value. (Ta=25°C, PWM=100%)
- [*7] When VBR signal is set "Low" more than 4.5ms, please turn off XSTABY.

Δ1



7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7-1. Timing characteristics

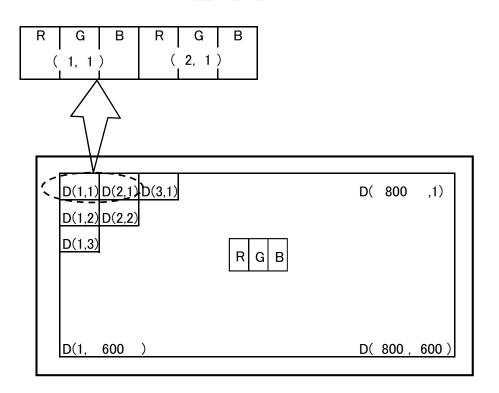
Input signal timing waveform is shown in Fig.2.

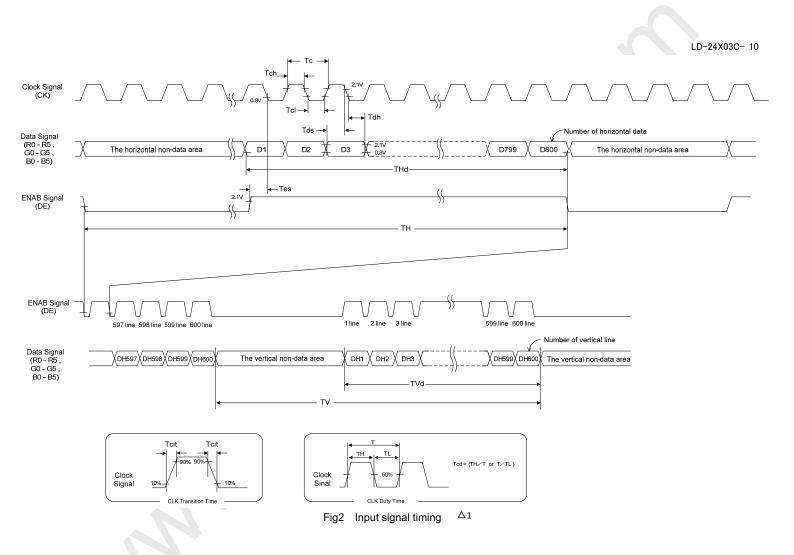
| F | Parameter | Symbol | min | typ | max | unit | remark |
|-------|--------------------------|------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------------|
| | Frequency | 1/Tc | 35 | 40 | 42 | MHz | |
| Clock | High time | Tch | 6 | _ | _ | ns | |
| | Low time | Tcl | 6 | _ | _ | ns | |
| Δ1 | Transition time | Tcit | _ | - | 5 | ns | |
| | Duty | Tcd | 0.35Tc | 0.5Tc | 0.65Tc | ns | [*2] |
| 5 . | Setup time | Tds | 3 | _ | _ | ns | |
| Data | Hold time | Tdh | 5 | _ | _ | ns | |
| ENAB | Setup time | Tes | 5 | _ | - (| ns | |
| | | T U | 832 | 1056 | 1395 | clock | |
| | Horizontal period | TH | 23.5 | 26.4 | 39.9 | μs | |
| ENIAD | Horizontal period (High) | THd | 800 | 800 | 800 | clock | |
| ENAB | Variant France | T\/ | 625 | 666 | 798 | line | Fated 3 |
| | Vertical Frequency | TV | - | 17.6 | _ | ms | 【 *1】 |
| | Vertical period (High) | TVd | 600 | 600 | 600 | line | |

[*1] In case of using the long vertical period, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc. may occur.

[*2] T : Clock period time

7-2. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen







8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

| | Colors & | | Data signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | Gray scale | GrayScale | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | B0 | В1 | B2 | ВЗ | B4 | B5 |
| | Black | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| , o | Green | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Col | Cyan | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Basic Color | Red | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| a | Magenta | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 70 | 1 | GS1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Red | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| o ale o | 1 | 1 | | | ļ | , | | | | | ļ | l | | | | | | | | |
| Sca | 1 | Ţ | | | ļ | , | | | | | ļ | l | | | | | ļ | , | | |
| згау | Brighter | GS61 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1 | GS62 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | GS63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ω | 1 | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Scale of Green | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| e of | 1 | \downarrow | | | | | | | | | ļ | l | | | | | ļ | ļ | | |
| Scal | 1 | Ţ | | | | | | | | | , | l | | | | | ļ | , | | |
| Gray 8 | Brighter | GS61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ō | 1 | GS62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | GS63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <u>o</u> | 1 | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| f Blue | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of | 1 | 1 | | | Ţ | ļ | | | | | Ţ | l | | | | | Ţ | | | |
| Sca | \ | \downarrow | | | | , | | | | | ļ | l | | | | | ļ | , | | |
| згау | Brighter | GS61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | \downarrow | GS62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Blue | GS63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical Characteristics

 $Ta=+25^{\circ}C$, Vcc=+3.3V

| Para | meter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|------------|-------|----------|
| Viewing | Horizontal | θ 21, θ 22 | | 60 | 80 | _ | Deg. | |
| angle | Vautiaal | θ11 | CR>10 | 35 | 60 | - | Deg. | 【*1,2,4】 |
| range | Vertical | θ 12 | | 60 | 80 | _ | Deg. | |
| Contra | st ratio | CR | optimized angle | 500 | 800 | - | | 【*2,4】 |
| Response Time | White Black | τr+τd | | _ | 30 | _ | ms | [*3,4] |
| Chroma | ticity of | Wx | | 0.235 | 0.305 | 0.375 | | |
| Wł | nite | Wy | | 0.260 | 0.330 | 0.400 | | |
| Chroma | iticity of | Rx | | _ | 0.585 | - | | |
| | ed | Ry | | _ | 0.340 | - | | Fut 43 |
| Chroma | ticity of | Gx | θ=0° | _ | 0.325 | - | | 【*4】 |
| Gr | een | Gy | 0 -0 | _ | 0.570 | Ī | | |
| Chroma | ticity of | Bx | | _ | 0.145 | \ <u>-</u> | | |
| ВІ | Blue | | | _ | 0.130 | | | |
| Luminance of white | | Y _{L1} | | 350 | 450 |) - | cd/m² | [*4] |
| White U | niformity | | 1 | - | | 1.33 | | [*5] |

XThe measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

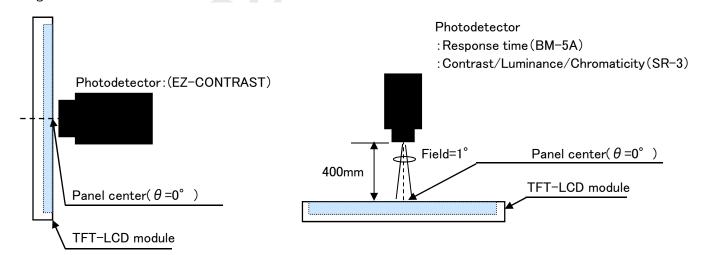
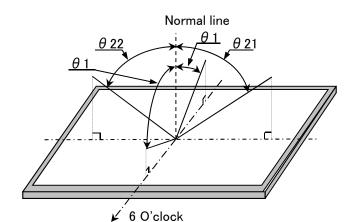


fig.3-1 Measuring method of Viewing angle range.

fig.3-2 Measuring method of contrast, luminance, response time, and Chromaticity.

Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

[*1] Definitions of viewing angle range:

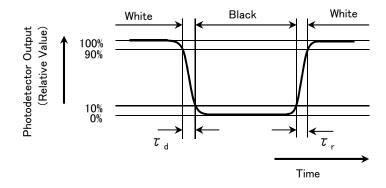


[*2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following. Contrast (CR) = Luminance with all pixels white Luminance with all pixels black

[*3] Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

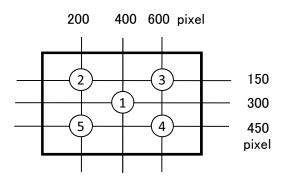


[*4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[*5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. $(1 \sim 5)$

$$\delta_{\rm w} = \frac{{\sf Maximum\ luminance\ of\ 5\ points(1) \sim (5)}}{{\sf Minimum\ luminance\ of\ 5\ points(1) \sim (5)}}.$$



10. Handling Precautions

[Handling Precautions]

- a) Treat LCD module in dustless surroundings. Metal foreign material stuck to the circuit is possible to cause a short.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Be careful not to give any physical stress onto the circuit and/or the connector of LCD module when you pull/plug a cable. Physical stress will cause a break or worse connection.
- d) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- e) Use N2-blower such as an ionized nitrogen has anti-electrostatic when you blow dusts on Polarizer.
- f) Since a long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth immediately.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling.

 Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Be careful with the edge parts of the module which is made of metal.
- i) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- j) When the panel is broken, don't touch the glass. Although the panel is difficult to be scattered, touching the broken part may hurt your hands.
- k) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- 1) Don't touch the circuit and the pattern of the board. If you touch it, the circuit may be broken.
- m) Follow the regulations when LCD module is scrapped. The government you stay may have some regulations about it.

(Set-Design Precautions)

- a) Notice: Never take to pieces the module, because it will cause failure. Please don't remove the fixed tape, insulating tape etc. that was pasted on the original module. (except for protection film of the panel)
- b) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched .Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges. Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- c) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- d) Connect GND to flame of module to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- e) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, please tighten with ("torque= 0.294 ± 0.02 N·m(3.0 ± 0.2 kgf·cm)"). Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
- f) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- g) It causes an irregular display and the defective indication, etc., when always put constant pressure on the back of the module. Please do not make the structure to press the back of the module.
- h) Be careful of a back light FPC not to pull by force at the time of the connecting to a W-LED driver, or FPC processing.

- 多
- i) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- j) Don't change the volume of LCD module. It is optimized when the shipping. Any change may not meet the specification.
- k) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display non-uniformity issue, etc.
 - Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.
- I) Be sure to follow the absolute maximum rating in the specification. The design should consider the surrounding temperature, the fluctuating input signal, and tolerance of the electronic parts. Exceeding values is possible to cause worse characteristic such as burn and/or broken of the parts on LCD module.
- m) Be sure to use LCD module within the recommended operating conditions. Operating module out of the recommended range is not guaranteed even if it is in the absolute maximum rating.
- n) Follow the power, signal, and supply voltage sequence which the specification indicates, regarding on-off input signal after power on of LCD module.
- o) According to the using application, power circuit protection is recommended at module failure.

[Operation Precautions]

- a) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environment.
- b) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please avoid that long-terms storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules.
 Do not use the LCD module under such environment.
- c) An abnormal display by changing in quality of the polarizing plate might occur regardless of contact or no contact to the polarizing plate, because of epoxy resin (amine system curing agent) that comes out from the material and the packaging material used for the set side, the silicon adhesive (dealcoholization system and oxime system), and the tray blowing agents (azo-compound), etc. Please confirm adaptability with your employed material.
- d) Don't use polychloroprene (CR) with LCD module. It will generate chlorine gas, which will damage the reliability of the connection part on LCD panel.
- e) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause accidential image. Pleave use a screen saver etc., in order to avoid an afterimage.
- f) The LED (Light Emitting Diode) used in this LCD module is very sensitive to temperature change. If it operates for extremely long time under high temperature, it is possible rapidly to shorten the life time of LED.

 In case of such a condition, consult with us.
- g) If stored at the temperatures lower than the rated storage temperature, the LC may freeze and it may cause LCD panel damage. If storage temperature exceeds the specified rating, the molecular orientation of the LC may change to that of a liquid, and they may not revert to their original state. Store the module in normal room temperature.
- h) Keep LCD module in the range of the specified temperature conditions at all times. Once out of the range, liquid crystal will lose its characteristics, and it cannot recover.
- i) Nature of dew consideration prevention is necessary when LCD is used for long time under high-temperatur and high-humidity.



11. Packing form

a) Piling number of cartons : MAX. 6

b) Package quantity in one carton: 20pcs

c) Carton size(TYP): $517mm(W) \times 432mm(D) \times 347mm(H)$

d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules(20pcs): 15kg

12. Reliability test items

| No. | Test item | Conditions | Remark |
|-----|---|---|---------|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ambient temperature 80°C 240H | [Note1] |
| 2 | Low temperature strage test | Ambient temperature -30°C 240H | [Note1] |
| 3 | High temperature & high humidity operation test | Ambient temperature 40°C, Humidity 95% RH 240H (No condensation.) | [Note1] |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | Panel surface 80°C 240H | 【Note1】 |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | Ambient temperature −30°C 240H | 【Note1】 |
| 6 | Vibration test (non-operating) | <pre><sin wave=""> Frequency :10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side) :0.076mm</sin></pre> | 【Note1】 |
| 7 | Shock test (non-operating) | Max. gravity: 490m/s2 Pulse width: 11ms Direction: ±X,±Y,±Z Test period: 1time ✓ 1direction | [Note1] |
| 8 | Thermal shock test (non-operating) | -30°C[0.5h]~80°C[0.5h]∕50cycles | [Note1] |

[Note1] Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state: Temperature: 15~35°C, Humidity: 45~75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86~106kpa)

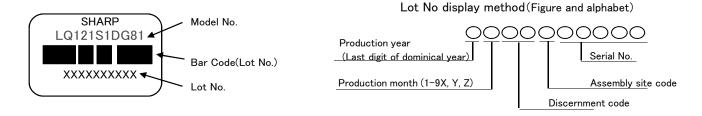
13. Others

13-1. Lot No Label:

A) Module serial label

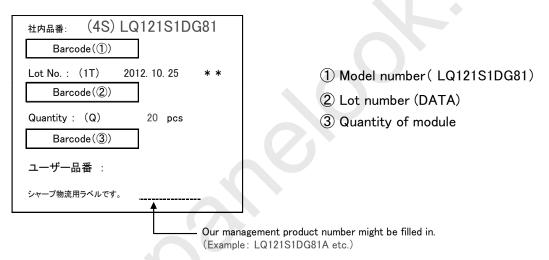
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

The label that displays SHARP·Model No. (LQ121S1DG81)·Lot No. is stuck on the back of the module.



13-2. Packing box Label:

The label that displays ①Model number(LQ121S1DG81) ②Lot number ③Quantity of module is stuck on the packing box. Moreover, the display of bar code also applies to this.



A right picture is written to the packing box of module for the RoHS restriction.

 $\frak{\%}$ R.C.(RoHs Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHs directive.

This module corresponds from the first sample to RoHS Directive.

R.C.

- 13-3. The ozone-depleting substances is not used.
- 13-4. If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.



14. Storage conditions

Environmental condition range of storage temperature and humidity

Temperature 0 to 40 degrees Celsius

Relative humidity 95% and below

[Note] Please refer below as a mean value of the environmental conditions.

Summer time temperature 20 to 35 degrees Celsius humidity , 85% and below

Winter time temperature 5 to 15 degrees Celsius humidity, 85% and below

Please maintain within 240 hours of accumulated length of storage time, with conditions of 40 degrees

Celsius and room humidity of 95%.

Direct sun light

Please keep the product in a dark room or cover the product to protect from direct sun light.

Atmospheric condition

Please refrain from keeping the product with possible corrosive gas or volatile flux.

Prevention of dew

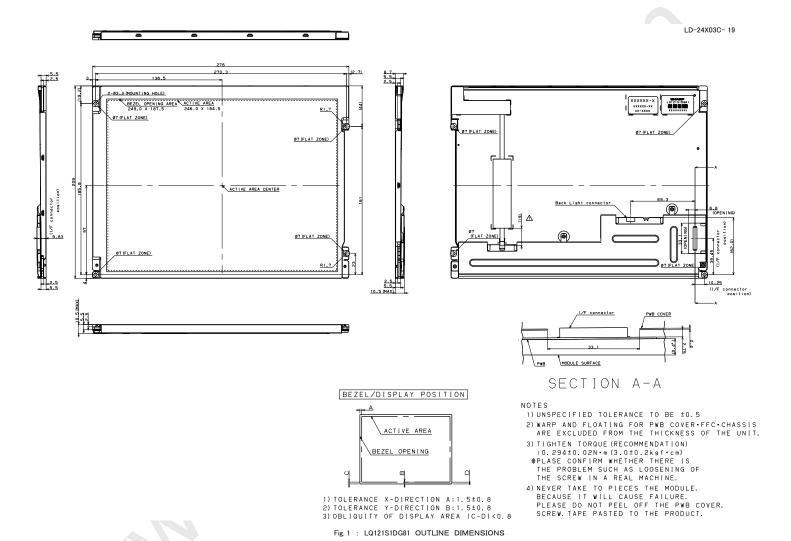
Please store the product carton either on a wooden pallet or a stand / rack to prevent dew.

Do not place directly on the floor. In addition, to obtain moderate ventilation in between the pallet's top and bottom surfaces, pile the cartons up in a single direction and in order.

Please place the product cartons away from the storage wall.

Storage period

Within above mentioned conditions, maximum storage period should be one year.



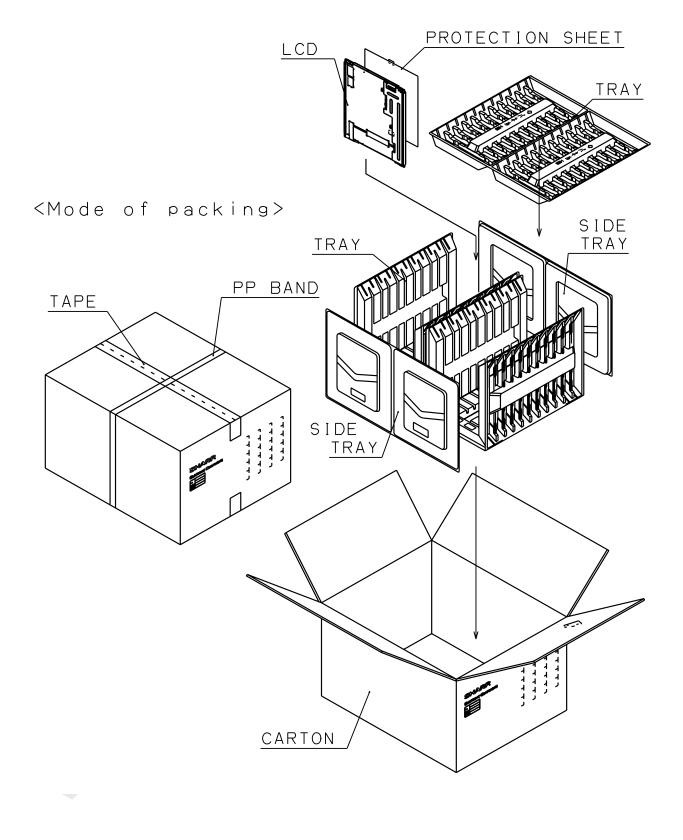


Fig.4 : PACKING FORM