No.	LD - 20X54A							
DATE	December. 9. 2008							

TECHNICAL LITERATURE

**FOR** 

TFT - LCD module

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

# MODEL No. LQ121S1LG62

The technical literature is subject to change without notice.

So, please contact SHARP or its representative before designing your product based on this literature.

Engineering department I

Mobile LCD division Ⅲ

MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLY GROUP
SHARP CORPORATION

# RECORDS OF REVISION

## LQ121S1LG62

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED	SUMMARY			TE
		No.	PAGE			
LD-20X54A	Dec. 9. 2008	_	_	-	1 st	Issue
				<del>-</del>		
		+				
		+				
		+	<u> </u>			

#### 1. Application

This technical literature applies to color 12.1SVGA TFT-LCD module, LQ121S1LG62

These technical literature sheets are the proprietary product of SHARP CORPORATION("SHARP) and include materials protected under copyright of SHARP. Do not reproduce or cause any third party to reproduce them in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, for any purpose, in whole or in part, without the express written permission of SHARP.

The device listed in these technical literature sheets was designed and manufactured for use in general electronic equipment.

In case of using the device for applications such as control and safety equipment for transportation controls of aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.), rescue and security equipment and various safety related equipment which require higher reliability and safety, take into consideration that appropriate measures such as fail-safe functions and redundant system design should be taken.

Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment (trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

SHARP assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the device which does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in these technical literature sheets.

Confirm "12. Handling Precautions" item when you use the device.

Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.

#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 800 X 3 X 600 dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) system for interface and supplying +3.3Vor+5.0V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving.

This module is super-high brightness (450cd/m<sup>2</sup>) and high contrast (600:1).

This module is the type of wide viewing angle the viewing angle is 6 o'clock direction.

LED Backlight-driving DC/DC converter is not built in this module.

## 3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	31 (12.1") Diagonal	cm
Active area	246.0 (H ) X 184.5 (V)	mm
Pixel format	800 (H ) X 600 (V)	pixel
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	
Number of colors	262, 144 colors	
(Number of gray scale level)	(64 gray scales per color)	
Pixel pitch	0.3075 (H) X 0.3075 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Unit outline dimensions *1	276.0(W)×209.0(H)×Max.11.0 (D) *Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1	mm
Mass	Max. 750	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H	

<sup>\*1.</sup>Note: Excluding back light cables (The backlight cable is not attached to the LCD unit.)

The thickness of module (D) doesn't contain the projection.

Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1.

#### 4. Input Terminals

## 4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals, +3.3V / +5.0V DC power supply and Contorol signal)

Corresponding connector:FI-SE20ME (JAE) or FI-S20S (JAE)

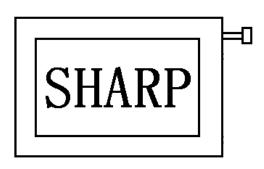
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	V <sub>CC</sub>	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
2	$V_{CC}$	+3.3V/+5.0V power supply	
3	GND		
4	GND		
5	RXIN0-	Differential data input, CH0 (negative)	LVDS signal
6	RXIN0+	Differential data input, CH0 (positive)	LVDS signal
7	GND		
8	RXIN1-	Differential data input, CH1 (negative)	LVDS signal
9	RXIN1+	Differential data input, CH1 (positive)	LVDS signal
10	GND		
11	RXIN2-	Differential data input, CH2 (negative)	LVDS signal
12	RXIN2+	Differential data input, CH2 (positive)	LVDS signal
13	GND		
14	RXCLK IN-	Differential clock input (negative)	LVDS signal
15	RXCLK IN+	Differential clock input (positive)	LVDS signal
16	GND		
17	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal	[Note1]
18	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	[Note2]
19	GND		
20	GND		
DI 4 I	T 14 : 41		

[Note ] To obtain the proper relation between LVDS signals and actual digital data signals, the digital signals should be inputted into the transmitter as described in the nextsection, 4-2.

[Note] The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

[Note 1],[Note 2] R/L = High, U/D = Low

R/L = Low, U/D = Low

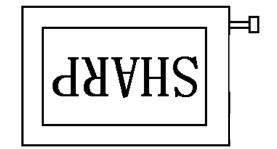




R/L = High, U/D = High

R/L = Low, U/D = High



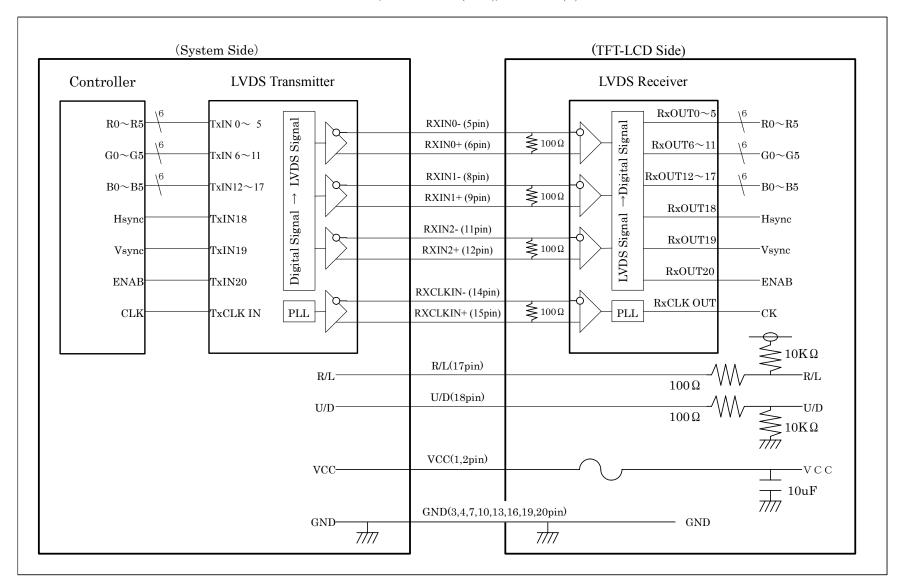


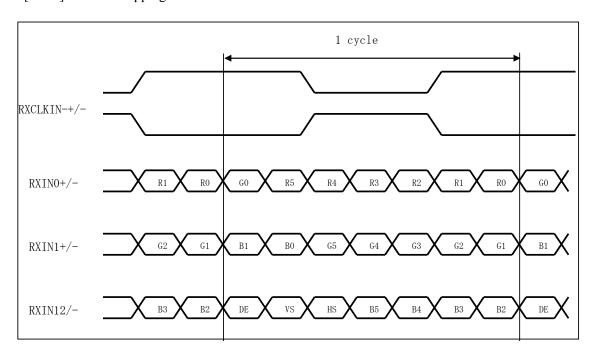
#### 4-2 LVDS Interface block diagram

Using receiver: Single LVDS interface, which equals THC63LVDF64A(THine), contained in a control IC

Corresponding Transmitter: DS90C363, DS90C363A, DS90C383, DS90C383A (National semiconductor),

THC63LVDF63A,THC63LVDM63A(THine), SN75LVDS84(Ti)





#### 4-3. Backlight driving

Pin no.

1 2

3

4

5

6

CN2 Used connector: 50156806 (Molex) Corresponding connector: 5013300600 (Molex)

> symbol function +ch3 Power supply for LED (Ch3 High voltage side) +ch2 Power supply for LED (Ch2 High voltage side) (Ch1 High voltage side) +ch1 Power supply for LED (Ch1 Low voltage side) - ch1 Power supply for LED Power supply for LED (Ch2 Low voltage side)

> > (Ch3 Low voltage side)

#### 5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

5. Absolute maximum Ratings								
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Pin name	Ratings	Unit	Remark		
+3.3V / +5.0V	Vcc	Ta=25 °C	Vcc	0  to + 6.0	V			
supply voltage								
Input voltage	VI1	Ta=25°C	RXINi-/+( $i=0,1,2$ )	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V	Vcc<3.0V		
			RXCLK IN-/+	-0.3 to 3.3V	V	3.0V≦Vcc		
	VI2	Ta=25°C	R/L, U/D	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V			
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-	-30 to +80	°C	[Note3]		
Operating temperature	Topa	Panel surface	-	-30 to +80	°C	[Note4]		

Power supply for LED

[Note3] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at Ta=<40°C.

- ch2

- ch3

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at Ta>40°C. No condensation.

[Note4] There is a possibility of causing deterioration in the irregularity and others of the screen and the display fineness when preserving or using it from 65 to 80°C

#### 6.Recommended operation condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage	Vec	+3.0	+3.3/+5.0	+5.5	V	[Note5]
LVDS Signals	$ m V_L$	0		2.4	V	[Note6]
Input voltage	VI	0		Vcc	V	[Note7]
Surface temperature	Тора	-30		+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	[Note8], [Note9]

## [Note5]On-off conditions for supply voltage

 $0 < t1 \le 15 \text{ms}$ 

 $0 < t2 \le 10 \text{ms}$ 

 $0 < t3 \le 100 \text{ms}$ 

 $0 < t4 \le 1s$ 

200ms<t5

Vcc-dip conditions

1)  $2.5V \le Vcc$  $td \le 10ms$ 

2) Vcc<2.5V

Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the On-off conditions for supply voltage

[Note6] RXIN0-, RXIN0+,RXIN1-,RXIN1+,RXIN2-,RXIN2+, RXCLK IN-,RXCLK IN+

[Note7] R/L, U/D

[Note8] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at Ta=<40°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at Ta>40°C.

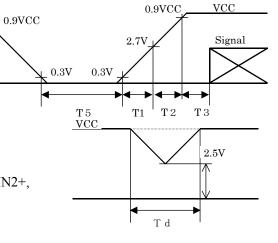
VCC

Signal

T4

No condensation.

[Note9] Maximum value: Panel surface temperature



## 7. Electrical Characteristics

## 7-1.TFT-LCD panel driving

Ta=25 °C

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Current dissipation	Vcc=+3.3V	Icc	-	380	480	mA	[Note10]
	Vcc=+5.0V	Icc	-	230	280	mA	
Permissive input ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	
Input voltage range	LVDS signal	VL	0	•	2.4	V	[Note11]
	High	VTH	-	-	VCM+	mV	
Differential input					100		$V_{CM}=1.2V$
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	VCM-	-	-	mV	[Note12]
			100				
Input impedance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	[Note11]
(Differential input)							
Input voltage	Low	VIL	-	-	0.8	V	[Note13]
	High	VIH	2.1	-			[Note14]
Input current1	Low(VI=0V)	IOL1	-800	-	-		[Note13]
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH1	-10.0	-	10.0		
Input current2	Low(VI=0V)	IOL2	-10.0	-	10.0	uA	[Note14]
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH2	-		800	uA	

[Note10] Typical current situation: 16-gray-bar pattern.

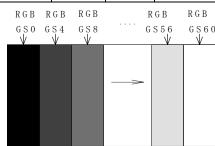
Vcc=+3.3V / +5.0V

[Note11] LVDS signals

[Note12] V<sub>CM</sub>: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note13] R/L

[Note14] U/D



#### 7-2. Backlight

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with white-LED.

The characteristics of LED are shown in the following table.

(It is usually required to measure under the following condition.

condition:IL=60mA/ Constant current drive,  $Ta=25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED voltage	$V_{ m L}$	1	(22.1)	(25.6)	V	Value for one channel
LED current range	$I_{\mathrm{L}}$	1	(60)	(65)	mA	Value for one channel
Number of circuit channel		-	3	_		[Note15]
Lamp power consumption	$W_{\mathrm{L}}$	_	(4.0)	_	W	[Note16]
Life time (LCD module)	$L_{\rm L}$	_	(70,000) .	_	Hour	[Note17, 18]

[Note15] The LED backlight is composed of <u>3 channels which 7 LED</u> is connected in series.

[Note16] Calculated value for reference (  $I_L \times V_L \ \times 3$  channel)

[Note17] ①Lighting condition:

- The state of the LCD module installation: Landscape position and standing position
- Atmosphere temperature: 25°C
- •Lighting current: 60mA (Constant current drive/Continuous turning on)

#### 2 Definition of Life time:

Brightness becomes 50% of the original value .(under condition ①)

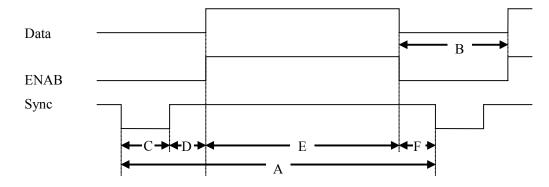
[Note18]In the method of the parallel connection of the input of each channel and the drive, an excessive current flows to the channel side where the voltage is low, and, as a result, there is a possibility of causing the LED longevity decrease.

It is preferable to do the fixed current drive only for each channel to each channel.

#### 8. Timing characteristics of input signals

#### 8-1. Timing characteristics

(These are specified at the digital inputs/outputs of LVDS transmitter/receiver.)



(Vertical timing)

Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	備考
Vsync cycle (T <sub>VA</sub> )	-	17.6	-	ms	Negative
	628	666	798	line	
Blanking period(T <sub>VB</sub> )	28	66	-	line	
Vsync pulse width (T <sub>VC</sub> )	2	4	6	line	
Back porch (T <sub>VD</sub> )	23	23	23	line	
Vsync pulse width+Back porch	25	27	29	line	
$(T_{VC}+T_{VD})$					
Active display area (T <sub>VE</sub> )	600	600	600	line	
Front porch (T <sub>VF</sub> )	3	39	-	line	

(Horizontal timing)

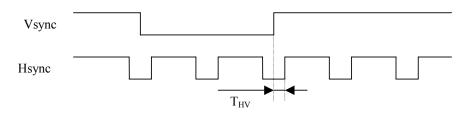
Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync cycle (T <sub>HA</sub> )	20.8	26.4	39.9	us	Negative
	832	1056	1395	clock	
Blanking period (T <sub>HB</sub> )	40	256	-	clock	
Hsync pulse width (T <sub>HC</sub> )	2	128	200	clock	
Back porch (T <sub>HD</sub> )	928-T <sub>HA</sub>	88	T <sub>HA</sub> -752	clock	
Active display area (T <sub>HE</sub> )	800	800	800	clock	
Front porch (T <sub>HF</sub> )	0	40	-	clock	

(Clock signal)

`	Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	Frequency	35	40	42	MHz	[Note19]

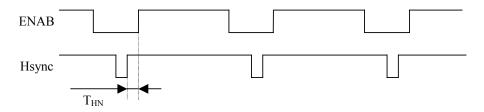
[Note19] In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

## (Hsync-Vsync Phase difference)



Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-Vsync Phase difference (T <sub>HV</sub> )	1	-	$T_{HA}$ - $T_{HC}$	clock	

## (Hsync-ENAB Phase difference)



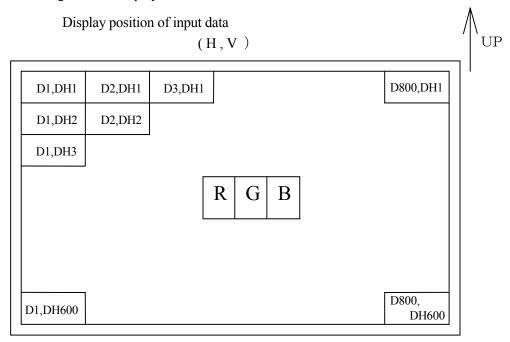
Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-ENAB Phase difference (T <sub>HN</sub> )	0	-	$T_{HA}$ - $T_{HC}$	clock	
			-800		

8-2 Display position

Item	Standards	Beginning	Ending	Unit	Remark
Horizontal	rising edge of ENAB	0	800	clock	
	rising edge of Hsync	88	888	clock	[Note20]
Vertical	rising edge of Vsync	23	623	line	

[Note20] In case that ENAB signal is fixed to low level. Do not keep ENAB signal high during operation.

# 8-3. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen



9. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	В0	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5
	scale	Scale	100	1(1	112	KJ	IXT	K	Go	O1	02	03	G-I	G5	В	Di	DZ	DJ	Ът	DJ
	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ва	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
or	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	<b></b>	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sc	⇧	<b>→</b>				V						<u> </u>								
ale	Û	<b>V</b>	, J						<b>\</b>					<b>V</b>						
of	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rec	Ŷ	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sca	仚	$\rightarrow$			`	V			₩					<b>↓</b>						
ale	Û	$\rightarrow$				u			↓					<b>V</b>						
of (	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Эrе	Ŷ	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
en	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$G_1$	①	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	仓	<b>\rightarrow</b>	. ↓					↓					↓							
ıle (	Û	<b>→</b>	$\downarrow$					$\downarrow$					$\downarrow$							
of E	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
3lue	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
``	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 :Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

## 10. Optical Characteristics

 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ , Vcc=+3.3V / +5.0V

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing	Horizontal	$\theta$ 21, $\theta$ 22	CR>10	60	70	-	Deg.	[Note21]
angle	Vertical	θ 11		35	50	-	Deg.	[Note24]
range		θ 12		55	60	-	Deg.	
Contr	Contrast ratio		$\theta = 0_{o}$	300	-	-	-	[Note22]
		CRo	Optimum	-	600	-	-	[Note24]
			viewing angle					
Response	Rise	τr	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	10	-	ms	[Note23]
time	Decay	$\tau$ d		-	25	-	ms	[Note24]
Chromatic	Chromaticity of white			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	-	[Note24]
				T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	_	
Chromatic	Chromaticity			T.B.D.	TDD	TDD	-	
	of red			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
		у		1.D.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	-	
Chromatic	-	X		T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	-	
of green		у		T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	1	
Chromaticity of blue		X		T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	ı	
		y		T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	1	
Luminance of white		$Y_{L1}$		(300)	(450)	ı	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	IL=60mA
White U	Iniformity	δW		-	-	1.35	-	[Note25]

## [Note]

The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.2 below.

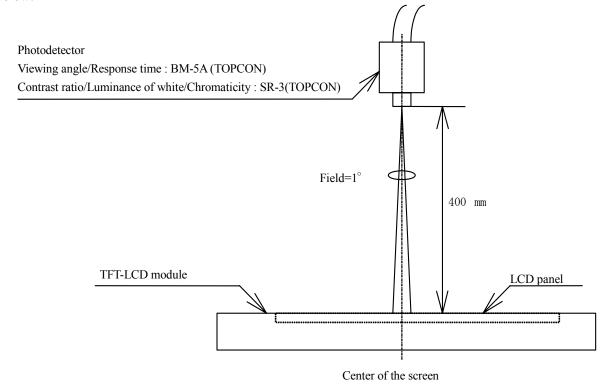
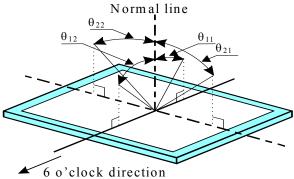


Fig.2 Optical characteristics measurement method

[Note21]Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note22]Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

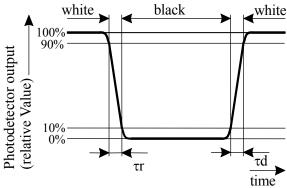
Contrast Ratio (CR) =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note23]Definition of response time:

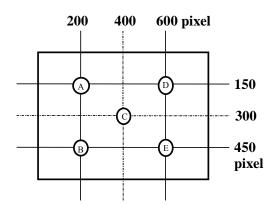
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white" .



[Note24] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note25]Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements  $(A\sim E)$ .



 $\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$ 

#### 11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

#### 12. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it. Blow away dust on the polarizer with antistatic  $N_2$  blow. It is undesirable to wipe off because a polarizer is sensitive. It is recommended to peel off softly using the adhesive tape when soil or finger oil is stuck to the polarizer. When unavoidable, wipe off carefully with a cloth for wiping lenses.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched.
   Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
   Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades display quality.
- k) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environment.
- 1) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- m) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please avoid that long-terms storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules. Do not use the LCD module under such environment.
- n) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, recommended torque value is " $0.294 \pm 0.02$ N·m ( $3.0 \pm 0.2$ kgf·cm)". Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
- o) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- p) Notice: Never dismantle the module, because it will cause failure.

  Please do not peel off the Black tape pasted to the product. However, the panel protection film is excluded.

  q)Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause accidential image.
- (Please use a screen saver etc., in order to avoid an afterimage.)
- r) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- s) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display non-uniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.
- t) The LED used for this product is very sensitive to the temperature. Luminance decreases rapidly when it is used for a long time under the environment of the high temperature. Please consult our company when it is used under the environment like the above mentioned.
- u)Please make the LED lighting power supply an independent fixed current drive composition in each channel. When each channel of LED is driven parallel, the display fineness and longevity might be deteriorated.
- v)Epoxy resin (amine series curing agent), silicone adhesive material (dealcoholization series and oxime series), tray forming agent (azo compound) etc, in the cabinet or the packing materials may induce abnormal display with polarizer film deterioration regardress of contact or noncontact to polarizer film.

  Be sure to confirm the component of them.

## 13. Packing form

Product countries / Areas	CHINA
Piling number of cartons	6
Package quantity in one carton	10pcs
Carton size	388(L) x 334(W) x 263(H)
Total mass of one carton filled	10,000g
with full modules	
Packing form is shown	Fig3

## 14.Reliability test items

	4. Kenability test items		
No.	Test item	Conditions	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=80°C 240h	Panel surface
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -30°C 240h	
3	High temperature	Ta=40°C; 95%RH 240h	
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)	
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=80°C 240h	Panel surface
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta= -30°C 240h	
6	Vibration test	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side):0.153mm	
	(non- operating)	: $57\sim500$ Hz/Gravity: 14.7 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
		Sweep time: 11 minutes	
		Test period : 3 hours	
		(1 hour for each direction of $X,Y,Z$ )	
7	Shock test	Max. gravity: 490m/s <sup>2</sup>	
	(non- operating)	Pulse width: 11ms, half sine wave	
		Direction: $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$ once for each direction.	
8	ESD test	Contact discharge (150pF 330 Ω)	
		non-operating = $\pm 10$ kV, operating = $\pm 8$ kV	
		Atmospheric discharge (150pF 330 Ω)	
		non-operating = $\pm 20$ kV, operating = $\pm 15$ kV	
9	EMI	Measurement in 10m site	VCCI
9	EMI		VCCI
		Display position on the screen = "H" (full-screen),	(Class B)
		GND to 4 place = un-connect, Vcc / Vsignal = typ.	

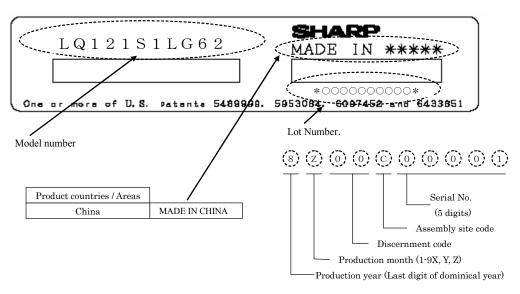
[Note] A gap of panel shall not occur by vibration or the shock

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

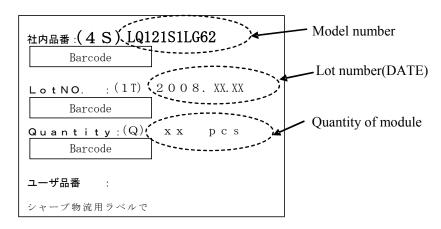
Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state: Temperature:  $15\sim35^{\circ}$ C, Humidity:  $45\sim75^{\circ}$ M, Atmospheric pressure:  $86\sim106$ kpa)

#### 15.Others

15-1 Lot number Label:



## 15-2 Packing box Label:





\*R.C. (RoHs Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHs directive

15-3 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

<Environmental condition range of storage temperature and humidity>

Temperature 0 to 40 degrees Celsius

Relative humidity 95% and below

[Note] Please refer below as a mean value of the environmental conditions.

Summer time temperature 20 to 35 degrees Celsius

humidity 85% and below

Winter time temperature 5 to 15 degrees Celsius

humidity 85% and below

Please maintain within 240 hours of accumulated length of storage time, with conditions of 40 degrees Celsius and room humidity of 95%.

Direct sun light Please keep the product in a dark room or cover the product to protect from direct sun light.

Atmospheric condition Please refrain from keeping the product with possible corrosive gas or volatile flux.

Prevention of dew

- \* Please store the product carton either on a wooden pallet or a stand / rack to prevent dew.

  Do not place directly on the floor. In addition, to obtain moderate ventilation in between the pallet's top and bottom surfaces, pile the cartons up in a single direction and in order.
- \* Please place the product cartons away from the storage wall.
- \* Please maintain the storage area with an appropriate ventilation. It is recommendable to furnish the storage area with equipments such as ventilation systems.
- \* Please maintain the ambient temperature within the range of natural environmental fluctuation.

Storage period

Within above mentioned conditions, maximum storage period should be one year.

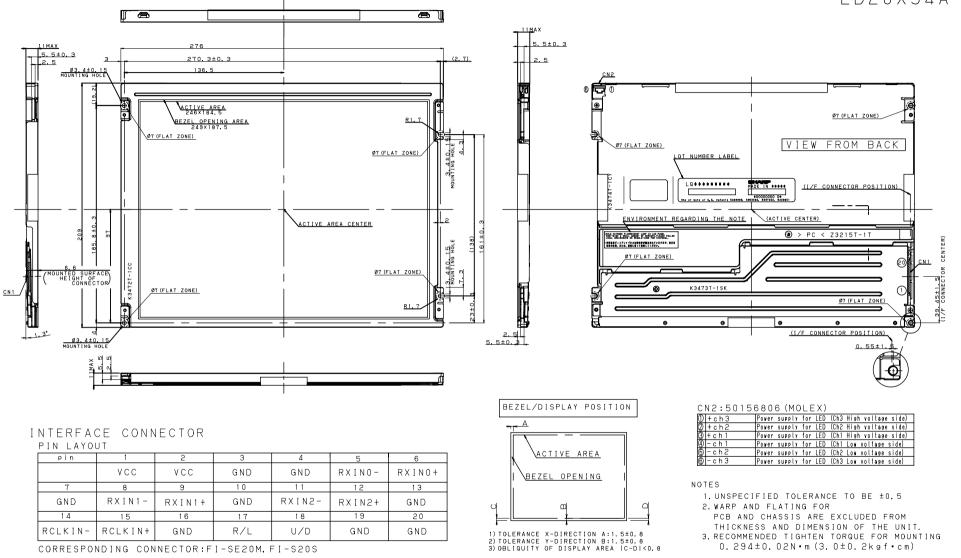


Fig1. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (LQ121SILG62)

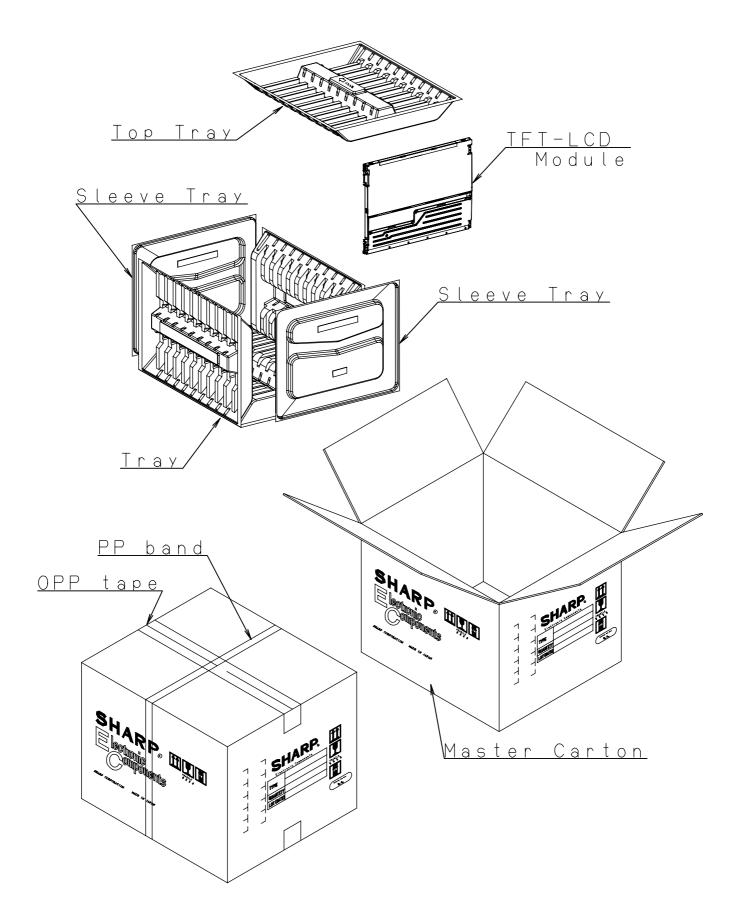


Fig3. Packing Form