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様 仕

TFT-LCDモジュール 品名

FU-16-004 型名

備 考

画面鏡面タイプ

**164M1LA4A

FUKUGAKI CO.,LTD



RECORDS OF REVISION

LQ164M1LA4A

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED		SUMMARY	NOTE
		No.	PAGE		
LD-20608A	Jun.30.2008	_			1 st Issue
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Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment(trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

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Confirm "11. Handling Precautions" item when you use the device.

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1. Application

This specification applies to a color TFT-LCD module, LQ164M1LA4A.

2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1920×3×1080 dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

In this TFT-LCD panel, low reflection / color filters of excellent color performance and backlights of high brightness are incorporated to realize brighter and clearer pictures, making this model optimum for use in multi-media applications.

Optimum viewing direction is 6 o'clock.

Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	41.7(16.4") Diagonal	cm
Active area	362.9 (H)× 204.1(V)	mm
Pixel format	1920(H)×1080(V)	pixel
Pixel lormat	(1 pixel = R+G+B dots)	
Aspect ratio	16:9	
Pixel pitch	0.189(H)×0.189 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Same and the state of the state	Glare and hard-coating 2H	
Surface treatment	Low reflection	

Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Tr. tr. 41' 1'	Width	374.5	375.0	375.5	mm
Unit outline dimensions	Height	221.6	222.1	222.6	mm
[Note 1]	Depth	_		7.0	mm
Mass		<u> </u>	635	650	g

[Note 1] excluding backlight cables.

Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.2



4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals and +3.3V DC power supply)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND		
2	Vcc	+3.3V power supply	
3	Vcc	+3.3V power supply	
4	NC		[Note 3]
5	NC		[Note 3]
6	NC		[Note 3]
7	NC		[Note 3]
8	R1IN0-	Receiver signal of A side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
9	R1IN0+	Receiver signal of A side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
10	GND		
11	R1IN1-	Receiver signal of A side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
12	RIIN1+	Receiver signal of A side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
13	GND		
14	R1IN2-	Receiver signal of A side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
15	R1IN2+	Receiver signal of A side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
16	GND		
17	CK1 IN-	Clock signal of A side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
18	CK1 IN+	Clock signal of A side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
19	GND		
20	R2IN0-	Receiver signal of B side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
21	R2IN0+	Receiver signal of B side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
22	GND		
23	R2IN1-	Receiver signal of B side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
24	R2IN1+	Receiver signal of B side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
25	GND		
26	R2IN2-	Receiver signal of B side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
27	R2IN2+	Receiver signal of B side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
28	GND		
29	CK2 IN-	Clock signal of B side pixel (-)	[Note 1]
30	CK2 IN+	Clock signal of B side pixel (+)	[Note 1]
	<u></u>		

[Note 1] Relation between RxINi(i=0,1,2) and actual data is shown in following section (4-2)(7-2).

[Note 2] The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

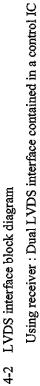
[Note 3] Please use NC by OPEN or GND. NC terminal is not connected with the internal circuit.

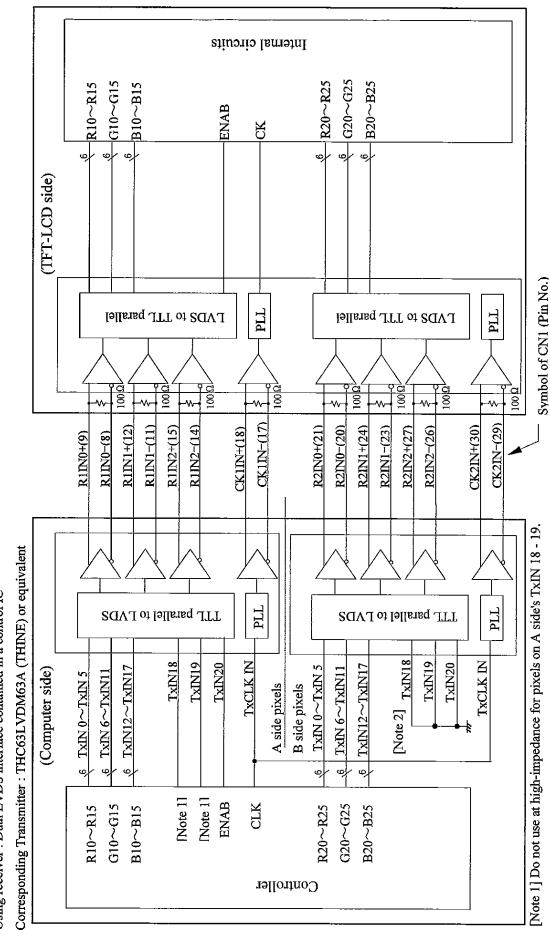
Using connector: FI-XPB30SRL-HF11 (JAE) or equivalent.

Corresponding connector: FI-X30M,FI-X30ML or FI-X30H (JAE)

(Sharp is not responsible to its product quality, if the user applies a connector not corresponding to the above model.)

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4-3. Backlight driving

CN2,CN3

Using connector:BHSR-02VS-1(JST)

Corresponding connector: SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(JST)

(Sharp is not responsible to its product quality, if the user applies a connector not

corresponding to the above model.)

Connector No.	Pin No.	Symbol	Function	FL cable color
CD IO	1	V_{High}	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	Pink
CNZ	CN2		Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	Brown
C) Y0	1	$V_{ m High}$	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	Blue
CN3	2	V_{Low}	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	Black

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

D	C11	O and division	Ratings		TT '	
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	$V_{\rm I}$	Ta=25°C	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V	[Note 1]
+3.3V supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25℃	00	+4.0	v	
Lamp voltage	$V_{\rm La}$	Ta=25℃		2000	Vrms	[Note 2]
Storage temperature	Tstg	_	-25	+60	°C	D
Operating temperature (Ambient)	Topa		0	+50	℃	[Note 3]

[Note 1] LVDS signals

[Note 2] Lamp(CCFT) voltage

[Note 3] Humidity : 95%RH Max. at Ta \leq +45°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at +44°C $\,$ or less at Ta>+45°C.

No condensation.

6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1.TFT-LCD panel driving

Ta=+25°C

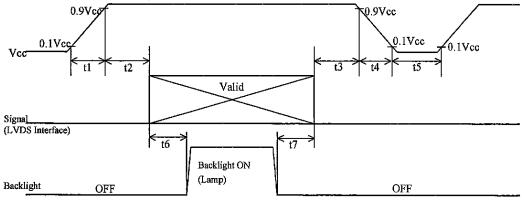
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage		Vcc	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	[Note 2]
Current dissipation		Icc	_	450	720	mA	[Note 3]
Permissive input rippl	e voltage	V_{RP}	_		100	mV _{P-P}	Vcc = +3.3V
Input voltage range		VI	0		2.4	V	LVDS signals
Differential input	High	V _{TH}	_	—	+100	mV	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$
threshold voltage	Low	V_{TL}	-100			mV	[Note 1]
Input current (High)		I_{OH}	_	_	±10	μΑ	$V_I = +2.4 \text{V Vcc} = +3.6 \text{V}$
Input current (Low)		I _{OL}	_	_	±10	μΑ	$V_I = 0V Vcc = 3.6V$
Terminal resistor		R_{T}	_	100	_	Ω	Differential input

[Note 1] V_{CM} : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.



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On-off conditions for supply voltage



Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
tl	0	10	ms	
t2	0	1	S	
t3	0	1	S	
t4	0	400	ms	
t5	200		ms	
t6	180	_	ms	*1
ť7	5	_	ms	*1

*1 : As for the power sequence for backlight, it is recommended to apply above mentioned input timing. If the backlight is lit on and off at a timing other than shown above, displaying image may get disturbed. This is due to variation of output signal from timing generator when LVDS signal is changed from on to off or vice versa, but has no harm to the module itself.

[Note] Do not keep the interface signal high-impedance or unusual signal when power is on.

Vcc-dip conditions

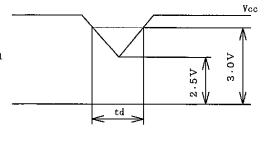
1) $2.5 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc} < 3.0 \text{ V}$ td≦10 ms

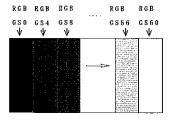
> Under above condition, the display image should return to an appropriate figure after Vcc voltage recovers.

Vcc<2.5 V Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the On-off conditions for supply voltage

[Note 3] Typical current situation: 16-gray-bar pattern. Vcc=+3.3V

Maximum current situation: Vcc=+3.0V







6-2. Backlight driving

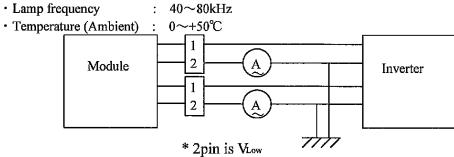
The backlight system is edge-lighting type with two CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of one lamp are shown in the following table.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Lamp current range	$I_{ m L}$	3.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	[Note 1]	
Lamp voltage	$V_{\rm L}$	_	725		Vrms		
Lamp power consumption	P_{L}	_	4.4	-	w	[Note 2]	
Lamp frequency	\mathbf{F}_{L}	40	58	80	kHz	[Note 3]	
77 1 PC 1	17	ı	-	1392	Vrms	Ta=25℃	D7 . 47
Kick-off voltage	Vs	-		1600	Vrms	Ta=0°C	[Note 4]
Lamp life time	L_{L}	12000	-		Hour	[Note 5]	

[Note 1] The lamp current range, which can be turned on, is shown.

Lamp current measures by connecting the ammeter for high frequency to the V_{Low} side in the circuit of the following figure.



In addition, please check lighting starting nature and lighting stability after mounting a module and an inverter on the occasion of use in a low current region.

- [Note 2] Calculated value for reference ($I_L \times V_L$)
- [Note 3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.
- [Note 4] It is defined at 22pF for the ballast capacitor of a DC/AC inverter.

The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to start-up. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

- [Note 5] Above value is applicable when lamp is placed horizontally.
 - Lamp life time is defined that it applied either 1 or 2 under this condition (Continuous turning on at Ta=25 °C, I_L=6.5mArms)
 - ① Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.
 - ② Kick-off voltage at Ta=0°C exceeds maximum value, (1,600)Vrms.

(Lamp life time may vary if lamp is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

Lamp life time shortens according to the state of mounting and use.

In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower. (Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform.

Be sure to use the detect circuit by which one side of the CCFT lamps can be controlled independently. Otherwise, when one side of the CCFT is open, the excess current may possibly be applied to the other side of the lamp.

[Note 7] Insulate the high voltage area in order to prevent direct contacts to the area. As countermeasures for excessive heat or exothermic fire, use protection elements such as fuses to cut the circuit. Use burn-resistant (or noncombustible) material for board or resin.

[Note8] A lamp waveform should satisfy the following conditions.

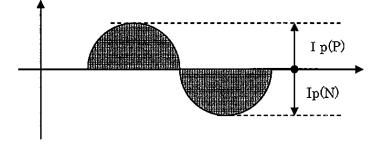
Crest factor:

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 $1.20 \le Ip(P) / Irms \text{ or } Ip(N) / Irms \le 1.63$

Imbalanced value:

 $0.95 \le Ip(P) / Ip(N) \le 1.05$





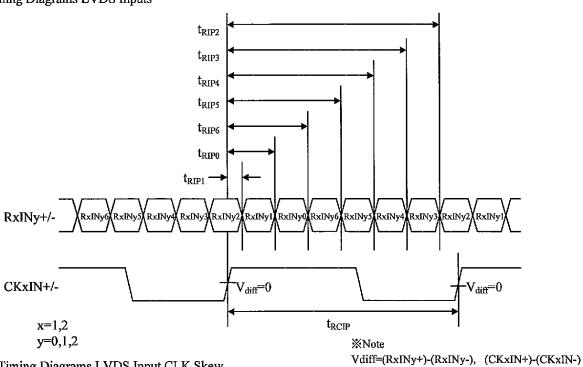
6-3. LVDS input specification

6.3.1. AC characteristics

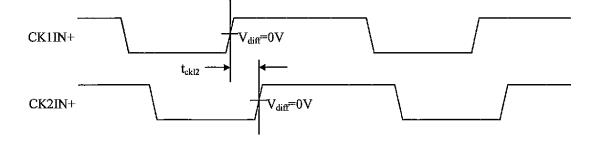
Vcc=+3.01	/~+3.6V,	Ta=0~+	50°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Data Position 0 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIPI}	-0.25	0.0	+0.25	ns
Input Data Position 1 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIPO}	t _{RCIP} /7-0.25	t _{RCIP} /7	t _{RCIP} /7+0.25	ns
Input Data Position 2 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIP6}	2 t _{RCIP} /7-0.25	2 t _{RCIP} /7	2 t _{RCIP} /7+0.25	ns
Input Data Position 3 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIP5}	3 t _{RCIP} /7-0.25	3 t _{RCIP} /7	3 t _{RCIP} /7+0.25	ns
Input Data Position 4 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIP4}	4 t _{RCIP} /7-0.25	4 t _{RCIP} /7	4 t _{RCIP} /7+0.25	ns
Input Data Position 5 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIP3}	5 t _{RCIP} /7-0.25	5 t _{RCIP} /7	5 t _{RCIP} /7+0.25	ns
Input Data Position 6 (tRCIP=15.38ns)	t _{RIP2}	6 t _{RCIP} /7-0.25	6 t _{RCIP} /7	6 t _{RCIP} /7+0.25	ns
Phase Lock Loop Set	t_{RPLL}	_	_	10	ms
Input Clock Period	t _{RCIP}	13.2	13.5	16.6	ns
Skew Time between CK1IN and CK2IN	t _{CK12}	-2.0	0.0	+2.0	ns

AC Timing Diagrams LVDS Inputs

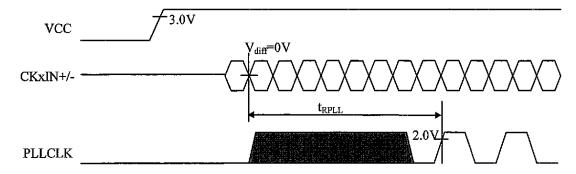


AC Timing Diagrams LVDS Input CLK Skew

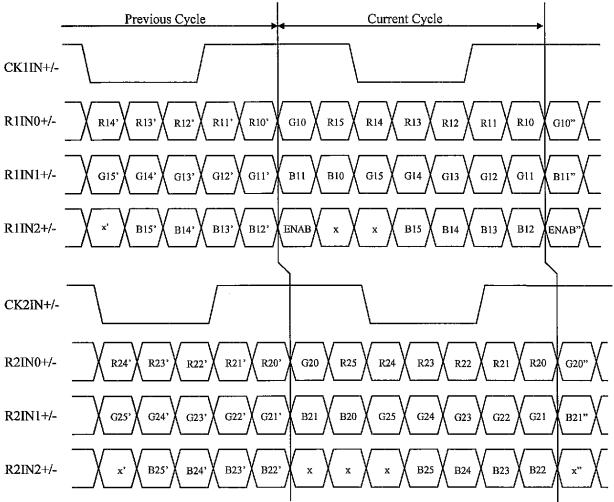




LVDS Phase Lock Loop Set



6.3.2.LVDS Data Input Timing





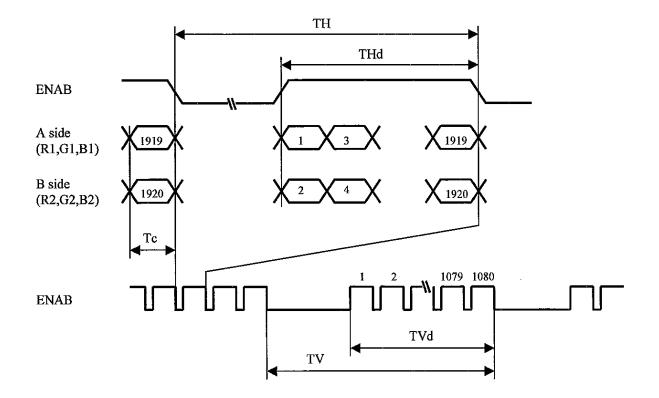
7. Timing Characteristics of Input Signals

7-1. Timing characteristics

	V CC-T3.	U V. ~ T3.U	ν,	ra-u	U. 4	T30 C
1						

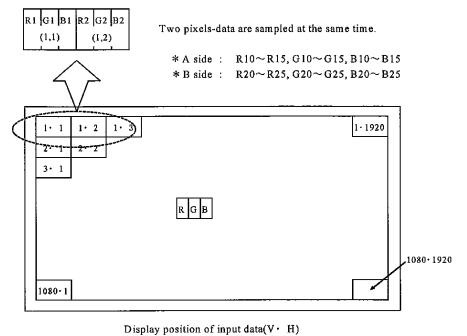
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	60	74.0	76.0	MHz	[Note 1]
	** * . * . 1	THE T	1030	1096	1650	clock	
	Horizontal period	TH	13.9	14.8		μs	
Data enable	Horizontal period (High)	THd	960	960	960	clock	
Signal			1111	1125	1360	Line	
	Vertical period	TV	16.66	16.66		ms	
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	1080	1080	1080	line	

[Note 1] In case of using the long vertical period, the deterioration of display quality, flicker, etc, may occur. [Note 2] Display position is determined by "ENAB" signal, "Hsync" and "Vsync" are ignored.





7-2. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen



8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

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	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	В0	В1	В2	В3	Ъ4	B5
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
뮸	Green		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1_	0	0	0	0	0	0
asic (Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Color	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
этау	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	1				1	,					,	l					,	Į		
e of	\downarrow	<u></u>				•					,	l			ļ <u></u>			Į		
Red	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	l	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ြု	1	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale	1	1			J	ļ					,	l						ļ		
Gray Scale of Green	↓	<u></u>				,						<u> </u>						<u> </u>		
reen	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	_1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↓	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ြ ျ	1	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ray (Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	1	↓			1	ļ			↓						 					
) of E	↓ ↓	<u> </u>										ļ				_	-	<u> </u>		
3lue	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
		GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0_	0	0	0	0	1	1	1_	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0: Low level voltage, 1: High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.



9. Optical Characteristics

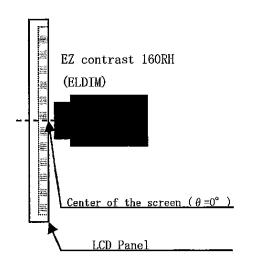
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Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark				
T	Horizontal	θ 21, θ 22		60	70	_	Deg.					
Viewing		θ 11	CR>10	40	50	1	Deg.	[Note 1,3,6]				
angle range	Vertical	θ 12		50	60	_	Deg.					
		CRn	θ =0°	450	ı	ı						
Contrast rat	tio	CRo	Optimum viewing angle	450	700	+		[Note 2,4,6]				
Response ti	me	τ r+ τ d			30	40	ms	[Note 2,5,6]				
ar .:		х		0.283	0.313	0.343						
Chromatici	ty of white	у		0.299	0.329	0.359						
OI	Chromaticity of red			0.625	0.655	0.685						
Chromatici				0.301	0.331	0.361		Divisio CI				
	Chromaticity of green			0.187	0.217	0.247		[Note 2,6]				
Chromatici			у 0.00		0.680	0.710						
Oi			$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.118	0.148	0.178						
Chromaticity of blue		у		0.036	0.066	0.096						
Color gamut (NTSC ratio)					90		%	[Note 2,6]				
Luminance	of white	Yu		300	375		cd/m²	[Note 2,7] I_L =6.0mArms F_L =58kHz				
White Unit	ormity	δw		_	1.20	1.45		[Note 2,8]				

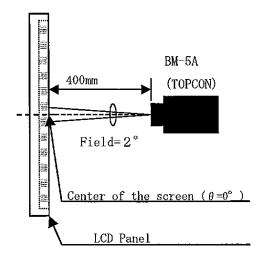
The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating. Condition: (I_L=6.0mArms)

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent.

[Note 1] Optical Characteristics Measurements

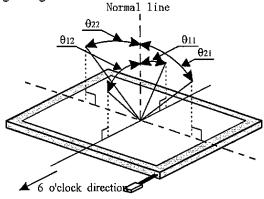


[Note 2] Other Measurements



[Note 3] Definitions of viewing angle range:

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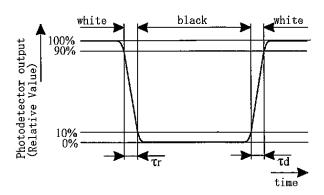


[Note 4] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

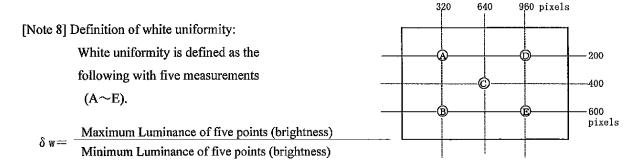
[Note 5] Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note 6] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 7] Average of five point.(A~E)



10. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.



11. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
 - Blow away dust on the polarizer with antistatic N₂ blow. It is undesirable to wipe off because a polarizer is sensitive. It is recommended to peel off softly using the adhesive tape when soil or finger oil is stuck to the polarizer. When unavoidable, wipe off carefully with a cloth for wiping lenses.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched. Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges. Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) Do not expose the LCD module to a direct sunlight, for a long period of time to protect the module from the ultra violet ray.
- k) Connect GND of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- 1) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please avoid that long-terms storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules.
- m) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.
- n) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.
- o) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, please tighten with "torque = 0.196 N·m(Max). Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
- p) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- a) Notice: Never dismantle the module, because it will cause failure. Please don't remove the fixed tape, insulating tape etc that was pasted on the original module. (Except for protection film of the panel and the crepe tape (yellow tape) of fixing lamp cable temporarily.)
- r) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage. (Please use a screen saver etc., in order to avoid an afterimage.)
- s) Adjusting volume has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- t) The lamp used for this product is very sensitive to the temperature.
- Luminance decreases rapidly when it is used for a long time or repeatedly under the environment of the low temperature or the module is being cooled. Please avoid the continuous or repeating use of it under such an environment.
- u) Please handle carefully not to charge excessive stress onto the back of the module. Excessive stress may cause
- unrepairable damage to the module.



12. Packing form

Piling number of cartons	Max.5
Package quantity in one carton	10 pcs
Carton size	470(W)×335(D)×313(H) mm
Total mass of one carton filled with full modules	8.6kg
Packing form	Fig.1

No.	Test item	Conditions
1	High temperature operation test	Ta = $+50^{\circ}$ C 48h (Panel-surface temperature is $+70^{\circ}$ C Max.)
2	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0°C 48h
3	High temperature storage test	Ta = +65°C 48h
4	Low temperature storage test	$Ta = -30^{\circ}C$ 48h
5	High temperature	$Ta = +45^{\circ}C$; 90 %RH 48h
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)
6	High temperature	Ta = +50°C ; 90 %RH 48h
	& high humidity storage test	(No condensation)
7	Thermal Shock Test	+65°C(2hours) ⇔ -30°C(2hours) 4hours per cycle
	(non- operating)	Temperature change time:10°C/minute
		Tested for 12 cycles
8	Shock test	Max. gravity: 1176 m/s ² (120G)
	(operating)	Pulse width: 3 ms, half sine wave
		Direction: $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$
		once for each direction.
9	Shock test	Max. gravity: 1764 m/s ² (180G)
	(non- operating)	Pulse width: 3 ms, half sine wave
		Direction: $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$
		once for each direction.
10	Vibration test	Random:
	(operating)	Gravity: 10.78 m/s ² rms, 20 minute for each direction of X,Y,Z.
		Frequency: 5~50Hz; 0.024G ² /Hz
		: 50~100Hz: -36dB/oct
		or sine wave:
		Gravity: 14.7 m/s ² , 20 minute for each direction of X,Y,Z.
		Frequency: 5~50Hz: 9Hz/min.
11	Vibration test	Random:
	(non- operating)	Gravity: 22.54 m/s ² rms, 20 minute for each direction of X,Y,Z.
		Frequency: 5~50Hz: 0.11G ² /Hz
		; 50∼100Hz: -36dB/oct
		or sine wave:
		Gravity: 24.5 m/s ² , 20 minute for each direction of X,Y,Z.
		Frequency: 5~50Hz: 9Hz/min.
12	ESD test	Bezel/Panel: IEC 61000-4-2 Air±15kV
	(operating)	(LCD module is placed on an insulated board and examined.)

13	ESD test	I/F connector terminal: 200pF 0ohm ±250V
	(non- operating)	(LCD module is placed on an insulated board and examined.)
14	Hinge cycle simulation	Three-point fixation. ±1040g/10000 cycle (each 4 corners)
15	Pressure	Screw holes fixed by screw
		Load to Ipoint from LCD back side
		Loading area: φ 50mm
		The gap between LCD front side and plate: 8mm
		15kgf 5sec
		Load point: 4corners and center
16	Altitude operation test	70kPa 48hours
17	Altitude storage test	26kPa 48hours

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state: Temperature:15~35°C,

Humidity:45~75%, Atmospheric pressure:86~106kpa)

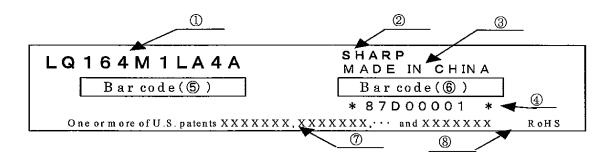
14. Label

1) Module Bar code label:

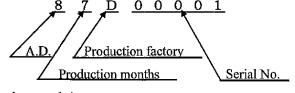
②SHARP Logo. ③Manufacture country ④Serial No. Notation: (I)Model No.

Bar code:

Model No. Serial No. Patent No. ®RoHS mark



Serial No.



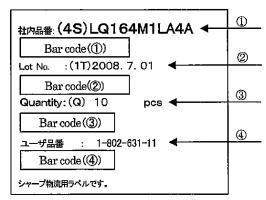
(Production months)

1-9(Jan.-Sep.),X(Oct.),Y(Nov.),Z(Dec)

2) Packing bar code label

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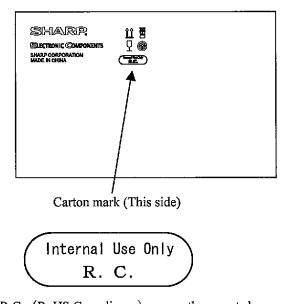
Notation/ Bar code: ①Model No. ②Date ③Quantity **4**User Part No.



15. RoHS Regulations

This LCD module is compliant with RoHS Directive.

Carton mark



**R.C. (RoHS Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

