SHARP

DISPLAY DEVICE BUSINESS GROUP SHARP CORPORATION

SPECIFICATION

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REVISION:

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

LCD Module

MODEL No.

LS010B7DH05

These parts are complied with the RoHS directive.

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

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RECORDS OF REVISION

Model No. : LS010B7DH05

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[NOTICE]

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Gas leakage sensor breakers

Alarm equipment

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[Handling Instructions]

[Handling Precautions]

- (1) Treat LCD module in dustless surroundings.
- (2) Be sure to turn off the power supply when remove the plugged FPC.
- (3) Be careful not to give any physical stress onto the circuit of LCD module when you plug a FPC. Physical stress will cause a break or worse connection.
- (4) Do not touch or scratch the polarizer with items harder than the surface rating or permanent damage can result.
- (5) Since the LCD panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Always handle with care.
- (6) Be careful to handle this LCD panel in order to avoid injury yourself as this panel is made of glass and have sharp edge. When the panel is broken, do not touch the glass. Although the panel is difficult to be scattered, touching the broken part may hurt your hands.
- (7) Since a long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth immediately.
- (8) This module contains CGS. Please use appropriate anti-static protection methods for all contact with the LCD panel and its electrical circuits.
- (9) Do not expose to strong ultraviolet rays such as direct sunlight for a long time.
- (10) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. If LC material should accidently come in contact with the mouth or eyes rinse with water as soon as possible, following the instructions of the appropriate MSDS.
- (11) Use N2-blower such as ionized nitrogen has anti-electrostatic when you blow dusts on Polarizer.

To clean LCD panel surface, wipe clean with absorbent cotton or soft cloth. If further cleaning is needed, use IPA (isopropyl alcohol) and wipe clean lightly on surface only. Do not use organic solvents as it may damage the LCD panel terminal area which uses organic material. Also, do not directly touch with finger. When the terminals cleaning are needed, those should be wiped by a soft cloth or a cotton swab without directly touching by hand.

(12) To avoid picture uniformity failure, do not put a seal or an adhesive material on the LCD panel surface.



[Set-Design Precautions]

- (1) Disassembly of the LCD panel in any way voids the warranty and may permanently damage the LCD panel.
- (2) Do not expose the side of LCD panel and gate driver, etc. on the panel (circuit area outside panel display area) to light as it may not operate properly. Design that shields the side of LCD panel and gate driver, etc. from light is required when mounting the LCD module.
- (3) Support for the LCD panel should be carefully designed to avoid the outside of stress specification on glass surface.
- Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be assembled without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- (4) It causes an irregular display and the defective indication, etc., when always put constant pressure on the back of the module. Please do not make the structure to press the back of the module.
- (5) In case of attaching a cover glass or touch panel to the front surface, use appropriate measures to avoid degrading optical performance.
- (6) To prevent loss of uniformity and prevent the introduction of contamination to the optical path of the LCD panel, please use fine-pitch filters in the air flow of forced ventilation.
- (7) Be sure to follow the absolute maximum rating in the specification. The design should consider the surrounding temperature, the fluctuating input signal, and tolerance of the electronic parts. Exceeding values is possible to cause worse characteristic such as burn and/or broken of the parts on LCD module.
- (8) Be sure to use LCD module within the recommended Electrical Characteristics and Timing Characteristics of Input Signals conditions. Operating module out of the recommended range is not guaranteed even if it is in the absolute maximum rating.
- (9) Follow the power, signal, and supply voltage sequence which the publication indicates, regarding on-off input signal after power on of LCD module.
- (10) According to the using application, power circuit protection is recommended at module failure.
- (11) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into the cabinet, please avoid long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas. The use of materials such as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules. Do not use the LCD module under such environment.
- (12) To avoid picture uniformity failure, do not put a seal or an adhesive material on the LCD panel surface.
- (13) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched .Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges. Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.

After peeling the protection film off, please do not reattach to the front polarizer. If you reattach and store it long time, surface of the front polarizer changes in quality and it may cause display non-uniformity issue.

(14) Panel is susceptible to mechanical stress and such stress may affect the display. Place the LCD panel on flat surface to avoid stress caused by twist, bend, etc.



- (15) To prevent reduction in optical quality and abnormal display, avoid exposure and contamination of the LCD panel from epoxy resin (mine system curing agent) that comes out from the material and the packaging material used for the set side, the silicon adhesive (dealcoholization system and oxime system), and the tray blowing agents (azo-compound), etc. Please confirm LCD panel compatibility with materials employed in your manufacturing and shipping processes.
- (16) Since the LCD panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Always handle with care.
- (17) Please design part arrangement to consider the heat dissipation not to change the local temperature for module.
- (18) This product is not water-proof and dust-proof structure.
- (19) As this LCD module is composed electronic circuits, it is sensitive to electrostatic discharge of 200V or more. Handle with care using cautions for the followings:
 - Operators

Operators must wear anti-static wears to prevent electrostatic charge up to and discharge from human body.

• Equipment and containers

Process equipment such as conveyer, soldering iron, working bench and containers may possibly generate electrostatic charge up and discharge. Equipment must be grounded through 100Mohms resistance. Use ion blower.

• Floor

Floor plays an important role in leaking static electricity generated in human body or equipment. If the floor is made of insulated material (such as polymer or rubber material), such static electricity may charge. Proper measure should be taken to avoid static electricity charge (electrostatic earth: 100Mohms). There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to them without leakage in case of insulating floor, so the electrostatic earth: 100Mohms should be made.

Humidity

Humidity in work area relates to surface resistance of the persons or objects that generate electrostatics, and it can be manipulated to prevent electrostatic charge. Humidity of 40% or lower increases electrostatic earth resistance and promotes electrostatic charging. Therefore, the humidity in the work area should be kept above 40%. Specifically for film peeling process or processes that require human hands, humidity should be kept above 50% and use electricity removal blower.

Transportation/Storage

Containers and styroform used in transporation and storage may charge electrostatic (from friction and peeling) or electrostatic charge from human body, etc. may cause containers and styroform to have induced charge. Proper electrostatic measure should be taken for containers and storage material.



[Operation Precautions]

- (1) Do not use polychloroprene (CR) with LCD module. It will generate chlorine gas, which will damage the reliability of the connection part on LCD panel.
- (2) Be sure to use LCD module within the recommended operating conditions. Operating module out of the recommended range is not guaranteed even if it is in the absolute maximum rating.
- (3) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please avoid long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas. The use of materials such as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules. Do not use the LCD module under such environment.
- (3) To prevent reduction in optical quality and abnormal display, avoid exposure and contamination of the LCD panel from epoxy resin (amine system curing agent) that comes out from the material and the packaging material used for the set side, the silicon adhesive (dealcoholization system and oxime system), and the tray blowing agents (azo-compound), etc. Please confirm LCD panel compatibility with materials employed in your manufacturing and shipping processes.
- (4) If stored at the temperatures lower than the rated storage temperature, the LC may freeze and it may cause LCD panel damage. And If stored at the temperatures higher than the rated storage temperature, the LC will lose its characteristics, and it cannot recover. Please keep it at near room temperature.
- (5) Do not operate the LCD panel under outside of electrical specification. Otherwise LCD panel may be damaged.
- (6) Do not use the LCD panel under outside of specified driving timing chart. Otherwise LCD panel may not have proper picture quality.
- (7) A still image should be displayed less than two hours, if it is necessary to display still image longer than two hour, display image data must be refreshed in order to avoid sticking image on LCD panel.
- (8) If LCD module takes a static electricity, as the display image which is written into pixel memory might not be displayed, Data update should be executed frequently.
- (9) It is neither a breakdown nor a defective indication though very slight change in black level might be periodically seen in a black part on the black display image according to the source of light (angle of the luminance and the source of light).
- (10) Be sure to follow the absolute maximum rating in the specification. The design should consider the surrounding temperature, the fluctuating input signal, and tolerance of the electronic parts. Exceeding values is possible to cause worse characteristic such as burn and/or broken of the parts on LCD module.
- (11) Follow the power, signal, and supply voltage sequence which the Technical Literature indicates, regarding on-off input signal after power on of LCD module.
- (12) According to the using application, power circuit protection is recommended at module failure.
- (13) Nature of dew consideration prevention is necessary when LCD is used for long time under high-temperature and high-humidity.



[Precautions for Storage]

- (1) After opening the package, do not leave the LCD panel in direct sun or under strong ultraviolet ray. Store in the dark place.
- (2) In temperature lower than specified rating, liquid crystal material will coagulate. In temperature higher than specified rating, it will liquefies. In either condition, the liquid crystal may not recover its original condition. Store the LCD panel in at or around room temperature as much as possible.

Also, storing the LCD panel in high humidity will damage the polarizer. Store in normal room temperature as much as possible.

(3) Keeping Method

a. Don't keeping under the direct sunlight.

b. Keeping in the tray under the dark place.



[Other Notice]

- (1) Operation outside specified environmental conditions cannot be guaranteed.
- (2) As power supply (VDD-GND, VDDA-GND) impedance is lowered during use, bus controller should be inserted near LCD module as much as possible.
- (3) Polarizer is applied over LCD panel surface. Liquid crystal inside LCD panel deteriorates with ultraviolet ray. The panel should not be left in direct sun or under strong ultraviolet ray for prolonged period of time even with the polarizer.
- (4) Disassembling the LCD module will cause permanent damage to the module. Do not disassemble the module.
- (5) If LCD panel is broken, do not ingest the liquid crystal from the broken panel. If hand, leg, or clothes come in contact with liquid crystal, wash off immediately with soap.
- (6) ODS (specific chlorofuorocarbon, specific halon, 1-1-1 trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride) are not used or contained in material or all production processes of this product.
- (7) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.

Discarding liquid crystal modules

Follow the regulations when LCD module is scrapped. The government you stay may have some regulations about it.

LCD Panel : Dispose of as glass waste. This LCD module contains no harmful substances. The liquid crystal panel contains no dangerous or harmful substances.

This liquid crystal panel contains only an extremely small amount of liquid crystal (approximately 100mg) and therefore it will not leak even if the panel should break.

Its median lethal dose (LD50) is greater than 2,000 mg/kg and a mutagenetic (Aims test: negative) material is used.



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1. Applocable Memory liquid crystal display

This TFT-LCD module is a reflective active-matrix with slightly transmissive memory liquid crystal display module with CG silicone thin film transistor. Module outline is indicated in Figure 14-1

2. Characteristics

- A reflective active-matrix with slightly transmissive panel of white and black
- 0.96" screen has 192x192 resolusion.
- The outward form is an octagon. Active Area is circle.
- · Display control by serial data signal communication.
- Arbitrary line data renewable.
- 1bit internal memory for data storage within the panel.
- Thin, light-weight and compact module with monolithic technology.
- Super low power consumption TFT panel.
- With FPC (Applicable connecter : Ref to recommended connecter on Page 28)

3. Mechanical Specification

Table 3-1 Module mechanical specification

Item	Specification	unit
Screen size	<mark> </mark>	mm
Dot configuration	192 (H) × 192 (V)	Dot
Dot pitch	0.127 (H) × 0.127 (V)	mm
Pixel Array	Stripe	-
Outline Dimension	29.7 (W) × 30.5 (H) × 1.645 (D)	mm
Mass	3.0(max)	g
Surface Hardness	at least 3H (initial)	Pencil hardness
Surface treatment	AG	

(Note) Detail dimension and tolerance are shown in Figure.14-1



				D-21002A	LOUIDIDIDIO	10		
4. Input terminal names and functions								
Table4-1	Pin descrip	tion						
Terminal	Symbol	I/0	Configurations		Function	Remark		
1	SCLK	INPUT	NoPull		Serial clock signal			
2	SI	INPUT	NoPull		Serial data input signal			
3	SCS	INPUT	NoPull	Chip	select signal (Active of Hi)			
4	EXTCOMIN	INPUT	NoPull	Externa	al COM inversion signal input (Square wave)	[Note 4-2]		
5	DISP	INPUT	NoPull	[Display ON/OFF signal	[Note 4-1]		
6	VDDA	POWER	_		Power supply (Analog)			
7	VDD	POWER	_		Power supply (Digital)			
8	EXTMODE	INPUT	NoPull	Control mode	of COM inversion is select terr	minal [Note 4-2]		
9	VSS(VSSA)	GND	_	C	OND (Digital / Analog)			
X NoF	Pull : Neither	Pulled up of	or Pulled dow	n.				

[Note 4-1]

The display ON/OFF signal is only for display. Data in the memory will be saved at the time of ON/OFF. When it's "Hi", data in the memory will display, when it's "Lo", white color will diaplay and data in the memory will be saved.

[Note 4-2] When EXTMODE is "Hi", EXTCOMIN signal is enable.

When EXTMODE is "Lo" ,serial input flag is enable.

"Hi"mode ; connect the EXTMODE to VDD,

"Lo" mode ; connect the EXTMODE and EXTCOMIN to VSS.

4-1) Recommended Circuit

< EXTMODE="Lo" >

COM Signal Serial Flag Input

N
E
A)

< EXTMODE="Hi" > External COM Signal Input

 1	SCLK
 2	SI
3	SCS
 4	EXTCOMIN
 5	DISP
 6	VDDA
 7	VDD
8	EXTMODE
9	VSS(VSSA)

Figure 4-1 Recommended circuit



5. Absolute Maximum Rating

Table5-1	Absolute Maximum Ra	(GND	=0V)			
Item		Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Power	Analog	VDDA	-0.3	+3.6	V	
supply	Logic	VDD	-0.3	+3.6	V	[Note 5-1]
voltage						
Input signal voltage(high)				VDD	V	[Note 5-2]
Input signal voltage(low)			-0.3		V	
Strage Temperature		Tstg	-30	+80	℃	[Note 5-3,4]
Operation Temperature		Topr	-20	+70	D°	[Note 5-4,5]
(at panel surface)						

[Note 5-1] Applies to EXTMODE.

[Note 5-2] Applies to SCLK, SI, SCS, DISP, EXTCOMIN.

[Note 5-3] Do not exceed this temperature in any parts of module.

[Note 5-4] Maximum wet bulb temperature is 57°C or lower. No condensation is allowed.

Cndensation will cause electeical leak and may cause the module to not meet this specification.

[Note 5-5] Operating temperature is the temperature that guarantees only for the operation.

For contrast, response time, and other display quality determination, use $Ta = +25^{\circ}C$.

6. Electrical Specification

6-1) TFT LCD panel drive

Table6-1 Recommended operating Condition

able6-1 Recommer	nded operatir	g Condition		VSS(GN			
Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power supply	Analog	VDDA	+2.7	+3.0	+3.3	V	
voltage	Logic	VDD	+2.7	+3.0	+3.3	V	[Note 6-1]
Input signal	Hi	VIH	+2.7	+3.0	*VDD	V	[Note 6-2]
voltage	Lo	VIL	VSS	VSS	VSS+0.1	V	

*It can be operated below VDD voltage, however, operation around 3V is recommended.

[Note 6-1] Applies to EXTMODE="Hi"

[Note 6-2] Applies to SCLK, SI, SCS, DISP, EXTCOMIN.

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6-2) Power supply s	equence				1			-	
		On Se	equence		Norm	al operation	Off Seq	uence	
	① T1	2 T2	3×1 T3	(4)%1 T4			(5) T5	6 76 77	
VDD/VDDA(3V)	GND								GND
DISP	GND								GND
EXTCOMIN	GND				⊥ Normal	operation			GND
SCS	GND	※ 2	1		Normal	operation	<u></u> *2		GND
SI,SCLK	GND	※ 2		(Normal	operation	※ 2		GND
 %1 ③ and ④ (how Also SCS %2 Setting values SCS= S1=M SCLK [ON Sequence] 	may be oppos vever, TCOM p o, when DISP a S starts up (It m ue for pixel men Driving accord (use all cl 12 (all clear flag	site olarity in nd EXT nay be le mory ini ingly to ear flag n) = "Hi" ring	nversion COMIN ess than itialization clear p or write or write	n will not occu I are simultan n 60us). on ixel internal n e all screen w e white	ur even leously nemory rhite)	with EXTCO started up, a	MIN betwe llow 30us c	en DISP=" or more bef	'Lo". [≂] ore
 (1) 3V rise t (2) Pixel me T2: 1¹ (3) Release T3: 30 Time re (4) TCOM p T4: 30 Time re 	ime (depends of mory initializati V or more Initial time for initializ Ous or more equired to relea olarity initializa Ous or more equired initializi	on IC) on lize with zation o se CON tion tim	h M2 (a f TCOM M relate e DM pola	ll clear flag) c l latch d latch circuit rity according	or write initialia	all screen wh zation which i XTCOMIN inp	ite s initializing put	g using DIS	SP signals



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[Normal Operation]			
Duration of normal driving			
[Off Sequence]			
(5) Pixel memory initialization time	9		0
T5: 1V or more			
(6) VA, VB, VCOM initialization tin	ne		
T6: 30us or more			
(7) 3V falling time (Depends on IC			
(Note) Processitions at obta time of pa	wor on and nower off		
(Note) Frecaustions at ente time of po		or VDD abould be factor that	
× 1) When power off, VDD and			
%2) When power on, VDD and	I VDDA are same time (DI VDDA SHOUQ DE laster than	the VDD.

6-3) Input signal Specification

Table6-3-1 Recommend Operating Cunditions and DC Characteristics

			VDDA=+3.0V、VDD=+3.0V、GND=0V、Ta=25°C						
Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark			
Frame frequency	fSCS	57	60	70	Hz	[Note 6-3]			
Clock frequency	fSCLK		1	1.1	MHz				
Vertical Interval	tV	14.29	-	17.54	ms				
COM Frequency	fCOM	28.5	-	35	Hz				

[Note 6-3] Please use afram frequency in the range where there are no problems with the display quality.

Table 6-3-2 Input Signal timin	g Parameters	VDDA=+3.0V、VDD=+3.0V、GND=0V、Ta=25°C					
Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	
SCS Rising time	trSCS	-	-	50	ns		
SCS Falling Time	tfSCS	-	-	50	ns		
SCS High duration	twSCSH	211.63	-	-	us	Display update mode	
		22.54	-		us	Display mode	
SCS Low duration	twSCSL	6	-	-	us		
SCS set up time	tsSCS	6		-	us		
SCS hold time	thSCS	2	-	-	us		
SI Rising time	trSI		-	50	ns		
SI Folling time	tfSI		-	50	ns		
SI Set up time	tsSI	<mark>25</mark> 0	-	-	ns		
SI Hold time	thSI	<mark>3</mark> 50	-	-	ns		
SCLK Rising time	trSCLK	-	-	50	ns		
SCLK Folling time	tf <mark>S</mark> CLK	-	-	50	ns		
SCLK High duration	twSCLKH	404.55	450	-	ns		
SCLK Low duration	twSCLKL	404.55	450	-	ns		
EXTCOMIN signal frequency	fEXTCOMIN	57	60	70	Hz	[Note 6-4] [Note 6-5]	
EXTCOMIN signal rising time	trEXTCOMIN	-	-	50	ns		
EXTCOMIN signal folling time	twEXTCOMIN	-	-	50	ns		
EXTCOMIN signal High duration	thIEXTCOMIN	2			us		
DISP Rising time	trDISP	-	-	50	ns		
DISP Folling time	tfDISP	-	-	50	ns		

[Note 6-4] When data is writtne for displaying continuously, EXTCOMIN frequency should be made the same frame frequency or lower.







6-5) Power consumption

Table6-5 Current Consumption Ta=25°C,SCS SCLK,SI,DISP,EXTCOMIN=+3V,VDD=+3V,VDDA=+3V								
Operating N	lode	Power consumption	Min	Тур	Max	unit	Remark	
Condition	า 1	Display mode		25	125	uW	[Note 6-6]	
		(no display data update)						
		Display pattern : Black display						
Condition	า 2	Data update mode		40	200	uW	[Note 6-7]	
		with display update 1Hz			•			
		(1fram/sec)						
		Display pattern : Vertical stripe display						

[Note 6-6]

a) SCLK=Lo 、 SCS=Lo 、 SI=Lo (after writed Black data)

b) It measures after writed Black data.

[Note 6-7]

- a) fSCS=1.0Hz (Except in the time of writing, it is set to SCS=Lo.)
- b) SCLK=Lo 、SCS=Lo 、SI=Lo (after writed Vertical stripe data)

Common inversion with VDD=3.0V, VDDA=3.0V, fCLK=1.0MHz, EXTMODE=VDD, EXTCOMIN=60Hz (Common Note)

This is value in steady condition, not the falue of peak power at the time of COM operation.

Some marging for power supply is recommended.

We recommend capacitor for VDD and VDDA.

(If VDD and VDDA are on separate systems, we recommend capacitor for each.)

Formula for computation

(Ivdd + Ivdda)[uA] × 3[V]

*LC inversion : LC material is needed alternative polarity driving as changing timing which should be 60Hz. (LC inversion frequency 60Hz is COM frequency 30Hz)

as shown Figure 6-5











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<u>6-6-5 COM Inversion</u> There are two types of inputs,COM signal (EXTMODE="Hi").	serial input (EXTMODE	E="Lo") and external COM sig	nal input
EXTMODE="Lo"			
	M0 X M1 X M2 X 	<u>M0 X M1 X M2 X 1</u> <u>*2</u>	
Figure 6	6-10 COM Inversion (E	EXTMODE=Lo)	
M1:LC polarity inversion flag: If M1 is "Hi" then VCOM="H If M1 is "Lo" then VCOM="I ※1:LC inversion has b ※2:The periods of plus EXTMODE="Hi" (COM inversion timing h	Hi" is output. Lo" is output. een changed by M1 flag polarity and minus pola mas two conditions)	g statement. arity should be same length as	s much as possible.
①EXTCOMIN input during high period of the SOS signal SCS Binary Driver OP NOP COMEN(Inner signal) ※1 FEXTCOMIN COMZ(Inner signal) Will: COMEN is High when "SCS = Low" and certain period ※1: COMEN is High when "SCS = Low" and certain period ※2: Make "COM" reversal depending on COMZ at the CO Will: The period of EXTCOMIN should be constant. And the period of COM inversion should be constant dependence	DP OP With Binary Drivere operation. MEN's rise time. epending on EXTCOMIN. (with Binary D	Priver operate or making the period of "SCS = Low	
Figure 6	6-11 COM Inversion1	(EXTMODE=Hi)	

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© : EXTCOMIN input during low period of the SCS EXTCOMIN COM	SCS signal .	twEXTCOMINH ×4 ×5	
※4: LC inversion polarity has been set by	the rising edge of EXTCOMI	N.	
※5: The period of EXTCOMIN should be	constant.		
Figure 6	5-12 COM Inversion2	(EXTMODE=Hi)	





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/4	
<u> </u>	

 Table6-8
 The number of active dots for Gate address Line (GL)

GL No.	Active dots	GL No.	Active dots]	GL No.	Active dots	Ī	GL No.	Active dots	GL No.	Active dots	GL No.	Active dots
1	28	33	146		65	182		97	192	129	182	161	144
2	40	34	148		66	184		98	192	130	182	162	142
3	48	35	150		67	184		99	192	131	180	163	140
4	56	36	150		68	184		100	192	132	180	164	138
5	62	37	152		69	186		101	192	133	178	165	136
6	68	38	154		70	186		102	192	134	178	166	134
7	72	39	156		71	186		103	192	135	178	167	132
8	78	40	156		72	186	ľ	104	192	136	176	168	130
9	82	41	158		73	188		105	192	137	176	169	128
10	86	42	160		74	188		106	192	138	174	170	126
11	90	43	162		75	188		107	192	139	174	171	124
12	94	44	162		76	188		108	192	140	172	172	120
13	98	45	164		77	190		109	192	141	172	173	118
14	100	46	164		78	190		110	192	142	170	174	116
15	104	47	166		79	190		111	190	143	170	175	112
16	108	48	168		80	1 <mark>90</mark>		112	190	144	168	176	110
17	110	49	168		81	190		113	190	145	168	177	108
18	112	50	170		82	190		114	190	146	166	178	104
19	116	51	170		83	192		115	190	147	164	179	100
20	118	52	172		84	192		116	190	148	164	180	98
21	120	53	172		85	192		117	188	149	162	181	94
22	124	54	174		86	192		118	188	150	162	182	90
23	126	55	174		87	192		119	188	151	160	183	86
24	128	56	176		88	192		120	188	152	158	184	82
25	130	57	176		89	192		121	186	153	156	185	78
26	132	58	178		90	192		122	186	154	156	186	72
27	134	59	178		91	192		123	186	155	154	187	68
28	136	60	178		92	192	ļ	124	186	156	152	188	62
29	138	61	180		93	192	ļ	125	184	157	150	189	56
30	140	62	180		94	192		126	184	158	150	190	48
31	142	63	182		95	192	ļ	127	184	159	148	191	40
32	144	64	182]	96	192		128	182	160	146	192	28



7. Optical Specification

Table 7-1Optical specificationVDDA=+3.0V, VDD=+3.0V, GND=0V, Ta=25°								
Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	unit	Remark	
Viewing angle	Horizontal	θ21,θ22	40	60	-	°(degree)	[Note 7-1]	
range	Vertical	θ11	40	60	-	°(degree)		
CR≧2		θ12	40	60	-	°(degree)		
Contrast ratio		CR	14:1	17:1	-		[Note 7-2, 3]	
Reflecivity ratio		R	11.0	15.0	-	%	[Note 7-3]	
Transmissivity ra	atio	Т	-	0.16	-	%		
Response	Rise	тг	-	10	-	ms	[Note 7-3,4]	
time	Fall	тd	-	20		ms		
Panel	White	х	-	0.30	-		[Note 7-3]	
Chromaticity		у	-	0.33	-			





SHARP	SPEC No. LD-27602A	MODEL No. LS010B7DH05	PAGE 28	
 <u>8. Pin assignment</u> 8-1) Pin assignment of the 0.96" (192 The detail outline dimensions are s 	x 192) panel shown in Figure 14-1 (Pa	age . 34)		
AA : 192x192 (0. 127mm pitch) Page age (4) Figure pitch) Display surface		No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Rear surface	Sympol SCLK SI SCS EXTCOMIN DISP VDDA VDD EXTMODE VSS(VSSA)	
F	igure 8-1 Pin assignm	ent		
8-2) FPC Bend Specification				
Table 8-1 Recommended Connector				
Product manufacturer Series	Part number	Contact		
Panasonic Y3B	AYF330935	Bottom and Upper side		
When bending FPC, bend where specific Condition (2). FPC is not to contact glass and FPC. Condition (1) FPC bend recommer Condition (2) Minimum bend R: In ROLAS ROLAS Fig [Note 8-1] Do not bend to the side of from [Note 8-2] Bend frequency: 3 times or	ed in Condition (1) and ss edge, and there shound nded area: 0.8mm – 9. nner diameter R0.45 gure 8-2 FPC Bend Sp pont polarizer film. less (Repeat bend cond	the bend R should be more ald be no stress to connective a 0mm from glass edge.	than R specified in area between panel	

		1		1
SHARP	SPEC No.	MODEL N	lo.	PAGE
	LD-27602A	LSC	010B7DH05	29
9. Display Qualities		1		
Please refer to the Incoming Inspection	Standard (IIS).			
10. External capacitors				
		1	SCLK	
		2	SI	
		3	SCS	
		4	EXTCOMIN	
-		5	DISP	
		6	VDDA	
		7	VDD	
$C_1 \mathbf{r} C_2 \mathbf{r} C_3 \mathbf{r}$		8	EXTMODE	_
		9	VSS(VSSA)	
Figure 10-1 Exter	rnal capacitor recomme	ndation ca	pacity value	
<recommended capacity="" value=""></recommended>				
C1: DISP – VSS : rank B 0.1	1uF Ceramic capacitor			
C2: VDDA- VSSA : rank B 1.0	OuF Ceramic capacitor			
C3: VDD – VSS : rank B 1.0	uF Ceramic capacitor			
XAbove circ	uit and parts are only re	ecommend	ation.	
For actual use, please ev	aluate their conformity v	with your s	ystem and design.	
(Capacitor pressure resist	ance can be larger than	n resistance	e indicated above.)	

	RP		SPEC No. LD-27602A	MODEL No. LS010B7DH05	PAGE 30
11. Marking	L				
11-1) Displ	ayed by printing.	(Ink-jet print)			
The o	display position is	shown in Figu	re. 11-1 Outline dime	nsion diagram.	
Dispa	aly contents				
	Line 1 \rightarrow	YMDDP		Di	splay ide up
			Prir	nting Area	
				Figure. 11-1 Lot number	printing position
-			cO	Figure. 11-1 Lot number	printing position
Table 1	1-1 marking lir	ne definition		Figure. 11-1 Lot number	printing position
Table 1	1-1 marking lir Making	ne definition		Figure. 11-1 Lot number	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	ne definition Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1 2 9 X Y	Figure. 11-1 Lot number performed by the secret of the sec	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	ne definition Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31)	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number (escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number (escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number (escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position
Table 1 Line 1	1-1 marking lir Making YMDDP	Y : Single-dig M : Single-dig DD : Digit of t P : Code of m	De it year (Last digit of the it Month (1,2,,9,X,Y, he day (01,,31) anufacture	Figure. 11-1 Lot number (escription e year) (0,1, 8,9) Z)	printing position

SHA	ARP	SPEC No. LD-276
<u>12.Packa</u>	aging form	
12-1) Ca	arton storage condition	
1)	Piling number of cartons.	: N
2)	Pakage quantity in one carton	: 1
3)	Carton size (Typ.)	: 5
4)	Total mess (Typ)	: 8
	(One carton filled with 1000	Opcs modules)

5) Carton store environment:

Temperature:

0~40°C

• Humidity:

60%RH or lower (at 40°C)

There should be no condensation at low temperature and high humidity.

LD-27602A

:Max 8 : 1000pcs

: 8.5Kg

: 530mm × 365mm × 230mm

·Atmosphere:

No harmful gas, such as acid or alkali, which causes severe corrosion on electronic parts and wiring, are to be detected.

• Opening the package:

In order to prevent electrostatic damage to TFT modules, room humidity should be made over 50%RH and take effective measure such as use of earth when opening the package.

Direct sunlight

Please keep the product in a dark room or cover the product to protect from direct sunlight.

Atmospheric condition

Please refrain from keeping the product with possible corrosive gas or volatile flux.

Prevention of dew

Do not place directly on the floor, and please store the product carton either on a wooden pallet or a stand to avoid dew condensation. In order to obtain moderate ventilation

in the pallet's bottom surfaces, arrange correctly in the fixed direction.

Please place the product cartons away from the storage wall.

Be careful of the inside of a warehouse to ventilate well and

please consider installation of a ventilator. Manage to rapid temperature change under natural environment.

Vibration

Please refrain from keeping the product in the place which always has vibration.

·Storage Period:

Within above mentioned conditions, maximum storage period should be 3 months

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13.Reliability Test Conditions

13-1) Reliability Test Items

Table13-1 ReliabilityTest Items

No.	Test Item	Condition		Remark
1	High temperature storage test (Non operating test)	Ta=80°C	240h	
2	Low temperature storage test (Non operating test)	Ta=-30°C (No condensation)	240h	0
3	High temperature and high humidity operating test	Tp=40°C/95%RH	240h	
4	High temperature operating test	Tp=70°C	240h	
5	Low temperature operating test	Tp=-20°C	240h	
6	Thermal Shock test (Non operating test)	Ta=-30°C (1h)~+80 °C (1h) / 5 cycle		
7	Electro static discharge test	$\pm 200V$, 200pF(0 Ω) each terminai: 1 time		

(Note) Ta = Ambient temperature

Tp = Panel surface temperature

Result Evaluation Criteria

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

(*)normal operation state : Temperature:15~35°C,Humidity:45~75%, Atmospheric pressure:86~106kpa

