SHARP		No.	LD-26912A
		DATE REV.	04-Jul-14 10-Sep-14
TECHNICAL	LITERA	TURE	
FO	R		
LCD	module	e	
MODEL No. LS013	<u>BB7DHC</u>	<u>)5</u>	
These parts are complied v	with the Ro	HS dir	ective.
The technical literature is su So, please contact SHARP of designing your product based	r its representativ	/e before	ce.
CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL			
BY	BY T.Ohnishi DEPARTMENT DEVELOPMEN DISPLAY DEVI DISPLAY DEVI SHARP CORF	it depart Ice unit i Ice busin	MANAGER MENT III II

RECORDS OF REVISION

Model No. : LS013B7DH05

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED No	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
LCP-1113019A	2014/7/4	A		First edition	
LD-26912A	2014/9/10	А		First edition (Because of the division in charge change)	



NOTICE

<<Precautions>>

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[For handling and system design]

- (1) Handle with care as glass is used in this LCD panel. Dropping or contact against hard object may cause cracks or chips.
- (2) Be careful to handle this LCD panel in order to avoid injury yourself by panel's edge as this panel is made of glass and might be a sharp edge.
- (3) Do not scratch the surface of the polarizer as it is easily damaged.
- (4) Water droplets on the polarizer must be wiped off immediately as they may cause color changes, or other defects if remained for a long time.
- (5)Do not leave the LCD panel in direct sun or under ultraviolet ray.
- (6) To clean LCD panel surface, wipe clean with absorbent cotton or soft cloth. If further cleaning is needed, use IPA (isopropyl alcohol) and wipe clean lightly on surface only. Do not use organic solvents as it may damage the LCD panel terminal area which uses organic material. Also, do not directly touch with finger. When the terminals cleaning are needed, those should be wiped by a soft cloth or a cotton swab without directly touching by hand.
- (7) Do not expose gate driver, etc. on the panel (circuit area outside panel display area) to light as it may not operate properly. Design that shields gate driver, etc. from light is required when mounting the LCD module.
- (8) To avoid circuit failure, do not touch panel terminal area.
- (9) Support for the LCD panel should be carefully designed to avoid stress that exceeds specification on glass surface.
- (10) When handling LCD module and assembling them into cabinets, be noted that storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, and etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of LCD modules.
- (11)To avoid picture uniformity failure, do not put a seal or an adhesive material on the panel surface.

(12) Do not use chloroprene rubber as it generates chlorine gas and affects reliability in LCD panel connective area.

- (13) Protective film is attached to the surface of polarizer on LCD panel to prevent scratches or other damages. Remove this protective film before use. In addition, do not attach the protective film which is removed from LCD module again. When the LCD panel which has the reattached protective film is needed to storage for a long time, the polarizer might have a damage with picture quality failure.
- (14) Panel is susceptible to mechanical stress and such stress may affect the display. Place the panel on flat surface to avoid stress caused by twist, bend, etc.

(15) When transporting LCD panels, secure them in LCD panel tray to avoid mechanical stress. The tray should be conductive to protect LCD panels from static charge.

Material used in set or epoxy resin (amine type hardening agent) from packaging, and silicon adhesive (dealcoholized or oxime) all release gas which may affect quality of polarizer. Do confirm compatibility with user materials.



(16) As this LCD module is composed electronic circuits, it is sensitive to electrostatic discharge of 200V or more. Handle with care using cautions for the followings:

• Operators

Operators must wear anti-static wears to prevent electrostatic charge up to and discharge from human body.

• Equipment and containers

Process equipment such as conveyer, soldering iron, working bench and containers may possibly generate electrostatic charge up and discharge. Equipment must be grounded through 100Mohms resistance. Use ion blower.

• Floor

Floor plays an important role in leaking static electricity generated in human body or equipment. If the floor is made of insulated material (such as polymer or rubber material), such static electricity may charge. Proper measure should be taken to avoid static electricity charge (electrostatic earth: 100Mohms). There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to them without leakage in case of insulating floor, so the electrostatic earth: $1 \times 10^8 \Omega$ should be made.

Humidity

Humidity in work area relates to surface resistance of the persons or objects that generate electrostatics, and it can be manipulated to prevent electrostatic charge. Humidity of 40% or lower increases electrostatic earth resistance and promotes electrostatic charging. Therefore, the humidity in the work area should be kept above 40%. Specifically for film peeling process or processes that require human hands, humidity should be kept above 50% and use electricity removal blower.

Transportation/Storage

Containers and styroform used in transporation and storage may charge electrostatic (from friction and peeling) or electrostatic charge from human body, etc. may cause containers and styroform to have induced charge. Proper electrostatic measure should be taken for containers and storage material.



[For operating LCD module]

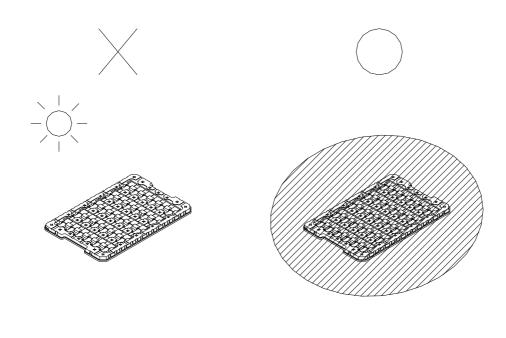
- (1) Do not operate the LCD panel under outside of electrical specification. Otherwise LCD panel may be damaged.
- (2) Do not use the LCD panel under outside of specified driving timing chart. Otherwise LCD panel may not have proper picture quality.
- (3) A still image should be displayed less than two hours, if it is necessary to display still image longer than two hour, display image data must be refreshed in order to avoid sticking image on LCD panel.
- (4) If LCD module takes a static electricity, as the display image which is written into pixel memory might not be displayed, Data update should be executed frequently.
- (5) It is neither a breakdown nor a defective indication though very slight change in black level might be periodically seen in a black part on the black display image according to the source of light (angle of the luminance and the source of light).

[Precautions for Storage]

- (1) After opening the package, do not leave the LCD panel in direct sun or under strong ultraviolet ray. Store in dark place.
- (2) In temperature lower than specified rating, liquid crystal material will coagulate. In temperature higher than specified rating, it isotropically liquefies. In either condition, the liquid crystal may not recover its original condition. Store the LCD panel in at or around room temperature as much as possible.

Also, storing the LCD panel in high humidity will damage the polarizer. Store in normal room temperature as much as possible.

- (3) Keeping Method
 - a. Don't keeping under the direct sunlight.
- b. Keeping in the tray under the dark place.





[Other Notice]

- (1) Operation outside specified environmental conditions cannot be guaranteed.
- (2) As power supply (VDD-GND, VDDA-GND) impedance is lowered during use, bus controller should be inserted near LCD module as much as possible.
- (3) Polarizer is applied over LCD panel surface. Liquid crystal inside LCD panel deteriorates with ultraviolet ray. The panel should not be left in direct sun or under strong ultraviolet ray for prolonged period of time even with the polarizer.
- (4) Disassembling the LCD module will cause permanent damage to the module. Do not disassemble the module.
- (5) If LCD panel is broken, do not ingest the liquid crystal from the broken panel. If hand, leg, or clothes come in contact with liquid crystal, wash off immediately with soap.
- (6) ODS (specific chlorofuorocarbon, specific halon, 1-1-1 trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride) are not used or contained in material or all production processes of this product.
- (7) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.

Discarding liquid crystal modules

LCD Panel:Dispose of as glass waste.This LCD module contains no harmful substances.The liquid crystal panel contains no dangerous or harmful substances.This liquid crystal panel contains only an extremely small amount ofliquid crystal (approximately 100mg) and therefore it will not leakeven if the panel should break.Its median lethal dose (LD50) is greater than 2,000 mg/kg and a mutagenetic(Aims test: negative) material is used.

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1. Outline

This TFT-LCD module is a reflective active-matrix with slightly transmissive memory liquid crystal display module with CG silicone thin film transistor. Module outline is indicated in fig 8-1.

2. Characteristics

- Transflective panel of white and black
- 1.26" screen has 144 x 168 resolusion. (24192 pixels stripe array)
- Display control by serial data signal communication.
- Arbitrary line data renewable.
- 1bit internal memory for data storage within the panel.
- Thin, light-weight and compact module with monolithic technology.
- Super low power consumption TFT panel.

3. Mechanical Specification

Table 3-1 Mechanical Specification

Item	Specification	unit
Screen size	3.2 (1.26")	cm
Viewing Area	20.88 (Horizontal) × 24.36 (Vertical)	mm
Dot configuration	144 (Horizontal) × 168 (Vertical)	Dot
Dot pitch	0.145 (Horizontal) × 0.145 (Vertical)	mm
Pixel Array	Stripe Array	-
Outline Dimension	24.68 (W) × 30.00 (H) × 0.745 (D)	mm
Mass	3.0	g
Surface Hardness	3Н	Pencil hardness

(Note) Detail dimension and tolerance are shown in fig. 8-1



4. Input terminal names and functions

Table4-1	Signal name			
Terminal	symbol	Туре	Description	Remark
1	SCLK	INPUT	Serial clock signal	
2	SI	INPUT	Serial data input signal	
3	SCS	INPUT	Chip select signal	
4	EXTCOMIN	INPUT	External COM inversion signal input (H: enable)	【4-1】
5	DISP	INPUT	Display ON/OFF signal	【4-2】
6	VDDA	POWER	Power supply (Analog)	
7	VDD	POWER	Power supply (Digital)	
8	EXTMODE	INPUT	COM inversion select terminal	【4-3】
9	VSS	GND	GND(Digital)	
10	VSSA	GND	GND(Analog)	

【4-1】

When EXTMODE is "Lo", connect the EXTCOMIN to VSS.

【4-2】

The display ON/OFF signal is only for display. Data in the memory will be saved at the time of ON/OFF. When it's "H", data in the memory will display, when it's "L", white color will diaplay and data in the memory will be saved.

4-1) Recommended Circuit

< EXTMODE="L" >

< EXTMODE="H" >

External COM Signal Input

	1	SCLK
	Z	SI
	3	SCS
	4	EXTCOMIN
	5	DISP
	6	VODA
	7	VDD
	8	EXTNODE
-	9	VSS
	10	VSSA

Fig 4-1 EXTMODE_Lo

COM Signal Serial Input

【4-3】

When EXTMODE is "H", EXTCOMIN signal is enable. When EXTMODE is "L", serial input flag is enable. "H"mode; connect the EXTMODE toVDD, "L" mode; connect the EXTMODE to VSS

 1	SCLK
 2	SI
 3	SCS
 4	EXTCOMIN
 5	DISP
 6	VDDA
 7	VDD
 8	EXTNODE
 9	VSS
 10	VSSA

Fig 4-2 EXTMODE_Hi

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5 Absolute Meximum Deting			

5. Absolute Maximum Rating

Table5-1	Absolute Maximum Rating	(VSS=0V,VSSA=0V)	

	Item	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Power	Analog	VDDA	-0.3	+3.6	V	
supply voltage	Logic	VDD	-0.3	+3.6	V	[5-1]
Input sign	al voltage(high)			VDD	V	[5-2]
Input sign	al voltage(low)		-0.3		V	
Strage Te	mperature	Tstg	-30	+80	S	[5-3,4]
Operation	Temperature	Topr1	-20	+70	°C	[5-4,5]
(at panel surface)						

[5-1] Applies to EXTMODE.

[5-2] Applies to SCLK, SI, SCS, DISP, EXTCOMIN.

[5-3] Do not exceed this temperature in any parts of module.

[5-4] Maximum wet bulb temperature is 57°C or lower. No condensation is allowed.

Cndensation will cause electeical leak and may cause the module to not meet this specification.

[5-5] Operating temperature is the temperature that guarantees only for the operation.

For contrast, response time, and other display quality determination, use $Ta = +25^{\circ}C$.

6. Electrical characteristics

6-1) TFT LCD panel drive

Table6-1 Recommended operating Condition

VSS=0V、VSSA=0V、Ta=+25°C

Item		symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Power supply	Analog	VDDA	+2.7	+3.0	+3.3	V	
	Logic	VDD	+2.7	+3.0	+3.3	V	[6-1]
Input signal voltage	Hi	VIH	+2.70	+3.00	*VDD	V	[6-2]
	Lo	VIL	VSS	VSS	VSS+0.1	V	

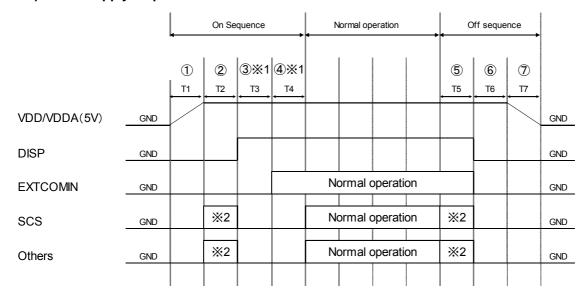
*It can be operated below VDD voltage, however, operation around 3V is recommended.

[6-1] Applies to EXTMODE="H"

[6-2] Applies to SCLK, SI, SCS, DISP, EXTCOMIN.



6-2) Power supply sequence



*Refer to timing chart and AC timing characteristics for detail

※1 ③ and ④ may be opposite (however, TCOM polarity inversion will not occur even with EXTCOMIN between DISP="L". Also, when DISP and EXTCOMIN are simultaneously started up, allow 30us or more before SCS starts up (It may be less than 60us).

%2 Setting value for pixel memory initialization

SCS=Driving accordingly to clear pixel internal memory method (use all clear flag or write all screen white)

S1=M2 (all clear flag) = "H" or write white

SCLK: Normal Driving

[ON Sequence]

(1) 3V rise time (depends on IC)

(2) Pixel memory initialization

T2: 1time or more Initialize with M2 (all clear flag) or write all screen white

(3) Release time for initialization of TCOM latch T3: 30us or more

Time required to release COM related latch circuit initialization which is initializing using DISP signals

(4) TCOM polarity initialization time T4: 30us or more

Time required initializing TCOM polarity accordingly to EXTCOMIN input

[Normal Operation]

Duration of normal driving

[Off Sequence]

- (5) Pixel memory initialization time T5: 1time or more
- (6) VA, VB, VCOM initialization time T6: 30us or more

[Remark] Precaustions at ehte time of power on and power off.

Remark 1)When power on , VDDand VDDA are same timem or VDD should be faster than the VDDA. Remark 2) When power off, VDD and VDDA are same time or VDDA shoud be faster than the VDD.



HARP	SPI	EC No. LD-26912		MODEL No. LS013	B7DH05	PAGE 12
3) Input signal characteristics	;					
Table6-3-1	VDDA=+3.0	VVVVDD=+	3.0V、VS	S=0V、VSS	A=0V、Ta=	=25°C
Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
Frame frequency	fSCS	57	60	66	Hz	
Clock frequency	fSCLK		1	1.1	MHz	
Vertical Interval	tV	15.0	-	17.54	ms	
COM Frequency	fCOM	28.5	-	33	Hz	
Table 6-3-2	VDDA=+3.0)V、VDD=+:	3.0V、VS	S=0V、VSS	A=0V、Ta=	=25°C
Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
SCS Rising time	trSCS	-	-	50	ns	
SCS Falling Time	tfSCS	-	-	50	ns	
SCS High duration	twSCSH	168	-	-	us	
Ū.		22.54	-	-	us	
SCS Low duration	twSCSL	6	-	-	us	
SCS set up time	tsSCS	6	-	-	us	
SCS hold time	thSCS	2	-	-	us	
SI Rising time	trSI	-	-	50	ns	
SI Folling time	tfSI	-	-	50	ns	
SI set up time	tsSI	250	-	-	ns	
SI hold time	thSI	350	-	-	ns	
SCLK Rising time	trSCLK	-	-	50	ns	
SCLK Folling time	tfSCLK	-	-	50	ns	
SCLK High duration	twSCLKH	404.55	450	-	ns	
SCLK Low duration	twSCLKL	404.55	450	-	ns	
EXTCOMIN signal frequency	fEXTCOMIN	57	60	66		[Remark6-3] [Remark
EXTCOMIN signal rising time	trEXTCOMIN		-	50	ns	- ••
EXTCOMIN signal folling time	twEXTCOMIN		-	50	ns	
XTCOMIN signalHigh duration	thIEXTCOMIN				us	
DISP Rising time	trDISP	-	-	50	ns	
DISP Folling time	tfDISP	-	-	50	ns	
emark 6-3]When data is writtne		continuously	, EXTCC	MIN freque	ency should	I be made the same
frame frequency or lo					-	/
scs						
	_		_		_	_ \\ _

[Remark 6-4] When the display is maintained after writing of the displayed data, is not applied.

(Please keep SCS in the state of L when you maintain current display after writing of the display data.)

scs					_	_
	 	 	 	 	 	_

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6-4) Signal Timing			
SCS, SI, SCLK signal	twSC SH		tw SC SL
SCS 50% 790% 10%		90%	50% 50%
SI 10% 90% 90% 	twsclkh twsclkl		
SCLK	90% 50% 50% 50%		
EXTCOMIN signal			
EXTCOMIN 10% trextcominh fextcomin	10% 7		
DISP signal DISP 10%			
%SCS,SI,SCLK、DISP、EXTCOMI	N: 3V input voltage		



PAGE

6-5) Power consumption

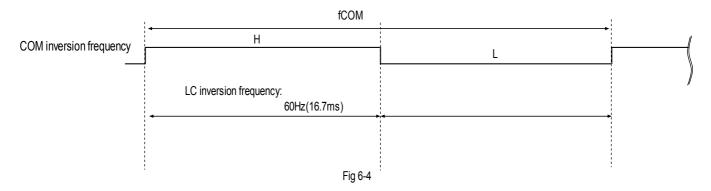
Table6-4 Power consumption (Ta=25°C,SCS SCLK,Si,DISP,EXTCOMIN=3V,VDD=3V, VDDA=3V)											
LC inversion	Operatin Model	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit	Condiion					
frequency											
60Hz	Display mode		TBD	TBD	uW	no display data update					
	Data update mode		TBD	TBD	uW	display data update: 1frame/sec					
	(SCLK=1.1MHz)										

*Power consumption Display pattern : Black display

*LC inversion : LC material is needed alternative polarity driving as changing timing which should be 60Hz.

(LC inversion frequency 60Hz is COM frequency 30Hz)

as shown fig6-4.

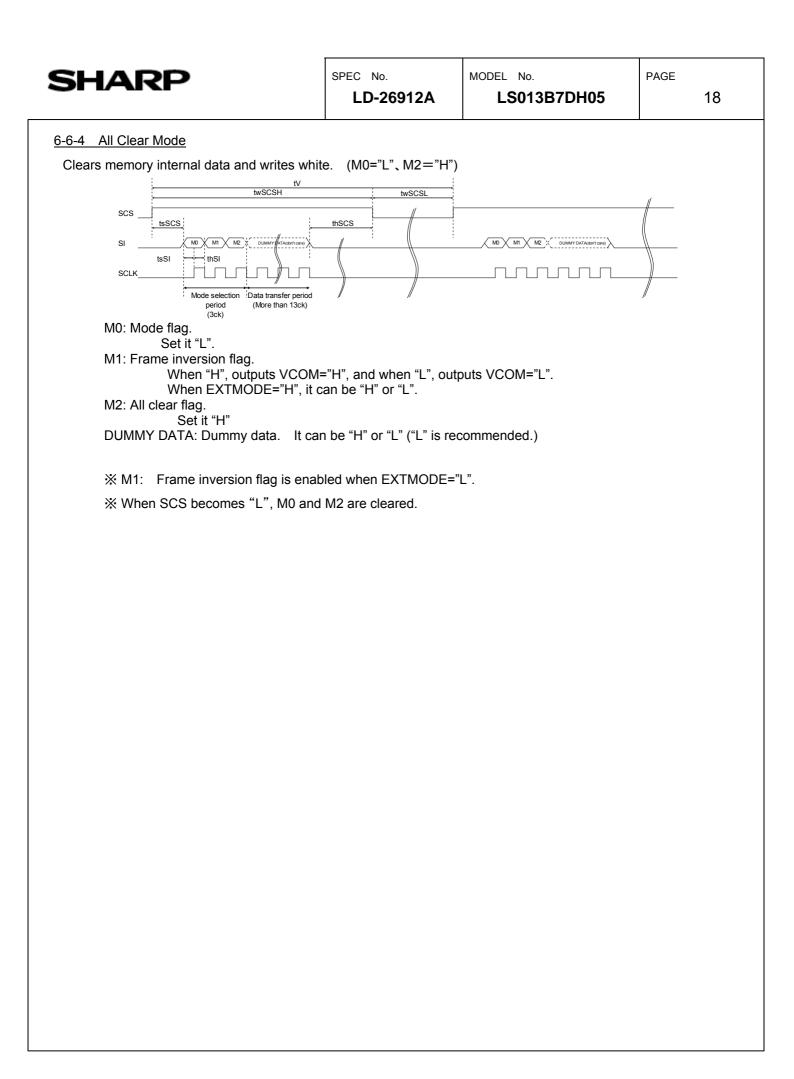


[Remark 6-5] This is value in steady condition, not the falue of peak power at the time of COM operation. Some marging for power supply is recommended. We recommend capacitor for VDD and VDDA. (If VDD and VDDA are on separate systems, we recommend capacitor for each.)

SHARP	SPEC No. LD-26912A	MODEL No. LS013B7DH05	PAGE 15
6) Input Signal Timing Chart			
5-6-1 Data update mode (1 line)			
Updates data of only one specified line	. (M0="H"、M2="L")		
twSCSH			twSCSL
SCS ISSC3			thSCS
	D1 X D2 X D3 X D4 X XD141 XD142 XD143 XD144 X	DUMMY DATA(don't care)	
	nnhnnhnn	www.	
Mode selection period Gate line address period (3ck+5ckDMY) (8ck)	Data writing period (144ck)	Data transfer period (16ck)	
M0: Mode flag. Set for "H". Data u			
M1: Frame inversion flag.	de (maintain memory inter	·	
When "H", outputs VC When EXTMODE="H	COM="H", and when "L", o " it can be "H" or "I "	utputs VCOM="L".	
M2: All clear flag.			
Refer to 6-6-4) All Cle DUMMY DATA: Dummy data.	ear Mode to execute clear It can be "H" or "L" ("L" is		
※ Data write pe	riod		
Data is being stor ※ Data transfer	red in 1 st latch block of bin period	ary driver on panel.	
Data written in 1 st	latch is being transferred	(written) to pixel internal mem	nory circuit.
℁For gate line address setting, re	efer to 6-7) Input Signal an	d Display.	
※M1: Frame inversion flag is er		" ·	
When SCS becomes "L", M0 a	and M2 are cleared.		

SHARP	SPEC No. LD-26912A	MODEL No. LS013B7DH05	PAGE 16
6-6-2 Data Update Mode (Multiple Lines) Updates arbitrary multiple lines data. (M0	="H"、M2="L")		
SCS		D141 \ D142 \ D143 \ D144 \ Dummr chutmicare \ AG0 \ AG1 \ D141 \ D142 \ D143 \ D144 \ Dummr chutmicare \ AG0 \ AG1 \ D141 \ D142 \ D143 \ D143 \ D144 \ Dummr chutmicare \ AG0 \ AG1 \ D141 \ D142 \ D142 \ D143 \ D144 \ D143 \ D144 \ D143 \ D144	AGB X AG7 X D1 X D2 D1 X D2 Data writing period (144ck)
	ие //	GL2nd ii GL2nd ii thSCS	,
Data transfer period Data writing (8ck(Dummy)+8ck(Address)=16ck) (144c GL(n-1)th line GL(n)th line		sfer period	
M0: Mode flag. Set for "H". Data upda When "L", display mode (M1: Frame inversion flag. When "H", outputs VCOM When EXTMODE="H", it M2: All clear flag. Refer to 6-6-4) All Clear I DUMMY DATA: Dummy data. It ca	maintain memory intern I="H", and when "L", out can be "H" or "L". Mode to execute clear.	al data). puts VCOM="L".	
 Data write period Data is being stored in 1st latch block of Data transfer period For example, during GL2nd line line data is transferred from 1st lat 	f binary driver on panel. data transfer period, G	L 2 nd line address is latched	and GL1st
 ※ For gate line address setting, refe 	r to 6-7) Input Signal ar	id Display.	
※ Input data continuously.※ M1: Frame inversion flag is enable	Nod when EXTMODE-'	, [,] ,	
When SCS becomes "L", M0 and		L .	

SHARP	SPEC No. LD-26912A	MODEL No.	PAGE 17
SHARPS 6-6-3 Display Mode Maintains memory internal data (maintains of	LD-26912A current display). (M0=" thscs the thscs the thscs the thscs the the the the the the the the the the	LS013B7DH05	



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<u>6-6-5 COM Inversion</u> There are two types of inputs, COM signal se	rial input (EXTMODE="I	_") and external COM signal ir	iput
(EXTMODE="H").			
EXTMODE="L"			
		<u>M0 M1 M2 </u> <u>%2</u>	
M1:LC polarity inversion flag: If M1 is	s "H" then VCOM="H" is	output. If M1 is "L" then VCO	M="L" is output.
%1:LC inversion has been			
※2∶The periods of plus pol	arity and minus polarity	should be same length as mu	ch as possible.
EXTMODE="H" (COM inversion timing ha	as two conditions)		
①EXTCOMIN input during high period of the SCS signal		1	
scs]
		NOP	
COMEN(Inner signal) %1 FEXTCOMIN EXTCOMIN COMZ(Inner signal) COMZ(Inner signal) C			
<u>X1:COMEN is High when "SCS = Low" and certain per</u>	riod after Binary Drivere operation.		
<u>2:Make "COM" reversal depending on COMZ at the C</u>	COMEN's rise time.		
3: The period of EXTCOMIN should be constant. And the period of COM inversion should be constant	t depending on EXTCOMIN. (with Binary	Driver operate or making the period of "SCS = Low"	0
② : the EXTCOMIN input during low period of the		onver operate of maxing the period of 303 - cow	
сом	fCOM	¥4	
*5		*5	
% 4 : LC inversion polarity has been set by the	e rising edge of EXTCOMIN.		
%5: The period of EXTCOMIN should be cor	nstant.		

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6-7) Input Signal a Data position in c			s(Line) Setting		
P1,I	_1 P2,L1	P3,L1	P144,L1		
P1,L 					
		Display side up			
P1,L ⁻	168		P144,L168		

Gate line address setting

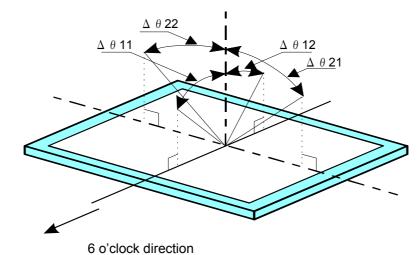
GL	AG0	AG1	AG2	AG3	AG4	AG5	AG6	AG7
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
7	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
:	:	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	:
161	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
162	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
163	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
164	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
165	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
166	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
167	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
168	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1

SHARP	
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7. Optical characteristics

Table 7-1							Ta=25°C
Item		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	unit	Remark
Viewing angle	Н	θ21,θ22	(40)	60		°(degree)	[Remark7-1]
CR≧2	V	θ11	(40)	60		°(degree)	
		θ12	(40)	60		°(degree)	
Contrast ratio		CR.	(12)	(20)			[Remark7-2,3]
Reflecivity ratio		R	(11)	(14.5)		%	[Remark7-3]
Transmissivity ratio		Т	-	0.3		%	
Response time	Rise	тг	-	10		ms	[Remark 7-3,4]
	Fall	тd	-	20		ms	
Panel	White	x		(0.307)			[Remark7-3]
Chromaticity		У		(0.330)			

[Remark7-1] Defintion of Viewing Angle



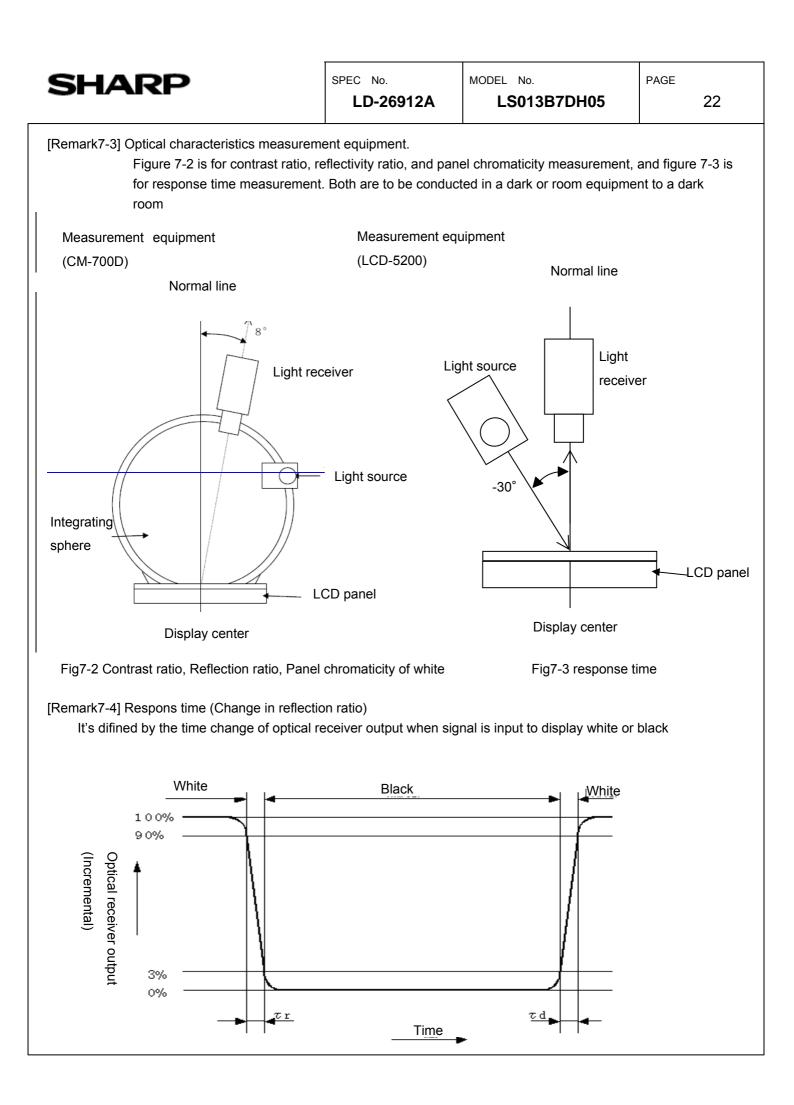
[Remark7-2] Defintion of Contrast Retio

Contrast ratio(CR) =

Reflection intensity in white display

Reflection intensity in black display

21



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8. Module outline 8-1) Outline dimension of the 1.26" (14	44 x 168) panel		
<u>Stiffener</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.9</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.9</u> <u>9.47</u> <u>9.3</u> <u>9.9</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.10</u> <u>9.</u>	5.5±0.05 (apply area 3.5mm from ±0.03	0 d g e) 0 35:4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	



0.115(POL_bot)

0.25 (TFT_Glass

0.15 (Top_Glass) 0.23 (POL_top)

<u>0.745±0.1</u>(Total)

(0.3)

24.08 (POL_bot)

9

<Recommended Connector>

(0)

145P, 144Dots)

24.08 (POL_top)

24.68±0.2 (Outline)

Panasonic: AYF531035 (Contact: Bottom side) SMK FP12 Series: CFP-4610-0150F(Contact: Bottom side) Molex: 51441-1093(Contact: Bottom side)

8-2) FPC Bend Specification

When bending FPC, bend where specified in Condition (1) and the bend R should be more than R specified in Condition (2). FPC is not to contact glass edge, and there should be no stress to connective area between panel and FPC.

Condition (1) FPC bend recommended area: 0.8mm – 6.0mm from glass edge.

(0.3)

Top Polarizer

Condition (2) Minimum bend R: Inner diameter R0.45





[Remark 8-1] Do not bend backward (toward polarizer film side)

[Remark 8-2] Bend frequency: 3 times or less (Repeat bend condition: $180^{\circ} \sim 0^{\circ}$)

<Recommended Connector> Panasonic: AYF531035 (Contact: Upper side)

SMK FP12 series : CFP-4510-0150F (Contact: Upper side)

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9. External capacitors	i			
		—		_
		- 1 - 2	SCLK SI	
		3	SCS	
			EXTCOMIN	
+		- 5	DISP	
_	+	- 6	VDDA	
c1⊥ c2	⊥c <u>₃⊥</u>	- 7	VDD	
	±•••± + +	8	EXTMODE	
		9	VSS	
—	•	10	VSSA	
For actual use, ple	ove circuit and parts are only re ase evaluate their conformity versistance can be larger than	with your syste	m and design.	
<u>10. Marking</u>	TPD			
	<u>TBD</u>			

SHARP	SPEC No. LD-26912A	MODEL No. LS013B7DH05	PAGE 25		
<u>12. Packaging</u> 12-1) Serial number (Ink-jet print)					
12-2) Forwarding form					
1) Piling number of cartons. : T B D	cartons				
LCD modules quantity in a d	LCD modules quantity in a carton : TBD pcs				
2) Storage condition					
Temperature: 0~40°					
Humidity: 60%RH	or lower (at 40°)				
There sh	There should be no condensation at low temperature and high humidity.				
Atmosphere: No harn	Atmosphere: No harmful gas, such as acid or alkali, which causes severe corrosion on				
electroni	electronic parts and wiring, are to be detected.				
Period: About 3	months				
Opening the package: In c	Opening the package: In order to prevent electrostatic damage to TFT modules, room humic				
should b	e made over 50%RH a	nd take effective measure suc	h as use of earth		
when op	ening the package.				

SHARP	SPEC No. LD-26912A	MODEL No.	PAGE 26
12-3) Packaging			
]	
	TBD		
Ē	ig. 12-2 Packaging Fo	<u>orm</u>	



13. Reliability Test Conditions

13-1) Reliability test items

Table13-1

	Test Item	Test condition	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=80degrees Celsius 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-30degrees Celsius 240h	
3	High temperature and high humidity operating test	Tp=40degrees Celsius/95%RH 240h	
4	High temperature operating test	Tp=70degrees Celsius 240h	
5	Low temperature operating test	Tp=-20degrees Celsius 240h	
6	Shock test (Non operating test)	Ta=-30degrees Celsius (1h)~+80 degrees Celsius (1h) / 5 cycle	
7	Electro static discharge test	±200V, 200pF(0 Ω) each terminai: 1 time	

[Remark] Ta = Ambient temperature, Tp = Panel temperature

(Evaluation method)

In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function.