

TO :

Date: 2002. 08. 08.

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD

MODEL NO.: LTA320W1-L01

Note:				
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Any Modification of Spec is not allowed without SEC's permission.

Samsung Electronics Co., LTD.



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* Revision History

No	Date	Page	Befor change	After change	Remark
0.0	2002.08.08	All	First issued		

General Description

* Description

LTA320W1-L01 is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFTs as a switching devices. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a back-light system. The resolution of a 32.0" contains 1280 x 768 pixels and can display up to 16.7 million colors with wide viewing angle of 85° or higher in all directions.

* Features

- High contrast ratio, high aperture structure
- PVA(Patterned Vertical Align) mode
- Wide viewing angle($\pm 170^{\circ}$)
- High speed response
- WXGA(1280 x 768 pixels) resolution (15:9)
- Low Power consumption
- Dyrect Type 16 CCFT(Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube)
- DE only mode
- LVDS(Low-Voltage Differential Signal) interface.(1pixel/clock)

* Applications

Home-alone Multimedia TFT-LCD TV Display terminals for AV application products High Definition TV (HD TV)

* General information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Display area	687.36(H) × 412.42(V)	mm	
Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display colors	16.7M(true)	colors	
Number of pixels	1280 x 768	pixel	15:9
Pixel arrangement	RGB Vertical Stripe		
Pixel pitch	$0.537(H) \times 0.537(W)$	mm	
Display mode	Normally Black		
Surface treatment	Haze 44%, Hard-Coating (3H)		

* Mechanical information (Panel Module Only)

Ite	em	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Note
Module	Horizontal(H)	-	746.0	-	mm
	Vertical(V)	-	463.0	-	mm
SIZC	Size Depth(D) -	55.0	-	mm	
We	eight	-	-	TBD	g

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

1.1 Absolute ratings of environment

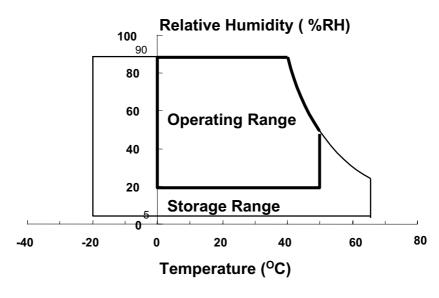
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage temperature	Tstg	-20	65	°C	(1)
Operating temperature (Ambient temperature)	Topr	0	50	°C	(1)
Shock (non - operating)	Snop	-	50	G	(2),(4)
Vibration (Non - operating)	Vnop	-	1.0	G	(3),(4)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

90 % RH Max. ($40 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \geq \text{Ta}$)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta > 40 °C) No condensation.

- (2) 20ms, sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ axis
- (3) 10-57Hz, 0.15mm, Sine wave, $57 \sim 500$ Hz,1G,Sine Wave (11min/cycle, 1Hr for X,Y,Z axis)
- (4) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the Module to be tested have to be hard and rigid enough so that the Module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.



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1.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

(1) TFT LCD Module

$$(Vss = GND = 0 V)$$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	Vss-0.5	6.5	V	(1)

NOTE (1) Within Ta (25 ± 2 °C)

(2) BACK-LIGHT UNIT

$$(Ta = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C)$$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit.	Note
Lamp Current	$I_{\rm L}$	4.0	7.0	mArms	(1),(2)
Lamp Frequency	F_{L}	25	100	kHz	(1)

- NOTE (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.
 - (2) Specified values are for a single lamp.

2. Optical Characteristics

The following items are measured under stable conditions. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the methods shown in Note (1).

◆ Measuring equipment : TOPCON BM-5A , BM-7, PHOTO RESEARCH PR650 EZ-Contrast (Eldim)

* Ta = 25 \pm 2°C , VDD=5V, fv= 60Hz, fDCLK=65 MHz, IL = 5.5mArms

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note		
Contrast Ratio		Contrast Ratio		C/R		400	500			(3)
(Center of	screen)	C/K		400	300	-		BM-5A		
Response	Rising	Tr		-	15	18	*********	(4)		
Time	Falling	Tf		-	8	11	msec	BM-7		
Luminance o	of White	Vi	Normal	400	450		a d/m 2	(5)		
(Center of	screen)	YL	$\phi = 0$	400	430	-	cd/m2	BM-5A		
	Dad	Rx	$\theta = 0$		TBD					
	Red	Ry			TBD					
	C	Gx	Viewing		TBD					
Color	Green	Gy	Angle	TYP.	TBD	TYP.		(6)		
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx		-0.03	TBD	+0.03		PR650		
(CIE 1931)		Ву			TBD					
	3371-14-	Wx			0.280					
	White	Wy			0.290					
	Ham	θГ		75	85	-				
Viewing	Hor.	θR	C/D> 10	75	85	-	Daamaaa	(7)		
Angle	Man	φН	C/R≥10	75	85	-	Degrees	BM-5A		
	Ver.	φL		75	85	-				
Brightness Un	niformity	Duni				25	%	(8)		
(9 poin	its)	Buni		-	_	23	70	BM-5A		

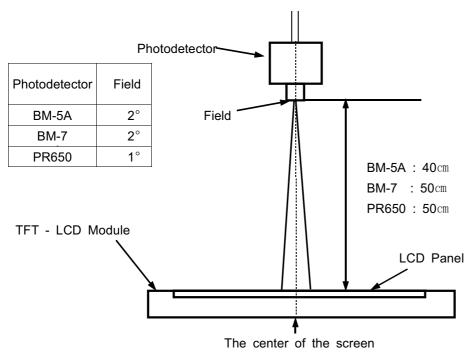
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Note 1) Test Equipment Setup

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a given temperature for 30 min ,the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. 30 min after lighting the back-light. This should be measured in the center of screen.

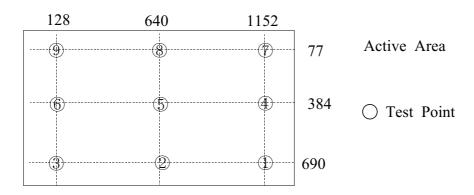
A single lamp current: 5.5mA

Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C



Optical Measuring Equipment Setup

Note 2) Definition of test point

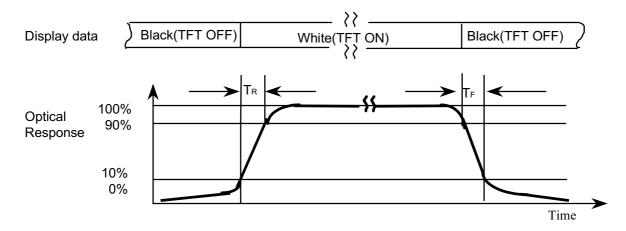


Note 3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (C/R): Ratio of gray max (Gmax) & gray min (Gmin) at the center point(5) of the panel

$$CR = \frac{G \max}{G \min}$$

Gmax: Luminance with all pixels white Gmin: Luminance with all pixels black

Note 4) Definition of Response time: Sum of Tr, Tf

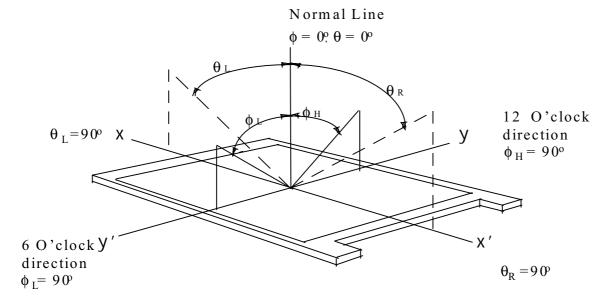


Note 5) Definition of Luminance of White: Luminance of white at center point(5).

Note 6) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)

Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point(5).

Note 7) Definition of Viewing Angle: Viewing angle range (CR≥ 10)



Note 8) Definition of 9 points brightness uniformity

$$Buni = 100*\frac{(B \max - B \min)}{B \max}$$

Bmax : Maximum brightness
Bmin : Minimum brightness

3. Electrical Characteristics

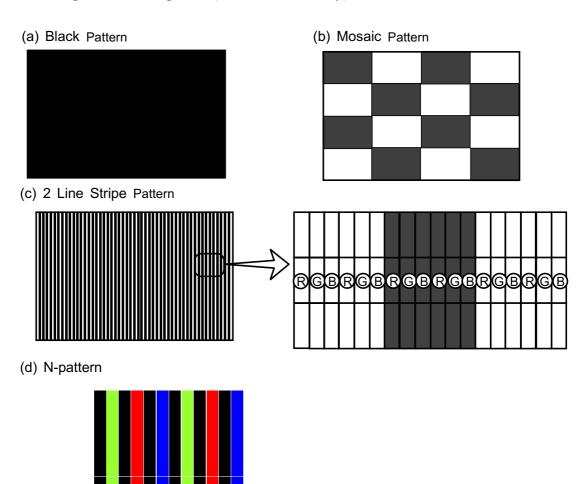
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

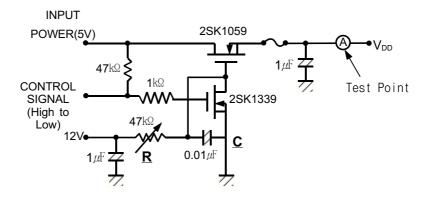
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Voltage of	f Power Supply	$V_{ m DD}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	(1)
Current of	(a)Black		-	TBD	-	mA	
	(b)Mosaic	т	-	TBD	-	mA	(2) (3)
Power	(c)2 Line Stripe	$ m I_{DD}$	-	TBD	-	mA	(2),(3)
Supply	(d)N-Pattern		-	TBD	1300	mA	
Vsync	Vsync Frequency		-	60	-	Hz	
Hsync Frequency		\mathbf{f}_{H}	-	48	-	kHz	
Main	f_{DCLK}	58	65	70	MHz		
Rus	I_{RUSH}	-	-	TBD	A	(4)	

Note (1) Main pixel clock frequency is the value which is measured at the input of LVDS transmitter.

- (2) $f_V=60$ Hz, $f_{DCLK}=65$ MHz, $V_{DD}=5.0$ V, DC Current.
- (3) Power dissipation check pattern(LCD Module only)



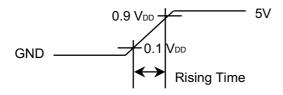
(4) Measurement Conditions (Rising time =470μs)



Note: Control Signal: High(+5V) -->Low(Ground)

All Signal lines to panel except for power 5V: Ground

The rising time of supplied voltage is controlled to 470us by R and C value.



3.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT

The back-light system is an direct - lighting type with 16 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube) The characteristics of 16 direct lamps are shown in the following tables.

 $Ta=25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Lamp Current	I_L	4.0	5.5	7.0	mArms	(1)	
Lamp Voltage	V_{L}	1080	1150	1210	Vrms	(1)	
Lamp Frequency	$f_{\rm L}$	25	-	100	kHz	(2)	
Operating Life Time	Hr	-	50,000	-	Hour	(3) at 7mA	
Start up Voltage	Vs	_	_	0℃,2600	Vrms	(4)	
Start up Voltage	V S	_	_	25 [°] C,1730	VIIIIS		

Note) The waveform of the inverter output voltage must be area symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. Specified values are for a single lamp.

The performance of the back-light, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.

When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the back-light and the inverter(miss lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Note (1) lamp current is measured with current meter.

Refer to the block diagram of the back-light unit in the next page for more information. Lamp Voltage tolerance (at 55 kHz) : $1200 \pm 120 \text{ Vrms}$ at 4 mArms

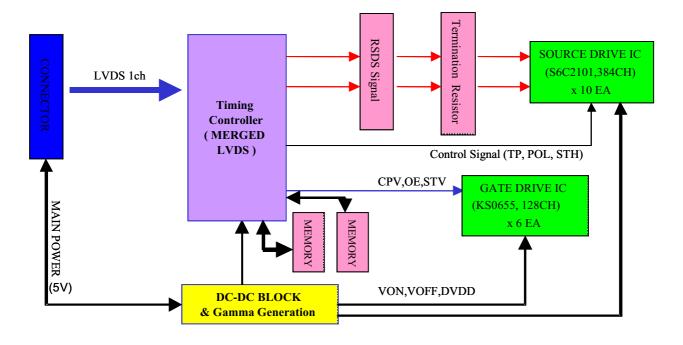
1100± 110 Vrms at 7mArms

- (2) Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and this may cause line flow on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible in order to avoid interference.
- (3) Life time (Hr) of a lamp is defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition of $Ta = 25\pm2^{\circ}C$ and IL = 7.0mArms for a lamp until the brightness becomes 50% or lower than it's original value.
- (4) If an inverter has shutdown function it should keep its output for more than 1 second even if the lamp connector open. Otherwise the lamps may not to be turned on.

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4. Block Diagram

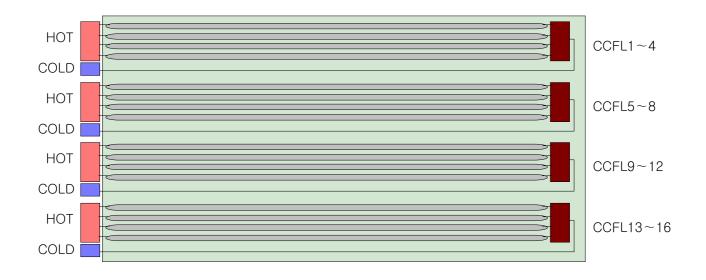
4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACL-LIGHT UNIT

HOT: HIGH VOLTAGE (Part NO.: New BH Connector(JST))

COLD: GROUND (Part NO.: BHSR-02VS-1 (JST))



5. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

5.1. Input Signal & Power: Connector FH12F-30S-0.5SH(Hirose)

Νο	Signal	Νο	Signal
1	PWM dimming	16	G N D
2	Analog dimming	17	R x 3 -
3	B/L On/Off	18	R x 3 +
4	G N D	19	G N D
5	R x 0 -	20	Reserved (ACCE)
6	R x 0 +	21	Reserved (Y_inc)
7	G N D	22	Reserved (Y_dec)
8	R x 1 -	23	G N D
9	R x 1 +	2 4	G N D
10	G N D	25	G N D
11	R x 2 -	26	Vin (+5V)
12	R x 2 +	27	Vin (+5V)
1 3	G N D	28	Vin (+5V)
1 4	RxCLK-	2 9	Vin (+5V)
15	RxCLK+	3 0	Vin (+5V)

5.2 LVDS Interface

-LVDS Receiver : Tcon (LVDS Rx merged)

-Pixel data (single data)

	DATA	T-CON LWLR3280A	T-CON LWLR3281 (JEIDA規格)		
	TxIN/RxOUT0	R0	R2		
	TxIN/RxOUT1	R1	R3		
	TxIN/RxOUT2	R2	R4		
TxOUT/RxIN0	TxIN/RxOUT3	R3	R5		
	TxIN/RxOUT4	R4	R6		
	TxIN/RxOUT6	R5	R7		
	TxIN/RxOUT7	G0	G2		
	TxIN/RxOUT8	G1	G3		
	TxIN/RxOUT9	G2	G4		
	TxIN/RxOUT12	G3	G5		
TxOUT/RxIN1	TxIN/RxOUT13	G4	G6		
	TxIN/RxOUT14	G5	G7		
	TxIN/RxOUT15	В0	B2		
	TxIN/RxOUT18	B1	В3		
	TxIN/RxOUT19	B2	B4		
	TxIN/RxOUT20	В3	B5		
	TxIN/RxOUT21	B4	В6		
TxOUT/RxIN2	TxIN/RxOUT22	B5	В7		
	TxIN/RxOUT24	HSYNC	HSYNC		
	TxIN/RxOUT25	VSYNC	VSYNC		
	TxIN/RxOUT26	DE	DEN		
	TxIN/RxOUT27	R6	R0		
	TxIN/RxOUT5	R7	R1		
	TxIN/RxOUT10	G6	G0		
TxOUT/RxIN3	TxIN/RxOUT11	G7	G1		
	TxIN/RxOUT16	B6	В0		
	TxIN/RxOUT17	B7	B1		
	TxIN/RxOUT23				

NC

5.3 INVERTER UNIT: Inverter input pin configuration

NC

INPUT CONNECTOR: S14B-PASK-2 (JST)

Function

NC

OUTPUT HOT Connector: New BH Connector (JST)

OUTPUT COLD Connector: 35001 (Yeonho Elec.) / SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (JST)

Pin No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Function	VCC(+120V)	VCC(+120V) NC	GND	GND	GND	GND
Pin No.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

NC

NC

NC

NC

5.4 Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

												DA	TA S	SIGN	IAL											GRAY
COLOR	DISPLAY				RE	ED.							GRE	EEN							BL	.UE				SCALE
		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	ВО	В1	В2	ВЗ	В4	В5	В6	В7	LEVEL
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BASIC	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
COLOR	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
	DARK	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
GRAY	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
SCALE		:	:	:	:	••	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	R3~R252
0F		:	:	:	:	••		:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	10.41202
RED	↓	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R253
	LIGHT	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R254
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R255
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	GO
	DARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
GRAY	↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
SCALE		:	:	:	:-	• •		:	:	:		:	:-	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	G3~G252
0F		:	:	:	:	••	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	40 44232
GREEN	\downarrow	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G253
	LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G254
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G255
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	В0
	DARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1
GRAY	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2
SCALE		:	:	:			:-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	B3~B252
0F		:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	\cdots	:	:	:	:	:	:	00 0202
BLUE	↓ ↓	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B253
	LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B254
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B255

Note) Definition of Gray:

Rn: Red Gray, Gn: Green Gray, Bn: Blue Gray (n = Gray level)

Input Signal: 0 = Low level voltage, 1 = High level voltage

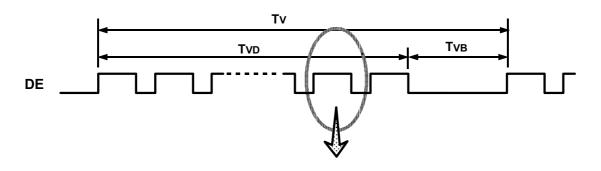
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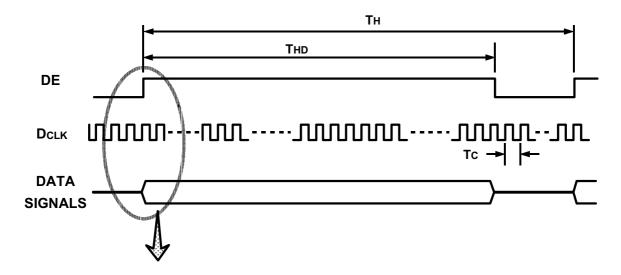
6. Interface Timing

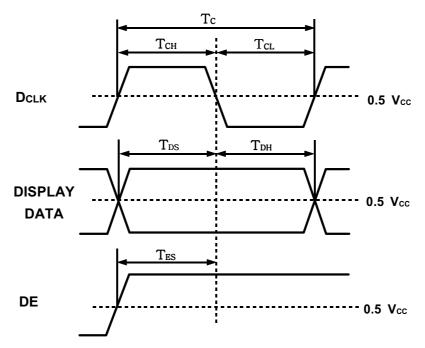
6.1 Timing Parameters (DE only mode)

SIGNAL	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	ТҮР.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Clock		1/TC	58	65	85	MHz	
Hsync	Frequency	Fh	40	48	(50)	KHz	
Vsync		Fv	48	60	66	Hz	
Vertical Active	Display Period	TVD	768	768	768	lines	
Disply Term	Vertical Total	TVB	787	806	1170	lines	
Horizontal Active	Display Period	THD	1280	1280	1280	clocks	
Display Term	Horizontal Total	TH	1332	1344	2060	clocks	

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal (DE only mode)

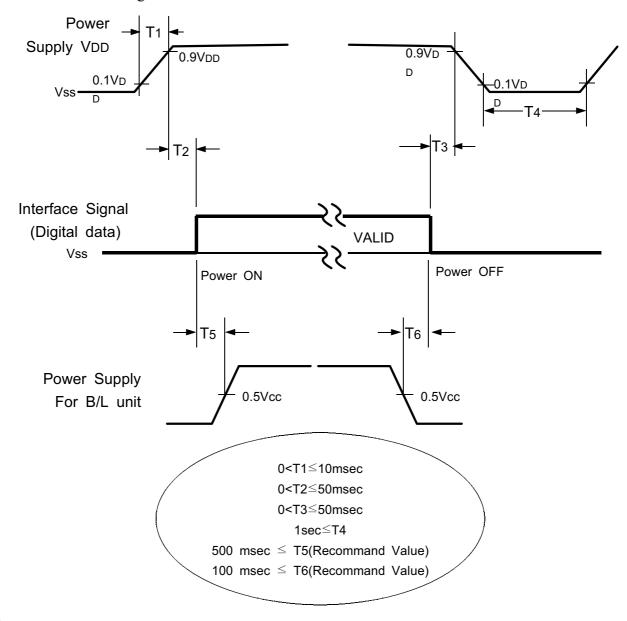






6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

: To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



NOTE.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of VDD.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VDD = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low of keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

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			Product Information
7. Outline Di	imension		
-Refer to ano	ther file.		
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8. General Precautions

8.1 Handling

- (a) When the module is assembled, It should be attached to the system firmly using every mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the modules.
- (b) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the module. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and CCFT back-light.
- (c) Note that polarizers are very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- (d) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, Staining and discoloration may occur.
- (e) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (f) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA(Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use Ketone type materials(ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (g) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (h) Protect the module from static, it may cause damage to the CMOS Gate Array IC.
- (i) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (j) Do not disassemble the module.
- (k) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (1) Do not adjust the variable resistor which is located on the module.
- (m) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (n) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.

8.2 Storage

- (a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35C and relative humidity of less than 70%.
- (b) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- (c) The module shall be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light during the store.

8.3 Operation

- (a) Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power On" condition.
- (b) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.3 "Power on/off sequence"
- (c) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (d) The cable between the back-light connector and its inverter power supply shall be a minimized length and be connected directly. The longer cable between the back-light and the inverter may cause lower luminance of lamp(CCFT) and may require higher startup voltage(Vs).

8.4 Others

- (a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- (b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.
- (c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on) Otherwise the module may be damaged.
- (d) If the module displays the same pattern continuously for a long period of time,it can be the situation when the image "Sticks" to the screen.
- (e) This module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.