

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

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CUSTOMER		MODEL	
PROGRAM	-	EXTENSION	CODE
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	CUSTOMER APPROVA	L & FEEDBACK	
®	Supr	HA BO	
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Contents

Revision History	(3)
1. General Description	(4)
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings	- (5)
3. Optical Characteristics	- (7)
4. Block Diagram	(11)
5. Electrical Characteristics	(12)
5.1 TFT LCD Module 5.2 Back Light Unit 5.3 LVDS Input Characteristics 5.4 Timing Parameters 5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color 5.6 Power ON/OFF Sequence 5.7 Input Terminal Pin Assignment 6. Outline Dimension	
5.2 Back Light Unit	
5.3 LVDS Input Characteristics	
5.4 Timing Parameters	
5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color	
5.6 Power ON/OFF Sequence	
5.7 Input Terminal Pin Assignment	
6. Outline Dimension	(28)
7. Packing	(29)
8. General Precautions	(31)
8.1 Handling Precautions	
8.2 Storage Precautions	
8.3 Operation Precaution	
8.4 Design Guide for System	



P0.0

LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

Revision History

Version	Date	Page	Description
P0.0	24. Jun., 2013	All	Product information
			Supply & Purchase Cloud Platform

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PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

1. General Description

Overview 0

LTM270DL06 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor) as switching components. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a back light unit. The resolution of a 27.0" is 2560 x 1440 (QHD) and this model can display up to 16.7 million colors.

Features

Application

- Workstation & Desktop monitors
- Display terminals for AV Products
- Monitors for Industrial machine

DE (Data Enable) only mode

LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface (4pixel/clock)

RoHS, Halogen Free

General Information

RoHS, Halogen Free									
White LED Edge slim Backlight (1-side)									
TCO 6.0 compliance									
General Information									
Items	Specification	Unit							
Pixel Pitch	0.233(H) x 0.233(W)	mm							
Active Display Area 596.74(H) x 335.66(V)									
Surface Treatment	Surface Treatment AG type, Haze 35% , Hard coating (3H)								
Display Colors	16.7M (True 8bit)	colors							
Number of Pixels	2,560 x 1,440	pixel							
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-							
Display Mode	Normally Black(PLS mode)	-							
Luminance of White 300 (Typ.)									
Power Consumption	Total 31.34W (Typ.) (Panel 6.0W / BLU 25.34W)	W							



LTM270DL06 2013 24. Jun.

Mechanical Information

						1				
ltem		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note				
	Horizontal (H)	625.0	630.0	630.5	mm					
Module size	Vertical (V)	367.7	368.2	368.7	mm	-				
	Depth (D)	-	-	18.2	mm					
	Weight	-	-	3,450	g	LCD module only				
	Note (1) Mechanical tolerance is ± 0.5mm unless there is a special comment.									
If the condito the device										

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	GND-0.5	6.5	V	(1)
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	0	50	°C	(2)
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-20	60	°C	(2)
Glass surface temperature (Operation)	T _{SUF}	0	65	°C	(3)

Note (1) Ta = 25 ± 2 °C



P0.0 LTM270DL06 24. Jun. 2013

- (2) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
 - a. 90 % RH Max. ($Ta \le 39 \, ^{\circ}C$)
 - b. Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta \leq 39 °C)
 - c. No condensation.
- (3) The maximum operating temperature of LCD module is defined with surface temperature of active area. Under any conditions, the maximum ambient operating temperature should be keeping the surface of active area not higher than 65 °C

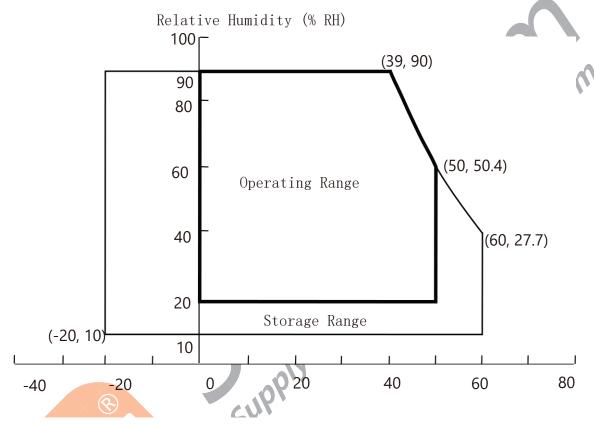


Fig. Temperature and Relative Humidity range



3. Optical Characteristics

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent. Measuring equipment: SR-3, RD-80S (TOPCON), EZ-Contrast (Eldim)

(Ta = 25 \pm 2°C, VDD=5V, fv= 60Hz, f $_{DCLK}$ =60.4MHz, If =480mA)

			1 2 C, VDD					
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ra (Center of sci		C/R		600	1000	-		(3) SR-3
Response T	ime	G to G		-	12	-	msec	(5) RD-80S
Luminance of (Center of sci		Y _L		250	300		cd/m ²	(6) SR-3
Brightness Unit	-	B _{uni}			-	25	%	(4) SR-3
		Rx			0.653	C		
	Red	Ry			0.336			
	sticity 31) Blue	Gx	Normal $\theta_{L,R} = 0$ $\theta_{U,D} = 0$ Viewing		0.295			
Color		Gy		0.020	0.625	. 0 020		
Chromaticity (CIE 1931)		Вх		- 0.030	0.146	+0.030		
		Ву			0.042			
		Wx			0.313			
	White	Wy	Angle		0.329			(7),(8)
	Red	Ru'		-	0.456	-		SR-3
	Neu	Rv'		-	0.528	-		
Calar	Cian	Gu'		-	0.117	-		
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gv'		-	0.567	-		
(CIE 1976)	Dluc	Bu'		-	0.182	-		
	Blue	Bv'		-	0.118	-		
) A / I	Wu'		-	0.198	-		
	White	Wv'		-	0.468	-		



PO. 0 LTM270DL06

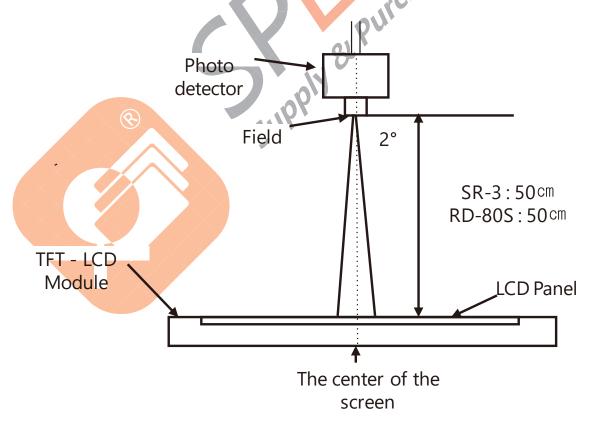
24. Jun. 2013

Item	Item		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Color Gamut		-		-	72	-	%	
Color Tempera	ature	-		-	6500	-	K	
	Han	θ_{L}		80	89	-		
Viewing	Hor.	θ_{R}		80	89	-		(8)
Angle) / a - a	θ _U	CR≥10	80	89	-	Degrees	EZ- Contrast
	Ver.	$\theta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$		80	89) .40	

Note (1) Test Equipment Setup

The measurement should be executed in a stable, windless and dark room between 30min after lighting the back light at the given temperature for stabilization of the back light. This should be measured in the center of the screen.

LED forward current : If = 560mA Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C



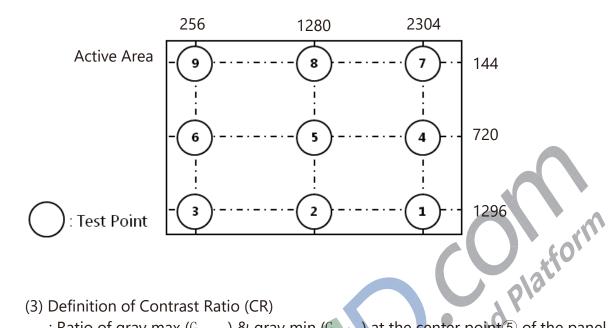


P0.0

LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

(2) Definition of test point



(3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR)

Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR): Ratio of gray max (G_{max}) & gray min (G_{min}) at the center point G_{max} of the panel $G_{max} = \frac{G_{max}}{G_{min}}$ Gray: Luminance with all white pixels G_{min} : Luminance with all black pixels

$$CR = \frac{G_{max}}{G_{min}}$$

 G_{min} : Luminance with all black pixels



(4) Definition of 9 points brightness uniformity



$$B_{\text{uni}} = 100 \ \text{x} \frac{B_{\text{max}} - B_{\text{min}}}{B_{\text{max}}}$$

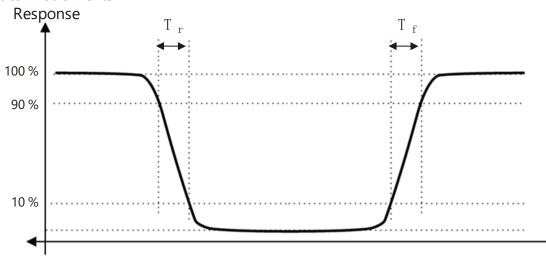
B_{max}: Maximum brightness B_{min}: Minimum brightness

(5) Definition of Response time

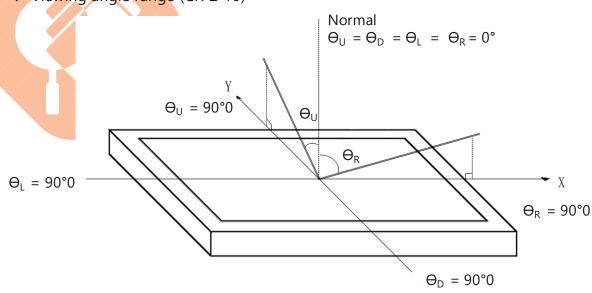
GtoG: The time of transitions between specific gray levels

- 31 \rightarrow 63, 63 \rightarrow 95, 95 \rightarrow 127, 127 \rightarrow 159, 159 \rightarrow 191 , 191 \rightarrow 223 grays and vice versa
- G to G typ. : Average time of rising and falling for gray transition except the transition

Optical Instruments



- (6) Definition of Luminance of White: Luminance of white at center point (5)
- (7) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931, CIE1976)
 Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point (5)
- (8) Definition of Viewing Angle
 - : Viewing angle range (CR ≥ 10)



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PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

4. Block Diagram

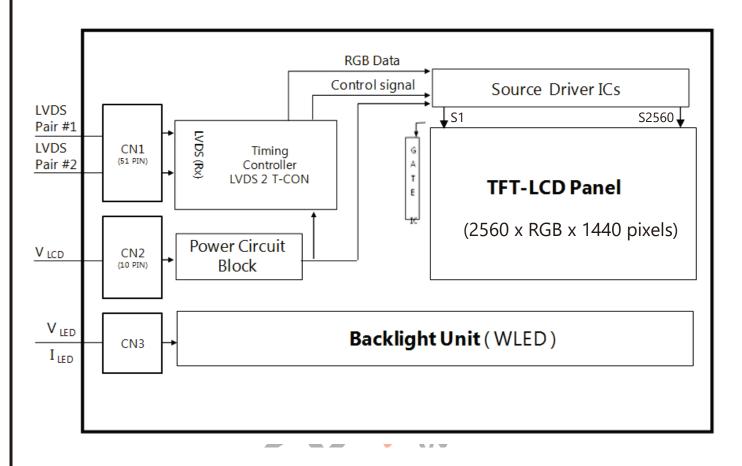


Fig. Function Block Diagram

Note (1) The connector of display data & timing signal should be connected



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PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 TFT LCD Module

The connector of display data & timing signal should be connected.

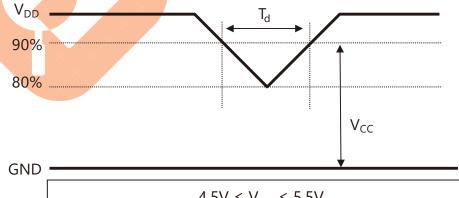
 $Ta=25 \pm 2$ °C

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Voltage o	f Power Supply	V _{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	(1)
D)' - C '' '	V _{cc}	4.0	-	V _{DD}	V	
Power L	Dip Condition	T _d	0	-	20	msec	01(3)
	(a) White (60Hz)		-	1400	1700	mA	
Current of	(b) Black (60Hz)	- I _{DD}	-	900	O	O mA	
Power Supply	(c) Mosaic (60Hz)		-	1200	G/O		(3),(4)
	(d) Dot (60Hz)		-	1100	<u> </u>	mA	
Power Consumption		P _{LCD}		6.0	-	Watt	(4),(5)
Rusi	h Current	I _{RUSH}	9	-	5.0	А	(6)

Note (1) The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of $\rm V_{\rm DD}$

(2) Definition of V_{DD} Power Dip

- The above conditions are for the glitch of the input voltage.
- For stable operation of an LCD Module power, please follow them.



 $4.5 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{V}$ If $\text{V}_{\text{DD}}(\text{Typ.}) \times 80\% \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}}(\text{Typ.}) \times 90\%$, then $0 < \text{Td} \leq 20 \text{msec}$

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PO. 0 LTM270DL06

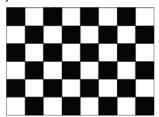
24. Jun. 2013

- (3) $f_V = 60Hz$, $f_{DCLK} = 60.38MHz$, $V_{DD} = 5.0V$, DC Current.
- (4) Power dissipation check pattern (LCD Module only)

a) White Pattern



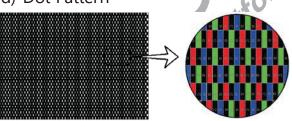
c) Mosaic Pattern



b) Black Pattern

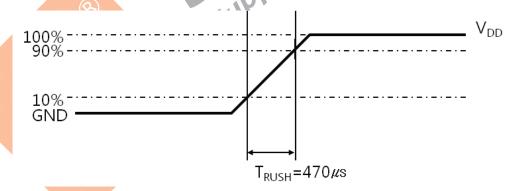


d) Dot Pattern



(5) The power consumption is specified whereas Dot pattern is displayed at $f_V = 60$ Hz, $f_{DCLK} = 60.38$ MHz, $V_{DD} = 5.0$ V

(6) Measurement Condition



Rush Current I_{RUSH} can be measured when T_{RUSH} . is 470 μs



5.2 Backlight Unit

The characteristics of LED bar

 $Ta=25 \pm 2$ °C.

ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED Forward Current	I _F	-	480	520	mA	(1),(2)
LED Array Voltage	V _P	-	52.8	-	V	(1)
Power Consumption	P _{BLU}		25.34		Watt	(3)
Operating Life Time	Hr	40,000	-	70	Hour	(4)

Note (1) The specification shown above are not for the converter output, but for the LED bar.

- The LED bar consists of 64 LED packages; 4 parallel X 16 serial
- LED current is defined at 100% duty ratio of LED driver
- (2) The LED Forward current for single LED channel is Typ.120mA
 - The output current of converter in the system should be transmitted to the LED bar constantly.
 - It is recommended to control the returned signal respectively for even distribution of current to each channel of LED bar
- (3) The power consumption is specified at typical current 120mA with 100% duty ratio
 - It does not include power loss of external LED driver circuit block
 - Typical power consumption $P_{BLU} = I_F$ (Typ.) x V_P (Typ.)
- (4) Life time(Hr) is defined as the time when brightness of a LED package itself becomes 50% or less than its original value at the condition of Ta=25 \pm 2°C and I_E=480.



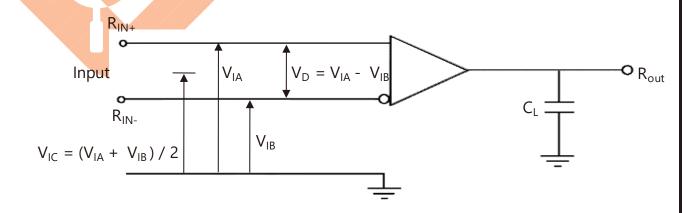
5.3 LVDS Characteristics

5.3.1. LVDS Input Characteristics

 $Ta=25 \pm 2$ °C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS	High	-	-	+100	mV	(4)
receiver threshold	Low	-100	-	-	mV	(1)
LVDS skew	t _{SKEW}	-300	-	300	ps	(2)
Differential input voltage	IV _{id} I	100		600	mV\2	(3)
Input voltage range(single ended)	V_{in}	0.0	-	1.7 C	V	(3)
Common mode voltage	V _{cm}	1,0	1.2	1.4	٧	(3)

- Note (1) Differential receiver voltage definitions and propagation delay and transition time test circuit
 - a. All input pulses have frequency of 10MHz, t_R or t_F = 1ns
 - b. C, includes all probe and fixture capacitance

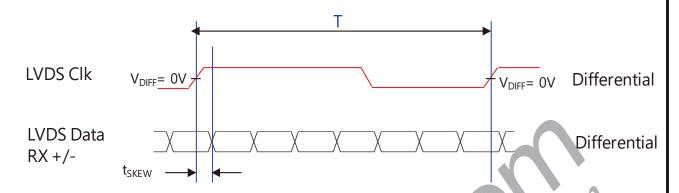




PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

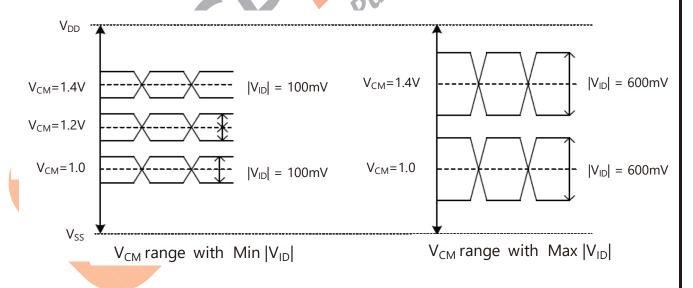
(2) LVDS Receiver DC parameters are measured under static and steady conditions which may not be reflective of its performance in the end application.



where t_{SKFW}: skew between LVDS clock & LVDS data,

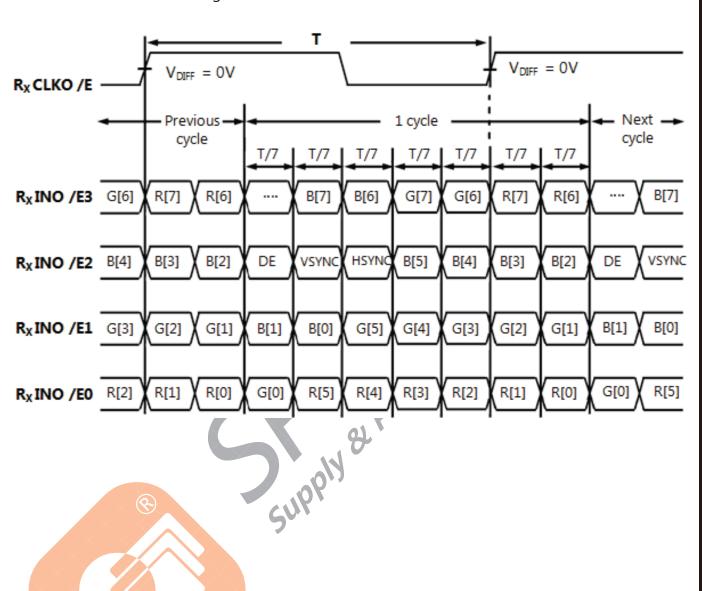
: 1 period time of LVDS clock

cf. (-/+) of 300psec means LVDS data goes before or after LVDS clock (3) Definition of V_{ID} and V_{CM} using single-end signals



5.3.2. LVDS Data Format

Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmitting
- LVDS Receiver: Integrated T-CON





PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

5.4 Interface Timing Specification

5.4.1. Timing Parameters

SIGNAL	ITEM	SYMBOL	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Clock		1/T _C	46.32	60.38	65.63	MHz	-
Hsync	Frequency	F_H	81.25	88.79	96.51	kHz	-
Vsync		F_V	46	60	65	Hz	_
Vertical	Active Display Period	T _{VD}	1440	1440	1440	Lines	atform
Display Term	Vertical Total	T _V	1478	1481	1485	Lines	-
Horizontal	Active Display Period	T _{HD}	640	640	2,640	Clocks	4pixel/clock
Display Term	Horizontal Total	T _H	680	680	680	clocks	4pixel/clock

Note (1) DE only mode

- While operation, DE signal should be have the same cycle.
- (2) Best operation clock frequency is 60.38MHz (60Hz)
- (3) Max, Min variation range is at main clock typical value 60.38MHz
- (4) Main frequency Max is 65.63MHz without spread spectrum



P0.0

LTM270DL06 24. Jun. 2013

SAMSUNG DISPLAY 5.4.2. Timing diagrams of interface signal (DE only mode) T_V T_{VD} T_{VB} DE T_{H} T_{HD} DE $\mathsf{D}_{\mathsf{CLK}}$ $T_C \rightarrow$ **DATA SIGNALS** T_{CH} T_{CL} D_{CLK} $0.5\,V_{CC}$ T_{DS} T_{DH} **DISPLAY** · 0.5 V_{CC} **DATA** T_{ES} DE SAMSUNG P0.0 LTM270DL06 24. Jun. 2013 19/36

5.5 Input Signals, Basic Displaylors and Gray Scale of Each Color

SCALE (Bibly) Fig. Fig.		DICEL AV	DATA SIGNAL											GRAY													
BIACK RO RI RJ	COLOR	DISPLAY (8bit)				RE	D							GRI	EEN							BL	UE				SCALE
BILUE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	В0	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	LEVEL
GREEN O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BASIC COLOR RED 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
COLOR RED 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
MAGENTA 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	BASIC	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Yellow	COLOR	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
MHITE 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
BLACK 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
GRAY SCALE OF RED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
GRAY SCALE OF RED 1		BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
GRAY SCALE OF RED 1			1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
SCALE OF RED 1 LIGHT 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
LIGHT 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SCALE OF		:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:			(:	:	:	:	:			
RED 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	KED	Ť	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R253
BLACK 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R254
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE DARK O O O O O O O O O		RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R255
GRAY SCALE OF GREEN DARK 1		BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
GRAY SCALE OF GREEN T			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
GRAY SCALE OF GREEN 1		DARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE Column Column		1	Q				:			J	O	:	:	•	:	•			:	••	••	:	:	:			
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE O O O O O O O O O		LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G253
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE DARK O O O O O O O O O			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G254
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE O O O O O O O O O		GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G255
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE DARK 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	В0
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE LIGHT 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1
SCALE OF BLUE LIGHT O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		DARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2
LIGHT 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SCALE	1				•••	:	:			••	••	:	••	:	:			:	••	• •	:	:	•			
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B253
BLUE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 B255			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B254
		BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B255

Note (1) Definition of Gray

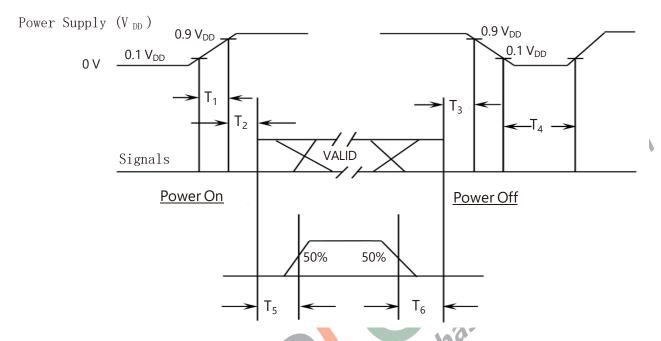
- Rn : Red Gray, Gn : Green Gray, Bn : Blue Gray (n = Gray level) Input Signal : 0 = Low level voltage, 1 = High level voltage



PO. 0 LTM270DL06 24

5.6 Power ON/OFF Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD Module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



SYMBOL	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Description
T ₁	0.5	-	10	ms	V _{DD} rising time from 10% to 90%
T ₂	0.01	-	50	ms	The time from V _{DD} to valid data at power ON
T ₃	0.01		50	ms	The time from valid data off to $V_{\scriptscriptstyle DD}$ off at power Off
T ₄	1	-	_	s	V _{DD} off time for Windows restart
T ₅	500	<u></u>		ms	The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON
T ₆	100	/-	-	ms	The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system of the Module input should be the same as the definition of VDD.
 - (2) Apply the BLU power within the LCD operation range. When the back light is turned on before the LCD operation or the LCD is turned off before the back light is turned off, the display may momentarily show abnormal screen.
 - (3) In case of V_{DD} = off level, please keep the level of input signals low or keep a high impedance.
 - (4) T4 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between the period of power off and on.
 - (5) Interface signal should not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.



PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

5.7 Input Terminal Pin Assignment

5.7.1. Input signal & Power Pin Assignment Connector: JAE FI-RE51S-HF-J or equivalent

PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION				
1	B_RXO0N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (ODD data)				
2	B_RXO0P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (ODD data)				
3	B_RXO1N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (ODD data)				
4	B_RXO1P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (ODD data)				
5	B_RXO2N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (ODD data)				
6	B_RXO2P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (ODD data)				
7	GND	Power Ground				
8	B_RXOCN	B_Negative Sampling Clock (ODD data)				
9	B_RXOCP	B_Positive Sampling Clock (ODD data)				
10	GND	Power Ground				
11	B_RXO3N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (ODD data)				
12	B_RXO3P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (ODD data)				
13	GND	Power Ground				
14	B_RXE0N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (EVEN data)				
15	B_RXE0P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (EVEN data)				
16	B_RXE1N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (EVEN data)				
17	B_RXE1P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (EVEN data)				
18	B_RXE2N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (EVEN data)				
19	B_RXE2P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (EVEN data)				
20	GND	Power Ground				
21	B_RXECN	B_Negative Sampling Clock (EVEN data)				
22	B_RXECP	B_Positive Sampling Clock (EVEN data)				
23	GND	Power Ground				
24	B_RXE3N	B_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (EVEN data)				
25	B_RXE3P	B_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (EVEN data)				
26	GND	Power Ground				
27~51	Please refer to the next page					

LTM270DL06



24. Jun. 2013

PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
27	F_RXO0N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (ODD data)
28	F_RXO0P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (ODD data)
29	F_RXO1N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (ODD data)
30	F_RXO1P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (ODD data)
31	F_RXO2N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (ODD data)
32	F_RXO2P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (ODD data)
33	GND	Power Ground
34	F_RXOCN	F_Negative Sampling Clock (ODD data)
35	F_RXOCP	F_Positive Sampling Clock (ODD data)
36	GND	Power Ground
37	F_RXO3N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (ODD data)
38	F_RXO3P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (ODD data)
39	GND	Power Ground
40	F_RXE0N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (EVEN data)
41	F_RXE0P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (EVEN data)
42	F_RXE1N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (EVEN data)
43	F_RXE1P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (EVEN data)
44	F_RXE2N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (EVEN data)
45	F_RXE2P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (EVEN data)
46	GND	Power Ground
47	F_RXECN	F_Negative Sampling Clock (EVEN data)
48	F_RXECP	F_Positive Sampling Clock (EVEN data)
49	GND	Power Ground
50	F_RXE3N	F_Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (EVEN data)
51	F_RXE3P	F_Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (EVEN data)



LTM270DL06 24. Jun. 2013

Note (1) Pin number starts from the left

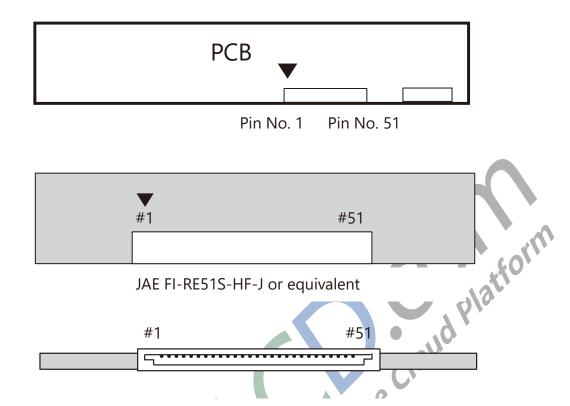


Fig. Connector diagram

- (2) All GND pins should be connected to each other and be connected to the LCD's metal chassis.
- (3) All power input pins should be connected to each other.
- (4) All NC pins should be separated from other signal or power

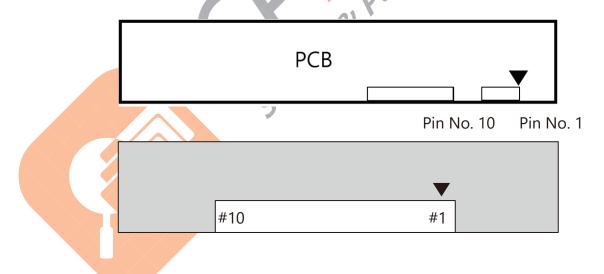


5.7.2. Input Power Pin Assignment

Connector: Molex 104091-1020 or equivalent

- The mating type connector: Molex 104092-1000 or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Power Ground
2	GND	Power Ground
3	NC	* Reserved for LCD manufacturer's use
4	NC	* Reserved for LCD manufacturer's use
5	GND	Power Ground
6	GND	Power Ground
7	VDD	Power Supply: +5V
8	VDD	Power Supply : +5V
9	VDD	Power Supply: +5V
10	VDD	Power Supply : +5V



Note (1) If the system already uses the 3, 4pins, it should keep under GND level The voltage applied to those pins should not exceed -200mV.



PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

5.7.3 LED Connector Pin assignment

Connector: Molex 104078-0610 or equivalent

- The mating type connector: Molex 104077-0600 or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	RTN 1	LED return channel1
2	RTN 2	LED return channel2
3	Vin	LED power input
4	Vin	LED power input
5	RTN 3	LED return channel3
6	RTN 4	LED return channel4

Note (1) Pin number starts from Left side

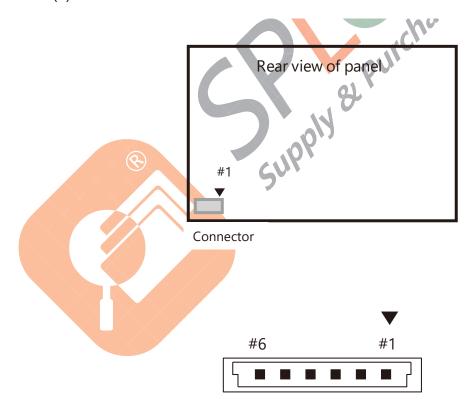


Fig. Connector diagram



PO. 0 LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013

6. Outline Dimension

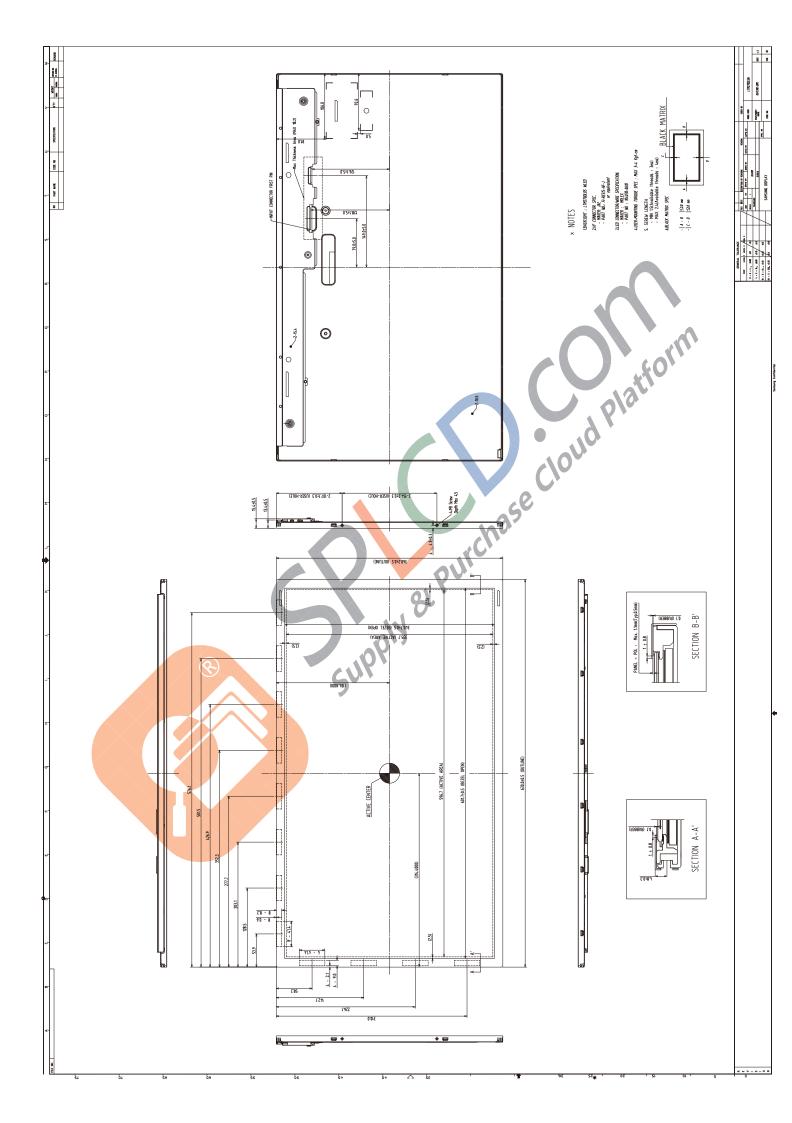
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PO. 0 LTM270DL06

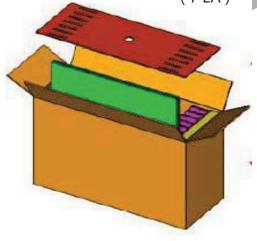
24. Jun. 2013



7. Packing

7. 1 Carton

ltem	Packing form	Specification
Weight	-	- Total Weight (Including Pallet) : Approx. 270kg
Packing case	7 panels in a case	- Packing Case Size : W281 x L722 x H427 - Material : Paper (SW,DW)
Pallet box	8 cases in a box 56 panels in a box	- Packing Pallet Box Size : W742 x L1144 x H844 - Material : Paper (SW)
Pallet	_	Pallet Size : W1150 x L800 x H122 - Material : Wood
	LTM270DL06 Module (7 EA)	JIPPIY & PUI



PACKING-Case



Packing Pallet box



LTM270DL06 P0.0

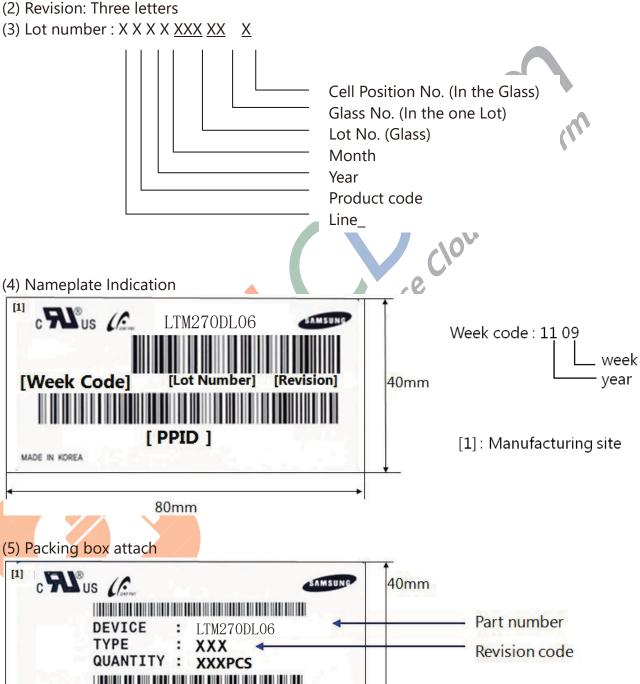
24. Jun. 2013

7. 2 Marking

A nameplate bearing followed by is affixed to a shipped product at the specified location on each product.

(1) Parts number: LTM270DL06

(2) Revision: Three letters



5

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MADE IN KOREA

P0.0 LTM270DL06

XXXXXXXXX

80mm

24. 2013 Jun.

[1]: Manufacturing site

30/36

Box serial number

8. General Precautions

- 8. 1 Handling Precautions
- A. When assembling LCD module into its system, using all the mounting holes is strongly suggested.
- B. Keep LCD module from any external shock or force which can cause physical damage to LCD module. It may cause improper operation or damage to LCD module.
- C. Polarizer films are very fragile. It could be damaged easily. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- D. Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Water drops or oils can cause permanent stain or discoloration.
- E. To clean LCD module, please use IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.
- F. Do not use ketone type material (ex. Acetone), ethyl alcohol, toluene, ethyl acid or methyl chloride. Using these could cause permanent polarizer damage to the LCD module.
- G. If the liquid crystal leaks from LCD module, keep it away from human eyes or mouth. In case of contact with human body or clothes, it should be washed with soap thoroughly.
- H. Protect LCD module from static discharce
 - I. To keep the LCD module clean, make sure to wear fabric gloves and finger coats when you are inspecting and/or assembling the unit.
- J. Do not disassemble LCD module.
- K. Protection film on LCD module display area should be slowly peeled off just before assembly to prevent static discharge.
- L. Pins of the Interface connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

LTM270DL06



2013 24. Jun.

8.2 Storage Precautions

It is highly recommended to comply with the criteria in the table below

Item	Unit	Min.	Max.
Storage Temperature	(℃)	5	40
Storage Humidity	(%rH)	35	75
Storage life		12 months	
Storage Condition	Control Products should not be from a wall Prevent products from a Be cautious of a build u - Avoid other hazardous - If products delivered or of 3 months, the recomit is recommended to le	environment while storing kept in conditions of over mended temperature or heave them at a temperatur	n the Pallet away or water; goods. the storage period
	of 3 months, the recom	mended temperature or heave them at a temperatur	um





8.3 Operating Precautions

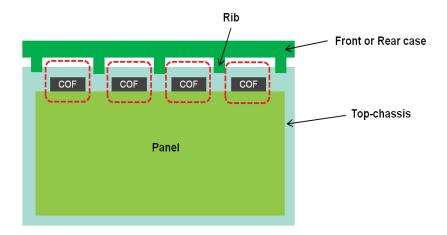
- A. If the module is used to other applications besides the recommendation on General Description, please contact SAMSUNG for application engineering device in advance
- B. Do not connect or disconnect the LCD module when it is set to the "Power On" condition.
- C. Input power should always follow '5.6 Power on/off sequence'
- D. Polarizer films are very fragile. It could be damaged easily. Do not press or scratch the Polarizer films
- E. LCD module contains electrical circuits that operate in high frequencies. To minimize electromagnetic interference, be sure to sufficiently ground and shield the LCD module and system.
- F. If LCD module containing system is out of SAMSUNG 's operating condition, SAMSUNG cannot guarantee LCD module operating properly.
- G. If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, humidity, display patterns, operation time, etc., it is strongly recommended to contact SAMSUNG for application engineering device. Otherwise, the reliability and function of the module may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stocks, markets, and controlling systems.
- H. Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- I. If the module keeps displaying the same pattern for a long period of time, the image maybe burned in to the screen. To avoid image retention, it is recommended to use a screen saver.
- J. This module has its PCB's circuitry on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order to avoid stress.
- K. Please contact SAMSUNG beforehand, if you plan to display the same pattern for a long period of time.
- L. Any foreign materials brought into an LCD module by external forced-airflow are not guaranteed by SAMSUNG .

LTM270DL06

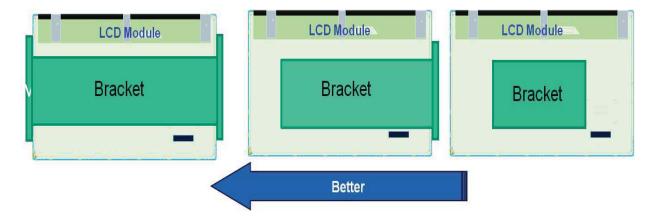


24. Jun. 2013

- 8.4 Design Guide for System
- A. The LED driver should be designed in compliance with the specifications of LED bar strictly to make the LED in LCD module perform as expected
- B. It is recommended that you locate the rib on the front or rear cover not to be placed on the spot where D-IC is located on the upper or left of LCD module.



- C. It is recommended that assemble the bracket which has two sides with holes for assembly.
- D. It is recommended that you design the bracket with the structure which covers the sides of module when designing the bracket for customer.
- E. It is recommended that you design the bracket not to be interfered with the SET at the area where the PBA of module is located.

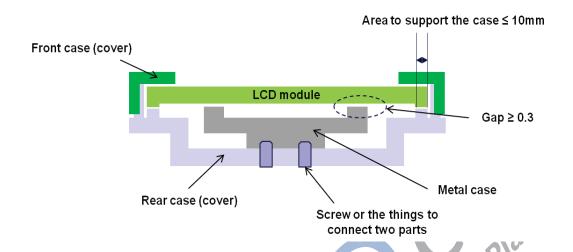


- F. It is recommended that more than 0.3 mm is allowable as a gap between the metal case and the rear of module.
- G. It is recommended that structure to support the module shall be far away 10mm from the edge of border.

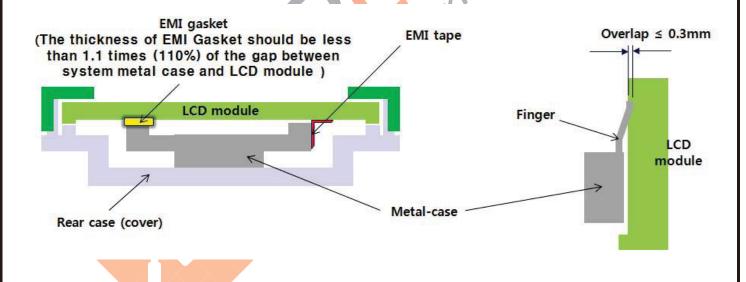


LTM270DL06 24. Jun. 2013

H. It is recommended that metal case (or board) shall be affixed to the rear case at the spot where is far away 10mm from the edge of border.



- I. When applying the measures described below to reduce the level of EMI which occurs between the metal cover and the rear of module.
- J. If you use Finger, less than 0.3mm is allowable for overlap.

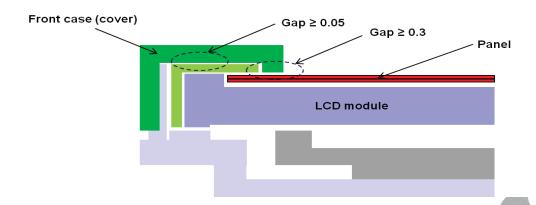


- K. It is recommended that more than 0.3mm gap between the front case (or cover) and the panel glass is allowable.
- L. It is recommended that more than 0.05mm gap between the front case and the top chassis is allowable.

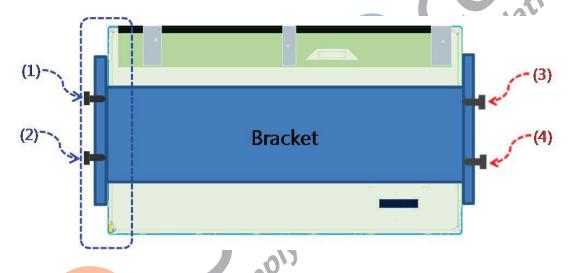


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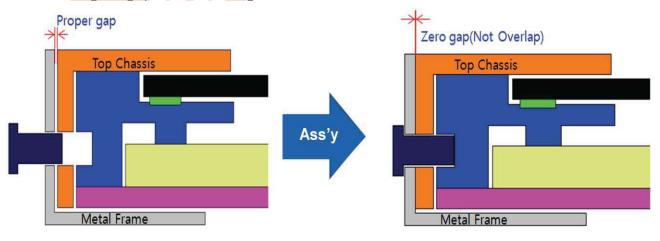
LTM270DL06 24. Jun. 2013



M. It is recommended that insert the screws into user holes from the ones on the parts, which the light comes out to ones in the corresponding parts.



N. It is recommended that design the metal frame and the top chassis to be in parallel with having no gap after inserting the side screw.



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LTM270DL06

24. Jun. 2013