LY8892

2.0Watt Audio Power Amplifier

FEATURES

- 2.5V~5.5V Power supply.
- Thermal shutdown Protection.
- Low current shutdown mode
- No output capacitors and networks or bootstrap capacitors required
- Low noise during turn-on and turn-off transitions
- User selectable shutdown logic level. (High or Low) (MSOP10 & DFN10 only)
- Lead free and green package available. (RoHS Compliant)
- Space Saving Package
 - -- 8-pin MSOP package.
 - -- 8-pin DFN Package
 - -- 10-pin MSOP package.
 - -- 10-pin DFN Package

APPLICATION

- Portable electronic devices
- Mobile Phones
- PDAs

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The LY8892 is a 2.0W audio power amplifier. It is capable of driving 4Ω speaker load at a continuous average output of 2.0W with less than 10% distortion (THD+N) from a 5.5V power supply and 8Ω speaker load at a continuous average output of 1.5W with less than 10% distortion (THD+N) from a 5.5V power supply.

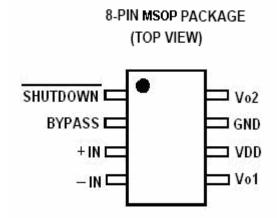
The LY8892 primarily designed for high quality application in other portable communication device. And the LY8892 audio amplifier features low power consumption shutdown mode. To facilitate this, The shutdown function may be enabled by either logic high or low depending on mode selection. Driving the shutdown mode pin either high or low enables the shutdown pin to be driven in a likewise manner to enable shutdown.

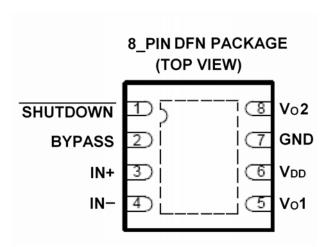
And the LY8892 has an internal thermal shutdown protection feature.

The LY8892 audio amplifier was designed specifically to provide high quality output power with a minimal amount of external components. The LY8892 does not require output capacitors, and the LY8892 is ideally suited for other low voltage applications or portable electronic devices where minimal power consumption is a primary requirement.

PIN CONFIGURATION

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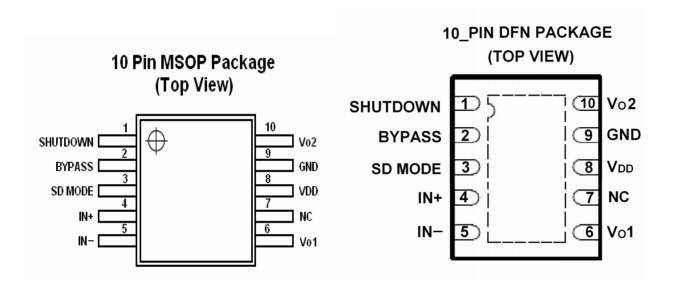




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PIN DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	Pin No.				DESCRIPTION
O I WIDOL	MSOP8	DFN8	MSOP10	DFN10	DESCRIPTION
SHUTDOWN	1	1	1	1	Shutdown the device
BYPASS	2	2	2	2	Bypass pin
SD MODE			3	3	Shutdown Mode Selectable
+IN	3	3	4	4	Positive Input
-IN	4	4	5	5	Negative Input
.Da M91 eet4U.com	5	5	6	6	Negative output
NC			7	7	No Connection
V _{DD}	6	6	8	8	Power Supply
GND	7	7	9	9	Ground
Vo2	8	8	10	10	Positive Output

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APPLICATION CIRCUIT

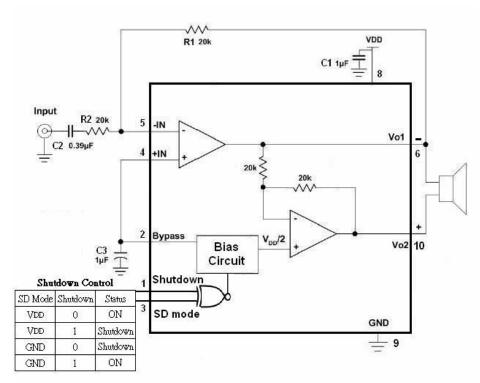


Figure 1. Application Schematic with Single –Ended Input (DFN10 and MSOP10 package)

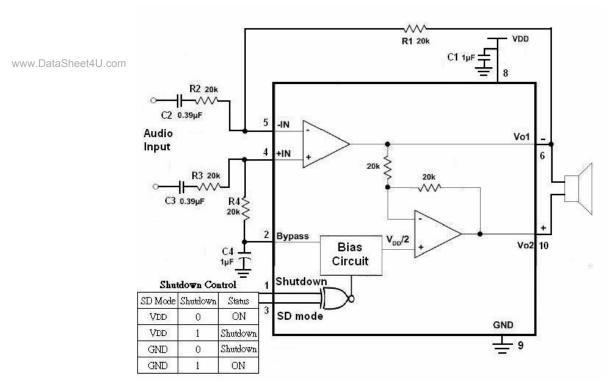


Figure 2. Application Schematic with Differential Input (DFN10 and MSOP10 package)

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUN RATINGS*

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	6.0	V
Operating Temperature	TA	-40 to 85 (I grade)	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Input Voltage	Vı	-0.3V to V _{DD} +0.3V	V
Storage Temperature	Тѕтс	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally Limited	W
ESD Susceptibility	VESD	2000	V
Junction Temperature	Тјмах	150	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Soldering Temperature (under 10 sec)	Tsolder	260	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=5V, TA=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Current	IDD	V_{IN} = 0V, I_O = 0A, 8Ω Load	-	5.0	15.0	mA
Shutdown Current	Isd	VSHUTDOWN = VSD Mode	-	0.1	2.0	μA
Shutdown Voltage Input High	Vsdih	V _{SD Mode} = V _{DD}	-	1.5	-	
Shutdown Voltage Input Low	VsDIL	V _{SD Mode} = V _{DD}	-	1.3	-	V
Shutdown Voltage Input High	Vsdih	V _{SD Mode} = GND	-	1.5	-	v
Shutdown Voltage Input Low	Vsdil	V _{SD Mode} = GND	-	1.3	-	
Output Offset Voltage	Vos		-	7.0	50.0	mV
Resistor Output to GND	Rout-gnd		7.0	8.5	9.7	$\mathbf{k}\Omega$
ataSheet4U.com		THD = 1% , f = 1 kHz RL=8Ω	-	1.0	-	w
	Ро	THD = 10% , f = 1 kHz RL=8Ω	-	1.4	-	
Output Power		THD = 1% , f = 1 kHz RL=4Ω	-	1.4	-	
		THD = 10% , f = 1 kHz RL=4Ω	-	1.8	-	
		THD = 10% , f = 1 kHz RL=4Ω (at 5.5V)	-	2.0	-	
Total Harmonic Distortion+ Noise	THD+N	Po = 0.4 Wrms; f = 1kHz	-	0.13		%
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	Vripple = 200mV sine p-p Input terminated with 10 Ω to GND	-	62 (f = 217Hz) 66 (f = 1kHz)	-	dB
Wake-up time	Twu	Bypass Cap.=1.0uF, 5.0V	-	145		ms
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Tsp		150	170	190	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Shut Down Time	Tsdt	8 Ω load		1.0		ms

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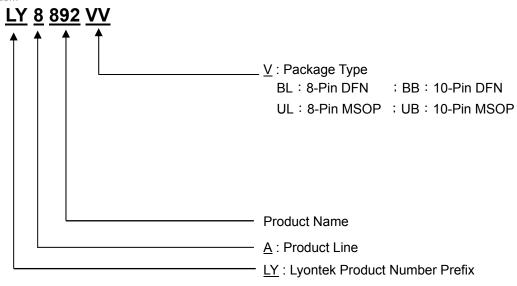
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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=3V, TA=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Current	I _{DD}	V_{IN} = 0V, I_O = 0A, 8Ω Load	-	4.5	14.0	mA
Shutdown Current	Isd	V _{SHUTDOWN} = = V _{SD Mode}	-	0.1	2.0	μA
Shutdown Voltage Input High	Vsdih	V _{SD Mode} = V _{DD}	-	1.2	-	
Shutdown Voltage Input Low	Vsdil	V _{SD Mode} = V _{DD}	-	1.0	-	V
Shutdown Voltage Input High	Vsdih	V _{SD Mode} = GND	-	1.2	-	V
Shutdown Voltage Input Low	Vsdil	V _{SD Mode} = GND	-	1.0	-	
Output Offset Voltage	Vos		-	7.0	50.0	mV
Resistor Output to GND	Rout-gnd		7.0	8.5	9.7	$\mathbf{k}\Omega$
	Ро	THD = 1% , f = 1 kHz RL=8Ω	-	375	-	mW
Output Power		THD = 10% , f = 1 kHz RL=8Ω	-	460	-	
Output Power		THD = 1% , f = 1 kHz $RL=4\Omega$	-	460	-	
		THD = 10% , f = 1 kHz RL= 4Ω	-	600	-	
Total Harmonic Distortion+ Noise	THD+N	Po = 0.25 Wrms, $f = 1 kHz$	-	0.13	-	%
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V_{ripple} = 200mV sine p-p Input terminated with 10 Ω to GND	-	56 (f = 217Hz) 62 (f = 1kHz)	-	dB
Wake-up time	Twu		-	82		ms
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Tsd		150	170	190	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

ORDERING INFORMATION

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LY8892

2.0Watt Audio Power Amplifier

APPLICATION INFORMATION

BRIDGED CONFIGURATION EXPLANATION

As shown in Figure 1, the LY8892 has two operational amplifiers internally, allowing for a few different amplifier configurations. The first amplifier's gain is externally configurable, while the second amplifier is internally fixed in a unity-gain, inverting configuration. The closed-loop gain of the first amplifier is set by selecting the ratio of Rf to RIN while the second amplifier's gain is fixed by the two internal $20k\Omega$ resistors. Figure 1 shows that the output of amplifier one serves as the input to amplifier two which results in both amplifiers producing signals identical in magnitude, but out of phase by 180° . Consequently, the differential gain for the IC is

$$AVD= 2 X (R_f/R_{IN})$$

By driving the load differentially through outputs Vo1 and Vo2, an amplifier configuration commonly referred to as "bridged mode" is established. Bridged mode operation is different from the classical single-ended amplifier configuration where one side of the load is connected to ground.

A bridge amplifier design has a few distinct advantages over the single-ended configuration, as it provides differential drive to the load, thus doubling output swing for a specified supply voltage. Four times the output power is possible as compared to a single-ended amplifier under the same conditions.

This increase in attainable output power assumes that the amplifier is not current limited or clipped. In order to choose an amplifier's closed-loop gain without causing excessive clipping, please refer to the Audio Power Amplifier Design section.

A bridge configuration, such as the one used in the LY8892, also creates a second advantage over single -ended amplifiers. Since the differential outputs, Vo1 and Vo2, are biased at half-supply, no net DC voltage exists across the load. This eliminates the need for an output coupling capacitor which is required in a single supply, single-ended amplifier configuration. Without an output coupling capacitor, the half-supply bias across the load would result in both increased internal IC power dissipation and also possible loudspeaker damage.

Power Dissipation

Power dissipation is a major concern when designing a successful amplifier, whether the amplifier is bridged or single-ended. A direct consequence of the increased power delivered to the load by a bridge amplifier is an increase in internal power dissipation. Since the LY8892 has two operational amplifiers in one package, the maximum internal power dissipation is 4 times that of a single-ended amplifier. The maximum power dissipation for a given application can be derived from the power dissipation graphs of from equation 1.

$$P_{DMAX} = 4 X (V_{DD})^2 / (2 \pi^2 R_L) \dots (1)$$

It is critical that the maximum junction temperature TJMAX of 150° C is not exceeded. TJMAX can be determine from the power derating curves by using P_{DMAX} and the PC board foil area. By adding additional copper foil, the thermal resistance of the application can be reduced, resulting in higher P_{DMAX} . Additional copper foil can be added to any of the leads connected to the LY8892.If TJMAX still exceeds 150° C, then additional changes must be made. These changes can include reduced supply voltage, higher load impedance, or reduced ambient temperature. Internal power dissipation is a function of output power.

POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

As with any amplifier, proper supply bypassing is critical for low noise performance and high power supply rejection. The capacitor location on both the bypass and power supply pins should be as close to the device as possible.

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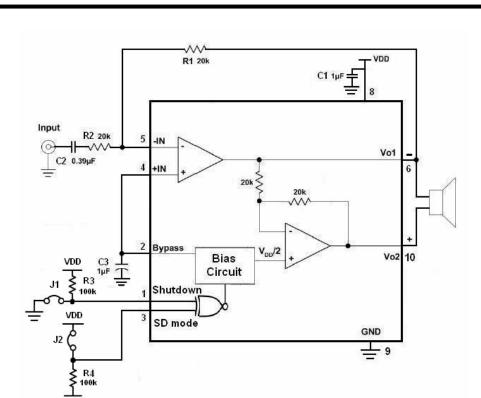


Figure 3. Audio Amplifier with Single -Ended Input Application Schematic (DFN10 & MSOP10 package)

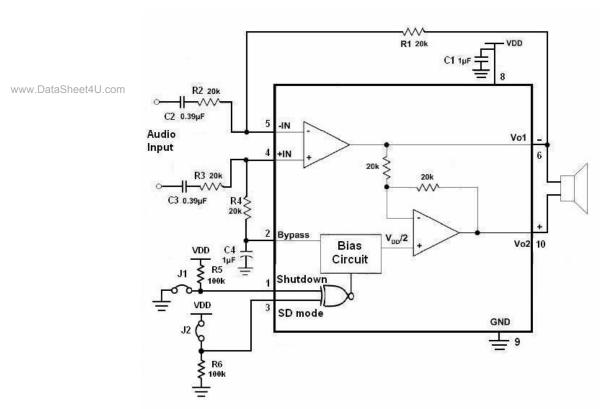


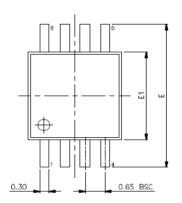
Figure 4. Audio Amplifier with Differential Input Application Schematic (DFN10 & MSOP10 package)

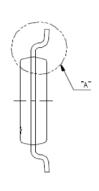
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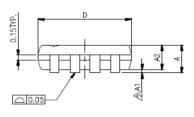
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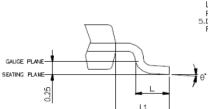
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSION

8 Pin MSOP Package Outline Dimension









SYMBOLS	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
Α	1	_	1.10
A1	0.00	_	0.15
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
D	3.00 BSC		
E	4.90 BSC		
E1	3.00 BSC		
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
L1	0.95 REF		
θ*	0 – 8		8

UNIT: MM

NOTES:

1.JEDEC OUTLINE: MO-187 AA

2.DIMENSION 'D' DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH,
PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS
OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE.

3.DIMENSION 'E1' DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR
PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL
NOT EXCEED 0.25 PER SIDE.

4.DIMENSION '0.22' DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.
ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 MM
TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE '0.22' DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM
MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE
LOWER RADIUS OF THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPAC BETWEEN
PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD IS 0.07 MM.

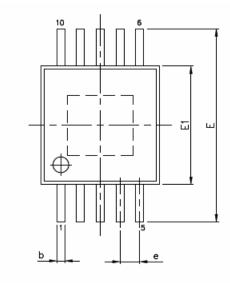
5.DIMENSIONS 'D' AND 'E1' TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUN
PLANE ...

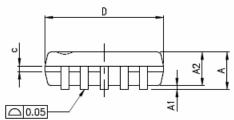
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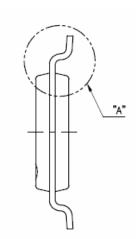
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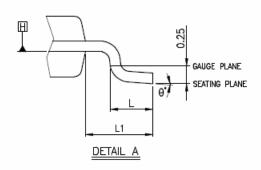
2.0Watt Audio Power Amplifier

10-Pin MSOP Package Outline Dimension









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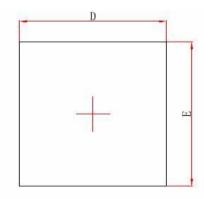
SYMBOLS	MIN. NOM.		MAX.	
А			1.10	
A1	0.00	_	0.15	
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95	
ь	0.17	_	0.27	
С	0.08	_	0.23	
D	3.00 BSC			
E	4.90 BSC			
E1	3.00 BSC			
e		0.50 BSC		
L	0.40	0.60	0.80	
L1		0.95 REF		
θ*	0	_	8	
			LINIT - MM	

UNIT : MM

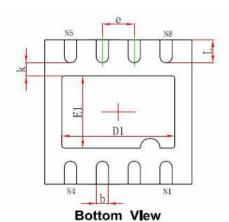
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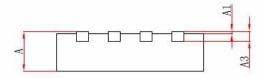
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8-Pin DFN Package Outline Dimension



Top Vlew





Side View

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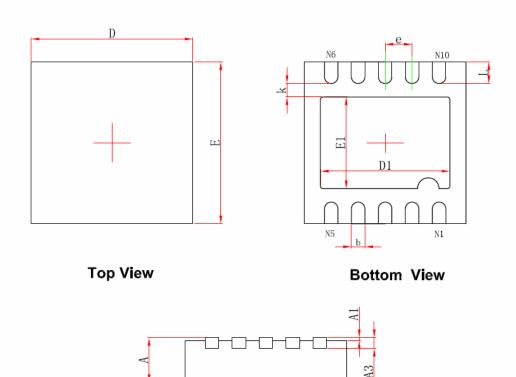
0	Dimensions In Millimeters			
Symbol	Min.	Max.		
Α	0.700/0.800	0.800/0.900		
A1	0.000	0.050		
A3	0.203	REF.		
D	2.900	3.100		
E	2.900	3.100		
D1	2.200	2.400		
E1	1.400	1.600		
k	0.200MIN.			
b	0.180	0.300		
е	0.650TYP.			
L	0.375	0.575		

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2.0Watt Audio Power Amplifier

10-Pin DFN Package Outline Dimension



Side View

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Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters				
Symbol	Min.	Max.			
А	0.700/0.800	0.800/0.900			
A1	0.000	0.050			
A3	0.203	REF.			
D	2.900	3.100			
E	2.900	3.100			
D1	2.300	2.500			
E1	1.600	1.800			
k	0.200MIN.				
b	0.180	0.300			
е	0.500TYP.				
L	0.300	0.500			

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