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TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M190E5-L0F

Customer:	Fujitsu	
Approved by:		
Note:		

Liquid Crysta	l Display Division
QRA Division.	OA Head Division
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REVISION HISTORY

	F :	0. "	REVISION HISTORY
Version	Date	Section	
Ver. 3.0	Oct, 5, 05'	All	

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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

M190E5-L0F is an 19.0" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 4 CCFL Backlight unit and 30 pins 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 1024 SXGA mode and can display 16.2M colors. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Wide viewing angle.
- High contrast ratio
- Super fast response time
- High color saturation
- SXGA (1280 x 1024 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- RoHS Compliance

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

ltem	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	376.32 (H) x 301.056 (V) (19.0" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	380.2(H) x 305(V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B. x 1024	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.294 (H) x 0.294 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.2M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (2H), Glare	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ite	em	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	395.5	396.0	396.5	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	323.5	324.0	324.5	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	16.0	16.5	17.0	mm	
Weight		-		2900	g	_

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.





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2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

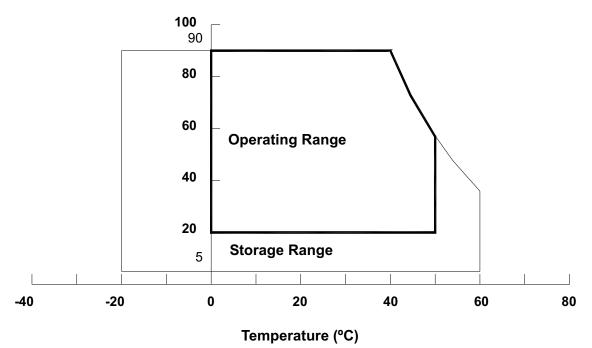
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.
- Note (3) 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

Relative Humidity (%RH)





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2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	4.3	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Itom	Cymbol	Value		Linit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Voltage	V_{L}	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	(1) , (2) $I_L = 6.5$ mA,
Lamp Current	IL	-	8.0	mA_{RMS}	(1) (2)
Lamp Frequency	F_L	ı	80	KHz	(1), (2)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

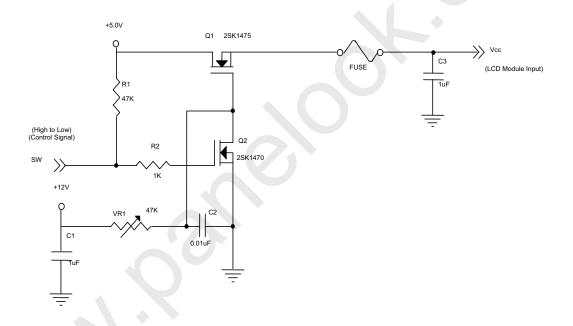
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

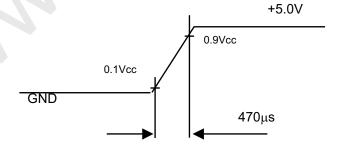
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
Falaiii	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	-	100	mV	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	2	3	Α	(2)
	White	-		0.5	0.8	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	-		1.3	1.5	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe	-		0.9	1.3	Α	(3)c
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	100	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	-	1.2	-	V	
Logic "L" input voltage		Vil	Vss	-	0.8	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



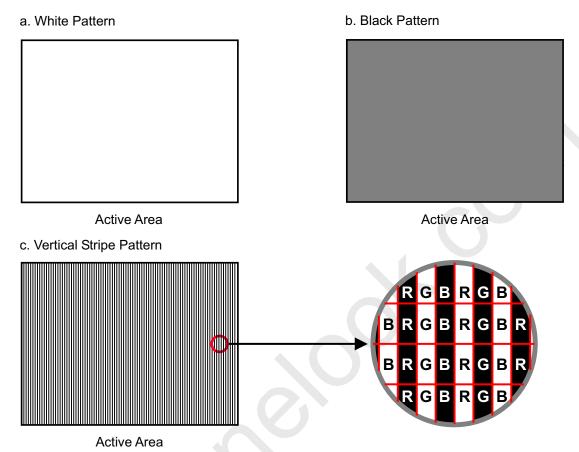
Vcc rising time is 470µs







Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, $f_v = 60$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.





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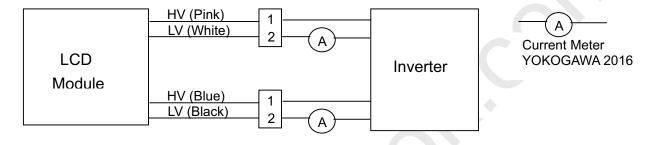
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3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Symbol		Value			Note	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
V_L	661	735	809	V_{RMS}	$I_L = 7 \text{ mA}$	
ΙL	2.0	7.0	8.0	mA_{RMS}	(1)	
Vs			1610 (0℃)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
			1390 (25°ℂ)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
F_L	40		80	KHz	(3)	
L_BL	40000			Hrs	(5)	
P_L		20.58		W	$(4), I_L = 7 \text{ mA}$	
	I _L V _S F _L L _{BL}	VL 661 IL 2.0 VS FL 40 LBL 40000	VL 661 735 IL 2.0 7.0 VS FL 40 LBL 40000	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high frequency current meters as shown below:



- Note (2) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 4$ CCFLs
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C and I_L = 7.0 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes or lower than 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes or lower than 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

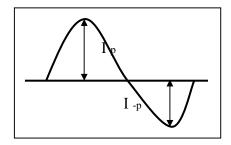


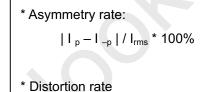
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The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$;
 - c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.





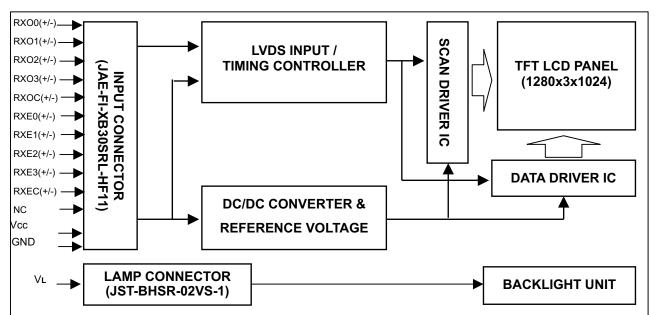
 I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}



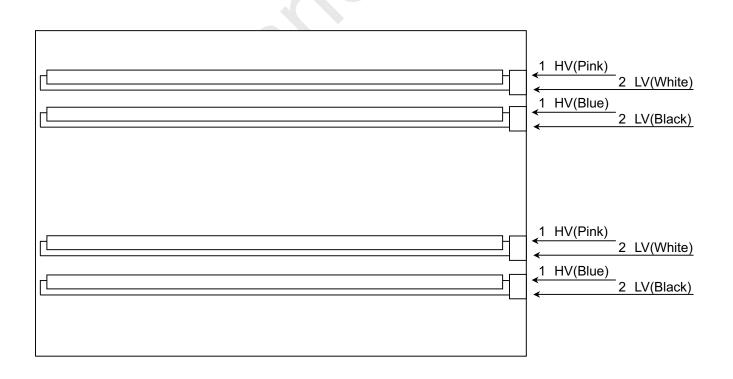
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	TEST	Test pin should be tied to ground.
26	NC	Not connection.
27	NC	Not connection.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JAE-FI-XB30SRL-HF11 or equivalent.

Note (2) The first pixel is odd.

Note (3) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.



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LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	וט ו	D6	D4	D3	D2	ן ט	D0
LVD3 Channel Eu	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVDS Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVDS Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channal O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVDS Channel O2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6



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5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

PIN	Symbol	Description	Remark		
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink		
2	LV	Low Voltage	White		
1	HV	High Voltage	Blue		
2	LV	Low Voltage	Black		

Note (1) Connector Part No.: BHSR-02VS-1 (JST) or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.:SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (JST) or equivalent

5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

COIOI V	ersus data iriput.																								
												Da		Sigr											
	Color				Re									reer							Blu				
	In	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	R7	R6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	R7	R6	B5	B4	B3	B2	_	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	÷	<u>``</u>	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	Œ	À		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	`:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	l :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
Scale	:	:	l :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	l :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Diue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



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6. INTERFACE TIMING

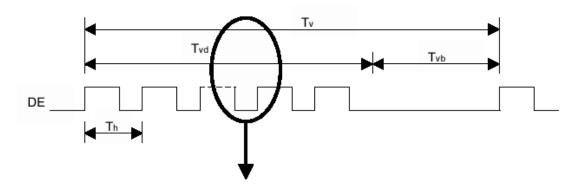
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

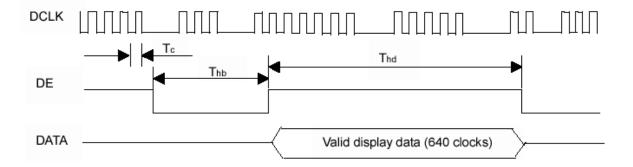
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	-	54	67.5	MHz	-
LVDS Clock	Period	Tc	-	18.5	-	ns	
LVD3 Clock	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	-
LVD3 Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	56	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Tv	1034	1066	1274	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Territ	Display	Tvd	1024	1024	1024	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	10	42	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	740	844	960	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	640	640	640	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	100	204	Th-Thd	Tc	-

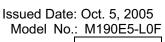
Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

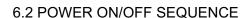




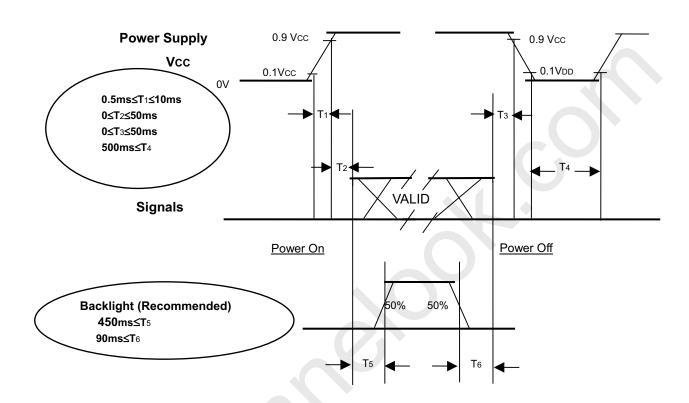




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To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power of and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.





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7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	5.0	V			
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"					
Lamp Current	I _L	8	mA			
Inverter Operating Frequency	FL	61	KHz			
Inverter SUMIDA H05 5307						

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx			0.650			
	Red	Ry			0.345			
	Green	Gx			0.287			
Color	Green	Gy		Тур –	0.600	Typ +		(1) (6)
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$	0.03	0.140	0.03		(1), (6)
	Blue	Ву	CS-1000T		0.068			
	White	Wx			0.313			
		Wy			0.329			
Center Luminance of White		L _C		230	300	-	cd/m ²	(4), (6)
Contrast Ratio	Contrast Ratio			350	500		-	(2), (6)
Response Time		T_R	0 -00 0 -00		2	4	me	(3)
Response fille		T_{F}	$\theta_x = 0^\circ, \ \theta_Y = 0^\circ$		6	12	ms	
White Variation		δW	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		1.25	1.40	-	(6), (7)
Cross Talk		СТ	BM-5A			5.0	%	(5), (6)
	Horizontal	θ_x +		65	75			
Viewing Angle	Honzontai	θ_{x} -	$CR \ge 10$	65	75		Deg.	(1), (6)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ _Y +	BM-5A	60	70		Deg.	(1), (0)
	vertical	θ_{Y} -		50	60			

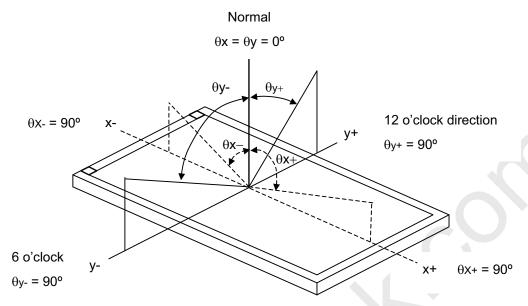


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Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

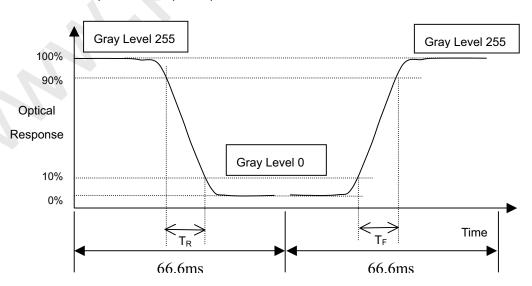
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



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Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{\rm C} = L (5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

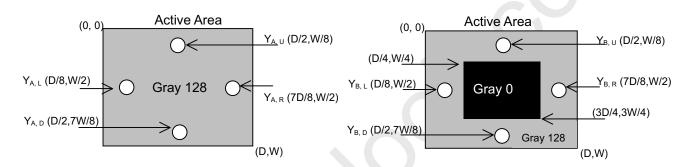
Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

$$CT = | Y_B - Y_A | / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

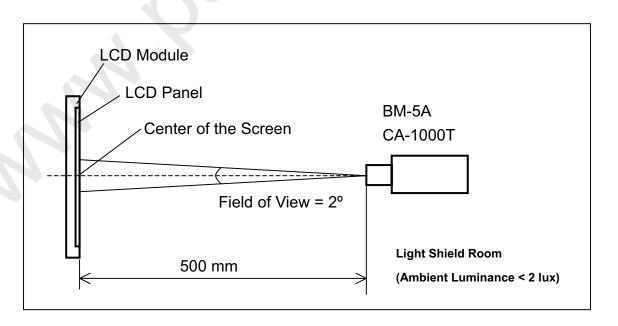
Y_A = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern (cd/m²)

Y_B = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern (cd/m²)



Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



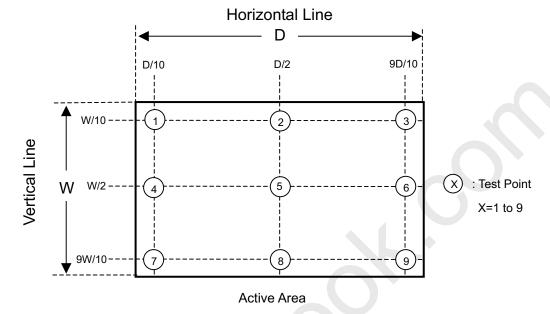


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Note (7) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2)L (4), L (9)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2)L (4), L (9)]$





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8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 5 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 537(L) X 316(W) X 462(H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 15Kg (5 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions		Note
	ISTA STANDARD		
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz		
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),		Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)		
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)		
Dropping Test	1 Angle, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 60cm	1	Non Operation

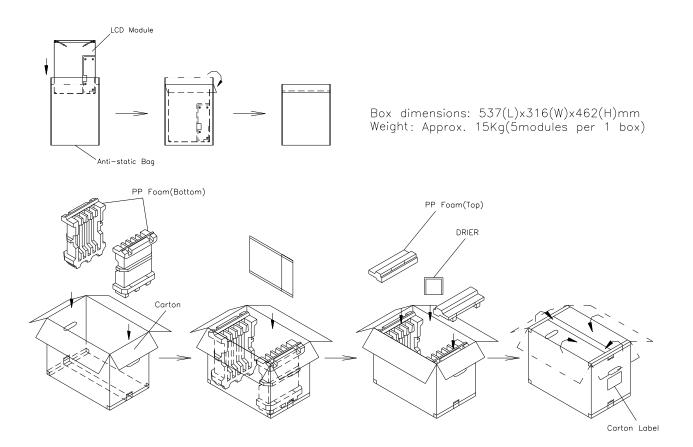


Figure. 8-1 Packing method



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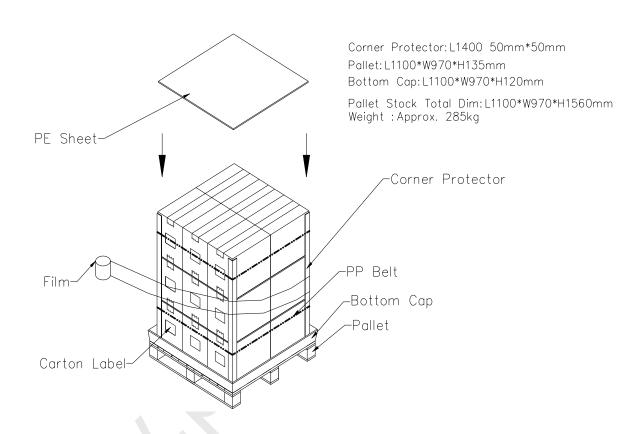


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

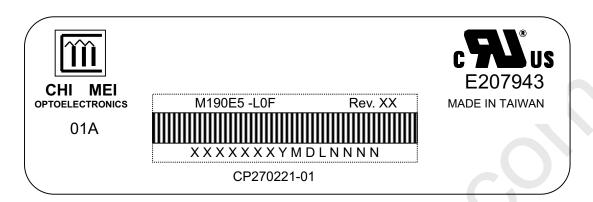


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9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

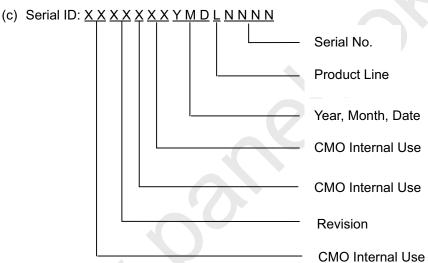
9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M190E5 -L0F

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2000~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I,O, and U.

(b) Revision Code: Cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



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10. PRECAUTIONS

10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

