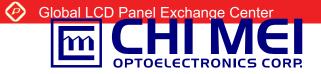


TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M216H1-L05

Customer :	SEC VD
Approved by:	
Note:	
Key part list version	: Q4 090210

記錄	工作	審核	角色	投票
2009-03-26 13:45:39 CST		kevin_wu(吳柏勳 /56520/54894)	Director	Accept



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②



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Approval

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description
Version Ver 3.0	Date Feb, 17' 09	All	M216H1-L05 Specifications was first issued •

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

The M216H1-L05 model is a 21.6 inch wide TFT-LCD module with a 2-CCFL Backlight Unit and a 30-pin 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 Full HD (16:9 wide screen) mode and displays up to 16.7 millions colors. The inverter module for the Backlight Unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Super wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- Low power consumption
- High color saturation (EBU Like Specifications)
- FULL HD(1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- RoHS compliance.

1.3 APPLICATION

- Workstation & desktop monitor
- Display terminals for AV application

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal size	547.863	mm	
Active Area	477.504 x 268.596	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	481.5 (H) x 272.6 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.248(H) x 0.248(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7 millions	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Glare (R 4~5%)	-	-
Module Power Consumption	18.05	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	499	499.5	500	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	292.1	292.6	293.1	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	12.5	13	13.5	mm	
Weight			1980	2030	g	
I/F connector mounting		The mounting in				
pos	sition	the screen cente	r within ±0.5 mm	as the horizontal.		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec. 3.1 & 3.2 in this document for more information of power consumption

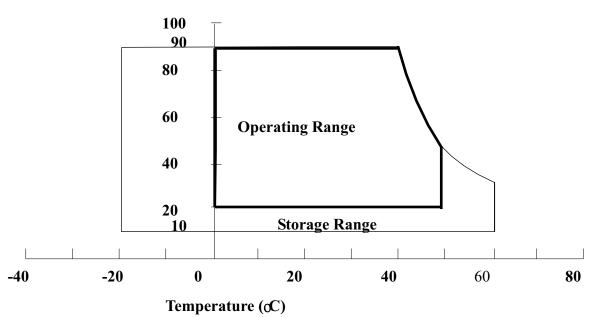


2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

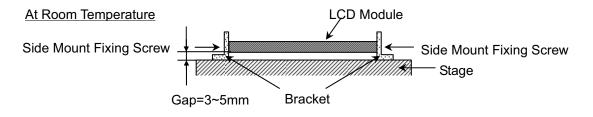
Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	ı	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	ı	1.5	G	(4), (5)	
LCD Cell Life Time	L _{CELL}	50,000	-	Hrs	MTBF based	

Relative Humidity (%RH)



Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90% RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.
- Note (3) 50G,11 ms, half-sine wave, 1 time for \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, sweep rate 10 min / cycle, 30 min for X,Y,Z axis
- Note (5) Upon the Vibration and Shock tests, the fixture used to hold the module must be firm and rigid enough to prevent the module from twisting or bending by the fixture.



2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Svmbol	Val	lue	Linit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6	V	(1)

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	2500	V_{RMS}	(1) , (2) , $I_L = 7.5 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	3.0	8.0	mA _{RMS}	(1), (2)	
Lamp Frequency	F_L	40	80	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

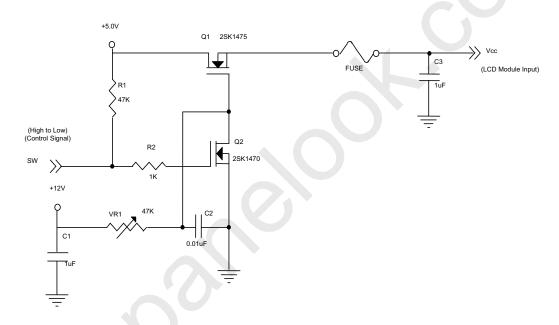
3.1.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

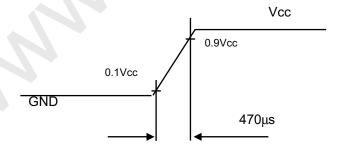
Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	NOLE
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	ı		100	mV	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	ı		3	Α	(2)
	White		ı	630	820	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	1010	1450	mA	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe		-	1030	1500	mA	(3)c
Power consumption (without Backlight Unit)		Plcd		5.15	7.5	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	100	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage	ge	Vic		1.2		V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:

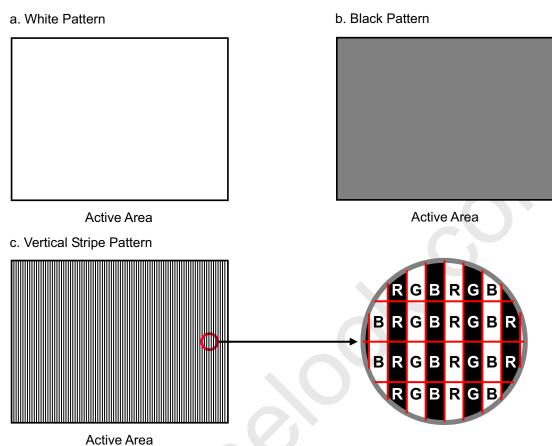


Vcc rising time is 470μs

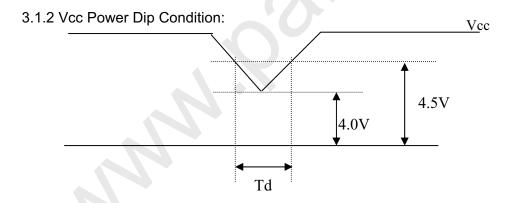


ssued Date: Feb. 17, 2009 Model No.: M216H1-L05 Approval

Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, $f_v = 60$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4)The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current

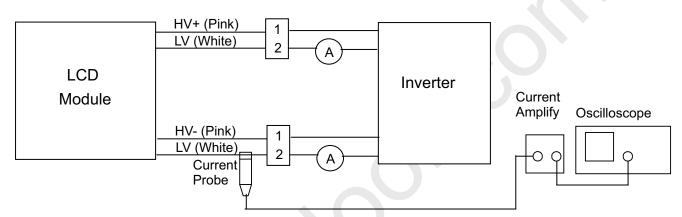


Dip condition: $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V, Td \le 20ms$

3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
raiailletei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	774	860	946	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 7.5 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	ΙL	3	7.5	8	mA_{RMS}	(1)
Loren Trum On Voltage	Vs	ı	ı	1370(25°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)
Lamp Turn On Voltage		ı	ī	1770(0°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)
Operating Frequency	F_L	40	55	80	KHz	(3)
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	40000	50000	ı	Hrs	$(5) I_L = 7.5 \text{ mA}$
Power Consumption	P_{L}	-	12.9	-	W	(4) , $I_L = 7.5 \text{ mA}$

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high-frequency current meters as shown below:



Measure equipment:

Current Amplify: TektronixTCPA300 Current probe: Tektronix TCP312 Oscilloscope: TDS3054B

- Note (2) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally. It is the value output voltage of NF circuit.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 2CCFLs$
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 7.5 mA until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes ≤ 80% of its original value.(The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 80% of that at the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too

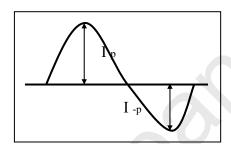


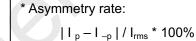
much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.





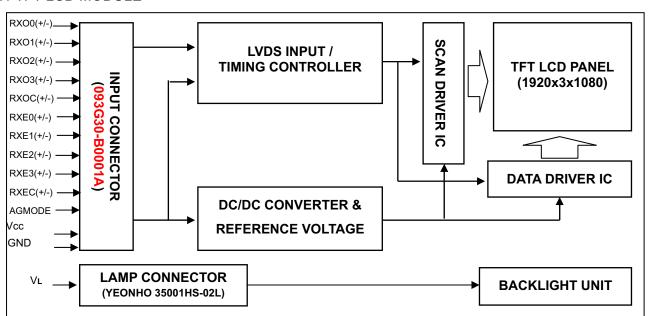
* Distortion rate

$$I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

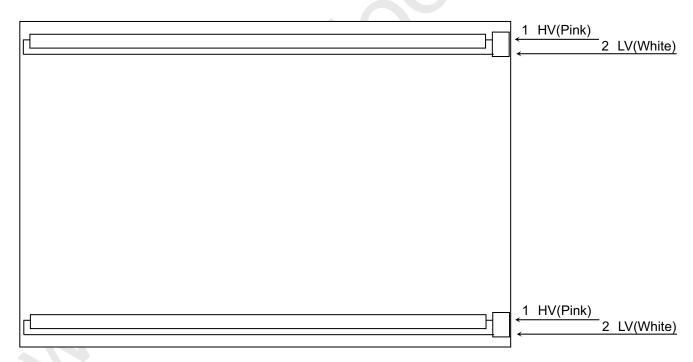


4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
26	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
27	AGMODE	AGMODE should be tied to ground or open.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 093G30-B0001A(STARCONN) or EQUIVALENT.

Note (2) The first pixel is odd.

Note (3) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.



5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

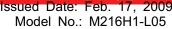
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Charmer 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Charmer O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Charmer 03	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Charmer E0	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Challiel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 CHAIITEI E3	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6

5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Low Voltage	White
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Low Voltage	White

Note (1) Connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001HS-02L or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001WR-02L or equivalent





5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

	ersus data iriput.											Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
	Color				Re	ed							G	reer	1						Bli				
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 1		:	:	À	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		-			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orocii	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:				\(\frac{1}{2}\)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	: :	:		:);	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
2.30	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



6. INTERFACE TIMING

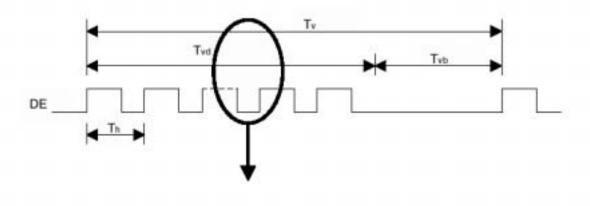
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

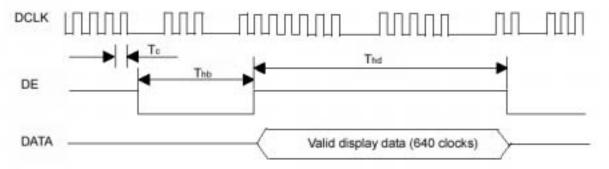
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

			0		0 0		
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	58.54	74.25	98	MHz	-
LVDS Clock	Period	Tc	•	13.47	•	ns	
LVD3 Clock	High Time	Tch	ı	4/7	ı	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	•	3/7	•	Tc	-
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	•	ps	-
LVD3 Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	•	ps	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1136	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	56	Th	-
	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	-

Note: (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

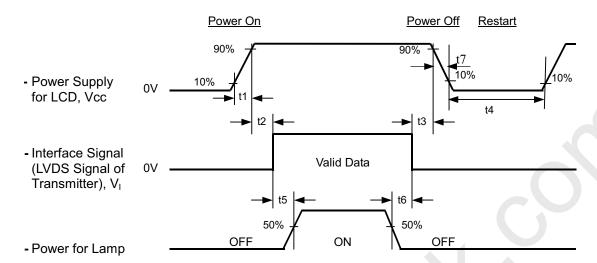
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM





6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

 $0.5 < t1 \le 10 \text{ msec}$

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

 $0 < t3 \leq 50 \text{ msec}$

 $t4 \ge 500 \; msec$

 $t5 \ge 450 \text{ msec}$

t6 ≥ 90 msec

 $5 \le t7 \le 100 \text{ msec}$

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t7 spec"



7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	5.0	V
Input Signal	According to typical value	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (CHARACTERISTICS"
Inverter Current	IL	7.5±0.5	mA
Inverter Driving Frequency	FL	55±5	KHz
Inverter		Logah MIT70070.50	

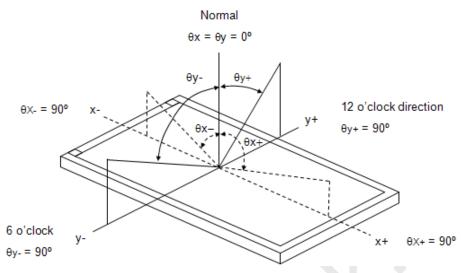
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx Ry			0.651			
Color	Green	Gx			0.286			
Chromaticity		Gy	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0°	Typ –	0.600 0.152	Typ +		(1), (5)
(CIE 1931)	Blue	Bx	CS-1000T	0.03	0.132	0.03		(-), (-)
		By	R=G=B=255		0.073			
	White	Wx	Grayscale		0.313			
		Wy			0.329			
Center Luminan (Center of		L _C		200	250		cd/m ²	(4), (5)
Contrast Ratio		CR		700	1000		-	(2), (6)
Response Time		T _R	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		1.3	2.2	ms	(3)
Response fille		T_F	θ _x =υ , θ _Y =υ		3.7	5.8	ms	(3)
White Variation		δW	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° USB2000			1.33	-	(5), (6)
	Horizontal	θ_x +		75	85	-		
Viewing Angle	Tionzoniai	θ_{x} -	CR>10	75	85		Deg.	(1), (5)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ _Y +	USB2000	70	80		Deg.	(1), (3)
	Vertical	θ _Y -		70	80			
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_x +		80	89	-		
	Tiorizorital	θ_{x} -	CR≧5	80	89	-	Deg.	(1) (5)
	Vertical	θ _Y +	USB2000	80	89	-	Deg.	(1), (5)
	vertical	θ _Y -		80	89	-		

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Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle $(\theta x, \theta y)$:



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

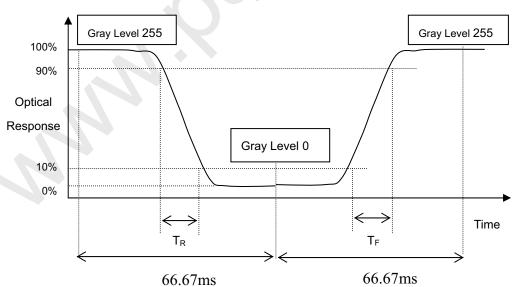
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



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Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

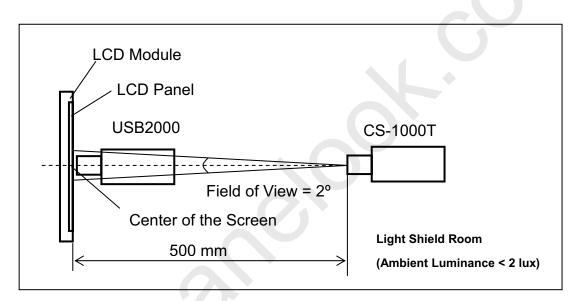
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{\rm C} = L (5)$$

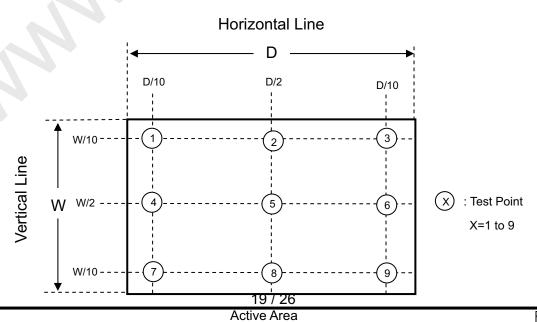
L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for (30 minutes) to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for (30 minutes) in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW): Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points δW = Maximum [L (1) ~ L (9)] / Minimum [L (1) ~ L (9)]





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8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 11 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 563(L) X 390 (W) X 375 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: 23.48 Kg (11 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, ISTA STANDARD	Non Operation

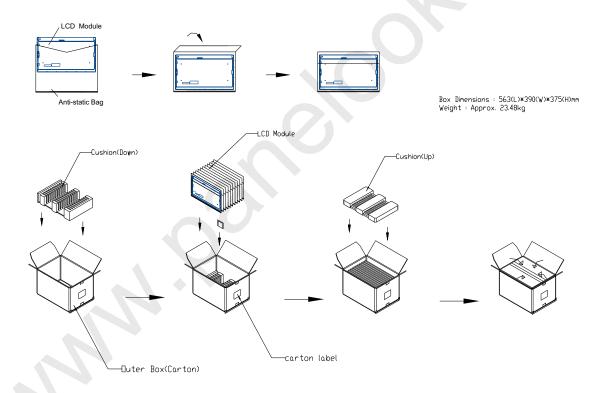
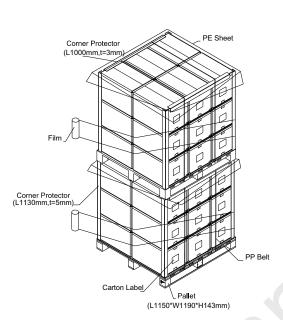


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

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For ocean shipping

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)

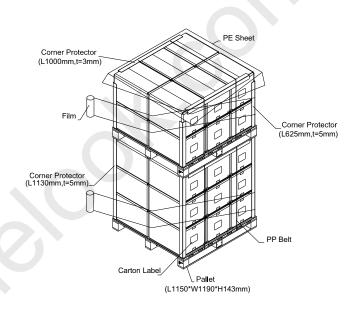


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For air transport

Air Transportation

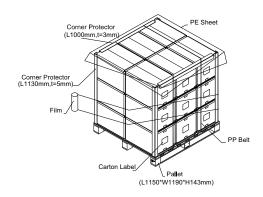


Figure. 8-3 Packing method

9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: M216H1-L05
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.
- (c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
X	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-21H15-X-X-X-X-X-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
21H15	Model number	M216H1-L05=21H15
Χ	Revision code	ZBD, C1=A, C2=B,



		Non ZBD, C1=1, C2=2,
Х	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,
Х	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1~Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN; NB, China=NP; NH, China=NH
L	Module line #	1~Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

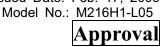
(e) UL Factory ID:

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG

10. PRECAUTIONS

10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.





10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

10.4 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time ,remnant image is likely to occur.

