

Issued Date: Aug,05,2009 Model No.: M216H1-L06 Approval

TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M216H1-L06

Customer :	
Approved by :	
Note:	

核准時間	部門	審核	角色	投票
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12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description
Ver 2.0	Aug.05,09	All	M216H1-L06 Specifications was first issued •



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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

1.1 OVERVIEW

The M216H1-L06 model is a 21.6 inch wide TFT-LCD module with a 4-CCFL Backlight Unit and a 30-pin 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 Full HD (16:9 wide screen) mode and displays up to 16.7 millions colors. The inverter module for the Backlight Unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Super wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- High color saturation (EBU Like Specifications)
- FULL HD(1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- RoHS compliance.

1.3 APPLICATION

- Workstation & desktop monitor
- Display terminals for AV application

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal size	547.863	mm	
Active Area	477.504 x 268.596	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	481.5 (H) x 272.6 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.248(H) x 0.248(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7 millions	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), AG (Haze 25%)	-	-
Module Power Consumption	30.66	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	499	499.5	500	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	292.1	292.6	293.1	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	16.5	17	17.5	mm	
Weight		-	2350	2400	g	
I/F connec	tor mounting The mounting inclination of the connector makes					
position the screen center within ±0.5 mm as the horizontal.						

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec. 3.1 & 3.2 in this document for more information of power consumption.



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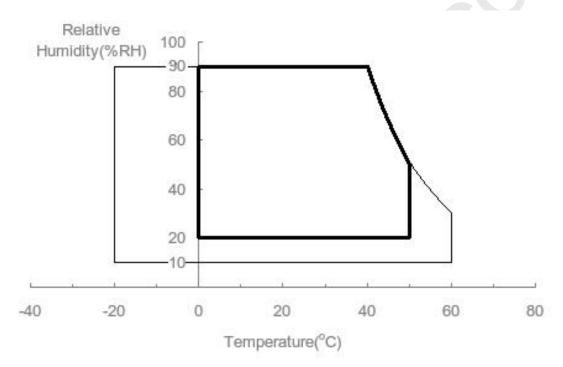
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

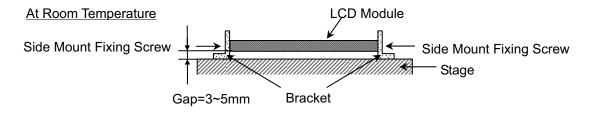
Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	5	Note
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	ပ္	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	ပ္	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	ı	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	ı	1.5	G	(4), (5)
LCD Cell Life Time	L _{CELL}	50,000	-	Hrs	MTBF based

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90% RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.



- Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.
- Note (3) 50G,11 ms, half-sine wave, 1 time for \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z.
- Note (4) $10 \sim 300$ Hz, sweep rate 10 min / cycle , 30 min for X,Y,Z axis
- Note (5) Upon the Vibration and Shock tests, the fixture used to hold the module must be firm and rigid enough to prevent the module from twisting or bending by the fixture.







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2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Val	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vlogic	+3.0	+3.6	V		

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	2500	V_{RMS}	(1) , (2) , $I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	3.0	8.0	mA_{RMS}	(1), (2)	
Lamp Frequency	F_L	40	80	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

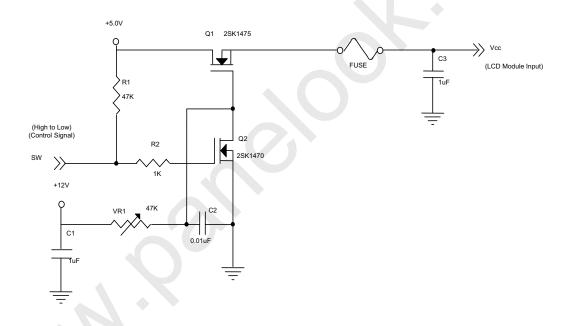
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

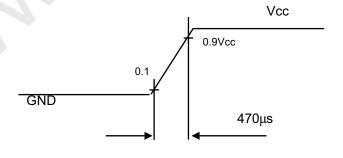
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	ı	300	mV	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	ı	3.0	Α	(2)
	White		-	0.73	0.95	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	1.26	1.65	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe		-	1.22	1.6	Α	(3)c
Power consumption (with	hout Backlight Unit)	Plcd	-	6.3	8.25	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	100	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
Logic High Input Voltage		VIH	2.64		3.6	V	
Logic Low Input Voltage		VIL	0		0.66	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Power on rush current measurement conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470µs

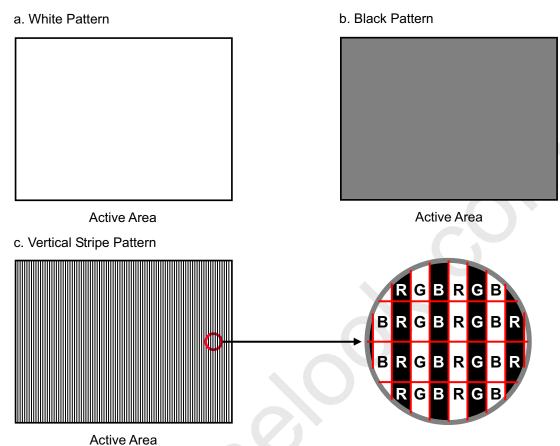






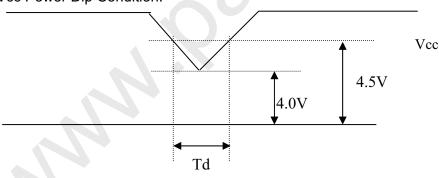


Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C, f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

3.1.1 Vcc Power Dip Condition:



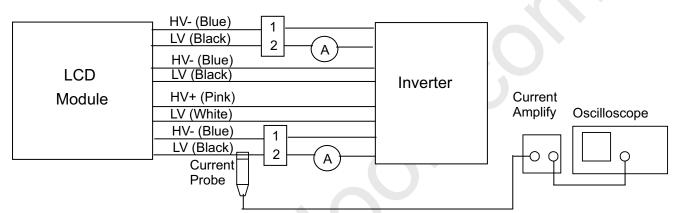
Dip condition: $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V, Td \le 20ms$

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3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note $I_{L} = 7.0 \text{ mA}$ (1) (2) (2) (2) (3) (5) $I_{L} = 7.0 \text{ mA}$	
r arameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic		
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	783	870	957	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 7.0 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	3	7.0	8	mA_{RMS}	(1)	
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	-	-	1370(25°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Lamp rum on voltage	v _S	-	-	1770(0°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Operating Frequency	F_L	40	55	80	KHz	(3)	
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	40000	50000	ı	Hrs	$(5) I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$	
Power Consumption	P_L	-	24.36	ı	W	(4) , $I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high-frequency current meters as shown below:



Measure equipment:

Current Amplify: TektronixTCPA300 Current probe: Tektronix TCP312 Oscilloscope: TDS3054B

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

- Note (2) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally. It is the value output voltage of NF circuit.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 4CCFLs$
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 7 mA until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes $\leq 50\%$ of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes \leq 80% of its original value. (The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 80% of that at the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter



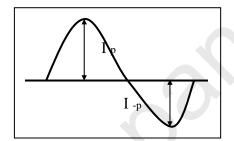
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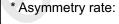
for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.





$$\mid$$
 I $_{p}$ $-$ I $_{-p}$ \mid / I $_{rms}$ * 100%

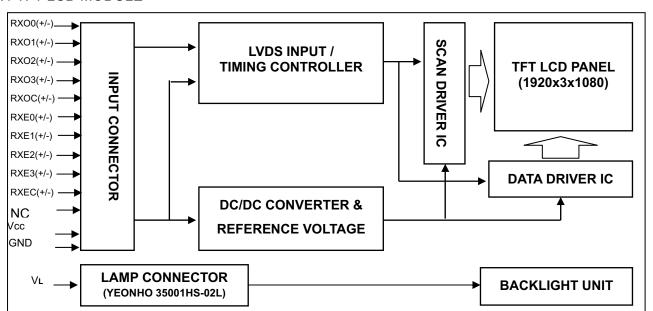
* Distortion rate

$$I_p$$
 (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}

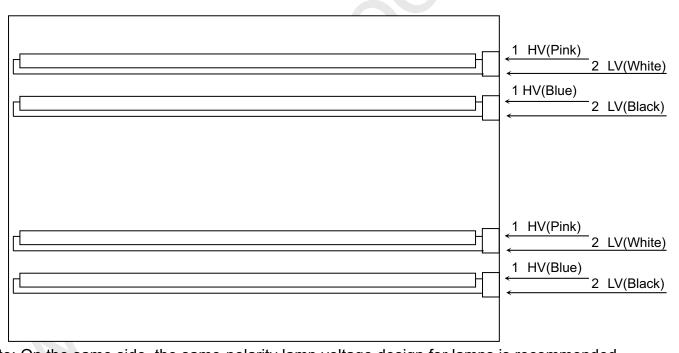
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



Note: On the same side, the same-polarity lamp voltage design for lamps is recommended



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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
26	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
27	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
	1	

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 093G30-B0001A(STARCONN) or 10041195-002(FCI)

Note (2) Mating Wire Cable Connector Part No.: FI-X30H(JAE) or FI-X30HL(JAE)

Note (3) Mating FFC Cable Connector Part No.: 217007-013001 (P-TWO) or JF05X030-1 (JAE)

Note (4) The first pixel is odd.

VCC

Note (5) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.

+5.0V power supply





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5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Charmer 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Charmer OT	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Charmer 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel E0	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Challiel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Challie E3	Data order	NΔ	FR7	FR6	FG7	FG6	FR7	ER6

5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Low Voltage	White
1	HV	High Voltage	Blue
2	LV	Low Voltage	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001HS-02L or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001WR-02L or equivalent



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5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da		Sigr											
	Color				Re									reer							Blu				
	_	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4		B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	À	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crave	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	ì:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Crov	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray Scale	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:		:):)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Diue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

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6. INTERFACE TIMING

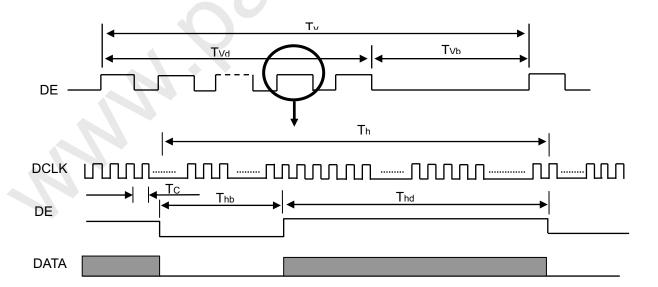
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Frequency	Fc	58.54	74.25	98	MHz	-	
	Period	Tc	-	13.47	-	ns	-	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T _{rcl}	-20*Tc	ı	20*Tc	ps	(2)	
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	0.98*Fc	ı	1.02*Fc	MHz	(3)	
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}	ı	ı	200	KHz	(3)	
	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-	
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Тс	-	
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	(4)	
LVDS Dala	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	(4)	
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb	
Vertical Active Display	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1136	Th	-	
Term	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	-	
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	56	Th	-	
Horizontal Active	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb	
	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	-	
Display Term	Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	-	

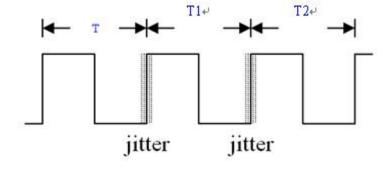
Note: (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

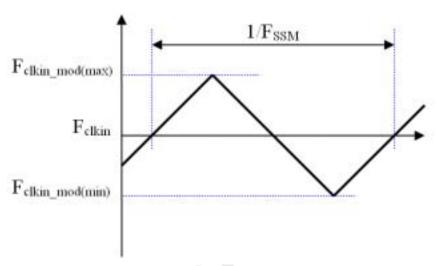


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Note (2) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $IT_1 - TI$

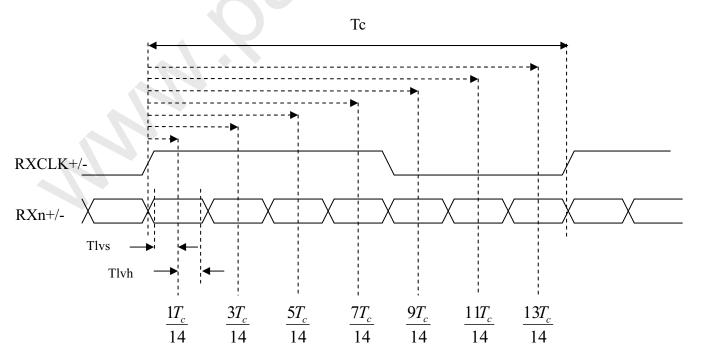


Note (3) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (4) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

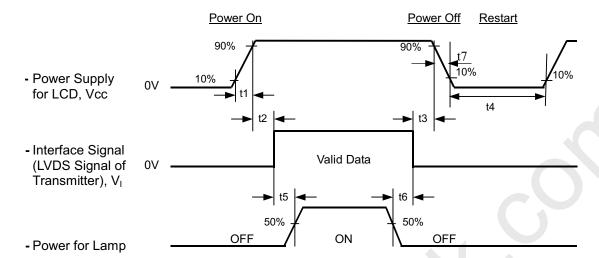
LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



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6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1 \leq 10 msec

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

 $0 < t3 \leq 50 \text{ msec}$

 $t4 \ge 500 \text{ msec}$

 $t5 \ge 450 \, \text{msec}$

 $t6 \ge 90 \text{ msec}$

 $5 \le t7 \le 100 \text{ msec}$

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t7 spec"

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7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	5.0	V			
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"					
Inverter Current	IL	7.0±0.5	mA			
Inverter Driving Frequency	F∟	55±5	KHz			
Inverter	Darfon VK.13165.101					

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

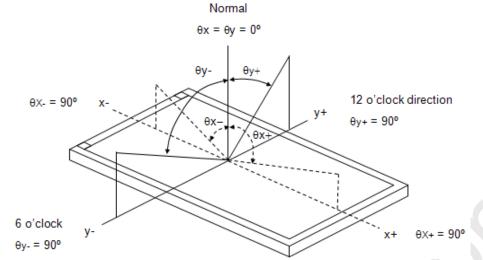
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rx			0.651				
	Red	Ry			0.334				
	Green	Gx	θ_x =0° , θ_Y =0°	Тур –	0.286				
Color	Oreen	Gy	CS-1000T		0.600	Typ +		(4) (5)	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	R=G=B=255 Grayscale	0.03	0.152	0.03	-	(1), (5)	
	Blue	Ву	Olayscale		0.075				
	NA // - /	Wx			0.313				
	White	Wy			0.329				
Center Luminance of White		L _C		250	300		cd/m ²	(4), (5)	
Contrast Ratio		CR		800	1200		-	(2), (6)	
Response Time		T_R	$\theta_x = 0^\circ$, $\theta_Y = 0^\circ$		1.0	2.2	ms	(3)	
rresponse nine		T _F	0 _x -0 , 0γ -0		2.0	5.5	ms		
White Variation		δW	θ_{x} =0°, θ_{Y} =0°			1.33	-	(5), (6)	
	Harizantal	θ_x +	7	75	85				
Viowing Anglo	Horizontal	θ_{x} -	CR>10	75	85		Dog	(1) (5)	
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ_{Y} +	CK>10	70	80	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	vertical	θ _Y -		70	80	-			
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_x +		80	89	-			
	Honzontal	θ _x -	CR>5	80	89		Dea	(1), (5)	
	Vertical	θ _Y +	UN/J	75	85		Deg.		
	vertical	θ _Y -		75	85				

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



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Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

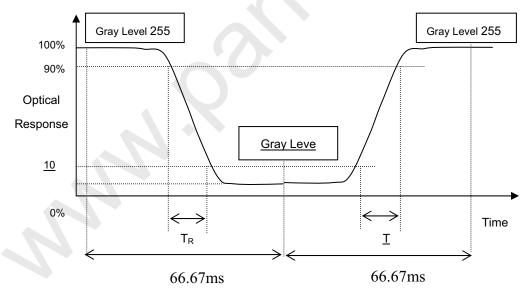
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).





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Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

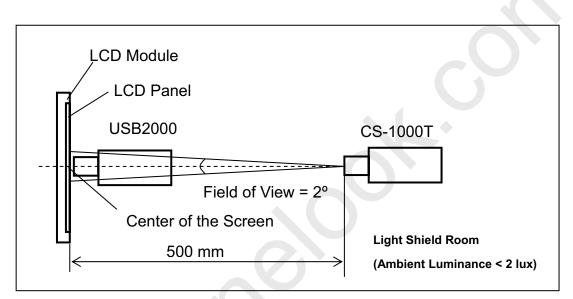
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{C} = L (5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

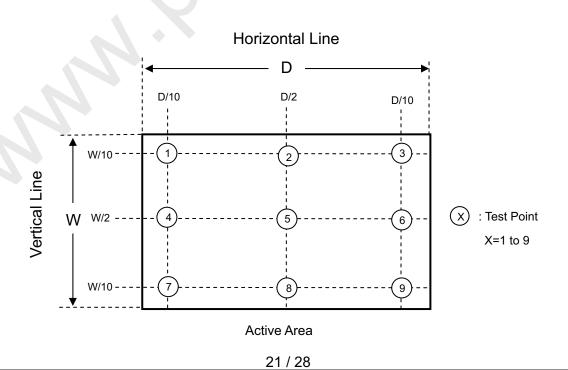
Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 40 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW): Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

δW = Maximum [L (1) ~ L (9)] / Minimum [L (1) ~ L (9)]







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8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 10 LCD modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 563(L) X 390 (W) X 375 (H) mm

(3) Weight: 26.23 Kg (10 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Conner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, for ISTA Standard	Non Operation

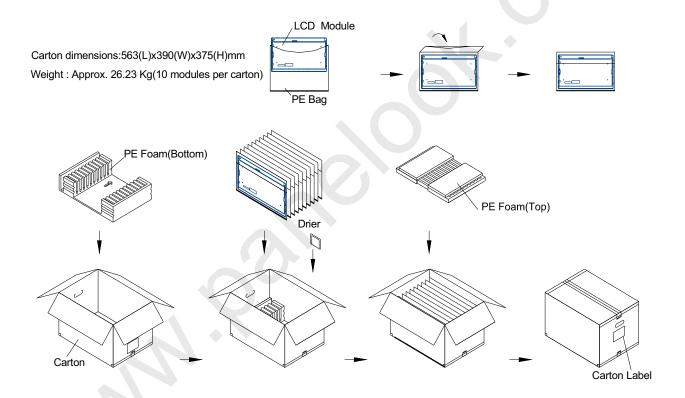


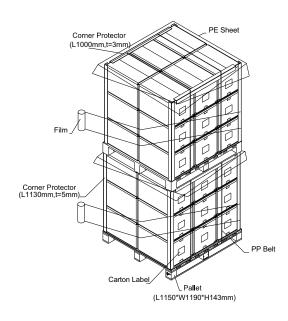
Figure. 8-1 Packing method

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For Ocean shipping

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



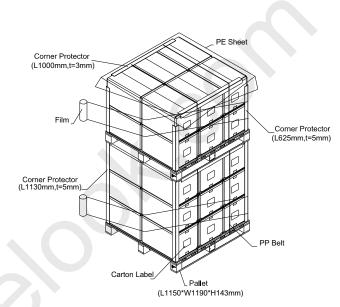


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For Air transport

Air Transportation

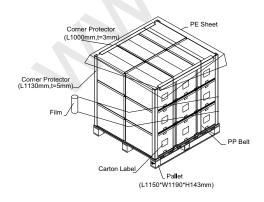


Figure. 8-3 Packing method

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9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M216H1-L06

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
		Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4
YMD	Year, month, day	Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C
	-	Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-21H16-X-X-X-X-X-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
21H16	Model number	M216H1-L06=21H16
X	Revision code	Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9 / ZBD: A~Z
Х	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,
Х	X Gate driver IC code OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, STI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M	
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN; Ningbo China=NP
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(e) FAB ID(UL Factory ID):

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG





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10. Reliability Test

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃ , 80%RH, 240hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50℃ , 50%RH , 240hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0℃ , 240hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60°C , 240hours	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20°ℂ,240hours	
Vibration Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Half-sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	
Shock Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis)	
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles	
On/Off Test	25°C ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles	
ESD (Electro Static Discharge)	Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω) Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)	
Altitude Test	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours	

11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.



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(10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

11.4. Storage

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0° to 35° And relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

11.5. Operation condition guide

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15°C

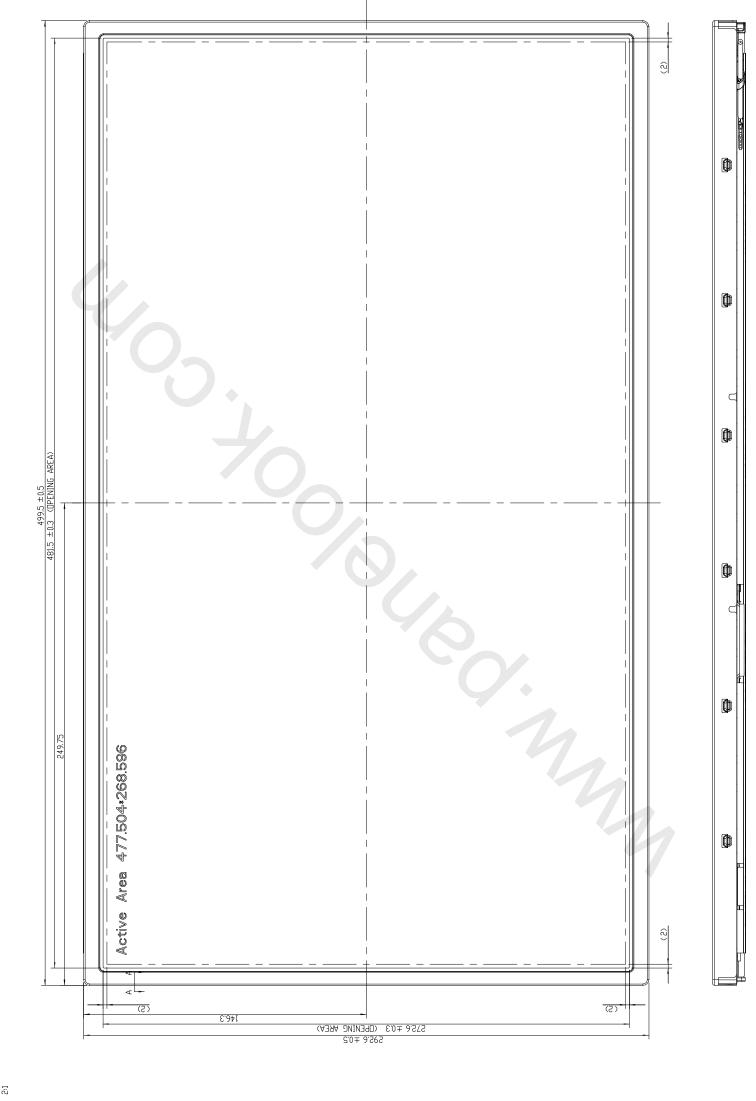
Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact CMO for application engineering advice. Otherwise, Its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

11.6 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.



ECTION A-A

0.3

0.5

