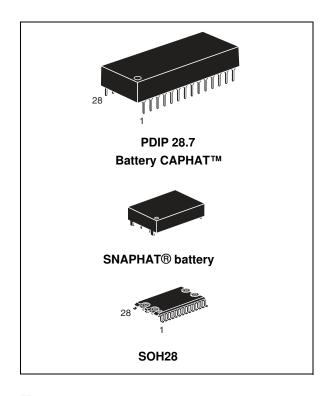


256 Kbit (32 Kbit x 8) ZEROPOWER® SRAM

Datasheet - production data



Features

- Integrated, ultra low power SRAM, power-fail control circuit, and battery
- READ cycle time equals WRITE cycle time
- Automatic power-fail chip deselect and WRITE protection
- WRITE protect voltages: (V_{PFD} = power-fail deselect voltage)
- M48Z35: $V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$; $4.5 \text{ V} \le V_{PFD} \le 4.75 \text{ V}$
- M48Z35Y: 4.5 to 5.5 V;
 4.2 V ≤ V_{PFD} ≤ 4.5 V
- Self-contained battery in the CAPHAT[™] DIP package
- Packaging includes a 28-lead SOIC and SNAPHAT[®] top (to be ordered separately)
- Pin and function compatible with JEDEC standard 32 K x 8 SRAMs

- SOIC package provides direct connection for a SNAPHAT[®] top which contains the battery
- RoHS compliant
- Lead-free second level interconnect

Description

The M48Z35/Y ZEROPOWER® RAM is a 32 K x 8, non-volatile static RAM that integrates powerfail deselect circuitry and battery control logic on a single die. The monolithic chip is available in two special packages to provide a highly integrated battery-backed memory solution.

The M48Z35/Y is a non-volatile pin and function equivalent to any JEDEC standard 32 K x 8 SRAM. It also easily fits into many ROM, EPROM, and EEPROM sockets, providing the non-volatility of PROMs without any requirement for special WRITE timing or limitations on the number of WRITEs that can be performed. The 28-pin 600 mil DIP CAPHAT[™] houses the M48Z35/Y silicon with a long life lithium button cell in a single package.

The 28-pin 330 mil SOIC provides sockets with gold plated contacts at both ends for direct connection to a separate SNAPHAT® housing containing the battery. The unique design allows the SNAPHAT battery package to be mounted on top of the SOIC package after the completion of the surface mount process. Insertion of the SNAPHAT housing after reflow prevents potential battery damage due to the high temperatures required for device surface-mounting. The SNAPHAT housing is keyed to prevent reverse insertion.

The SOIC and battery packages are shipped separately in plastic anti-static tubes or in tape & reel form.

For the 28-lead SOIC, the battery package (i.e. SNAPHAT) part number is "M4Z28-BR00SH1".

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Contents M48Z35, M48Z35Y

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M48Z35, M48Z35Y Diagram

1 Diagram

Figure 1. Logic diagram

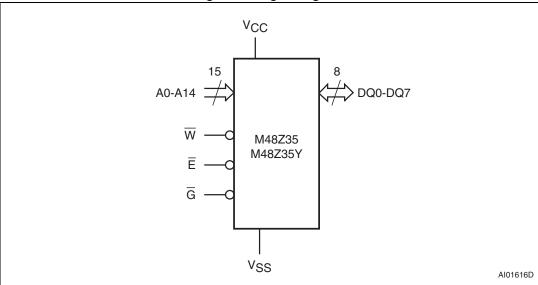


Table 1. Signal names

A0-A14	Address inputs
DQ0-DQ7	Data inputs / outputs
Ē	Chip enable input
G	Output enable input
W	WRITE enable input
V _{CC}	Supply voltage
V _{SS}	Ground

Pin connection M48Z35, M48Z35Y

2 Pin connection

Figure 2. DIP connections

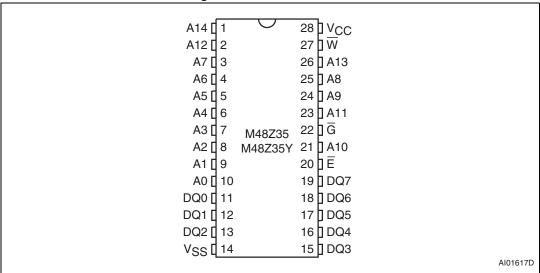
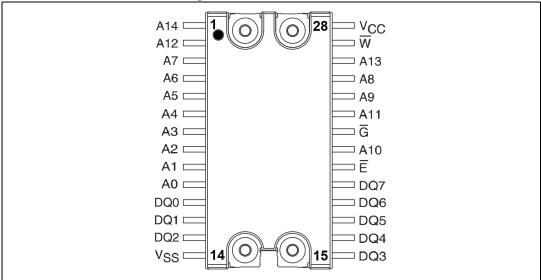


Figure 3. SOIC connections



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M48Z35, M48Z35Y Pin connection

A0-A14

VOLTAGE SENSE AND SWITCHING CIRCUITRY

VPFD

VCC

VSS

AI01619B

Figure 4. Block diagram

Operation modes M48Z35, M48Z35Y

3 Operation modes

The M48Z35/Y also has its own power-fail detect circuit. The control circuitry constantly monitors the single 5 V supply for an out of tolerance condition. When V_{CC} is out of tolerance, the circuit write protects the SRAM, providing a high degree of data security in the midst of unpredictable system operation brought on by low V_{CC} . As V_{CC} falls below approximately 3 V, the control circuitry connects the battery which maintains data until valid power returns.

	Table 2. Operating modes								
Mode	V _{cc}	IΕ	G	w	DQ0- DQ7	Power			
Deselect		V _{IH}	Х	Х	High Z	Standby			
WRITE	4.75 to 5.5 V	V _{IL}	Х	V _{IL}	D _{IN}	Active			
READ	or 4.5 to 5.5 V	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	D _{OUT}	Active			
READ		V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	High Z	Active			
Deselect	V _{SO} to V _{PFD} (min) ⁽¹⁾	Х	Х	Х	High Z	CMOS standby			
Deselect	< V ₂₀ (1)	X	X	X	High 7	Battery backup mode			

Table 2. Operating modes

Note: $X = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} : V_{SO} = battery backup switchover voltage.

3.1 READ mode

The M48Z35/Y is in the READ mode whenever \overline{W} (WRITE enable) is high, \overline{E} (chip enable) is low. The device architecture allows ripple-through access of data from eight of 264,144 locations in the static storage array. Thus, the unique address specified by the 15 address inputs defines which one of the 32,768 bytes of data is to be accessed. Valid data will be available at the data I/O pins within address access time (t_{AVQV}) after the last address input signal is stable, providing that the \overline{E} and \overline{G} access times are also satisfied. If the \overline{E} and \overline{G} access times are not met, valid data will be available after the latter of the chip enable access time (t_{ELOV}) or output enable access time (t_{ELOV}).

The state of the eight three-state data I/O signals is controlled by \overline{E} and \overline{G} . If the outputs are activated before t_{AVQV} , the data lines will be driven to an indeterminate state until t_{AVQV} . If the address inputs are changed while \overline{E} and \overline{G} remain active, output data will remain valid for output data hold time (t_{AXQX}) but will go indeterminate until the next address access.

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^{1.} See Table 6 for details.

M48Z35, M48Z35Y Operation modes

tAVAV A0-A14 VALID tAVQV · - tAXQX tELQV · tEHQZ Ē tELQX -- tGLQV tGHQZ · $\overline{\mathsf{G}}$ - tGLQX -DQ0-DQ7 VALID AI00925

Figure 5. READ mode AC waveforms

Note: $WRITE \ enable \ (\overline{W}) = high.$

Table 3. READ mode AC characteristics

Cumbal	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	M48Z02	I I na i A	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{AVAV}	READ cycle time	70		ns
t _{AVQV} ⁽²⁾	Address valid to output valid		70	ns
t _{ELQV} (2)	Chip enable low to output valid		70	ns
t _{GLQV} ⁽²⁾	Output enable low to output valid		35	ns
t _{ELQX} (3)	Chip enable low to output transition	5		ns
t _{GLQX} (3)	Output enable low to output transition	5		ns
t _{EHQZ} (3)	Chip enable high to output Hi-Z		25	ns
t _{GHQZ} (3)	Output enable high to output Hi-Z		25	ns
t _{AXQX} ⁽²⁾	Address transition to output transition	10		ns

^{1.} Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70 °C; $V_{CC} = 4.75$ to 5.5 V or 4.5 to 5.5 V (except where noted).

^{2.} $C_L = 100 pF$

^{3.} $C_L = 5 pF$

Operation modes M48Z35, M48Z35Y

3.2 WRITE mode

The M48Z35/Y is in the WRITE mode whenever \overline{W} and \overline{E} are low. The start of a WRITE is referenced from the latter occurring falling edge of \overline{W} or \overline{E} . A WRITE is terminated by the earlier rising edge of \overline{W} or \overline{E} . The addresses must be held valid throughout the cycle. \overline{E} or \overline{W} must return high for a minimum of t_{EHAX} from chip enable or t_{WHAX} from WRITE enable prior to the initiation of another READ or WRITE cycle. Data-in must be valid t_{DVWH} prior to the end of WRITE and remain valid for t_{WHDX} afterward. \overline{G} should be kept high during WRITE cycles to avoid bus contention; although, if the output bus has been activated by a low on \overline{E} and \overline{G} , a low on \overline{W} will disable the outputs t_{WLOZ} after \overline{W} falls.

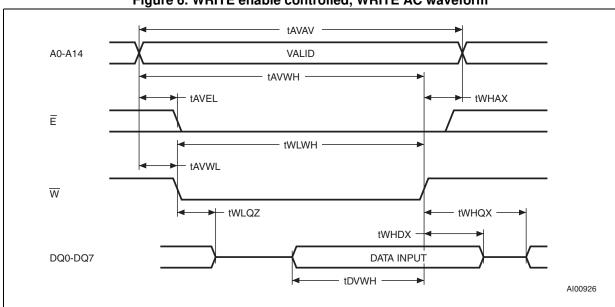
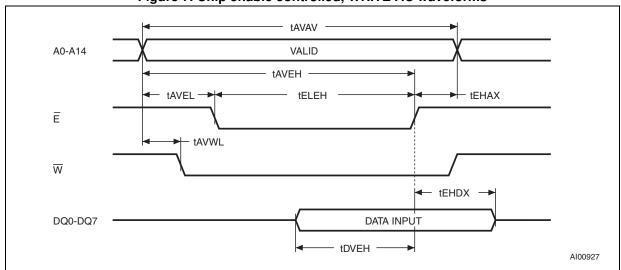


Figure 6. WRITE enable controlled, WRITE AC waveform





M48Z35, M48Z35Y Operation modes

M48Z35/M48Z35Y Parameter⁽¹⁾ -70 Unit Symbol Min. Max. WRITE cycle time 70 t_{AVAV} ns Address valid to WRITE enable low 0 t_{AVWL} ns Address valid to chip enable 1 low 0 t_{AVEL} ns WRITE enable pulse width 50 t_{WLWH} ns Chip enable low to chip enable 1 high 55 t_{ELEH} ns WRITE enable high to address transition 0 twhax ns Chip enable high to address transition 0 ns t_{EHAX} Input valid to WRITE enable high 30 t_{DVWH} ns Input valid to chip enable high 30 ^t_{DVEH} 5 WRITE enable high to input transition twhox ns Chip enable high to input transition 5 t_{EHDX} $t_{WLQZ}^{(2)(3)}$ WRITE enable low to output Hi-Z 25 ns Address valid to WRITE enable high 60 t_{AVWH} ns Address valid to chip enable high 60 ns t_{AVEH} $t_{WHQX}^{\left(2\right)\left(3\right)}$ WRITE enable high to output transition 5 ns

Table 4. WRITE mode AC characteristics

3.3 Data retention mode

With valid V_{CC} applied, the M48Z35/Y operates as a conventional BYTEWIDETM static RAM. Should the supply voltage decay, the RAM will automatically power-fail deselect, write protecting itself when V_{CC} falls within the V_{PFD} (max), V_{PFD} (min) window. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as "don't care."

Note:

A power failure during a WRITE cycle may corrupt data at the currently addressed location, but does not jeopardize the rest of the RAM's content. At voltages below V_{PFD} (min), the user can be assured the memory will be in a write protected state, provided the V_{CC} fall time is not less than t_F The M48Z35/Y may respond to transient noise spikes on V_{CC} that reach into the deselect window during the time the device is sampling V_{CC} . Therefore, decoupling of the power supply lines is recommended.

When V_{CC} drops below V_{SO} , the control circuit switches power to the internal battery which preserves data. The internal button cell will maintain data in the M48Z35/Y for an accumulated period of at least 11 years when V_{CC} is less than V_{SO} .

As system power returns and V_{CC} rises above V_{SO} , the battery is disconnected, and the power supply is switched to external V_{CC} . Write protection continues until V_{CC} reaches V_{PFD} (min) plus t_{rec} (min). E should be kept high as V_{CC} rises past V_{PFD} (min) to prevent inadvertent write cycles prior to system stabilization. Normal RAM operation can resume t_{rec}

^{1.} Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70 °C; $V_{CC} = 4.75$ to 5.5 V or 4.5 to 5.5 V (except where noted).

^{2.} $C_L = 5 pF$.

^{3.} If \overline{E} goes low simultaneously with W going low, the outputs remain in the high impedance state.

Operation modes M48Z35, M48Z35Y

after V_{CC} exceeds V_{PFD} (max). For more information on battery storage life refer to the application note AN1012.

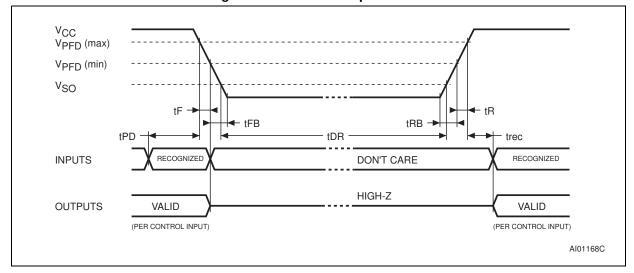


Figure 8. Power down/up mode AC waveforms

Table 5. Power down/up AC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Unit	
t _{PD}	E or W at V _{IH} before power down	0		μs
t _F ⁽²⁾	V _{PFD} (max) to V _{PFD} (min) V _{CC} fall time	300		μs
t _{FB} ⁽³⁾	V _{PFD} (min) to V _{SS} V _{CC} fall time	10		μs
t _R	V _{PFD} (min) to V _{PFD} (max) V _{CC} rise time	10		μs
t _{RB}	V _{SS} to V _{PFD} (min) V _{CC} rise time	1		μs
t _{rec}	V _{PFD} (max) to inputs recognized	40	200	ms

^{1.} Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70 °C; $V_{CC} = 4.75$ to 5.5 V or 4.5 to 5.5 V (except where noted).

Table 6. Power down/up trip points DC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V _{PFD}	Power fail decelect voltage	M48Z35	4.5	4.6	4.75	V
	Power-fail deselect voltage	M48Z35Y	4.2	4.35	4.5	V
V _{SO}	Battery backup switchover voltage M48Z35/Y			3.0		V
t _{DR} ⁽²⁾	Expected data retention time	10			Years	

^{1.} Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70 °C; $V_{CC} = 4.75$ to 5.5 V or 4.5 to 5.5 V (except where noted).

Note: All voltages referenced to V_{SS} .

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V_{PFD} (max) to V_{PFD} (min) fall time of less than t_F may result in deselection/write protection not occurring until 200 μs after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} (min).

^{3.} V_{PFD} (min) to V_{SS} fall time of less than t_{FB} may cause corruption of RAM data.

^{2.} At 25 °C, $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$.

M48Z35, M48Z35Y Operation modes

3.4 V_{CC} noise and negative going transients

 I_{CC} transients, including those produced by output switching, can produce voltage fluctuations, resulting in spikes on the V_{CC} bus. These transients can be reduced if capacitors are used to store energy which stabilizes the V_{CC} bus. The energy stored in the bypass capacitors will be released as low going spikes are generated or energy will be absorbed when overshoots occur. A ceramic bypass capacitor value of 0.1 μ F (as shown in *Figure 9*) is recommended in order to provide the needed filtering.

In addition to transients that are caused by normal SRAM operation, power cycling can generate negative voltage spikes on V_{CC} that drive it to values below V_{SS} by as much as one volt. These negative spikes can cause data corruption in the SRAM while in battery backup mode. To protect from these voltage spikes, STMicroelectronics recommends connecting a Schottky diode from V_{CC} to V_{SS} (cathode connected to V_{CC} , anode to V_{SS}). Schottky diode 1N5817 is recommended for through hole and MBRS120T3 is recommended for surface mount.

VCC
VCC
DEVICE
VSS
AI02169

Figure 9. Supply voltage protection

Maximum ratings M48Z35, M48Z35Y

4 Maximum ratings

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the absolute maximum ratings table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 7. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
T_A	Ambient operating temperature	Ambient operating temperature		
		SNAPHAT® top	-40 to 85	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (V _{CC} off, oscillator off)	CAPHAT [®] DIP	-40 to 85	°C
		SOH28	-40 to 85	°C
T _{SLD} ^{(1) (2)}	Lead solder temperature for 10 seconds	260	°C	
V _{IO}	Input or output voltages	–0.3 to 7	٧	
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	–0.3 to 7	V	
Io	Output current	20	mA	
P _D	Power dissipation		1	W

For DIP package, soldering temperature of the IC leads is to not exceed 260 °C for 10 seconds.
Furthermore, the devices shall not be exposed to IR reflow nor preheat cycles (as performed as part of
wave soldering). ST recommends the devices be hand-soldered or placed in sockets to avoid heat damage
to the batteries.

Caution: Negative undershoots below –0.3 V are not allowed on any pin while in the battery backup mode.

Caution: Do NOT wave solder SOIC to avoid damaging SNAPHAT® sockets.

For SOH28 package, lead-free (Pb-free) lead finish: reflow at peak temperature of 260 °C (the time above 255 °C must not exceed 30 seconds).

5 DC and AC parameters

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, as well as the DC and AC characteristics of the device. The parameters in the following DC and AC characteristic tables are derived from tests performed under the measurement conditions listed in Table 8. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their projects match the measurement conditions when using the quoted parameters.

Table 8. Operating and AC measurement conditions

Parameter	M48Z35	M48Z35Y	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{CC})	4.75 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
Ambient operating temperature (T _A)	0 to 70	0 to 70	°C
Load capacitance (C _L)	100	100	pF
Input rise and fall times	≤ 5	≤ 5	ns
Input pulse voltages	0 to 3	0 to 3	V
Input and output timing ref. voltages	1.5	1.5	V

Note: Output Hi-Z is defined as the point where data is no longer driven.

645Ω DEVICE UNDER TEST $C_L = 100pF$ or 1.75V C_L includes JIG capacitance AI03211

Figure 10. AC measurement load circuit

Table 9. Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Min.	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	-	10	pF
C _{IO} (3)	Input / output capacitance	-	10	pF

- 1. Effective capacitance measured with power supply at 5 V. Sampled only, not 100% tested.
- 2. Outputs deselected.
- 3. At 25°C.



6 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.

B1 — B — e1 — eA — PCDIP

Figure 11. PDIP 28.7 – 28-pin plastic DIP, battery CAPHAT™, package outline

Note: Drawing is not to scale.

Table 10. PDIP 28.7 – 28 pin plastic DIP, battery CAPHAT™, package mech. data

Cumb	mm			inches		
Symb	Тур.	Min.	Max.	Тур.	Min.	Max.
Α		8.89	9.65		0.350	0.380
A1		0.38	0.76		0.015	0.030
A2		8.38	8.89		0.330	0.350
В		0.38	0.53		0.015	0.021
B1		1.14	1.78		0.045	0.070
С		0.20	0.31		0.008	0.012
D		39.37	39.88		1.550	1.570
Е		17.83	18.34		0.702	0.722
e1		2.29	2.79		0.090	0.110
e3	33.02			1.3		
eA		15.24	16.00		0.600	0.630
L		3.05	3.81		0.120	0.150
N		28			28	

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A PART , pack. Outline

B A C B A C

Table 11. SOH28 – 28-lead plastic small outline, battery SNAPHAT®, pack. outline

Note: Drawing is not to scale.

Table 12. SOH28 – 28-lead plastic small outline, battery SNAPHAT®, pack. mech. data

					, I		
Cymbol		mm			inches		
Symbol	Тур.	Min.	Max.	Тур.	Min.	Max.	
Α			3.05			0.120	
A1		0.05	0.36		0.002	0.014	
A2		2.34	2.69		0.092	0.106	
В		0.36	0.51		0.014	0.020	
С		0.15	0.32		0.006	0.012	
D		17.71	18.49		0.697	0.728	
E		8.23	8.89		0.324	0.350	
е	1.27	_	-	0.050	_	_	
eB		3.20	3.61		0.126	0.142	
Н		11.51	12.70		0.453	0.500	
L		0.41	1.27		0.016	0.050	
а		0°	8°		0°	8°	
N		28			28		
СР			0.10			0.004	

Table 13. SH – 4-pin SNAPHAT® housing for 48 mAh battery, package outline

Note: Drawing is not to scale.

Table 14. SH – 4-pin SNAPHAT® housing for 48 mAh battery, pack. mech. data

					- 37		
Cumbal		mm			inches		
Symbol	Тур.	Min.	Max.	Тур.	Min.	Max.	
Α			9.78			0.385	
A1		6.73	7.24		0.265	0.285	
A2		6.48	6.99		0.255	0.275	
А3			0.38			0.015	
В		0.46	0.56		0.018	0.022	
D		21.21	21.84		0.835	0.860	
Е		14.22	14.99		0.560	0.590	
eA		15.55	15.95		0.612	0.628	
eВ		3.20	3.61		0.126	0.142	
L		2.03	2.29		0.080	0.090	

M48Z35, M48Z35Y Part numbering

7 Part numbering

Table 15. Ordering information

Order code	Package	Temperature range	Speed	Supply voltage
M48Z35-70PC1	PDIP 28.7 SOH28	0 to 70 °C	70	V _{CC} = 4.75 to 5.5 V; V _{PFD} = 4.5 to 4.75 V
M48Z35Y-70PC1				V _{CC} = 4.5 to 5.5 V; V _{PFD} = 4.2 to 4.5 V
M48Z35Y-70MH1F				V _{CC} = 4.75 to 5.5 V; V _{PFD} = 4.5 to 4.75 V

Caution: Do not place the SNAPHAT battery package "M4Zxx-BR00SH1" in conductive foam as it will drain the lithium button-cell battery.

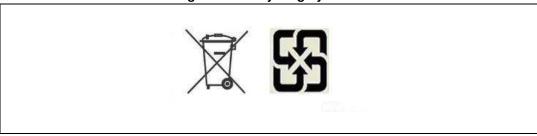
For other options, or for more information on any aspect of this device, please contact the ST sales office nearest you.

Table 16. SNAPHAT® battery table

Part number	Description	Package
M4Z28-BR00SH1	Lithium battery (48 mAh) SNAPHAT®	SH
M4Z32-BR00SH1	Lithium battery (120 mAh) SNAPHAT®	SH

8 Environmental information

Figure 12. Recycling symbols



This product contains a non-rechargeable lithium (lithium carbon monofluoride chemistry) button cell battery fully encapsulated in the final product.

Recycle or dispose of batteries in accordance with the battery manufacturer's instructions and local/national disposal and recycling regulations.

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M48Z35, M48Z35Y Revision history

9 Revision history

Table 17. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes	
Aug-1999	1	First issue	
21-Apr-2000	1.1	SH and SH28 packages for 2-pin and 2-socket removed	
10-May-2001	2	Reformatted; added temperature information (Table 9, 10, 3, 4, 5, 6)	
29-May-2002	2.1	Modified reflow time and temperature footnotes (Table 7)	
02-Apr-2003	3	v2.2 template applied; test condition updated (Table 6)	
03-Mar-2004	4	Reformatted; updated with Lead-free information (Table 7, 15)	
20-Aug-2004	5	Reformatted; remove references to 'crystal' (cover page)	
09-Jun-2005	6	Removal of SNAPHAT®, industrial temperature sales types (Table 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15). Reformatted; added lead-free second level interconnect information cover page and Section 5: Package mechanical data; updated Tab 7, 15, 16 Updated Table 7, text in Section 5: Package mechanical data; adde Section 7: Environmental information.	
02-Nov-2007	7		
25-Mar-2009	8		
19-Aug-2010	9	Updated Section 3, Table 11; reformatted document.	
07-Jun-2011	10	Updated footnote 1 of Table 7: Absolute maximum ratings; updated Section 7: Environmental information.	
06-Oct-2020	11	Added Table 15: Ordering information. Updated package name.	
16-Apr-2024	12	Updated Figure 3 and Table 6.	

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