MITSUBISHI LSIS

M50602P

## ELECTRONIC VOLUME CONTROL CMOS 5-BIT D/A CONVERTER

### DESCRIPTION

The M50602P is a controller IC that controls digitally the control voltage of an electronic volume control. Fabricated using aluminum gate CMOS technology, this IC has a builtin 5-bit D/A converter circuit based on the PWM system and it can control analogue quantities in 32 steps.

## FEATURES

- Low power dissipation
- Built-in ceramic oscillator circuit with a high frequency stability
- Control of analogue quantities in 32 steps
- Self-contained offset function
- Self-contained preset function

## APPLICATION

Electronic volume control systems

## FUNCTION

The M50602P is CMOS IC containing a 5-bit up/down counter, an oscillator circuit, a frequency divider and a D/A converter, and it is designed to control digitally the control voltage of an electronic volume control.

Functions include manual up/down and auto up/down functions of the 5-bit up/down counter and a preset function for presetting the contents of the counter to "0," "16" or to any value using the 5-bit offset inputs.





22-pin molded plastic DIL





## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### **Oscillator Circuit**

This IC contains an oscillator circuit. The reference signal is obtained by mounting a ceramic vibrator and two capacitors at the OSC IN and OSC OUT pins. A typical circuit is shown in Fig. 1.



Fig. 1 Typical oscillator circuit (using ceramic vibrator)

### **Up/Down Function**

Every time a high-level signal is applied to the UP pin, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter increase by one step. When "31" has been reached, no further increase is possible. The high-level must be  $100\mu$ s at the minimum.

When a high-level signal is kept applied to the UP pin for more than 0.41  $\sim$  0.52 sec, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter increase at a rate of approximately 9.77 steps/sec. Until "31" has been reached.

Every time a high-level signal is applied to the DOWN pin, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter decrease by one step. When "0" has been reached, no further decrease is possible. The high-level must be  $100\mu s$  at the minimum. When a high-level signal is kept applied to the DOWN pin for more than 0.41 ~ 0.52 sec, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter decrease at a rate of approximately 9.77 steps/sec. Until "0" has been reached.

When high-level signals are applied to both the UP and DOWN pins, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter do not change.

#### Preset Function

When a pulse signal such as that shown in Fig. 2 is applied to the L pin with the PRESET pin and M pin both low, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter are preset to "0". When a pulse signal such as that shown in Fig. 2 is applied to the M pin with the PRESET pin and L pin both low, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter are preset to "16". When a pulse signal such as that shown in Fig. 2 is applied to the PRESET pin with the M and L pins both low, the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter are preset by the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter are preset by the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter are preset by the contents of the offset input pins (OF<sub>1</sub>, OF<sub>2</sub>, OF<sub>3</sub>, OF<sub>4</sub>,  $OF_5$ ). Consequently, the contents of the counter can be preset to any value by combining the five offset input pins. Table 1 shows the relationship between the contents of the offset input pins and the contents of the 5-bit up/down counter.



Fig. 2 L pin/M pin/PRESET pin input waveform

	Offset input				5-bit up/down	Bemarks		
OF <sub>1</sub>	OF <sub>2</sub>	OF <sub>3</sub>	OF4	OF <sub>5</sub>	counter contents	memarks		
0	0	0	0	0	0	Lowest level		
1	0	0	0	0	1			
0	1	0	0	0	2			
1	1	0	0	0	3			
0	0	1	0	0	4			
1	0	1	0	0	5			
0	1	1	0	0	6			
1	1	1	0	0	7			
0	0	0	1	0	8			
1	0	0	1	0	9			
0	1	0	1	0	10			
1	1	0	1	С	11			
0	0	1	1	0	12			
1	0	1	1	0	13			
0	1	1	1	0	14			
1	1	1	. 1	0	15			
0	0	0	0	1	16	Intermediate level		
1	0	0	0	1	17			
0	1	0	0	1	.18			
1	1	0	0	1	19			
0	0	1	0	1	20			
1	0	1	0	1	21			
0	1	1	0	1	22			
1	1	1	0	1	23			
0	0	0	1	1	24			
1	0	0	1	1	25			
0	1	0	1	1	26			
1	1	0	1	1	27			
0	0	1.	1	1	28			
1	0	1	1	1	29			
0	1	1	1	1	30			
1	1	1	1	1	31	Highest level		

#### Table 1 Relationship between Offset Input and 5-bit UP/down Counter Contents



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## **Reset Function**

This is a function used for testing. When a high-level signal is applied to the RESET pin, the frequency divider (480kHz  $\sim$  4.88Hz) is reset.

### D/A Output

This IC contains a 5-bit D/A converter which can control analogue quantities in 32 steps.

A pulse width modulated signal having a minimum pulse

width of  $12.5\mu$ s is output with a repeat frequency of 2.5kHz.

When the mode is set to auto up or auto down through the UP pin or DOWN pin operation, the analogue quantity can be increased or decreased at a rate of approximately 9.77 steps/sec. Consequently, the time required to set the analogue quantity from the minimum to maximum value, or vice versa, is approximately 3.18 sec.

Note: It is necessary to do the initial reset to the UP/ DOWN counter and the memory after power on.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits	Unit
VDD	Supply voltage	with respect to V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.3~7	V
VI	Input voltage		$V_{SS} \leq V_{I} \leq V_{DD}$	-
Vo	Output voltage		$V_{SS} \leq V_I \leq V_{DD}$	. –
Pd	Maximum power dissipation	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C	300	mV
Topr	Operating free-air temperature range		$-30 \sim 70$	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature range		-40~125	°C

## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Linia	
		. Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	V	
f <sub>osc</sub>	Oscillation frequency		480		kHz	
VIH	High-level input voltage (Note 1)	0.7×V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	-	
VIL	Low-level input voltage (Note 1)	0	0	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	1	

Note 1. These conditions apply to M, RESET, OF<sub>5</sub>, OF<sub>4</sub>, PRESET, OF<sub>3</sub>, OF<sub>2</sub>, OF<sub>1</sub>, DOWN, UP and L pins.

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=5V, V<sub>SS</sub>=0V, C<sub>L1</sub> = C<sub>L0</sub> = 100pF, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			11-14
	a ameter	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operational supply voltage	$T_a = -30 \sim 70^{\circ}C$ , $f_{OSC} = 480 \text{kHz}$	4.5	5	5.5	V
IDD	Supply current	f <sub>OSC</sub> =480kHz		0.3	2	mA
RI	Pull-down resistances (Note 1)	VI=5V		100		kΩ
Гон	High-level output current	V <sub>0</sub> =0V	2			mA
IOL	Low-level output current	V <sub>0</sub> =5V	2			mA

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# APPLICATION EXAMPLE



