

# MITSUBISHI LINEAR ICs M51327P

## ANALOG SWITCH

### DESCRIPTION

The M51327P is a semiconductor integrated circuit containing an analog switch designed for use in a video system. It contains two audio switches and one video switch. Each switch has three inputs and can be independently controlled.

### FEATURES

- Video and stereo sound switches in one package
- Wide frequency range (video switch) ..... DC~10MHz
- High separation (video) ..... Crosstalk 55dB(typ.) @5MHz

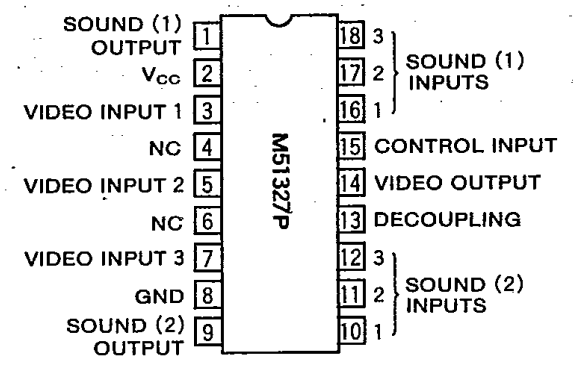
### APPLICATION

Video equipment.

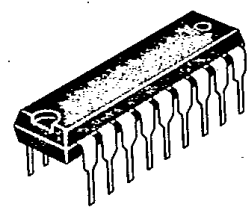
### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Supply voltage range ..... 5~14V

### PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



NC : NO CONNECTION

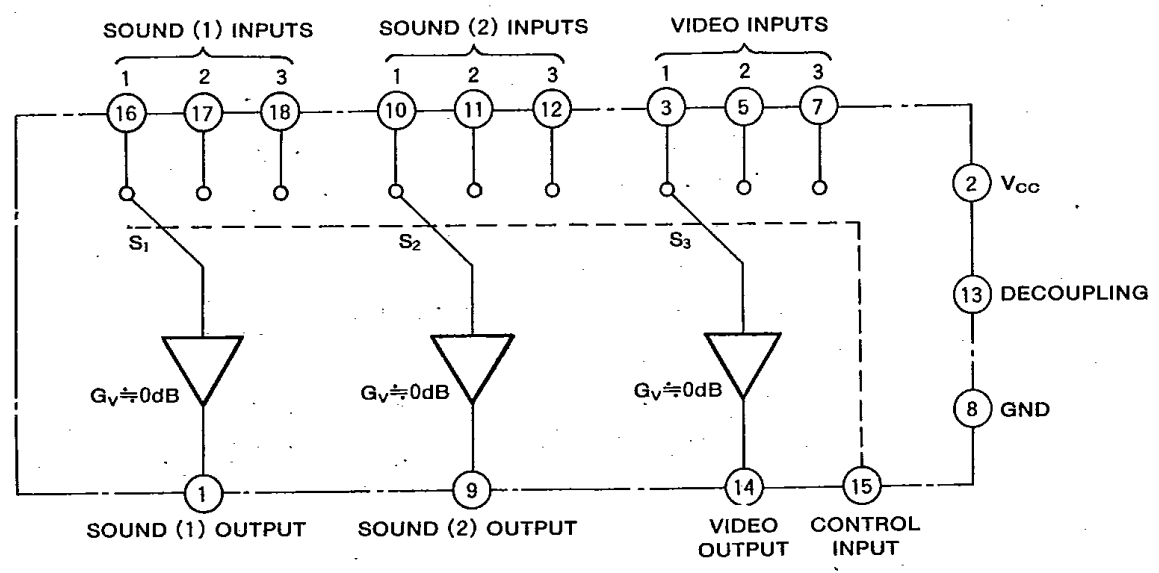


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18-pin molded plastic DIP

### BLOCK DIAGRAM

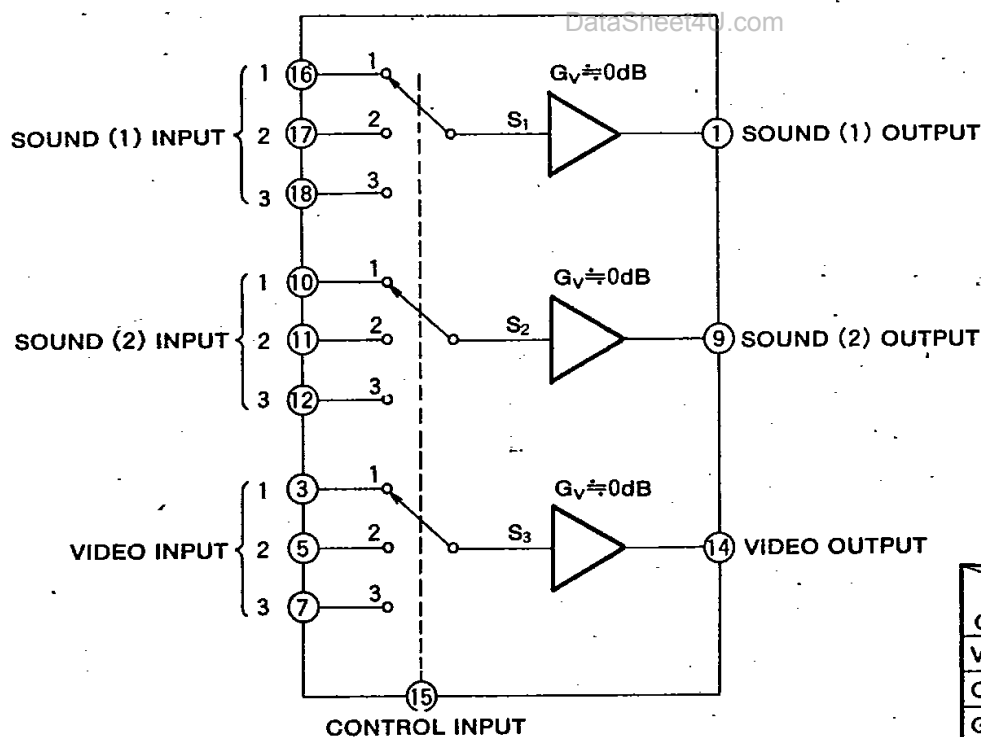


Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		14	V
V <sub>IS</sub>	Input signal voltage		6	V
V <sub>IC</sub>	Input control voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
P <sub>d</sub>	Power dissipation		1.25	W
K <sub>θ</sub>	Thermal derating		12.5	mW/°C
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating temperature range		-20~+75	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-40~+125	°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, V<sub>CC</sub>=12V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Circuit current			28	36	mA
V <sub>I DC</sub>	Input bias voltage		3.8	4.2	4.6	V
V <sub>O DC</sub>	Output bias voltage		3.0	3.6	4.2	V
V <sub>OP</sub>	Output DC offset voltage			15	100	mV
V <sub>IC H</sub>	Control-pin threshold voltage		7.0	8.0	9.0	V
V <sub>IC L</sub>			3.0	4.0	5.0	V
G <sub>V</sub>	Voltage gain	Sound, f=1kHz	-0.5	-0.1		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	Sound, f=1kHz, V <sub>O</sub> =1Vrms		0.02	0.2	%
V <sub>N</sub>	Output noise voltage	Sound, R <sub>g</sub> =600Ω, BW=15kHz		3	50	μVrms
		Video, R <sub>g</sub> =75Ω, BW=10MHz		0.5	1.0	mVrms
CT	Crosstalk	Sound, f=1kHz	65	80		dB
		Video, f=5MHz	45	55		

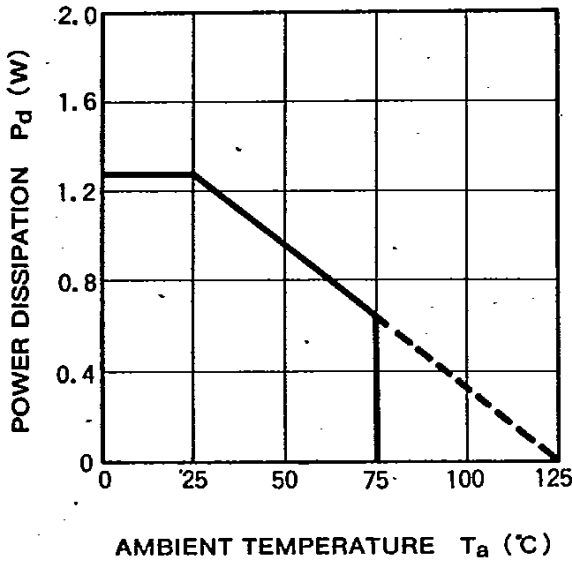
**SWITCH MODE**



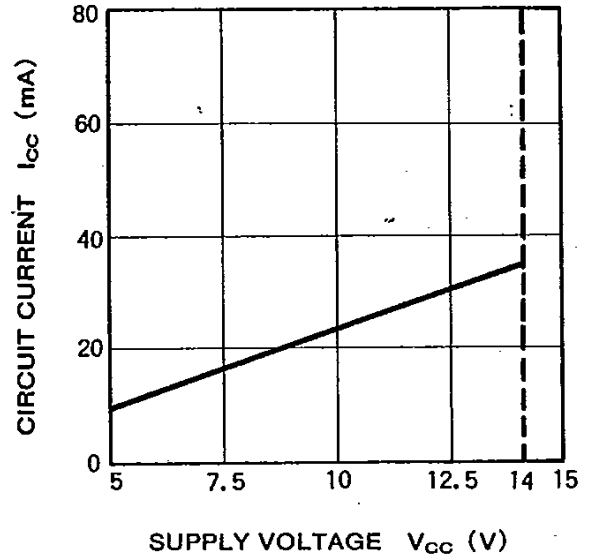
Control Input \ Switch No.	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>
V <sub>CC</sub>	1	1	1
OPEN	2	2	2
GND	3	3	3

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

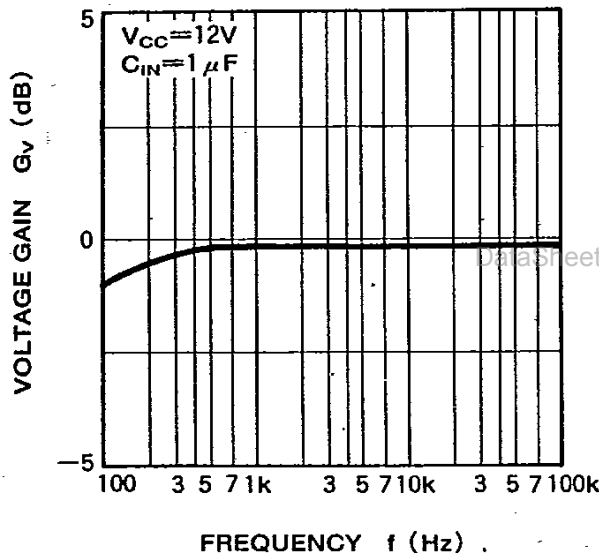
### THERMAL DERATING (MAXIMUM RATING)



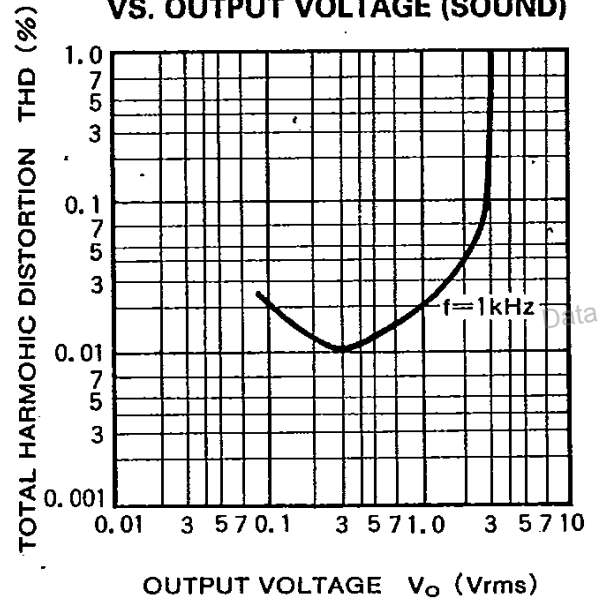
### CIRCUIT CURRENT VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



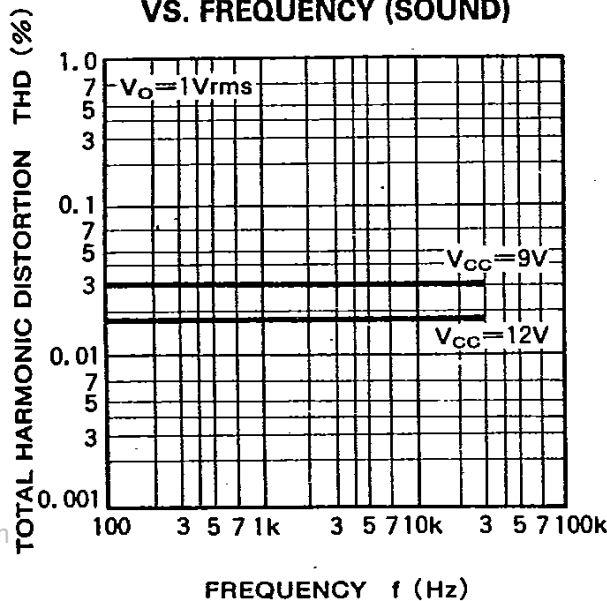
### VOLTAGE GAIN VS. FREQUENCY (SOUND)



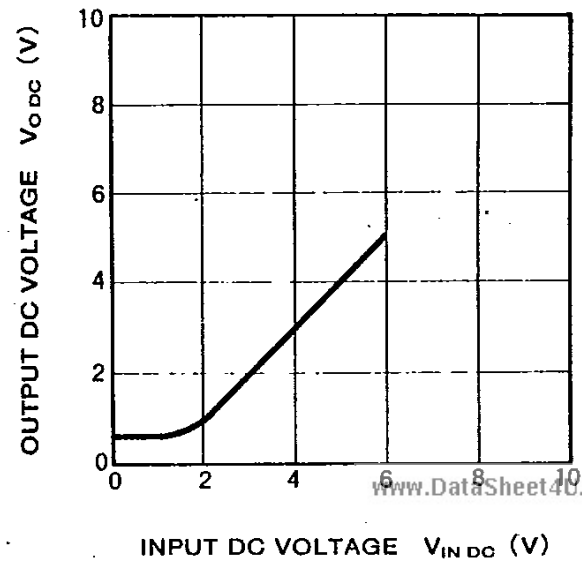
### TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION VS. OUTPUT VOLTAGE (SOUND)



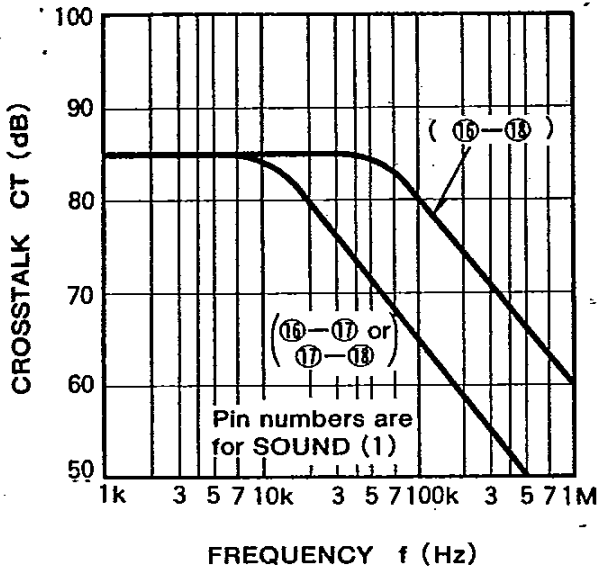
### TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION VS. FREQUENCY (SOUND)



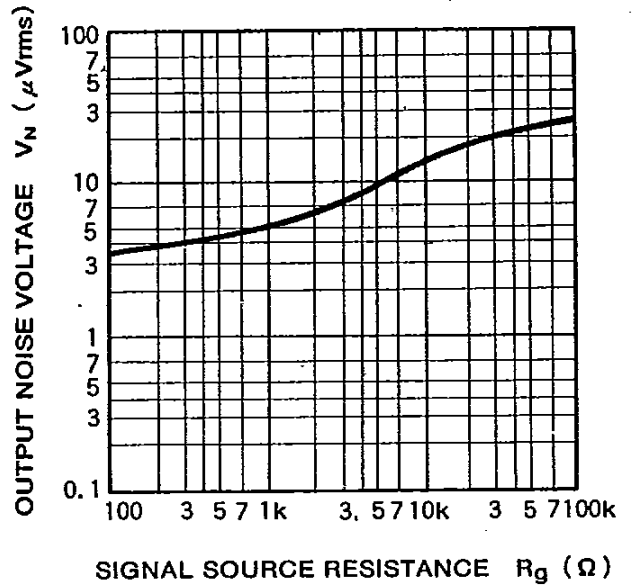
### OUTPUT DC VOLTAGE VS. INPUT DC VOLTAGE (SOUND)



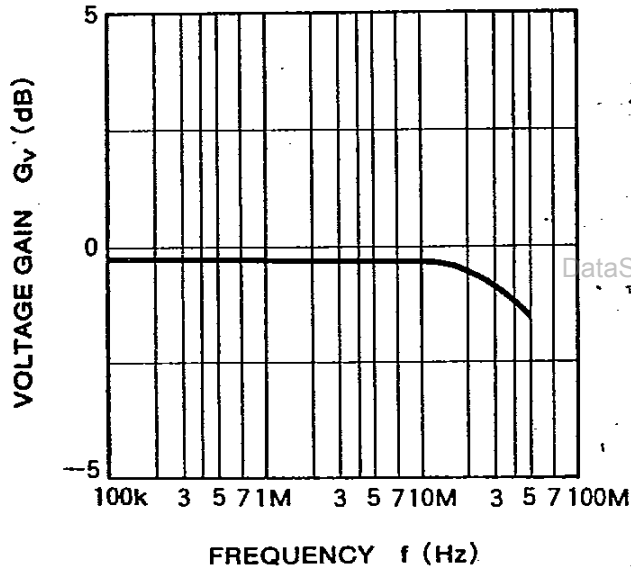
### CROSSTALK VS. FREQUENCY (SOUND)



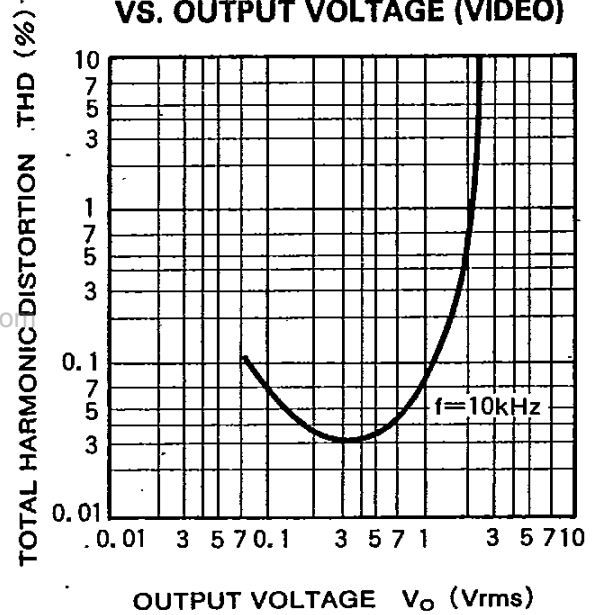
### OUTPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VS. SIGNAL SOURCE RESISTANCE (SOUND)



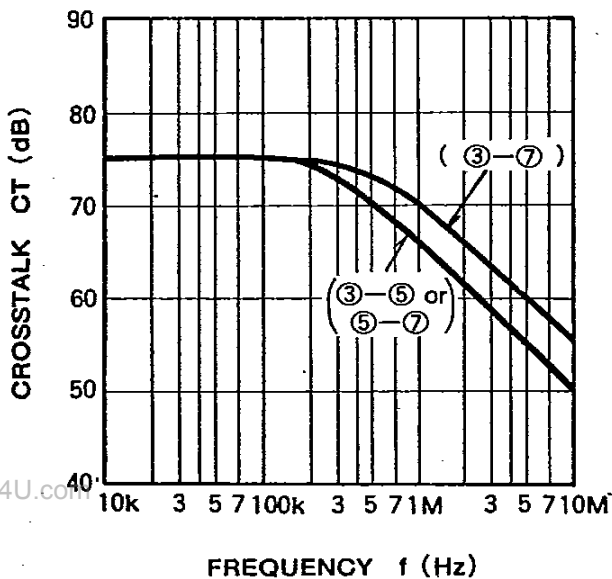
### VOLTAGE GAIN VS. FREQUENCY (VIDEO)

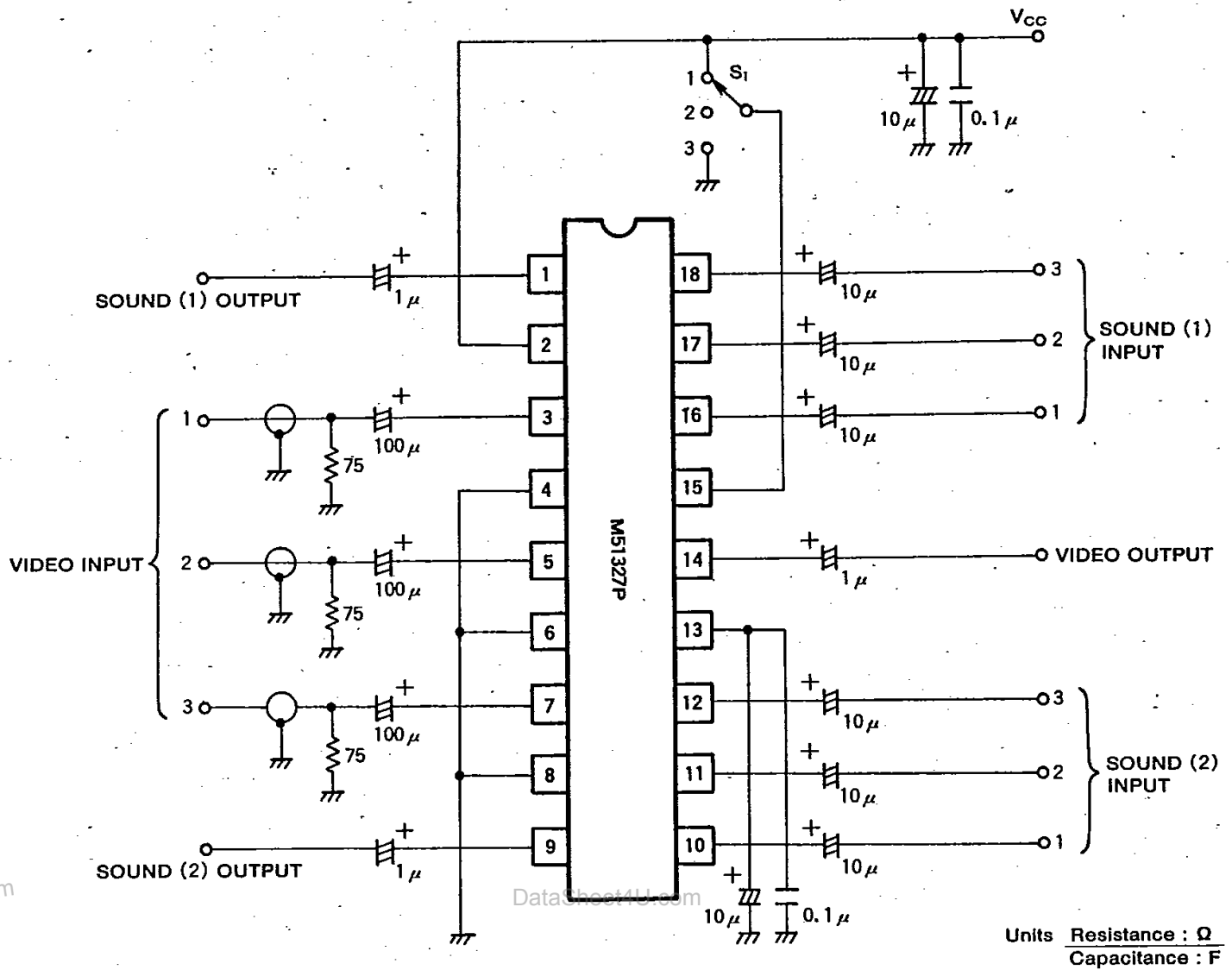


### TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION VS. OUTPUT VOLTAGE (VIDEO)



### CROSSTALK VS. FREQUENCY (VIDEO)





### PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

Since an emitter-follower output is used in the video and sound outputs, when the external wiring is long or a capacitive load is connected, a resistor with a value of several tens of ohms should be connected at a position near the output pin.