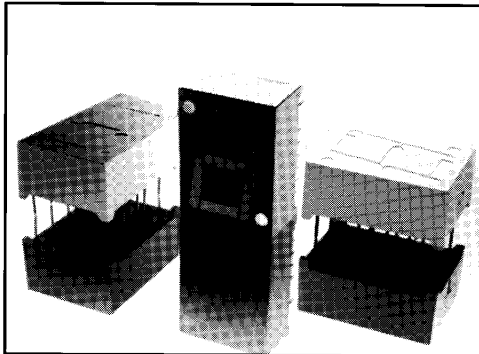


**HIGH EFFICIENCY GREEN MAN8400 SERIES**



**FEATURES**

- High Efficiency Green nitrogen-doped GaAsP on GaP
- Large, easy to read, digits
- Common anode or common cathode models
- Fast switching — excellent for multiplexing
- Low power consumption
- Bold solid segments that are highly legible
- Solid state reliability — long operation life
- Rugged plastic construction
- Directly compatible with integrated circuits
- High brightness with high contrast
- Categorized for Luminous Intensity (See Note 5)
- Wide angle viewing...150°
- Low forward voltage
- Two-digit package simplifies alignment and assembly

**DESCRIPTION**

The MAN8400 Series is a family of large digits 0.8-inches in height. This series combines high brightness, large size, good aesthetics and is designed to be used where accurate readable displays need to be viewed over a distance. All models use right hand decimal points. The display ON and OFF contrast has been optimized for high ambient light conditions by use of a neutral Grey face and diffused White segments. Construction makes use of a metal leadframe, plastic reflector cap with epoxy-filled segments and back.

**APPLICATIONS**

- For industrial and consumer applications such as:
- Digital readout displays
  - Instrument panels
  - Point of sale equipment
  - Digital clocks
  - TV and radios

**MODEL NUMBERS**

PART NUMBER	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DRAWING
MAN8410	High Efficiency Green	Common Anode; Right Hand Decimal	1
MAN8440	High Efficiency Green	Common Cathode; Right Hand Decimal	1

**RECOMMENDED OPTICAL FILTERS**

For optimum ON and OFF contrast, one of the following filters or equivalents should be used over the display:

DEVICE TYPE	FILTER
MAN8400 Series	Panelgraphic Green 48
	Homalite 100-1440 Green
	Panelgraphic Grey 10
	Homalite 100-1266 Grey



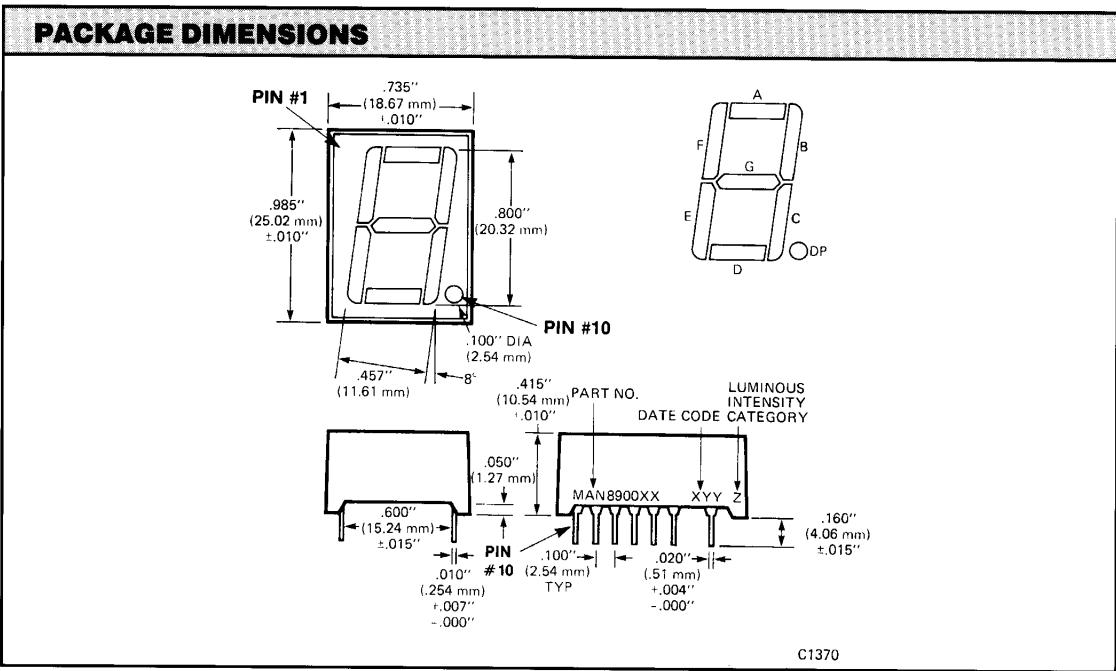
## 0.800-INCH SEVEN SEGMENT DISPLAYS

<b>ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS</b> (Per Diode at 25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)					
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Luminous Intensity, digit average (See Notes 1 and 4)	750	3200		$\mu\text{cd}$	$I_f=10\text{ mA}$
Pulsed Luminous Intensity, digit average	900	4000		$\mu\text{cd}$	$I_p=60\text{ mA peak}$ 1:6 DF
Peak emission wavelength		562		nm	
Dominant wavelength		567		nm	
Spectral line half width		30		nm	
Forward voltage		2.2	3.0	V	$I_f=20\text{ mA}$
Dynamic resistance (See Figure 1)		12		$\Omega$	$I_f=20\text{ mA}$
Light rise time		500		nsec	$I_f=10\text{ mA}$
Capacitance		40		pF	$V=0, f=\text{MHz}$
Reverse current			100	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R=3.0\text{ V}$

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b>	
Power dissipation at 25°C ambient	600 mW
Derate linearly from 50°C	-12 mW/°C
Storage and operating temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Continuous forward current	
Total	240 mA
Per segment	30 mA
Decimal point	30 mA
Reverse voltage	
Per segment	6.0 V
Decimal point	6.0 V
Soldering time at 260°C (See Notes 2 and 3)	5 sec.

<b>TYPICAL THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>	
Thermal resistance junction to free air $\Phi_{ja}$	160°C/W
Wavelength temperature coefficient (case temperature)	1.0Å/°C
Forward voltage temperature coefficient	-1.4 mV/°C

<b>NOTES</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The digit average Luminous Intensity is obtained by summing the Luminous Intensity of each segment and dividing by the total number of segments. Intensity will not vary more than <math>\pm 33.3\%</math> between all segments within a digit.</li> <li>2. Leads of the device immersed to 1/16 inch from the body. Maximum device surface temperature is 140°C.</li> <li>3. For flux removal, Freon TF, Freon TE, Isoproponal or water may be used up to their boiling points.</li> <li>4. Intensity adjusted for smaller areas of the "+" and decimal points.</li> <li>5. All displays are categorized for Luminous Intensity. The Intensity category is marked on each part as a suffix letter to the part number.</li> </ol>	



### ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS		
	MAN8410	MAN8440
	Digit	Digit
	Common Anode	Common Cathode
PIN #	Package Dimensions	Package Dimensions
1	No Connection	No Connection
2	A Cathode	A Anode
3	F Cathode	F Anode
4	Common Anode	Common Cathode
5	E Cathode	E Anode
6	—	—
7	E Cathode	E Anode
8	—	—
9	D Cathode	Common Cathode
10	DP Cathode	DP Anode
11	D Cathode	D Anode
12	Common Anode	Common Cathode
13	C Cathode	C Anode
14	G Cathode	G Anode
15	B Cathode	B Anode
16	—	—
17	Common Anode	Common Anode
18	—	—

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES**

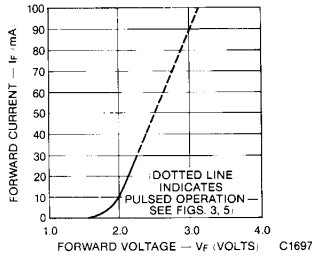


Fig. 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

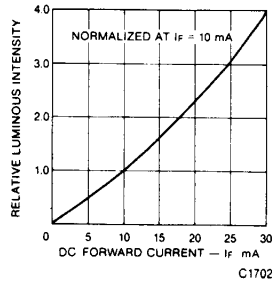


Fig. 2. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current

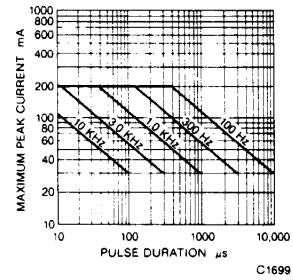


Fig. 3. Maximum Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration

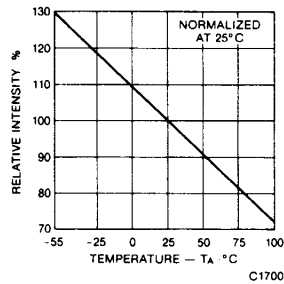


Fig. 4. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Temperature

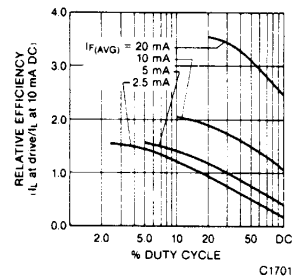
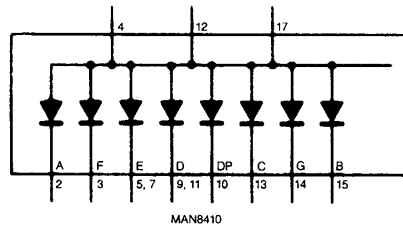
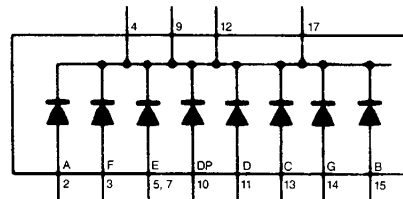


Fig. 5. Relative Efficiency vs. Duty Cycle

**INTERNAL CONNECTIONS**



MAN8410



MAN8440