Stereo 3.7W Class D Amplifier

General Description

The MAX98306 stereo 3.7W Class D amplifier provides Class AB audio performance with Class D efficiency. This device offers five selectable gain settings (6dB, 9dB, 12dB, 15dB, and 18dB) set by a single gain-select input (GAIN).

Active emissions limiting, edge-rate, and overshoot control circuitry combined with a filterless spread-spectrum modulation scheme (SSM) provide excellent EMI performance while eliminating the need for output filtering found in traditional Class D devices. These features reduce application component count.

The IC's 2.0mA quiescent current with a 3.7V supply extends battery life in portable applications.

The IC is available in a 14-pin TDFN (3mm x 3mm x 0.75mm) package specified over the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

Applications

- MP3 Players
- Smartphones Tablets
- Cellular Phones
- Accessory Speakers

Portable Audio Plavers

VoIP Phones

Typical Application Circuit

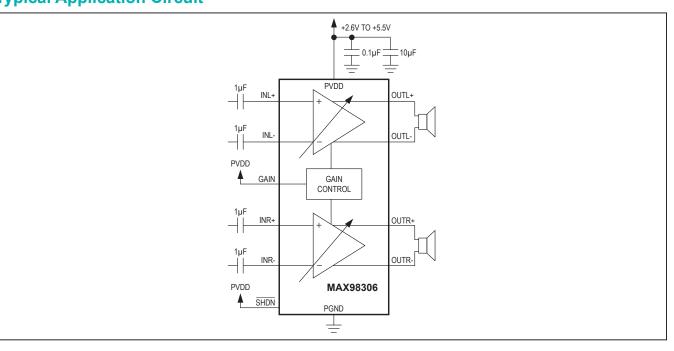
Features

- Output Power 3.7W at 3 Ω , 10% THD, 1.7W at 8 Ω , 10% THD, with 5V Supply
- Passes EMI Limit Unfiltered with Up to 12in of • Speaker Cable
- High 83dB PSRR at 217Hz
- Spread-Spectrum Modulation and Active . **Emissions Limiting**
- Five Pin-Selectable Gains
- Excellent Click-and-Pop Suppression
- Thermal and Overcurrent Protection
- Low-Current Shutdown Mode
- Space-Saving, 3mm x 3mm x 0.75mm, 14-Pin TDFN

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX98306ETD+	-40°C to +85°C	14 TDFN	+AEV

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.





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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltage
PVDD to PGND0.3V to +6V
OUTL+, OUTR+, OUTL-, OUTR-
to PGND0.3V to (V _{PVDD} + 0.3V)
All Other Pins to PGND0.3V to +6V
Current
Continuous Current Into/Out of PVDD, PGND,
OUTL+, OUTR+, OUTL-, OUTR±800mA
Continuous Input Current (all other pins)±20mA

Duration of Short Circuit OUTL+, OUTR+, OUTL-,
OUTR- to PGND or PVDDContinuous
OUTL+ to OUTL- or OUTR+ to OUTRContinuous
Continuous Power Dissipation for a MultiLayer Board ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)
TDFN (deration 24.4mW/°C above +70°C)1951.2mW
Junction Temperature+150°C
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (10s, soldering)+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})41°C/W Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})8°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to **www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial**.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{\overline{SHDN}} = 3.7V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 12dB$ (GAIN = PVDD), $R_L = \infty$, R_L connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
GENERAL	·					
Supply Voltage Range	V _{PVDD}	Guaranteed by PSRR test	2.6		5.5	V
Undervoltage Lockout	UVLO			1.8	2.3	V
Quiescent Supply Current	1	V _{PVDD} = 3.7V		2	2.7	mA
Quiescent Supply Current	IPVDD	$V_{PVDD} = 5.0V$		2.6		IIIA
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN	$V_{\overline{SHDN}} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		< 1	10	μA
Turn On Time	t _{ON}			3.2	10	ms
Bias Voltage	VBIAS		1.62	V _{PVDD} /2	2.15	V
		GAIN = PGND	17.5	18	18.5	
	A _V	GAIN = 100kΩ to PGND	14.5	15	15.5	dB
Voltage Gain		GAIN = PVDD	11.5	12	12.5	
		GAIN = 100kΩ to PVDD	8.5	9	9.5	
		GAIN = unconnected	5.5	6	6.5	1
Channel-to-Channel Gain Tracking				0.1		%
		A _V = 18dB (GAIN = PGND)	22	33		
		$A_V = 15Db$ (GAIN = 100k Ω to PGND)	31	46		
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	A _V = 12dB (GAIN = PVDD)	44	65		kΩ
		$A_V = 9 dB (GAIN = 100 k\Omega to PVDD)$	62	93		
		$A_V = 6 dB (GAIN = unconnected)$	89	131	-	1
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	f _{IN} = 1kHz, input referred		79		dB
Output Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	T _A = +25°C (Note 3)		±1	±3	mV

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{\overline{SHDN}} = 3.7V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 12dB (GAIN = PVDD), R_L = \infty, R_L connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CO	NDITIO	NS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS			
Click-and-Pop Level	K _{CP}	Peak voltage, T _A = A-weighted, 32 san	nples	Into shutdown Out of shutdown		-79 -73		dBV			
		per second (Notes	V _{PVD}	D = 2.6V to 5.5V, +25°C	70	95					
	PSRR	T _A = +25°C		7Hz, 200mV _{P-P}		83		- dB			
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	FORR	(Note 3)	f = 1k ripple	Hz, 200mV _{P-P}		83					
			f = 10 ripple	kHz, 200mV _{P-P}		77					
			V _{PVD}	= 3Ω + 22μH, _D = 5.0V		3.7		_			
		THD+N = 10%	V _{PVD}	= 4Ω + 33μH, _D = 5.0V		3		_			
			V _{PVD}	= 8Ω + 68μH, _D = 5.0V		1.7		_			
Output Power	Роит			= 8Ω + 68μH, _D = 3.7V		0.9		w			
				= 3Ω + 22μH, _D = 5.0V		2.9					
					THD+N = 1%		= 4Ω + 33μH, _D = 5.0V		2.4		
				= 8Ω +68μH _D = 5.0V		1.4		_			
				= 8Ω +68μH _D = 3.7V		0.75					
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	Plus f _{IN} = 1kHz		POUT	= 3Ω +22μH, = 1.6W, = 5.0V		0.05					
			f _{IN} = 1kHz	POUT	= 4Ω +33μH, = 650mW, = 3.7V		0.05	0.75			
	THD+N	T _A = +25°C	POUT	= 4Ω +33μH, · = 1.3W, _D = 5.0V		0.04		%			
			POUT	= 8Ω +68μH, = 725mW, = 5.0V		0.03					
Output Noise		A-weighted (Note 3	3)			29		μV _{RMS}			

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{SHDN} = 3.7V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 12dB$ (GAIN = PVDD), $R_L = \infty$, R_L connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	Z_{SPK} = 8Ω +68µH, P _{OUT} at 1% THD+N		99		dB
Efficiency	η	Z _{SPK} = 8Ω +68μH, P _{OUT} = 1.4W, f = 1kHz		92		%
Oscillator Frequency	fosc		160	320	540	kHz
Spread-Spectrum Bandwidth				20		kHz
Current Limit		T _A = +25°C		3		A
Thermal-Shutdown Level				+150		°C
Thermal Hysteresis				20		°C
DIGITAL INPUT (SHDN)						
Input-Voltage High	VIH		1.4			V
Input-Voltage Low	VIL				0.4	V
Input Leakage Current		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \overline{SHDN} = 0$			±1	μA

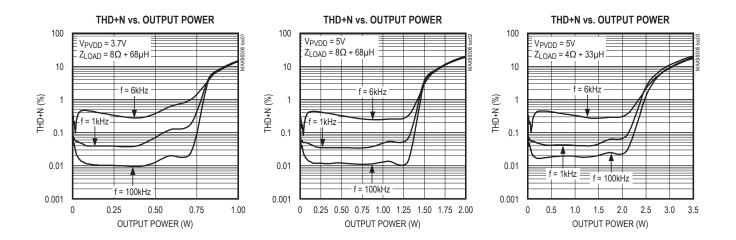
Note 2: This device is 100% production tested at TA = +25°C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

Note 3: Amplifier inputs AC-coupled to ground.

Note 4: Specified at room temperature with an 8Ω resistive load in series with a 68µH inductive load.

Typical Operating Characteristics

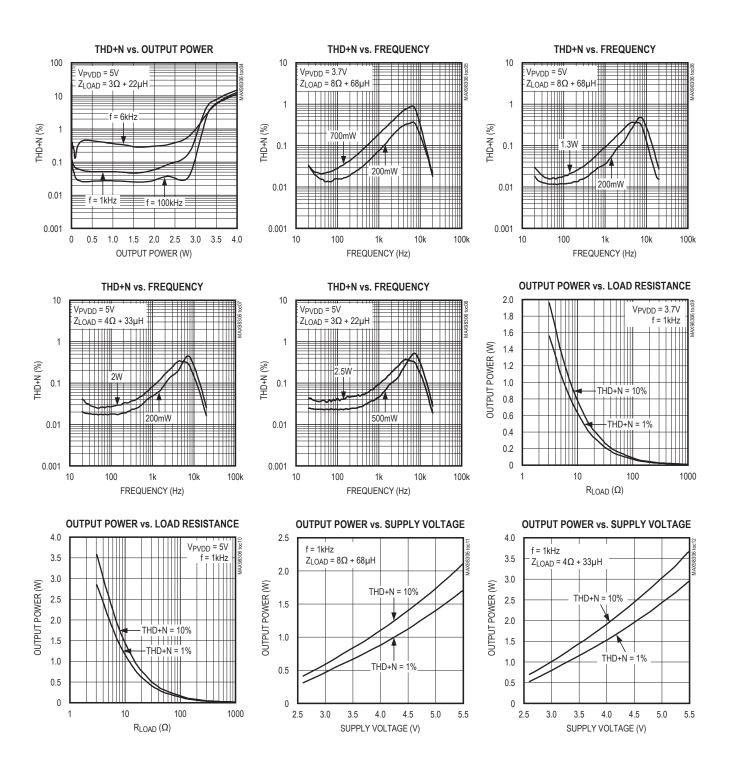
 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{SHDN} = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, AV = 12dB, R_L = \infty, R_L connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)$



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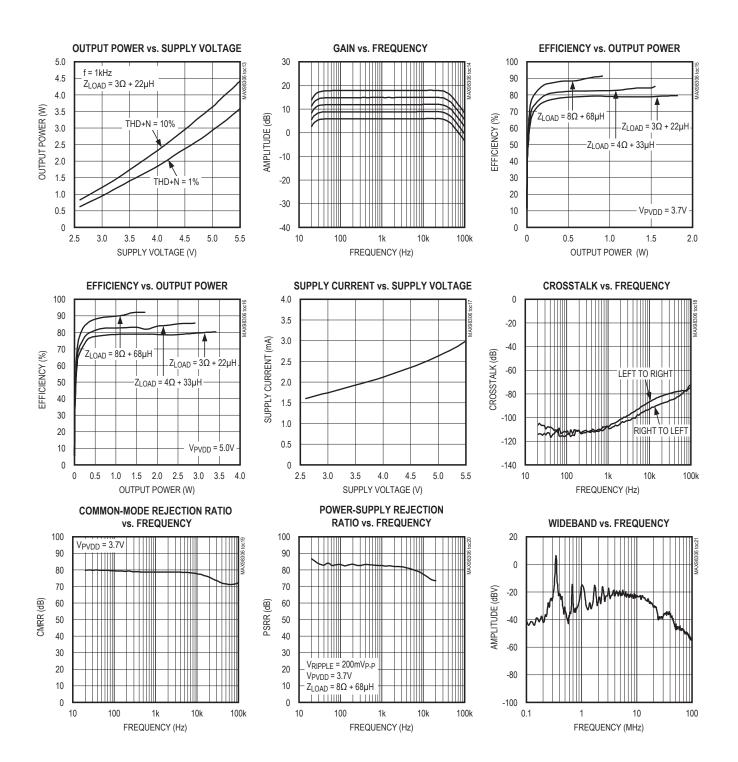
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{SHDN} = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, AV = 12dB, R_{L} = \infty, R_{L}$ connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)



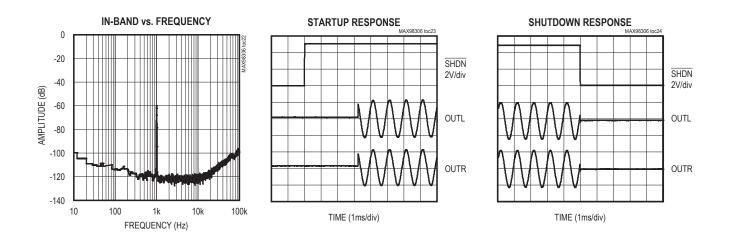
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{SHDN} = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, AV = 12dB, R_L = \infty, R_L connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)$



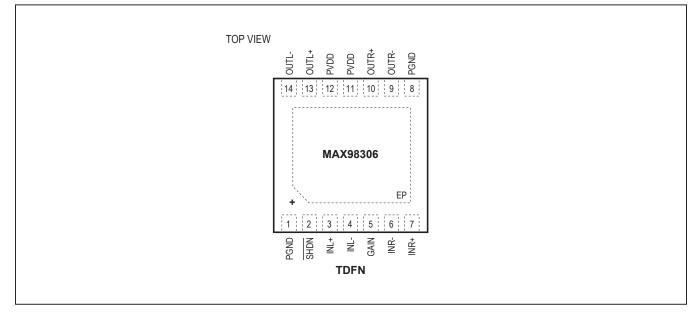
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{PVDD} = V_{SHDN} = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, AV = 12dB, R_L = \infty, R_L connected between OUT_+ to OUT_-, 20Hz to 22kHz AC measurement bandwidth, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)$



Stereo 3.7W Class D Amplifier

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
		TONOTION
1, 8	PGND	Ground
2	SHDN	Active-Low Shutdown Input. Drive SHDN to PGND to place the device into shutdown. Drive SHDN above 1.4V for normal operation.
3	INL+	Noninverting Audio Left Input
4	INL-	Inverting Audio Left Input
5	GAIN	Gain Select
6	INR-	Inverting Audio Right Input
7	INR+	Noninverting Audio Right Input
9	OUTR-	Negative Right Speaker Output
10	OUTR+	Positive Right Speaker Output
11, 12	PVDD	Power Supply. Bypass PVDD to PGND with a 0.1μ F capacitor in parallel with a 10μ F capacitor placed as close as possible to the device.
13	OUTL+	Positive Left Speaker Output
14	OUTL-	Negative Left Speaker Output
_	EP	Exposed Pad. Connect the exposed pad directly to ground.

Stereo 3.7W Class D Amplifier

Detailed Description

The MAX98306 features low quiescent current, a lowpower shutdown mode, comprehensive click-and-pop suppression, and excellent RF immunity.

The IC offers Class AB audio performance with Class D efficiency in a minimal board-space solution.

The Class D amplifier features spread-spectrum modulation, active emissions limiting, edge-rate, and overshoot control circuitry that offers significant improvements to switch-mode amplifier radiated emissions.

The amplifier also features click-and-pop suppression that reduces audible transients on startup and shutdown, as well as thermal-overload and short-circuit protection.

Class D Speaker Amplifier

The filterless Class D amplifier output stage offers much higher efficiency than Class AB amplifiers. The high efficiency of a Class D amplifier is due to the pulse-width modulated (PWM) rail-to-rail switching operation of the output stage transistors. This ensures that any power loss associated with the Class D output stage is mostly due to the I²R loss of the MOSFET on-resistance and quiescent current overhead.

EMI Filterless Output Stage

Traditional Class D amplifiers require the use of external LC filters, or shielding, to meet EN55022B electromagnetic-interference (EMI) regulation standards. Maxim's active-emissions-limiting edge-rate control circuitry and spread-spectrum modulation reduce EMI emissions, while maintaining up to 92% efficiency.

Spread-spectrum modulation and active emissions limiting limit wideband spectral components, while proprietary techniques ensure that the cycle-to-cycle variation of the switching period does not degrade audio reproduction or efficiency. The IC's spread-spectrum modulator randomly varies the switching frequency by ± 20 kHz around the center frequency (320kHz). Above 10MHz, the wideband spectrum looks like noise for EMI purposes (Figure 1).

Speaker Current Limit

If the output current of the speaker amplifier exceeds the current limit (3A typ), the IC disables the outputs for approximately 100 μ s. At the end of 100 μ s, the outputs are reenabled. If the fault condition still exists, the IC continues to disable and reenable the outputs until the fault condition is removed.

Table 1. Gain Control Configuration

GAIN PIN	MAXIMUM GAIN (dB)
Connect to PGND	18
Connect to PGND through $100k\Omega \pm 5\%$ resistor	15
Connect to PVDD	12
Connect to PVDD through $100k\Omega \pm 5\%$ resistor	9
Unconnected	6

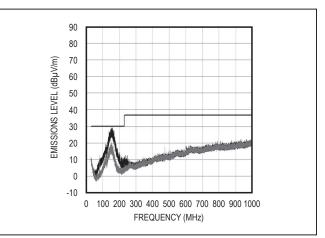


Figure 1. EMI with 12in of Speaker Cable and No Output Filter

Selectable Gain

The IC offers five programmable gains selected using the GAIN input.

Shutdown

The IC features a low-power shutdown mode, drawing $\leq 1\mu A$ (typ) of supply current. Drive SHDN low to place the MAX98306 into shutdown. Drive SHDN above 1.4V for normal operation.

Click-and-Pop Suppression

The IC speaker amplifier features Maxim's comprehensive click-and-pop suppression. During startup, the click-and-pop suppression circuitry reduces any audible transient sources internal to the device. When entering shutdown, the differential speaker outputs ramp down to PGND quickly and simultaneously.

Applications Information

Filterless Class D Operation

Traditional Class D amplifiers require an output filter. The filter adds cost and size and decreases THD performance. The IC's filterless modulation scheme does not require an output filter.

Because the switching frequency of the IC is well beyond the bandwidth of most speakers, voice coil movement due to the switching frequency is very small. Use a speaker with a series inductance > 10μ H. Typical 8Ω speakers exhibit series inductances in the 20μ H to 100μ H range.

Component Selection

Power-Supply Input (PVDD)

PVDD powers the speaker amplifier. PVDD ranges from 2.6V to 5.5V. Bypass PVDD with 0.1μ F and 10μ F capacitors to PGND. Apply additional bulk capacitance at the device if long input traces between PVDD and the power source are used.

Input Filtering

The input-coupling capacitor (C_{IN}), in conjunction with the amplifier's internal input resistance (R_{IN}), forms a highpass filter that removes the DC bias from the incoming signal. These capacitors allow the amplifier to bias the signal to an optimum DC level.

Assuming zero source impedance, CIN is:

$$C_{IN} = \frac{1}{2\pi f_{-3dB} \times R_{IN}}$$

where f_{-3dB} is the -3dB corner frequency and R_{IN} is the typical value as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics* table. Use capacitors with adequately low-voltage coefficients for best low-frequency THD performance. Table 2 shows calculated capacitance values based on a 20Hz highpass filter.

Table 2. Capacitance Value for 20HzHighpass Filter

GAIN	R _{IN} (kΩ)	C _{IN} for 20Hz (nF)
18	33	241
15	46	173
12	65	122
9	93	86
6	131	61

Layout and Grounding

Proper layout and grounding are essential for optimum performance. Good grounding improves audio performance and prevents switching noise from coupling into the audio signal.

Use wide, low-resistance output traces. As the load impedance decreases, the current drawn from the device increases. At higher current, the resistance of the output traces decrease the power delivered to the load. For example, if 2W is delivered from the device output to a 4Ω load through $100m\Omega$ of total speaker trace, 1.904W is delivered to the speaker. If power is delivered through $10m\Omega$ of total speaker trace, 1.99W is delivered to the speaker. Wide output, supply, and ground traces also improve the power dissipation of the device.

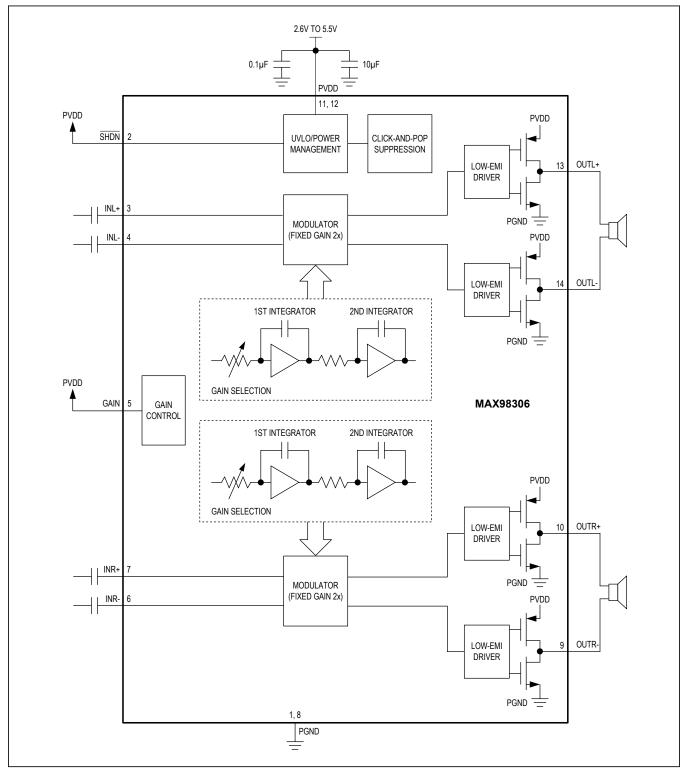
The IC is inherently designed for excellent RF immunity. For best performance, add ground fills around all signal traces on top or bottom PCB planes.

Chip Information

PROCESS: CMOS

Stereo 3.7W Class D Amplifier

Block Diagram



Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
14 TDFN	T1433+2	<u>21-0137</u>	<u>90-0063</u>

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Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	6/11	Initial release	—
1	8/11	Updated output power in Electrical Characteristics	3
2	12/17	Removed package outline drawings	12, 13

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

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