

Memory FRAM

2 M (256 K × 8) Bit SPI

MB85RS2MT

■ DESCRIPTION

MB85RS2MT is a FRAM (Ferroelectric Random Access Memory) chip in a configuration of 262,144 words × 8 bits, using the ferroelectric process and silicon gate CMOS process technologies for forming the nonvolatile memory cells.

MB85RS2MT adopts the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

The MB85RS2MT is able to retain data without using a back-up battery, as is needed for SRAM.

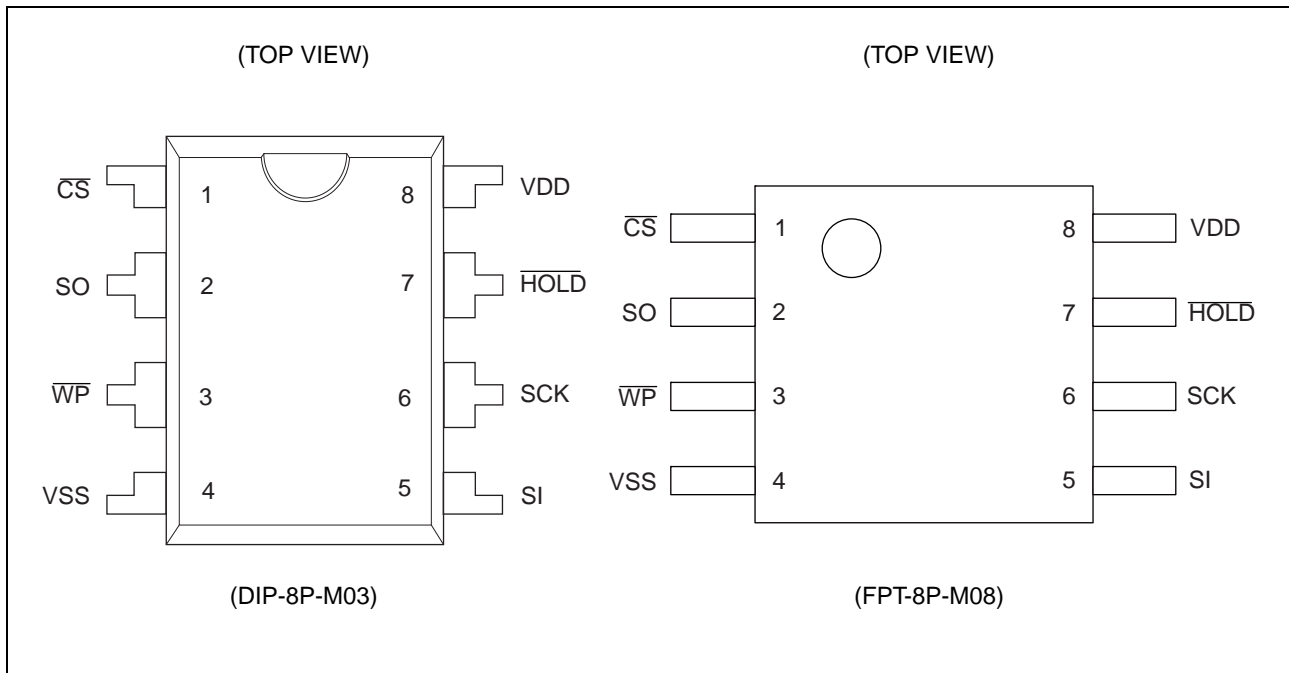
The memory cells used in the MB85RS2MT can be used for 10^{13} read/write operations, which is a significant improvement over the number of read and write operations supported by Flash memory and E²PROM.

MB85RS2MT does not take long time to write data like Flash memories or E²PROM, and MB85RS2MT takes no wait time.

■ FEATURES

- Bit configuration : 262,144 words × 8 bits
- Serial Peripheral Interface : SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface)
Correspondent to SPI mode 0 (0, 0) and mode 3 (1, 1)
- Operating frequency : 25 MHz (Max)
For FSTRD command 2.7 V to 3.6 V, 40 MHz (Max)
- High endurance : 10^{13} times / byte
- Data retention : 10 years (+85 °C)
- Operating power supply voltage : 1.8 V to 3.6 V
- Low power consumption : Operating power supply current 10.6 mA (Max@25 MHz) (TBD)
Standby current 150 μA (Max) (TBD)
Sleep current 10 μA (Max) (TBD)
- Operation ambient temperature range : -40 °C to +85 °C
- Package : 8-pin plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M08)
8-pin plastic DIP (DIP-8P-M03)
RoHS compliant

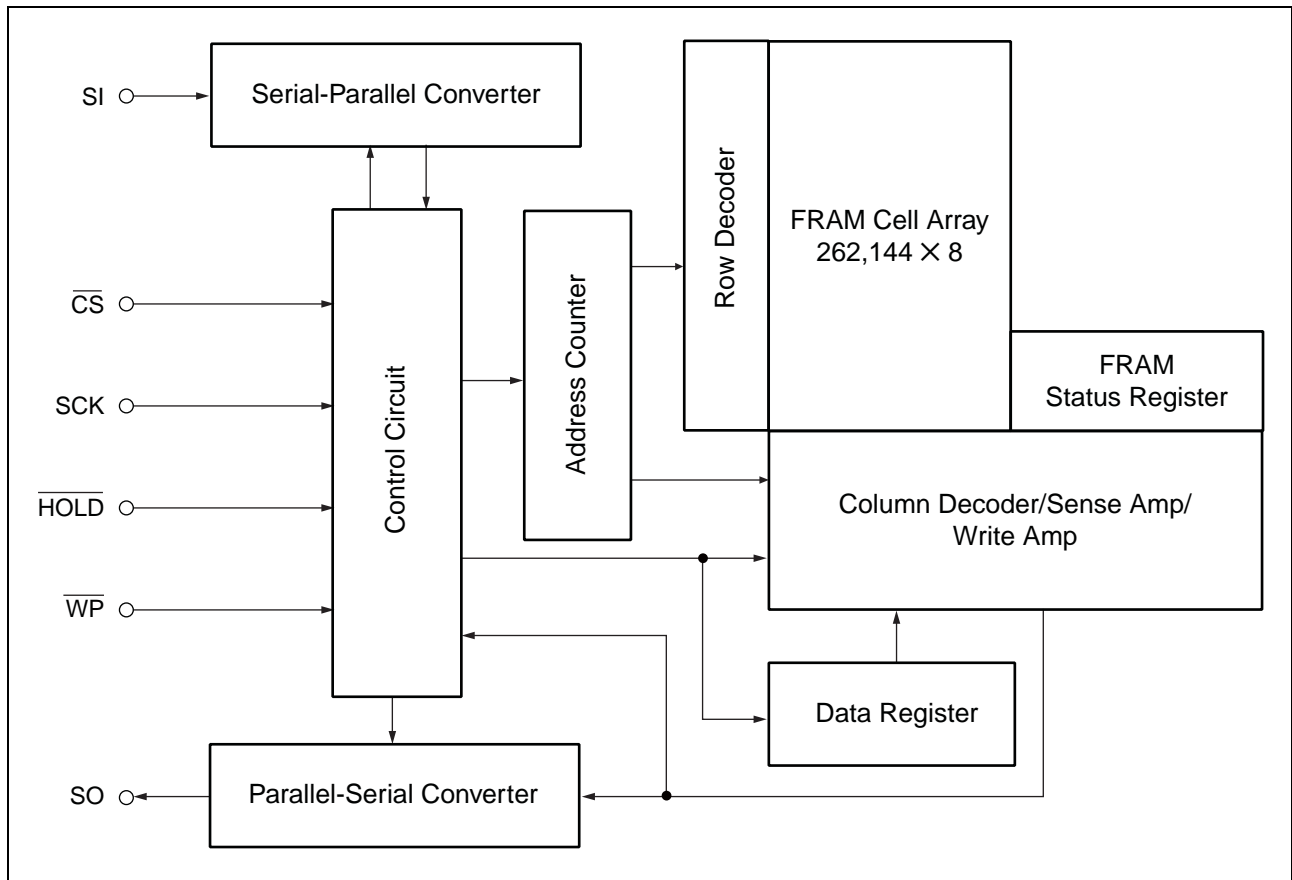
■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

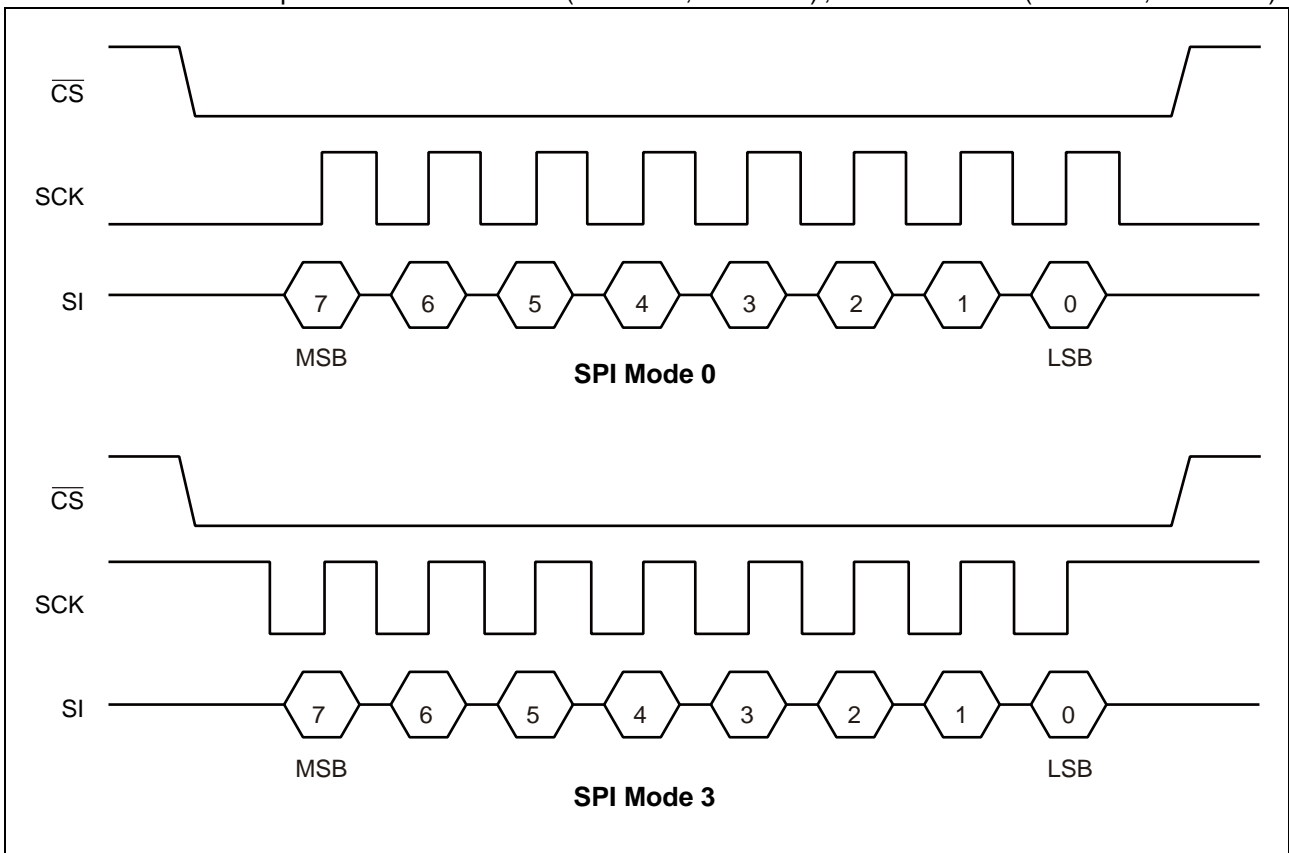
Pin No.	Pin Name	Functional description
1	\overline{CS}	Chip Select pin This is an input pin to make chips select. When \overline{CS} is "H" level, device is in deselect (standby) status and SO becomes High-Z. Inputs from other pins are ignored for this time. When \overline{CS} is "L" level, device is in select (active) status. \overline{CS} has to be "L" level before inputting op-code.
3	\overline{WP}	Write Protect pin This is a pin to control writing to a status register. The writing of status register (see "■ STATUS REGISTER") is protected in related with \overline{WP} and WPEN. See "■ WRITING PROTECT" for detail.
7	\overline{HOLD}	Hold pin This pin is used to interrupt serial input/output without making chips deselect. When \overline{HOLD} is "L" level, hold operation is activated, SO becomes High-Z, SCK and SI become do not care. While the hold operation, \overline{CS} has to be retained "L" level.
6	SCK	Serial Clock pin This is a clock input pin to input/output serial data. SI is loaded synchronously to a rising edge, SO is output synchronously to a falling edge.
5	SI	Serial Data Input pin This is an input pin of serial data. This inputs op-code, address, and writing data.
2	SO	Serial Data Output pin This is an output pin of serial data. Reading data of FRAM memory cell array and status register data are output. This is High-Z during standby.
8	VDD	Supply Voltage pin
4	VSS	Ground pin

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



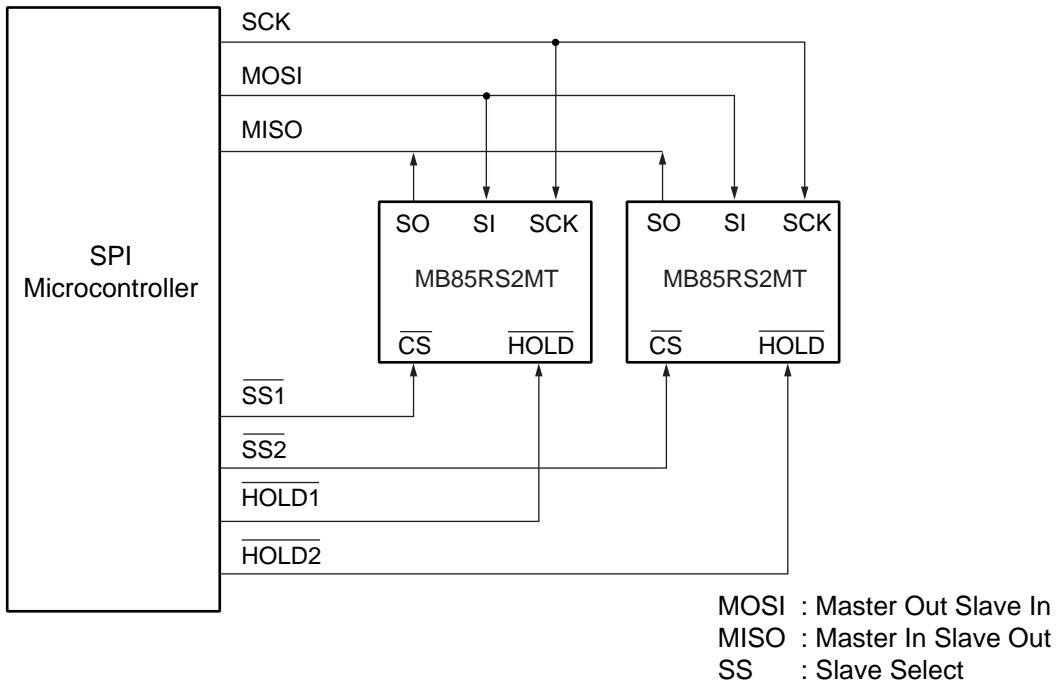
■ SPI MODE

MB85RS2MT corresponds to the SPI mode 0 (CPOL = 0, CPHA = 0), and SPI mode 3 (CPOL = 1, CPHA = 1).

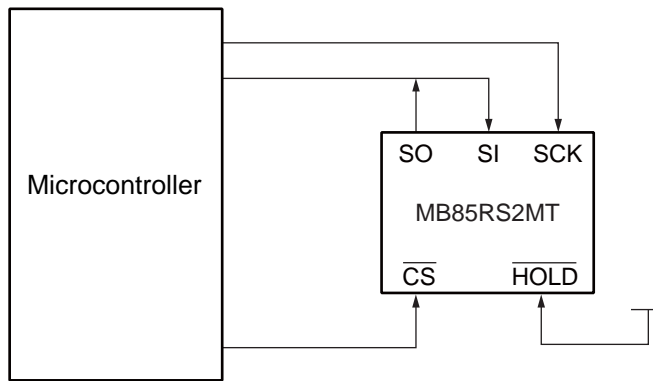


■ SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

MB85RS2MT works as a slave of SPI. More than 2 devices can be connected by using microcontroller equipped with SPI port. By using a microcontroller not equipped with SPI port, SI and SO can be bus connected to use.



System Configuration with SPI Port



System Configuration without SPI Port

■ STATUS REGISTER

Bit No.	Bit Name	Function
7	WPEN	Status Register Write Protect This is a bit composed of nonvolatile memories (FRAM). WPEN protects writing to a status register (refer to "■ WRITING PROTECT") relating with \overline{WP} input. Writing with the WRSR command and reading with the RDSR command are possible.
6 to 4	—	Not Used Bits These are bits composed of nonvolatile memories, writing with the WRSR command is possible. These bits are not used but they are read with the RDSR command.
3	BP1	Block Protect This is a bit composed of nonvolatile memory. This defines size of write protect block for the WRITE command (refer to "■ BLOCK PROTECT"). Writing with the WRSR command and reading with the RDSR command are possible.
2	BP0	
1	WEL	Write Enable Latch This indicates FRAM Array and status register are writable. The WREN command is for setting, and the WRDI command is for resetting. With the RDSR command, reading is possible but writing is not possible with the WRSR command. WEL is reset after the following operations. After power ON. After WRDI command recognition. The rising edge of \overline{CS} after WRSR command recognition. The rising edge of \overline{CS} after WRITE command recognition.
0	0	This is a bit fixed to "0".

■ OP-CODE

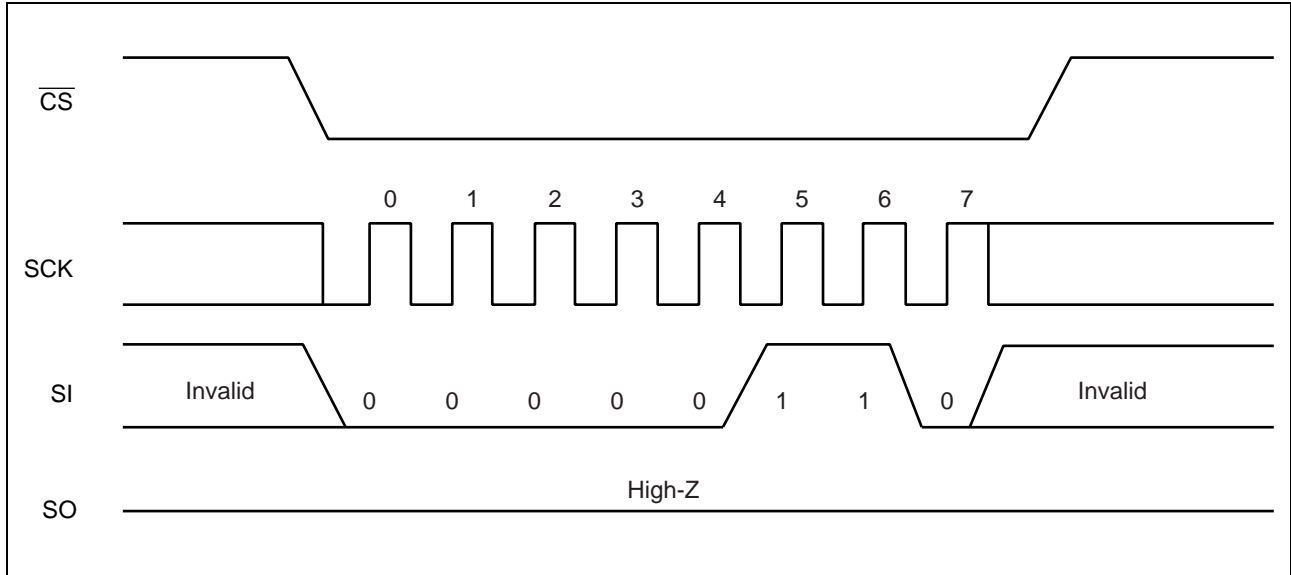
MB85RS2MT accepts 9 kinds of command specified in op-code. Op-code is a code composed of 8 bits shown in the table below. Do not input invalid codes other than those codes. If \overline{CS} is risen while inputting op-code, the command are not performed.

Name	Description	Op-code
WREN	Set Write Enable Latch	0000 0110 _B
WRDI	Reset Write Enable Latch	0000 0100 _B
RDSR	Read Status Register	0000 0101 _B
WRSR	Write Status Register	0000 0001 _B
READ	Read Memory Code	0000 0011 _B
WRITE	Write Memory Code	0000 0010 _B
RDID	Read Device ID	1001 1111 _B
FSTRD	Fast Read Memory Code	0000 1011 _B
SLEEP	Sleep Mode	1011 1001 _B

■ COMMAND

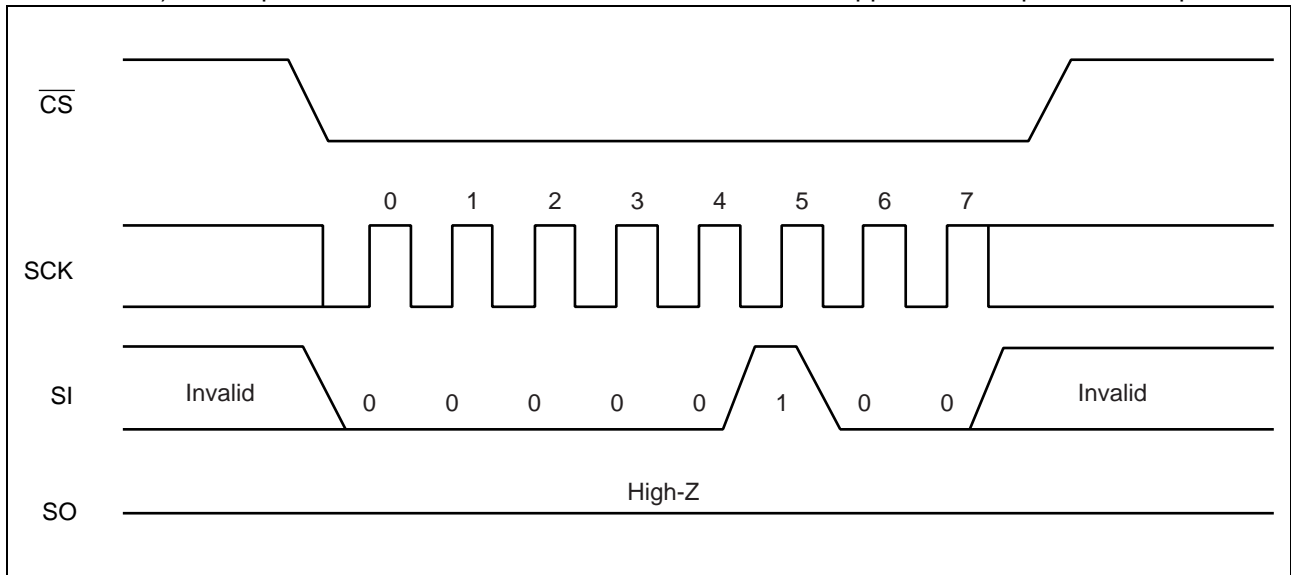
• WREN

The WREN command sets WEL (Write Enable Latch) . WEL has to be set with the WREN command before writing operation (WRSR command and WRITE command) . WREN command is applicable to "Up to 25 MHz operation".



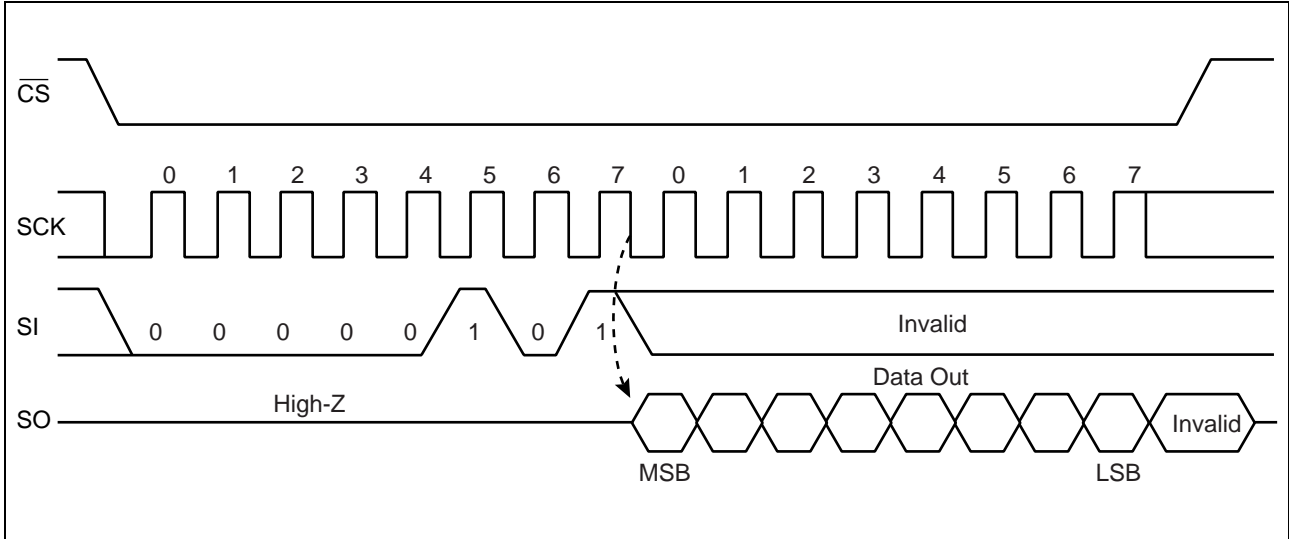
• WRDI

The WRDI command resets WEL (Write Enable Latch) . Writing operation (WRSR command and WRITE command) are not performed when WEL is reset. WRDI command is applicable to "Up to 25 MHz operation".



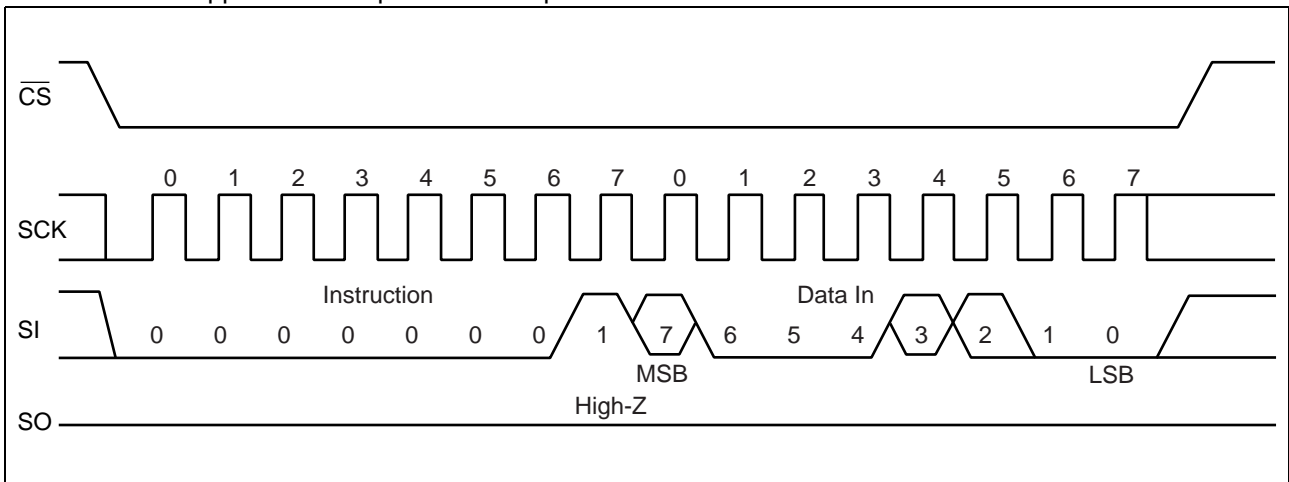
• RDSR

The RDSR command reads status register data. After op-code of RDSR is input to SI, 8-cycle clock is input to SCK. The SI value is invalid for this time. SO is output synchronously to a falling edge of SCK. In the RDSR command, repeated reading of status register is enabled by sending SCK continuously before rising of \overline{CS} . RDSR command is applicable to "Up to 25 MHz operation".



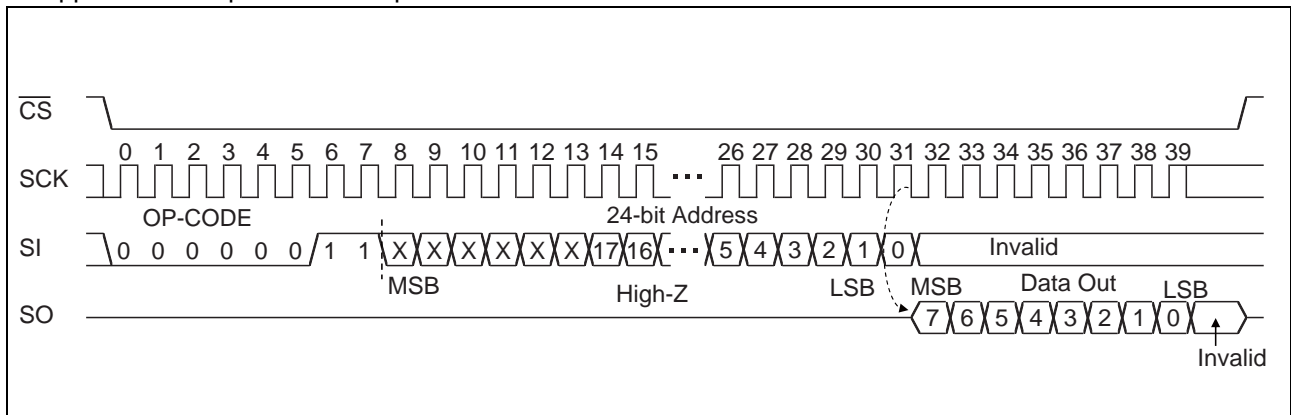
• WRSR

The WRSR command writes data to the nonvolatile memory bit of status register. After performing WRSR op-code to a SI pin, 8 bits writing data is input. WEL (Write Enable Latch) is not able to be written with WRSR command. A SI value correspondent to bit 1 is ignored. Bit 0 of the status register is fixed to "0" and cannot be written. The SI value corresponding to bit 0 is ignored. \overline{WP} signal level shall be fixed before performing WRSR command, and do not change the \overline{WP} signal level until the end of command sequence. WRSR command is applicable to "Up to 25 MHz operation".



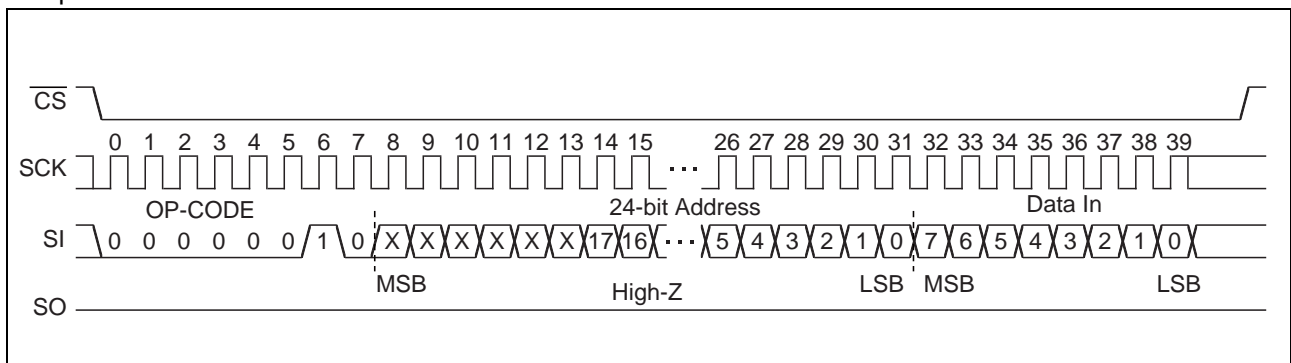
• READ

The READ command reads FRAM memory cell array data. Arbitrary 24 bits address and op-code of READ are input to SI. The 6-bit upper address bit is invalid. Then, 8-cycle clock is input to SCK. SO is output synchronously to the falling edge of SCK. While reading, the SI value is invalid. When \overline{CS} is risen, the READ command is completed, but keeps on reading with automatic address increment which is enabled by continuously sending clocks to SCK in unit of 8 cycles before \overline{CS} rising. When it reaches the most significant address, it rolls over to the starting address, and reading cycle keeps on infinitely. READ command is applicable to “Up to 25 MHz operation”.



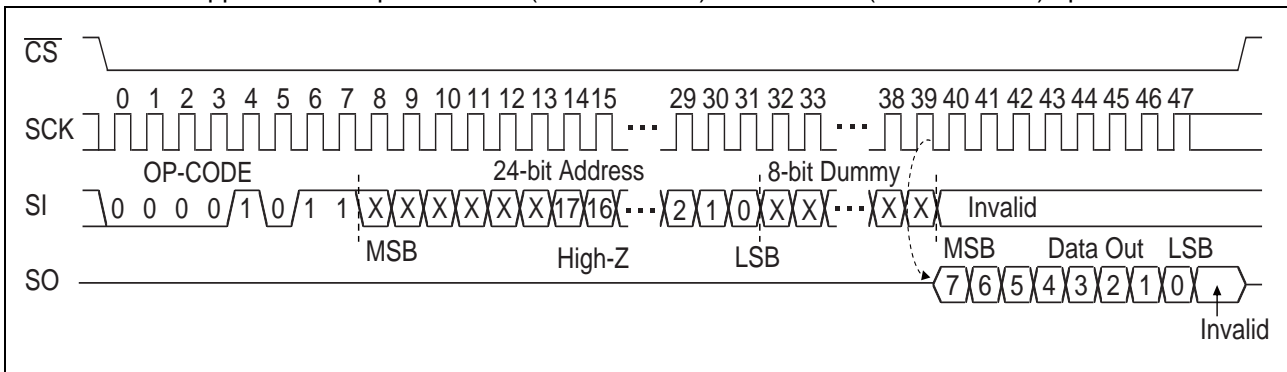
• WRITE

The WRITE command writes data to FRAM memory cell array. WRITE op-code, arbitrary 24 bits of address and 8 bits of writing data are input to SI. The 6-bit upper address bit is invalid. When 8 bits of writing data is input, data is written to FRAM memory cell array. Risen \overline{CS} will terminate the WRITE command, but if you continue sending the writing data for 8 bits each before \overline{CS} rising, it is possible to continue writing with automatic address increment. When it reaches the most significant address, it rolls over to the starting address, and writing cycle can be continued infinitely. WRITE command is applicable to “Up to 25 MHz operation”.



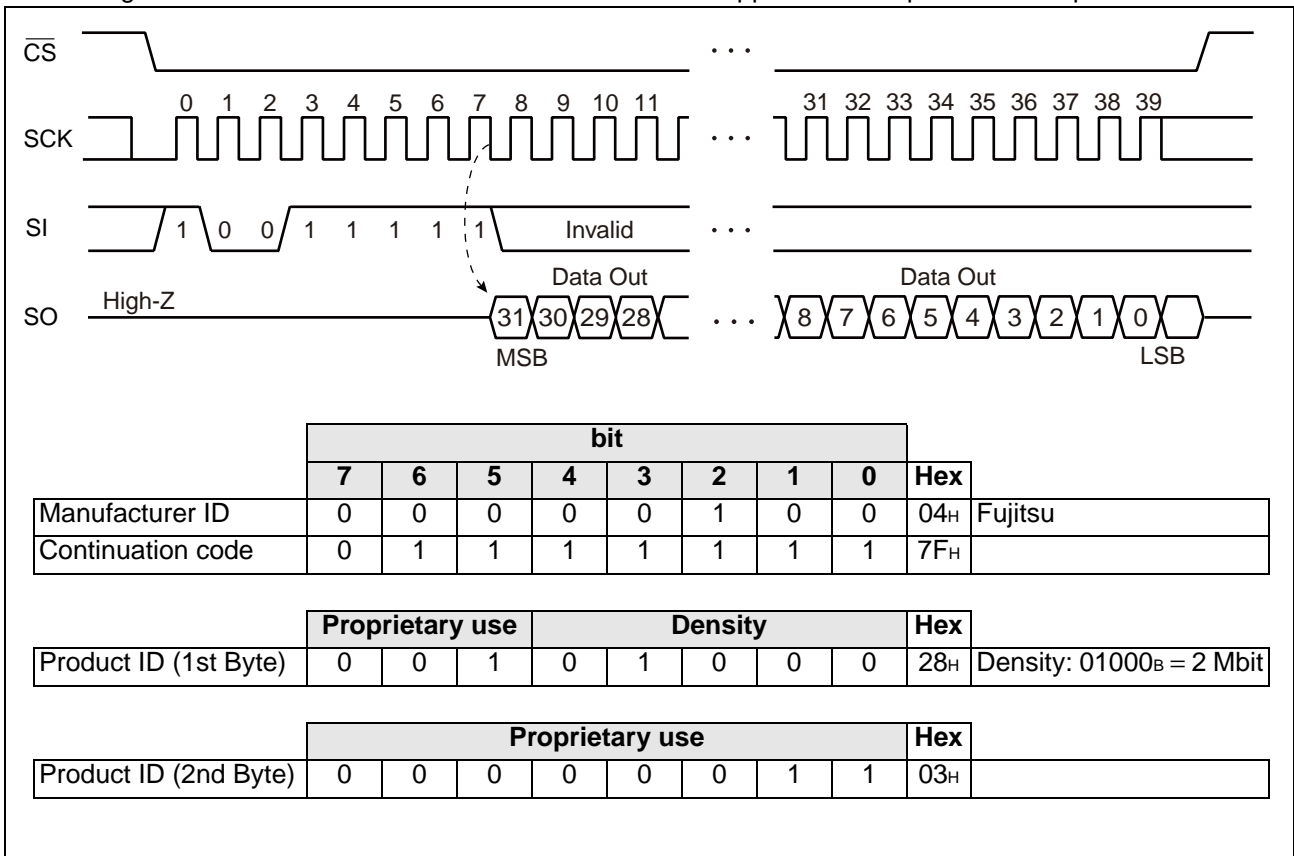
• FSTRD

The FSTRD command reads FRAM memory cell array data. Arbitrary 24 bits address and op-code of FSTRD are input to SI followed by 8 bits dummy. The 6-bit upper address bit is invalid. Then, 8-cycle clock is input to SCK. SO is output synchronously to the falling edge of SCK. While reading, the SI value is invalid. When \overline{CS} is risen, the FSTRD command is completed, but keeps on reading with automatic address increment which is enabled by continuously sending clocks to SCK in unit of 8 cycles before \overline{CS} rising. When it reaches the most significant address, it rolls over to the starting address, and reading cycle keeps on infinitely. FSTRD command is applicable to “Up to 25 MHz (1.8 V to 2.7 V) and 40 MHz (2.7 V to 3.6 V) operation”.



• RDID

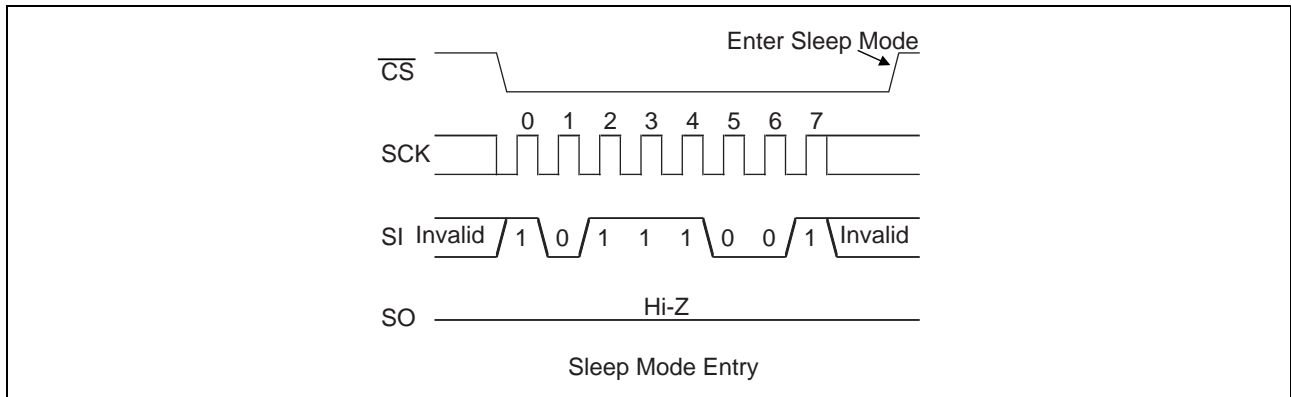
The RDID command reads fixed Device ID. After performing RDID op-code to SI, 32-cycle clock is input to SCK. The SI value is invalid for this time. SO is output synchronously to a falling edge of SCK. The output is in order of Manufacturer ID (8bit)/Continuation code (8bit)/Product ID (1st Byte)/Product ID (2nd Byte). In the RDID command, SO holds the output state of the last bit after 32-bit Device ID output by continuously sending SCK clock before CS is risen. RDID command is applicable to “Up to 25 MHz operation”.



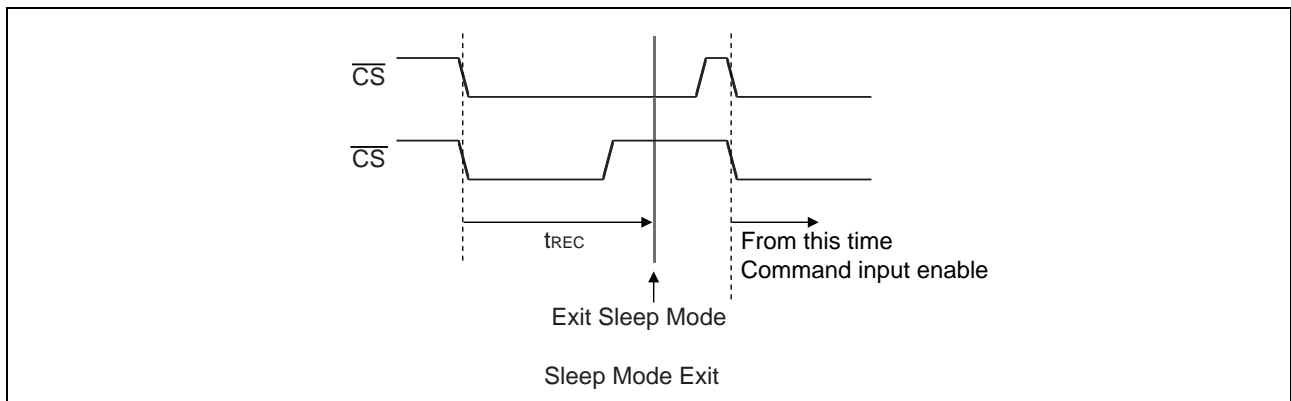
• SLEEP

The SLEEP command shifts the LSI to a low power mode called "SLEEP mode". The transition to the SLEEP mode is carried out at the rising edge of \overline{CS} after operation code in the SLEEP command. However, when at least one SCK clock is inputted before the rising edge of \overline{CS} after operation code in the SLEEP command, this SLEEP command is canceled.

After the SLEEP mode transition, SCK and SI inputs are ignored and SO changes to a Hi-Z state.



Returning to an normal operation from the SLEEP mode is carried out after t_{REC} (Max 400 μ s) time from the falling edge of \overline{CS} (see the figure below). It is possible to return \overline{CS} to H level before t_{REC} time. However, it is prohibited to bring down \overline{CS} to L level again during t_{REC} period.



■ BLOCK PROTECT

Writing protect block for WRITE command is configured by the value of BP0 and BP1 in the status register.

BP1	BP0	Protected Block
0	0	None
0	1	30000 _H to 3FFFF _H (upper 1/4)
1	0	20000 _H to 3FFFF _H (upper 1/2)
1	1	00000 _H to 3FFFF _H (all)

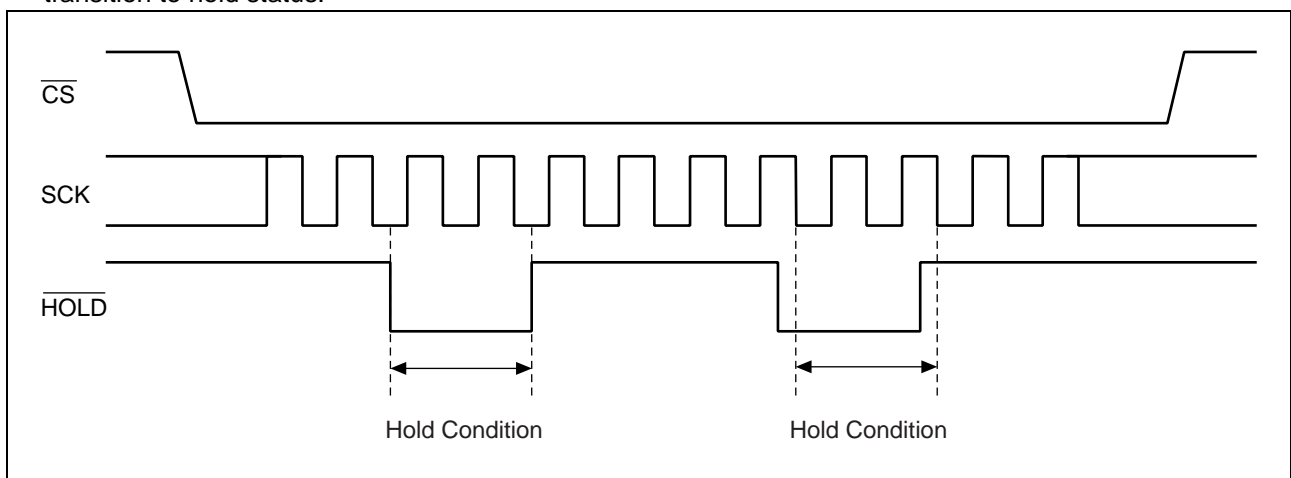
■ WRITING PROTECT

Writing operation of the WRITE command and the WRSR command are protected with the value of WEL, WPEN, \overline{WP} as shown in the table.

WEL	WPEN	\overline{WP}	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	Status Register
0	X	X	Protected	Protected	Protected
1	0	X	Protected	Unprotected	Unprotected
1	1	0	Protected	Unprotected	Protected
1	1	1	Protected	Unprotected	Unprotected

■ HOLD OPERATION

Hold status is retained without aborting a command if \overline{HOLD} is "L" level while \overline{CS} is "L" level. The timing for starting and ending hold status depends on the SCK to be "H" level or "L" level when a \overline{HOLD} pin input is transitioned to the hold condition as shown in the diagram below. In case the \overline{HOLD} pin transitioned to "L" level when SCK is "L" level, return the \overline{HOLD} pin to "H" level at SCK being "L" level. In the same manner, in case the \overline{HOLD} pin transitioned to "L" level when SCK is "H" level, return the \overline{HOLD} pin to "H" level at SCK being "H" level. Arbitrary command operation is interrupted in hold status, SCK and SI inputs become do not care. And, SO becomes High-Z while reading command (RDSR, READ). If \overline{CS} is rising during hold status, a command is aborted. In case the command is aborted before its recognition, WEL holds the value before transition to hold status.



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit
		Min	Max	
Power supply voltage*	V_{DD}	- 0.5	+ 4.0	V
Input voltage*	V_{IN}	- 0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
Output voltage*	V_{OUT}	- 0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
Operation ambient temperature	T_A	- 40	+ 85	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	- 55	+ 125	°C

*:These parameters are based on the condition that V_{SS} is 0 V.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices may be permanently damaged by application of stress (including, without limitation, voltage, current or temperature) in excess of absolute maximum ratings.
Do not exceed any of these ratings.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply voltage*	V_{DD}	1.8	3.3	3.6	V
Input high voltage*	V_{IH}	$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	—	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
Input low voltage*	V_{IL}	- 0.5	—	$V_{DD} \times 0.3$	V
Operation ambient temperature	T_A	- 40	—	+ 85	°C

*:These parameters are based on the condition that V_{SS} is 0 V.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated under these conditions.

Any use of semiconductor devices will be under their recommended operating condition. Operation under any conditions other than these conditions may adversely affect reliability of device and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to any use, operating conditions or combinations not represented on this data sheet. If you are considering application under any conditions other than listed herein, please contact sales representatives beforehand.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. DC Characteristics

(within recommended operating conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value(TBD)			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Input leakage current*1	I _{LI}	$0 \leq \overline{CS} < V_{DD}$	—	—	200	μA
		$\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$	—	—	1	
		$\overline{WP}, \overline{HOLD}, SCK$ $SI = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}$	—	—	1	
Output leakage current*2	I _{LO}	$SO = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}$	—	—	1	μA
Operating power supply current	I _{DD}	$SCK = 25 \text{ MHz}$	—	—	10.6	mA
Standby current	I _{SB}	All inputs V_{SS} or $SCK = SI = \overline{CS} = V_{DD}$	—	35	150	μA
Sleep current	I _{ZZ}	$\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$ All inputs V_{SS} or V_{DD}	—	—	10	μA
Output high voltage	V _{OH}	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$	—	—	0.4	V

*1 : Applicable pin : \overline{CS} , \overline{WP} , \overline{HOLD} , SCK , SI

*2 : Applicable pin : SO

2. AC Characteristics

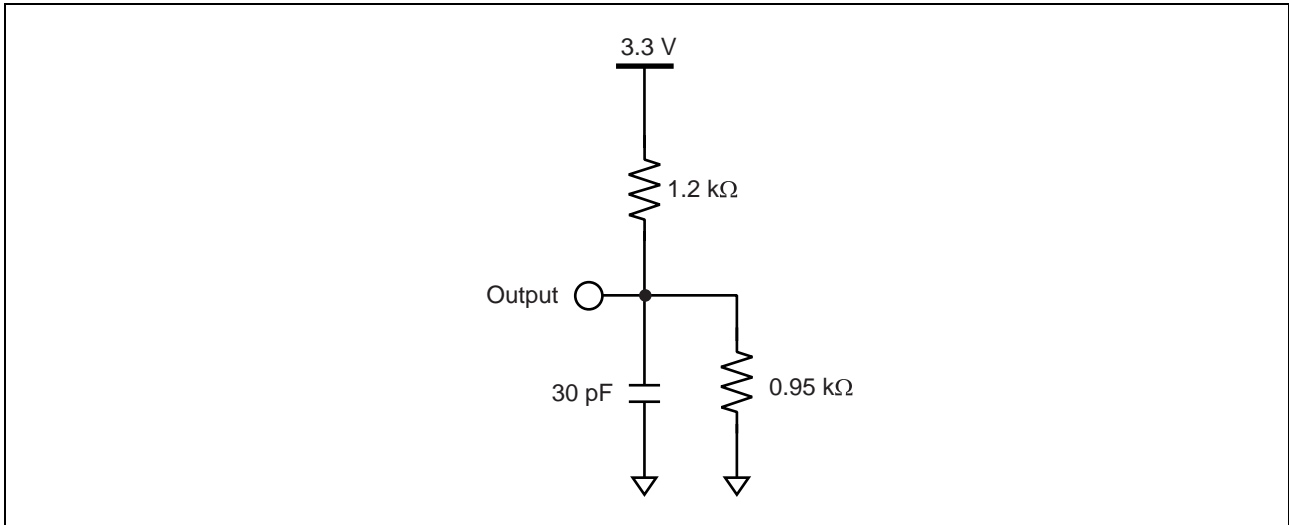
Parameter	Symbol	Value (TBD)				Unit
		Up to 25 MHz operation*				
		V _{DD} = 1.8 V to 2.7 V		V _{DD} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
SCK clock frequency (All commands except FSTRD command)	f _{CK}	0	25	0	25	MHz
SCK clock frequency (for FSTRD command)	f _{CK}	0	25	0	40	MHz
Clock high time	t _{CH}	15	—	11	—	ns
Clock low time	t _{CL}	15	—	11	—	ns
Chip select set up time	t _{CSU}	10	—	10	—	ns
Chip select hold time	t _{CSH}	10	—	10	—	ns
Output disable time	t _{OD}	—	12	-	12	ns
Output data valid time	t _{ODV}	—	18	-	9	ns
Output hold time	t _{OH}	0	—	0	—	ns
Deselect time	t _D	40	—	40	—	ns
Data in rising time	t _R	—	50	-	50	ns
Data falling time	t _F	—	50	-	50	ns
Data set up time	t _{SU}	5	—	5	—	ns
Data hold time	t _H	5	—	5	—	ns
HOLD set uptime	t _{HS}	10	—	10	—	ns
HOLD hold time	t _{HH}	10	—	10	—	ns
HOLD output floating time	t _{HZ}	—	20	—	20	ns
HOLD output active time	t _{LZ}	—	20	—	20	ns
SLEEP recovery time	t _{REC}	—	400	—	400	μs

* : All commands except FSTRD are applicable to “Up to 25 MHz operation”.

AC Test Condition

Power supply voltage	: 1.8 V to 3.6 V
Operation ambient temperature	: - 40 °C to + 85 °C
Input voltage magnitude	: $V_{DD} \times 0.7 \leq V_{IH} \leq V_{DD}$ $0 \leq V_{IL} \leq V_{DD} \times 0.3$
Input rising time	: 5 ns
Input falling time	: 5 ns
Input judge level	: $V_{DD}/2$
Output judge level	: $V_{DD}/2$

AC Load Equivalent Circuit

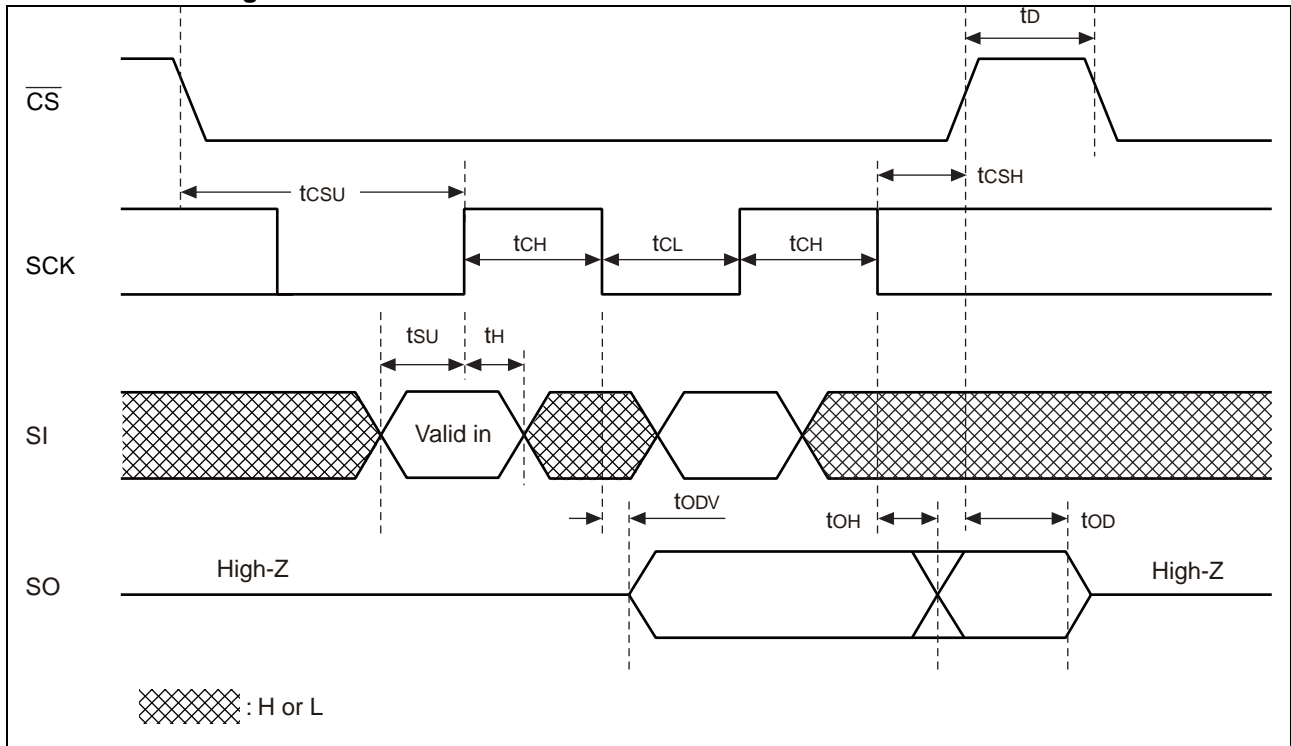


3. Pin Capacitance

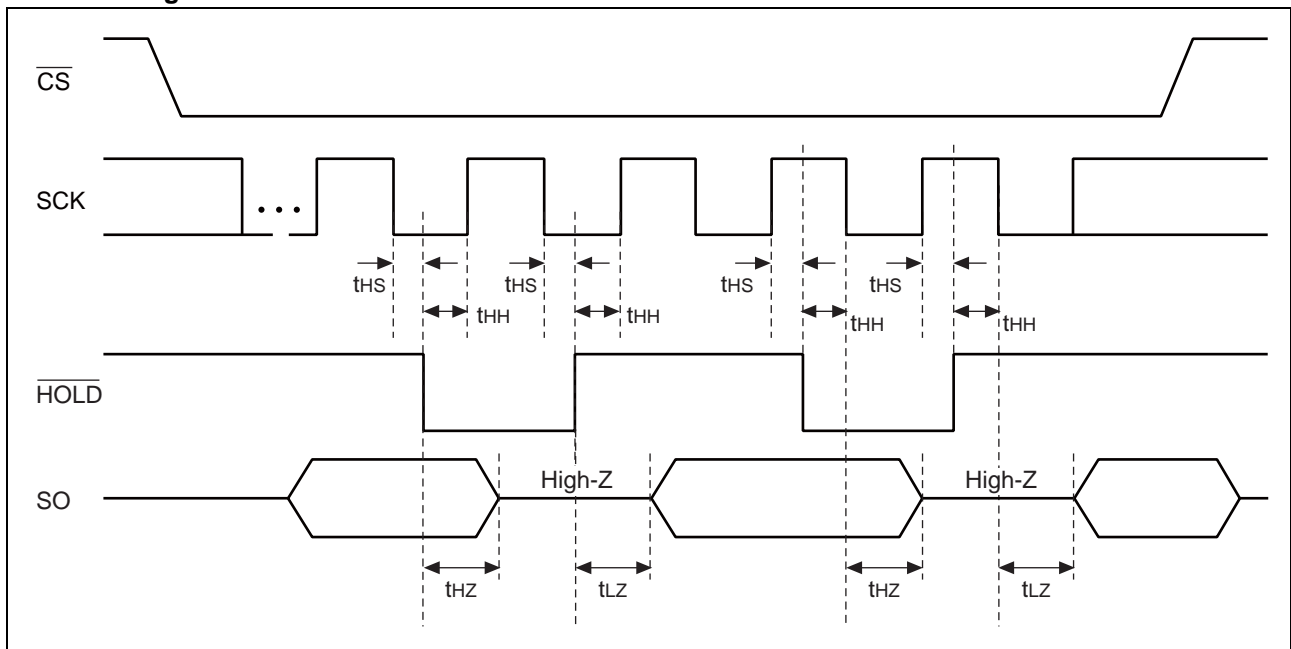
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value		Unit
			Min	Max	
Output capacitance	C_o	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $T_A = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	—	6	pF
Input capacitance	C_i		—	8	pF

■ TIMING DIAGRAM

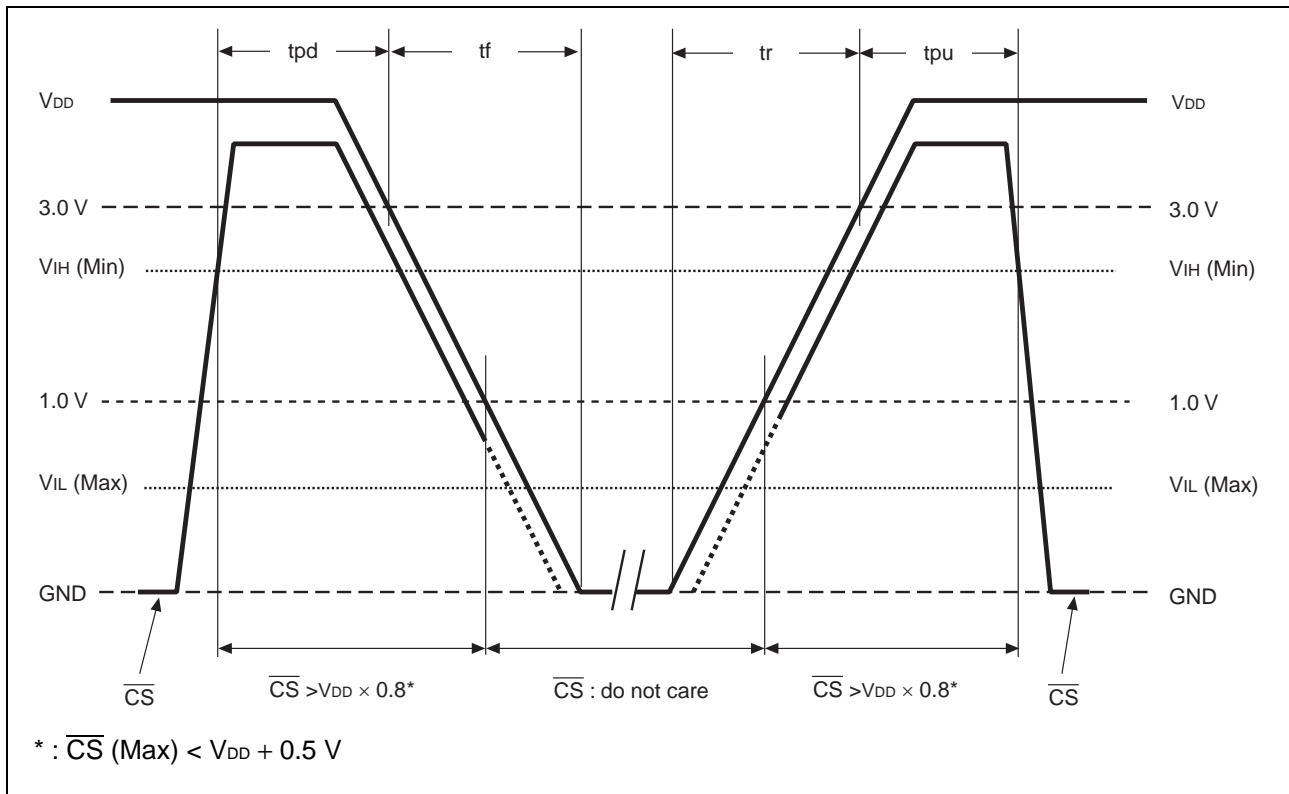
• Serial Data Timing



• Hold Timing



POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		Min	Max	
\overline{CS} level hold time at power OFF	tpd	0	—	ns
\overline{CS} level hold time at power ON	tpu	250	—	ns
Power supply rising time	tr	0.05	—	ms/V
Power supply falling time	tf	0.1	—	ms/V

If the device does not operate within the specified conditions of read cycle, write cycle or power on/off sequence, memory data can not be guaranteed.

FRAM CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Value		Unit	Remarks
	Min	Max		
Read/Write Endurance	10^{13}	—	Times/byte	Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Total numbers of reading and writing
Data Retention	10	—	Years	Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Retention time of the first reading/writing data right after shipment

Note : Total number of reading and writing defines the minimum value of endurance, as an FRAM memory operates with destructive readout mechanism.

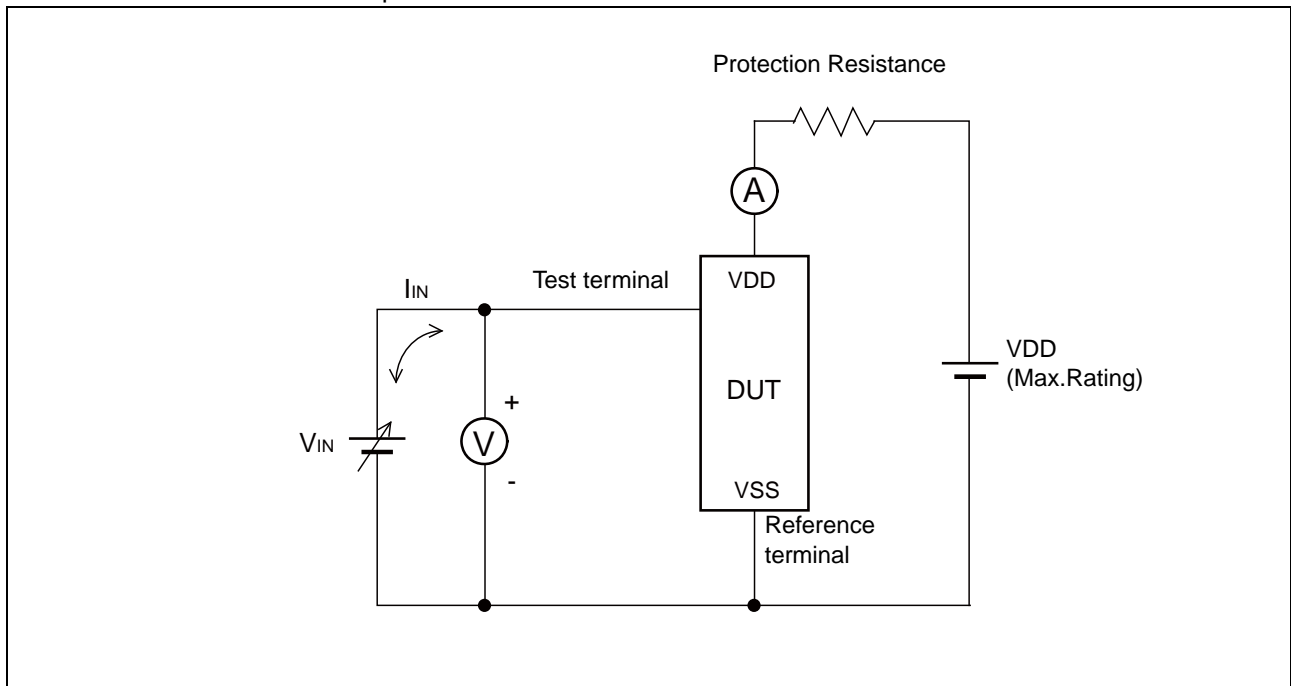
NOTE ON USE

We recommend programming of the device after reflow. Data written before reflow cannot be guaranteed.

■ ESD AND LATCH-UP

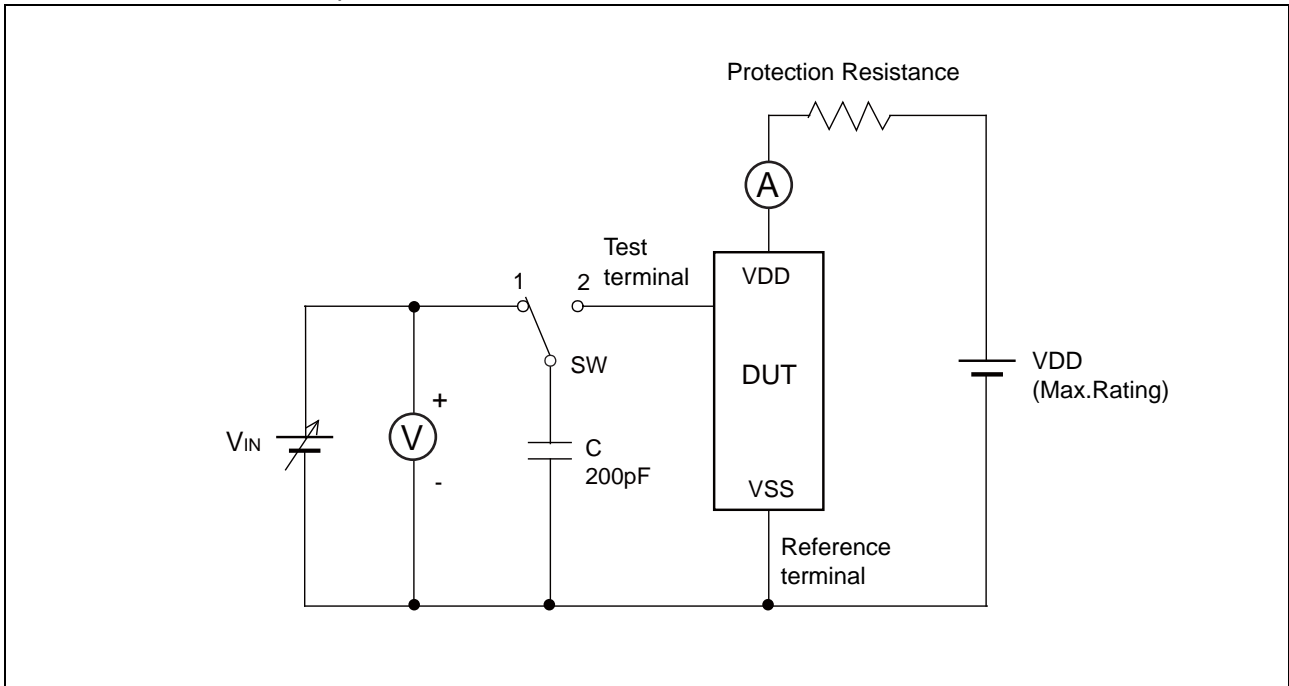
Test	DUT	Value
ESD HBM (Human Body Model) JESD22-A114 compliant	MB85RS2MTPF-G-JNE2 MB85RS2MTPH-G-JNE1	—
ESD MM (Machine Model) JESD22-A115 compliant		—
ESD CDM (Charged Device Model) JESD22-C101 compliant		—
Latch-Up (I-test) JESD78 compliant		—
Latch-Up (V_{supply} overvoltage test) JESD78 compliant		—
Latch-Up (Current Method) Proprietary method		—
Latch-Up (C-V Method) Proprietary method		—

- Current method of Latch-Up Resistance Test



Note : The voltage V_{IN} is increased gradually and the current I_{IN} of 300 mA at maximum shall flow. Confirm the latch up does not occur under $I_{IN} = \pm 300$ mA. In case the specific requirement is specified for I/O and I_{IN} cannot be 300 mA, the voltage shall be increased to the level that meets the specific requirement.

- C-V method of Latch-Up Resistance Test

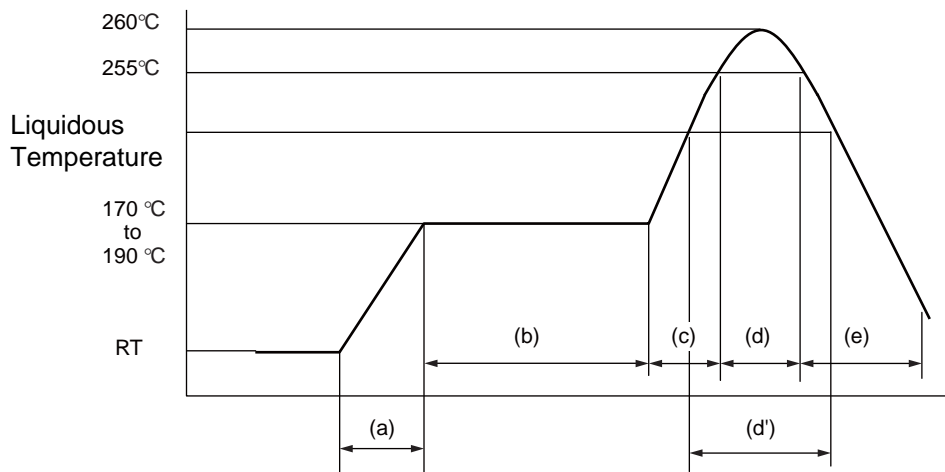


Note : Charge voltage alternately switching 1 and 2 approximately 2 sec interval. This switching process is considered as one cycle. Repeat this process 5 times. However, if the latch-up condition occurs before completing 5times, this test must be stopped immediately.

■ MB85RS2MTPF (8-pin plastic SOP) REFLOW CONDITIONS AND FLOOR LIFE

Item	Condition	
Method	IR (infrared reflow) , Convection	
Times	2	
Floor life	Before unpacking	Please use within 2 years after production.
	From unpacking to 2nd reflow	Within 8 days
	In case over period of floor life	Baking with 125 °C+/-3 °C for 24hrs+2hrs/-0hrs is required. Then please use within 8 days. (Please remember baking is up to 2 times)
Floor life condition	Between 5 °C and 30 °C and also below 70%RH required. (It is preferred lower humidity in the required temp range.)	

Reflow Profile



- (a) Average ramp-up rate : 1 °C/s to 4 °C/s
- (b) Preheat & Soak : 170 °C to 190 °C, 60 s to 180 s
- (c) Average ramp-up rate : 1 °C/s to 4 °C/s
- (d) Peak temperature : Temperature 260 °C Max; 255 °C within 10 s
- (d') Liquidous temperature : Up to 230 °C within 40 s or
Up to 225 °C within 60 s or
Up to 220 °C within 80 s
- (e) Cooling : Natural cooling or forced cooling

Note : Temperature on the top of the package body is measured.

■ RESTRICTED SUBSTANCES

This product complies with the regulation below (Based on current knowledge as of November 2011).

- EU RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC)
- China RoHS (Administration on the Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products
(电子信息产品污染控制管理办法))
- Vietnam RoHS (30/2011/TT-BCT)

Restricted substances in each regulation are as follows.

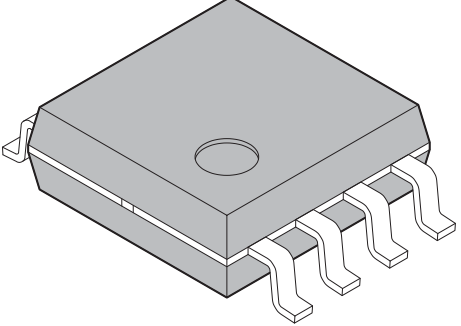
Substances	Threshold	Contain status*
Lead and its compounds	1,000 ppm	○
Mercury and its compounds	1,000 ppm	○
Cadmium and its compounds	100 ppm	○
Hexavalent chromium compound	1,000 ppm	○
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	1,000 ppm	○
Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)	1,000 ppm	○

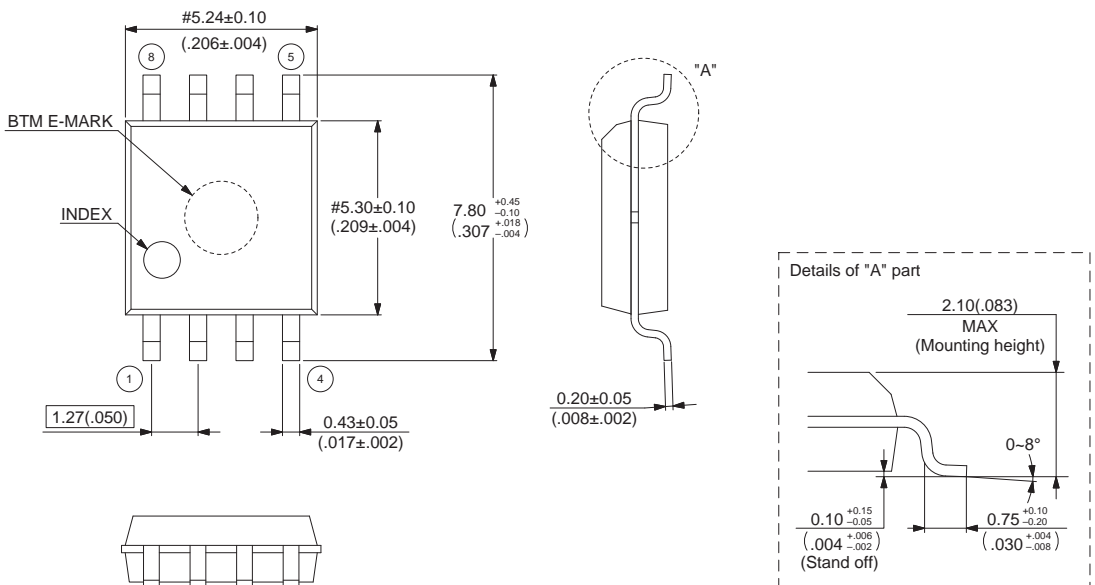
* : The mark of “○” shows below a threshold value.

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Shipping form	Minimum shipping quantity
MB85RS2MTPF-G-JNE2	8-pin plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M08)	Tube	1
MB85RS2MTPF-G-JNERE2	8-pin plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M08)	Embossed Carrier tape	2000
MB85RS2MTPH-G-JNE1	8-pin plastic DIP (DIP-8P-M03)	Tube	1

PACKAGE DIMENSION

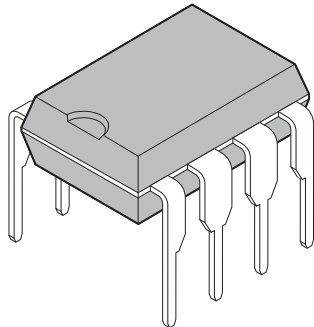
<p>8-pin plastic SOP</p>  <p>(FPT-8P-M08)</p>	Lead pitch	1.27 mm
	Package width × package length	5.30 mm × 5.24 mm
	Lead shape	Gullwing
	Lead bend direction	Normal bend
	Sealing method	Plastic mold
	Mounting height	2.10 mm Max

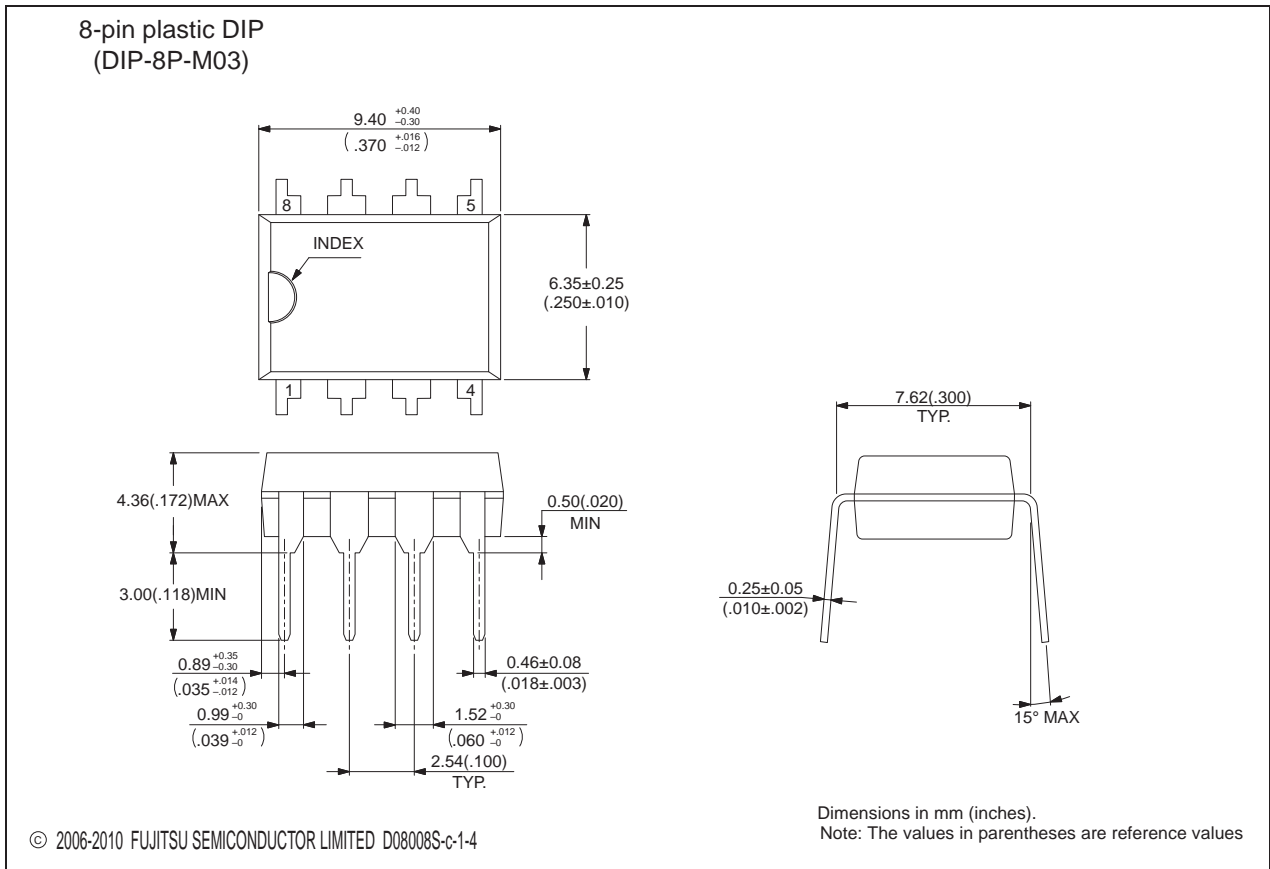
<p>8-pin plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M08)</p> 	<p>Note 1) Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness. Note 2) Pins width do not include tie bar cutting remainder. Note 3) # : These dimensions do not include resin protrusion.</p>
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<p>Dimensions in mm (inches). Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.</p>	

Please check the latest package dimension at the following URL.
<http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/>

(Continued)

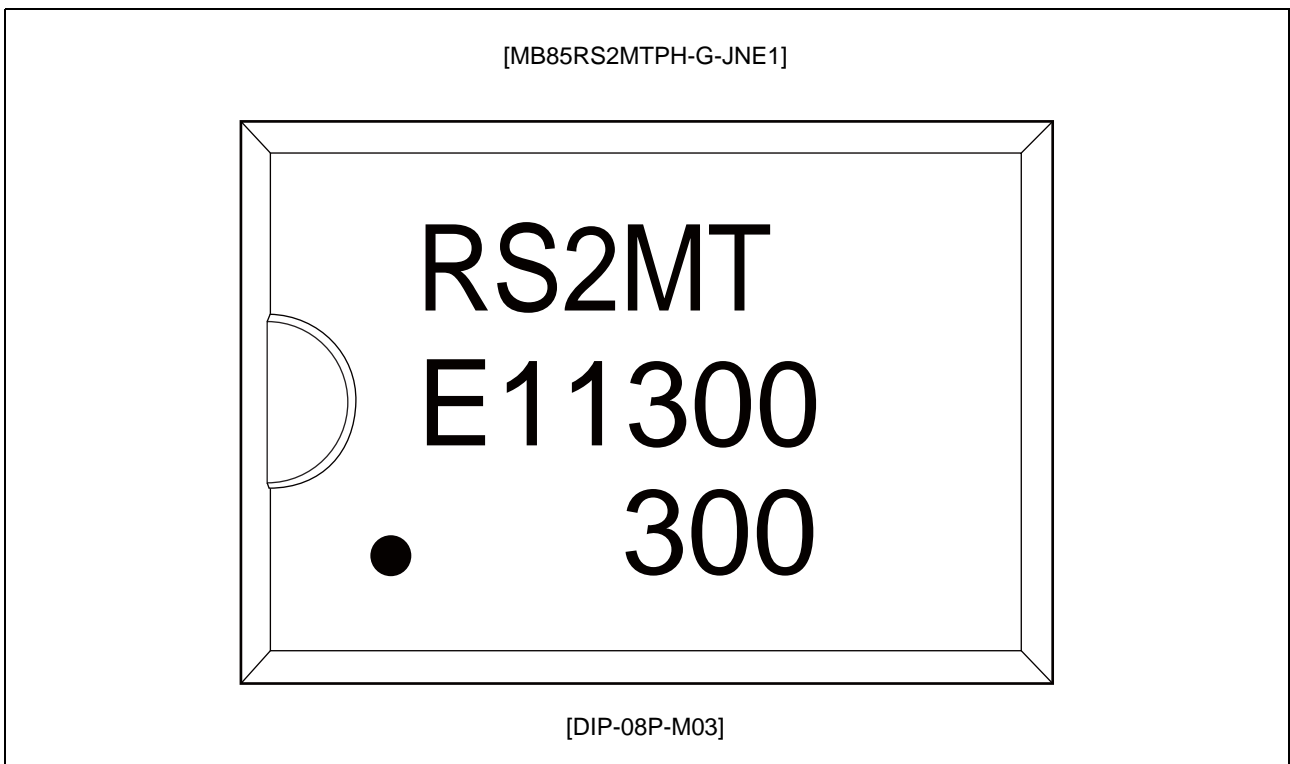
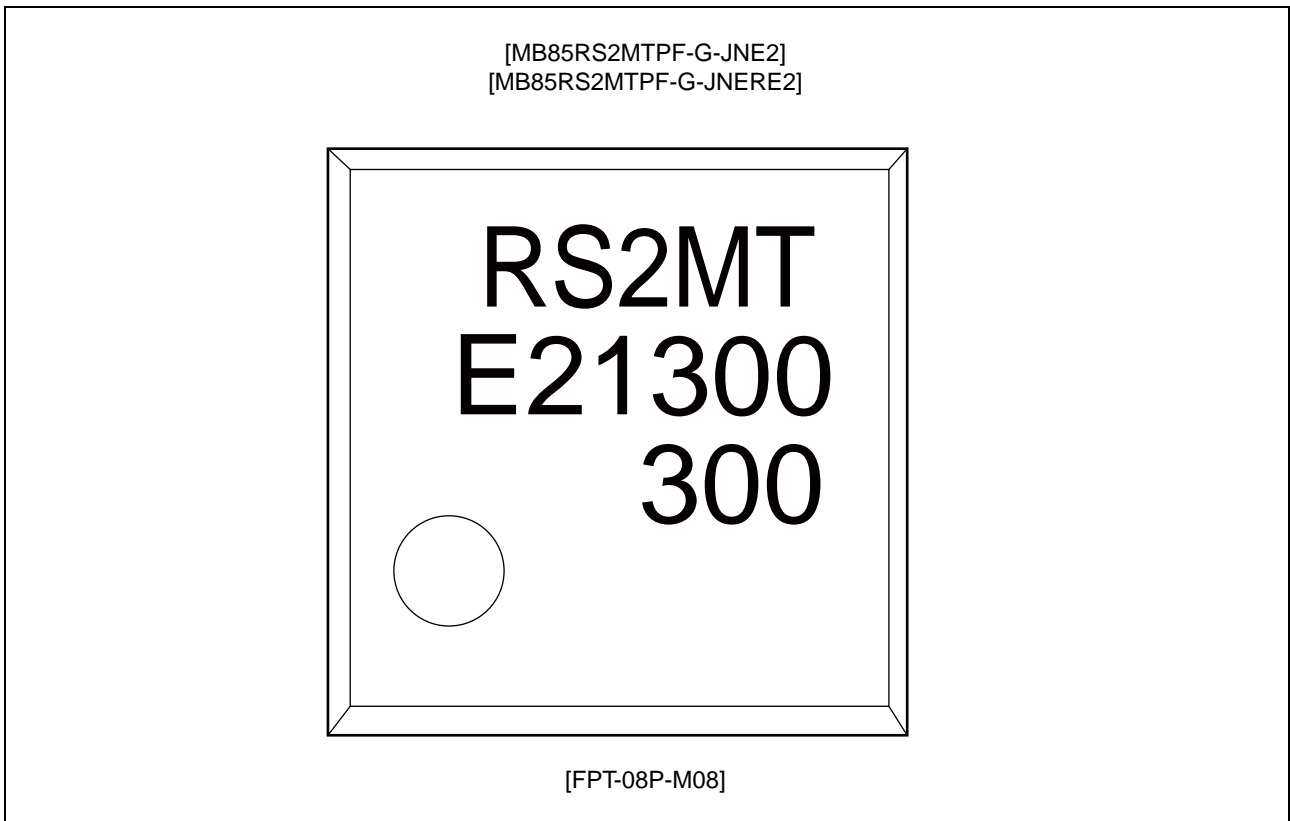
(Continued)

<p>8-pin plastic DIP</p>  <p>(DIP-8P-M03)</p>	Lead pitch	2.54 mm
	Sealing method	Plastic mold



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■ MARKING



MEMO

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