

CMOS INPUT/OUTPUT EXPANDER

MB 88310 MB 88311

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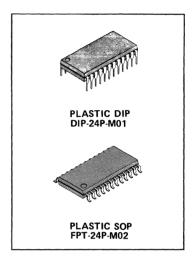
The Fujitsu MB 88310/MB 88311 are peripheral integrated circuits that can be connected to a 4-bit or 8-bit single-chip microcomputer (MCU) to provide additional I/O ports. Besides furnishing simple I/O port expansion, the MB 88310 and MB 88311 can AND or OR port data with data from the MCU, on instruction from the MCU.

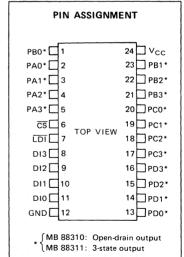
The MB 88310/MB 88311 are pseudo-bidirectional ports. They are accessed in 4-bit units, but each individual bit can be used for either input or output, and input and output can be intermixed. The interface to the MCU requires only the connection of a 4-bit interface port and a strobe signal. All output ports of the MB 88310 are open-drain; MB 88311 output ports all have pull-up resistors. The output ports on both chips are reset to the high-impedance state at power-up.

The MB 88310/MB 88311 are fabricated with silicon-gate CMOS process, and package in a 24-pin plastic DIP or plastic fat package (SOP). Also, they are powered with a single +5V power supply, and operate over the ambient temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

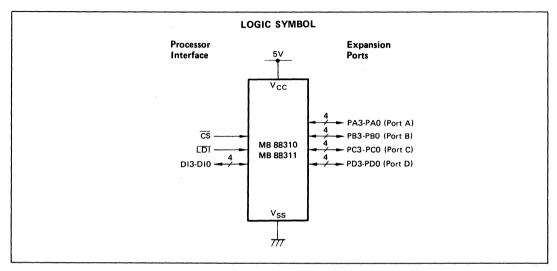
FEATURES

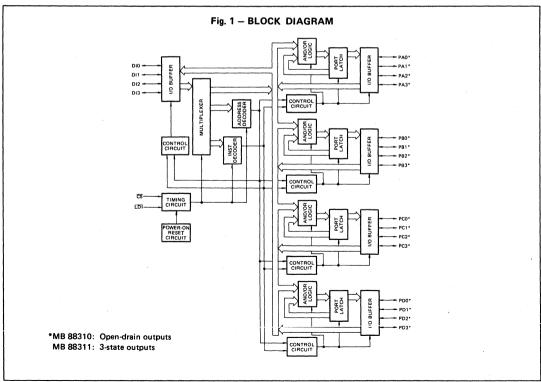
- CMOS Version of Fujitsu MB 88304/88305
- Four 4-bit I/O ports (16 lines)
- Four Functions: Parallel input, parallel output, AND output, and OR output
- AND and OR functions provide individual output capability
- Single-bit input/output: Input and output can be intermixed on each port
- High output drive
- Built-in power-on reset circuit
- CS pin for simplified input/output expansion
- Two output circuit types: Open-drain output (MB 88310)
 3-state output (MB 88311)
- Easily connectable to MCUs with 8243 interface
- Single +5V power supply
- -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range
- Silicon-gate CMOS process
- Two Package Options:
 - 24-pin plastic DIP (Suffix: -P)
 - 24-pin plastic SOP (Suffix: -PF)





This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit.





PIN DESCRIPTION

The MB 88310/88311 have two interfaces: One is the processor interface; \overline{CS} , \overline{LDI} , and DI3-DI0, which are used for the processor to communicate with the MB 88310/88311 devices. Another is the expansion I/O ports; Ports A, B, C, and D, which serve as an expansion of the processor's I/O.

Table 1 - PIN DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Pin No.	Type	Name/Function
V _{cc}	24	_	V _{CC} : is the +5V power supply pin.
GND	12	_	GND: is the ground pin.
C S	6	1.	Chip Select: is a low-level-sense high-impedance input. A low level on this input selects the device. This input is TTL-compatible.
LDI	7	1	Load Data Input: is an edge-triggered strobe input. The operation code and address code on DIO to DI3 are latched at the LDI falling edge. The data transffered via DIO to DI3 becomes valid on the rising edge of the LDI input.
DI3 to DI0	8 to 11	I/O	Data Bus: is a 4-bit bidirectional port used for interface to the MCU. The operation code and address code provided by the MCU on this port are latched at the falling edge of the LDI strobe input, and input/output data is transferred at the rising edge of the LDI. The DI port remains in the high-impedance state except when the input operation is executed.
PA0 to PA3	2 to 5	I/O	Ports A, B, C, and D are 4-bit bidirectional ports used as expansion I/O ports. These four ports are addressed by address codes provided by the MCU.
PBO, PB1 to PB3	1, 21 to 23	I/O	When an input operation code is given by the MCU, data on the addressed port is transferred to the DIO to DI3 at the rising edge of the LDI. When an output operation code is provided, data on the DIO to DI3 is transferred and latched to the addressed port at the rising edge of the LDI. Logical
PC0 to PC3	20 to 17	I/O	operations are also possible, in which data on the addressed port is ANDed or ORed with data on the DIO to DI3 and the result is latched at the addressed port at the rising edge of the LDI.
PD0 to PD3	16 to 13	I/O	After a power-on reset, Ports A to D are all set to the high-impedance state. An individual port is released from the high-impedance state when the OUT, AND, or OR function is applied to it. (Since the MB 88310 has open-drain outputs, a line returns to the high-impedance state when an "1" is written on it.)

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The four 4-bit I/O ports of the MB 88310 and MB 88311 are labelled port A, port B, port C, and port D (PA, PB, PC, and PD). They serve as expansion I/O ports for a one-chip microcomputer (MCU), and can be accessed via an MCU port. Their functions are as follows:

- Data transfer from the MCU to port A, B, C, or D
- Data transfer from port A. B. C. or D to the MCU
- ANDing of the port A, B, C, or D data with MCU data and latching of the result at port A, B, C, or D
- ORing of the port A, B, C, or D data with MCU data and latching of the result at port A, B, C, or D

For interface to the MCU, the MB 88310 and MB 88311 have a 4-bit interface port (DI0 to DI3), a strobe input ($\overline{\text{LDI}}$ pin), and a chip select input ($\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin). The interface data consists of two 4-bit units. The first 4 bits give the operation code (2-bits) and address code (2 bits). The second 4-bits are the input or output data. Both 4-bit units are transferred through the interface port (DI0 to DI3) on timings determined by the strobe ($\overline{\text{LDI}}$) signal. The MB 88310 or MB 88311 reads the operation code and address code from the MCU on the falling edge of the $\overline{\text{LDI}}$ signal, and sends or receives the I/O data on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{LDI}}$.

The $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin is used to read a chip select signal from the MCU's I/O port when two or more MB 88310 or MB 88311 chips are connected to the MCU.

Ope. Code		Function	Addr	Code	Port Address	
DI3	DI2	Funct	DI1	DI0	Port Address	
0	0	IN (Input)	0	0	Port A (PA)	
0	1	OUT (Output)	0	1	Port B (PB)	
1	0	OR (Logical OR)	1	0	Port C (PC)	
1	1	AND (Logical AND)	1	1	Port D (PD)	

POWER-ON RESET

The MB 88310 and MB 88311 contain an internal power-on reset circuit that detects the rise of V_{CC} on the power supply line and holds the chip circuits in the reset state. In the reset state, the interface port (pins DI0 to DI3) is set to the input state, and ports A to D (PA to PD) are in the high-impedance state (except that latched output ports are not reset). The V_{CC} line must rise smoothly for the reset circuit to operate. Regardless of the input level (high of low) of the \overline{LDI} pin at the moment power is applied, the reset state is released at the first falling edge of the \overline{LDI} input. A power-on reset also occurs if the supply voltage (V_{CC}) drops to 1 V or less, then recovers to the rated voltage.

OUTPUT MODE (Write Mode)

Corresponding to three functions of the MCU, the MB 88310 and MB 88311 have three output modes: data transfer output (OUT), logical OR (OR), and logical AND (AND).

OUT

The designated port latches and outputs the 4-bit data transferred from the MCU.

AND

The 4-bit data transferred from the MCU is ANDed with the 4-bit data of the designated port, which then latches the result as output.

• OR

The 4-bit data transferred from the MCU is ORed with the 4-bit data of the designated port, which then latches the result as output.

The operation code and address code sent from the MCU to pins DIO to DI3 of the MB 88310 or MB 88311 are latched on the falling edge of the strobe signal at the $\overline{\text{LDI}}$ pin. The MCU data is read on the rising edge of the strobe signal and sent to the logic circuit of the designated port, where it is processed. The MCU data is then latched as output data.

INPUT MODE (Read Mode)

The MB 88310 and MB 88311 have only one input mode (IN), corresponding to data input by the MCU.

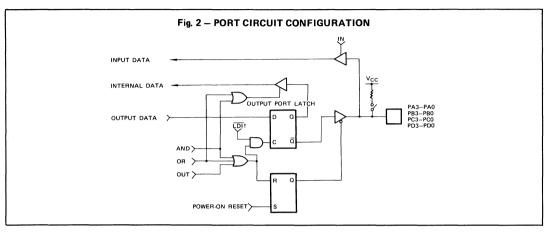
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The input data at the port designated by the MCU is read and sent to the MCU via the interface port (DI0 to DI3).

The operation and address code sent from the MCU to pins DI0 to DI3 of the MB 88310 or MB 88311 are latched on the falling edge of the strobe signal at the $\overline{\text{LDI}}$ pin. If the operation code specifies input, the MB 88310 or MB 88311 sends data from the port designated by the address code to the MCU via DI0 to DI3.

A power-on reset places the chip in the input mode with ports A to D in the high-impedance state. If only the IN function is used thereafter, the ports remain in the high-impedance state. Release from the high-impedance state takes place when the OUT, AND, or OR function is used.

The MB 88310 and MB 88311 are designed for easy external driving. The MB 88310 has open-drain outputs, while the MB 88311 outputs have pull-up resistors. For both chips, the input level of a port to be used for input can be read by writing a 1 and performing the IN function. Input and output can therefore be intermixed within the four bits of each of the four ports (A to D).



SINK CURRENT FROM PORTS A TO D

When $V_{OL} \le 0.45V$, the MB 88310 and MB 88311 can sink 5mA (IOL) on each of their 16 I/O lines simultaneously. When this current sinking capability is not required on all of the I/O lines, or not all of the lines have to sink 5mA, the driving capability (sink current) of the other I/O lines can be increased according to the characteristics shown in the curve

For instance, if one of the I/O lines has to sink 9mA, the total I_{OL} (ΣI_{OL}) of all the lines can be up to 45mA.

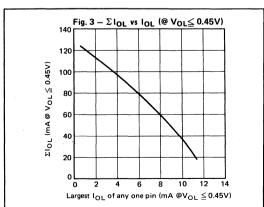
Example-1: How many I/O lines with 5 TTL leads can be driven?

 I_{OL} = 5 x 1.6mA = 8mA $\Sigma I_{OL} \leq$ 60mA (from the total I_{OL} charac-

teristics curve)

60mA/8mA = 7 I/O lines

The chip can drive 7 lines with 5 TTL loads,



making a total of 56mA on these lines. The remaining 4mA can be shared among the other 9 I/O lines.

Example-2: Suppose that two of the load lines have IOL = 20mA (at $V_{OL} \le 1V$). Can the MB 88310 or MB 88311 drive the following loads?

2 I/O lines: 20mA (at $V_{OL} \le 1V$) 8 I/O lines: 4mA (at $V_{OL} \le 0.45V$) 6 I/O lines: 3.2mA (at $V_{OL} \le 0.45V$)

(2x20mA) + (8x4mA) + (6x3.2mA)Total IoL

= 91.2mA

Reading the total IOL characteristic for IOL = 4mA, we see that $\Sigma I_{OL} \leq 93$ mA. Since 91.2mA ≤ 93mA, the chip can drive these loads.

Note: The allowable total I_{OL} (ΣI_{OL}) depends on the maximum sink current of the lines for which Vol must be equal to or less than 0.4V.

NOTICE ON USING INPUT MODE

When the MB 88310/88311 devices work in input mode with a processor which has no 8243 interface, data collision may occur between the device's DI3-DI0 port and processor's data bus. In such case, the following limits should be noticed.

1. DC collision: Maximum short circuit current for DI3 -D10 = 2.5mA.

2. AC collision: Maximum short circuit current for DI3 -DIO = 30mA at T2/T1 (= duty) < 0.1 and

T2 < 1ms. (See figure below.)

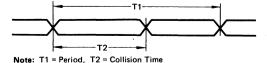


Fig. 4 - TYPICAL APPLICATIONS INTERFACE WITH 4-BIT MICROCOMPUTER INTERFACE WITH 8-BIT MICROCOMPUTER MB 8841*/MB 88401 MB 88310/MB 88311 MBL 8049 MB 88310/MB 88311 O PORT 8 OUTPUT PA0-PA3 DB0-DB7 8 PA0-PA3 P PORT OUTPUT PBO-PB3 P10-P17 8 K PORT 4 INPUT PB0-PB3 P24-P27 PCO-PC3 R PORT TEST PC0-PC3 INTERRUPT PD0-PD3 ĪNĪ R4--R7 DI0-DI3 4 DI0-DI3 P20-P23 PD0-PD3 PROG LDI RO LDI CS • INTERFACE WITH 4-BIT MICROCOMPUTER MB 88310/MB 88311 MB 88310/MB 88311 PAO-PA MB 8841*/MB 88401 PB0-PB3 PBO-PB3 OUTPUT O PORT 8 PC0-PC3 PCO-PC3 P PORT OUTPUT K PORT 4 INPUT PD0-PD3 PD0-PD3 DI0-DI3 . DI0-DI3 R PORT LDI CS LDI CS R4-R7 R0 R1 R2 NOTE: * Output port of MB 8841 should be open-drain type.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	V _{SS} -0.3 to +7.0	٧
Input Voltage	VIN	V _{SS} -0.3 to +7.0*	٧
Operating Temperature	TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Power Dissipation	PD	1.0	w

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXI-MUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational section of this data sheet. Exposure to ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	+5 ± 10%	٧	
Supply Voltage	V _{SS}	0		
Operating Temperature	TA	-40 to +85	°c	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$)

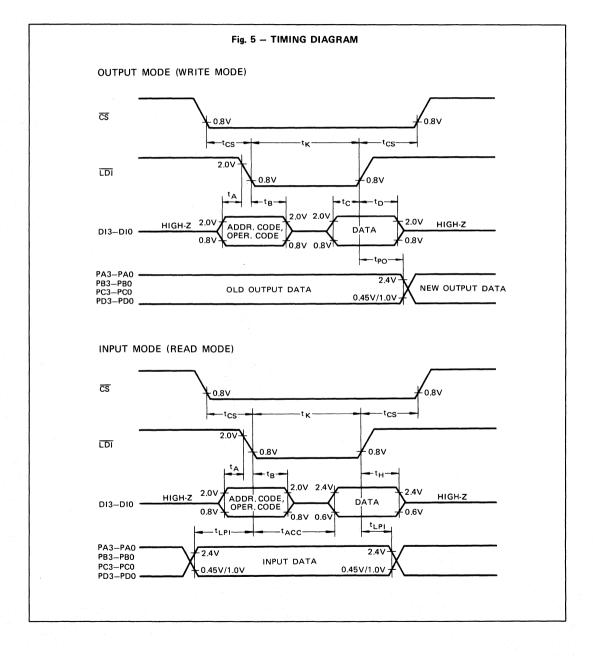
Parameter			Value					
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Input Low Voltage		VIL	V _{SS} -0.3		0.8	٧		
Input High Voltage		V _{IH}	2.2		V _{cc} +0.3	٧		
Output Low Voltage	Port A to D	V _{OL1}	-		0.45	V	I _{OL} = 5mA	
Output Low Voltage		V _{OL2}	_		1.0	٧	I _{OL} = 20mA	
Output Low Voltage	DI0 to DI3	V _{OL3}	_		0.6	V	I _{OL} = 1.8mA	
Output High Voltage	Ports A to D	V _{OH1}	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -240μA (MB 88311)	
Output High Voltage	DIO to DI3	V _{OH2}	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -100μA	
lanut lankan	Ports A to D	I _{IL1}	-10		20	μΑ	$V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$	
Input Leakage Current	DIO to DI3, CS, LDI	I _{IL2}	-10		10	μΑ	V _{SS} ≦ V _{IN} ≦ V _C C	
Input Current	Ports A to D	l ₁		1.0		mA	V _{IN} = V _{SS} (MB 88311)	
Total I _{OL} Output Current from 16 Output		ΣI _{OL}			80	mA	Each output current: 5mA	
	V _{cc}	I _{CC1}		200	600	μΑ	All outputs open, Normal operation	
Supply Current		I _{CC2}		1.0	10	μΑ	All outputs open, Standby operation, LDI cycle = 5μs	

 $^{^*\}mbox{V}_{\mbox{\footnotesize{IN}}}$ should not exceed $\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\footnotesize{CC}}}$ + 0.3V.



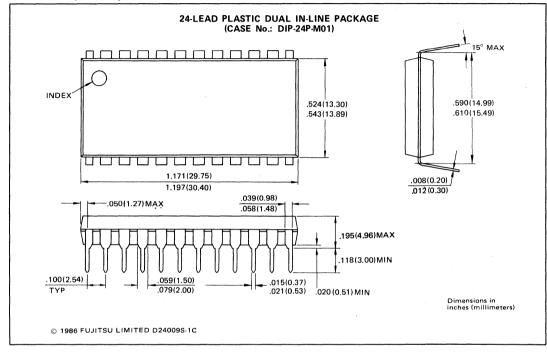
AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, V_{CC} = $+5V \pm 10\%$, V_{SS} = 0V)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			l lasta	Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Address/Op Codes Setup Time	DI3 to DI0	t _A	100			ns	C _L = 80pF
Address/Op Codes Hold Time	DI3 to DI0	t _B	60	,	·	ns	C _L = 20pF
Data Setup Time	DI3 to DI0 (Output Mode)	t _C	200			ns	C _L = 80pF
Data Hold Time	DI3 to DI0 (Output Mode)	t _D	20			ns	C _L = 20pF
Data Output Delay Time	Ports A to D (Output Mode)	t _{PO}			700	ns	C _L = 100pF
LDI Pulse Width	LDI	t _K	700			ns	
CS Setup/Hold Time	<u>cs</u>	t _{CS}	50			ns	
Input Data Setup/Hold Time	Ports A to D (Output Mode)	t _{LPI}	100			ns	
Data Output Delay Time	DI3 to DI0 (Input Mode)	tACC			650	ns	C _L = 80pF
Data Hold Time	DI3 to DI0 (Input Mode)	t _H	0		150	ns	C _L = 20pF



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

PLASTIC DIP (Suffix: -P)



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

PLASTIC SOP (Suffix: -PF)

