

### ■ MBL8286 MBL8287 Bipolar Octal Bus Transceiver

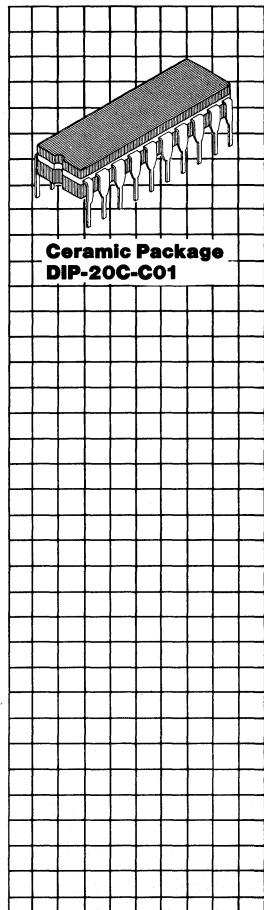
November 1986  
Edition 4.0

#### Description

The MBL8286 and MBL8287 are 8-bit bipolar transceivers with 3-state outputs. The MBL8287 inverts the input data at its outputs while the MBL8286 does not. Thus, a wide variety of applications for buffering in microcomputer systems can be met.

#### Features

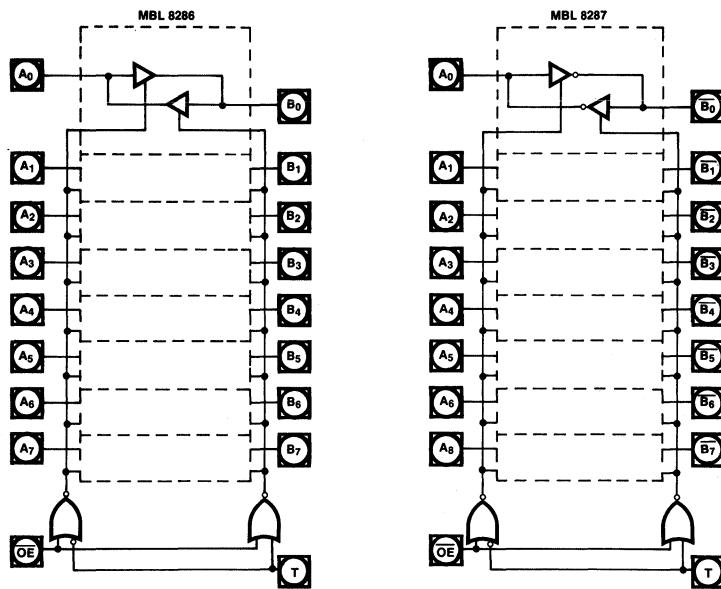
- Data Bus Buffer Driver for MBL8086, MBL8088, BML8089, MCS-80\*, MCS-85\*, and MCS-48\* Families
- High Output Drive Capability for Driving System Data Bus
- Fully Parallel 8-Bit Transceivers
- 3-State Outputs
- 20-Pin DIP
- No Output Low Noise when Entering or Leaving High Impedance State



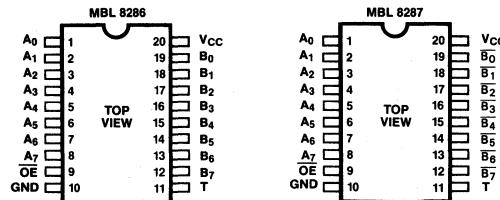
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**MBL8286**  
**MBL8287**

### Logic Diagrams



### Pin Configurations



#### Pin Description

Symbol	Type	Name and Function
T	I	<b>Transmit:</b> T is an input control signal used to control the direction of the transceivers. When HIGH, it configures the transceiver's B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>7</sub> as outputs with A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>7</sub> as inputs. T LOW configures A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>7</sub> as the outputs and B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>7</sub> as the inputs.
OE	O	<b>Output Enable:</b> OE is an input control signal used to enable the appropriate output driver (as selected by T) onto its respective bus. This signal is active LOW.
A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>7</sub>	I/O	<b>Local Bus Data Pins:</b> These pins serve to either send data to or accept data from the processor's local bus, depending upon the state of the T pin.
B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>7</sub> (MBL8286) B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>7</sub> (MBL8287)	I/O	<b>System Bus Data Pins:</b> These pins serve to either send data to or accept data from the system bus, depending upon the state of the T pin.

#### Functional Description

The MBL8286 and MBL 8287 are 8-bit transceivers with high impedance outputs. With T active HIGH and OE active LOW, data at the A<sub>0</sub>-A<sub>7</sub> pins are sent to the B<sub>0</sub>-B<sub>7</sub> pins. With T inactive low and OE active LOW, data at the B<sub>0</sub>-B<sub>7</sub> pins is sent to the A<sub>0</sub>-A<sub>7</sub> pins. No output low glitching will occur when the transceivers are entering or leaving the high impedance state.

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Temperature Under Bias	0° to 70°	°C
Storage Temperature	-65° to +150°	°C
Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V
All Output Voltages (3-State Output)	+5.5	V
All Input Voltages	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Power Dissipation	1.0	W

**Note:** Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### DC Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%$ ,  
 $T_A = 0^\circ C$  to  $70^\circ C$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_C$	Input Clamp Voltage	-1	V	$I_C = -5mA$	
$I_{CC}$	Power Supply Current — MBL8287	130	mA		
	— MBL8286	160	mA		
$I_F$	Forward Input Current	-0.2	mA	$V_F = 0.45V$	
$I_R$	Reverse Input Current	50	$\mu A$	$V_R = 5.25V$	
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage — B Outputs	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 32 mA$	
	— A Outputs	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 16 mA$	
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage — B Outputs	2.4	V	$I_{OH} = -5 mA$	
	— A Outputs	2.4	V	$I_{OH} = -1 mA$	
$I_{OFF}$	Output Off Current	$I_F$		$V_{OFF} = 0.45V$	
$I_{OFF}$	Output Off Current	$I_R$		$V_{OFF} = 5.25V$	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage — A Side	0.8	V	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ , See Note 1	
	— B Side	0.9	V	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ , See Note 1	
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	2.0	V	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ , See Note 1	
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	12	pF	$F = 1 MHz$ $V_{BIAS} = 2.5V$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	

Note: 1. B Outputs —  $I_{OL} = 32 mA$ ,  $I_{OH} = -5 mA$ ,  $C_L = 300 pF$ ;  
A Outputs —  $I_{OL} = 16 mA$ ,  $I_{OH} = -1 mA$ ,  $C_L = 100 pF$ .

### AC Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%$ ,  
 $T_A = 0^\circ C$  to  $70^\circ C$ )

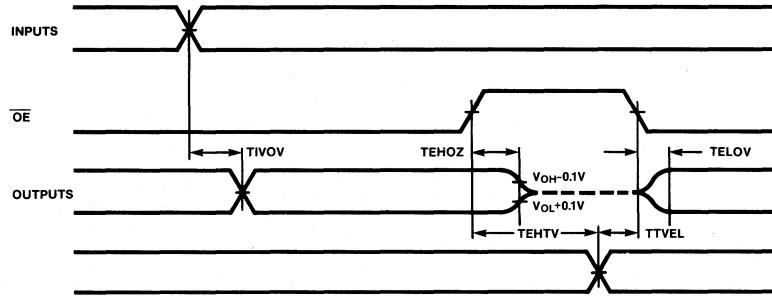
#### Loading:

1. B Outputs —  $I_{OL} = 32 mA$ ,  
 $I_{OH} = -5 mA$ ,  $C_L = 300 pF$ ;  
A Outputs —  $I_{OL} = 16 mA$ ,  
 $I_{OH} = -1 mA$ ,  $C_L = 100 pF$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
TIVOV	Input to Output Delay Inverting — MBL8287 Non-Inverting — MBL8286	5	22	ns	
		5	30	ns	
TEHTV	Transmit/Receive Hold Time	5	ns		
TTVEL	Transmit/Receive Setup	10	ns		(See Note 1)
TEHOZ	Output Disable Time	5	18	ns	
TELOV	Output Enable Time	10	30	ns	
TIILH, TOLOH	Input/Output Rise Time	20	ns		From 0.8V to 2.0V
TIHIL, TOHOL	Input/Output FallTime	12	ns		From 2.0V to 8.0V

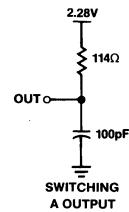
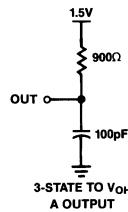
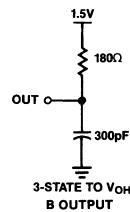
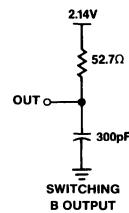
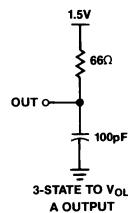
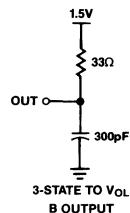
Note: 1. See the following waveforms and test load circuits.

### Waveforms

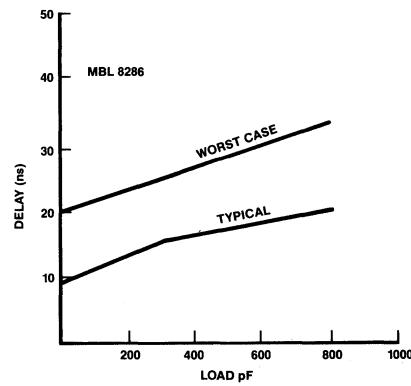
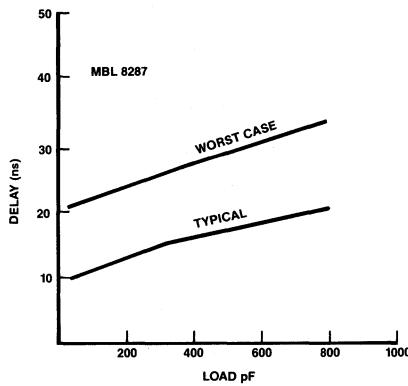


Note: All timing measurements are made at 1.5V unless otherwise noted.

### Test Load Circuits



### Output Delay Versus Capacitance



**MBL8286**  
**MBL8287**

**Package Dimensions**

Dimensions in inches  
(millimeters)

**20-Lead Ceramic (CERDIP)  
Dual In-Line Package  
DIP-20C-C01**

