

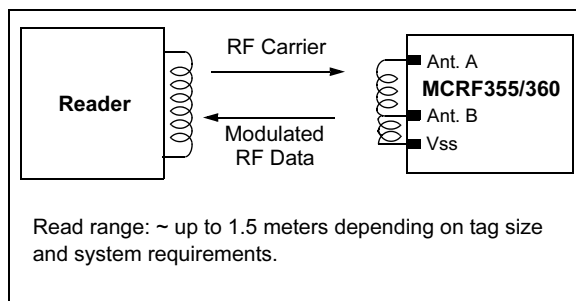
## 13.56 MHz Passive RFID Device with Anti-Collision Feature

### Features

- Carrier frequency: 13.56 MHz
- Data modulation frequency: 70 kHz
- Manchester coding protocol
- 154 bits of user memory
- On-board 100 ms SLEEP timer
- Built-in anti-collision algorithm for reading up to multiple tags in the same RF field
- "Cloaking" feature to minimize the detuning effects of adjacent tags
- Internal 100 pF resonant capacitor (MCRF360)
- Read only device in RF field
- Long read range
- Rewritable with contact programmer or factory-programmed options
- Very low power CMOS design
- Die, wafer, bumped wafer, COB, PDIP or SOIC package options

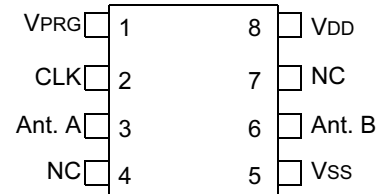
### Application

- Book store and library book ID
- Airline baggage tracking
- Toys and gaming tools
- Access control/asset tracking
- Applications for reading multiple tags and long read range



### Package Type

#### PDIP/SOIC

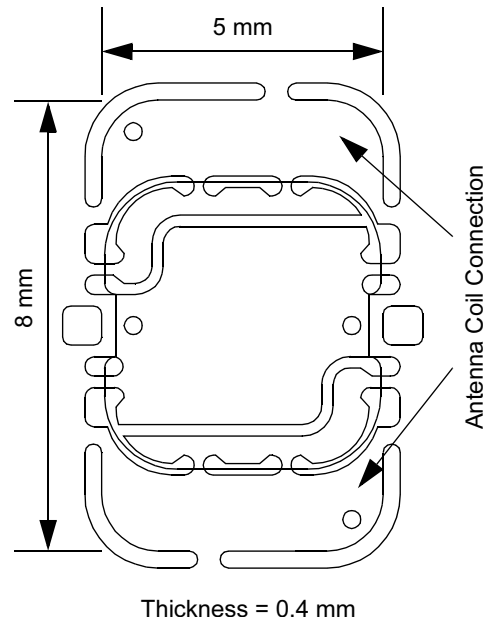


**Note:** Pins 1, 2, 5 and 8 are for device testing and contact programming.

Pins 3, 5 and 6 are for external antenna connection.

NC = Not connected

#### MCRF355 COB



# MCRF355/360

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## Description

The MCRF355 and MCRF360 are Microchip's 13.56 MHz microID™ family of RFID tagging devices. They are uniquely designed read-only passive Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) devices with an advanced anti-collision feature. They are programmable with a contact programmer. The device is powered remotely by rectifying RF magnetic fields that are transmitted from the reader.

The device has a total of six pads (see Figure 1-1). Three (ant. A, B, Vss) are used to connect the external resonant circuit elements. The additional three pads (VPRG, CLK, VDD) are used for programming and testing of the device.

The device needs an external resonant circuit between antenna A, B, and Vss pads. The resonant frequency of the circuit is determined by the circuit elements between the antenna A and Vss pads. The resonant circuit must be tuned to the carrier frequency of the reader for maximum performance. The circuit element between the antenna B and Vss pads is used for data modulation. See Application Note AN707 for further operational details.

The MCRF360 includes a 100 pF internal resonant capacitor (100 pF). By utilizing this internal resonant capacitor, the device needs external coils only for the resonant circuit. Examples of the resonant circuit configuration for both the MCRF355 and MCRF360 are shown in Section 3.0.

When a tag (device with the external LC resonant circuit) is brought to the reader's RF field, it induces an RF voltage across the LC resonant circuit. The device rectifies the RF voltage and develops a DC voltage. The device becomes functional as soon as VDD reaches the operating voltage level.

The device includes a modulation transistor that is located between antenna B and Vss pads. The transistor has high turn-off (a few  $M\Omega$ ) and low turn-on ( $3\ \Omega$ ) resistance. The turn-on resistance is called modulation resistance ( $R_M$ ). When the transistor turns off, the resonant circuit is tuned to the carrier frequency of the reader. This condition is called uncloaking. When the modulation transistor turns on, its low turn-on resistance shorts the external circuit element between the antenna B and Vss. As a result, the resonant circuit no longer resonates at the carrier frequency. This is called cloaking.

The induced voltage amplitude (on the resonant circuit) changes with the modulation data: higher amplitude during uncloaking (tuned), and lower amplitude during cloaking (detuned). This is called "amplitude modulation" signal. The receiver channel in the reader detects this amplitude modulation signal and reconstructs the modulation data.

The occurrence of the cloaking and uncloaking of the device is controlled by the modulation signal that turns the modulation transistor on and off, resulting in communication from the device to the reader.

The data stream consists of 154 bits of Manchester-encoded data at a 70 kHz rate. The Manchester code waveform is shown in Figure 2-2. After completion of the data transmission, the device goes into SLEEP mode for about 100 ms. The device repeats the transmitting and SLEEP cycles as long as it is energized. During the SLEEP time the device remains in an uncloaked state.

SLEEP time is determined by a built-in low-current timer. There is a wide variation of the SLEEP time between each device. This wide variation of SLEEP time results in a randomness of the time slot. Each device wakes up and transmits its data in a different time slot with respect to each other. Based on this scenario, the reader is able to read many tags that are in the same RF field.

The device has a total of 154 bits of reprogrammable memory. All bits are reprogrammable by a contact programmer. A contact programmer (part number PG103003) is available from Microchip Technology Inc. Factory programming prior to shipment, known as Serialized Quick Turn Programming<sup>SM</sup> (SQTP<sup>SM</sup>), is also available. The device is available in die, wafer, bumped wafer, wafer-on-frame, PDIP, SOIC and COB modules.

<b>Note:</b> Information provided herein is preliminary and subject to change without notice.
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## 1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**TABLE 1-1: ABSOLUTE RATINGS**

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
Coil Current	IPP_AC	—	40	mA	Peak-to-Peak coil current
Assembly temperature	TASM	—	265	°C	< 10 sec
Storage temperature	TSTORE	-65	150	°C	—

**TABLE 1-2: DC CHARACTERISTICS**

All parameters apply across the specified operating ranges, unless otherwise noted.		Commercial (C): TAMB = -20°C to 70°C				
Parameters	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Reading voltage	VDDR	2.4	—	—	V	VDD voltage for reading
Hysteresis voltage	VHYST	—	TBD	—	TBD	—
Operating current	IDDR	—	7	10	μA	VDD = 2.4V during reading at 25°C
Testing voltage	VDDT	—	4	—	V	—
Programming voltage:						
High level input voltage	VIH	0.7 * VDDT	—	—	V	External DC voltage for programming and testing
Low level input voltage	VIL	—	—	0.3 * VDDT	V	
High voltage	VHH	—	20	—	V	
Current leakage during SLEEP time	IDD_OFF	—	10	—	nA	<b>(Note 1)</b>
Modulation resistance	RM	—	3	4	Ω	DC resistance between Drain and Source gates of the modulation transistor (when it is turned on)
Pull-Down resistor	RPDW	5	8	—	kΩ	CLK and VPRG internal pull-down resistor

**Note 1:** This parameter is not tested in production.

# MCRF355/360

**TABLE 1-3: AC CHARACTERISTICS**

All parameters apply across the specified operating ranges, unless otherwise noted.		Commercial (C): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -20°C to 70°C				
Parameters	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Carrier frequency	FC		13.56		MHz	Reader's transmitting frequency
Modulation frequency	FM	58	70	82	kHz	Manchester coding, at V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.6 VDC - 5 VDC
Coil voltage during reading	V <sub>PP_AC</sub>	4	—	—	V <sub>PP</sub>	Peak-to-Peak AC voltage across the coil during reading
Coil clamp voltage	V <sub>CLMP_AC</sub>	—	32	—	V <sub>PP</sub>	Peak-to-Peak coil clamp voltage
Test mode clock frequency	F <sub>CLK</sub>		115	500	kHz	25°C
SLEEP time	T <sub>OFF</sub>	50	100	200	ms	Off time for anti-collision feature, at 25°C and V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 VDC
Internal resonant capacitor (MCRF360)	C <sub>RES</sub>	85	100	115	pF	Internal resonant capacitor between Antenna A and V <sub>SS</sub> , at 13.56 MHz
Write/Erase pulse width	T <sub>WC</sub>	—	2	10	ms	Time to program bit, at 25°C
Clock high time	T <sub>HIGH</sub>	—	4.4	—	μs	25°C for testing and programming
Clock low time	T <sub>LOW</sub>	—	4.4	—	μs	25°C for testing and programming
STOP condition pulse width	T <sub>PW:STO</sub>	—	1000	—	ns	25°C for testing and programming
STOP condition setup time	T <sub>SU:STO</sub>	—	200	—	ns	25°C for testing and programming
Setup time for high voltage	T <sub>SU:HH</sub>	—	800	—	ns	25°C for testing and programming
High voltage delay time	T <sub>DL:HH</sub>	—	800	—	ns	Delay time before the next clock, at 25°C for testing and programming
Data input setup time	T <sub>SU:DAT</sub>	—	450	—	ns	25°C for testing and programming
Data input hold time	T <sub>HD:DAT</sub>	—	1.2	—	μs	25°C for testing and programming
Output valid from clock	T <sub>AA</sub>	—	200	—	ns	25°C for testing and programming
Data retention	—	200		—	Years	For T < 120°C

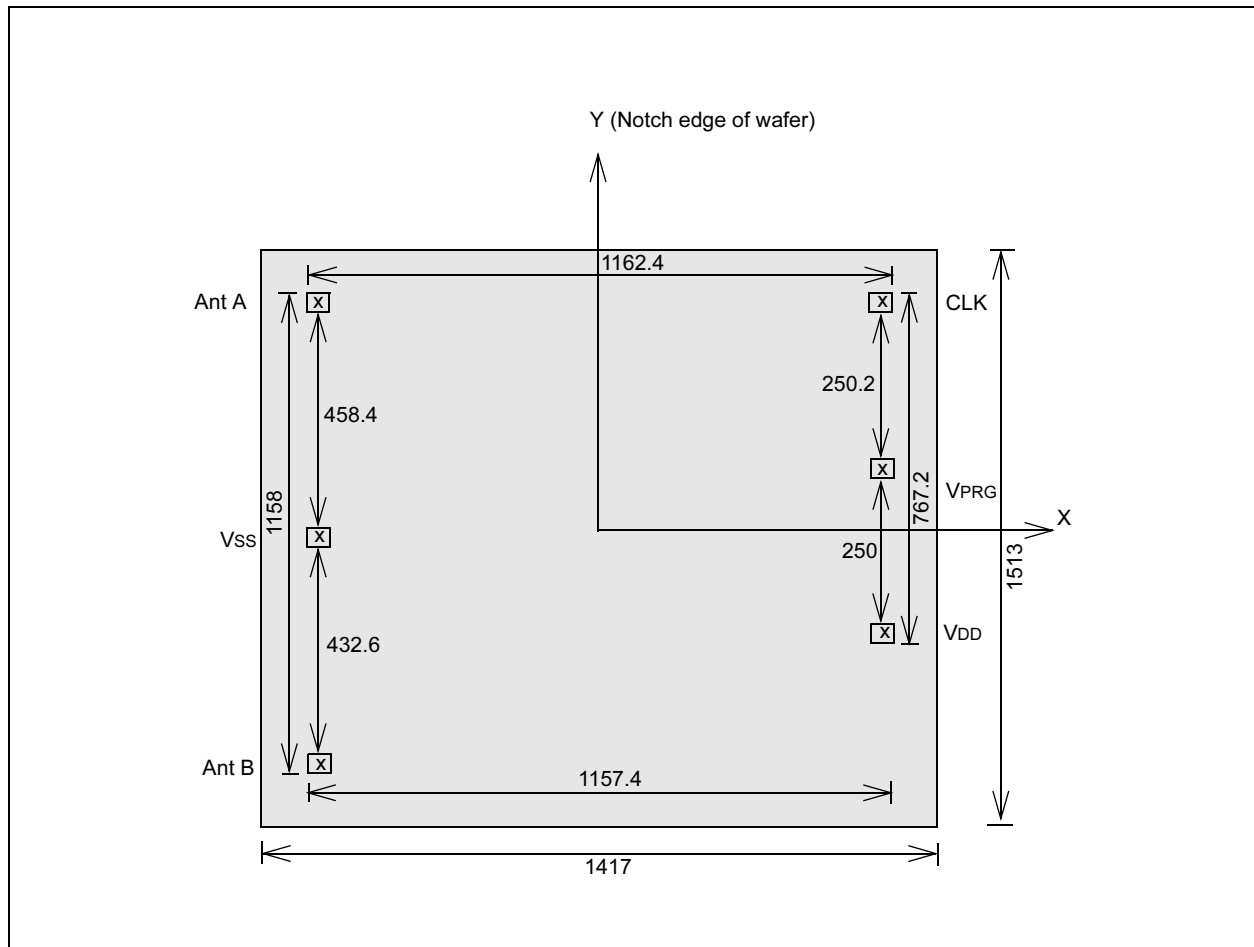
**TABLE 1-4: PAD COORDINATES (MICRONS)**

Pad Name	Lower Left X	Lower Left Y	Upper Right X	Upper Right Y	Passivation Openings		Pad Center X	Pad Center Y
					Pad Width	Pad Height		
Ant. A	-610.0	489.2	-521.0	578.2	89	89	-565.5	533.7
Ant. B	-605.0	-579.8	-516.0	-490.8	89	89	-560.5	-535.3
VSS	-605.0	-58.2	-516.0	30.8	89	89	-560.5	-13.7
VDD	463.4	-181.4	552.4	-92.4	89	89	507.9	-136.9
CLK	463.4	496.8	552.4	585.8	89	89	507.9	541.3
VPRG	463.4	157.6	552.4	246.6	89	89	507.9	202.1

**Note 1:** All coordinates are referenced from the center of the die. The minimum distance between pads (edge to edge) is 10 mil.

**2:** Die Size = 1.417 mm x 1.513 mm = 1417  $\mu\text{m}$  x 1513  $\mu\text{m}$  = 55.79 mil x 59.57 mil

**FIGURE 1-1: DIE LAYOUT**



**Die size before saw:**

1417  $\mu\text{m}$  x 1513  $\mu\text{m}$   
55.79 mil x 59.57 mil

**Die size after saw:**

1353.8  $\mu\text{m}$  x 1450.34  $\mu\text{m}$   
53.3 x 57.1 mil

**Bond pad size:**

89  $\mu\text{m}$  x 89  $\mu\text{m}$   
3.5 mil x 3.5 mil

# MCRF355/360

**TABLE 1-5: PAD FUNCTION TABLE**

Name	Function
Ant. A	Connected to external resonant circuit, <b>(Note 1)</b>
Ant. B	Connected to external resonant circuit, <b>(Note 1)</b>
Vss	Connected to external resonant circuit, <b>(Note 1)</b> Device ground during Test mode
VDD	DC voltage supply for programming and Test mode
CLK	Main clock pulse for programming and Test mode
VPRG	Input/Output for programming and Test mode

**Note 1:** See Figure 3-1 for the connection with external resonant circuit.

**TABLE 1-6: DIE MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS**

Specifications	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Comments
Wafer Diameter	—	8	—	inch	
Die separation line width	—	80	—	μm	
Dice per wafer	—	12,000	—	die	
Batch size	—	24	—	wafer	
Bond pad opening	—	3.5 x 3.5 89 x 89	—	mil μm	<b>(Note 1, Note 2)</b>
Die backgrind thickness	7.5 190.5	8 203.2	8.5 215.9	mil μm	Sawed 8" wafer on frame (option = WF) <b>(Note 3)</b>
	10 254	11 279.4	12 304.8	mil μm	• Bumped, sawed 8" wafer on frame (option = WFB) • Unsawed wafer (option = W) • Unsawed 8" bumped wafer (option = WB), <b>(Note 3)</b>
Die passivation thickness (multilayer)	—	1.3	—	μm	<b>(Note 4)</b>
Die Size:					
Die size X*Y before saw (step size)	—	55.79 x 59.57	—	mil	—
Die size X*Y after saw	—	53.3 x 57.1	—	mil	—

- Note 1:** The bond pad size is that of the passivation opening. The metal overlaps the bond pad passivation by at least 0.1 mil.  
**Note 2:** Metal Pad Composition is 98.5% Aluminum with 1% Si and 0.5% Cu.  
**Note 3:** As the die thickness decreases, susceptibility to cracking increases. It is recommended that the die be as thick as the application will allow.  
**Note 4:** The Die Passivation thickness (1.3 μm) can vary by device depending on the mask set used.  
 - Layer 1: Oxide (undoped oxide)  
 - Layer 2: PSG (doped oxide)  
 - Layer 3: Oxynitride (top layer)  
**Note 5:** The conversion rate is 25.4 μm/mil.

**Note:** Extreme care is urged in the handling and assembly of die products since they are susceptible to mechanical and electrostatic damage.

## 2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The device contains three major sections: (1) Analog Front-End, (2) Controller Logic and (3) Memory. Figure 2-1 shows the block diagram of the device.

### 2.1 Analog Front-End Section

This section includes power supply, Power-on Reset, and data modulation circuits.

#### 2.1.1 POWER SUPPLY

The power supply circuit generates DC voltage (VDD) by rectifying induced RF coil voltage. The power supply circuit includes high-voltage clamping diodes to prevent excessive voltage development across the antenna coil.

#### 2.1.2 POWER-ON-RESET (POR)

This circuit generates a Power-on Reset when the tag first enters the reader field. The RESET releases when sufficient power has developed on the VDD regulator to allow for correct operation.

#### 2.1.3 DATA MODULATION

The data modulation circuit consists of a modulation transistor and an external LC resonant circuit. The external circuit must be tuned to the carrier frequency of the reader (i.e., 13.56 MHz) for maximum performance.

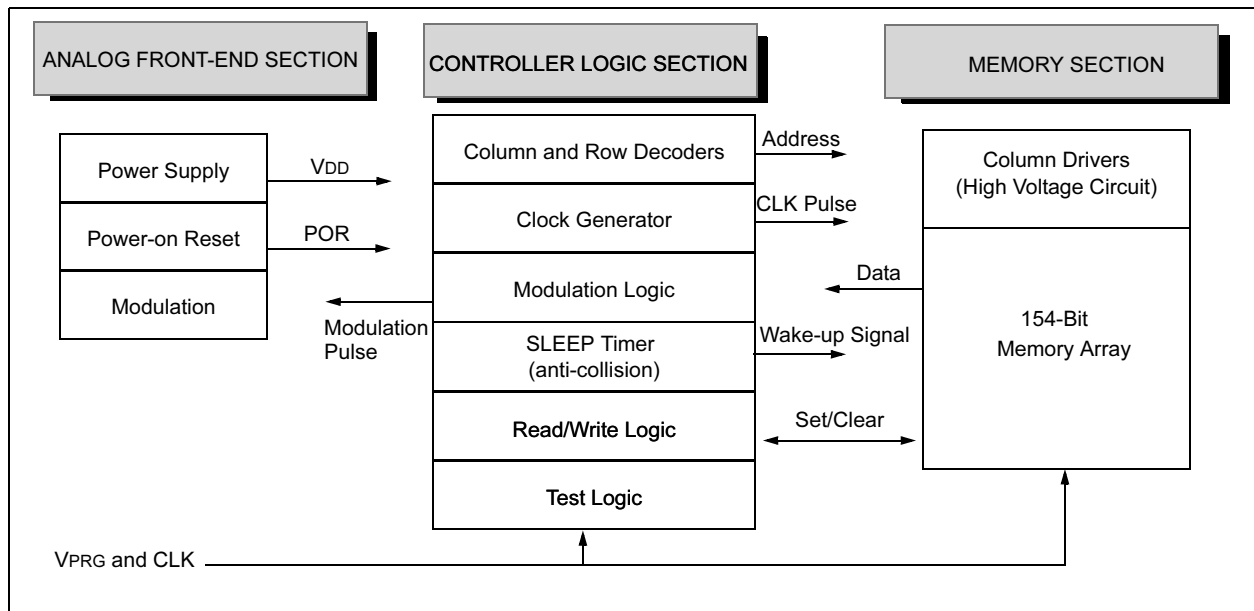
The modulation transistor is placed between antenna B and Vss pads and has small turn-on resistance (RM). This small turn-on resistance shorts the external circuit between the antenna B and Vss pads as it turns on.

The transistor turns on during the “Hi” period of the modulation data and turns off during the “Lo” period.

When the transistor is turned off, the resonant circuit resonates at the carrier frequency. Therefore, the external circuit develops maximum voltage across it. This condition is called unclocking (tuned). When the transistor is turned on, its low turn-on resistance shorts the external circuit, and therefore the circuit no longer resonates at the carrier frequency. The voltage across the external circuit is minimized. This condition is called cloaking (detuned).

The device transmits data by cloaking and unclocking based on the on/off condition of the modulation transistor. Therefore, with the 70 kHz - Manchester format, the data bit “0” will be sent by cloaking (detuned) and unclocking (tuned) the device for 7 μs each. Similarly, the data bit “1” will be sent by unclocking (tuned) and cloaking (detuned) the device for 7 μs each. See Figure 2-2 for the Manchester waveform.

**FIGURE 2-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# MCRF355/360

## 2.2 Controller Logic Section

### 2.2.1 CLOCK PULSE GENERATOR

This circuit generates a clock pulse (CLK). The clock pulse is generated by an on-board time-base oscillator. The clock pulse is used for baud rate timing, data modulation rate, etc.

### 2.2.2 MODULATION LOGIC

This logic acts upon the serial data (154 bits) being read from the memory array. The data is then encoded into Manchester format. The encoded data is then fed to the modulation transistor in the Analog Front-End section. The Manchester code waveform is shown in Figure 2-2.

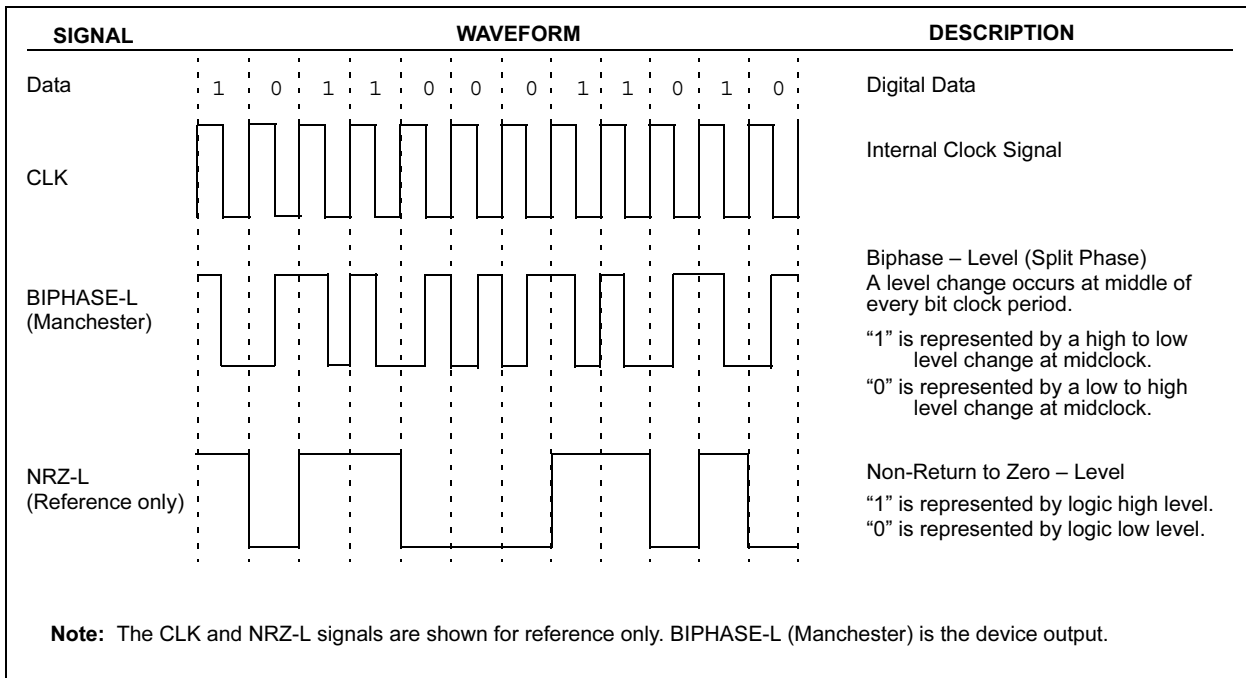
### 2.2.3 SLEEP TIMER

This circuit generates a SLEEP time (100 ms  $\pm$  50%) for the anti-collision feature. During this SLEEP time (TOFF), the modulation transistor remains in a turned-on condition (cloaked) which detunes the LC resonant circuit.

### 2.2.4 READ/WRITE LOGIC

This logic controls the reading and programming of the memory array.

**FIGURE 2-2: CODE WAVEFORMS**





## 3.0 RESONANT CIRCUIT

The MCRF355 requires external coils and capacitor in order to resonate at the carrier frequency of the reader. About one-fourth of the turns of the coil should be connected between antenna B and VSS; remaining turns should be connected between antenna A and B pads. The MCRF360 includes a 100 pF internal resonant capacitor. Therefore, the device needs only external coils for the resonant circuit. For example, the device needs 1.377  $\mu$ H of inductance for the carrier frequency = 13.56 MHz.

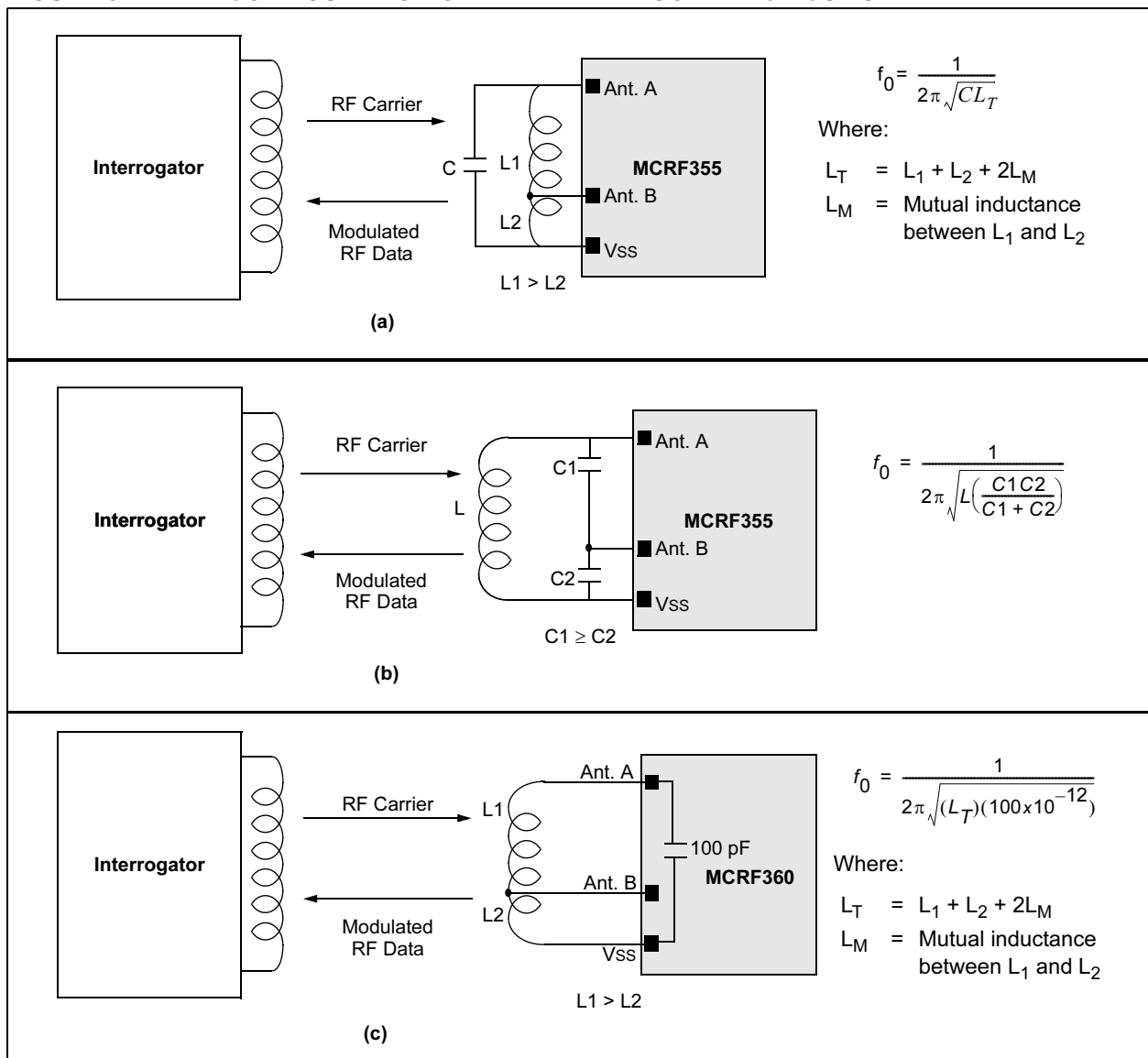
Figures 3-1 (a) and (b) show possible configurations of the external circuits for the MCRF355. In Figure 3-1 (a), two external antenna coils (L1 and L2) in series and a

capacitor that is connected across the two inductors form a parallel resonant circuit to pick up incoming RF signals and also to send modulated signals to the reader. The first coil (L1) is connected between antenna A and B pads. The second coil (L2) is connected between antenna B and VSS pads. The capacitor is connected between antenna A and VSS pads.

Figure 3-1(b) shows the resonant circuit formed by two capacitors (C1 and C2) and one inductor.

Figure 3-1(c) shows a configuration of an external circuit for the MCRF360. By utilizing the 100 pF internal resonant capacitor, only L1 and L2 are needed for the external circuit.

**FIGURE 3-1: CONFIGURATION OF EXTERNAL RESONANT CIRCUITS**



# MCRF355/360

## 4.0 DEVICE PROGRAMMING

MCRF355/360 is a reprogrammable device in Contact mode. The device has 154 bits of reprogrammable memory. It can be programmed in the following procedure. (A programmer, part number PG103003, is also available from Microchip).

### 4.1 Programming Logic

Programming logic is enabled by applying power to the device and clocking the device via the CLK pad while loading the mode code via the VPRG pad (See Examples 4-1 through 4-4 for test definitions). Both the CLK and the VPRG pads have internal pull-down resistors.

### 4.2 Pin Configuration

Connect antenna A, B and Vss pads to ground.

### 4.3 Pin Timing

1. Apply VDDT voltage to VDD. Leave VSS, CLK and VPRG at ground.
2. Load mode code into the VPRG pad. The VPRG is sampled at CLK low to high edge.

3. The above mode function (3.2.2) will be executed when the last bit of code is entered.
4. Power the device off ( $V_{DD} = V_{SS}$ ) to exit Programming mode.
5. An alternative method to exit the Programming mode is to bring CLK logic "High" before VPRG to VHH (high voltage).
6. Any Programming mode can be entered after exiting the current function.

### 4.4 Programming Mode

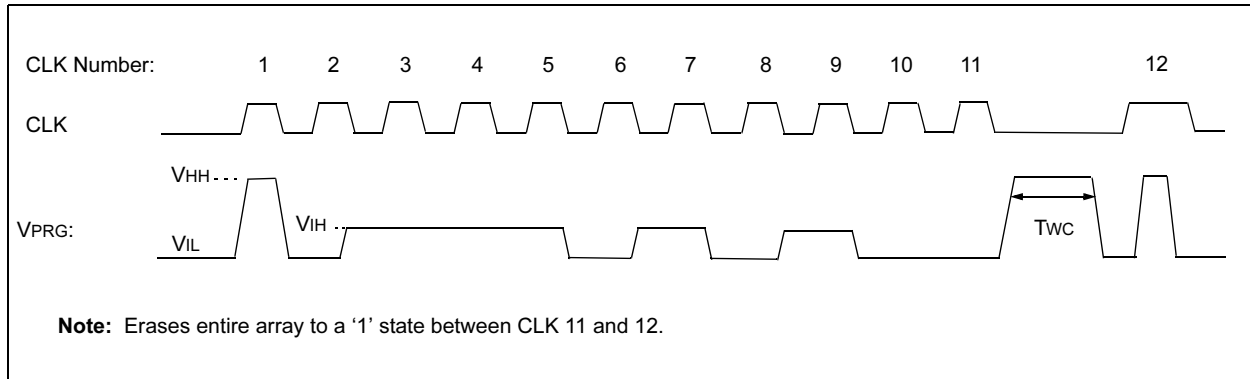
1. Erase EE Code: 0111010100
2. Program EE Code: 0111010010
3. Read EE Code: 0111010110

**Note:** '0' means logic "Low" (VIL) and '1' means logic "High" (VIH).

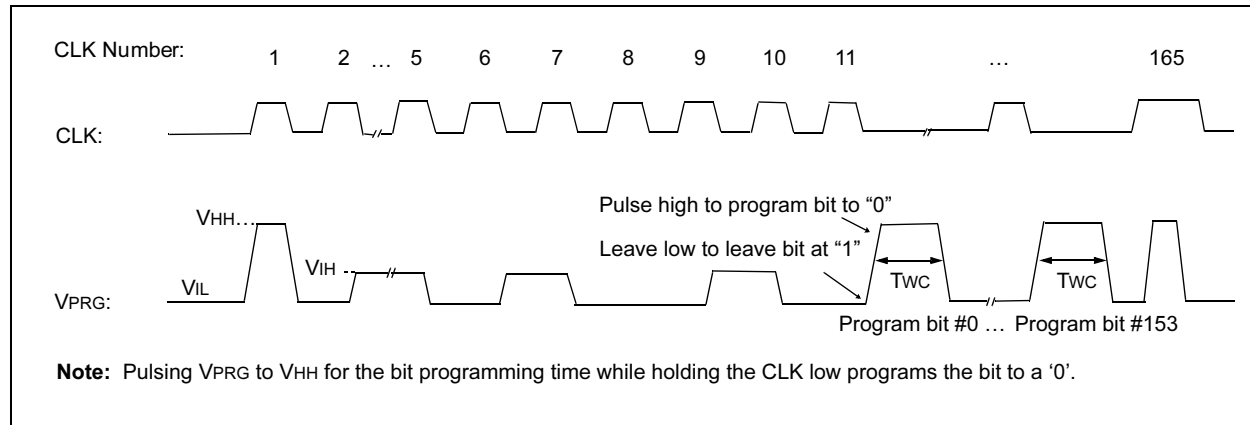
### 4.5 Signal Timing

Examples 4-1 through 4-4 show the timing sequence for programming and reading of the device.

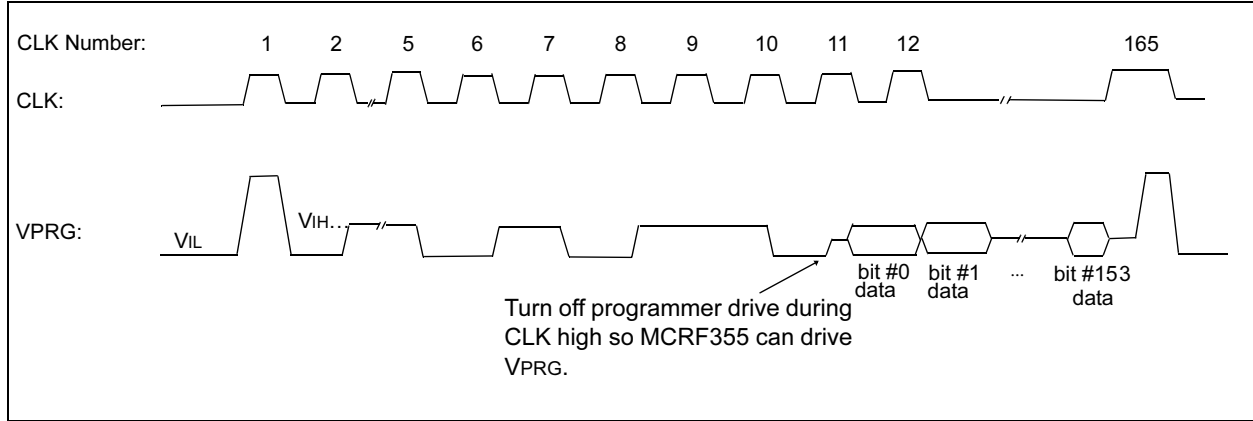
#### EXAMPLE 4-1: PROGRAMMING MODE 1: ERASE EE



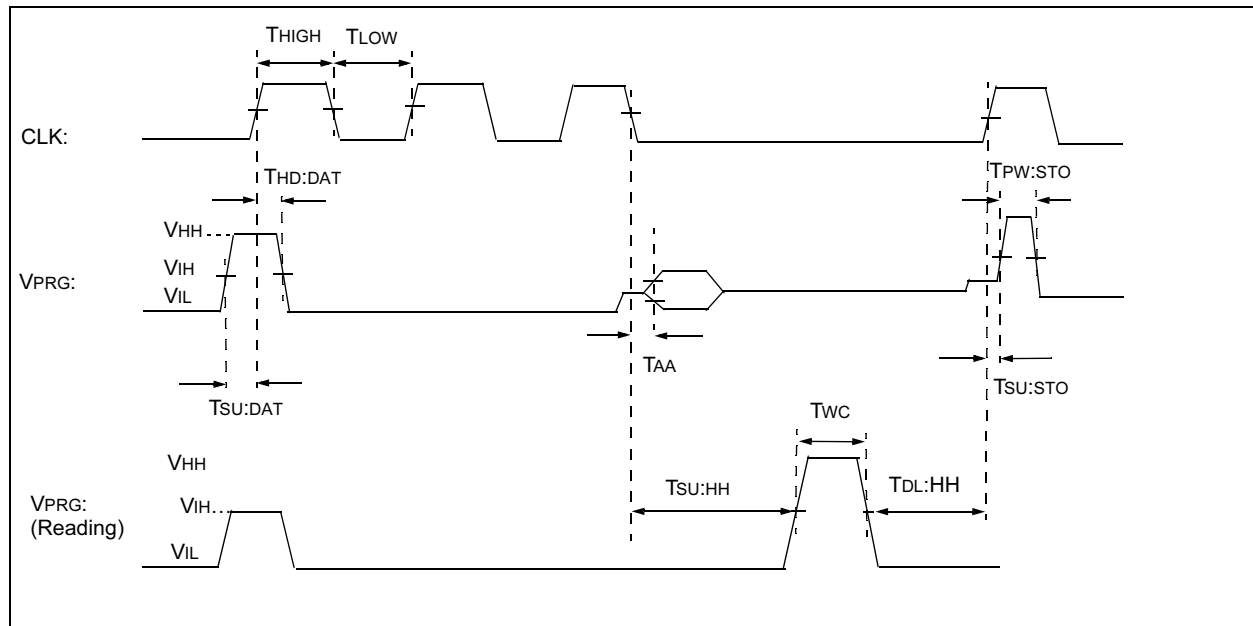
#### EXAMPLE 4-2: PROGRAMMING MODE 2: PROGRAM EE



## EXAMPLE 4-3: PROGRAMMING MODE 3: READ EE



## EXAMPLE 4-4: TIMING DATA



## 5.0 FAILED DIE IDENTIFICATION

Every die on the wafer is electrically tested according to the data sheet specifications and visually inspected to detect any mechanical damage, such as mechanical cracks and scratches.

Any failed die in the test or visual inspection is identified by black colored ink. Therefore, any die covered with black ink should not be used.

### The ink dot specification:

- Ink dot size: 254  $\mu\text{m}$  in circular diameter
- Position: central third of die
- Color: black

## 6.0 WAFER DELIVERY DOCUMENTATION

The wafer is shipped with the following information:

- Microchip Technology Inc. MP Code
- Lot Number
- Total number of wafers in the container
- Total number of good dice in the container
- Average die per wafer (DPW)
- Scribe number of wafers with number of good dice

## 7.0 NOTICE ON DIE AND WAFER HANDLING

The device is very susceptible to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD), which can cause a critical damage to the device. Special attention is needed during the handling process.

Any ultraviolet (UV) light can erase the memory cell contents of an unpackaged device. Fluorescent lights and sunlight can also erase the memory cell, although it takes more time than UV lamps. Therefore, keep any unpackaged device out of UV light and also avoid direct exposure of strong fluorescent lights and shining sunlight.

Certain IC manufacturing, COB and tag assembly operations may use UV light. Operations such as back-grind de-tape, certain cleaning procedures, epoxy or glue cure should be done without exposing the die surface to UV light.

Using X-ray for die inspection will not harm the die, nor erase memory cell contents.

## 8.0 REFERENCES

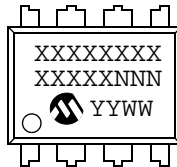
It is recommended that the reader reference the following documents.

1. "Antenna Circuit Design for RFID Applications", AN710, DS00710.
2. "RFID Tag and COB Development Guide with Microchip's RFID Devices", AN830, DS00830.
3. "MCRF355/360 Application Note: Mode of Operation and External Resonance Circuit", AN707, DS00707.
4. "Microchip Development Kit Sample Format for the MCRF355/360 Devices", TB031, DS91031.
5. "MCRF355/360 Reader Reference Design", DS21311.

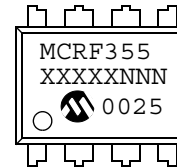
## PACKAGING INFORMATION

### 8.1 Package Marking Information

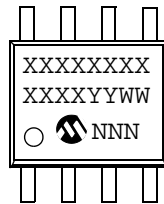
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)



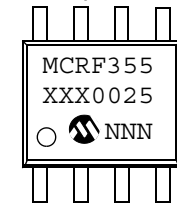
Example:



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil)



Example:

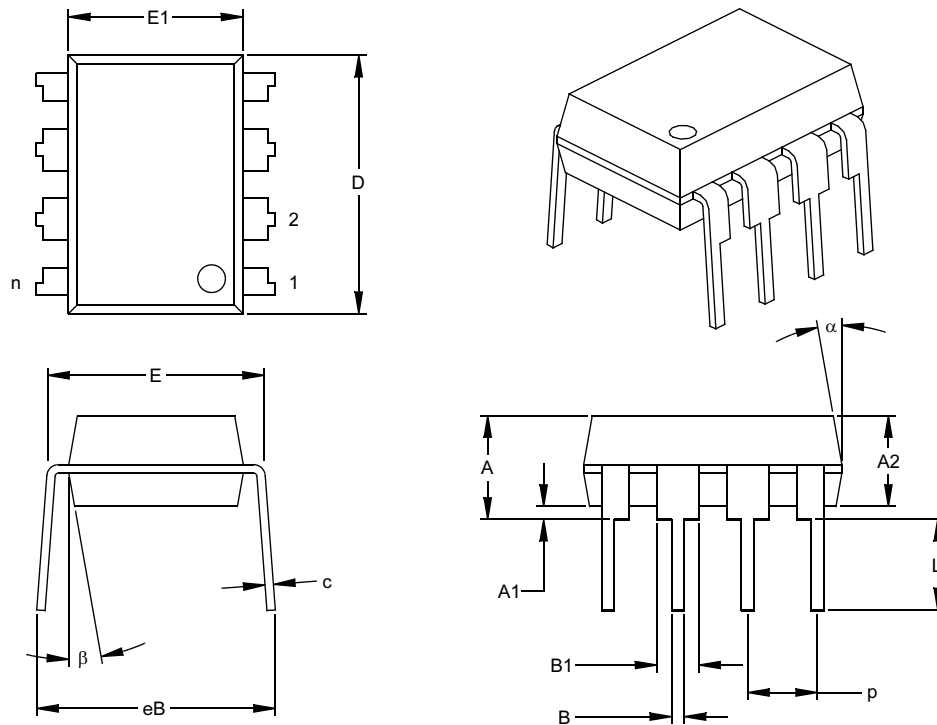


<b>Legend:</b>	XX...X	Customer specific information*
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
<b>Note:</b>	In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line thus limiting the number of available characters for customer specific information.	

\* Standard device marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, and traceability code.



## 8-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) – 300 mil (PDIP)



UNITS		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
DIMENSION LIMITS		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60
Overall Length	D	.360	.373	.385	9.14	9.46	9.78
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78
Lower Lead Width	B	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

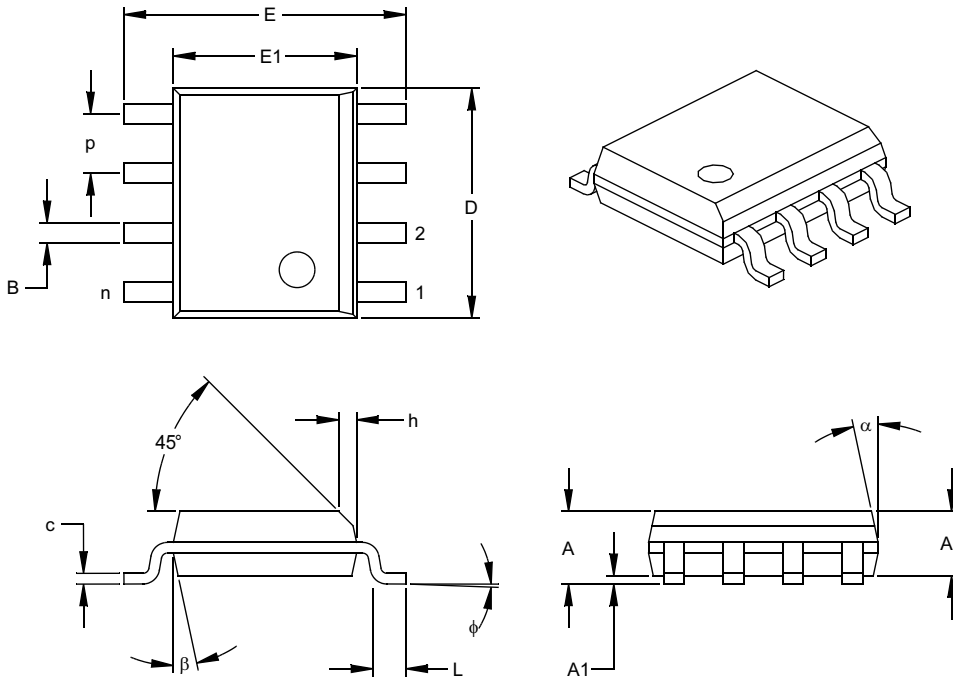
\* Controlling Parameter  
 § Significant Characteristic

**Notes:**

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.  
 JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001  
 Drawing No. C04-018

# MCRF355/360

## 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 150 mil (SOIC)



UNITS		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
DIMENSION LIMITS		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	.10	.18	.25
Overall Width	E	.228	.237	.244	5.79	6.02	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.146	.154	.157	3.71	3.91	3.99
Overall Length	D	.189	.193	.197	4.80	4.90	5.00
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	.25	.38	.51
Foot Length	L	.019	.025	.030	.48	.62	.76
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.009	.010	.20	.23	.25
Lead Width	B	.013	.017	.020	.33	.42	.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

\* Controlling Parameter  
 § Significant Characteristic

**Notes:**

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.  
 JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012  
 Drawing No. C04-057



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# MCRF355/360

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Device: MCRF355/360 Literature Number: DS21287F

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## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

<u>PART NO.</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>/XXX</u>
Device	Temperature Range	Package
Device:	MCRF355 = 13.56 MHz Anti-Collision device.	
	MCRF355/6C = MCRF355 Cross Technology World II COB module with dual 68 pF capacitors	
	MCRF355/7M = MCRF355 IST I0A2 COB module with dual 68 pF capacitors	
	MCRF355/7M: = MCRF355 COB module with dual 68 pF capacitors.	
	MCRF360 = 13.56 MHz Anti-Collision device with 100 pF on-chip resonance capacitor.	
Temperature Range:	= -20°C to +70°C	
Package:	W = Wafer (11 mil backgrind)	
	WB = Bumped wafer (8 mil backgrind)	
	WF = Sawed wafer on frame (8 mil backgrind)	
	WFB = Bumped, sawed wafer on frame (8 mil backgrind)	
	P = Plastic PDIP (300 mil Body) 8-lead	
	S = Dice in waffle pack (8 mil)	
	SB = Bumped die in waffle pack (8 mil)	
	SN = Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body) 8-lead	

**Examples:**

- a) MCRF355/W: = 11-mil wafer.
- b) MCRF355/WF: = 8-mil wafer on frame.
- c) MCRF355/P: = PDIP package.
  
- a) MCRF360/WFB:= Bumped 8-mil wafer on frame
- b) MCRF360/SB: = Bumped 8-mil die.
- c) MCRF360/SN: = SOIC package.

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# MCRF355/360

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NOTES:

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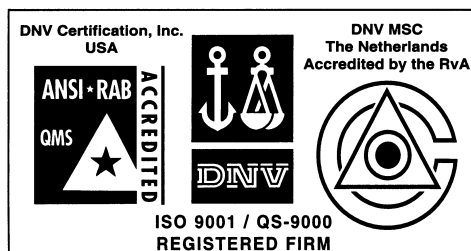
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#### Los Angeles

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Tel: 949-263-1888 Fax: 949-263-1338

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Microchip Technology Inc.  
2107 North First Street, Suite 590  
San Jose, CA 95131  
Tel: 408-436-7950 Fax: 408-436-7955

#### Toronto

6285 Northam Drive, Suite 108  
Mississauga, Ontario L4V 1X5, Canada  
Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

### ASIA/PACIFIC

#### Australia

Microchip Technology Australia Pty Ltd  
Suite 22, 41 Rawson Street  
Epping 2121, NSW  
Australia  
Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

#### China - Beijing

Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai)  
Co., Ltd., Beijing Liaison Office  
Unit 915  
Bei Hai Wan Tai Bldg.  
No. 6 Chaoyangmen Beidajie  
Beijing, 100027, No. China  
Tel: 86-10-85282100 Fax: 86-10-85282104

#### China - Chengdu

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Co., Ltd., Chengdu Liaison Office  
Rm. 2401, 24th Floor,  
Ming Xing Financial Tower  
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Chengdu 610016, China  
Tel: 86-28-86766200 Fax: 86-28-86766599

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#### China - Shanghai

Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai)  
Co., Ltd.  
Room 701, Bldg. B  
Far East International Plaza  
No. 317 Xian Xia Road  
Shanghai, 200051  
Tel: 86-21-6275-5700 Fax: 86-21-6275-5060

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Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai)  
Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Liaison Office  
Rm. 1315, 13/F, Shenzhen Kerry Centre,  
Renminnan Lu  
Shenzhen 518001, China  
Tel: 86-755-82350361 Fax: 86-755-82366086

#### China - Hong Kong SAR

Microchip Technology Hongkong Ltd.  
Unit 901-6, Tower 2, Metroplaza  
223 Hing Fong Road  
Kwai Fong, N.T., Hong Kong  
Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431

#### India

Microchip Technology Inc.  
India Liaison Office  
Divyasree Chambers  
1 Floor, Wing A (A3/A4)  
No. 11, O'Shaugnessey Road  
Bangalore, 560 025, India  
Tel: 91-80-2290061 Fax: 91-80-2290062

### Japan

Microchip Technology Japan K.K.  
Benex S-1 6F  
3-18-20, Shinyokohama  
Kohoku-Ku, Yokohama-shi  
Kanagawa, 222-0033, Japan  
Tel: 81-45-471- 6166 Fax: 81-45-471-6122

### Korea

Microchip Technology Korea  
168-1, Youngbo Bldg. 3 Floor  
Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-Ku  
Seoul, Korea 135-882  
Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5934

### Singapore

Microchip Technology Singapore Pte Ltd.  
200 Middle Road  
#07-02 Prime Centre  
Singapore, 188980  
Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

### Taiwan

Microchip Technology (Barbados) Inc.,  
Taiwan Branch  
11F-3, No. 207  
Tung Hua North Road  
Taipei, 105, Taiwan  
Tel: 886-2-2717-7175 Fax: 886-2-2545-0139

### EUROPE

#### Austria

Microchip Technology Austria GmbH  
Durisolstrasse 2  
A-4600 Wels  
Austria  
Tel: 43-7242-2244-399  
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

#### Denmark

Microchip Technology Nordic ApS  
Regus Business Centre  
Lautrup hoj 1-3  
Ballerup DK-2750 Denmark  
Tel: 45 4420 9895 Fax: 45 4420 9910

#### France

Microchip Technology SARL  
Parc d'Activite du Moulin de Massy  
43 Rue du Saule Trapu  
Batiment A - 1er Etage  
91300 Massy, France  
Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

#### Germany

Microchip Technology GmbH  
Steinheilstrasse 10  
D-85737 Ismaning, Germany  
Tel: 49-89-627-144 0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

#### Italy

Microchip Technology SRL  
Centro Direzionale Colleoni  
Palazzo Taurus 1 V. Le Colleoni 1  
20041 Agrate Brianza  
Milan, Italy  
Tel: 39-039-65791-1 Fax: 39-039-6899883

#### United Kingdom

Microchip Ltd.  
505 Eskdale Road  
Winnersh Triangle  
Wokingham  
Berkshire, England RG41 5TU  
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