

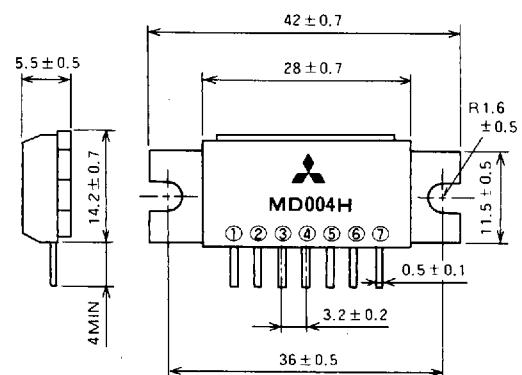
**1200—1300MHz, 25W, ANTENNA SWITCH****MINIATURE RF ANTENNA SWITCH**

MD004H is designed to cover 1200 — 1300MHz, 25W, antenna switch module.

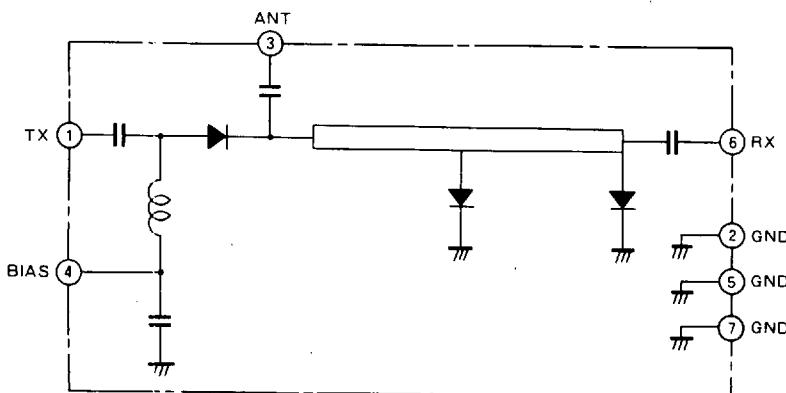
- Small, Easily Mounted Package.
- High Isolation: 30dB Typ.
- Low Transmit Insertion Loss: TX-ANT 0.8dB Typ.  
ANT-RX 1.0dB Typ.
- Low Harmonic Output:
- Low Operating Current (TX-ANT ON): 50mA
- Off Through (ANT-RX ON): 0mA

**OUTLINE DRAWING**

Dimensions in mm



- ① TX
- ② GND
- ③ ANT
- ④ BIAS
- ⑤ GND
- ⑥ RX
- ⑦ GND

**EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT****OPERATING MATRIX**

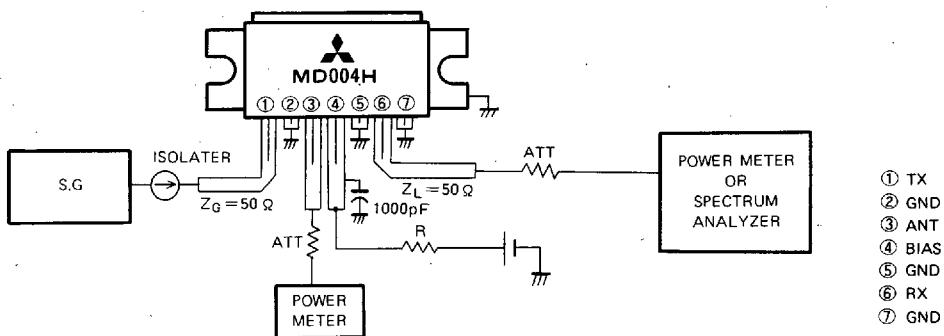
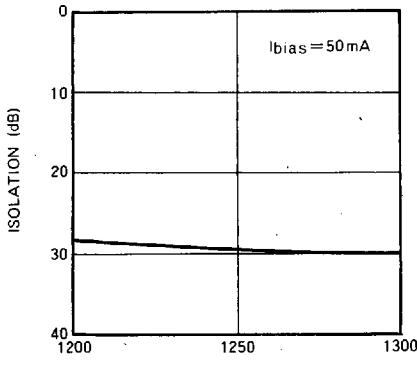
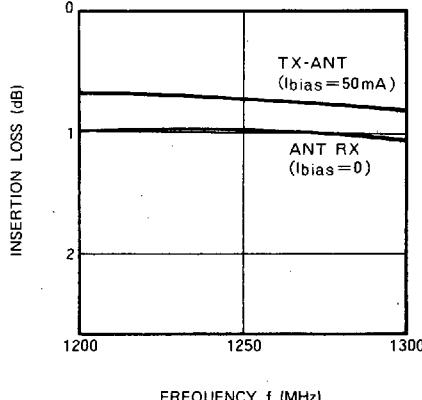
Bias condition	TX-ANT	ANT-RX
I <sub>bias</sub> = 50 mA	ON	OFF
I <sub>bias</sub> = 0	OFF	ON

**1200—1300MHz, 25W, ANTENNA SWITCH****ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

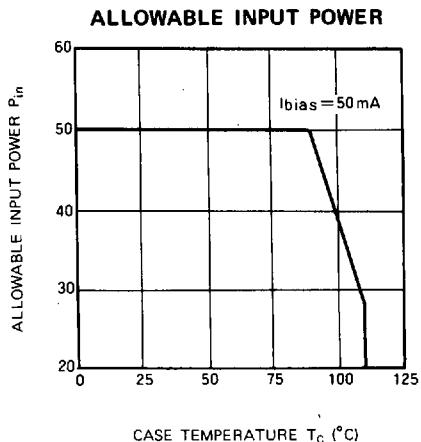
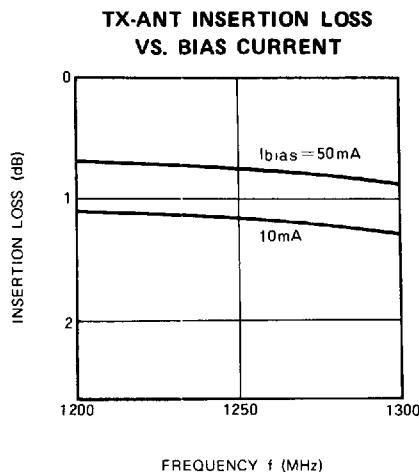
Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
Ibias	Bias current	100	mA
Pin	Input power	50 @ $T_a \leq 90^\circ\text{C}$	W
Tstg	Storage temperature	-30 to 110	°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
f	Frequency Range		1200		1300	MHz
ISO	Isolation (TX-RX)	$P_{in} = 20\text{W}$ , $I_{bias} = 50\text{mA}$ , ANT port terminated $50\Omega$	25	30		dB
$\alpha_1$	Insertion loss (TX-ANT)	$P_{in} = 20\text{W}$ , $I_{bias} = 50\text{mA}$ , RX port terminated $50\Omega$		0.8	1.2	dB
$\alpha_2$	Insertion loss (ANT-RX)	$P_{in} = 1\text{mW}$ , $I_{bias} = 0$ , TX port terminated $50\Omega$		1.0	1.5	dB

**TESTING CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC** (ISO,  $\alpha_1$ )**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE DATA****TX-RX ISOLATION****TX-ANT  
ANT-RX INSERTION LOSS**

## 1200-1300MHz, 25W, ANTENNA SWITCH

**DESIGN CONSIDERATION OF HEAT RADIATION**

Please refer to following consideration when designing heat sink.

**1. Junction temperature of incorporated diodes at standard operation**

(1) Thermal resistance between junction and package of incorporated diodes.

$$R_{th(j-c)} = 70^\circ\text{C/W} \text{ (Typ.)}$$

(2) Junction temperature of incorporated diodes at standard operation. Conditions for standard operation.

$$P_{in} = 33W, I_{bias} = 50mA (VF = 0.85V)^{(1)}, r_{fs} = 0.8\Omega^{(2)}, Z_o = 50\Omega^{(3)}$$

Note 1: Forward Voltage of diodes.

Note 2: Series Resistance of diodes.

Note 3: Characteristic Impedance.

- Junction temperature of diodes

$$T_j = [(P_{in}/Z_o) \times r_{fs} + I_{bias} \times VF] \times R_{th(j-c)} + T_c^{(4)} \\ = [(33/50) \times 0.7 + 0.05 \times 0.85] \times 70 + T_c \\ = 40.0 + T_c (\text{°C})$$

Note 4: Package temperature of device

**2. Heat sink design**

In thermal design of heat sink, try to keep the package temperature at the upper limit of the operating ambient temperature (normally  $T_a = 60^\circ\text{C}$ ) and at the input power of 33W below  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .

The thermal resistance  $R_{th(c-a)}^{(5)}$  of the heat sink to realize this:

$$R_{th(c-a)} = (T_c - T_a)/(P_{in} - P_{out}) = (90 - 60)/(33 - 27.5)^{(6)} \\ = 5.5 (\text{°C/W})$$

Note 5: Inclusive of the contact thermal resistance between device and heat sink.

Note 6: Insertion loss is 0.8dB

Mounting the heat sink of the above thermal resistance on the device,

$$T_j = 130^\circ\text{C}, T_c = 90^\circ\text{C}$$

In the annual average of ambient temperature is  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$

As the maximum junction temperature of these incorporated diodes  $T_{j,max}$  are  $175^\circ\text{C}$ , application under fully derated condition is ensured.