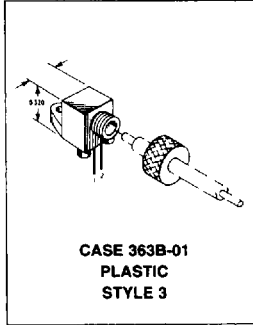


MOTOROLA
SEMICONDUCTOR
 TECHNICAL DATA

Fiber Optics — FLCS Family
Photo Detector
Transistor Output

MFOD72
 Motorola Preferred Device

FLCS FAMILY
FIBER OPTICS
PHOTO DETECTOR
TRANSISTOR OUTPUT



The MFOD72 is designed for low cost, short distance Fiber Optic Systems using 1000 micron core plastic fiber

Features:

- Standard Phototransistor Output
- Ideally Matched to MFOE76 Emitter for Plastic Fiber Systems.
- Annular Passivated Structure for Stability and Reliability
- FLCS Package
 - Includes Connector
 - Simple Fiber Termination and Connection (Figure 4)
 - Easy Board Mounting
 - Molded Lens for Efficient Coupling
 - Mates with 1000 Micron Core Plastic Fiber (Eska SH4001)

Applications:

- Medical Electronics
- Industrial Controls
- Security Systems
- Short Haul Communication Systems
- High Isolation Interconnects
- M6800 Microprocessor Systems

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CEO}	30	Volts
Total Power Dissipation (at T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C)	P _D	150 2	mW mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	- 40 to + 100	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Collector Dark Current (V _{CE} = 10 V)	I _D	—	—	100	nA
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I _C = 10 mA)	V _{(BR)CEO}	30	—	—	Volts

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Responsivity (V _{CC} = 5 V, Figure 2)	R	80	125	—	μA/μW
Saturation Voltage (λ = 850 nm, V _{CC} = 5 V) (P _{in} = 10 μW, I _C = 1 mA)	V _{CE(sat)}	—	0.25	0.4	Volts
Turn-On Time	t _{on}	—	10	—	μs
Turn-Off Time	t _{off}	—	60	—	μs

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value

TYPICAL COUPLED CHARACTERISTICS

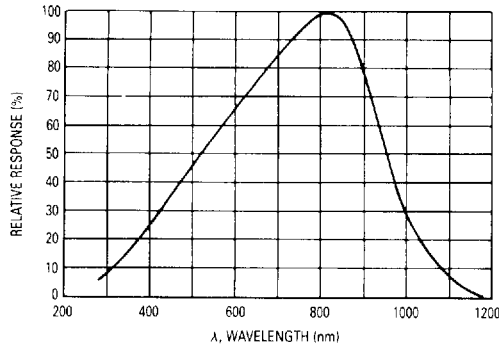


Figure 1. Relative Spectral Response

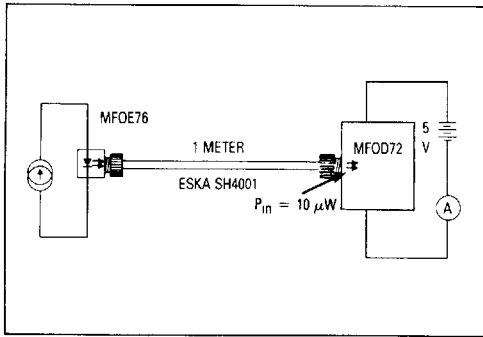


Figure 2. Responsivity Test Configuration

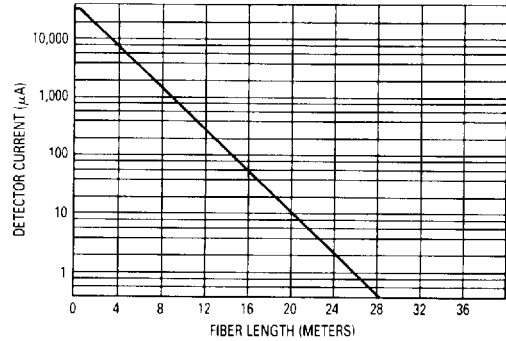


Figure 3. Detector Current versus Fiber Length

The system length achieved with a MFOE76 emitter and various detectors, using 1000 micron core plastic fiber (Eska SH4001 or equivalent), depends on the LED forward

current (I_f) and the responsivity of the detector chosen. Each detector will perform with the MFOE76 up to the distances shown below

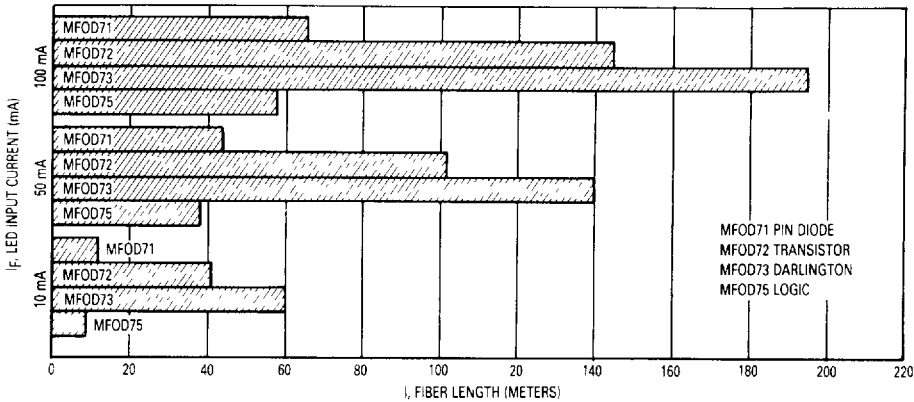


Figure 4. MFOE76 Working Distances

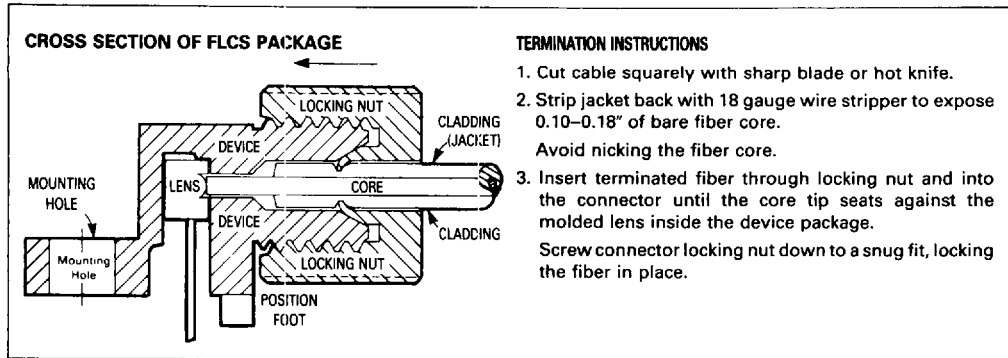


Figure 5. FO Cable Termination and Assembly

INPUT SIGNAL CONDITIONING

The following circuits are suggested to provide the desired forward current through the emitter.

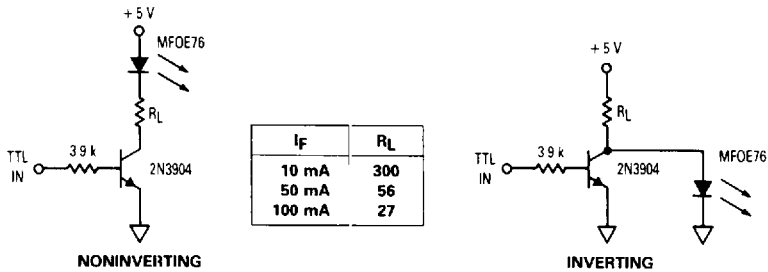


Figure 6. TTL Transmitters

OUTPUT SIGNAL CONDITIONING

The following circuit is suggested to take the MFOD72 detector output and condition it to drive TTL with an acceptable bit error rate.

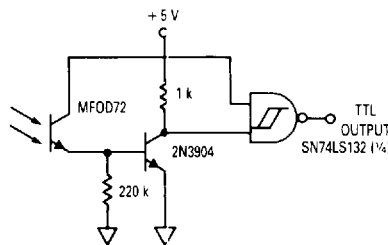


Figure 7. 5 kHz Transistor Receiver