

Semiconductor

FEDL9470-11-01 Issue Date: Sep. 11, 2007

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ML9470-11/12

Static,1/2Duty 80 Output LCD Driver

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ML9470 is a LCD driver which can directly drive up to 80 segments in the static display mode and up to 160 segments in the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode.

FEATURES

Operating range

Supply voltage : 3.0 to 5.5 VOperating temperature range $: -40 \text{ to } + 105^{\circ}\text{C}$

• Segment output

Static display mode : Up to 80 segments can be displayed. 1/2 duty : Up to 160 segments can be displayed.

• Simple interface with microcomputer

• Built-in common signal generator

• One-to-one correspondence between input data and output data

When input data is at "H" level : Display goes on. When input data is at "L" level : Display goes off.

- Test pin for all-on (SEG_TEST) and all-off (BLANK / BLNAK)
- Can be cascade-connected
- Can be synchronized with the external common signal
- Applicable as an output expander
- LCD driving voltage can be adjusted by the combination of V_{LC1} and V_{LC2}
- Package

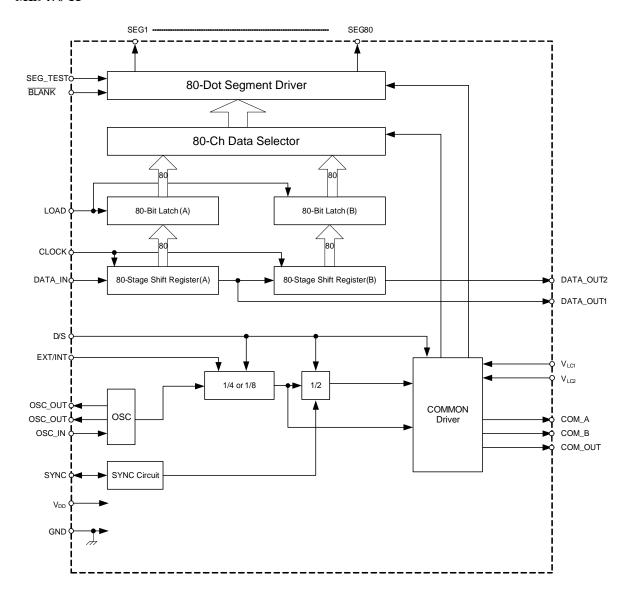
100-pin plastic QFP (QFP100-P-1420-0.65-BK) (Product name: ML9470-11GA)

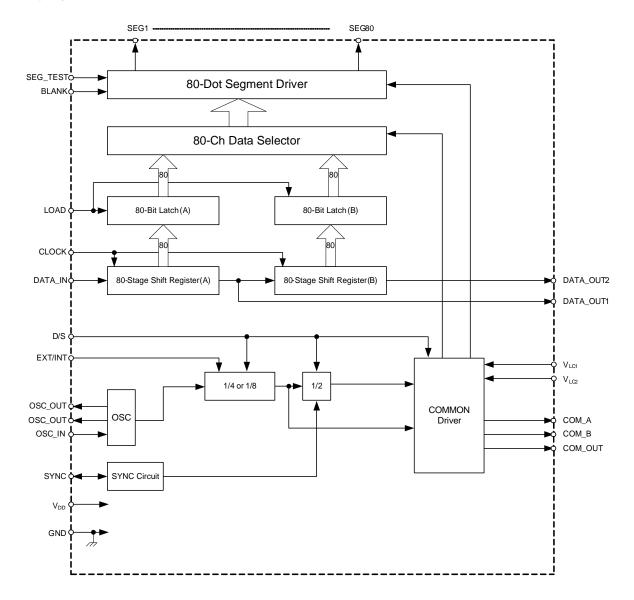
(Product name: ML9470-12GA)

•Comparison of device codes and function

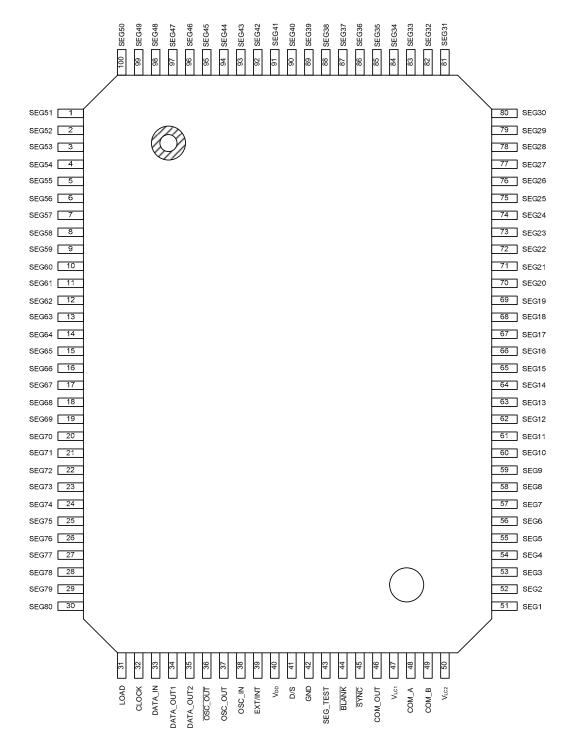
Device code	Symbol	Function
ML9470-11	BLANK	Active "L"
ML9470-12	BLANK	Active "H"

BLOCK DIAGRAM

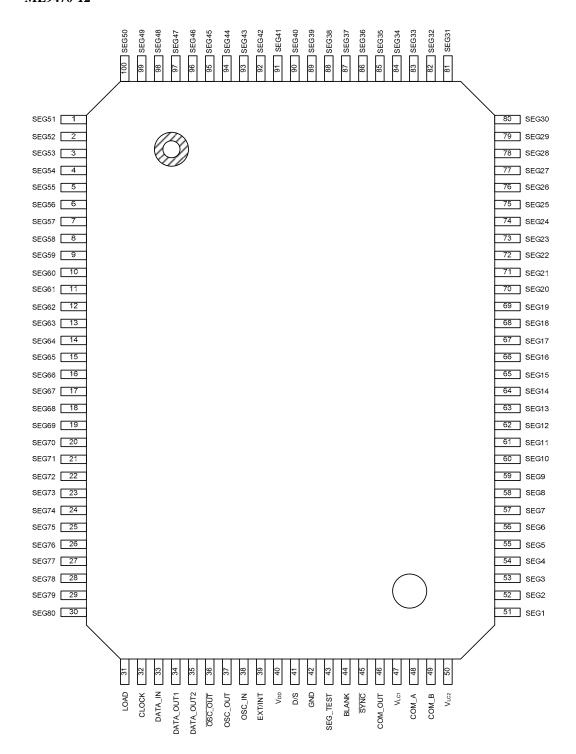




PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



100-Pin Plastic QFP



100-Pin Plastic QFP

PIN DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Туре	Description
OSC_IN OSC_OUT OSC_OUT	I 0 0	Pins for oscillation. The oscillator circuit is configured by externally connecting two resistors and a capacitor. Make the wiring length as short as possible, because the resistor connected to the OSC_IN pin has a higher value and the circuit is susceptible to external noise.
DATA_IN	I	Serial data input pin. The display goes on when input data is at a "H" level, and it goes off when input data is at a "L" level.
CLOCK	I	Shift clock input pin. Data from the DATA pin is transferred in synchronization with the rising edge of the shift clock.
LOAD	I	Load signal input pin. Serially input data is transferred to the 80-bit latch at a "H" level of this load signal, then held at a "L" level.
BLANK	I	ML9470-11 Input pin that turns off all segments. The entire display goes off when a "L" level is applied to this pin. The display returns to the previous state when a "H" level is applied. When SEG_TEST pin is at a "H" level, the input on this pin is disabled.
BLANK	ı	ML9470-12 Input pin that turns off all segments. The entire display goes off when a "H" level is applied to this pin. The display returns to the previous state when a "L" level is applied. When SEG_TEST pin is at a "H" level, the input on this pin is disabled.
SEG_TEST	I	Input pin is used to test the segment outputs (SEG $_1$ to SEG $_80$). All displays are turned on when "H" is applied to this pin. The display returns to the previous state when a "L" level is applied. When this pin is at a "H" level, the input on the $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$ / BLANK pin is disabled.
D/S	I	When "H" is applied to this pin, the ML9470 operates in the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode. When this pin is set at a "L" level, the ML9470 operates in the static display mode.
EXT/INT	I	When the external common signal is used, fix this pin at a "H" level and input the external common signal from the OSC_IN pin. The input common signal is used as the internal common signal and is output from the COM_OUT pin through the buffer. When the built-in common signal generator is used, fix this pin at a "L" level. When the ML9470 is used as an output expander, fix this pin at a "H" level and the OSC_IN pin at a "L" level. The output logic can be reversed with respect to the input data by setting OSC_IN to a "H" level.
SYNC	I/O	This pin is an input/output pin which is used when two or more ML9470s are connected in series (cascade connection) in the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode. All of the involved ML9470's SYNC pins should be connected by the common line and they should be pulled up with a common resistor, which makes a phase level of all involved ML9470's COM_A and COM_B pins equal. When a single ML9470 is used in the dynamic display mode, SYNC should be pulled up with a resistor. Connect this pin to GND if any of the following conditions is true: - The ML9470 is operated in the static display mode. - The ML9470 is used as an output expander.
DATA_OUT1	0	The 80 th stage data of the shift register is output from this pin. When two or more ML9470s are connected in series (cascade connection) in the static display mode, this pin should be connected to the next ML9470's DATA_IN Pin.

Symbol	Type	Description
DATA_OUT2	0	The 160 th stage data of the shift register is output from this pin. When two or more ML9470s are connected in series (cascade connection) in the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode, this pin should be connected to the next ML9470's DATA_IN pin.
COM_OUT	0	When tow or more ML9470s are connected in series (cascade connection), this pin should be connected with all of the slave ML9470's OSC_IN pins.
COM_A COM_B	0 0	LCD driving common signals is output from these pins. These pins should be connected to the COMMON side of the LCD panel. In the static display mode - A pulse in phase with the COM_OUT is output from both COM_A and COM_B. In this case, the high level is VDD, and the low level is VLC2. - In the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode The COM_A and COM_B output signals are alternately changed within each COM_OUT output cycle, resulting in alternate repetition of select and non-select modes.
SEG1 to SEG80	0	Display output pins for LCD. Theses pins are connected to the SEGMENT side of the LCD panel. For the correspondence between the output of these pins and input data, see Section, "Data Structure".
V _{LC1} , V _{LC2}	_	Bias pins for LCD driver. Through these pins, bias voltages for the LCD are externally supplied. In the static display mode, V_{LC1} should be open. $V_{LC1} = V_{DD}/2$ $V_{DD} > V_{LC1} > V_{LC2} = GND$
V_{DD} , GND	_	Supply voltage pin and ground pin.

Note: Built-in schmitt circuit is used for all input pins.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Input Voltage	Vı	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	_	-55 to 150	°C
Power Dissipation	P_{D}	Ta < 105°C	781	mW
Output Current	I _{O1}	Driver Outputs	-2.0 to 2.0	mA
Output Current	I _{O2}	Logic Outputs	-2.0 to 2.0	mA

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

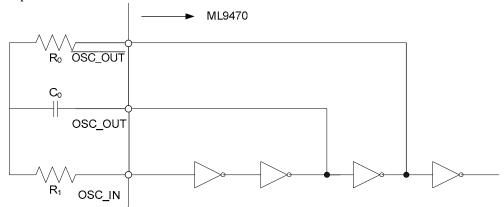
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Range	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		3 to 5.5	V
LCD Driving Voltage	V _{LCD}	V _{DD} - V _{LC2}	3 to V _{DD}	V
CLOCK Frequency	f _{CP}	_	0.4 to 4	MHz
Operating Temperature	Ta	_	-40 to 105	°C

Oscillator Circuit

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable pin	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Oscillator Resistance	R ₀	OSC_OUT	_	56	100	220	kΩ
Oscillator Capacitance	C ₀	OSC_OUT	Film capacitor	0.001	_	0.047	μF
Current Limiting Resistance	R ₁	OSC_IN	$R_1 \ge 10R_0$	560	1000	2220	kΩ
Common Signal Frequency	f _{COM}	COM_A COM_B	_	25	_	150	Hz

Note: See Section, "Reference Data", for the resistor and capacitor values in the table.

Example of an oscillator circuit:



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

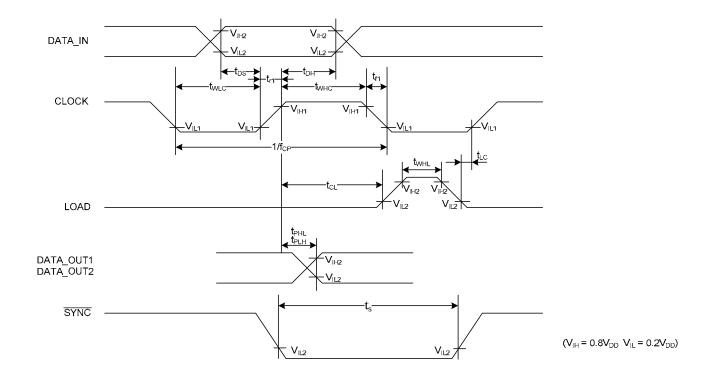
 $(V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable pin		1a = -40 to + 105 C, ndition	Min.	Max.	Unit
"H" Input Voltage	V _{IH}	SEG_TEST,		_		V_{DD}	V
"L" Input Voltage	VIL	BLANK or BLANK, LOAD,	_		GND	0.2 V _{DD}	V
"H" Input Current	I _{IH}	DATA_IN,	$V_I = V_{DD}$		_	1	μΑ
"L" Input Current	I _{IL}	CLOCK, D/S, EXT/INT, OSC_IN	V ₁ = 0 V		-1	_	μΑ
"H" Output Voltage	V _{OH1}	DATA_OUT1 DATA_OUT2 COM_OUT	$I_0 = -100 \mu A, V$	_{DD} = 5.0 V	4.5	_	V
	V _{OH2}	OSC_OUT OSC_OUT	$I_0 = -200 \mu A, V$	_{DD} = 5.0 V	4.5	_	V
(I) NO 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	V _{OL1}	DATA_OUT1 DATA_OUT2 COM_OUT	I _O = 100 μA, V _D	$I_O = 100 \ \mu A, \ V_{DD} = 5.0 \ V$		0.5	V
"L" Output Voltage	V _{OL2}	OSC_OUT OSC_OUT	I _O = 200 μA, V _{DD} = 5.0 V			0.5	V
	V _{OL3}	SYNC	$I_O = 250 \mu A, V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$			0.8	V
	V _{OCH}	COM_A COM_B	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{LC1} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{LC2} = 0 \text{ V},$ $I_{O} = -150 \mu\text{A}$		4.8	_	V
COMMON Output Voltage	V _{ОСМ}	COM_A COM_B	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{LO}$ $I_{O} = \pm 150 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{LC1} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{LC2} = 0 \text{ V},$		2.7	V
	V _{OCL}	COM_A COM_B	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{LO}$ $I_{O} = 150 \mu\text{A}$	$v_{11} = 2.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{LC2} = 0 \text{ V},$	1	0.2	V
Segment Output	Vosh	SEG ₁ - SEG ₈₀	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V},$ $V_{LC1} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	$I_{O} = -30 \mu A$	4.8	_	V
Voltage	V _{OSL}	OLO1 - OLO80	$V_{LC1} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ $V_{LC2} = 0 \text{ V}$	I _O = +30 μA	_	0.2	V
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	SYNC	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ and $V_{O} = 5 \text{ V}$ when internal Tr is off		_	5	μА
Segment Output Impedance	R _{SEG}	SEG ₁ - SEG _{80,}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V, V _{LC1} =2.5V, V _{LC2} = 0 V			10	kΩ
Common Output Impedance	R _{COM}	COM_A COM_B	V _{DD} = 5.0 V, V _{LC1} = 2.5V, V _{LC2} = 0 V		_	1.5	kΩ
Static Supply Current	I _{DD1}	V _{DD}	Fix all input levels at either V_{DD} or GND		_	100	μА
Dynamic Supply Current	I _{DD2}	V _{DD}	V_{DD} = 5.0 V, No load. R_0 = 100 k Ω , C_0 = 0.01 μ F, R_1 = 1 M Ω		_	0.5	mA

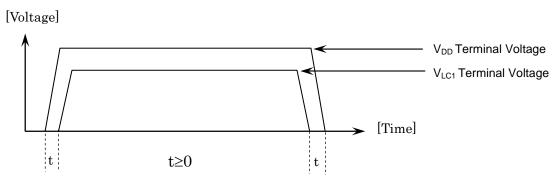
AC Characteristics

 $(V_{DD} = 3 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock "H" Time	twnc	_	70	_		ns
Clock "L" Time	twLC	_	70	_	_	ns
Data Set-up Time	t _{DS}	_	50	_		ns
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	_	50	_		ns
Load "H" Time	t _{WHL}	_	100	_	_	ns
Clock-to-load Time	t _{CL}	_	100	_	_	ns
Load-to-Clock Time	t _{LC}	_	100	_		ns
"H", "L" Propagation Delay Time	t _{PHL}	Load capacitance of DATA_OUT1, DATA_OUT2: 15 pF	l	_	0.14	μS
Clock Rise time, Fall time	t _{r1} , t _{f1}	_		_	50	ns
SYNC Pulse "L" Time	t _S	_	0.2	_		μS
OSC_IN Input Frequency	f _{OSC}	_	_	_	5	kHz

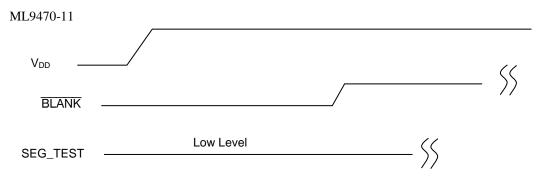


POWER-ON/OFF TIMING

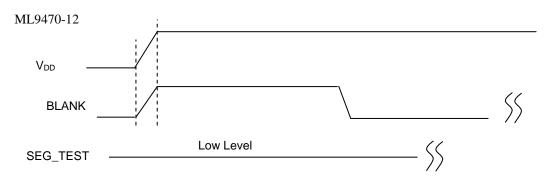


^{*} V_{LC1} and V_{LC2} are applied when V_{DD} is applied to external bias resistor.

INITIAL SIGNAL TIMING



* After V_{DD} is applied, \overline{BLANK} and SEG_TEST should be applied to 'L' level to make all SEGMENTS off until first group of display data is latched.

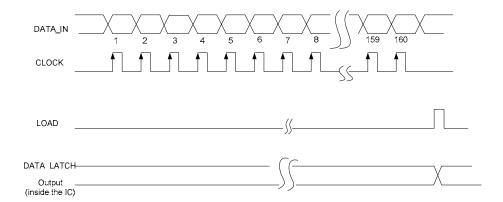


* When VDD is applied, BLANK should be applied to 'H' level at the same time, and SEG_TEST should be applied to 'L' level to make all SEGMENTS off until first group of display data is latched.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

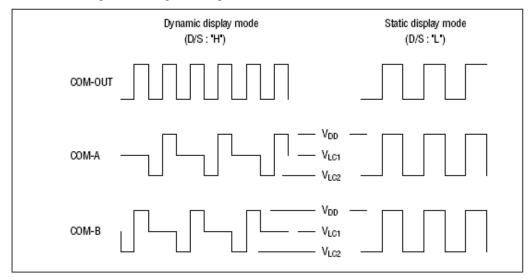
Operation Description

The ML9470 consists of a 160-stage shift register, 160-bit data latch, and 80 pairs of LCD drivers. The display data is input from the DATA_IN pin to the 160-stage shift register at the rising edge of the CLOCK pulse and it is latched into the 160-bit data latch when the LOAD signal is set at "H" level, then it is directly output from the 80 pairs of LCD drivers to the LCD panel. Input the display data in the order of SEG80, SEG79, SEG78, …, SEG2, SEG1.



COM_A, COM_B

In the select mode, a signal in phase with the COM_OUT signal is output at "H" (V_{DD}) and "L" (V_{LC2}) . In the non-select mode a voltage is output at "M" (V_{LC1}) . In the select mode of COM_A (non-select mode of COM_B), signals that correspond to the 1st- to 80th-bit data of the data latch are output to the segment outputs. In the select mode of COM_B(non-select mode of COM_A), signals that correspond to the 81st- to 160th-bit data of the data latch are output to the segment outputs.



SEGn Truth Table

Mode	Display data in LatchA	Display data in LatchB	COMA	СОМВ	SEGn			
	1	_	"H"	"H"	0			
Static	'	_	"L"	"L"	1			
Static	0	_	"H"	"H"	1			
	0	_	"L"	"L"	0			
			"H"	"M"	0			
	1	1	"L"	"M"	1			
	1	ı	"M"	"H"	0			
1/2 duty Dynamic			"M"	"L"	1			
			"H"	"M"	0			
	1	1		0	م ا	"L"	"M"	1
	'		"M"	"H"	1			
			"M"	"L"	0			
			'H'	"M"	1			
	0		"L"	"M"	0			
	0		"M"	"H"	0			
			"M"	"L"	1			
			"H"	"M"	1			
	0	0	"L"	"M"	0			
		U	"M"	"H"	1			
			"M"	"L"	0			

^{*}Note: "H" = V_{DD}; "M" = V_{LC1}; "L" = V_{LC2}.

SEG1-SEG80

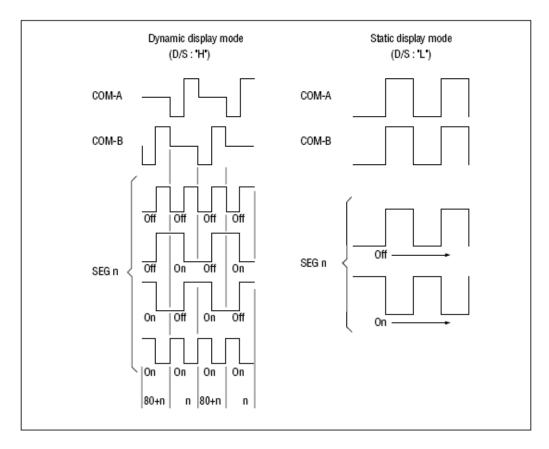
LCD segment driving signals are output from these pins and they should be connected to the segment side of the LCD panel.

"H" level: VDD, "L" level: VLC2

In the static display mode, the nth bit data of the data latch (A) corresponds to the SEGn. The data of the data latch (B) is invalid.

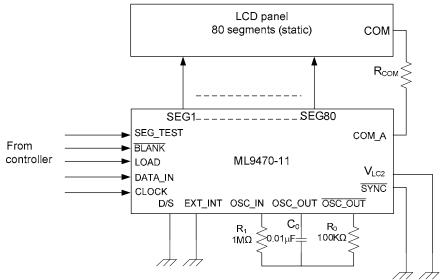
A signal out of phase with the COM_OUT signal is output to the segment outputs when the display is turned on, while a signal in phase with it is output when the display is turned off.

In the 1/2 duty dynamic mode, the output of the SEGn corresponds to the nth bit data of the data latch (A) when COM_A is in select mode and corresponds to the nth bit data of the data latch (B) when COM_B is in select mode. When the display is turned on, a signal out of phase with the common signal corresponding to the data is output, while a signal in phase with the common signal is output when the display is turned off.



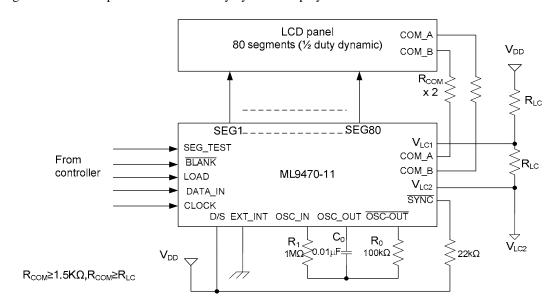
APPLICATION CIRCUITS

1) Single ML9470-11 operation in the static display mode

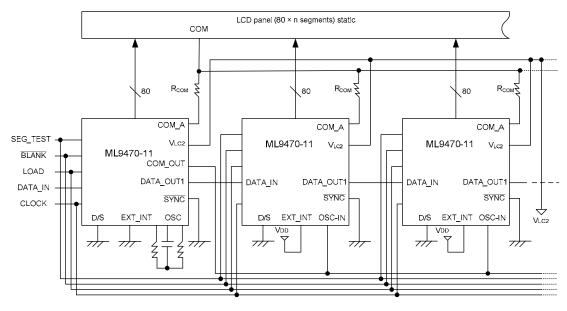


R_{COM}≥1.5kΩ

2) Single ML9470-11 operation in the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode

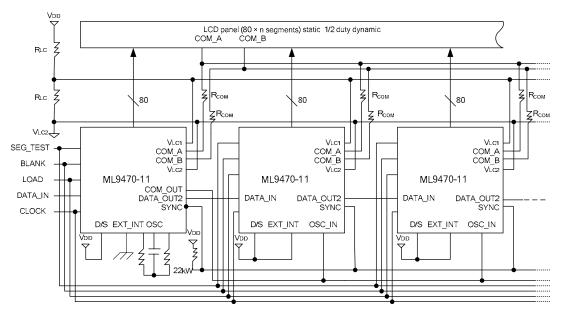


3) Cascade connections for ML9470-11s in the static display mode



 $R_{COM} \ge 1.5 K\Omega$

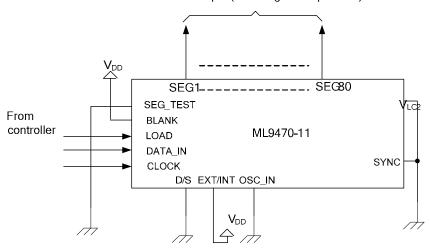
4) Cascade connections for ML9470-11s in the 1/2 duty dynamic display mode



R_{COM}≥1.5k,R_{COM}≥R_LC

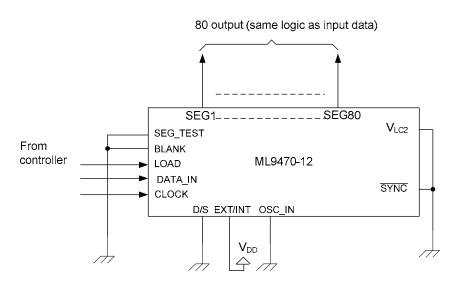
5) Output-expander (ML9470-11)

80 output (same logic as Input data)



*The output logic can be reversed with respect to the input data by setting OSC_IN to "H" level.

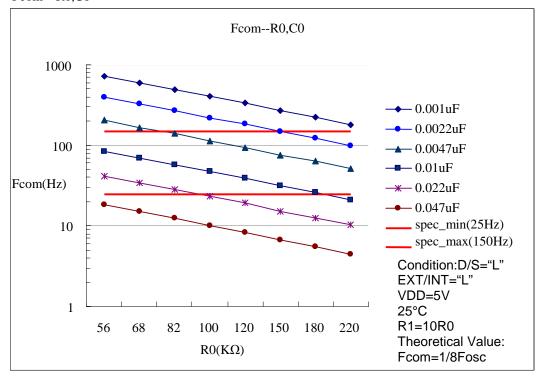
6) Output-expander (ML9470-12)



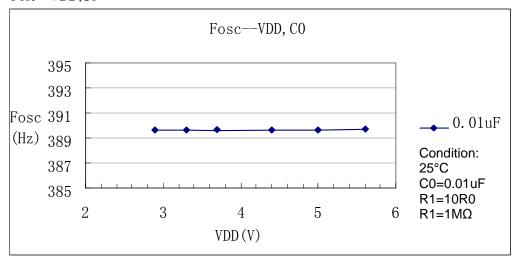
*The output logic can be reversed with respect to the input data by setting OSC_IN to "H" level.

REFERENCE CHARACTERISTICS

· Fcom---R0,C0

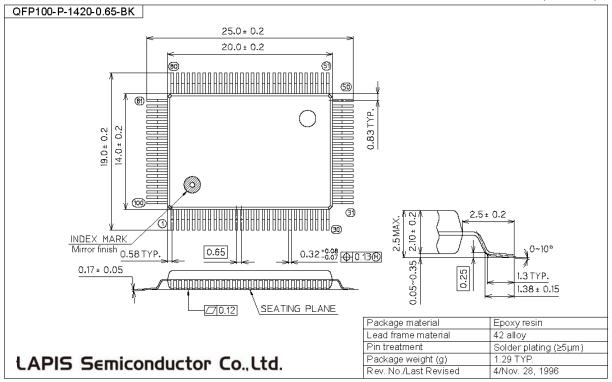


· Fosc—VDD,C0



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit: mm)



Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The surface mount type packages are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage. Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact ROHM's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

REVISION HISTORY

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Document No.	Date	Previous	Current	Description
		Edition	Edition	
FEDL9470-11-01	Sep. 11, 2007	_	_	1st edition

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