

### DESCRIPTION

The MPQ5074 provides up to 3A of load current ( $I_{LOAD}$ ) across a 1.2V to 5.5V input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) range. The low on resistance ( $R_{DS(ON)}$ ) and tiny package make the MPQ5074 a highly efficient and space-saving solution for automotive infotainment systems, clusters, and advanced driver-assistance systems (ADAS).

The MPQ5074 employs soft start (SS) to reduce inrush current during circuit start up. It also features a configurable soft-start time ( $t_{SS}$ ), output discharge, over-current protection (OCP) and thermal shutdown.

The maximum  $I_{LOAD}$  at the output (source) is current-limited by the sense FET topology. The current limit ( $I_{LIMIT}$ ) magnitude is controlled by an external resistor connected between the ILIM pin and ground.

An internal charge pump drives the power device's gate, allowing for a 10m $\Omega$  low- $R_{DS(ON)}$  DMOS power MOSFET.

The MPQ5074 is available in a tiny QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm) package.

### FEATURES

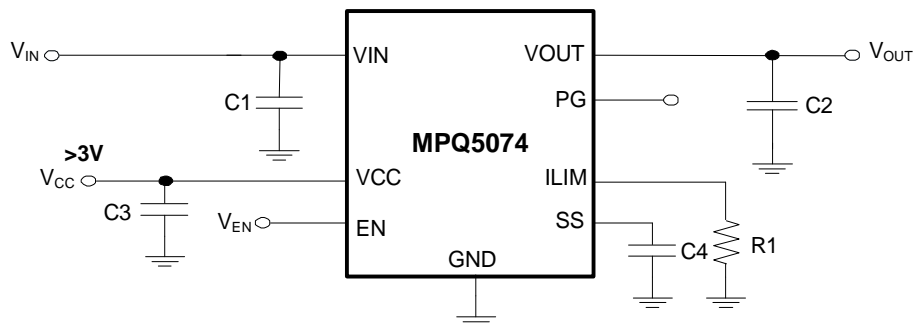
- Guaranteed Industrial and Automotive Temperature
- Integrated 10m $\Omega$  Low- $R_{DS(ON)}$  MOSFETs
- Adjustable Start-Up Slew Rate
- Wide 1.2V to 5.5V Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) Range
- <1 $\mu$ A Shutdown Current ( $I_{SD}$ )
- 3A Configurable Current Limit ( $I_{LIMIT}$ ) Range
- Output Discharge
- Enable (EN) Pin
- <200ns Short-Circuit Protection (SCP) Response
- Push-Pull Power Good (PG) Indication
- Thermal Shutdown
- Available in a Small, Space-Saving QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm) Package
- Available in AEC-Q100 Grade 1

### APPLICATIONS

- Automotive Infotainment Systems
- Automotive Clusters
- Automotive Advanced Driver-Assistance Systems (ADAS)
- Industrial Systems

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### TYPICAL APPLICATION



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	MSL Rating
MPQ5074GQBE-AEC1	QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm)	See Below	1

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MPQ5074GQBE-AEC1-Z).

### TOP MARKING

**BTE**

**YWW**

**LLL**

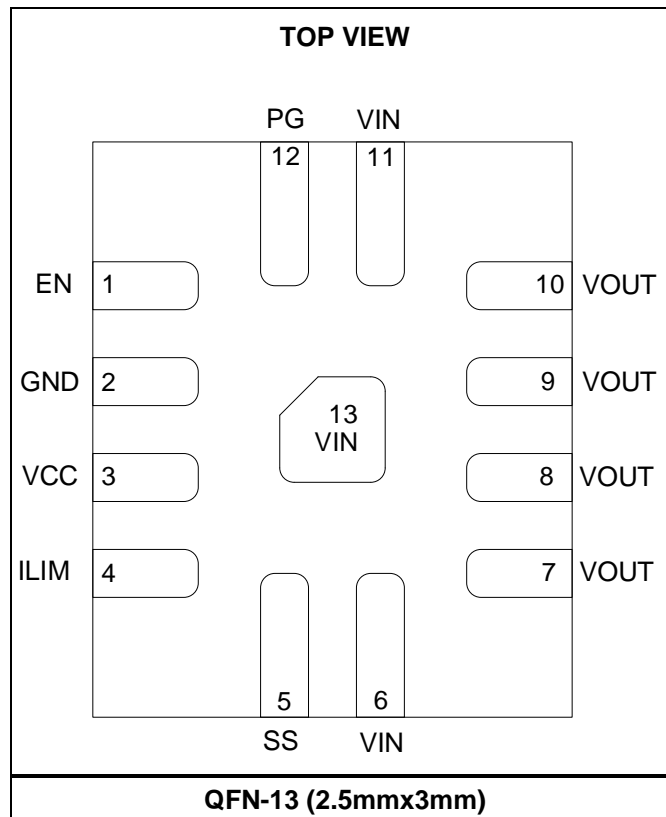
BTE: MPQ5074GQBE-AEC1

Y: Year code

WW: Week code

LLL: Lot number

### PACKAGE REFERENCE



## PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
1	EN	<b>Enable.</b> Pull the EN pin above 1.5V to turn the device on; pull EN to ground or float EN to turn it off.
2	GND	<b>Ground.</b>
3	VCC	<b>Supply voltage.</b> The VCC pin supplies power to the control circuitry.
4	ILIM	<b>Output current limit setting.</b> Connect a resistor between the ILIM pin and ground to set the output current limit (I <sub>LIMIT</sub> ) level.
5	SS	<b>Soft start.</b> An external capacitor connected to the SS pin sets the soft-start slew rate.
6, 11, 13	VIN	<b>Input power supply.</b>
7, 8, 9, 10	VOUT	<b>Output to the load.</b>
12	PG	<b>Power good.</b> The PG pin is a push-pull output that indicates whether the V <sub>IN</sub> to V <sub>OUT</sub> voltage gap has exceeded 200mV or an over-current limit warning was occurred.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>(1)</sup>

V <sub>IN</sub> .....	-0.3V to +6.5V
V <sub>CC</sub> .....	-0.3V to +6.5V
V <sub>OUT</sub> .....	-0.3V to +6.5V
V <sub>EN</sub> .....	-0.3V to +6.5V
V <sub>SS</sub> , V <sub>ILIM</sub> .....	-0.3V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V
Junction temperature (T <sub>J</sub> ) .....	150°C
Lead temperature .....	260°C
Continuous power dissipation <sup>(2)</sup>	
QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm) .....	2W

### ESD Ratings

Human body model (HBM) .....	±2kV
Charged-device model (CDM) .....	±750V

### Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(3)</sup>

Input voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> ) .....	1.2V to 5.5V
Supply voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) .....	3V to 5.5V
Output voltage (V <sub>OUT</sub> ) .....	1.2V to 5.5V
Operating junction temp (T <sub>J</sub> ) .....	-40°C to +125°C

<b>Thermal Resistance <sup>(4)</sup></b>	<b>θ<sub>JA</sub></b>	<b>θ<sub>JC</sub></b>
QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm) .....	49	5.3...°C/W

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, T<sub>J</sub> (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ<sub>JA</sub>, and the ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P<sub>D</sub> (MAX) = (T<sub>J</sub> (MAX) - T<sub>A</sub>) / θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation can cause excessive die temperature, and the device may go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on a JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, T<sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, typical values are tested at T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

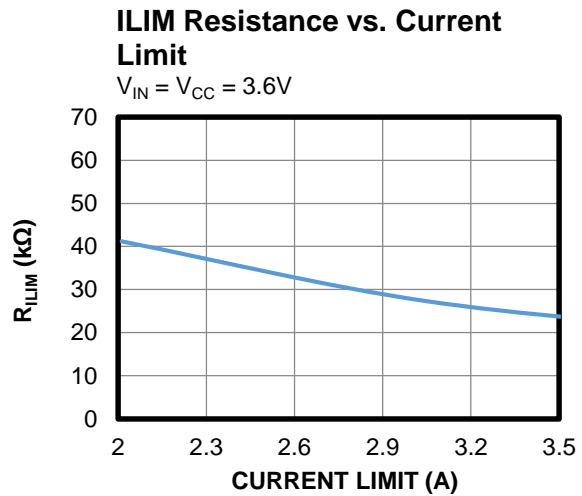
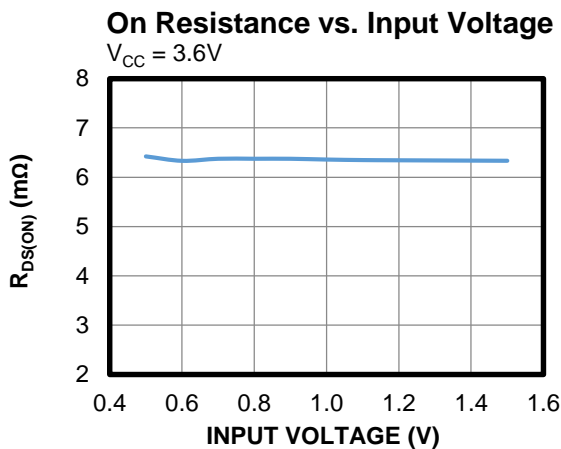
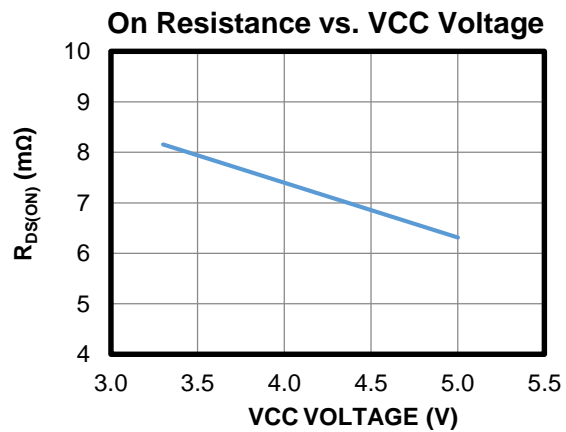
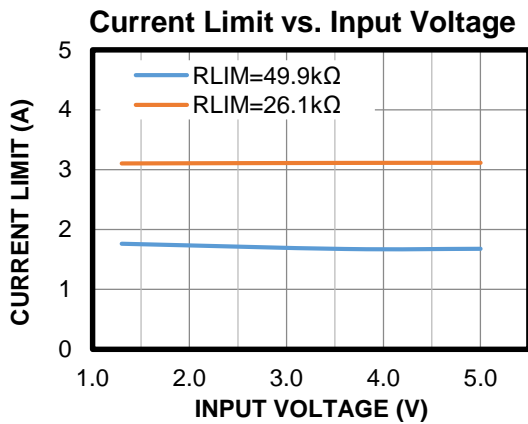
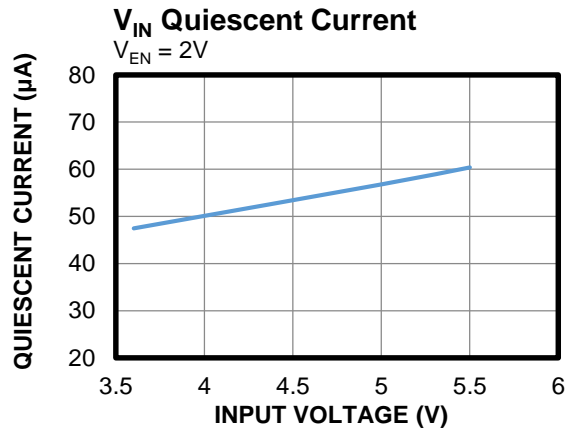
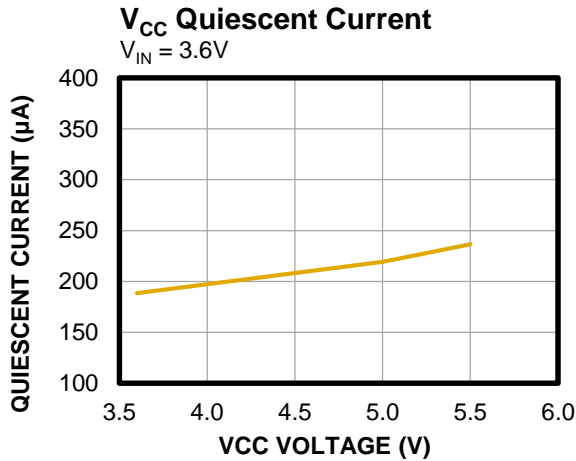
Parameters	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Input and Supply Voltage Range</b>						
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		1.2		5.5	V
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		3		5.5	V
<b>Supply Current</b>						
Off state leakage current	I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		0.05	0.2	μA
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +125°C			50	μA
V <sub>CC</sub> standby current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V		0.01	1	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, enabled, no load		220	330	μA
<b>Power MOSFET</b>						
On resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		6.5	13	mΩ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V		8.5	16	mΩ
<b>Thermal Shutdown and Recovery</b>						
Shutdown temperature <sup>(5)</sup>	T <sub>SD</sub>			155		°C
Hysteresis <sup>(5)</sup>	T <sub>HYS</sub>			30		°C
<b>Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) Protection</b>						
V <sub>CC</sub> UVLO rising threshold	V <sub>CC_UVLO</sub>			2.5	2.8	V
V <sub>CC</sub> UVLO hysteresis	V <sub>UVLO_HYS</sub>			200		mV
<b>Soft Start</b>						
SS pull-up current	I <sub>SS</sub>			9		μA
<b>Enable (EN)</b>						
EN rising threshold	V <sub>EN_RISING</sub>		1.3	1.5	1.7	V
EN hysteresis	V <sub>EN_HYS</sub>			400		mV
<b>Current Limit (I<sub>LIMIT</sub>)</b>						
Current limit	I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	R <sub>LIM</sub> = 50kΩ	1.36	1.7	2.04	A
		R <sub>LIM</sub> = 26.1kΩ <sup>(5)</sup>		3		A
I <sub>LIMIT</sub> warning		R <sub>LIM</sub> = 50kΩ	1.28	1.6	1.92	A
ILIM voltage	V <sub>ILIM</sub>	R <sub>LIM</sub> = 50kΩ		0.974		V
Sense ratio		R <sub>LIM</sub> = 50kΩ		87000		
<b>Discharge Resistance</b>						
Discharge resistance	R <sub>DIS</sub>			200		Ω
<b>Power Good (PG)</b>						
PG rising threshold	V <sub>PG_RISING</sub>	Voltage gap between V <sub>OUT</sub> & V <sub>IN</sub>		150		mV
PG hysteresis	V <sub>PG_HYS</sub>			50		mV
PG delay	t <sub>PG_DELAY</sub>	Low to high		70		μs
PG high voltage	V <sub>PG_HIGH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V	3.2			V
PG low voltage	V <sub>PG_LOW</sub>	Sink 1mA			0.2	V

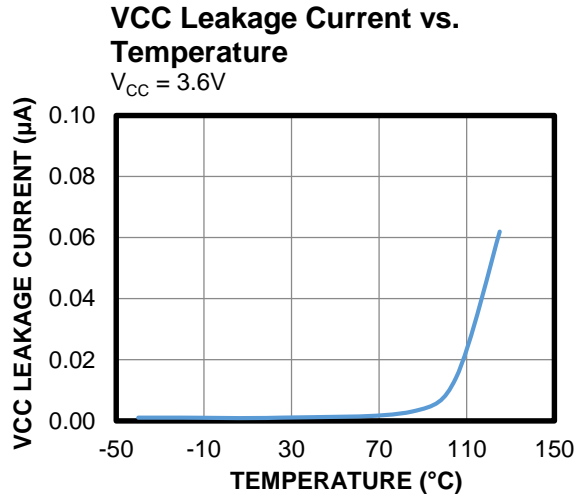
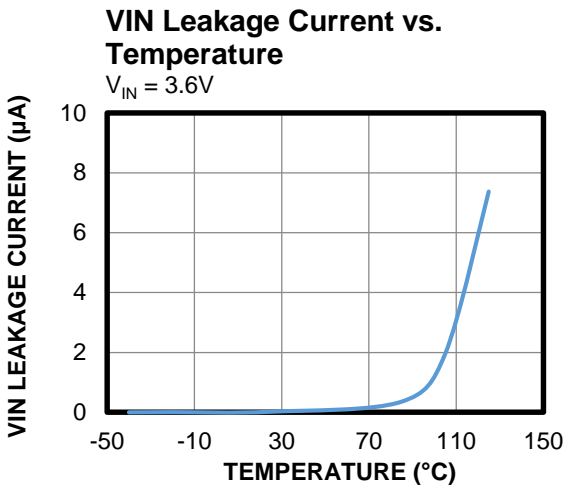
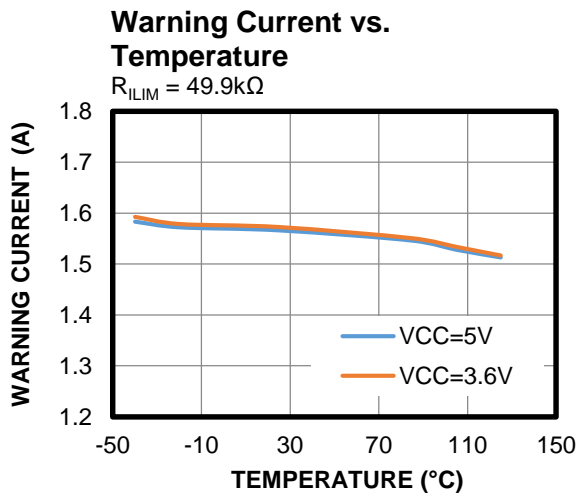
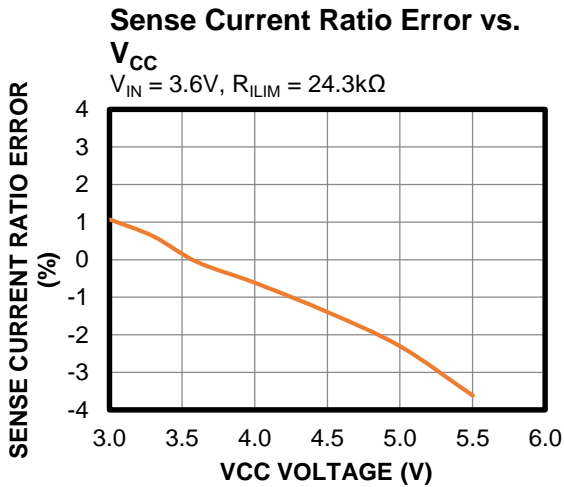
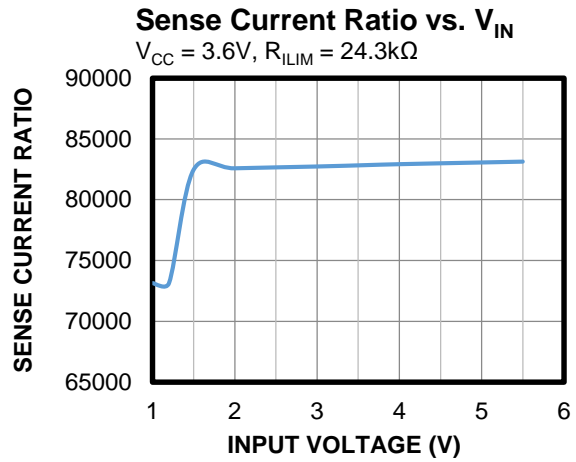
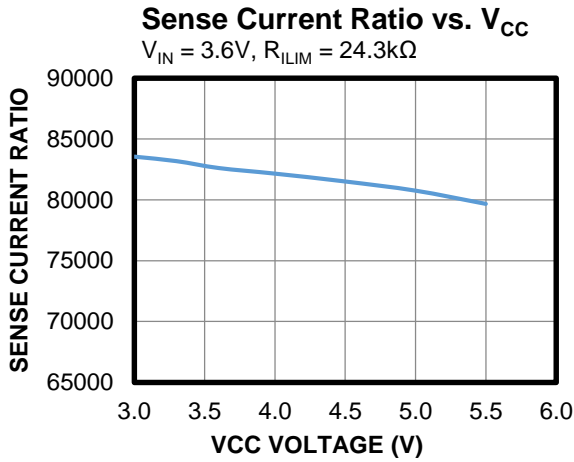
**Note:**

5) Guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

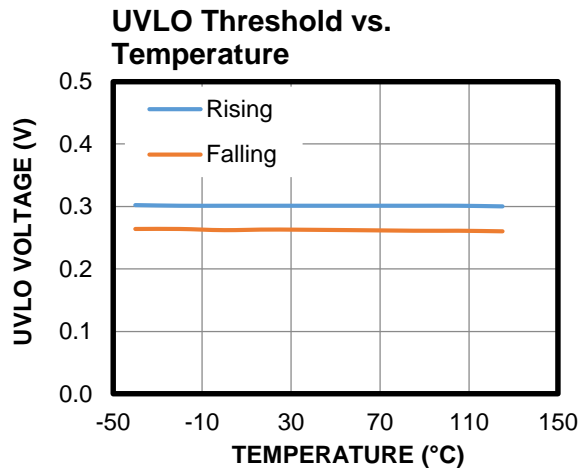
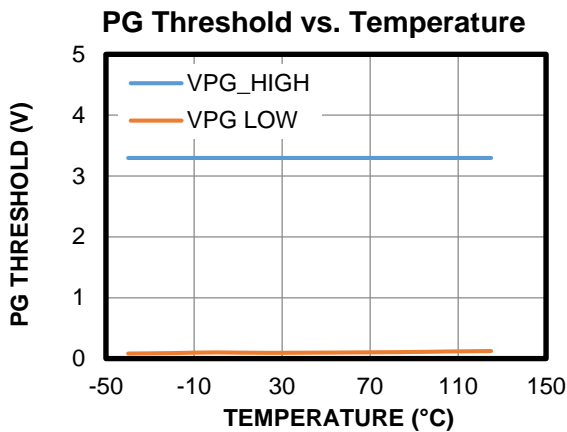
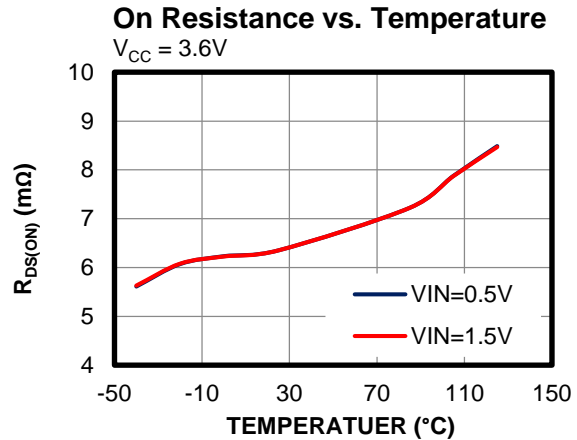
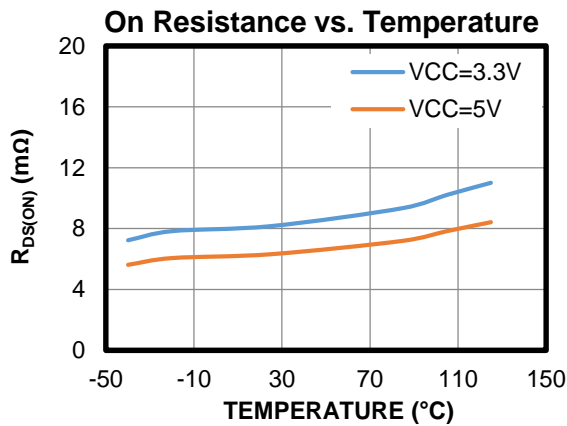
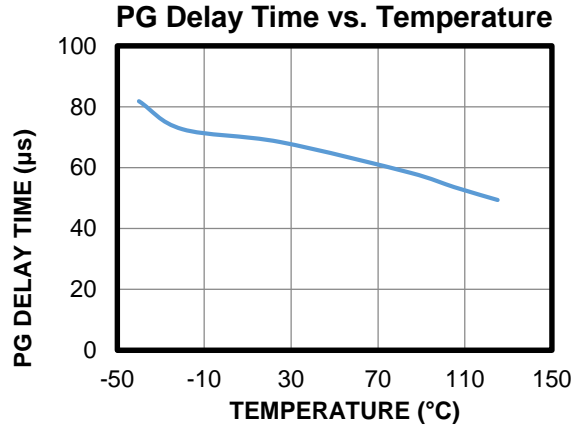
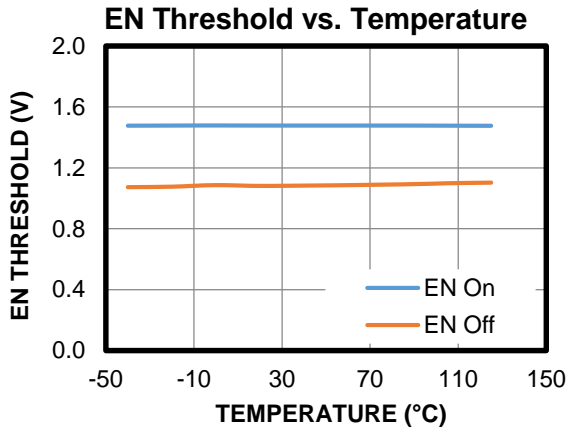
$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.



**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**
 $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.


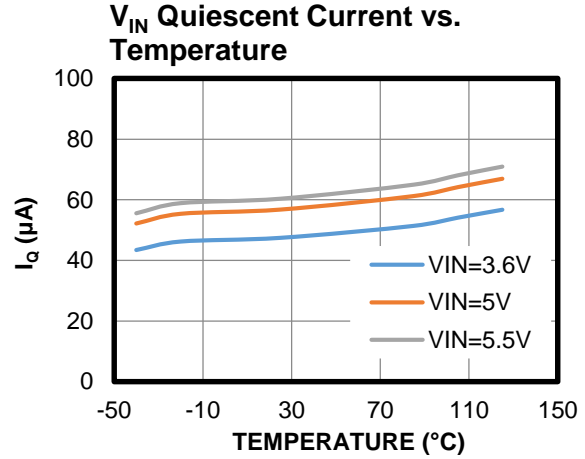
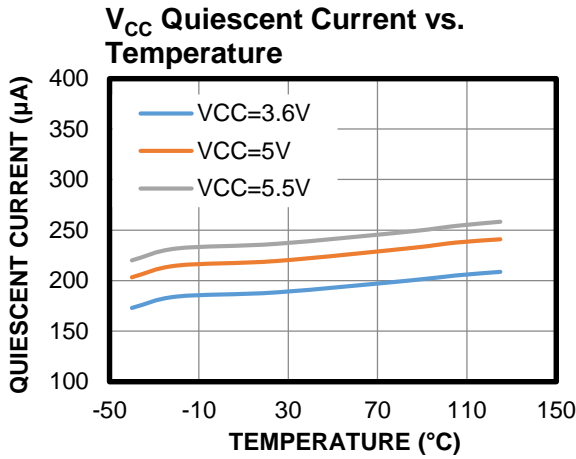
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.



### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.



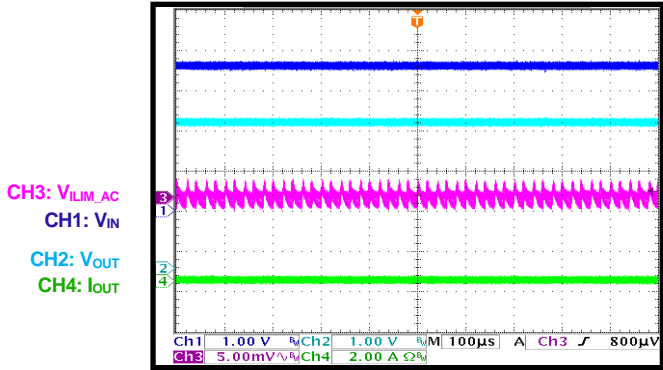


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, R<sub>LIM</sub> = 26.1kΩ, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

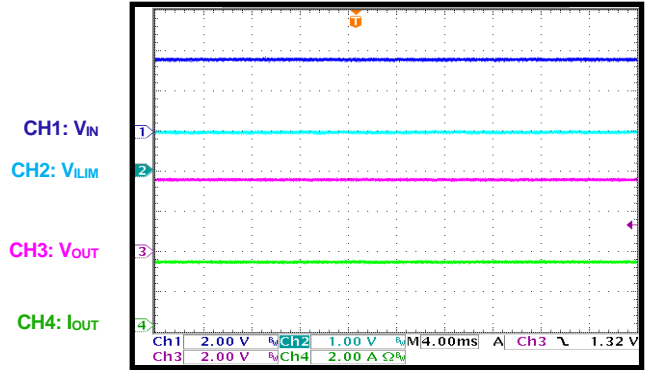
### Steady State

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0A



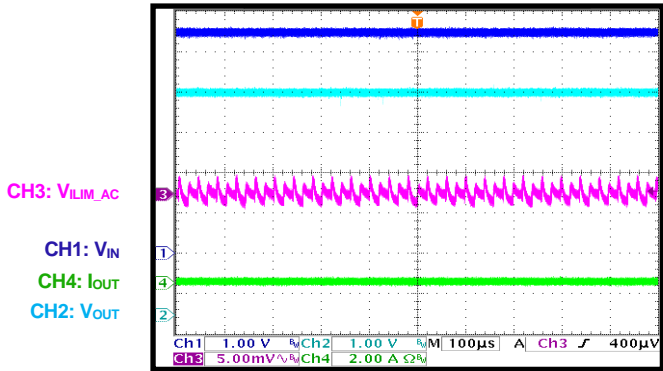
### Steady State

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 3A



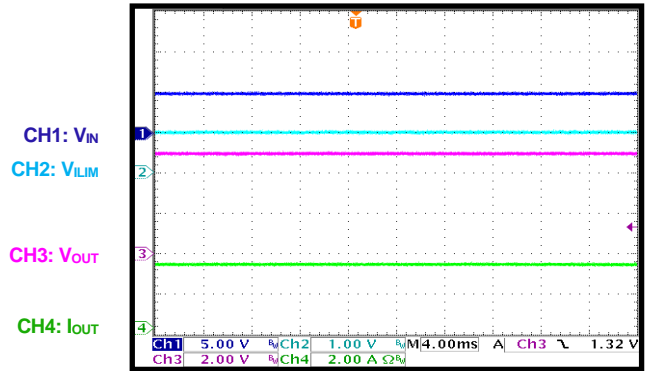
### Steady State

V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0A



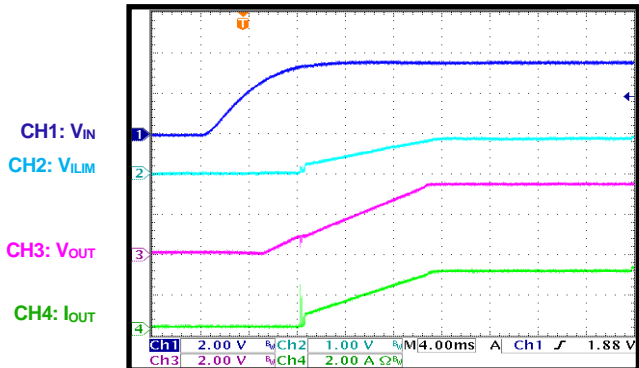
### Steady State

V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 3A



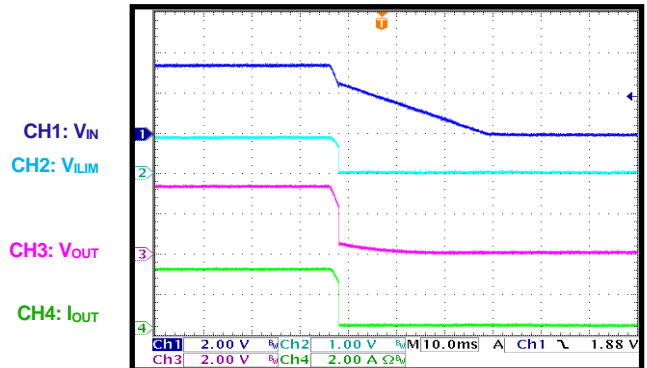
### Start-Up

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 3A



### Shutdown

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 3A

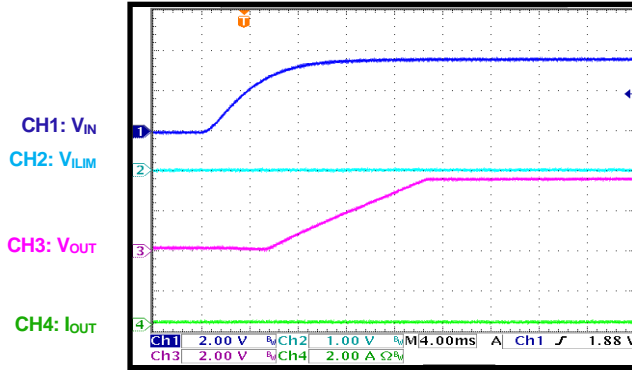


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, R<sub>LIM</sub> = 26.1kΩ, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

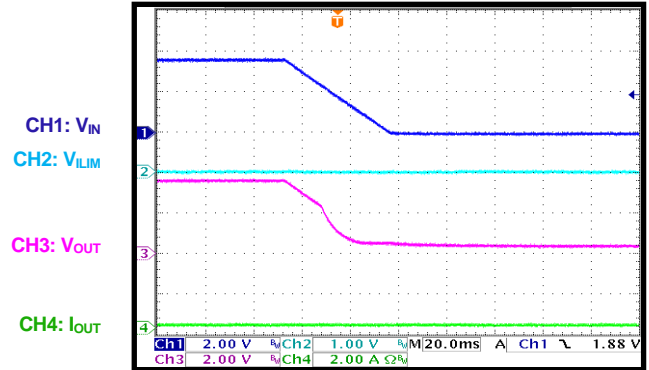
### Start-Up

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0A



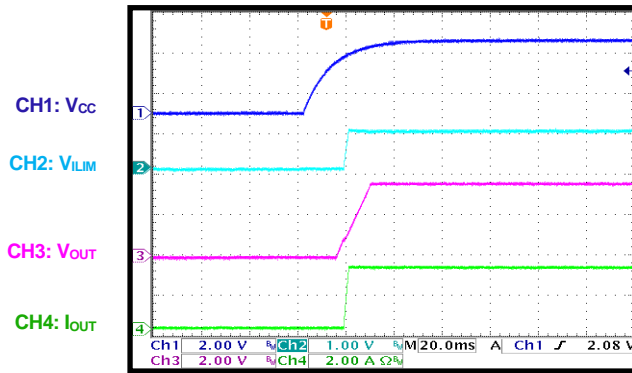
### Shutdown

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0A



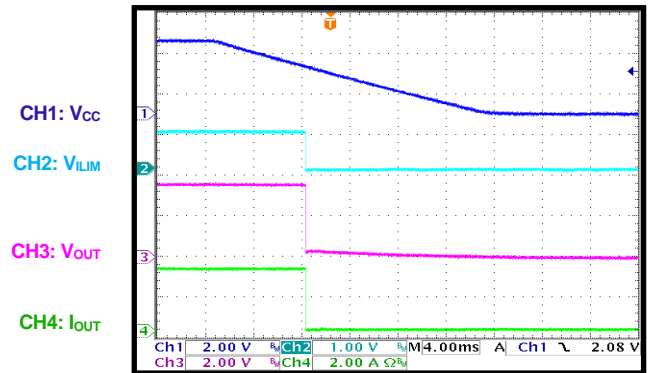
### VCC On

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 3A



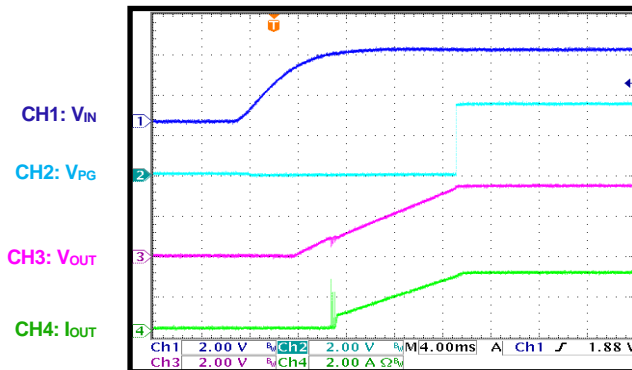
### VCC Off

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 3A



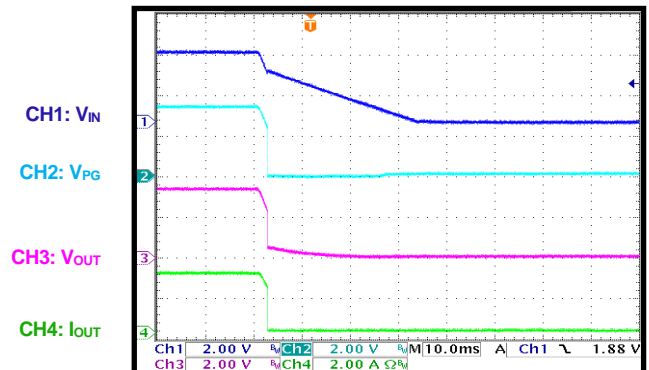
### Start-Up with PG

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A



### Shutdown with PG

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A

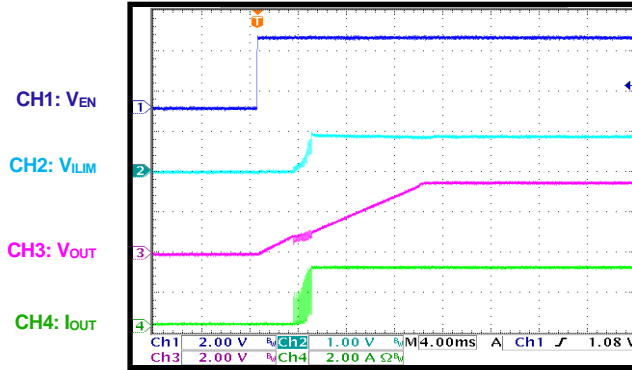


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, R<sub>LIM</sub> = 26.1kΩ, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

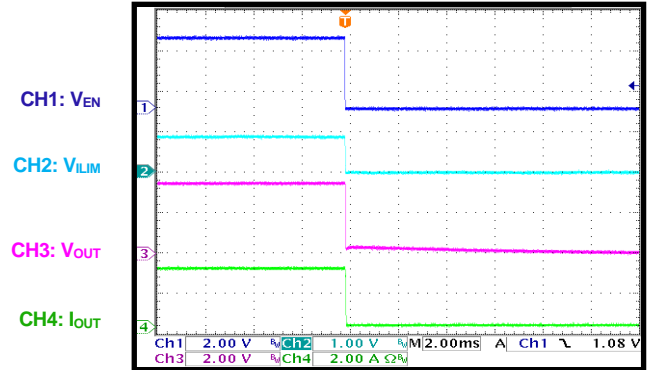
### EN Start-Up

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A



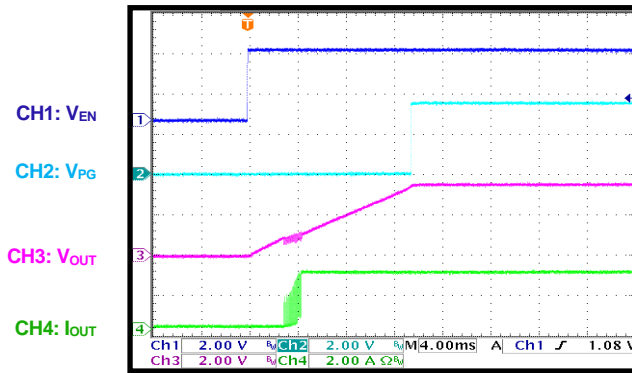
### EN Shutdown

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A



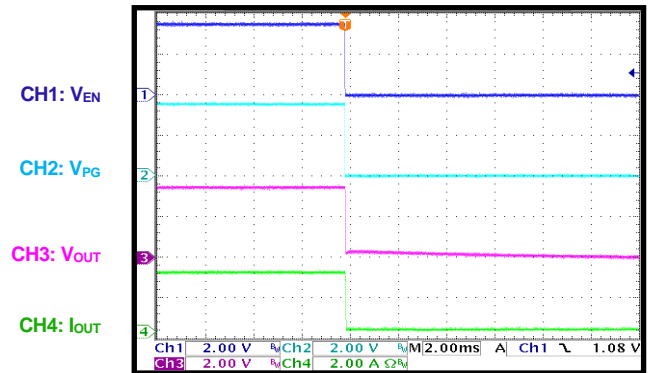
### EN Start-Up with PG

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A



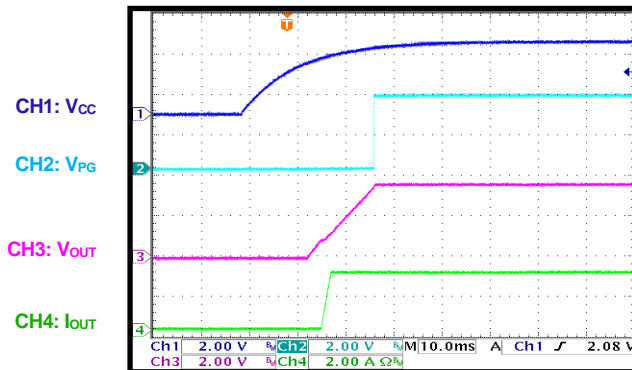
### EN Shutdown with PG

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A



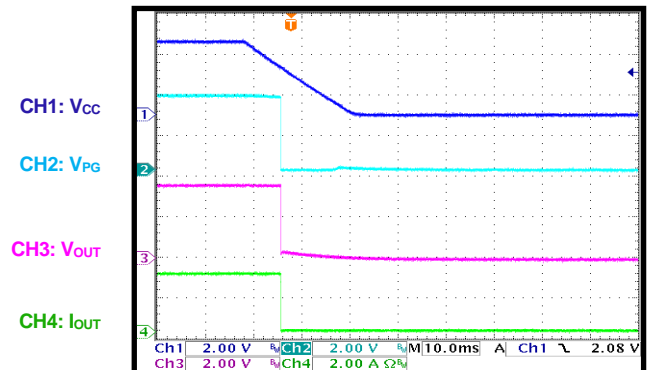
### VCC Start-Up with PG

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A



### VCC Shutdown with PG

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>EN</sub> = 3.6V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.9A

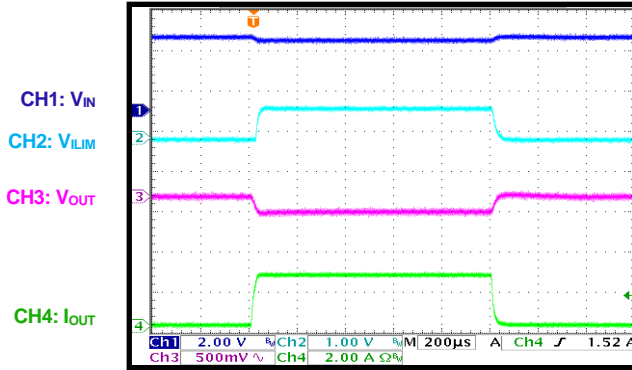


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $V_{EN} = 3.6V$ ,  $R_{ILIM} = 26.1k\Omega$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

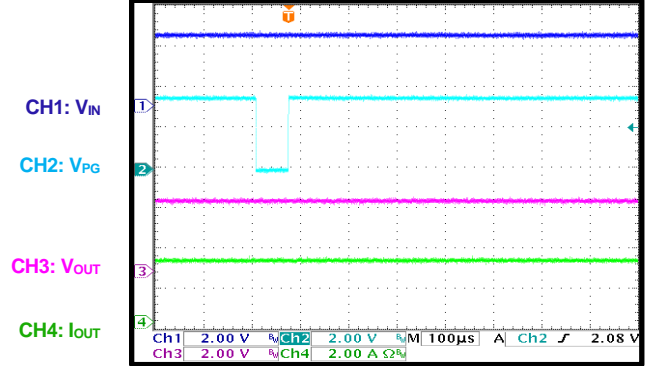
### Load Transient

$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0A$  to  $2.5A$



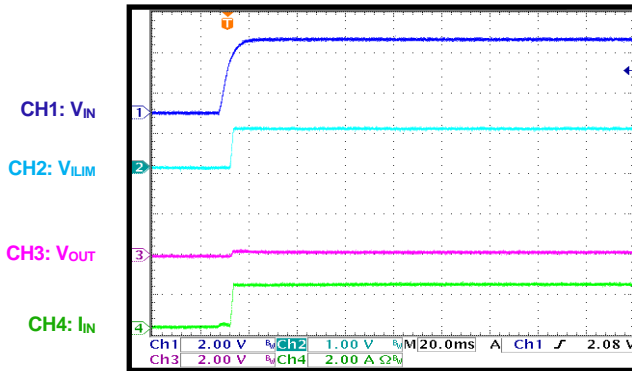
### Current Limit Warning

$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 2.97A$



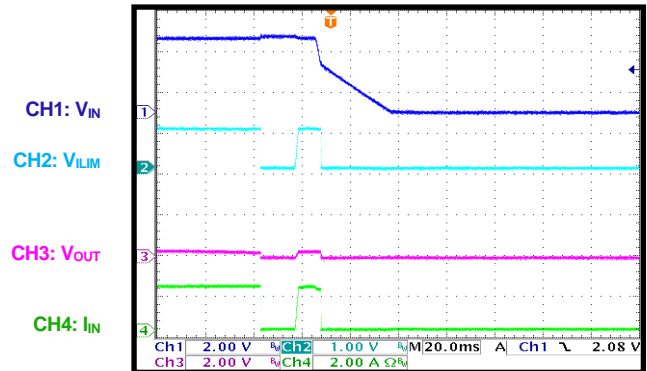
### SCP Start-Up

$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$



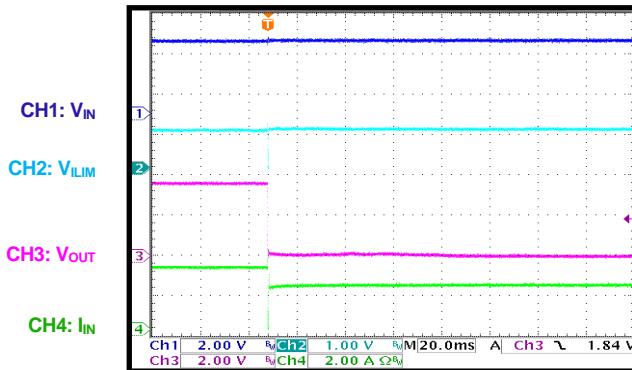
### SCP Shutdown

$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$



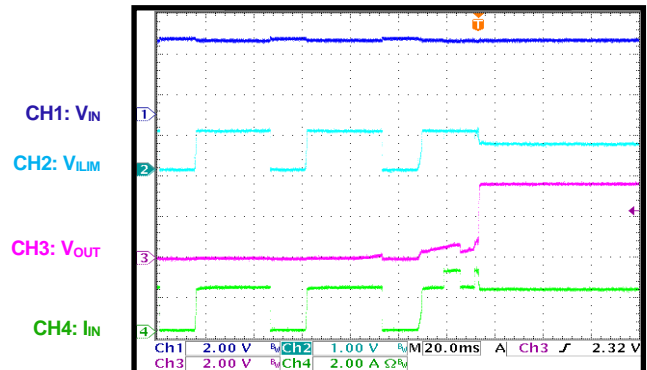
### SCP

$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 3A$



### SCP Recovery

$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.6V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 2A$



## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

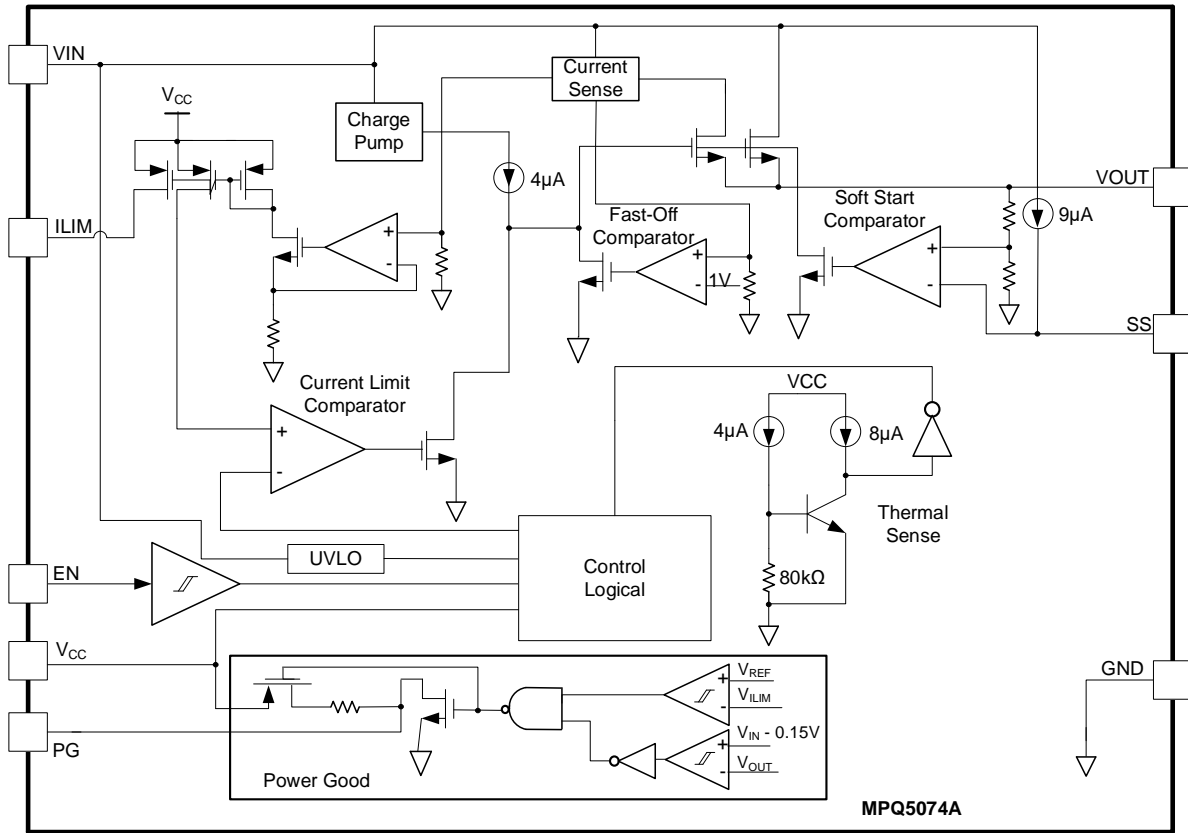


Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram

## OPERATION

The MPQ5074 is designed to limit the inrush current to the load, limiting the backplane voltage drop and the slew rate. The device provides an integrated solution that monitors the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ), output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ), and output current ( $I_{OUT}$ ) to eliminate the need for an external current power MOSFET and current-switch device.

### Enable (EN)

If  $V_{IN}$  exceeds the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold (typically 0.5V), then the MPQ5074 can be turned on by pulling the EN pin above 1.5V. Pull EN to ground to turn it off.

### Current Limit

The MPQ5074 provides a constant current limit ( $I_{LIMIT}$ ) that can be configured via an external resistor ( $R_{ILIM}$ ). Once the device reaches its  $I_{LIMIT}$  threshold, the internal circuit regulates the gate voltage ( $V_{GATE}$ ) to main the constant power MOSFET current. The typical response time is about 20 $\mu$ s.  $I_{OUT}$  may have a small overshoot during this response time.

The preset  $I_{LIMIT}$  can be calculated with Equation (1):

$$I_{LIMIT} = (0.974 \div R_{ILIM}) \times S \quad (1)$$

Where 0.974 is the reference value, and S is the MPQ5074's current-sense ratio (typically 87000 at  $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ).

If  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{IN}$  are changed, then the current-sense ratio changes slightly. For more information, see the Typical Performance Characteristics section on page 5.

If the  $I_{LIMIT}$  block starts to regulate  $I_{OUT}$ , the power MOSFET's power loss causes the IC's temperature to rise. If the junction temperature ( $T_J$ ) exceeds 155°C, thermal shutdown is triggered. Once the part shuts down due to thermal shutdown, the output is disabled until the over-temperature (OT) fault is removed. Thermal shutdown has a hysteresis of 30°C.

### Power Good (PG)

The PG pin is the push-pull output of a MOSFET that can be pulled up to  $V_{CC}$ . The MOSFET turns on once  $V_{IN}$  is present, and then the PG pin is

pulled to GND. Once the voltage gap between  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  drops below 150mV, the PG pin is pulled high after a 70 $\mu$ s delay. If the voltage gap exceeds 200mV or an over-current (OC) limit warning occurs, the PG pin is pulled low without a delay. The PG pin has a normal 200 $\Omega$  pull-down resistance and a 250k $\Omega$  pull-up resistance. The maximum sink current capability should be below 10mA.

### Short-Circuit Protection (SCP)

If the load current ( $I_{LOAD}$ ) increases rapidly due to a short circuit, then the current may significantly exceed the  $I_{LIMIT}$  threshold before the control loop can respond. If the current reaches the secondary internal  $I_{LIMIT}$  level (typically 3A), a fast turn-off circuit turns off the power MOSFET to limit the peak current flowing through the switch. This limits the  $V_{IN}$  drop. The total short-circuit response time is about 200ns. If fast turn-off is effective, the power MOSFET turns off for 80 $\mu$ s, and then turns on again. If the short circuit is still present after the fast turn-off sequence, the MPQ5074 reduces the current limit to 2/3 of the preset value and hold it there until thermal shutdown is triggered. Once the short circuit is removed,  $I_{LIMIT}$  recovers to the preset value automatically.

### Output Discharge

The MPQ5074 has an output discharge function. If the part is shut down through EN or VCC during light-load operation, the output is discharged via an internal pull-down resistor.

### Soft Start (SS)

The soft-start capacitor ( $C_{SS}$ ) determines the soft-start time ( $t_{SS}$ ). An internal constant current ( $I_{SS}$ ) (9 $\mu$ A) charges  $C_{SS}$  and ramps up the SS pin voltage ( $V_{SS}$ ).  $V_{OUT}$  rises at three times the slew rate of  $V_{SS}$ .

$t_{SS}$  can be calculated with Equation (2):

$$t_{SS}(\text{ms}) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{V_{OUT}(\text{V}) \times C_{SS}(\text{nF})}{I_{SS}(\mu\text{A})} \quad (2)$$

It is recommended that  $C_{SS}$  be >4.7nF. If the SS pin is floating or  $C_{SS}$  is <4.7nF, the  $V_{OUT}$  rise time is limited by the power MOSFET's charge time.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Selecting the ILIM Resistor (R<sub>ILIM</sub>)

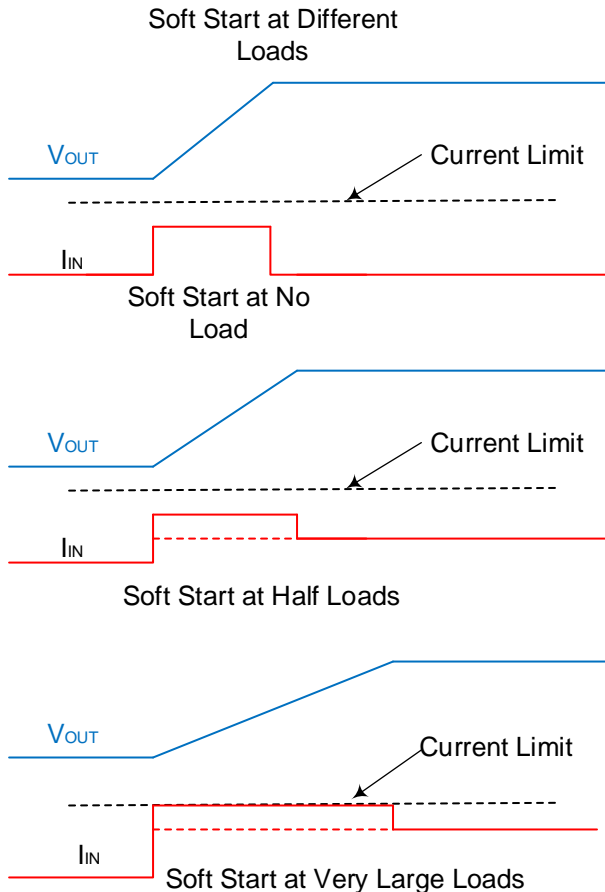
The I<sub>LIMIT</sub> value can be set by ILIM resistor (R<sub>ILIM</sub>). I<sub>LIMIT</sub> can be calculated with Equation 1 on page 14.

It is recommended that the I<sub>LIMIT</sub> threshold be 10% to 20% greater than the maximum I<sub>LOAD</sub> (I<sub>LOAD\_MAX</sub>). For example, if the system's full load is 3A, then I<sub>LIMIT</sub> should be set at 3.3A.

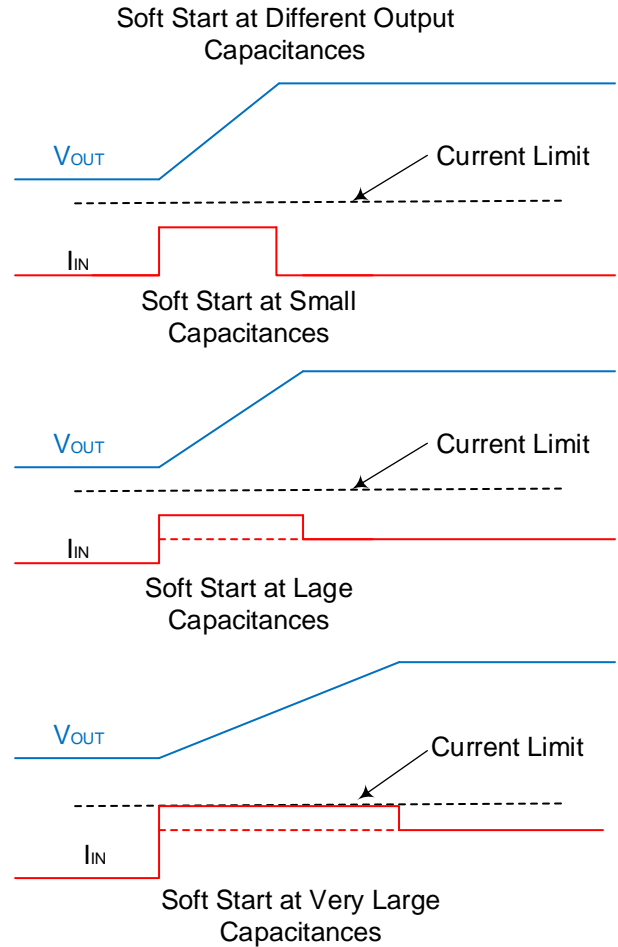
### Selecting the Soft-Start Capacitor (C<sub>SS</sub>)

I<sub>SS</sub> (9μA) charges C<sub>SS</sub> and ramps up V<sub>SS</sub>. V<sub>OUT</sub> rises at three times the slew rate of V<sub>SS</sub>.

If the output inrush current reaches I<sub>LIMIT</sub> during start-up (e.g. due to a large output capacitance or very large load), the MPQ5074 limits V<sub>OUT</sub>, and t<sub>SS</sub> lengthens (see Figure 2 and Figure 3).



**Figure 2: Soft-Start Time at Different Loads**



**Figure 3: Soft-Start Time at Different Output Capacitances**

### Design Example

Table 1 shows a design example following the application guidelines for the specifications below, and are provided below (see Table 1). See Figure 4 for more details.

**Table 1: Design Example**

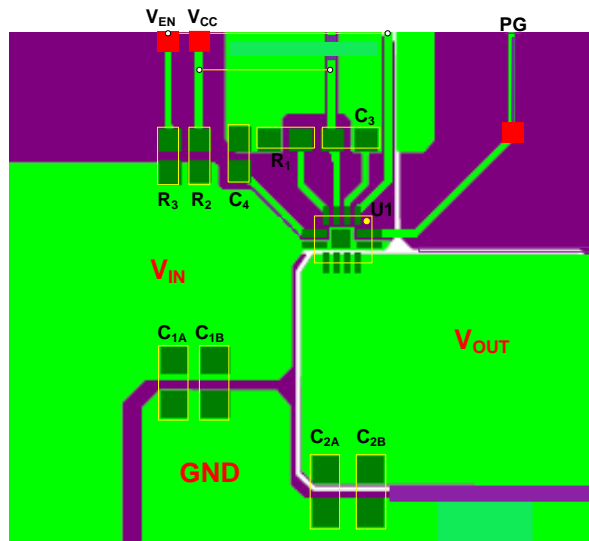
V <sub>IN</sub> (V)	Max Load Range (A)	R <sub>ILIM</sub> (kΩ)	C <sub>SS</sub> (nF)	t <sub>SS</sub> (ms)
5	3	26.1	22	4
5	5	15.8	47	9

Figure 5 on page 17 shows a typical application circuit.

### PCB Layout Guidelines

Efficient PCB layout is critical for stable operation. For the best results, refer to Figure 4 and follow the guidelines below:

1. Place  $R_{ILIM}$  close to the ILIM pin.
2. Place the input capacitor close to the VCC pin.
3. Place multiple vias near the IC to improve thermal performance.



**Figure 4: Recommended PCB Layout**



### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

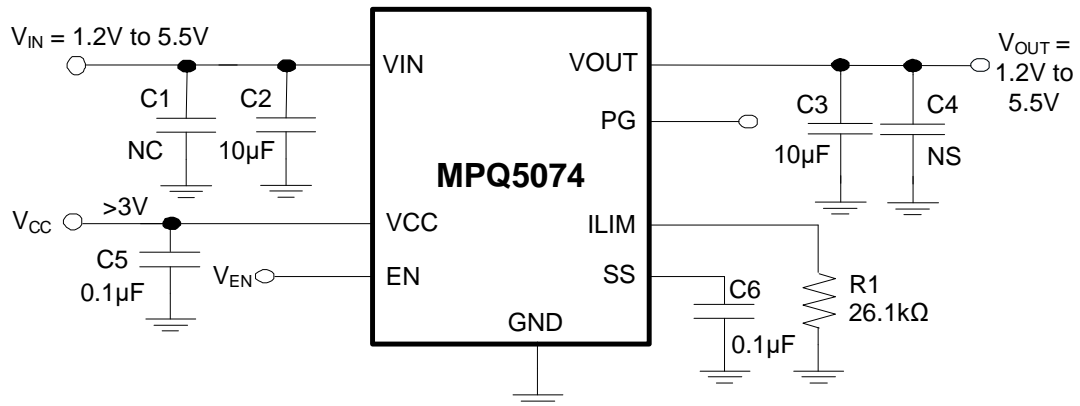
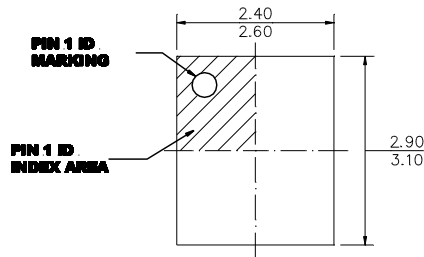


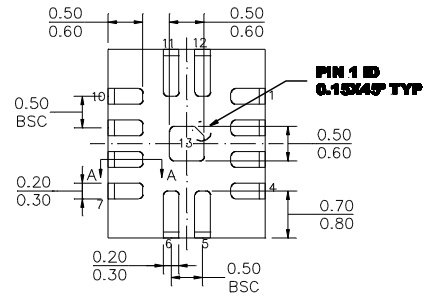
Figure 5: Typical Application Circuit

## PACKAGE INFORMATION

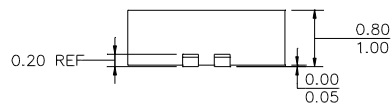
### QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm)



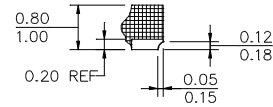
**TOP VIEW**



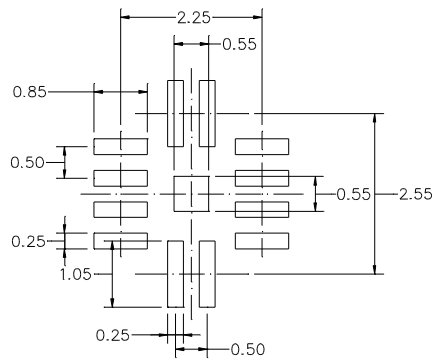
**BOTTOM VIEW**



**SIDE VIEW**



**SECTION A-A**

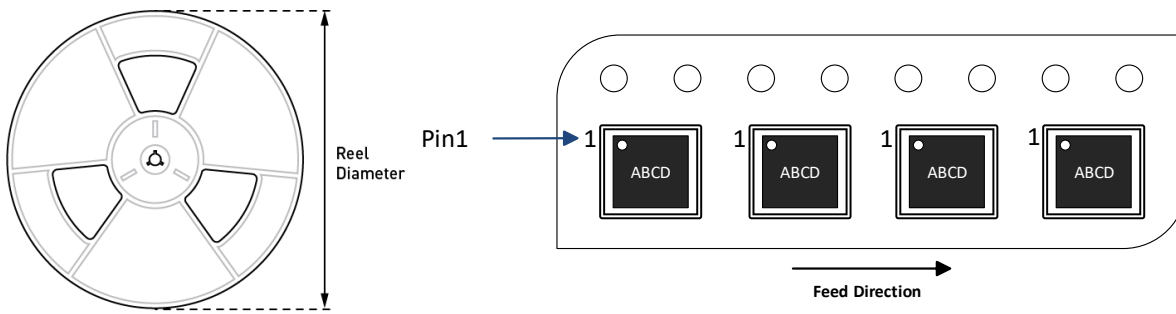


**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN**

**NOTE:**

- 1) THE LEAD SIDE IS WETTABLE.
- 2) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.08 MILLIMETERS MAX.
- 4) JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-220.
- 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

### CARRIER INFORMATION



Part Number	Package Description	Quantity/ Reel	Quantity/ Tube	Quantity/ Tray	Reel Diameter	Carrier Tape Width	Carrier Tape Pitch
MPQ5074GQBE-AEC1-Z	QFN-13 (2.5mmx3mm)	5000	N/A	N/A	13in	12mm	8mm



## REVISION HISTORY

Revision #	Revision Date	Description	Pages Updated
1.0	8/21/2023	Initial Release	-

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